

IN00013 Mathura Stone Inscription of Candragupta II

Bhandarkar, Devadatta Ramakrishna, Bahadur Chand Chhabra, and Govind Swamirao Gai, *Inscriptions of the Early Gupta Kings* (New Delhi: Archaeological Survey of India, 1981): 253-255.

Prepared by Razieh B. Golzadeh

11-12) [By the prosperous Candragupta, the *mahārājādhirāja*, an ardent devotee of Bhagavat (Vāsudeva),

9-10) who is the son of [the prosperous Samudragupta, the *mahārājādhirāja*, accepted by him (as his successor) (and) born of *mahādevī* Dattadevī;

1-5) [Samudragupta], who was the exterminator of all king—who had no equal adversary on earth, [whose fame was] tasted (by the waters of the four oceans), who was equal to (the gods) [Dhanada, Varuṇa, Indra and Antaka], who was [the very axe] of Kṛtānta (God of death), who was the giver of [many] crores of [lawfully acquired cows] and gold, [who was the performer of the *aśvamedha* sacrifice, that had long decayed]:

5-8) who was the son of the son's son of the prosperous Gupta, the *mahārāja*; the son's son of [the prosperous] Ghaṭotkaca, [the *mahārāja*]; (and) the son of [the prosperous Candragupta (I), the *mahārājādhirāja*, the daughter's son of Licchavi; (and) born of the *mahādevī* Kumāradevī.