



FAIR-IMPACT

Expanding FAIR solutions across EOSC

Software as a first class output in the scholarly ecosystem

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Software Heritage

THE GREAT LIBRARY OF SOURCE CODE



FAIRCORE4EOSC



Funded by
the European Union

Outline

#ResearchSoftware

A pillar of **Open Science**

Goal: Make software a first class output

Archive

Use cases

Reference vs. Citation

What about the metadata?

Recognize software as a special research object

From Data vs. Software:

Software is **executable** data is not.

Software is a **creative work**, scientific data are facts or observations

2016: Katz DS et al. 2016. **Software vs. data** in the context of citation. PeerJ Preprints 4:e2630v1
<https://doi.org/10.7287/peerj.preprints.2630v1>

Opportunity note- Recommendation n° 2 :

Make sure **the specific nature of software** is recognized and not considered as “just data” particularly in the context of discussion about the notion of FAIR data.

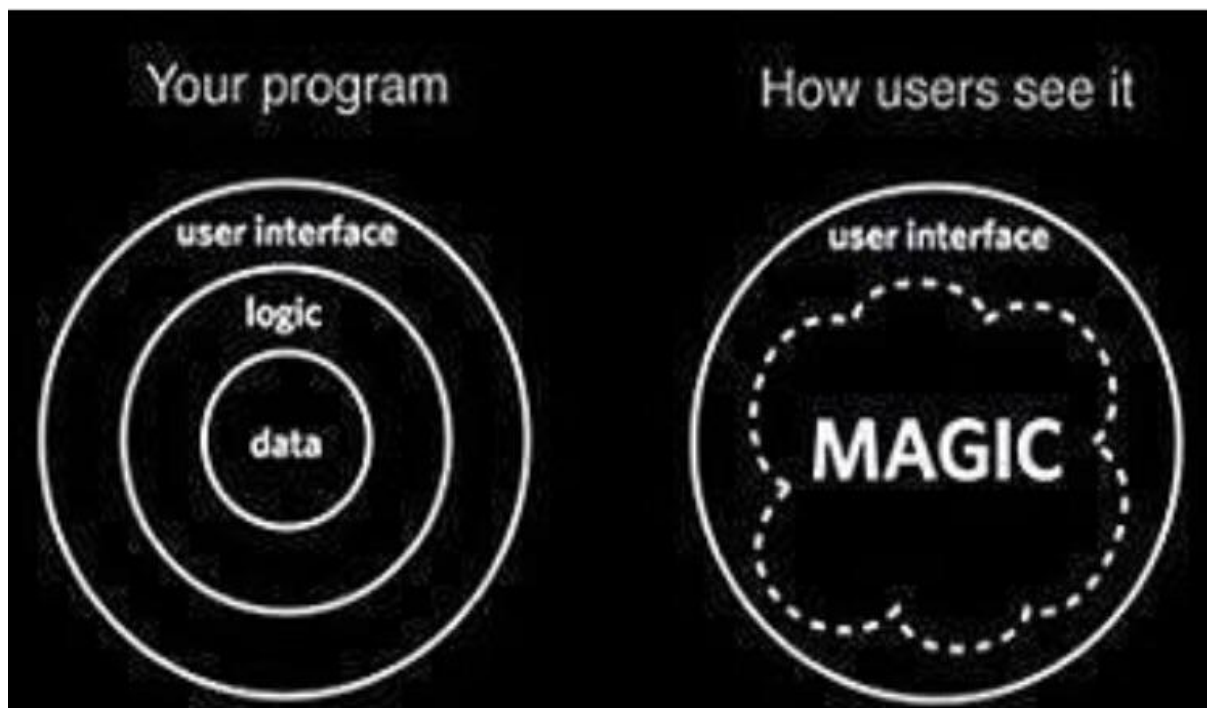
2019: the **Opportunity Note** by the French national Committee for Open Science's Free Software and Open Source Project Group
([Clément-Fontaine, 2019](#))

What is Software?



worldofprogrammers

...



Software as a concept

- **project** or entity
- the **community** around the project
- the software **idea** / algorithms / solutions

Not a digital artifact

Software artifacts

- Executables
- Source code

A very large collection of digital artifacts

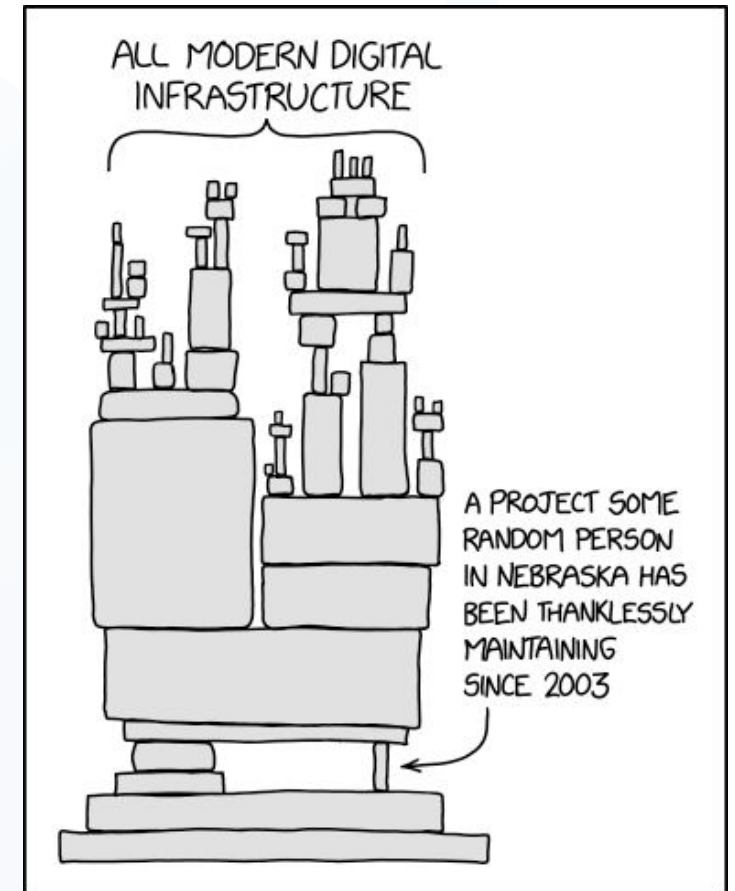
Software Source Code is special (not just data)

