Galaxy

Translating workflows into Nextflow with Janis

Galaxy Platform

Online platform for data-analysis

- GUI rather than CLI
- Easy data handling
- Compute provided
- Easy to get started

Functionality is impressive

- Each server has collection of Tools
- History documents your analysis
- Can create a workflow for your analysis

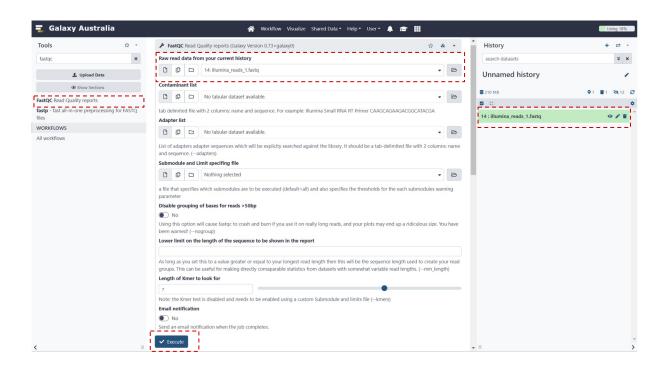
Chose to support Galaxy ingest in janis-translate because..

- Many Galaxy tools & workflows publicly available
- Natural progression for users: Galaxy → CLI
- Workflow editor makes prototyping fast



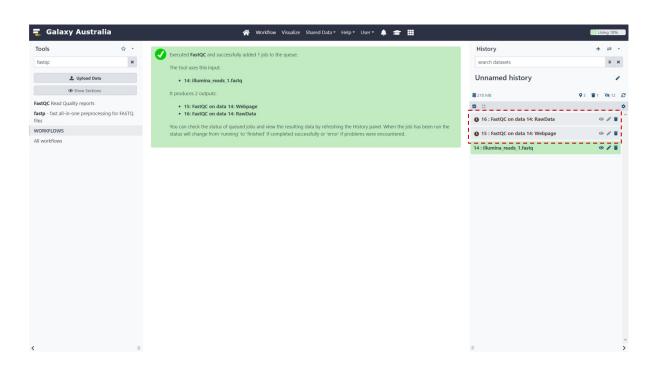
Features

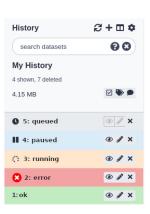
Each server has collection of Tools. Select a tool, supply inputs, execute.



Features

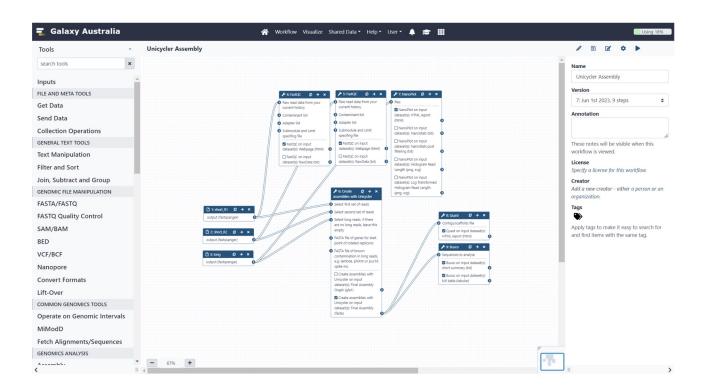
History documents your analysis - queued, running, paused, complete





Features

Create a workflow for your analysis. From analysis history, or from scratch.



