

Why Openness and Reproducibility in Machine Learning Matter

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The Helmholtz Open Science Office

- **Our Mission:** Enabling Open Science practices in Helmholtz!
- The Helmholtz Open Science Office
 - is a service provider for the Association for the cultural change “from closed to open”.
 - promotes dialogue and provides impulses within the Association.
 - offers training and support concerning all aspects of open science.
 - represents Helmholtz positions on open science on a national and international level.

Team

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Open Science

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Open Science

- “Open Science, the unrestricted access to scientific publications and cultural heritage, is an ongoing and future trend in the scientific landscape worldwide.”
[Helmholtz Open Science Office](#)
- “Open Science (...) make[s] multilingual scientific knowledge openly available, accessible and reusable for everyone, increase[s] scientific collaborations and sharing of information (...), and open[s] the processes of scientific knowledge creation (...) to societal actors beyond the traditional scientific community.”
[UNESCO Recommendation on Open Science](#)
- Key aspects of Open Science
 - Open Access
 - Open Research Data
 - Open Research Software

Advantages

- There are manifold advantages resulting from open science, and some of the main benefits include:
- Important: Openness as “intelligent openness”, i.e., “as open as possible and as closed as necessary”.



Open Science in the Helmholtz Association

Core topics

- Open Access Quota
- Open Data Policies and Forum
- Open Software Policy and Forums
- Open Science Policy

General Resources

- [Helmholtz Open Science Policy](#)

Resources on Open Research Data

- [Position paper](#) “Making information resources more usable”
- [Research Data Policies](#) of the Helmholtz Centers

Resources on Open Research Software

- [Position paper](#) “Access to and Reuse of Research Software”
- [Model policy](#) “Model Policy on Sustainable Software at the Helmholtz Centers ”
- [Checklist](#) “Checklist to Support the Helmholtz Centers in Implementing Policies on Sustainable Research Software”

Definitions of Reproducibility

Reproducibility is the ability to recalculate a figure from data, parameters and programs
(Schwab M, et al., 2000)

Reproducibility is the ability of independent investigators to draw the same conclusions from an experiment by following the documentation shared by the original investigators.
(Gundersen, O.E., 2021)

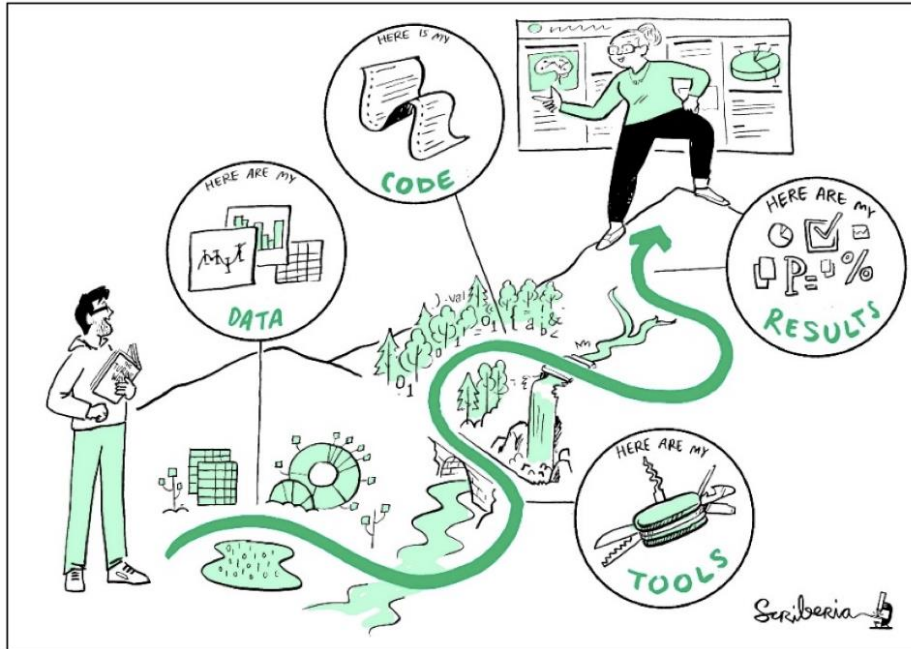
Repeatability (same team, same experimental setup)

Replicability (different team, same experimental setup)