Software evolves over time

- projects may last decades
- the development history is key to its understanding

Complexity

- millions of lines of code
- large web of dependencies
 - easy to break, difficult to maintain
- sophisticated developer communities






https://www.reddit.com/r/ProgrammerHumor/comments/ic1zmc/dependency_xkcd/

Software Source Code human readable and executable knowledge

Full width
Home Development Documentation **Donate** login

 Software Heritage Archive

Features

-  Search
-  Downloads
-  Save code now
-  Help

```

52
53 # THE MASTER IGNITION ROUTINE IS DESIGNED FOR USE BY THE FOLLOWING LEM PROGRAMS: P12, P40, P42, P61, P63.
54 # IT PERFORMS ALL FUNCTIONS IMMEDIATELY ASSOCIATED WITH APS OR DPS IGNITION: IN PARTICULAR, EVERYTHING LYING
55 # BETWEEN THE PRE-IGNITION TIME CHECK -- ARE WE WITHIN 45 SECONDS OF TIG? -- AND TIG + 26 SECONDS, WHEN DPS
56 # PROGRAMS THROTTLE UP.
57 #
58 # VARIATIONS AMONG PROGRAMS ARE ACCOMODATED BY MEANS OF TABLES CONTAINING CONSTANTS (FOR AVEGEXIT, FOR
59 # WAITLIST, FOR PINBALL) AND TCF INSTRUCTIONS. USERS PLACE THE ADRES OF THE HEAD OF THE APPROPRIATE TABLE
60 # (OF P61TABLE FOR P61LM, FOR EXAMPLE) IN ERASABLE REGISTER `WHICH' (E4). THE IGNITION ROUTINE THEN INDEXES BY
61 # WHICH TO OBTAIN OR EXECUTE THE PROPER TABLE ENTRY. THE IGNITION ROUTINE IS INITIATED BY A TCF BURNBABY,
62 # THROUGH BANKJUMP IF NECESSARY. THERE IS NO RETURN.
63 #
64 # THE MASTER IGNITION ROUTINE WAS CONCEIVED AND EXECUTED, AND (NOTA BENE) IS MAINTAINED BY ADLER AND EYLES.
65 #
66 #           HONI SOIT QUI MAL Y PENSE
67 #
68 #           *****
69 #           TABLES FOR THE IGNITION ROUTINE
70 #           *****
71 #
72 #           NOLI SE TANGERE
73
74 P12TABLE   VN      0674      # (0)
75           TCF      ULLGN0T   # (1)
76           TCF      COMFAIL3  # (2)
77           TCF      GOCUTOFF  # (3)
78           TCF      TASKOVER  # (4)
79           TCF      P12SPOT   # (5)
80           DEC      0         # (6)  NO ULLAGE
81           EBANK=   WHICH
82           2CADR   SERVEXIT   # (7)
83
84           TCF      DISPCHNG  # (11)
85           TCF      WAITABIT  # (12)
86           TCF      P12IGN    # (13)
87
88 P40TABLE   VN      0640      # (0)
89           TCF      ULLGN0T   # (1)
90           TCF      COMFAIL4  # (2)
91           TCF      GOPOST    # (3)
92           TCF      TASKOVER  # (4)
93           TCF      P40SPOT   # (5)

```

[Permalinks](#)

“Programs must be written for people to read, and only incidentally for machines to execute.”

Harold Abelson, 1985
Structure and Interpretation of Computer Programs (1st ed.),

“Source code provides a view into the mind of the designer.”

Len Shustek, 2006
Computer History Museum

[Go to the code!](#)

Defining Research Software

Research Software

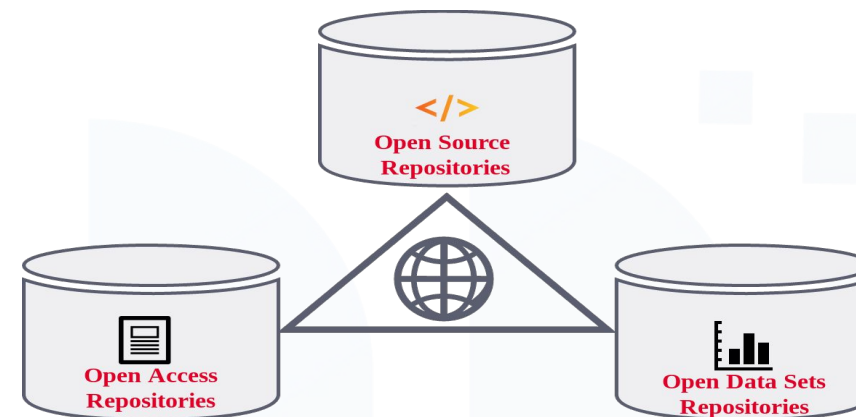
→ created

- during the research process
- for a research purpose

Software in research

→ used for research

FAIR4RS output: Gruenpeter et al. Defining Research Software: a controversial discussion (Version 1). Zenodo. <https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.5504016>