Users

Biologists, Career bioinformaticians (due to great accessibility)

A number of prominent research ventures use the Galaxy platform to analyse their data:

- The Encyclopedia of DNA Elements (ENCODE)
- The Vertebrate Genomes Project (VGP)
- Assistance Publique–Hôpitaux de Paris (AP-HP)

Accessing Tools

Tools can be accessed 2 ways:

- Via a Galaxy server (https://usegalaxy.org.au/)

- Via the Galaxy Toolshed

(https://toolshed.g2.bx.psu.edu/)

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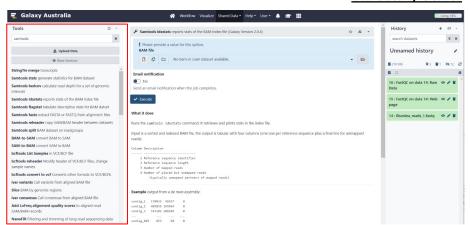
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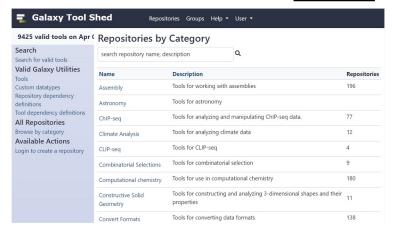
Via the Galaxy Toolshed

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Via Galaxy Server



Via Toolshed



Galaxy Tool Wrappers are written in XML.

They have 2 roles:

- Expose a user interface (UI)
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```
<command detect errors="exit code"><![CDATA[</pre>
   #set \frac{sample name = re.sub('[^\w\- \.]', ' ', $file input.}}
   element identifier)
   In -sf '${file input}' ${sample name} &
   abricate ${sample name}
   $adv.no header
   #if $adv.min dna id
        --minid=$adv.min dna id
   #end if
   #if $adv.min cov
       --mincov=$adv.min cov
   #end if
   2>81
    -- db=$adv,db
   > '$report'
                                  abricate.xml command
11></command>
```

```
<inputs>
    <param name="file input" type="data" format="fasta,genbank,embl"</pre>
   label="Input file (Fasta, Genbank or EMBL file)" help="To screen for
   antibiotic resistant genes, can be a fasta file, a genbank file or an
   EMBL file." />
   <section name="adv" title="Advanced options" expanded="False">
        <param argument="--db" type="select" label="Database to use --</pre>
       default is 'resfinder'" help="Option to switch to other AMR/other
       database">
            <option value="argannot">ARG-ANNOT</option>
            <option value="card">CARD</option>
            <option value="ecoh">EcOH</option>
            <option value="ncbi">NCBI Bacterial Antimicrobial Resistance
            Reference Gene Database</orbiton>
            <option value="resfinder" selected="true">Resfinder</option>
            <option value="plasmidfinder">PlasmidFinder</option>
            <option value="vfdb">VFDB</option>
            <option value="megares">megares
            <option value="ecoli vf">Ecoli VF</option>
        <param name="no header" argument="--noheader" type="boolean"</pre>
       truevalue="--noheader" falsevalue="" label="Suppress header"
       help="Suppress output file's column headings" />
       <param name="min dna id" argument="--minid" type="float"</pre>
       value="80" min="0" max="100" optional="true" label="Minimum DNA
       %identity" />
       <param name="min cov" argument="--mincov" type="float" value="80"</pre>
       min="0" max="100" optional="true" label="Minimum DNA %coverage" />
    </section>
</inputs>
<outputs>
   <data name="report" format="tabular" label="${tool.name} on $</pre>
    {on string} report file" />
                                                  abricate.xml I/O
</outputs>
```

Can get super complicated!

Translation becomes very challenging.

- Runtime values can affect the structure of the shell command
- Won't know what the command will look like till it actually runs
- Sometimes impossible to parse correctly.

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```
<command detect errors="exit code"><![CDATA]</pre>
    ## Link in the input and output files, so Cutadapt can tell their type
                                                                                                                                  1/3rd of cutadapt.xml command
    #set read1 = "input_f"
    #set read2 = "input r"
    #set paired = False
  8 #set library_type = str($library.type)
 9 #if $library_type = 'paired':
 10 #set paired - True
    #set read1 = re.sub('[^\w\-\s]', '_', str($library.input_1.element_identifier))
#set read2 = re.sub('[^\w\-\s]', '_', str($library.input_2.element_identifier))
    #set input_1 = $library.input_1
14 #set input_2 = $library.input_2
15 #else if $library_type - 'paired_collection'
16 #set paired = True
    #set input_1 = $library.input_1.forward
    #set input_2 = $library.input_1.reverse
    #set read1 = re.sub('[^\w\-\s]', '_', str($\library.input_1.name)) + "_1"
#set read2 = re.sub('[^\w\-\s]', '_', str($\library.input_1.name)) + "_2"
    #set input_1 = $library.input_1
    #set read1 = re.sub('[^\w\-\s]', '_', str($library.input_1.element_identifier))
26 #if $input_1.is_of_type("fastq.gz", "fastqsanger.gz"):
27 #set read1 = $read1 + ".fq.gz"
       #set out1 = "out1.gz"
29 #else if $input_1.is_of_type("fastq.bz2", "fastqsanger.bz2"):
    #set read1 - $read1 + ".fq.bz2"
#set out1 - "out1.bz2"
32 #else if $input_1.is_of_type('fasta'):
33 #set read1 = $read1 + ".fa"
        #set out1 = "out1.fa"
ln -f -s '${input_1}' '$read1' &
       #if $input_2.is_of_type("fastq.gz", "fastqsanger.gz"):
            #set read2 = $read2 + ".fq.gz"
            #set out2 = "out2.gz"
        #else if $input_2.is_of_type("fastq.bz2", "fastqsanger.bz2"):
#set read2 = $read2 + ".fo.bz2"
            #set out2 = "out2.bz2"
         #else if $input_2.is_of_type('fasta'):
          #set read2 = $read2 + ".fa"
            #set out2 = "out2.fa"
           #set read2 = $read2 + ".fg"
            #set out2 = "out2.fg"
       ln -f -s '${input_2}' '$read2' &
58 ## Run Cutadant
62 ## cutadapt (up to version 1.16) can't be run in multicore mode with these options
    #if not any(((soutput_options.info_file, $output_options.rest_file, $output_options.too_short_file, $output_options.too_long_file, $output_options.untrimmed_file))
65 #end if
67 #if str( $library.type ) = "single":
68 | Aread1 optionsA
        -- output='$out1'
        aread1 optionsa
        @read2_options@
```

