



An ECCSEL ERIC project

CLEAN ClinkER by calcium
looping for low-CO₂ cement

CLEAN ClinkER



ECCSELERATE – Webinar, 16th June 2021
«Chemical looping and gas switching combustion»

**Calcium Looping technology demonstration in
industrial environment: CLEAN ClinkER**

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LEAP s.c.a r.l.



- LEAP and CO₂ box
- Main technologies for CO₂ capture in cement plants:
 - Post-combustion solvent systems
 - Oxyfuel
 - Calcium looping
- CLEANKER project
 - Project objectives
 - The consortium
 - CaL integrated configuration
 - CLEANER demo system
 - CLEANER project timeline

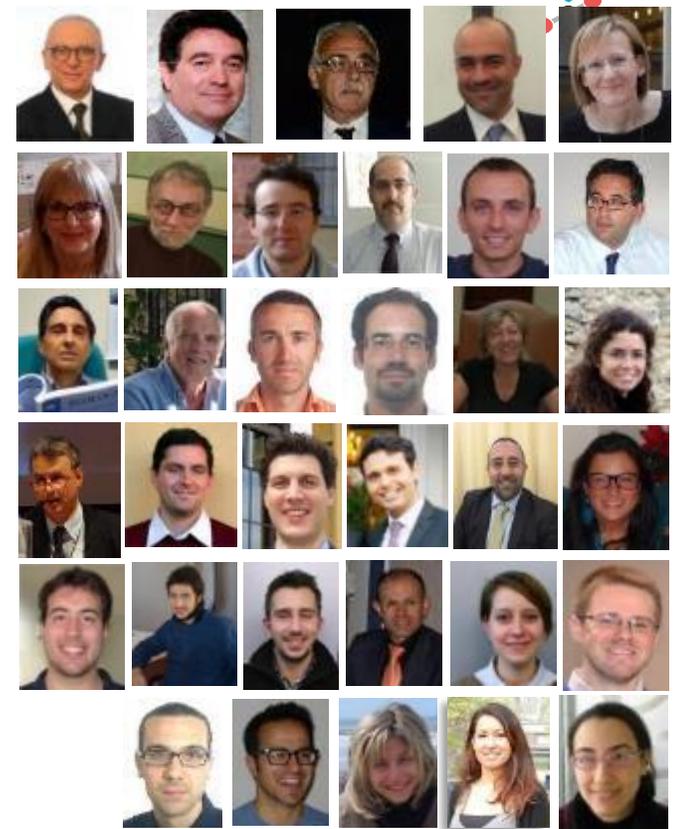




Map of Emilia-Romagna Technopoles

LEAP stands for Laboratorio Energia & Ambiente Piacenza (Laboratory for Energy and the Environment – Piacenza). LEAP is a limited liability consortium founded in Piacenza in May 2005 to accomplish a project of the Piacenza campus of Politecnico di Milano.

- **Research main lines:**
 1. material and energy recovery from waste, residues and biomass
 2. fossil fuel technologies and CO₂ capture and conversion
 3. renewable energies and energy efficiency
 4. gaseous emissions, fine particles and air quality

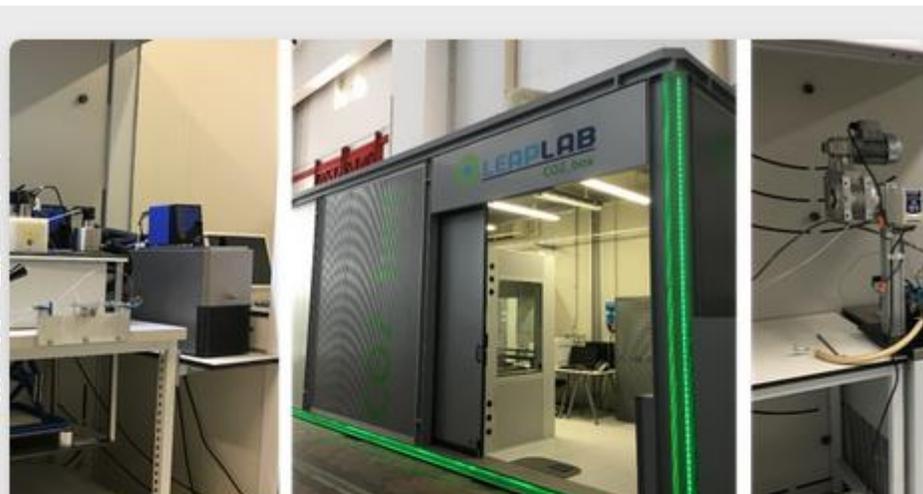


- Consulting and technical service

- modeling and simulations of
- on-site experimental activities on boilers through suction pyro atmosphere, measurements

