1 It's time for a customer satisfaction service for scientific journals

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## Abstract:

We argue that dismissal of scientific papers due to editorial misconduct is a 13 growing point of contention between scientists and academic publishers. Hence, a 14 system that helps researchers guide their choices on where to publish based on 15 16 criteria related to transparent editorial practices is highly desirable. We hereby propose the creation of an online platform that allows researchers to rank 17 scientific journals collectively based on their peer-review experiences. Such a 18 platform could follow similar systems currently available to customers to rate 19 20 products (for example, www.amazon.com or www.tripadvisor.com). By providing 21 a journal ranking system based on authors' recommendations and satisfaction scores, this platform would offer major benefits, from reducing the influence of 22

Journal Impact Factors to increasing journal editorial accountability, and promoting full disclosure of often elusive or inaccessible peer-review criteria and standards.

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## Main text:

Scholarly journals make Herculean efforts to process a mounting number of article submissions in a timely manner whilst ensuring the publication of the most relevant research. Although we researchers praise journals that privilege scientific integrity and significance, evidence suggests that this may not always be the case, thus contributing to author dissatisfaction and a growing chasm between academics and journals (1). Here, we contend that a system that allows researchers to rank journals collectively based on their peer-review experiences would help bring the billion-dollar publishing industry closer to its main workforce and end consumers. We propose an online platform akin to others currently available to customers to rate products based upon peer recommendations and satisfaction scores (e.g. www.amazon.com or www.tripadvisor.com). Such a system would provide researchers with a formal feedback mechanism on editorial practices, thus offering complementary criteria for authors when deciding which journal to submit their research. As a consequence, this system would reduce the outsized influence Journal Impact Factors have on science (2). Moreover, by allowing researchers to publicly denounce editorial misconduct and malpractices, discrimination, or lack of transparency, the new system would increase journal editorial accountability, and promote full disclosure of often elusive or inaccessible peer-review criteria and standards (3). It would also yield important information

on review accuracy and quality, manuscript formatting complexity, and real 47 processing times. Since scientific articles can only be submitted to one journal at a 48 time, it is crucial that researchers have access to differential indicators of journal 49 50 performance and reputation to ensure they make the most informed decisions. 51 **Acknowledgments:** 52 We thank John E. Fa for providing comments to an earlier draft of this letter. 53 Catarina Ferreira is supported by a Marie Curie Outgoing International Fellowship 54 for Career Development (PIOF-GA- 2013-621571) within the 7th Framework 55 Programme of the European Union. M. Delibes-Mateos is supported by V Plan 56 Propio de Investigación of the University of Seville, Spain. 57 58 **References:** 59 <sup>1</sup> A. Fyfe *et al.*, "Untangling Academic Publishing: a history of the relationship 60 between commercial interests, academic prestige and the circulation of research" 61 (2017); https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.546100 62 63 <sup>2</sup> E. Callaway, *Nature* **535**, 210–211 (2016). <sup>3</sup> C. Ferreira *et al.*, *Biological Reviews* **91**, 597–610 (2016). 64 65 66

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