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# The Impact of Southern-Hemisphere VLBI Blazar Observations on Neutrino Astronomy

Florian Rösch

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# Neutrino Production in Quasar Jets

- Relativistic protons in the jet interact with soft ambient photon field (Mannheim & Biermann 1989)
- $\Rightarrow$  Pion production
- ⇒ Neutrinos and high-energy photons due to pion decay



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Alternative:

- Spine sheath model (Tavecchio et al. 2014, 2015)
- Relativistic protons in the jet spine interact with soft photons of the slow sheath



#### **IceCube Neutrino Alerts**

- Located at the South Pole
- Mostly sensitive to neutrinos from the Northern Hemisphere
- Realtime automatic neutrino alerts
- Updated alert with improved positional reconstruction



- Hovatta et al 2021:
  - Neutrino blazar association using OVRO and Metsähovi data
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  - Association of neutrinos with radio-bright AGN using complete VLBI flux density-limited sample from Astrogeo RFC catalog
  - Neutrino-associated AGNs have stronger parsec-scale cores

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However:

- IceCube Collaboration 2023:
  - No statistically significant correlation between RFC sources and neutrino emission
  - < 1% of AGN are neutrino emitters

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But: individual neutrino – AGN associations

- NGC 1068 (~4 sigma; IceCube Collaboration 2022)
- TXS 0506+056 (~3 sigma; IceCube Collaboration 2018; Talk by F. Eppel)

#### 8.4 GHz VLBI Observations of PKS 1424-418



Kadler et al. 2016

- Associated at ~2 sigma with the ~2 PeV IceCube neutrino event IC 35 (aka "BigBird") in December 2012
- Bright γ-ray outburst
- Increase of VLBI core flux density at 8.4 GHz

## Preliminary 2.3 GHz Image of PKS 1424-418



# The TANAMI Program

- Tracking Active Galactic Nuclei with Austral Milliarcsecond Interferometry
- Monitoring of AGN of Southern Sky
- VLBI core program to study parsec-scale structure of AGN jets
- VLBI observations at 2.3 GHz, 8.4 GHz, 22.3 GHz with the LBA+
- Multiwavelength observations at higher energies (optical/UV, X-ray, γ-ray)



Credit: TANAMI homepage

# **TANAMI** Observations

- 2007 2020: Observations at 8.4 GHz and 22.3 GHz
- Since 2020: Observations at 2.3 GHz and 8.4 GHz •
- ~6 scans of ~10 min. spread over a few hours
  - → 1 hour per source
- 2.3 GHz observations:
- Once per year
- Bandwidth: 14.5 MHz
- 8.4 GHz observations:
- 3 times per year
- Bandwidth: 8 MHz



1424-418 at 2.3 GHz

# TANAMI 2.3 GHz Observations of AGN in IceCube Neutrino Fields

- AGN listed in 2021d RFC catalog located inside of Southern-Hemisphere IceCube neutrino fields
- Small IceCube neutrino fields
  - → Not more than 2 AGN inside 90% localization region



Florian Rösch - Bologna VLBI Conference

#### IC190922B, Signalness: 51%, 187 TeV, 2 RFC sources



 $S_{tot} = 59 \, mJy$ 

SNR = 125

 $T_{B,core} > 5.82 \cdot 10^8 K$ 



 $S_{tot} = 7 \, mJy$ 

SNR = 73

$$T_{B,core} > 9.70 \cdot 10^9 K$$

## IC210922A, Signalness: 93%, 751 TeV, 1 RFC source



#### IC211023A, Signalness: 33%, 121 TeV, 2 RFC sources





# **Brightness Temperature**

- Lower brightness temperatures compared to 8.4 GHz TANAMI observations
- Consistent with brightness temperatures from 2.3 GHz TANAMI observations of TeV blazars
  - → Poster P6 by Petra Benke
- Spine-sheath neutrino production model
- More data are needed to confirm this
  - → 8.4 GHz TANAMI observations

# The Future: KM3NeT

- Neutrino telescope located in the Mediterranean sea
- Mostly sensitive to neutrino emission from the Southern Sky
- Will increase the importance of Southern-Hemisphere radio monitoring programs like TANAMI



# Conclusion

- 2.3 GHz TANAMI observations of RFC radio sources located in IceCube neutrino fields
- Mostly faint sources with flux densities below 100 mJy
- Lower brightness temperatures compared to TANAMI quasars observed at 8.4 GHz
- Brightness temperatures similar to TANAMI TeV blazars observed at 2.3 GHz
  - Spine-sheath neutrino production model
- Rapidly growing KM3NeT will increase the importance of Southern-Hemisphere radio monitoring programs like TANAMI

# Backup

# Neutrino – Radio Connection

Hovatta et al. 2021:

- Association of IceCube neutrinos with radio sources
- Half of the sources not detected at γ-rays
- Radio variability and Doppler factors similar to γ-ray detected sources
- Number of strongly flaring sources is unlikely to be a random coincidence



#### **Catalog Correlation Analysis**

Plavin et al. 2020, 2021, 2022:

- Complete VLBI flux densitylimited sample of AGNs from Astrogeo RFC Catalog
- Neutrino-associated AGNs have stronger parsec-scale cores
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# **Catalog Correlation Analysis**

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IceCube Collaboration 2023:

- No statistically significant correlation between RFC sources and neutrino emission
- < 1% of AGN are neutrino emitters
- Result is compatible with background



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## IC210922A, Signalness: 93%, 751 TeV, 1 RFC source



22.05.2023

# IC211023A, Signalness: 33%, 121 TeV, 2 RFC sources



#### IC220513A, Signalness: 56%, 208 TeV, 1 RFC source



# IC220513A, Signalness: 56%, 208 TeV, 1 RFC source



#### IC211117A, Signalness: 53%, 195 TeV, 1 RFC source



# IC211117A, Signalness: 53%, 195 TeV, 1 RFC source



1502-001 at 2.3 GHz

#### IC220205B, Signalness: 59%, 216 TeV, 1 RFC source



# IC220205B, Signalness: 59%, 216 TeV, 1 RFC source



1743-036 at 2.3 GHz