



POSITIONING AND APPLICATIONS

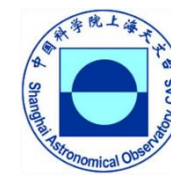
4.0	ANNOUNCEMENT		RINEX VERSION / TYPE
POSITIONING AND APPLICATION SYMPOSIUM	IAG COM. 4		EVENT NAME / AGENCY
WUELS	WROCLAW	POLAND	LOCATION / CITY / COUNTRY
2016 09 04	2016 09 07		TIME START / END
51.11283 17.063761	3835751.626 1177249.744	4941605.054	APPROX POSITION B / L / X/YE
1 Emerging Positioning Technologies			SESSION NO / TOPIC
2 Geospatial Mapping and Engineering Applications			SESSION NO / TOPIC
3 Atmosphere Remote Sensing			SESSION NO / TOPIC
4 Multi-Constellation GNSS			SESSION NO / TOPIC



International Association of Geodesy (IAG), Commission 4 Symposium

Postsdam, Germany

September 5 - 8, 2022



The Joint Study Group (JSG T.27) of the IAG GGOS Focus Area Geodetic Space Weather Research: Coupling Processes between Magnetosphere, Ionosphere, and Thermosphere

Presented by
Ayomide Olabode
on behalf of the JSG



JOINT STUDY GROUP: MIT COUPLING

Implemented at International association of Geodesy (IAG) Inter-Commission Committee on Theory (ICCT); joint with IAG Global Geodetic Observing System (GGOS), Focus Area on Geodetic Space Weather Research (FA-GSWR); IAG Commission 4 Positioning & Applications; and IAG Sub-Commission 4.3 Atmosphere Remote Sensing.

Chair: Andres Calabia (Technical University of Madrid, Spain).

Vice-Chair: Munawar Shah (Institute of Space Technology, Pakistan).

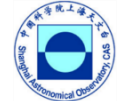
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Members:

- Christine Amory-Mazaudier (LPP, Observatoire de Paris, France).
- Astrid Maute (High Altitude Observatory, USA).
- Yury Yasyukevich (Russian Academy of Sciences, Russia).
- Gang Lu (High Altitude Observatory, USA)
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- Anoruo Chukwuma (University of Nigeria, Nigeria).
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- Piyush M. Mehta (West Virginia University, USA).
- LiangLiang Yuan (German Aerospace Center, Germany).
- Naomi Maruyama (University of Colorado, USA)
- Toyese Tunde Ayorinde (Instituto Nacional de Pesquisa Espacial, Brazil).
- Charles Owolabi (Federal University of Technology Akure, Nigeria)
- Emmanuel Abiodun Ariyibi (Obafemi Awolowo University, Nigeria).
- Ayomide Olabode (Obafemi Awolowo University, Nigeria)



<https://ggos.org/about/org/fa/geodetic-space-weather-research/groups/jsg1-coupling-processes/>



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OUTLINE

1. Problems & Motivation
2. Introduction state-of-the-art
3. Strategy
4. Selection of Achievements in last 2 years
5. Invitations
6. Acknowledgments





PROBLEMS & MOTIVATION



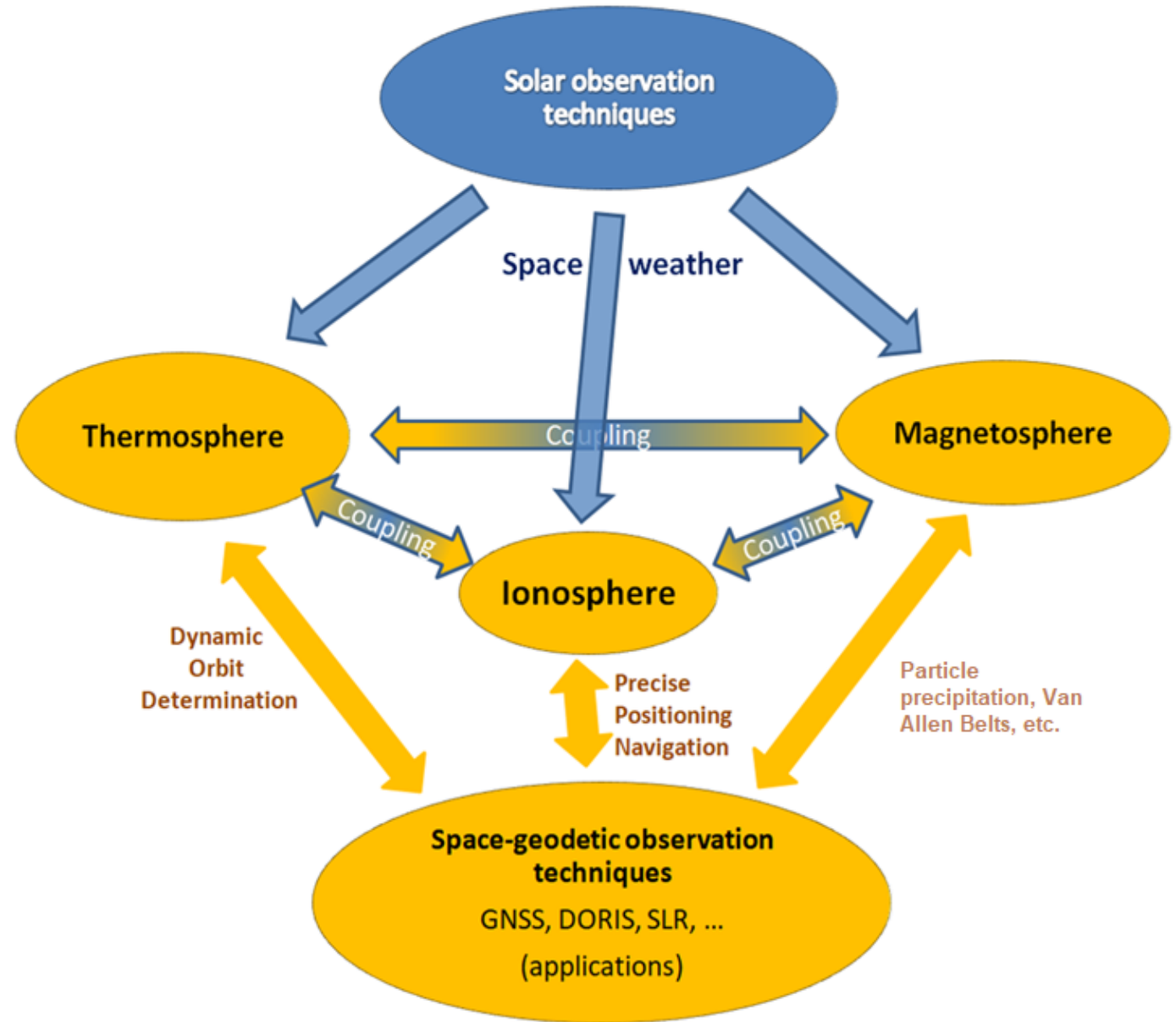
SPACE WEATHER IMPACTS

- **Radio signal propagation** in the ionosphere, affecting GNSS, communications, etc.;
- **Drag force** on **Low Earth Orbit (LEO)** satellites; and
- **Power and internet outages** due to intense **electric currents** induced during geomagnetic storms, **killer electrons**, etc.



GEODETTIC SPACE WEATHER RESEARCH

Research on upper atmosphere aims to contribute for a better **understanding** of Space Weather phenomena within the coupled MIT system, and for the formulation of **predictive models** of the near-Earth space environment.

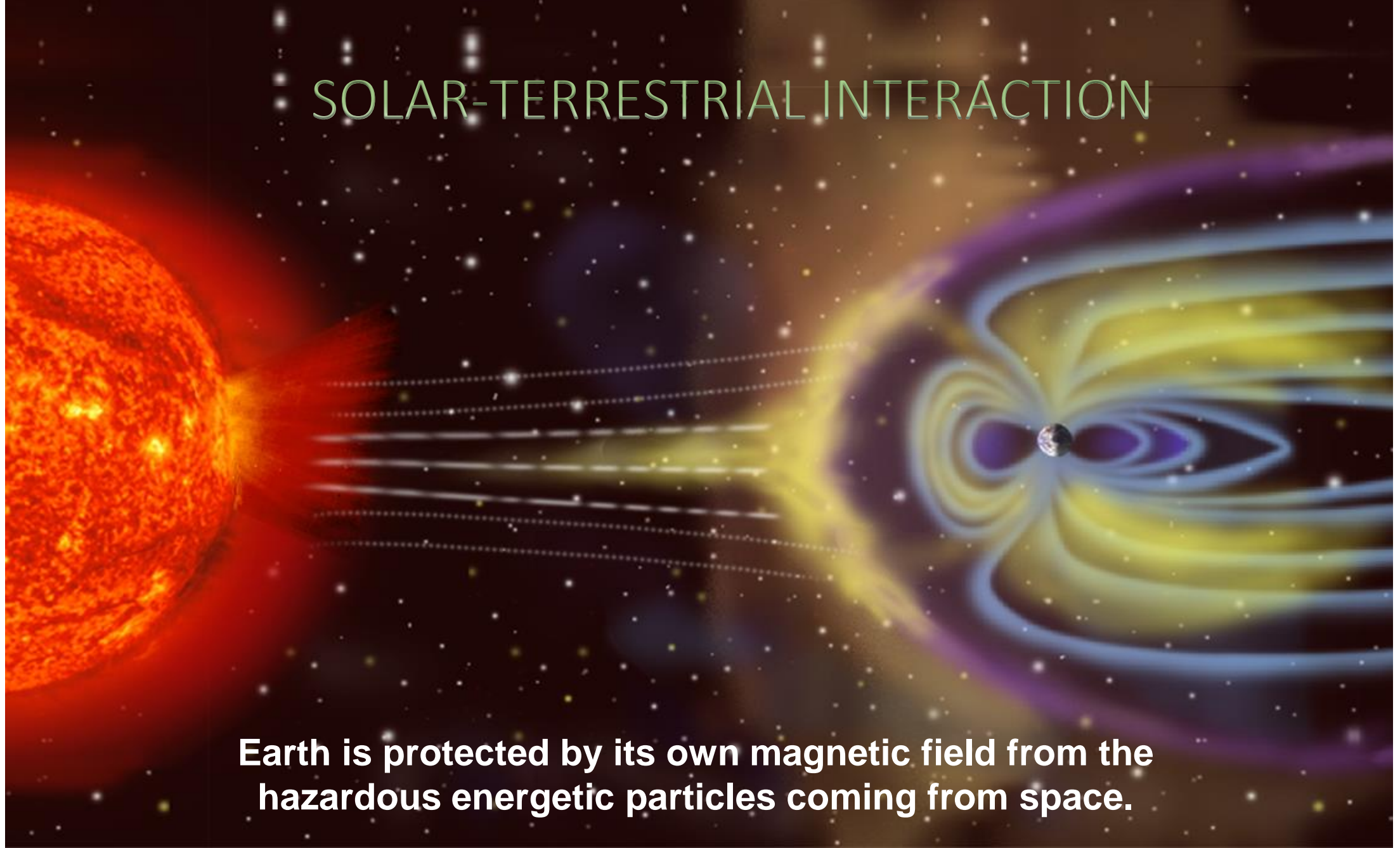




INTRODUCTION STATE-OF-THE-ART

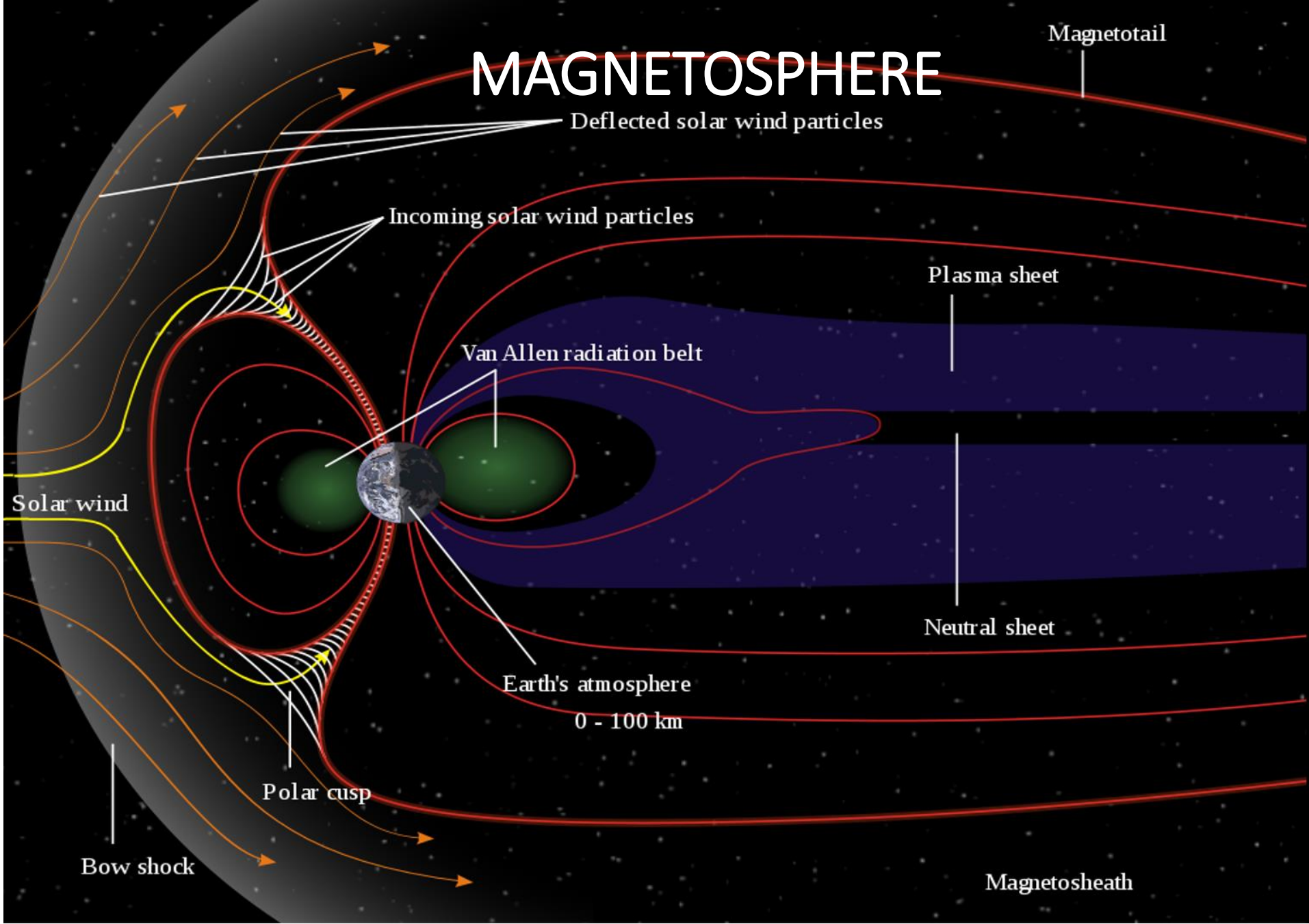


SOLAR-TERRESTRIAL INTERACTION

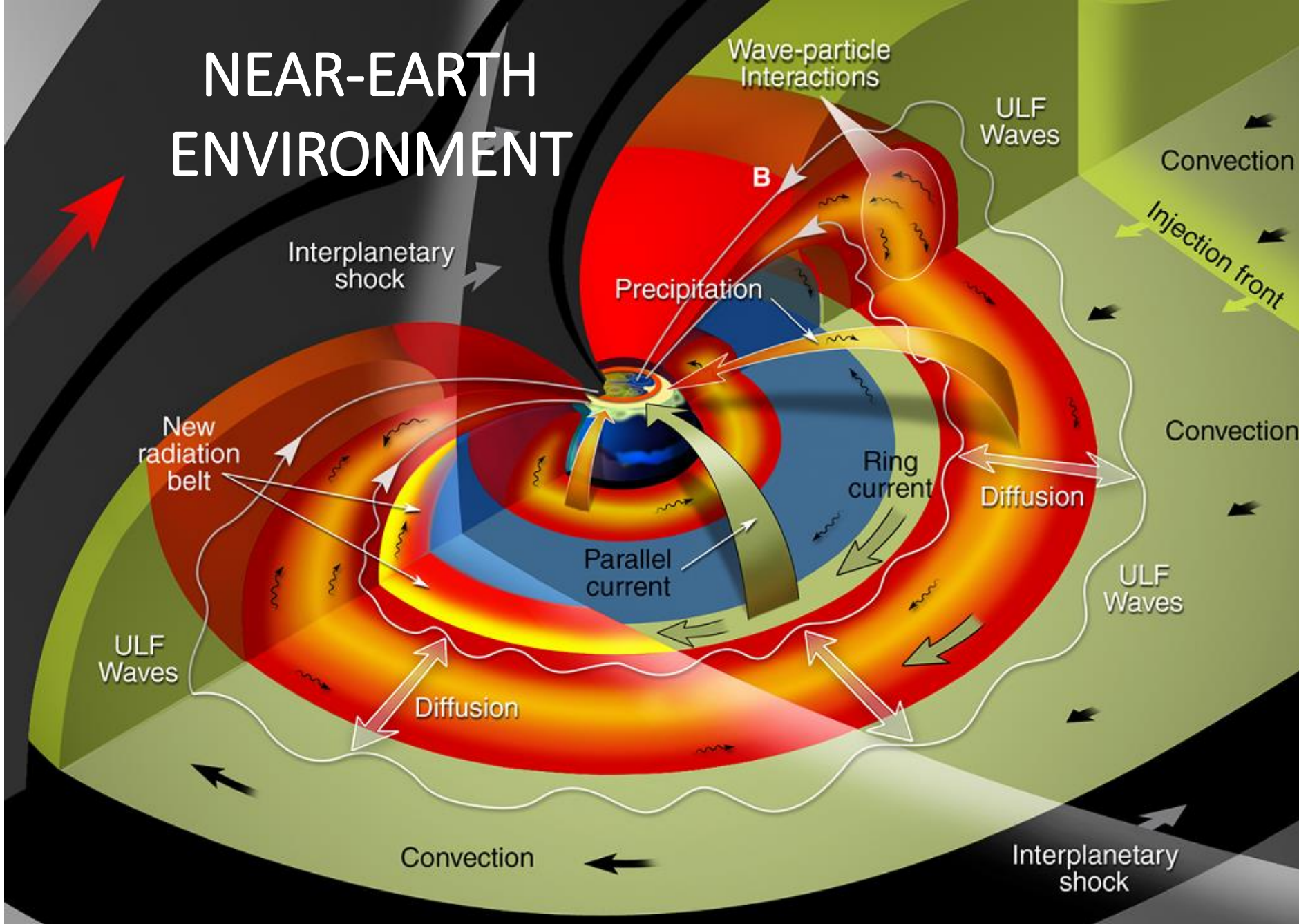


Earth is protected by its own magnetic field from the hazardous energetic particles coming from space.