- Experimental Laboratories:

- heat_box: test bench for the
- CO₂_box: test rig for the ass



LAB SCALE

Overall view of the LAB

VLE+GC apparatus

ion chamber of WTE plants and industrial
 mplings both in conveyed flows and in
 veved flows

W of thermal power
 O₂ based mixtures



P-v-T apparatus

IT5.1 CO₂_BOX

“CO₂_box” composed by a phase equilibrium test rig and a single-phase test rig

Other

LEAP | Italy

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VLE+GC apparatus

- In the CO2_box lab, LEAP carries out experimental campaigns to measure single-phase Pressure-temperature-density properties and Vapor-Liquid-Equilibria for CO2 mixtures
- Two test benches, with different capabilities, are available: P-v-T and VLE apparatus

P-v-T apparatus		VLE apparatus	
p [MPa]	0.1 ÷ 20	p [MPa]	0.1 ÷ 19.9
T [°C]	-10 ÷ 150	T [°C]	-60 ÷ 200

CO2_box capabilities

CO2 mixtures (pre-combustion)	CO2 + (N2, H2, CO, H2S)
CO2 mixtures (oxy-fuel)	CO2 + (Ar, O2, N2, SO2)
ORC working fluids	Toluene, Benzene, p-xilene (aromatics HC)
	MM, MM/MDM/MD2M (Siloxanes and their mixtures)
	Butane, Pentane (HC with linear chain)
	Exafluorobenzene (Perfluorinated aromatics HC)
Other fluids for chemical and process industry	Refrigerants and their mixtures

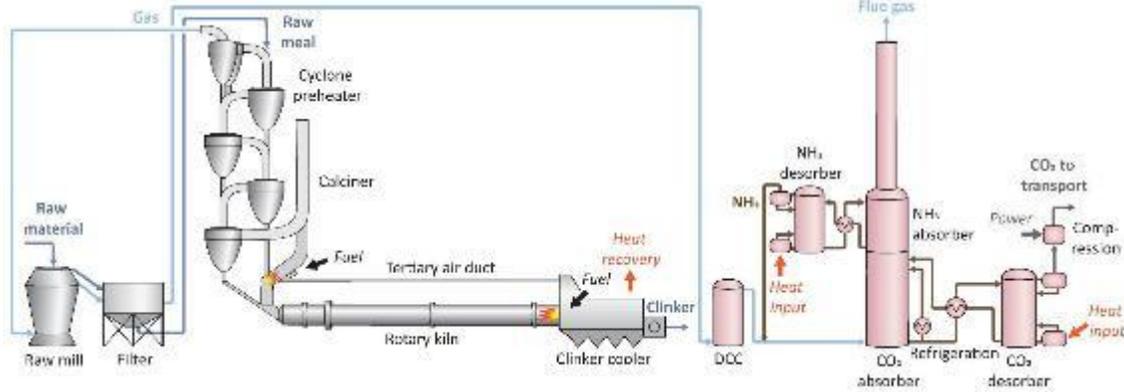
SCARABEUS

- Supercritical CARbon dioxide/Alternative fluids Blends for Efficiency Upgrade of Solar power plant - GA: 814985
- www.scarabeusproject.eu