*Three pillars of Open Science
Software Heritage CC-BY 4.0 2019*

Software has multiple facets:

- a **tool**
- a research **outcome** or result
- **the object** of research



Goal: Make software a first class output



[French national plan for Open Science](#)



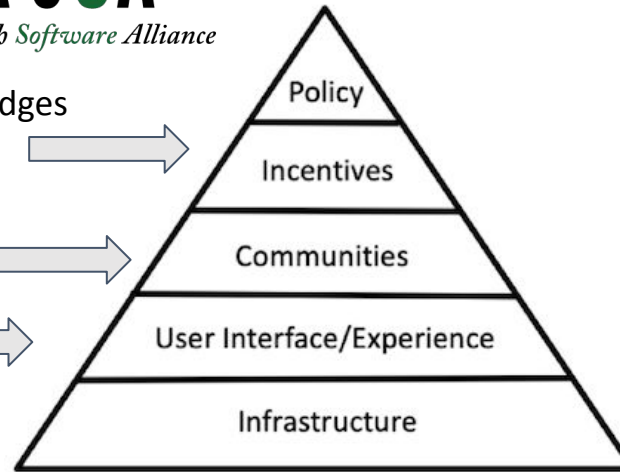
Awards & Badges

Credit - FORCE11 WG

RDA / FAIR4RS / FAIR-IMPACT

[CodeMeta](#) / [CFE](#)

[SIRS report](#) / [FAIRCORE4EOSC](#)



Make it required

Make it rewarding

Make it normative

Make it easy

Make it possible



Pyramid from Strategy for Culture Change: Brian Nosek (2019)
<https://www.cos.io/blog/strategy-for-culture-change>



SCHLOSS DAGSTUHL
 Leibniz-Zentrum für Informatik



Software Heritage

eOSC | FAIRCORE4EOSC



Why are we here? A plurality of needs

Researchers

- **archive and reference** software used and created in articles
- **find** useful software
- **get credit** for developed software
- **verify/reproduce/improve** results

Laboratories/teams

- **track** software contributions
- **produce** reports
- **maintain** web page

Research Organization

know its **software assets** for:

- technology transfer,
- impact metrics,
- Strategy

Curators

- **verify** and **curate** software metadata
- **provide** documentation on software curation
- **monitor** research teams' production



What is at stake?

Archive

→ make sure we can access to retrieve the software (reproducibility)

Reference

→ make sure we can identify the software artifacts (reproducibility)

Cite (for credit)

→ make it rewarding to create software by giving credit to authors (evaluation!)

Describe

→ make it easy to discover the software projects (visibility)

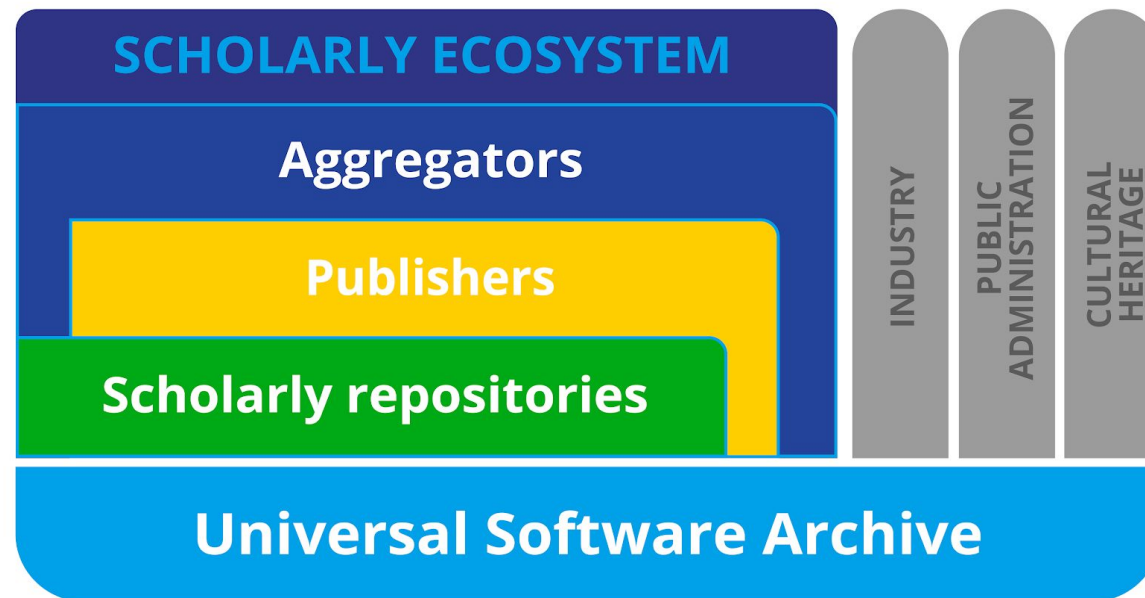
Why archiving (research) software is important?



SIRS report: European Commission,
Directorate-General for Research and Innovation,
Scholarly infrastructures for research software :
report from the EOSC Executive Board Working
Group (WG) Architecture Task Force (TF) SIRS,
Publications Office, 2020,

<https://data.europa.eu/doi/10.2777/28598>

Video: [EOSC Software Infrastructures for
Research Software: J. B. Gonzalez Lopez
\(CERN\)](#)



Software Heritage

THE GREAT LIBRARY OF SOURCE CODE

archive.softwareheritage.org

Collect, preserve and **share** all software source code
Preserving our heritage, enabling **better software** and **better research** for all

Saving ~~your~~ any code now!