NEAR-EARTH ENVIRONMENT

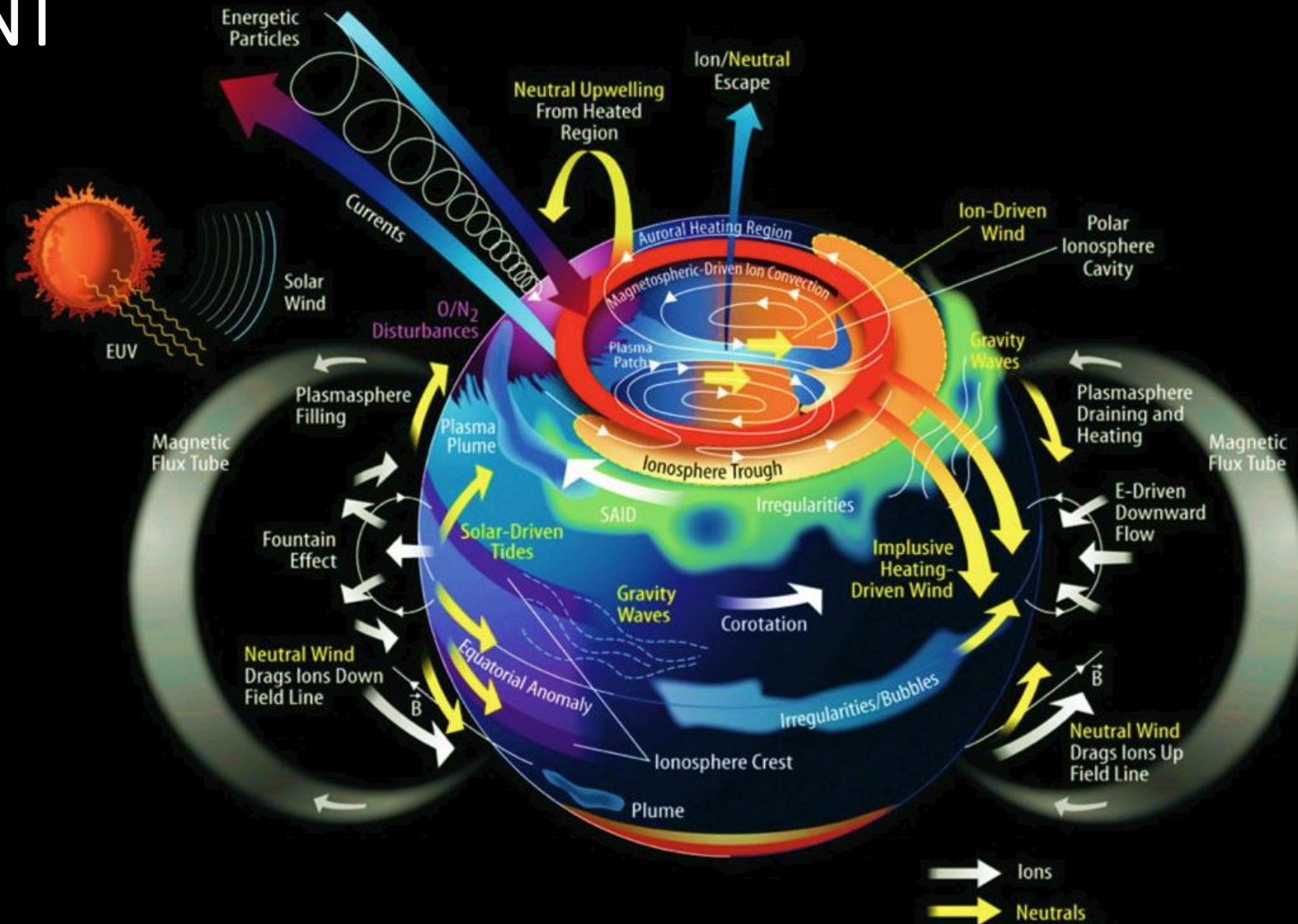


Mauk et al. (2013)

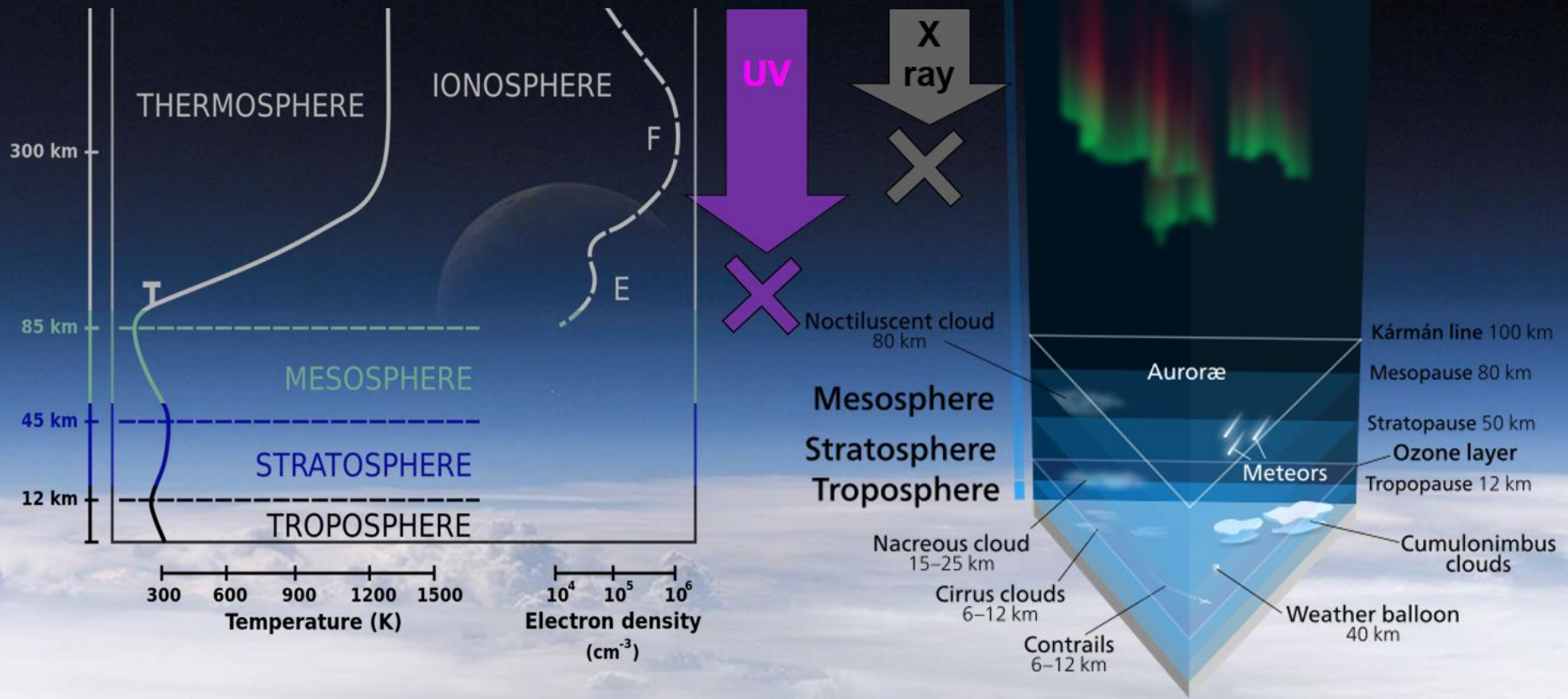
NEAR-EARTH ENVIRONMENT

The understanding of coupled processes in the Magnetosphere-Thermosphere-Ionosphere (MTI) is still a challenge.

Variations in the upper atmosphere are strongly influenced by solar and magnetospheric forcing.



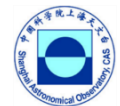
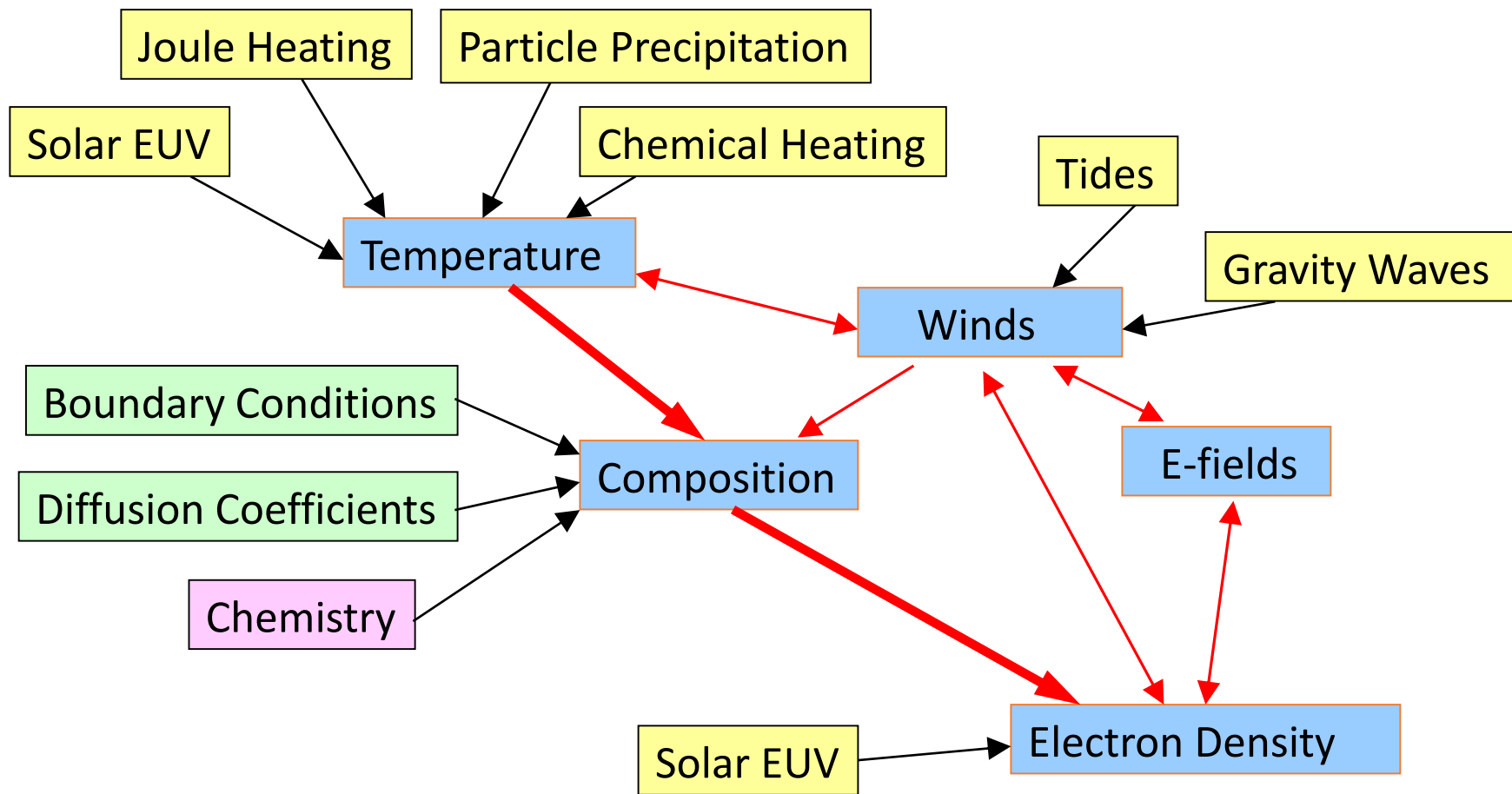
ATMOSPHERIC COUPLING



On the one side, highly energetic **solar radiation is absorbed in the thermosphere**, through ionization/dissociation of molecules, and thus **creating the ionosphere**.