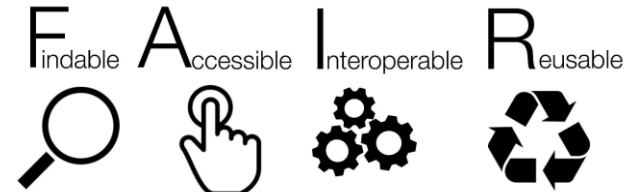
Reproducibility (different team, different experimental setup)

(ACM, 2016, <https://www.acm.org/publications/policies/artifact-review-badging>)

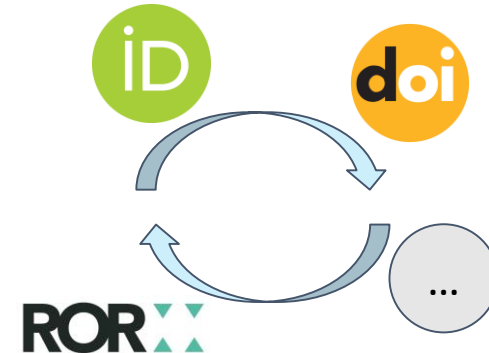
Hand in Hand: Open Science and Reproducibility



The Turing Way Community, & Scriberia. (2020). Illustrations from the Turing Way book dashes.
Zenodo. <https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.3695300>



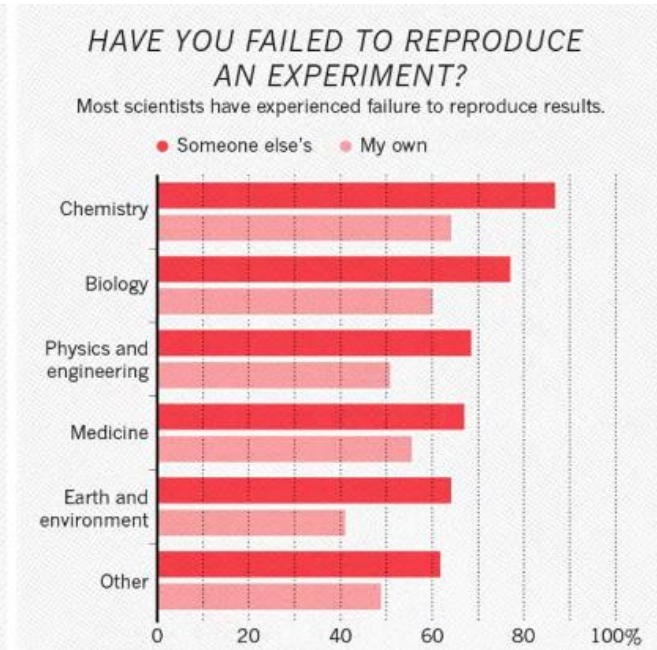
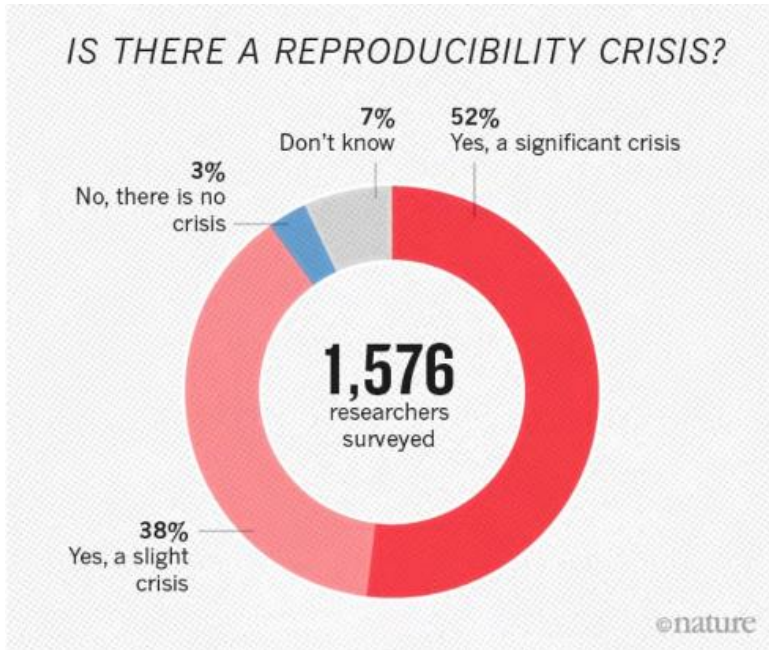
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More information: www.go-fair.org/fair-principles/



More information: <https://pidforum.org/>

Why does this matter?