<https://archive.softwareheritage.org/save/>

Software Heritage Archive

Save code now

Enter a SWHID to resolve or keyword(s) to search for in origin URLs

Features

- Search
- Downloads
- Save code now
- Help

You can contribute to extend the content of the Software Heritage archive by submitting an origin save request. To do so, fill the required info in the form below:

Origin type: git (1)

Origin url: (2)

Submit (3)

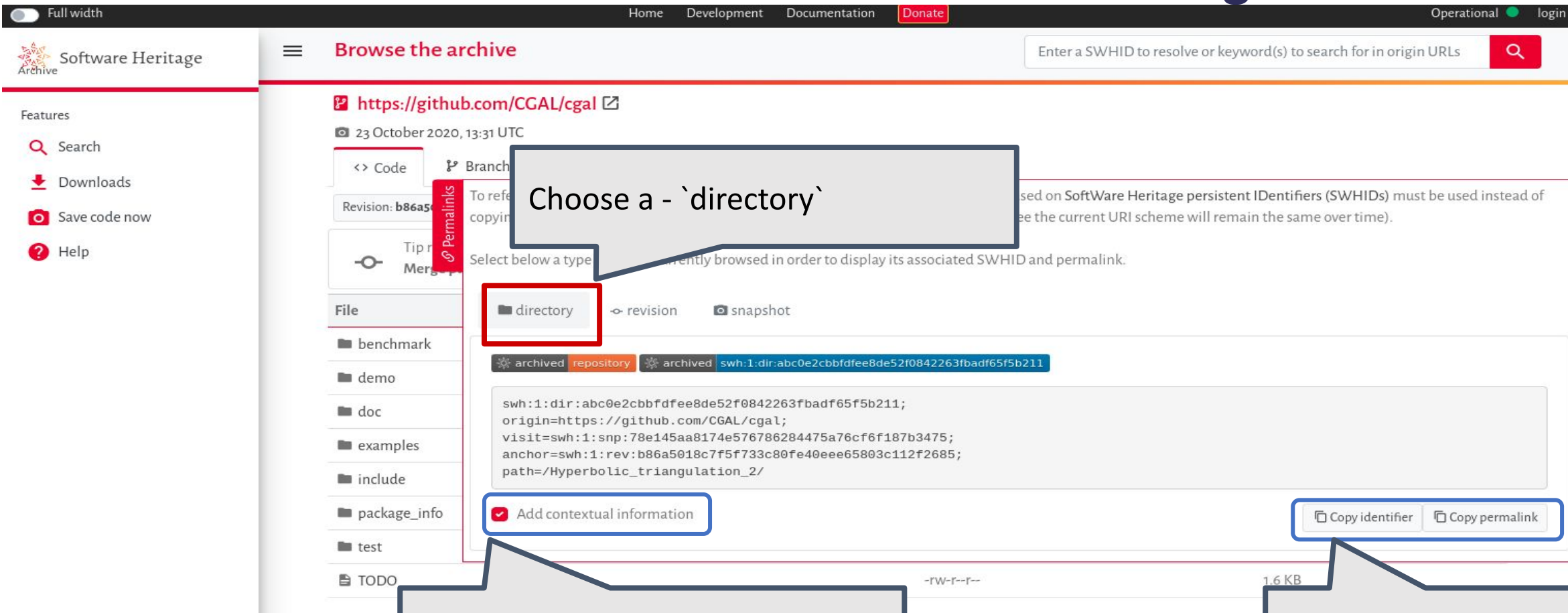
Help | Browse save requests

A "Save code now" request takes the form

Advantages

- All dev history is also saved
- Urls from **different platforms** are accepted
- PID to **reference** specific pieces of code (even algorithms)

Choose a SWHID on Software Heritage



The screenshot shows the Software Heritage interface for the repository `https://github.com/CGAL/cgal`. The page title is "Browse the archive". A search bar at the top right contains the text "Enter a SWHID to resolve or keyword(s) to search for in origin URLs". The main content area shows the repository's file structure, with the "directory" folder selected. A callout box points to the "directory" folder with the text "Choose a - `directory`". Below the file list, there are two buttons: "Add contextual information" (checked) and "Copy identifier". A callout box points to the "Copy identifier" button with the text "Copy identifier". The SWHID is displayed as `swh:1:dir:abc0e2cbbfdfee8de52f0842263fbadf65f5b211`. The page also shows a sidebar with "Features" (Search, Downloads, Save code now, Help) and a top navigation bar with "Home", "Development", "Documentation", and "Donate".