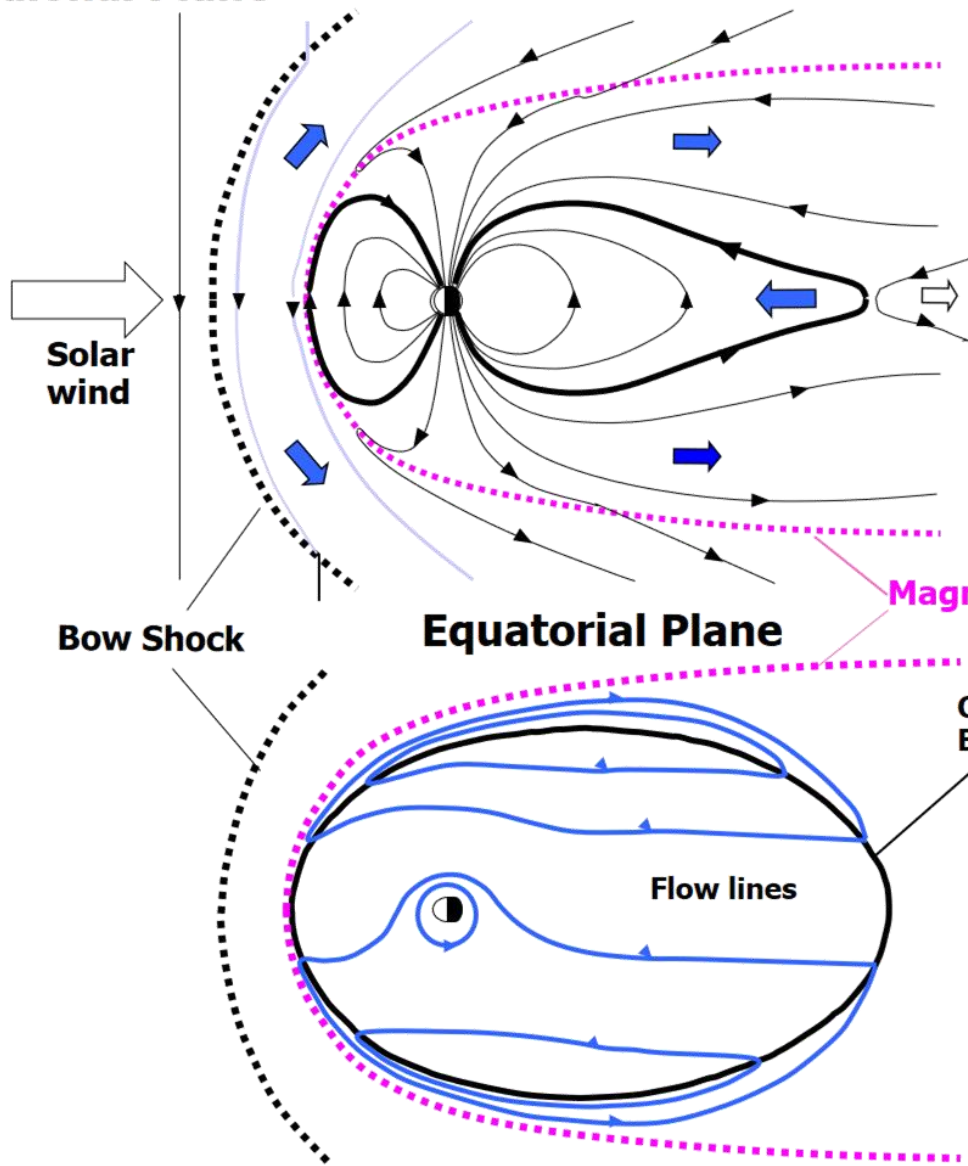
UNDERSTANDING PHYSICS-BASED MODELS



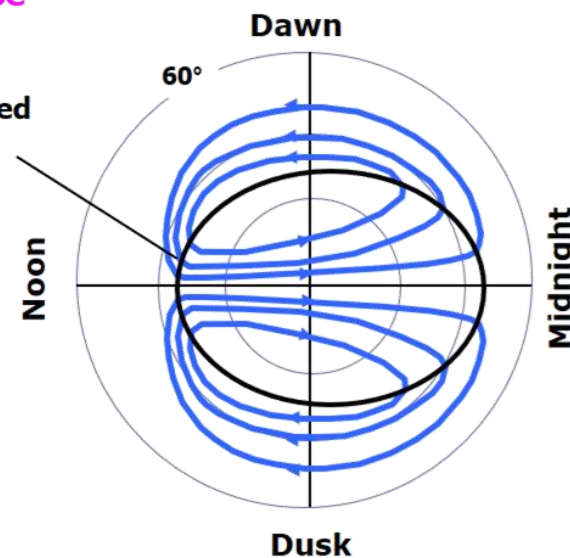
Noon-Midnight
Meridional Plane

MAGNETOSPHERE

Magnetospheric Topology &
Plasma Convection



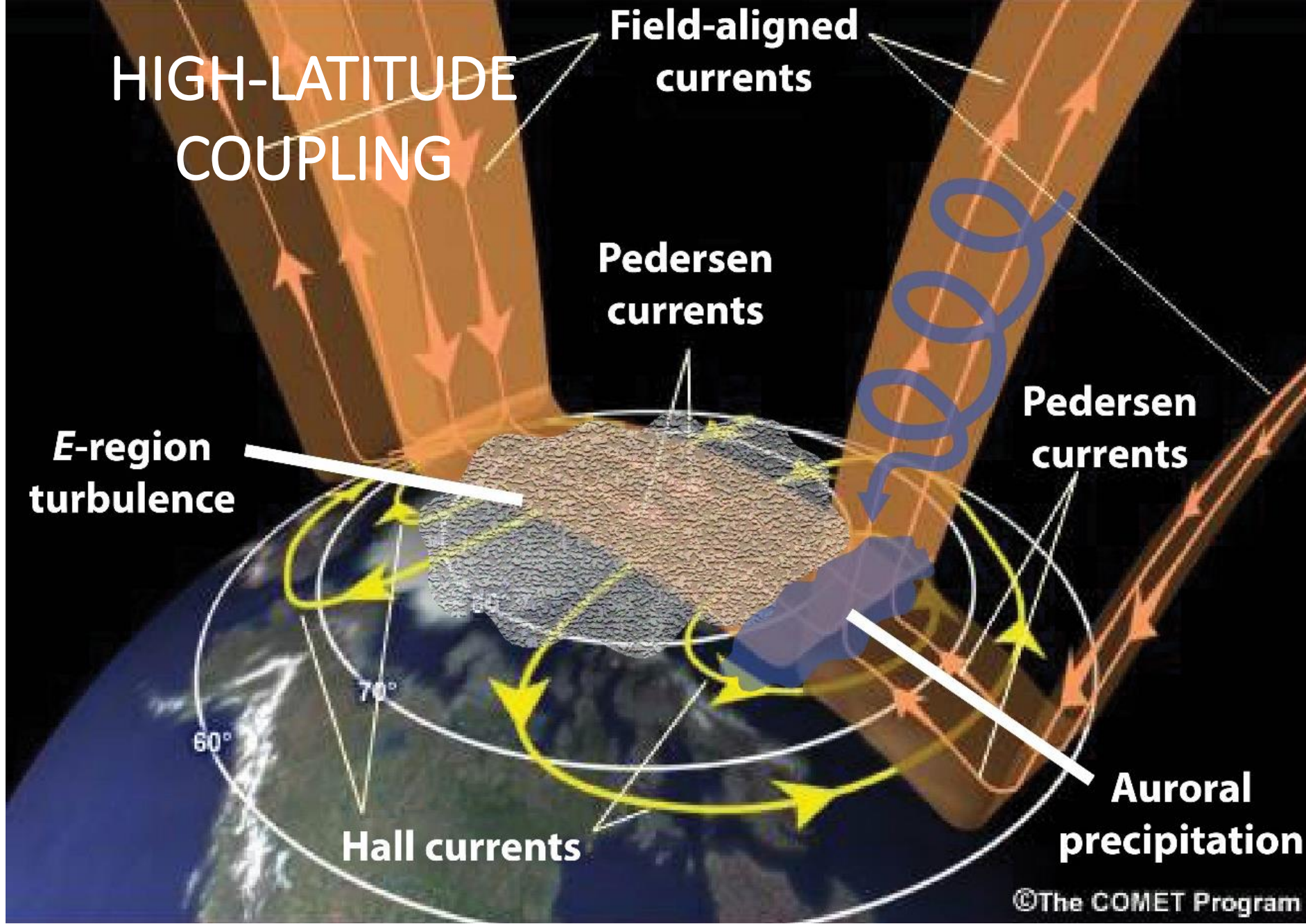
High-Latitude
Ionosphere



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HIGH-LATITUDE COUPLING



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UPPER-ATMOSPHERE PHYSICS

Atmospheric Density column under Hydrostatic Equilibrium (above ~100 km):

$$N(z_0) = \int_{z_0}^{\infty} n(z_0) \exp \left[-\frac{z - z_0}{kT / m_i g} \right] dz = Hn(z_0)$$

- z is altitude
- $g(z)$ is acceleration of gravity
- r is mass density
- k is Boltzmann's constant
- m_i is molecular weight of species

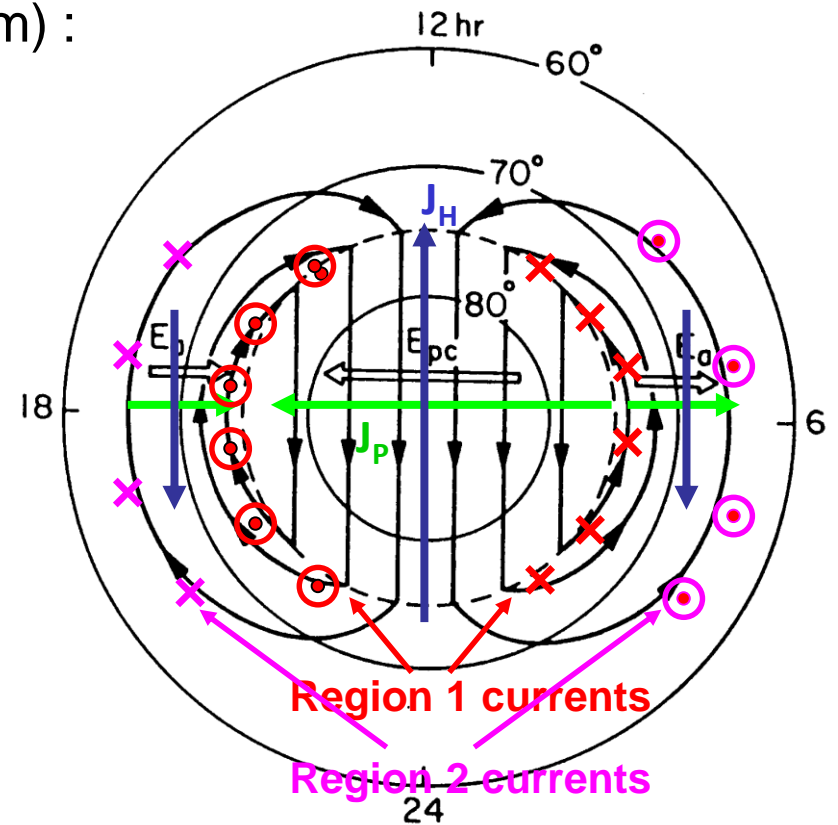
Electromagnetic Energy Dissipation (Poynting's theorem) :

$$\underbrace{\vec{J} \cdot \vec{E} = \left(\sum_P \vec{E} + \sum_H \vec{b} \times \vec{E} \right) \cdot \vec{E}}_{\text{Horizontal current}} = \underbrace{\sum_p E^2}_{\text{Joule heating}}$$

Field-aligned Current: $j_{||} = -\nabla \cdot \vec{J}$

E including neutral wind is:

$$\vec{E} \rightarrow \vec{E}' = (\vec{E} + \vec{U} \times \vec{B}) = -(\underbrace{\vec{V}}_{\text{Plasma drift velocity}} - \underbrace{\vec{U}}_{\text{Neutral wind velocity}}) \times \vec{B}$$



UPPER-ATMOSPHERE PHYSICS

Thermodynamic equation:

$$\frac{\partial T_n}{\partial t} = \underbrace{\frac{ge^z}{p_0 C_p} \frac{\partial}{\partial Z} \left\{ \frac{K_T}{H} \frac{\partial T_n}{\partial Z} + K_E H^2 C_p \rho \left[\frac{g}{C_p} + \frac{1}{H} \frac{\partial T}{\partial Z} \right] \right\}}_{\text{Molecular conduction}} - \underbrace{\mathbf{v}_n \cdot \nabla T_n}_{\text{Advection}} - \underbrace{W \left(\frac{\partial T_n}{\partial Z} + \frac{R^* T_n}{C_p \bar{m}} \right)}_{\text{Adiabatic}} + \underbrace{\frac{Q^{\text{exp}} - e^z L^{\text{exp}}}{C_p}}_{\text{Heating}} - \underbrace{L^{\text{imp}} T_n}_{\text{Radiation}}$$

Momentum equations:

Zonal velocity

$$\frac{\partial u_n}{\partial t} = \underbrace{\frac{ge^z}{p_0} \frac{\partial}{\partial Z} \left[\frac{\mu \partial u_n}{H \partial Z} \right]}_{\text{Viscosity}} + \underbrace{f^{\text{corr}} v_n}_{\text{Coriolis}} + \underbrace{\lambda_{xx} (v_{\text{ExB},x} - u_n) + \lambda_{xy} (v_{\text{ExB},y} - u_n)}_{\text{Ion drag}} - \underbrace{\mathbf{v}_n \cdot \nabla u_n}_{\text{Horizontal advection}} + \underbrace{\frac{u_n v_n \tan \lambda}{R_E}}_{\text{Momentum}} - \underbrace{\frac{1}{R_E \cos \lambda} \frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial \phi}}_{\text{Pressure gradient}} - \underbrace{W \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial Z}}_{\text{Vertical advection}} - \underbrace{hd_u}_{\text{Horizontal diffusion}}$$

Meridional velocity

$$\frac{\partial v_n}{\partial t} = \underbrace{\frac{ge^z}{p_0} \frac{\partial}{\partial Z} \left[\frac{\mu \partial v_n}{H \partial Z} \right]}_{\text{Viscosity}} - \underbrace{f^{\text{corr}} v_n}_{\text{Coriolis}} + \underbrace{\lambda_{yy} (v_{\text{ExB},x} - u_n) + \lambda_{xy} (v_{\text{ExB},y} - u_n)}_{\text{Ion drag}} - \underbrace{\mathbf{v}_n \cdot \nabla v_n}_{\text{Horizontal advection}} + \underbrace{\frac{u_n v_n \tan \lambda}{R_E}}_{\text{Momentum}} - \underbrace{\frac{1}{R_E} \frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial \lambda}}_{\text{Pressure gradient}} - \underbrace{W \frac{\partial v_n}{\partial Z}}_{\text{Vertical advection}} - \underbrace{hd_v}_{\text{Horizontal diffusion}}$$

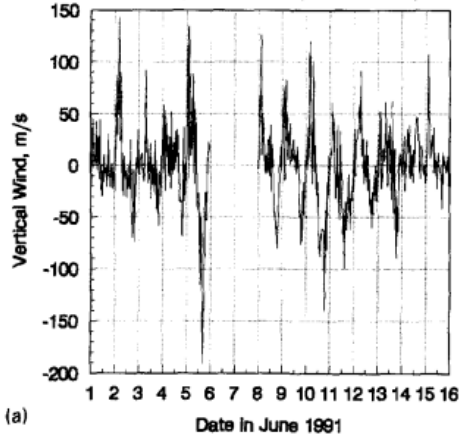
Continuity equation:

$$\frac{d\Psi}{dt} = \underbrace{-e^z \tau^{-1} \frac{d}{dz} \left\{ \frac{m}{m_{N_2}} \left(\frac{T_0}{T} \right)^{0.25} \alpha^{-1} L \Psi \right\}}_{\text{Molecular diffusion}} + \underbrace{e^z \frac{d}{dz} \left\{ K(z) e^{-z} \frac{d\Psi}{dz} \right\}}_{\text{Eddy diffusion}} - \underbrace{V \cdot \nabla \Psi}_{\text{Horizontal advection}} - \underbrace{\omega \frac{d\Psi}{dz}}_{\text{Vertical advection}} + \underbrace{S - R}_{\text{production and recombination}}$$

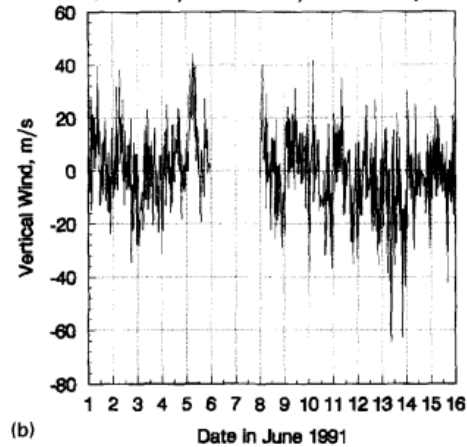


VERTICAL WINDS

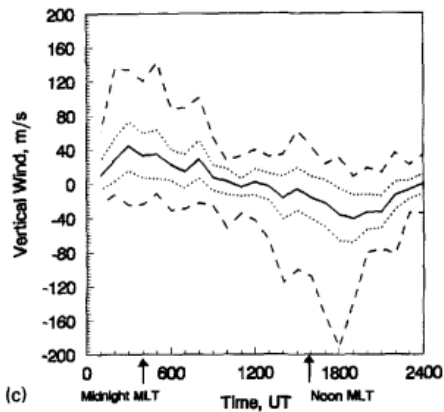
Vertical Winds in the Upper Thermosphere
South Pole, Antarctica, June 1-15, 1991



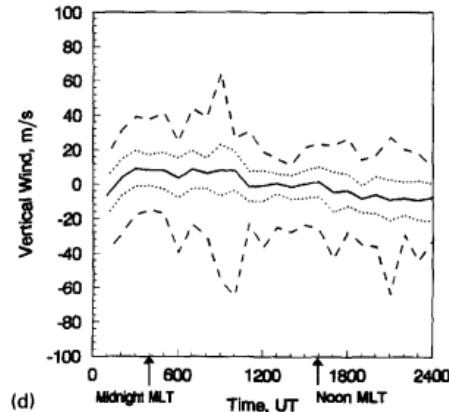
Vertical Winds in the Lower Thermosphere
South Pole, Antarctica, June 1-15, 1991



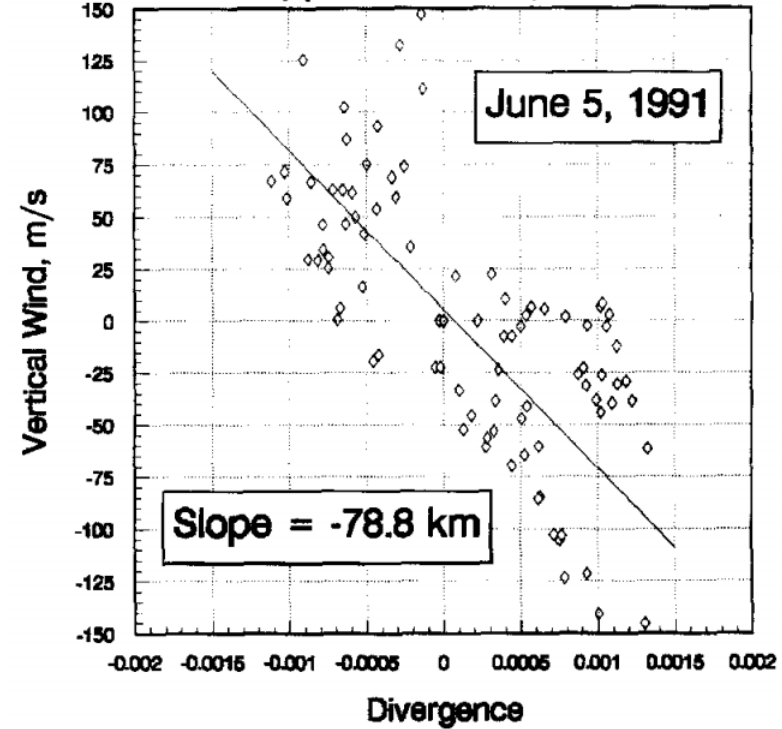
Mean Vertical Winds in the Upper Thermosphere