Handling Galaxy Tool Wrapper Requirements

Galaxy uses conda to handle tool requirements.

For best-practises pipelines, we need a single container image.

New feature added:

- -- build-galaxy-tool-images
- Builds a new container image on the fly (during translation)
- Contains all software listed in tool <requirements>
- Image will appear as the container requirement in translations

```
<tool id="limma voom" name="limma" version="@TOOL VERSION@+galaxy0">
   <description>
       Perform differential expression with limma-voom or limma-trend
   </description>
    <macros>
       <token name="aTOOL VERSIONa">3.50.1
   </macros>
   <requirements>
       <requirement type="package" version="@TOOL VERSION@">bioconductor-limma</requirement>
       <requirement type="package" version="3.36.0">bioconductor-edger</requirement>
       <requirement type="package" version="1.4.36">r-statmod</requirement>
       <requirement type="package" version="1.1.1">r-scales</requirement>
       <requirement type="package" version="0.2.21">r-rjson</requirement>
       <requirement type="package" version="1.20.3">r-getopt</requirement>
       <requirement type="package" version="3.1.1">r-gplots</requirement>
       <requirement type="package" version="2.4.0">bioconductor-glimma</requirement>
    </requirements>
```

Handling Galaxy Tool Wrapper Requirements

Some notes about this feature:

- Requires docker
- Can be slow (2-30 mins)

In the interest of time, we will not use this feature today.