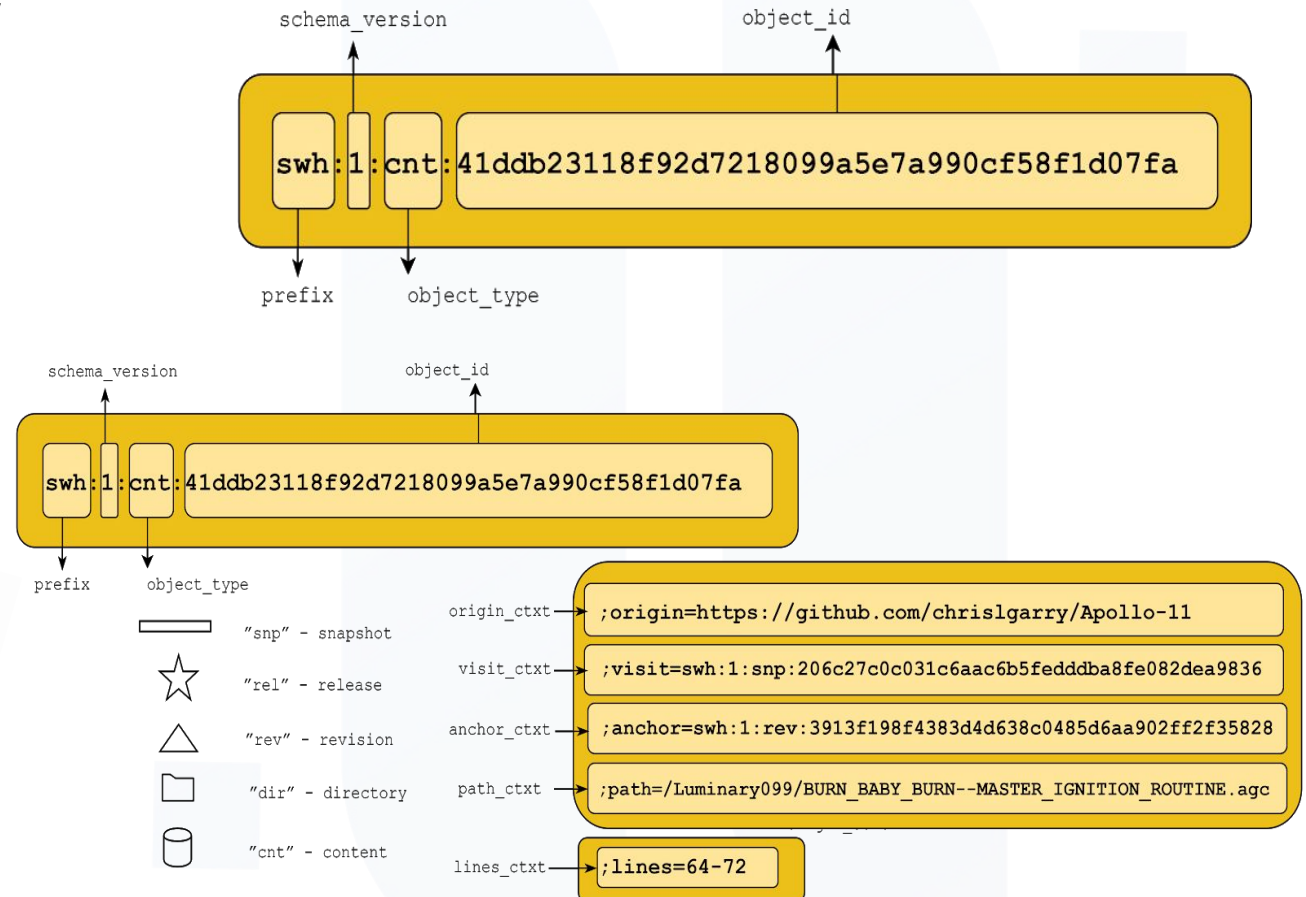
The SoftWare Heritage/Hash ID - a.k.a SWHID

SWHIDs are **intrinsic identifiers** which are intimately bound to the designated object, they do not need a register, only agreement on a standard.

- **Intrinsic**: compute a unique **digital fingerprint**
- **decentralised**: do not need a registry, only agreement on a standard
- **cryptographically strong** identifiers

[Intrinsic vs. extrinsic blog post](#)

Go to [API endpoint](#)