Mean Vertical Winds in the Lower Thermosphere



Vertical Wind and Divergence
Upper Thermosphere



$$\frac{\partial p}{\partial t} = -g \int_h^\infty \left[\frac{\partial(\rho u)}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial(\rho v)}{\partial y} \right] dz + g(\rho w)_h$$

$$u_r = H \operatorname{div}(\mathbf{u}_h) \quad T \gg \tau = \frac{H}{W}$$

$$\frac{\partial u_r}{\partial r} = \frac{u_\theta \partial u_r}{u_r r \partial \theta} + \frac{u_\phi \partial u_r}{u_r r \cos \theta \partial \phi} \sim \frac{u_\theta}{l_\theta} + \frac{u_\phi}{l_\phi} \sim \operatorname{div}(\mathbf{u}_h)$$

$$E = \rho u^2 = \text{const} \rightarrow u_r \sim e^{\frac{z}{2H}} \rightarrow \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial r} \sim \frac{u_r}{2H}$$

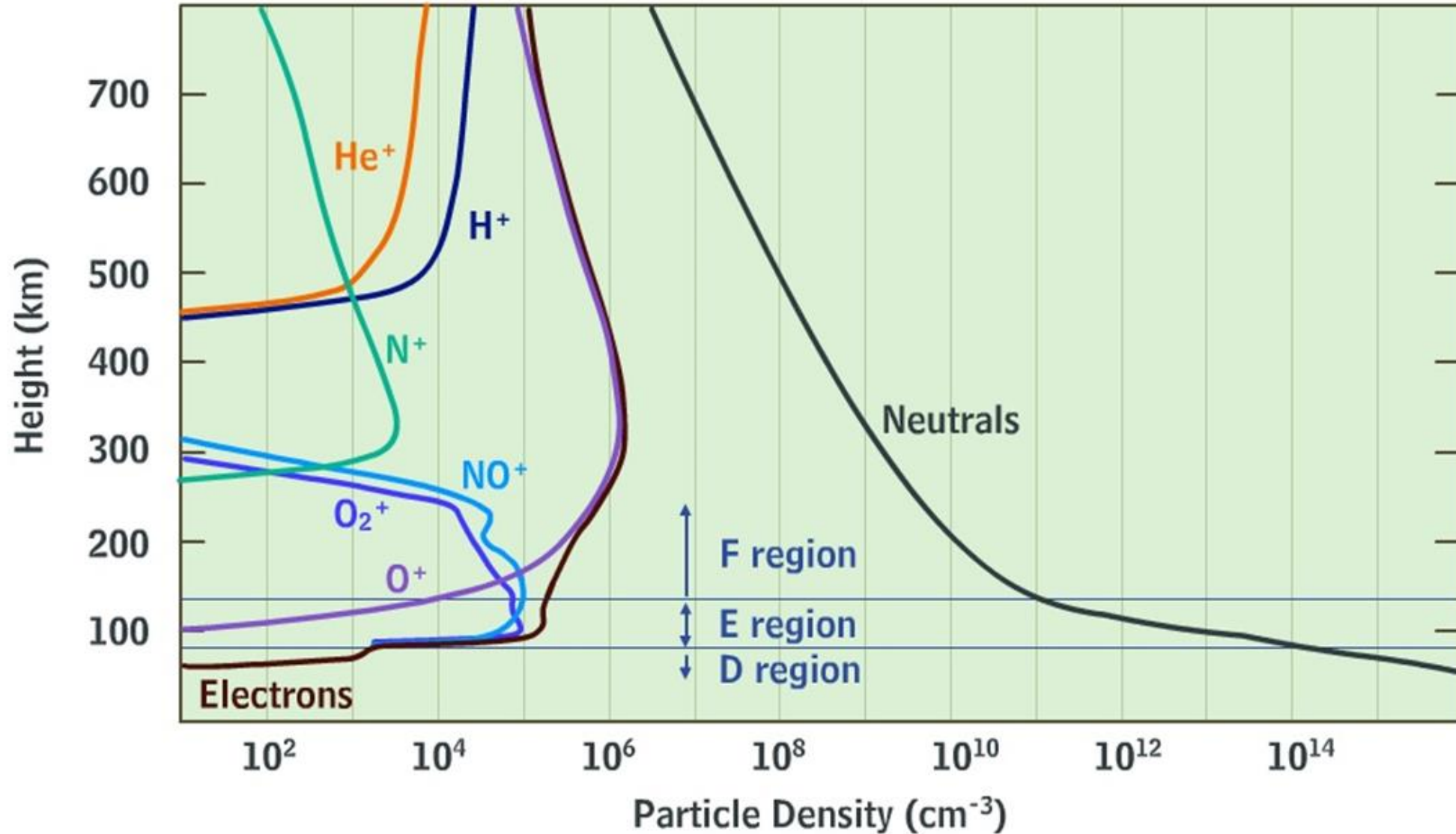
$$u_r \sim -2H \operatorname{div}(\mathbf{u}_h)$$

* Burnside et al., 1981, JGR

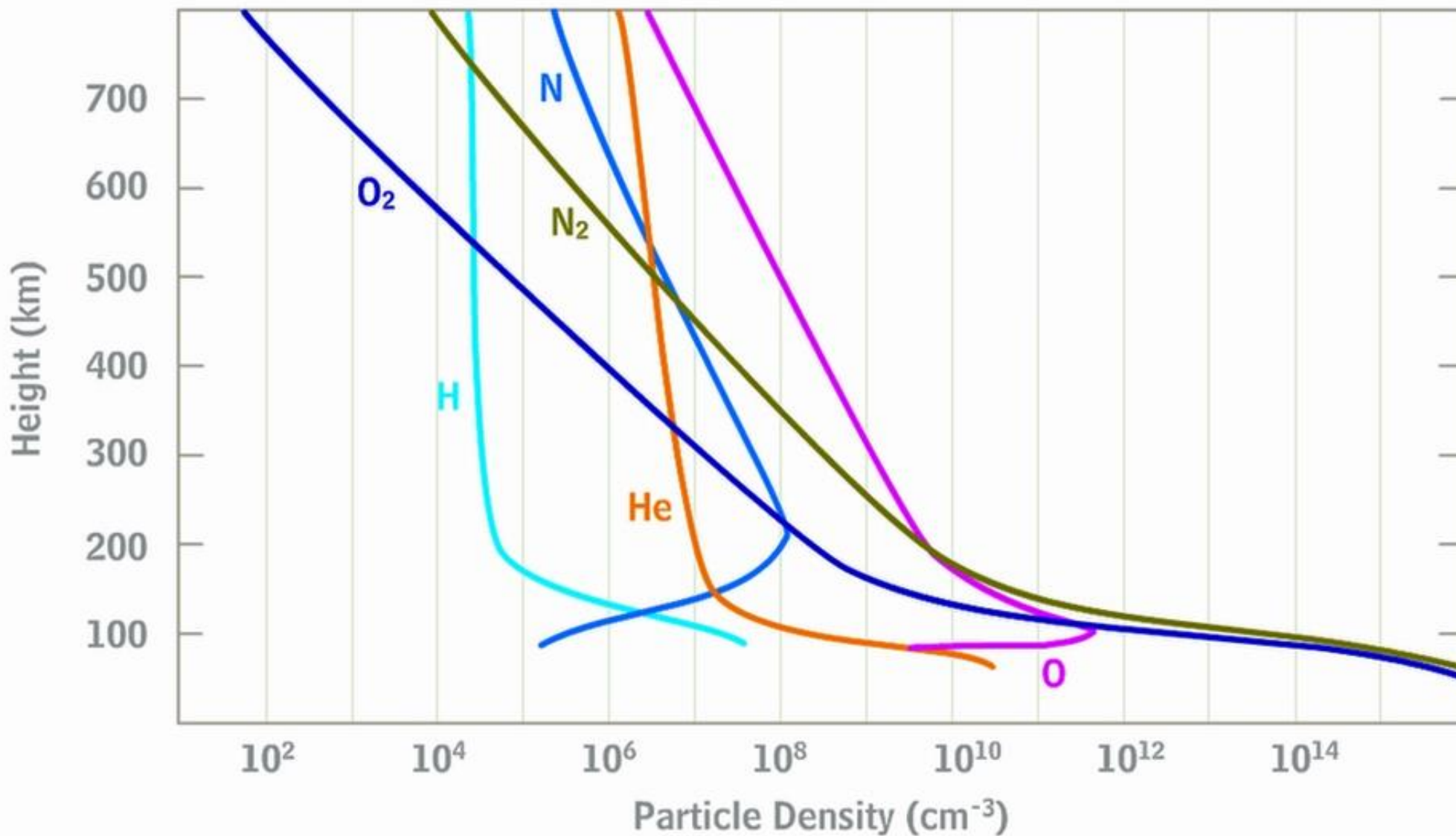
* Smith and Hernandez, 1995, JASTP



UPPER ATMOSPHERE COMPOSITION



NEUTRALS



UPPER-ATMOSPHERE CHEMICAL PROCESSES

Photoionization:



Collisional Ionization:



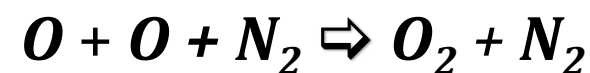
Charge Exchange:



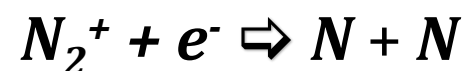
Conversion:



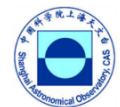
Recombination:



Dissociative Recombination:



Radiative Recombination:



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STRATEGY



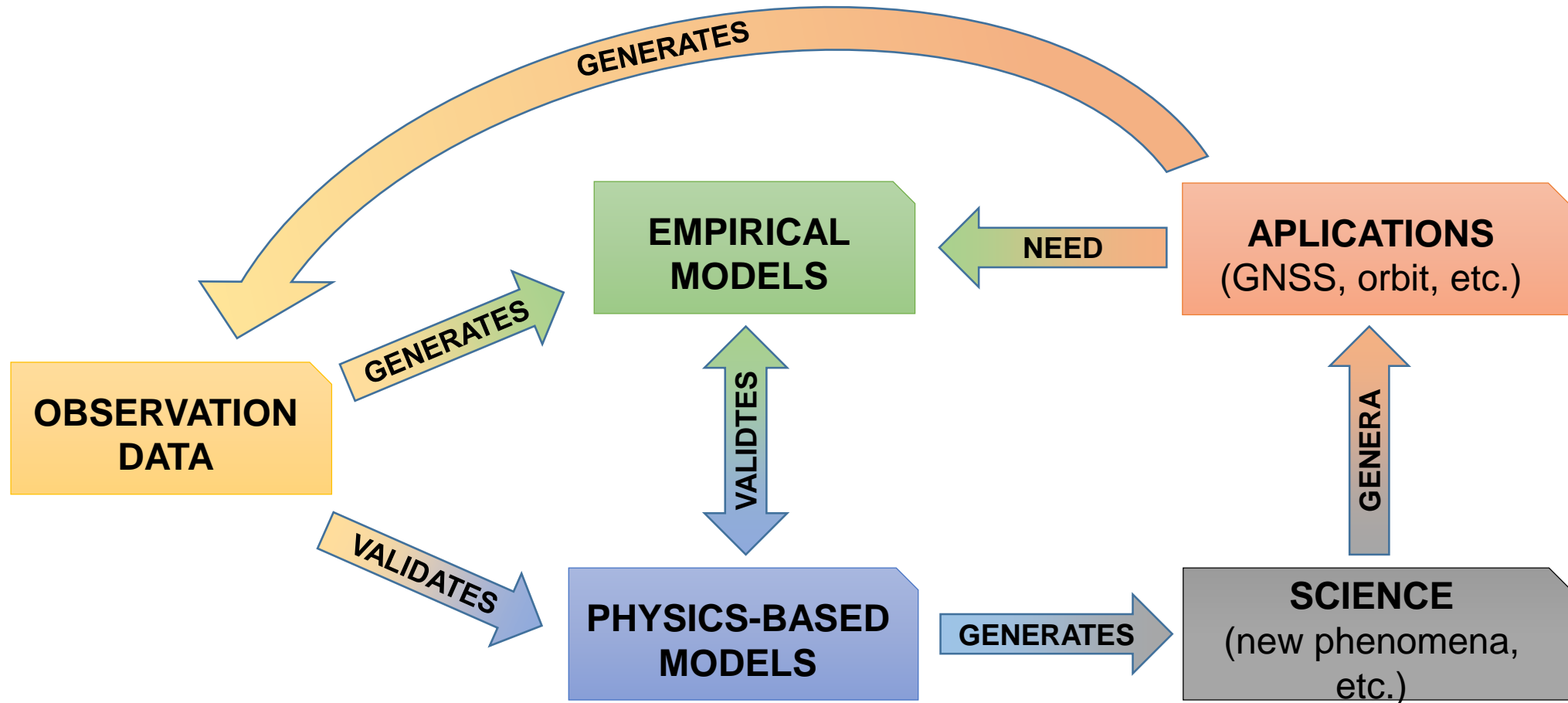
A CHALLENGE TO UNDERSTAND THE MIT SYSTEM

Addressing the challenges related to the coupled MIT system requires significant advances in **geodetic observations** of plasma and neutral density, “compositions”, and “velocities”, observations of energetic particles and “magnetic field perturbations” both in space and on ground, as well as **advanced theoretic and numerical modeling** capabilities.



GENERAL DIAGRAM

General flow diagram and interrelations between the data, models, applications, and science.



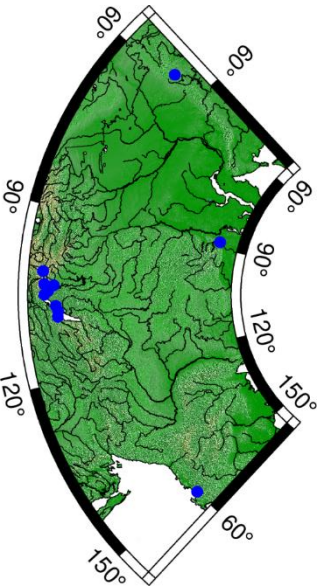


SELECTION OF ACHIEVEMENTS IN LAST 2 YEARS



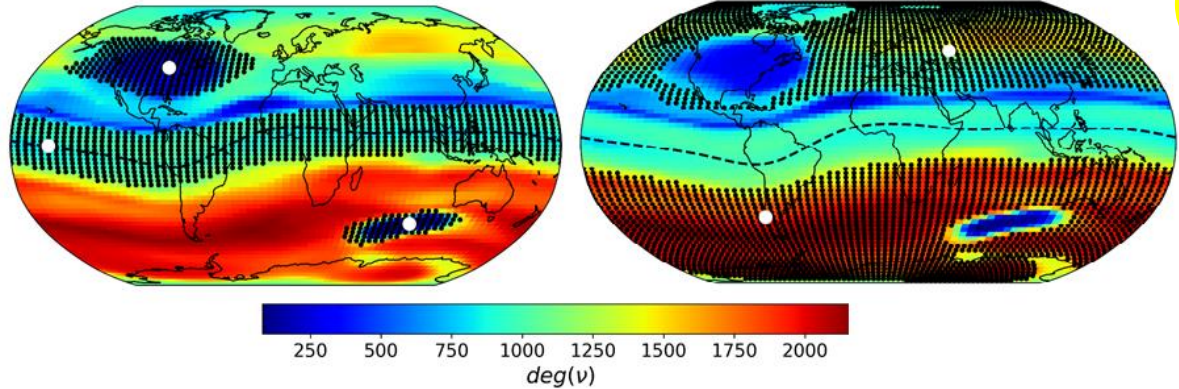
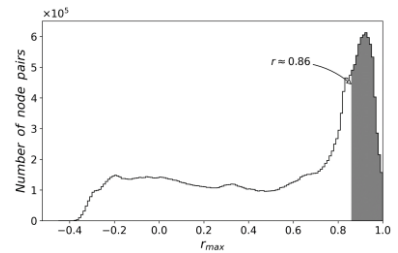
SibNet GNSS network for 1Hz phase and pseudo range observations