- Images for relevant tools (limmavoom, hisat2, featurecounts)
 available on a quay.io repo
- We will replace the container requirement for affected tools

When this feature is turned off...

 janis-translate picks a suitable container based on the main software requirement.

```
quay.io/grace hall1/hisat2:2.2.1
process HISAT2 {
    container "quav.io/biocontainers/hisat2:2.2.1--h87f3376 5"
    publishDir "${params.outdir}/hisat2"
    input:
    path library input 1
    path index_path
    output:
    path "${library input 1.simpleName}.alignment summary.txt", emit: out summary file
    path "${library input 1.simpleName}.bam", emit: output alignments
    script:
    hisat2 \
    -U ${library input 1} \
   -x ${index path[0].simpleName} \
    --summary-file ${library input 1.simpleName}.alignment summary.txt \
    -S out.sam
```

Accessing Workflows

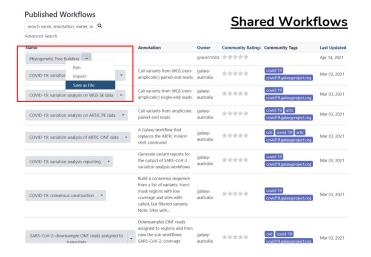
Workflows can be accessed 3 ways

- Via Shared Workflows
- Via User Workflows
- Via Link

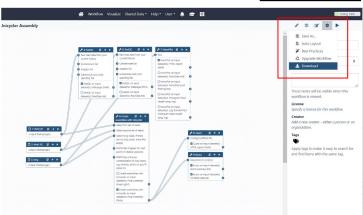
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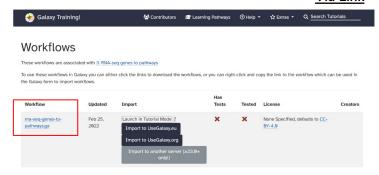
- Via Shared Workflows
- Via User Workflows
- Via Link



User Workflows



Via Link



Importing into Galaxy

Below are the instructions for importing these workflows directly into your Galaxy server of choice to start using them!

Accessing Workflows - Workflow Format

Galaxy Workflows can be downloaded as .ga files.

These are json files which describe the metadata a workflow needs to run on a Galaxy server.

- Workflow metadata
- Step metadata
- Step input parameters
- Step tool info (tool name, revision etc)

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- Step metadata
- Step input parameters
- Step tool info (tool name, revision etc)

```
"input connections": {
    "inputFile": {
        "id": 5,
         "output name": "output alignments"
"name": "MarkDuplicates".
"outputs": [
        "name": "metrics file".
        "type": "txt"
        "name": "outFile",
        "type": "bam"
"tool_id": "toolshed.g2.bx.psu.edu/repos/devteam/picard/picard_MarkDuplicates/2.18.2.1",
"tool shed repository": {
    "changeset revision": "f6ced08779c4".
    "name": "picard".
    "owner": "devteam".
    "tool_shed": "toolshed.g2.bx.psu.edu"
"tool state": "{\"assume sorted\": \"true\", \"barcode tag\": \"\", \"comments\": [],
\"duplicate scoring strategy\": \"SUM OF BASE QUALITIES\", \"inputFile\":
{\"_class_\": \"ConnectedValue\"}, \"optical duplicate pixel distance\": \"100\",
\"read name regex\": \"\", \"remove duplicates\": \"false\", \"validation stringency\":
\"LENIENT\", \"_page_\": null, \"_rerun_remap_job_id_\": null}",
"tool version": "2.18.2.1".
"type": "tool".
"uuid": "d68e12ea-a68a-49b0-a4cd-736e4dbd2178"
```

For Today

Will translate 2 Galaxy Tool Wrappers to Nextflow

- https://usegalaxy.org.au/root?tool_id=toolshed.g2.bx.psu.edu/repos/devteam/samtools_flagstat/samtools_flagstat/2.0.
 4
- https://usegalaxy.org.au/root?tool_id=toolshed.g2.bx.psu.edu/repos/iuc/limma_voom/limma_voom/3.50.1+galaxy0

Will translate 1 Galaxy Workflow to Nextflow

- https://training.galaxyproject.org/training-material/topics/transcriptomics/tutorials/rna-seq-reads-to-counts/workflows/rna-seq-reads-to-counts.ga

Let's Begin