Intrinsic vs. extrinsic identifiers

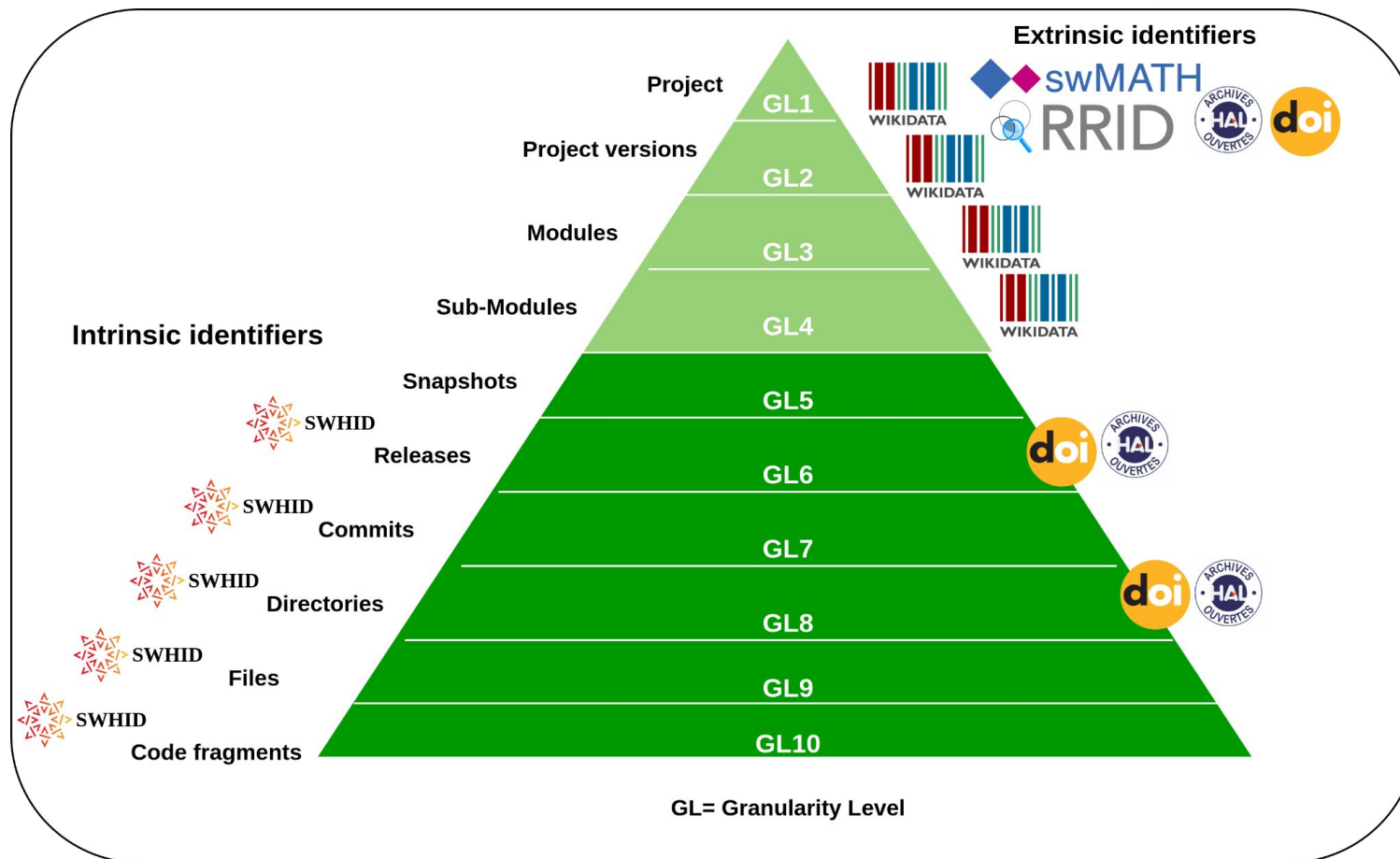
Software concept / project / collection

Description in registry, a homepage or any other form of metadata record

- Project versions (for example Python2 and Python3)
- Modules
- Sub-modules

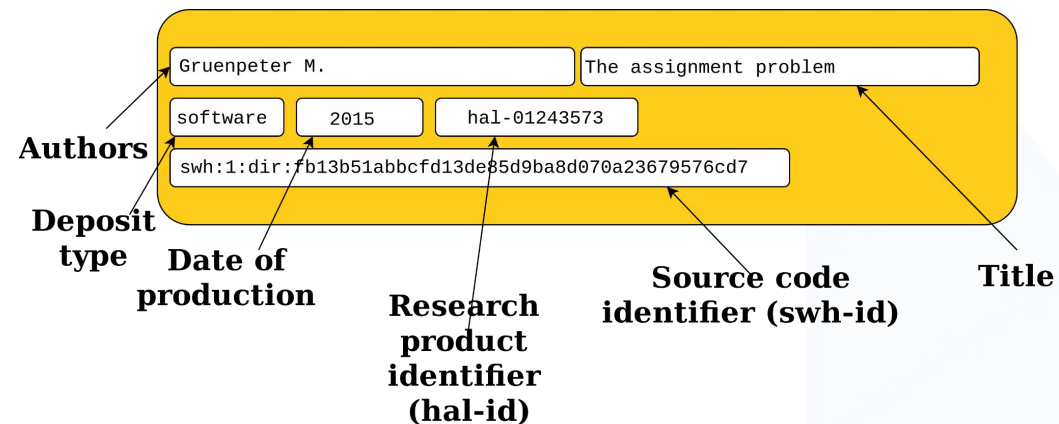
Software artifact

- Executable (download link)
- Software source code
 - Dynamic artifact - current development code
 - Archived copy
 - Snapshot (all branches, all dev history)
 - Release / Package
 - Commit- a specific point in development history
 - Directory
 - File
 - Algorithm



Research Data Alliance/FORCE11 Software Source Code Identification WG et al. (2020). Use cases and identifier schemes for persistent software source code identification (V1.1). *Research Data Alliance*. <https://doi.org/10.15497/RDA00053>

For which use case: reference vs. citation



Archive & Index

- metadata record (extrinsic)
- artifact itself (intrinsic)

Credit & Attribution

- a metadata record
- all authors & contributors

Reuse & Reproducibility

- a specific artifact
- appropriate metadata/docs

DOI and SWHID on IPOL articles

- Journal Image Processing On Line (IPOL, <https://www.ipol.im/>)
- Research software packages are identified with:
 - The article DOI: (<https://doi.org/10.5201/ipol.2021.286>)
 - The software SWHID: The publisher deposits the software in Software Heritage with the DOI as an origin (<https://archive.softwareheritage.org/swh:1:dir:2cb75d8c95eb61d047d89428d0ec40a2286c0311;origin=https://doi.org/10.5201/ipol.2021.286;visit=swh:1:snp:23a5f7ee209b593e9b3e60ebe2bc42f1e6b76ff3;anchor=swh:1:rel:2de235c8fc3dd527cfaaba5cbf1d8144fee14f40>)
- Links from the paper and metadata DOI to:
 - the software deposit and its SWHID,
 - the live demo of the software (in the demo tab)



Image Inpainting using Patch Consensus and DCT Priors

Ignacio Ramírez Paulino, Ignacio Hounie

article demo archive

published • 2021-01-09
reference • IGNACIO RAMÍREZ PAULINO, AND IGNACIO HOUNIE, *Image Inpainting using Patch Consensus and DCT Priors*, Image Processing On Line, 11 (2021), pp. 1–17. <https://doi.org/10.5201/ipol.2021.286>





BibTeX info

Communicated by Pablo Arias
Demo edited by Pablo Arias

Abstract

We present an implementation of the PACO-DCT inpainting algorithm. This method is based on maximizing the likelihood of image patches in terms of their DCT coefficients, while requiring consensus on the overlapping patches. The resulting problem is solved as an instance of the PACO framework.