Yury Yasyukevich



Network theory to reveal ionospheric anomalies

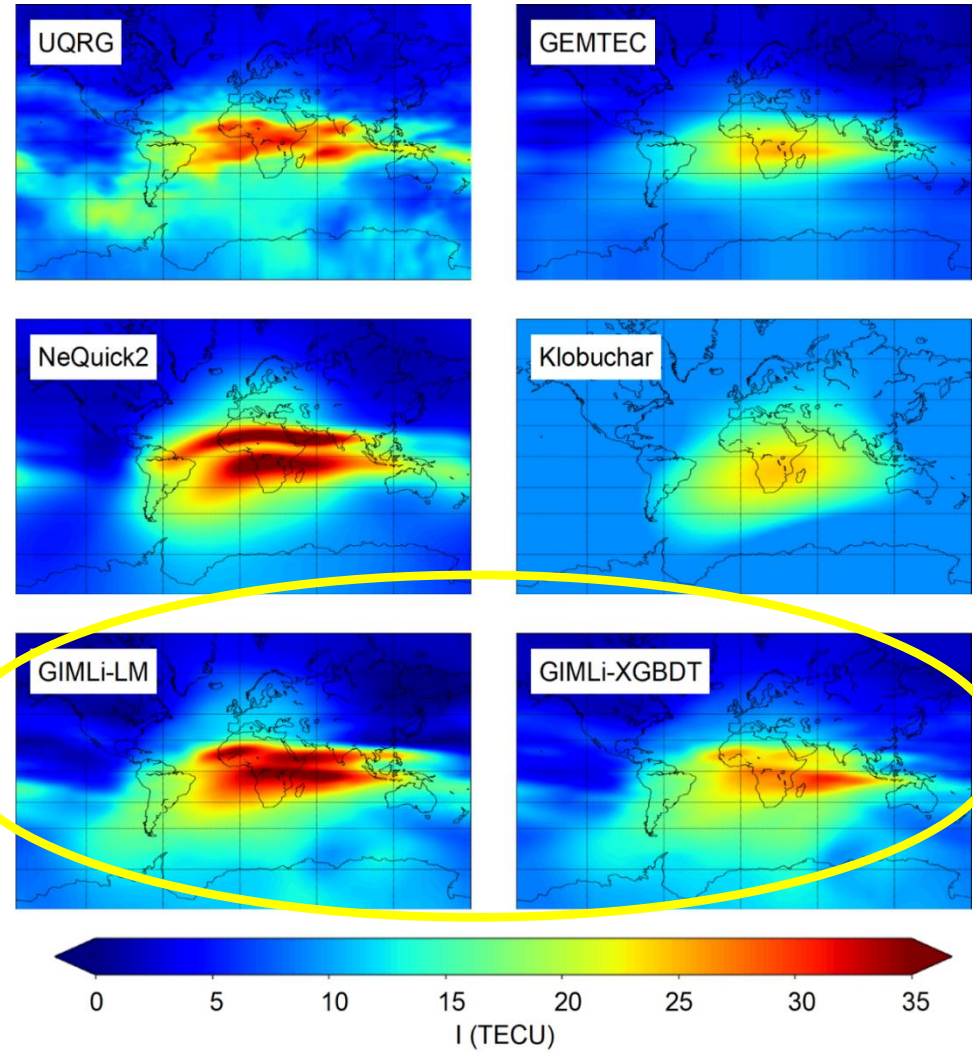
Yury Yasyukevich



GIMLi

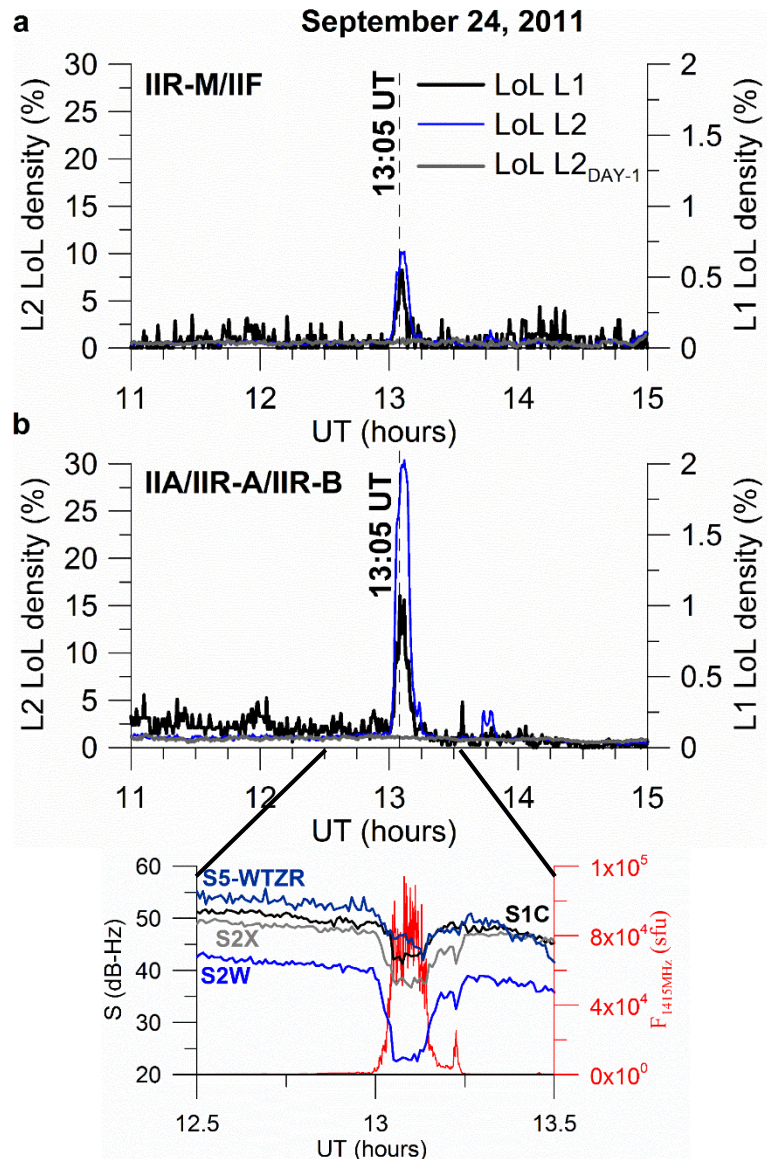
Global TEC Model based on Machine Learning

Yury Yasyukevich



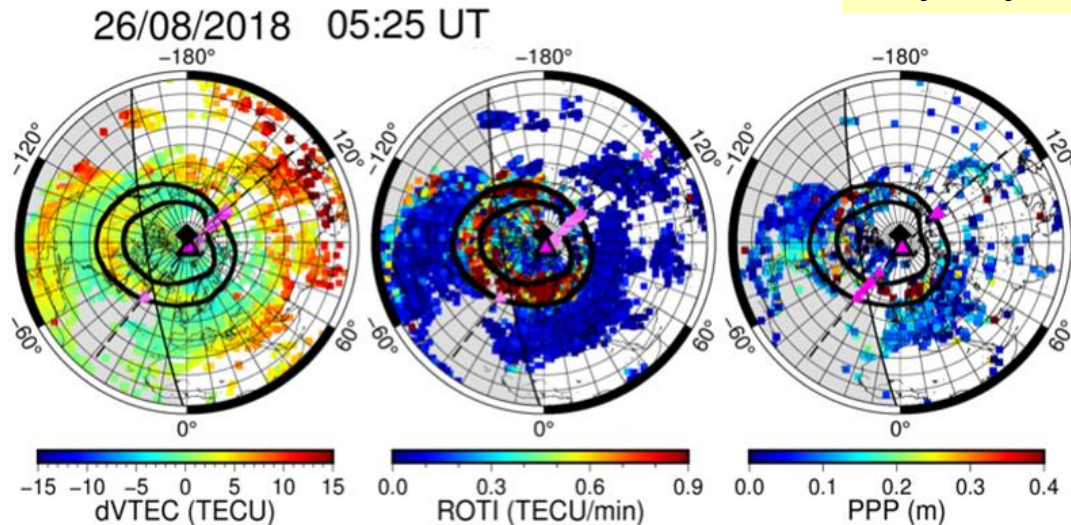
New GNSS signals enhance the system performance during solar radio bursts

Yury Yasyukevich



Ionospheric disturbances and irregularities during the 25-26 August 2018 geomagnetic storm.

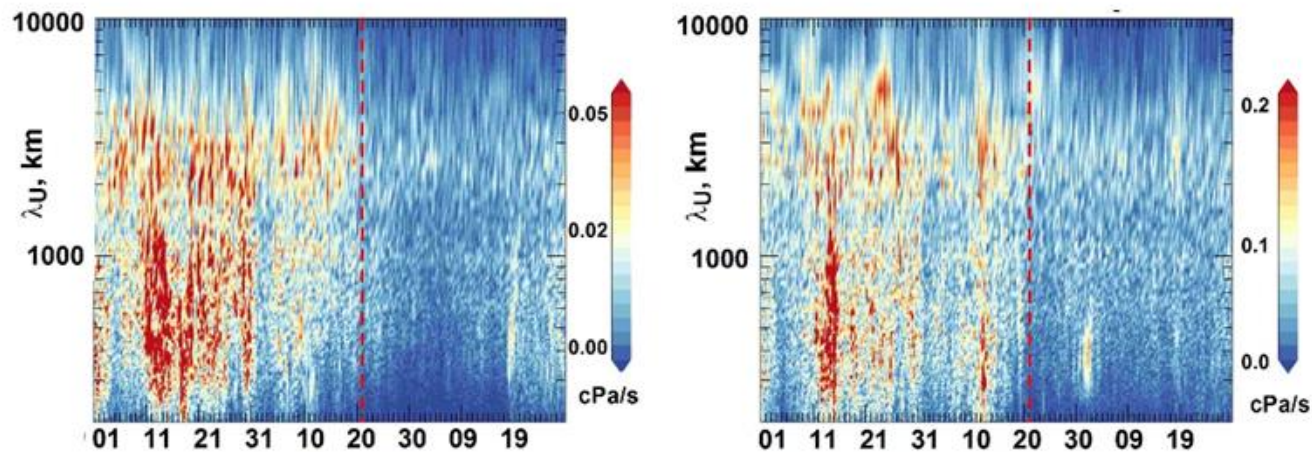
Yury Yasyukevich



Sudden stratospheric warming influence ionospheric internal acoustic gravity waves.

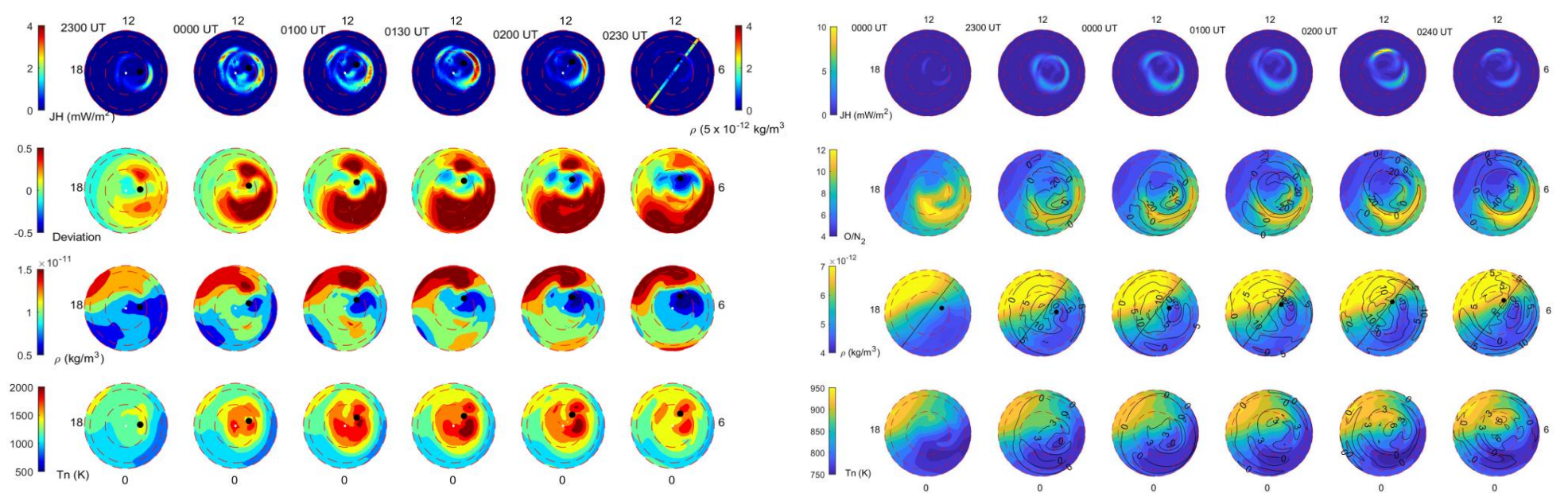
Yury Yasyukevich

December 2005 - February 2006



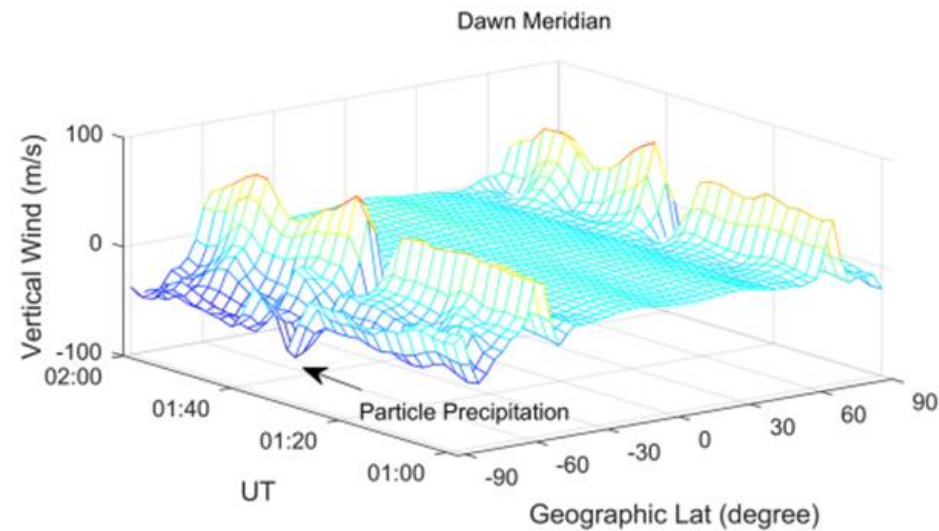
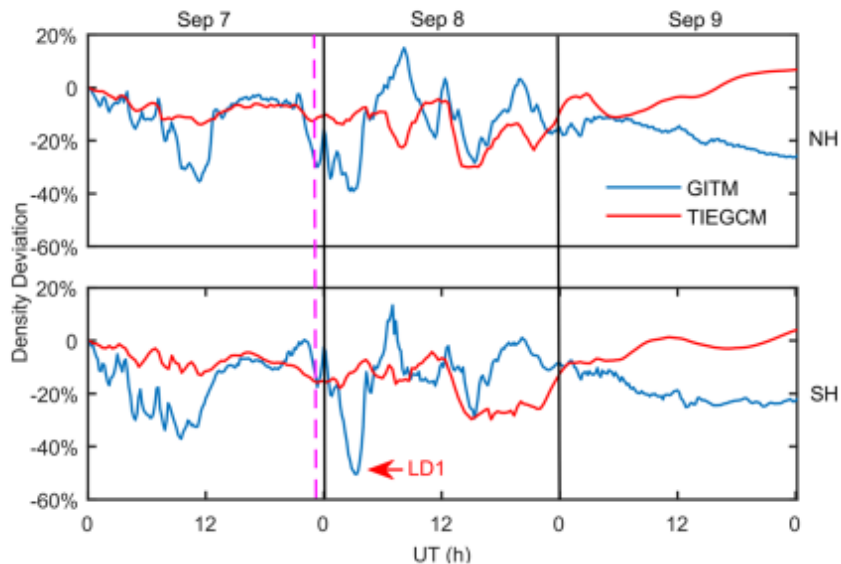
Physics-based models comparisons: GITM vs TIEGCM

LiangLiang Yuan



Vertical wind and density deviation from Physics-based models during geomagnetic storms