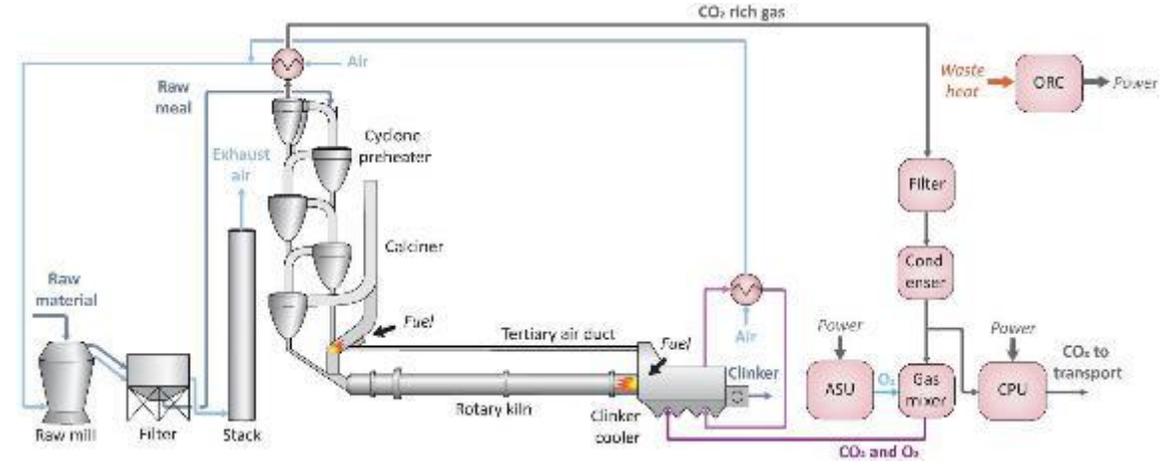


Main technologies for CO₂ capture in cement plants

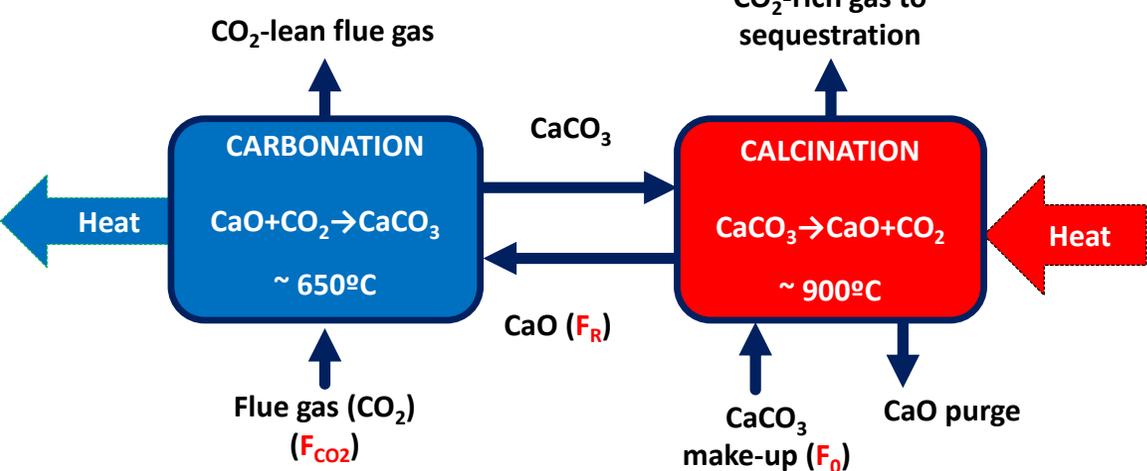
Post-combustion capture by solvents



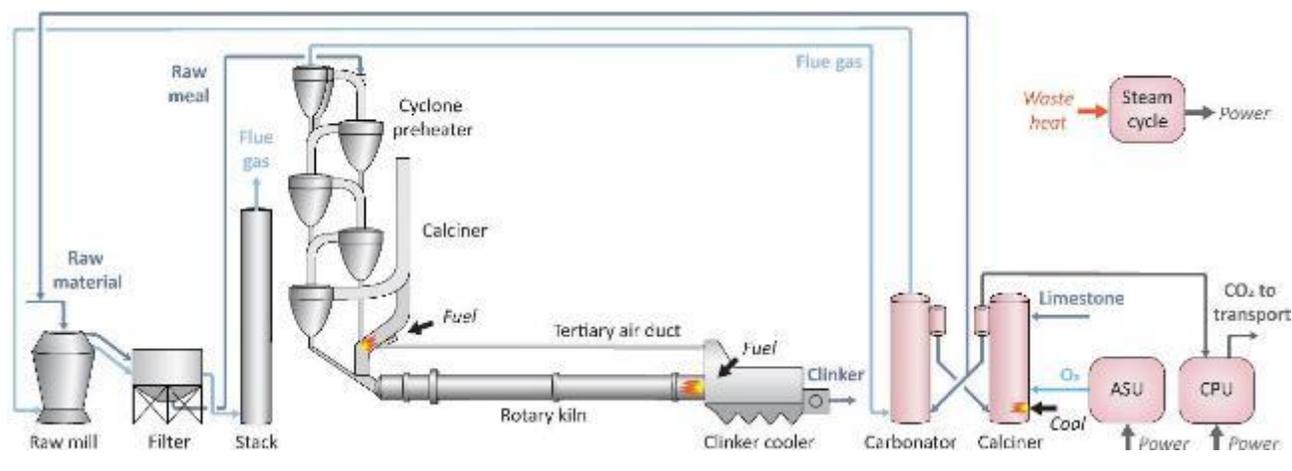
Oxyfuel combustion



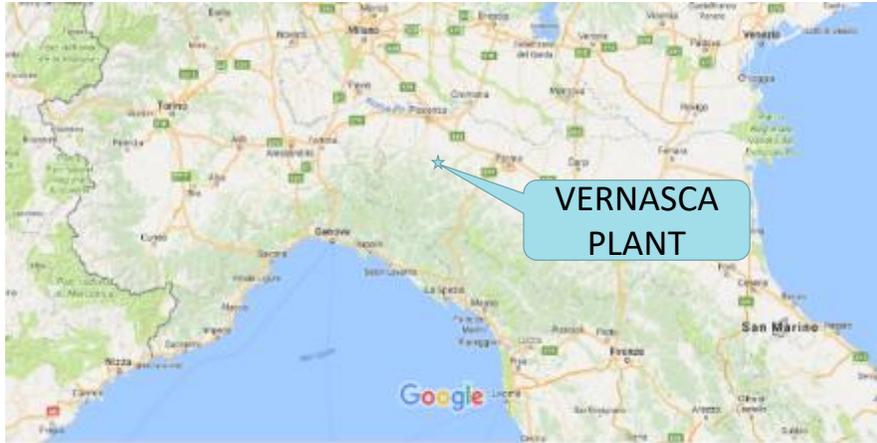
Calcium Looping



Calcium Looping – tail end



The ultimate objective of CLEANKER is advancing the integrated Calcium-looping process for CO₂ capture in cement plants.



This fundamental objective will be achieved by pursuing the following primary targets:

- Demonstrate the integrated CaL process at TRL 7, in a new demo system connected to the operating cement burning line of the Vernasca 1.300.000 ton/y cement plant, operated by BUZZI in Italy.
- Demonstrate the technical-economic feasibility of the integrated CaL process in retrofitted large scale cement plants through process modelling and scale-up study.
- Demonstrate the storage of the CO₂ captured from the CaL demo system, through mineralization of inorganic material in a pilot reactor of 100 litres to be built in Vernasca, next to the CaL demo system.