Download

- full text manuscript:  PDF low-res. (577.7kB)  PDF (6.6MB) ^[?]
- source code:  ZIP [SWHID info](#) 

 Software Heritage Archive

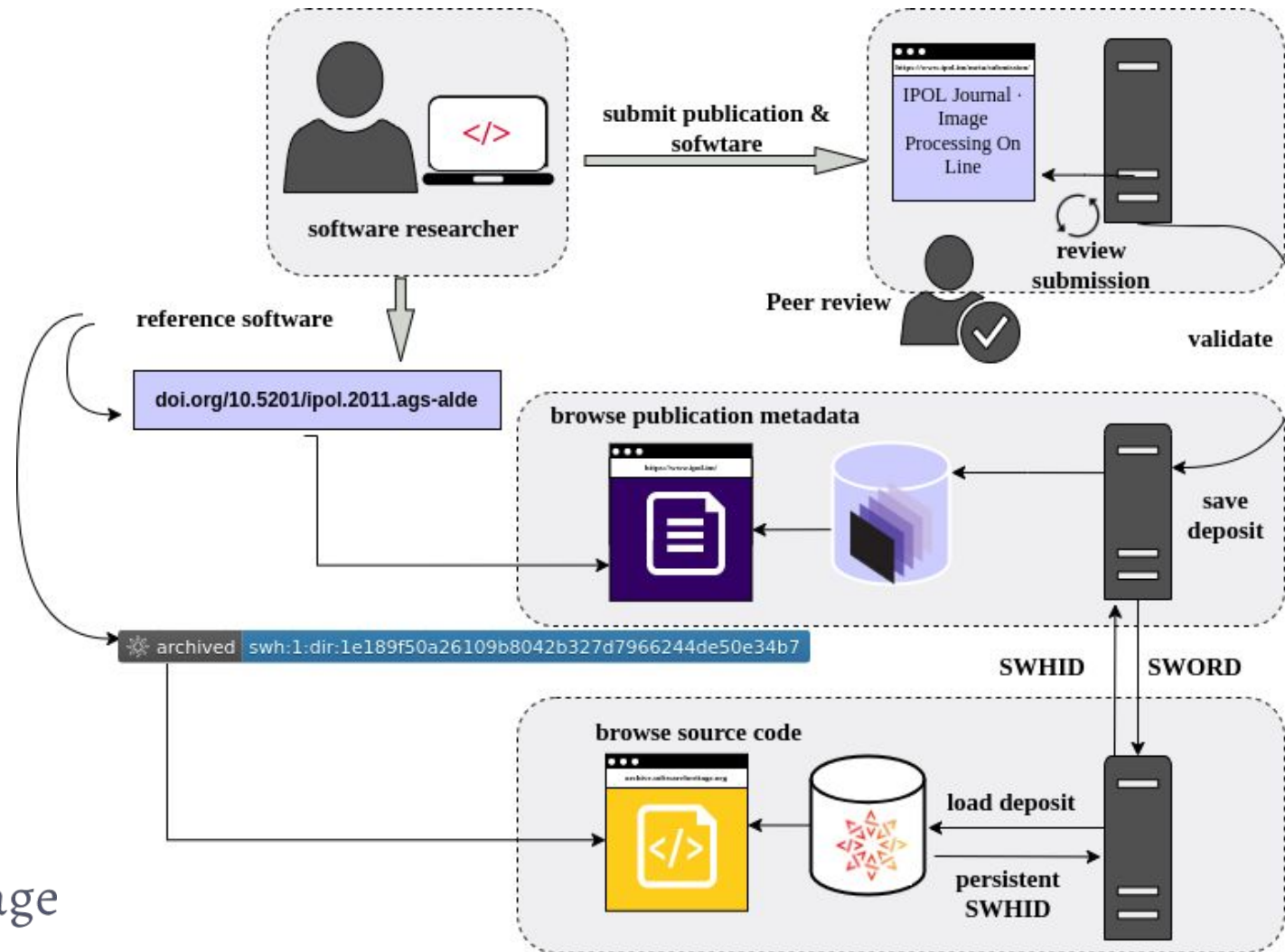
```
@softwareversion{sw-ipol.2021.286,  
  title = {{Image Inpainting using Patch Consensus and DCT Priors}},  
  author = {Ignacio Ramirez Paulino, Ignacio Hounie},  
  date = {2021-01-01},  
  license = {GPL-3.0-or-later},  
  version = {1.0},  
  swhid =  
  {swh:1:dir:2cb75d8c95eb61d047d89428d0ec40a2286c0311;origin=https://doi.org/10.5201/ipol.2021.286;vis
```

[Copy to clipboard](#)

Preview

Loading takes a few seconds. Images and graphics are degraded here for faster rendering. See the downloadable PDF documents for original high-quality versions.

Publish software workflow: two PIDs with one stone



Citation with the biblatex-software package

[BibLaTeX style extension for software](#)

[Youtube tutorial](#)

[Software Release] B. Langmead and S. L. Salzberg, *Bowtie2* version 2.4.2, Oct. 2022. LIC: GPL. URL: <http://bowtie-bio.sourceforge.net/bowtie2/index.shtml>, VCS: <https://github.com/BenLangmead/bowtie2>, SWHID: `<swh:1:rel:97bacffea6e7c3f574ce5b566daba82aa18a11f;origin=https://github.com/BenLangmead/bowtie2;visit=swh:1:snp:c25778cfefc086c63c6f78eed230d0b9c88876ee>`.