LiangLiang Yuan



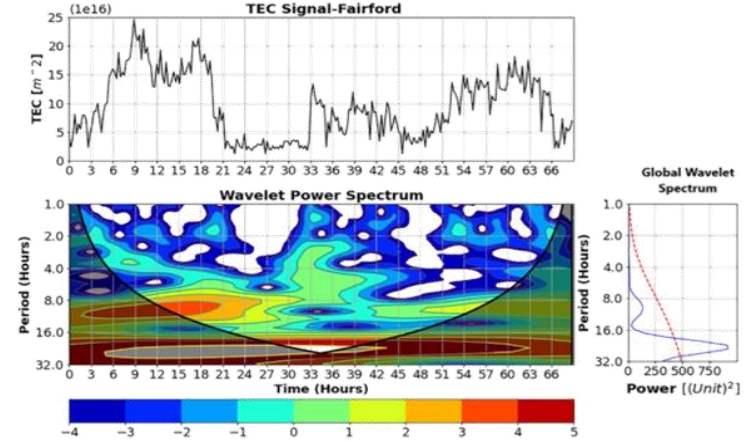
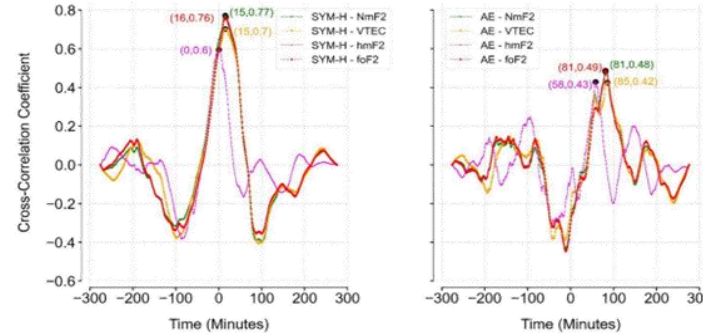
RESEARCH ARTICLE
10.1029/2022RS007430

Ionospheric Signatures During G2, G3 and G4 Storms in Mid-Latitude

Subodh Dahal¹, Binod Adhikari², Anil Kumar Khadka¹, Ashok Silwal³, Suresh Kumar Gupta¹, and Narayan Prasad Chapagain⁴

Key Points:

- During the negative phase of the G4 storm, the highest decrease in ionospheric variables (foF2, total electron content, and NmF2) was seen
- We observed noticeable power shifts in the signal of the ionospheric parameters toward the lower Fourier period band during negative phase
- The correlation between the Symmetric H-component and auroral electrojet indices varies according to geomagnetic storm strength and interplanetary origins



Brazilian Journal of Physics (2022) 52:156
<https://doi.org/10.1007/s13538-022-01160-1>

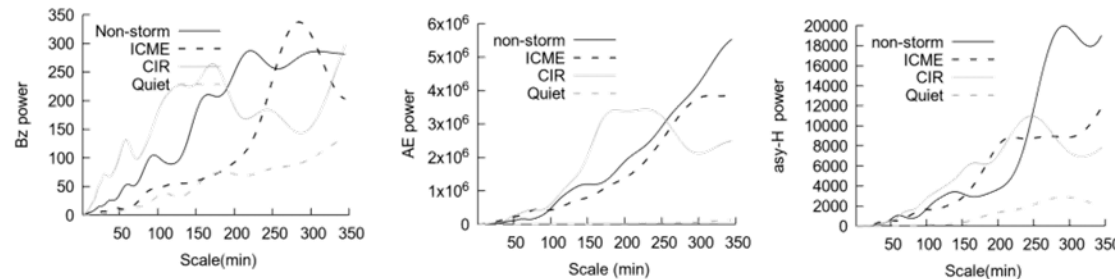


GENERAL AND APPLIED PHYSICS

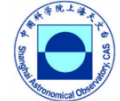
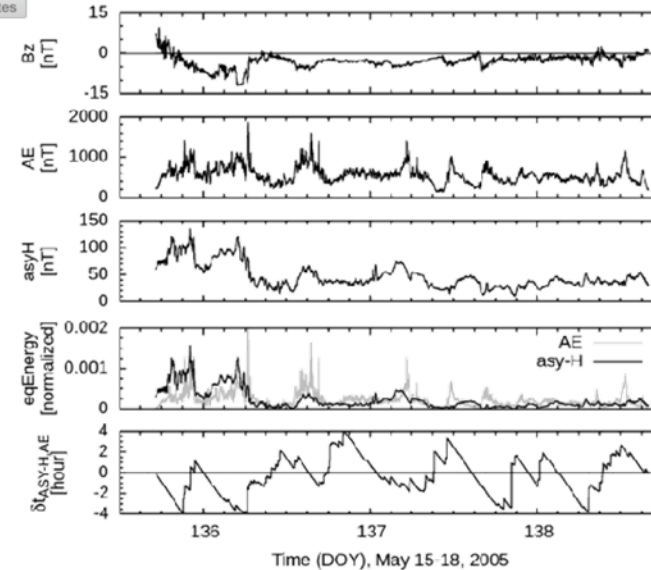


Interrelationships of Similar Magnetic Effects at Low and High Latitudes During High-Intensity Long-Duration Auroral Activity Events: Case Studies


Odim Mendes¹, Binod Adhikari^{2,3}, Margarete Oliveira Domingues¹, Ezequiel Echer¹, Rodrigo Seo Takeshi¹



(c) ICME













A study of vTEC above Nepal exploring different calibration techniques, including a comparison with the NeQuick-2 model

P. Poudel, A. Silwal, B. D. Ghimire , S. P. Gautam, M. Karki, N. P. Chapagain, B. Adhikari, D. Pandit & C. Amory-Mazaudier

Astrophysics and Space Science **367**, Article number: 41 (2022) | [Cite this article](#)



Signatures of Equatorial Plasma Bubbles and Ionospheric Scintillations from Magnetometer and GNSS Observations in the Indian Longitudes during the Space Weather Events of Early September 2017

by  Ram Kumar Vankadara ¹,  Sampad Kumar Panda ^{1,*},  Christine Amory-Mazaudier ^{2,3},  Rolland Fleury ⁴,  Venkata Ratnam Devanaboyina ¹,  Tarun Kumar Pant ⁵,  Punyawi Jamjareegulgarn ⁶,  Mohd Anul Haq ⁷,  Daniel Okoh ^{8,9} and  Gopi Krishna Seemala ¹⁰




Remote Sens. **2022**, *14*(3), 652; <https://doi.org/10.3390/rs14030652>

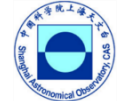
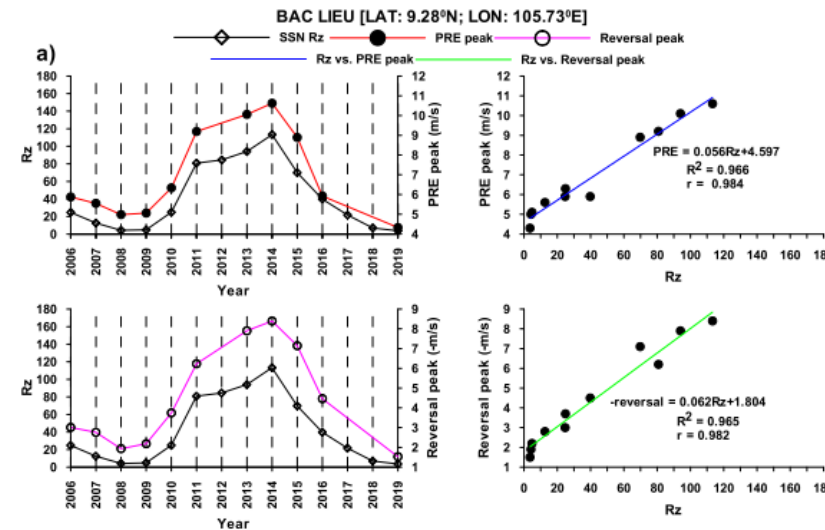
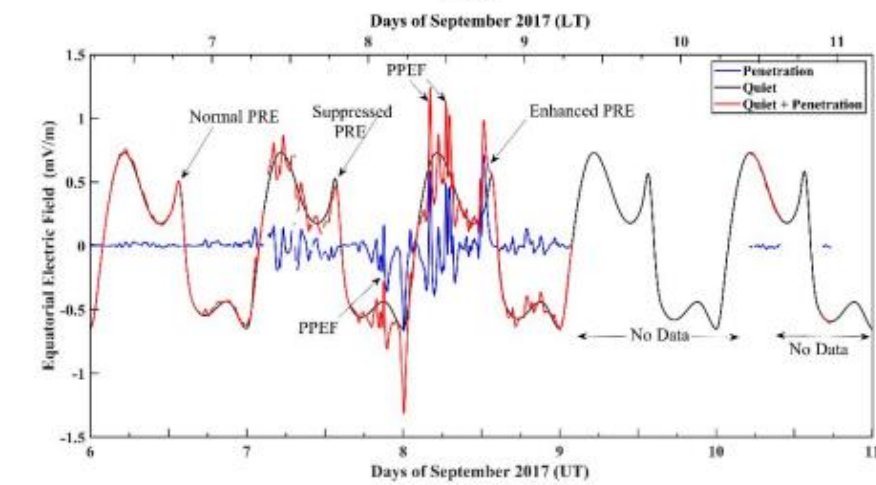
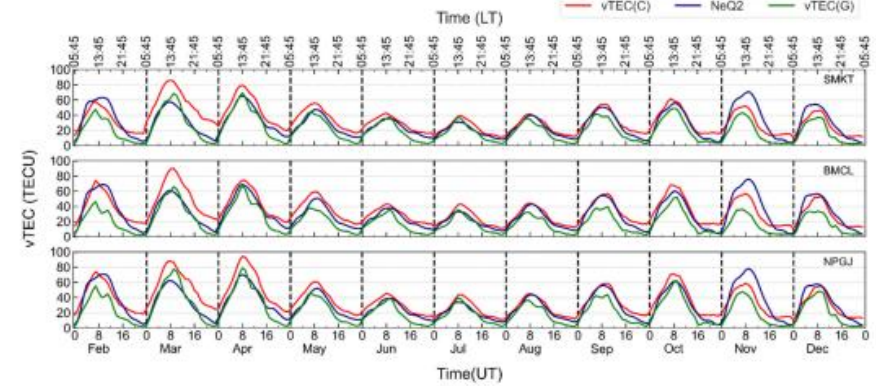


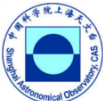
Advances in Space Research

Volume 70, Issue 2, 15 July 2022, Pages 411-426

Nighttime morphology of vertical plasma drifts over Vietnam during different seasons and phases of sunspot cycles

Hong Pham Thi Thu ^{a, b}, Christine Amory Mazaudier ^c , Minh Le Huy ^{a, b}, Susumu Saito ^d , Kornyanat Hozumi ^e , Dung Nguyen Thanh ^{a, b}, Ngoc Luong Thi ^a





Middle and low latitudes hemispheric asymmetries in $\Sigma O/N_2$ and TEC during intense magnetic storms of solar cycle 24

Waqar Younas^a, Majid Khan^a, C. Amory-Mazaudier^{b, c}, Paul O. Amaechi^d, R. Fleury^e



B2 Thickness Parameter Response to Equinoctial Geomagnetic Storms

by Yenca Migoya-Oru¹, Katy Alazo-Cuartas¹, Anton Kashcheyev², Christine Amory-Mazaudier^{1,3}, Sandro Radicella^{1,*}, Bruno Nava¹, Rolland Fleury⁴ and Rodolfo Ezquer⁵

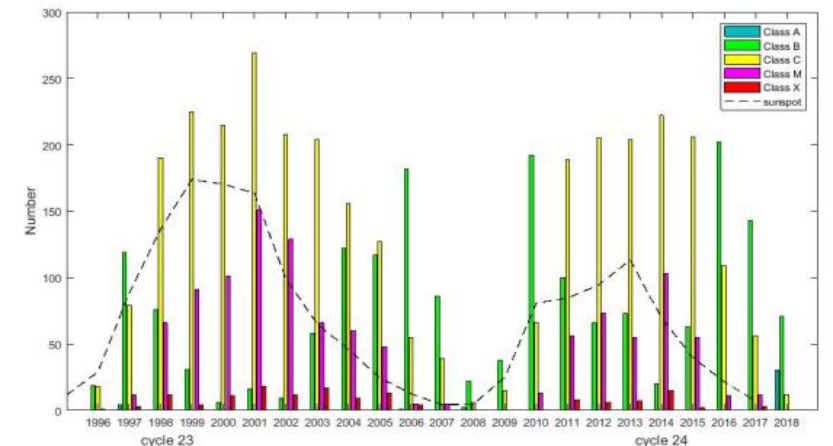
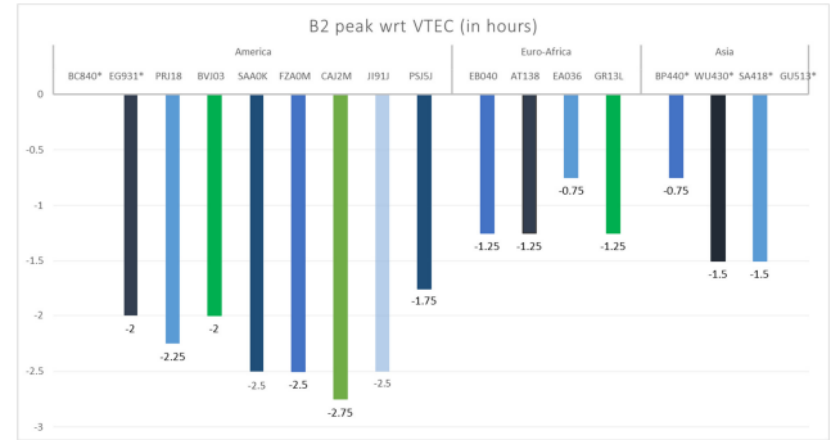
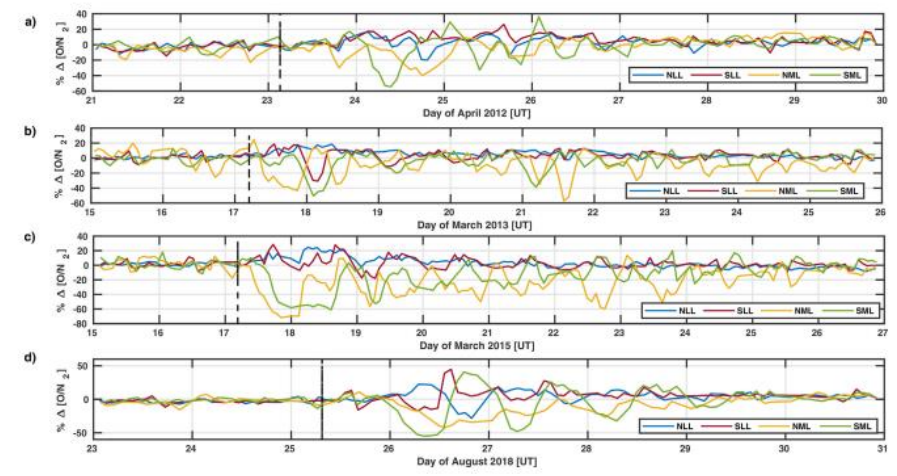
Sensors 2021, 21(21), 7369; <https://doi.org/10.3390/s21217369>



A Study of Solar Flare Effects on the Geomagnetic Field Components during Solar Cycles 23 and 24

by Oswald Didier Franck Grodji^{1,*}, Vafi Dombia^{1,*}, Paul Obiakara Amaechi^{2,3,*}, Christine Amory-Mazaudier^{4,5,6}, Kouassi N'guessan¹, Kassamba Abdel Aziz Diaby¹, Tuo Zie¹ and Kouadio Boka¹

Atmosphere 2022, 13(1), 69; <https://doi.org/10.3390/atmos13010069>



Effects of Ionospheric Plasma Irregularities at the Equatorial Zone on GPS Signal

Amath NDAO¹, Idrissa GAYE^{1*}, Rolland Fleury², Cheikh SARR¹, Christine Amory Mazaudier³

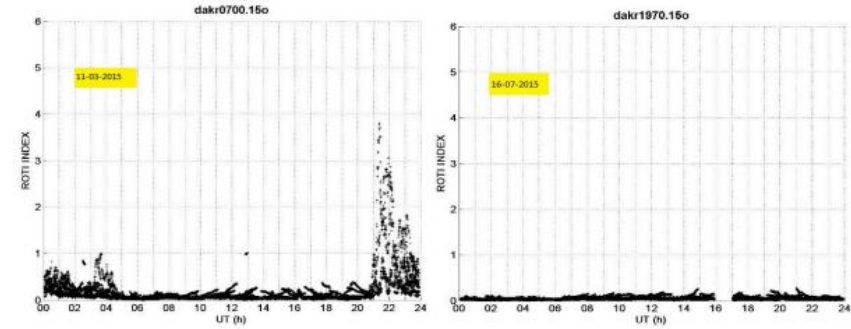
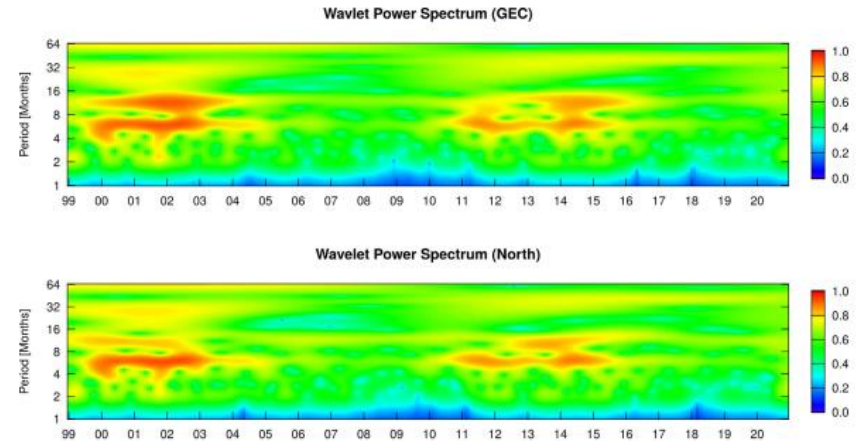