Reproducibility in Machine Learning



Baker, M. 1,500 scientists lift the lid on reproducibility. *Nature* 533, 452–454 (2016). <https://doi.org/10.1038/533452a>

Challenges

There are many factors impacting the reproducibility of Machine Learning research:

- Lack of records
- Changes in data
- Hyperparameter inconsistency
- Randomness
- Experimentation
- Framework changes
- Computational discrepancy
- Nondeterminism

What can be done to handle these factors?

Reproducibility in Machine Learning

Table 1 | Proposed reproducibility standards

| | Bronze | Silver | Gold |
|--|--------|--------|------|
| Data published and downloadable | x | x | x |
| Models published and downloadable | x | x | x |
| Source code published and downloadable | x | x | x |
| Dependencies set up in a single command | | x | x |
| Key analysis details recorded | | x | x |
| Analysis components set to deterministic | | x | x |
| Entire analysis reproducible with a single command | | | x |

Heil, B.J., Hoffman, M.M., Markowitz, F. *et al.* Reproducibility standards for machine learning in the life sciences. *Nat Methods* **18**, 1132–1135 (2021).
<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41592-021-01256-7>

Helpful resources

Sustainable Research Software in Helmholtz

Open Science Office

- [Task Group Research Software](#)
- Open Science [Fora](#) on Research Software
- [Workshops and Seminars](#) on Reproducibility
- [Task Group Helmholtz Quality Indicators for Data and Software Products](#)

More Initiatives in Helmholtz

- [Helmholtz Research Software Directory](#), [The HERMES Project](#), [HIDA Course Catalog](#)

Publications

- Ferguson, L. M., Schrader, A. C., Seibold, H., Weisweiler, N. L. (2021): Open Science Factsheet No. 2: [] Practical Steps Towards Open and Reproducible Research, Potsdam: Helmholtz Open Science Office. <https://doi.org/10.48440/os.helmholtz.025>
- Messerschmidt, R., Schrader, A. C. (2021): Offene Forschungssoftware als integraler Bestandteil von Open Science und guter wissenschaftlicher Praxis, CampusSource Tagung 2021 am 26. Mai 2021. [Online](#).

Helpful resources

Reproducibility in practice

ReproHack Hub



Host a hackathon doing live peer reviews trying to reproduce your publication

Turing Way Project



The place-to-go for all things reproducibility

German Reproducibility Network



Join a network which promotes reproducible and robust research on a national level

The Carpentries

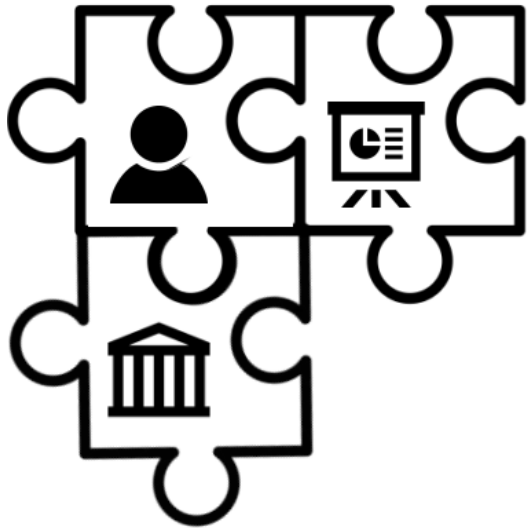


Managing Open and Reproducible Computational Projects training material

Synergies and Collaboration

Open Science and Reproducibility

- Open Science and Reproducibility go hand in hand.



- Reproducibility is essential for sustainable data science and ML research
- Open Science – Cultural change in the scientific way of working, organization, and communication
- Achieve reproducibility – make all scientific outputs (data, code, environment) open, comprehensible, reusable, and easily accessible
- Adjustments of incentives and rewards system needed – Change process

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- [Open Science Newsletter](#)

Thank you for your attention!

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 [@lenes_messer](https://twitter.com/lenes_messer)



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