[Software excerpt] MIT Instrumentation Laboratory, “AGC Luminary routine for changing LEM asset during landing”, from *Apollo 11 Guidance Computer (AGC) source code for the command and lunar module* 1967. VirtualAGC project. LIC: Public Domain. URL: <https://www.ibiblio.org/apollo>, VCS: <https://github.com/virtualagc/virtualagc>, SWHID: `<swh:1:cnt:64582b78792cd6c2d67d35da5a11bb80886a6409;origin=https://github.com/virtualagc/virtualagc;anchor=swh:1:rev:007c2b95f301f9438b8b74d7993b7a3b9a66255b;lines=245-261>`.

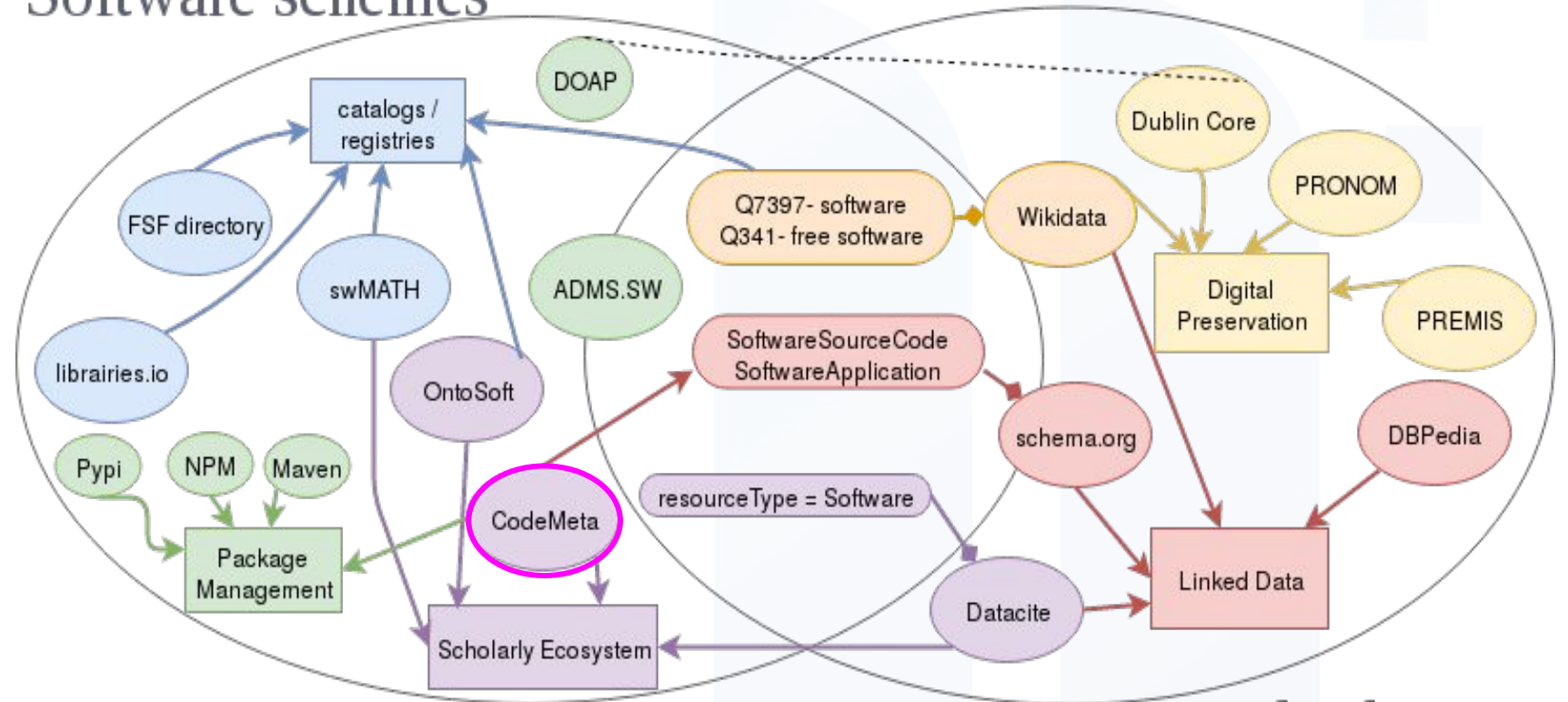
CodeMeta initiative - V1.0 released in 2017

- A subset of schema.org
- An academic community discussing software metadata
- A crosswalk table - mapping the metadata landscape

V2.0 released in 2020,

V3.0 is expected soon!!

Software schemes



General schemes

Wrap up

- ★ **Archive** your code!
 - Save on SWH <https://save.softwareheritage.org/> [Tutorial](#) [How To](#)
 - Deposit, publish or register in a **scholarly infrastructure**
- ★ **Adopt** good practices to *reference & cite* [r#ResearchSoftware](#)
 - SWHID with context
 - DOI + SWHID - version, release, file, lines [biblatex-software](#) [Tutorial](#)
- ★ **Join** the [#ResearchSoftware](#) community & review the [#RSMD_guidelines](#)
- ★ **Spread the word** and let's start [recognizing software in academia](#)



Thank you!
morane@softwareheritage.org
[@moraneottilia](https://twitter.com/moraneottilia)
Cite with: [10.5281/zenodo.7964043](https://zenodo.org/record/7964043)



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