Figure 5a Figure 5b
Plots of ROTI index variation respectively for March 11th 2015 and July 16th 2015 of the Dakar station (DAKR)

Advances in Space Research

Climatology of global, hemispheric and regional electron content variations during the solar cycles 23 and 24

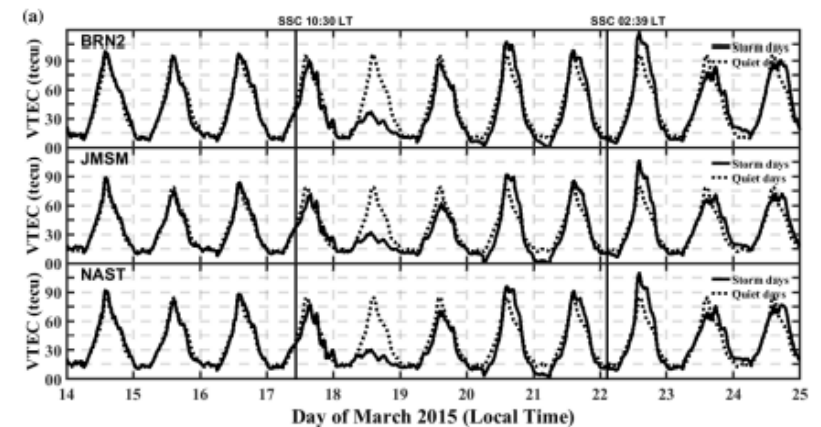
Waqar Younas^a, C. Amory-Mazaudier^{b,c}, Majid Khan^{a,*}, Paul O. Amaechi^d

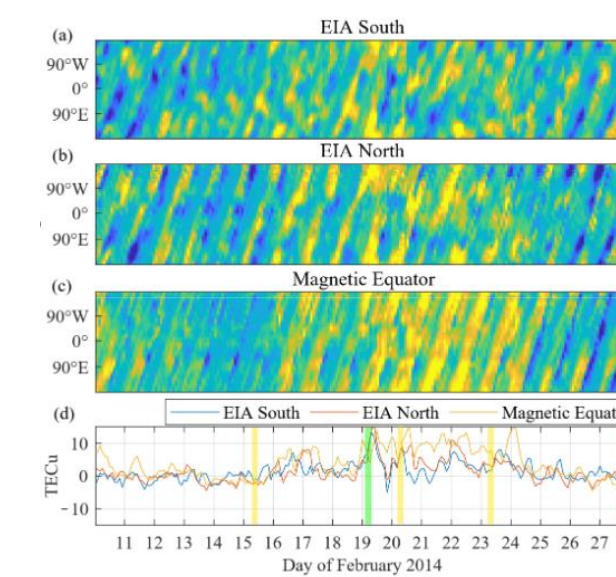
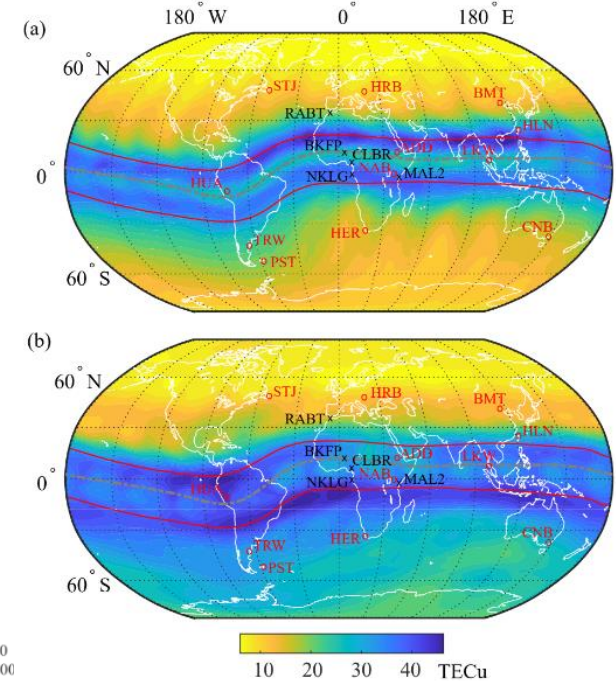


Indian J Phys

VTEC observations of intense geomagnetic storms above Nepal: comparison with satellite data, CODE and IGSG models

D Pandit^{1,6*}, C Amory-Mazaudier^{2,3}, R Fleury⁴, N P Chapagain⁵ and B Adhikari⁶

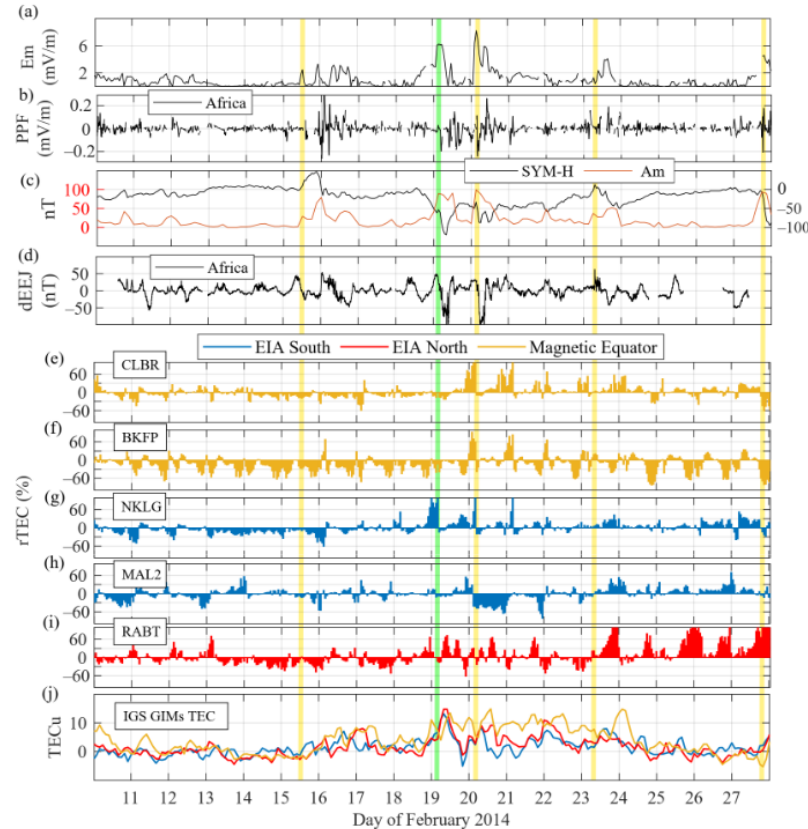
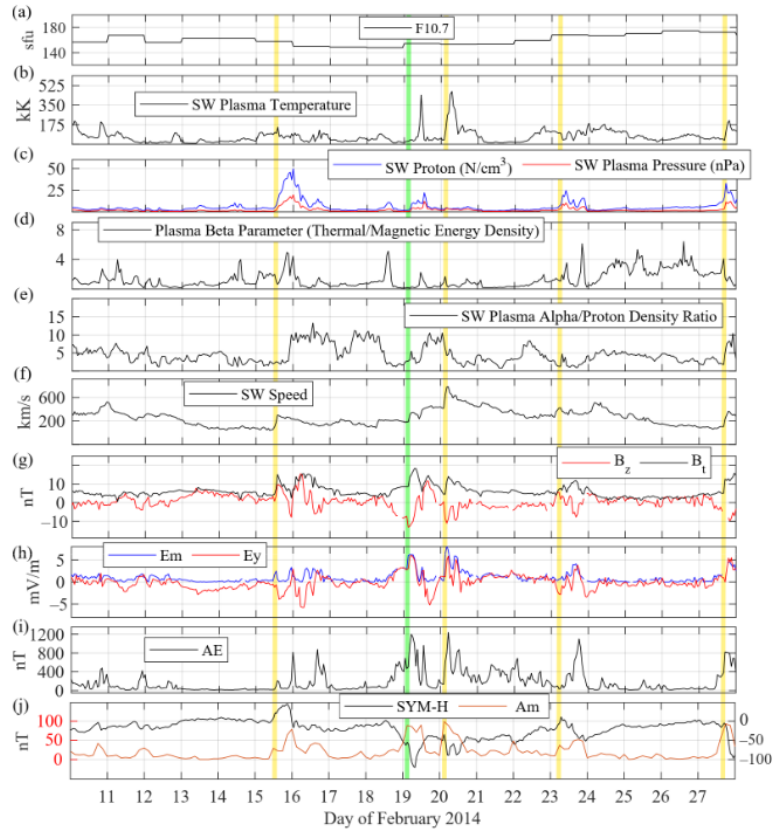




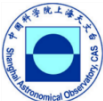
Article

Low-Latitude Ionospheric Responses and Coupling to the February 2014 Multiphase Geomagnetic Storm from GNSS, Magnetometers, and Space Weather Data

Andres Calabia ^{1,2}, Chukwuma Anoruo ³, Munawar Shah ⁴, Christine Amory-Mazaudier ⁵, Yury Yasyukevich ⁶, Charles Owolabi ^{7,8} and Shuanggen Jin ^{1,9,10,*}



Space Weather



RESEARCH ARTICLE
10.1029/2020SW002645

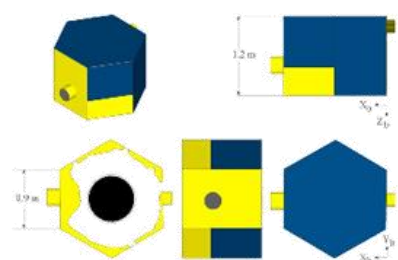
Upper-Atmosphere Mass Density Variations From CASSIOPE Precise Orbits

Andrés Calabia^{1,2} and Shuanggen Jin^{1,3}

¹School of Remote Sensing and Geomatics Engineering, Nanjing University of Information Science and Technology, Nanjing, China, ²School of Land Surveying, Geodesy and Mapping Engineering, Universidad Politécnica de Madrid, Madrid, Spain, ³Shanghai Astronomical Observatory, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Shanghai, China

Key Points:

- Thermospheric mass densities are estimated from CAScade SmallSat and IOnospheric Polar Explorer precise orbits
- The detailed thermospheric mass density responses are obtained during the February 2014 geomagnetic storm
- CASSIOPE-derived thermospheric mass density is better than the NRLMSISE-00 model to reflect responses to the storm



JGR Space Physics

RESEARCH ARTICLE
10.1029/2021JA029540

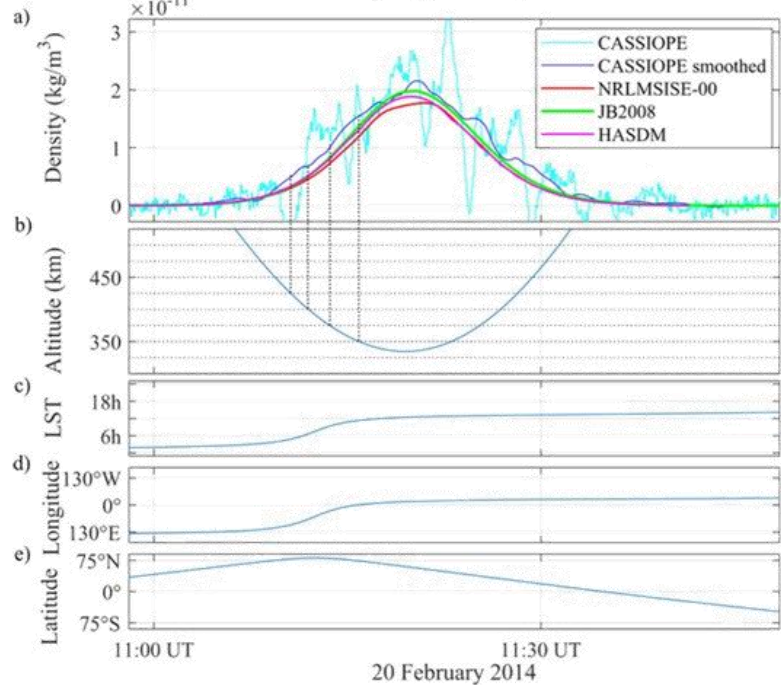
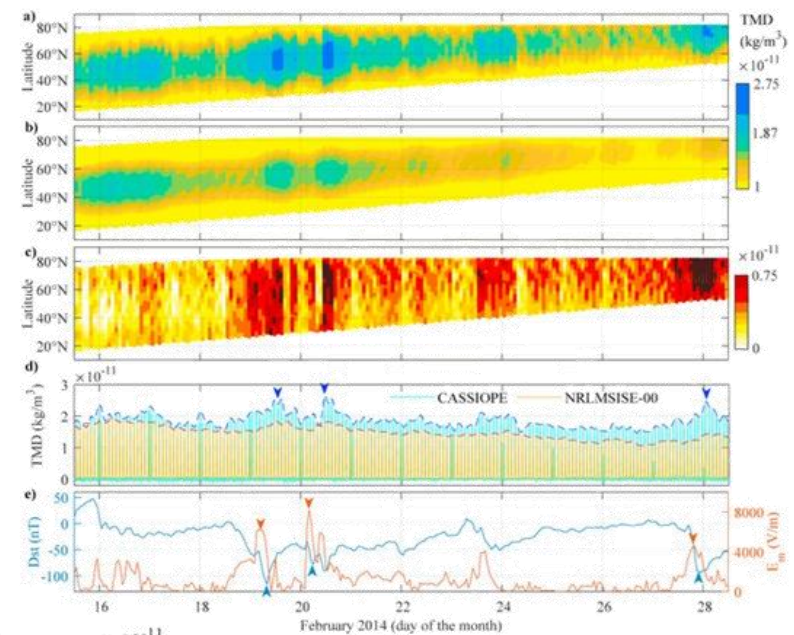
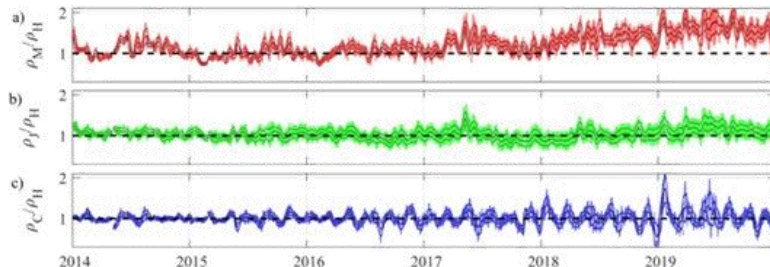
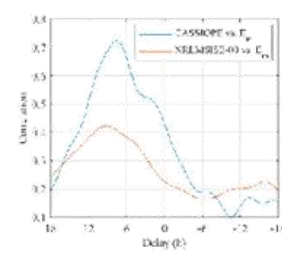
Thermospheric Mass Density Disturbances Due to Magnetospheric Forcing From 2014–2020 CASSIOPE Precise Orbits

Andrés Calabia¹ and Shuanggen Jin^{1,2}

¹School of Remote Sensing and Geomatics Engineering, Nanjing University of Information Science and Technology, Nanjing, China, ²Shanghai Astronomical Observatory, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Shanghai, China

Key Points:

- Thermospheric mass densities from 2014 to 2020 are estimated from CAScade SmallSat and IOnospheric Polar Explorer Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS) precise orbits
- The high-resolution thermospheric mass densities inferred from commercial-off-the-shelf GNSS receivers are validated
- The density disturbances due to magnetospheric forcing are investigated for correlations and time-delay responses to models and indices



