

ANOMALOUS WIND EVENTS OVER THE BELGIAN NORTH SEA AT HEIGHTS RELEVANT TO WIND ENERGY.

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MEASUREMENT LOCATIONS





- Measurements at 10, 20, 38, 55, 80, 100, 125, 150, 200, 250 & 300 meters above Lidar
- (data availability > 99%)
- After filtering: 79% of data remains





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Precipitation characterization on OSY MOG





Vertical wind profiler (ZX300M) at Port of Zeebrugge



10min averaged dataset from 04/08/2021 9h00 until 18/07/2022 4h20 → 50075 datapoints

MEASUREMENT LOCATIONS















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https://meetnetvlaamsebanken.be/map

WESTHINDER WIND RESOURCE AT HUB HEIGHT







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Hallgren, Christoffer & Arnqvist, Johan & Ivanell, S. & Körnich, Heiner & Vakkari, Ville & Sahlée, Erik. (2020). Looking for an Offshore Low-Level Jet Champion Among Recent Reanalyses: A Tight Race Over the Baltic Sea Energies. 13. 3670. 10.3390/en13143670.



Nagarada Gade, Srinidhi & Stevens, Richard. (2021). Effect of low-level jet height on wind farm performance. Journal of Renewable and Sustainable Energy. 13. 10.1063/5.0026232.



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[1] Aird, Jeanie & Barthelmie, R. & Shepherd, Tristan & Pryor, Sara. (2022). Occurrence of Low-Level Jets over the Eastern U.S. Coastal Zone at Heights Relevant to Wind Energy. Energies. 15. 445. 10.3390/en15020445.

Characterization based on:

- <u>Absolute</u> fall-off \rightarrow detection of <u>higher speed</u> LLJ
- <u>Relative</u> fall-off \rightarrow detection of <u>lower speed</u> LLJ









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Characterization based on absolute and relative fall-off (>20% and 2m/s)



May 25, 2023 - Wind

LLJ formation in atmospheric stable conditions

 \rightarrow air hotter than sea water

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Stable Stable conditions $L_{MO} > 0$ Reduces dynamic turbulence Turbulence due to shear Low vertical mixing



Nights with clear sky

Low-Level Jets (LLJ)

- 10.0 7.5 [°C] 5.0 ∑ 2.5 0.0 –2.5 –2.5 –2.5 2.5 0.0 -5.0-7.5





 Moderate to strong wind Little surface heating or cooling Thermally-enhanced turbulence

- High vertical mixing
- Light wind on warm surface
- Sunny day with fair weather



Histogram of LLJ durations



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Characterization based on absolute and relative fall-off (>20% and 2m/s)



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Detection of Extreme Weather Events (EWEs) in LiDAR data

- Extreme wind speeds (max. 150km/h during storm Eunice) and wind gusts (during storms : max .1.75)
- Rapid changes of wind speed and/or wind direction
- Low Level Jets (LLJ) : from March to September with jet core located around hub height
- High wind shear
- High veer
- High wind shear and high veer