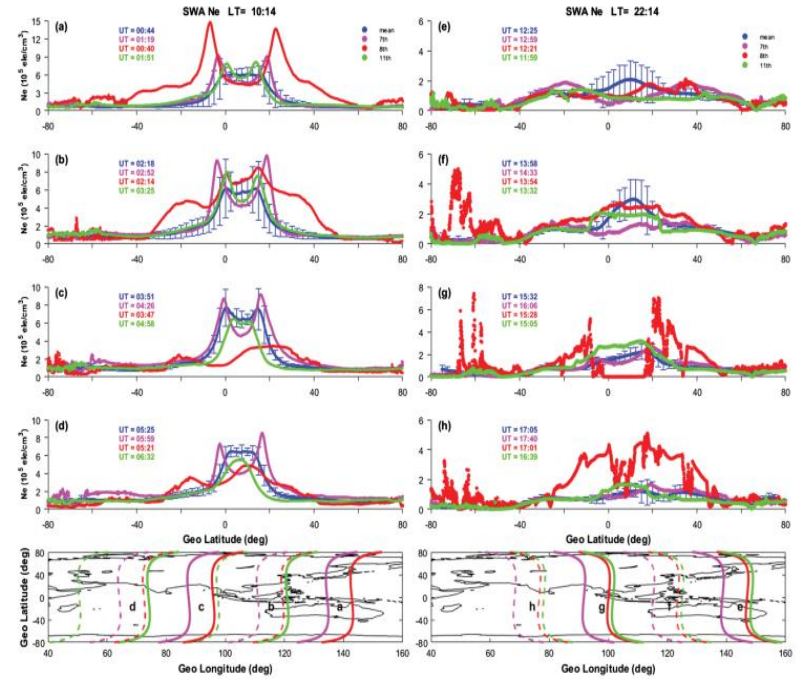
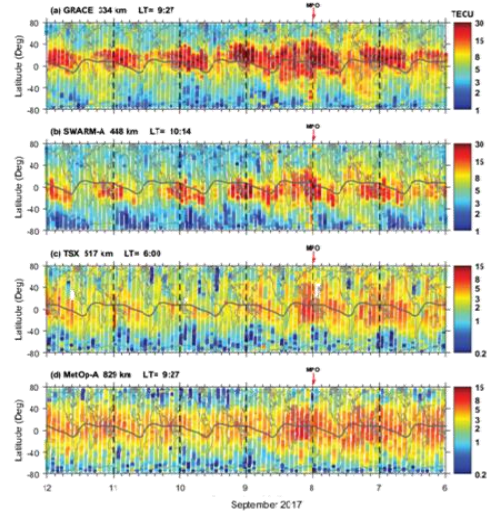
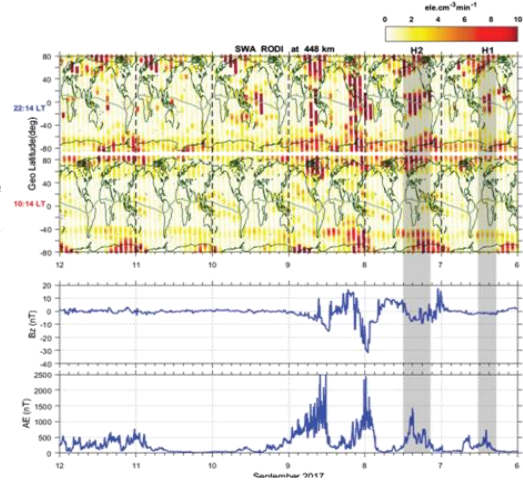
RESEARCH ARTICLE
10.1029/2019JA026590

Topside Ionospheric Conditions During the 7–8 September 2017 Geomagnetic Storm

Oluwaseyi Jimoh^{1,2} , Jiuhou Lei^{1,3} , Jiahao Zhong⁴ , Charles Owolabi¹ , Xiaoli Luan¹ , and Xiankang Dou¹ 

Key Points:

- Long-duration depletion of topside TEC recovery was observed during the morning and evening local times in this event
- Enhancements of ionospheric irregularities were presented at night with wide latitudinal range during the two main phases of the storm
- Ionospheric electric field disturbances due to B_z fluctuations probably triggered topside ionospheric irregularities before the main phases



















NCAR



RESEARCH ARTICLE
10.1029/2020JA029073

Field-Aligned Electron Density Distribution of the Inner Magnetosphere Inferred From Coordinated Observations of Arase and Van Allen Probes

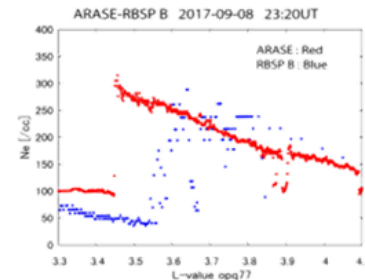
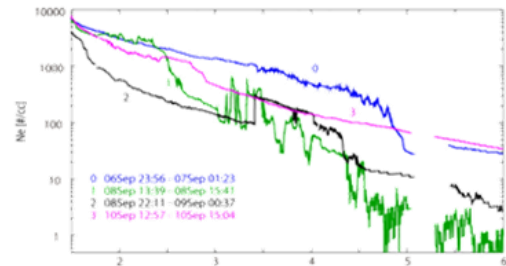
Yuki Obana¹ , Yukinaga Miyashita^{2,3} , Naomi Maruyama^{4,5} , Atsuki Shinbori⁶ , Masahito Nosé⁶ , Masafumi Shoji⁶ , Atsushi Kumamoto⁷ , Fuminori Tsuchiya⁸ , Shoya Matsuda⁹ , Ayako Matsuoka¹⁰ , Yoshiya Kasahara¹¹ , Yoshizumi Miyoshi⁶ , Iku Shinohara⁹ , William S. Kurth¹² , Charles W. Smith¹³ , and Robert J. MacDowall¹⁴ 

Special Section:

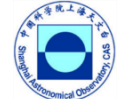
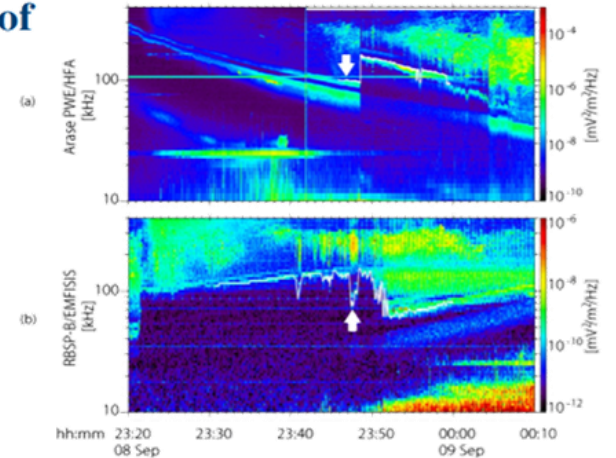
Geospace multi-point observations in Van Allen Probes and Arase era

Key Points:

- Using in situ measurements of the electron density from Arase and Radiation Belt Storm Probes, we estimated the density distribution along the magnetic field lines
- The power-law index of the electron density distribution was 4~7, ~0, and -2~-1 for the trough, plume, and partially refilled plasmasphere
- This is the first estimation of the power-law index using the data from different spacecraft projects



ARASE - RBSP B 2017-09-08 23:20

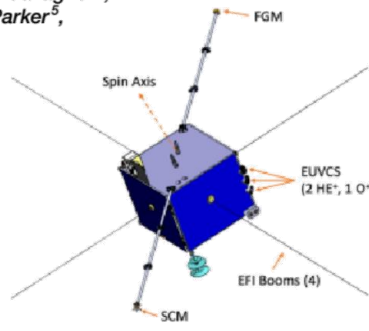
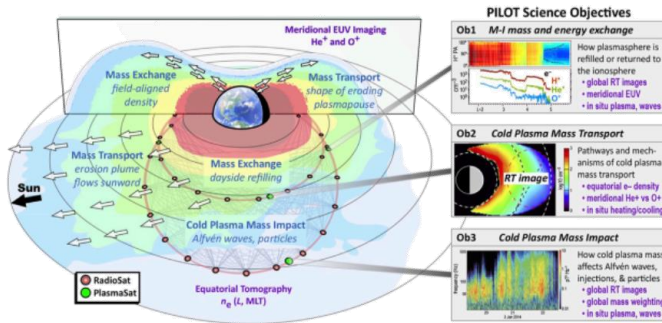


DLR



Plasma Imaging, Local Measurement, and Tomographic Experiment (PILOT): A Mission Concept for Transformational Multi-Scale Observations of Mass and Energy Flow Dynamics in Earth's Magnetosphere

David Malaspina^{1,2*}, Robert Ergun^{1,2}, Jerry Goldstein³, Constance Spittler², Laila Andersson², Joseph Borovsky⁴, Xiangning Chu², Lauren De Moudt⁵, Dennis Gallagher⁶, Vania Jordanova⁷, Solène Lejosne⁸, Jason Link², Naomi Maruyama^{2,3}, Jeffery Parker⁵, Scott Thaller², Bryce Unruh² and Brian Walsh⁹

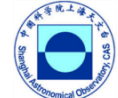
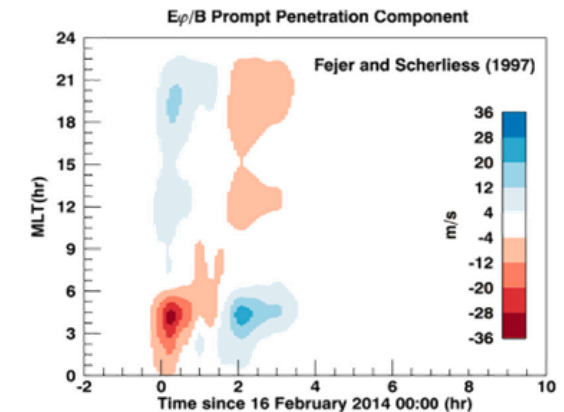
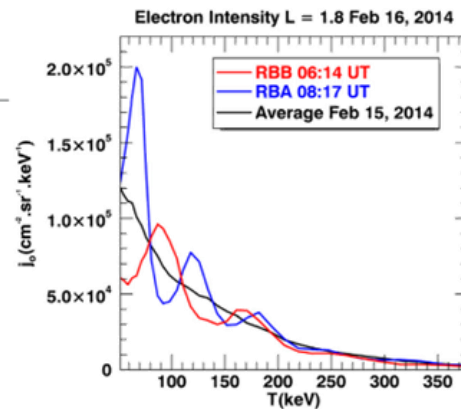
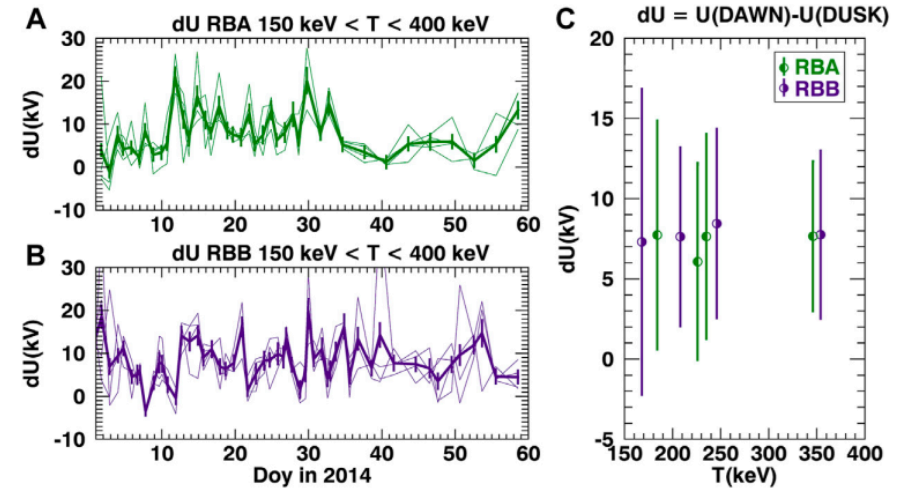


Radial Transport of Energetic Electrons as Determined From the “Zebra Stripes” Measured in the Earth’s Inner Belt and Slot Region

Solène Lejosne^{1*}, Bela G. Fejer², Naomi Maruyama³ and Ludger Scherliess²

Thermospheric Neutral Winds as the Cause of Drift Shell Distortion in Earth’s Inner Radiation Belt

Solène Lejosne^{1*}, Mariangel Fedrizzi^{2,3}, Naomi Maruyama^{2,3} and Richard S. Selesnick⁴



IN COOPERATION WITH THE LOW LATITUDE IONOSPHERIC RESEARCH WORKING GROUP OF THE ASIA OCEANIA SOCIETY OF GEOSCIENCES (AOGS - REGIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE)

The **Low Latitude Ionospheric Research Working Group (LLWG)** connects different research groups in Asia to exchange information and collaborate on certain observing campaigns. This group aims to expand collaboration to low-latitude regions around the world with this working group as the main component.

The objectives of the LLWG:

- Information exchange.
- Identification of emerging scientific and technical issues for joint study.
- Publication of reports or publications on behalf of AOGS for NGOs or government agencies.

Members:

1. Zamri Zainal Abidin (U. Malaya).
2. Binod Adhikari (St. Xavier's College).
3. Andres Calabia Aibar (UPM, NUIST).
4. Nadia Imtiaz (PINSTECH).
5. Siti Syukriah Khamdan (UTM Johor).
6. Jiuhou Lei (USTC)
7. Yajun Zhu (NSSC, CAS).



<https://aogsrac.org/working-group>



PROJECTS, CONTRACTS, AND AWARDS

Andres Calabia, July 2022, *Characterization of Plasma Depletions and Effects on Geodetic Applications* (PI), 1,000€, PITHIA-NRF EU Horizon 2020 Research and Innovation Programme Grant Agreement Trans-National Access, at Ebro Observatory, Spain.

Andres Calabia, 2022-2025, Assistant professor at School of Land Surveying, Geodesy and Mapping Engineering, Technical University of Madrid, 28031 Madrid, Spain.

Andres Calabia, Nov. 2021, *Variability, impacts, and applications of cosmic ray and radiation belt particles*, 2,350€, Giner de los Ríos Grant, University of Alcalá, Madrid, Spain.

Liangliang Yuan, 2021-Now, Co-I, EGNOS Next SBAS-PPP, ESA.

Liangliang Yuan, 2021-Now, Co-I, *MEDUSE Data assimilation project*, DLR.

Munawar Shah, 2021-2022, Post Doc, KMITL, Prince of Chumphon Campus, Thailand.

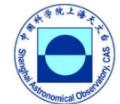
Munawar Shah, 2022-Now, Co-PI, Space Education and GNSS lab, National Center for GIS and Space Application, Institute of Space Science, Pakistan

Munawar Shah, 2022-Now, Consultant, Agriculture field assessment in Northern Pakistan using GPS and GIS, partners Helvetas Swiss International.

Naomi Maruyama, 2022, *GDC AETHER instrument proposal selected for the NASA GDC mission*. It measures the electron density and temperature of the ionosphere (~400km) for the GDC mission. <https://lasp.colorado.edu/home/2022/04/27/lasp-instrument-selected-for-the-next-nasa-living-with-a-star-mission/>

Christine Amory-Mazaudier, Vikram Sarabhai Isro-Cospar Joint Medal, Indian Space Research Organisation (ISRO), Committee on Space Research (COSPAR), Ceremony Of Awards COSPAR 44th Athens July 18, 2022,

etc.



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INVITATIONS



AOGS - Regional Advisory Committee Seminar Series

09/12/2022

AOGS-RAC Low Latitude Ionospheric Research Working Group Online Seminar Series No. 1

16:00 (GMT+8)

@Google Meet (Online)

[\(Registration here\)](#)

Dr. Chi-Yen Lin (Dept. of Space Science and Engineering, National Central University)

Title: The impact of radio occultation observation on space weather monitoring research

Moderator: Andres Calabia

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Upcoming Frontiers Research Topic

Advances on upper-atmosphere characterization for geodetic space weather research and applications'

Guest Editors:

Andrés Calabia aibar, Nanjing University of Science and Technology,
Gang Lu, National Center for Atmospheric Research (UCAR)
Olawale S. Bolaji, University of Tasmania.

Hosted in Frontiers in Astronomy and Space Sciences : **Space Physics**

Lead by Specialty Chief Editors:

Joseph E Borovsky Space Science Institute, United States
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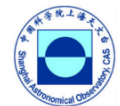
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https://www.researchgate.net/project/IAG-FA-GSWR-JSG1-Coupling-processes-between-magnetosphere-thermosphere-and-ionosphere-MTI



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Project

IAG-FA-GSWR-JSG1: Coupling processes between magnetosphere, thermosphere, and ionosphere (MTI)

Astrid Maute · Yury Yasyukevich · Gang Lu · [Show all 17 collaborators](#)

Goal: This Join Study Group (JSG) aims to improve the understanding of coupled processes in the MTI system, through interrelations, dependencies and coupling patterns of variability, and considerations of the solar contribution and lower atmosphere forcing.

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2nd International Symposium of IAG Commission 4 (C4) "Positioning and Applications"

Dear colleagues,

I would like to draw your attention to the 2nd International Symposium of IAG Commission 4 (C4) "Positioning and Applications" which will be held in Beijing, China, from October 15 to 19, 2023.





SPECIAL THANKS TO
IAG Commission 4 Symposium
FOR THIS OPPORTUNITY

Thank you !

THANKS TO ALL IAG FA-GSWR JSG1 MEMBERS FOR
YOUR CONTRIBUTIONS