The consortium

Starting date: October 1st 2017

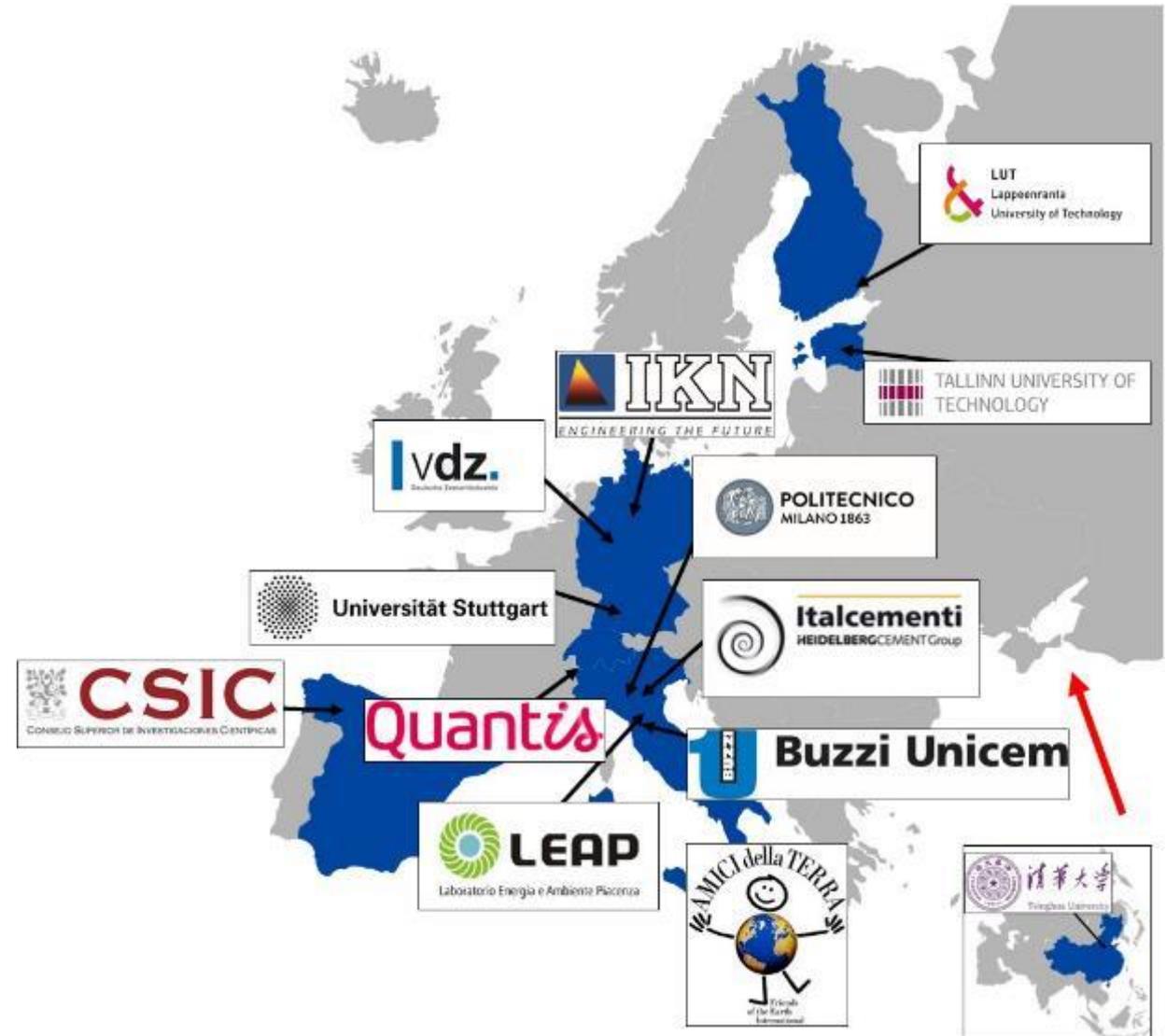
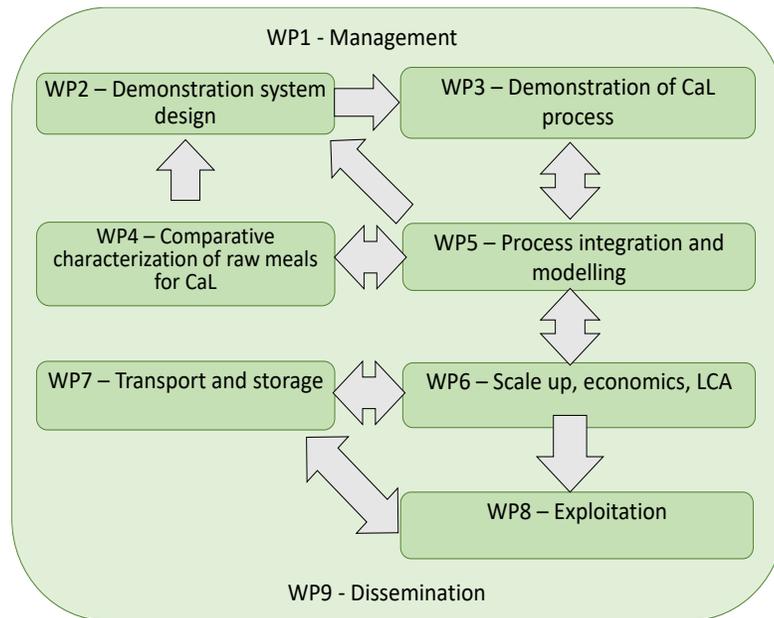
Duration: 4 years

Total budget: € 9.237.851,25

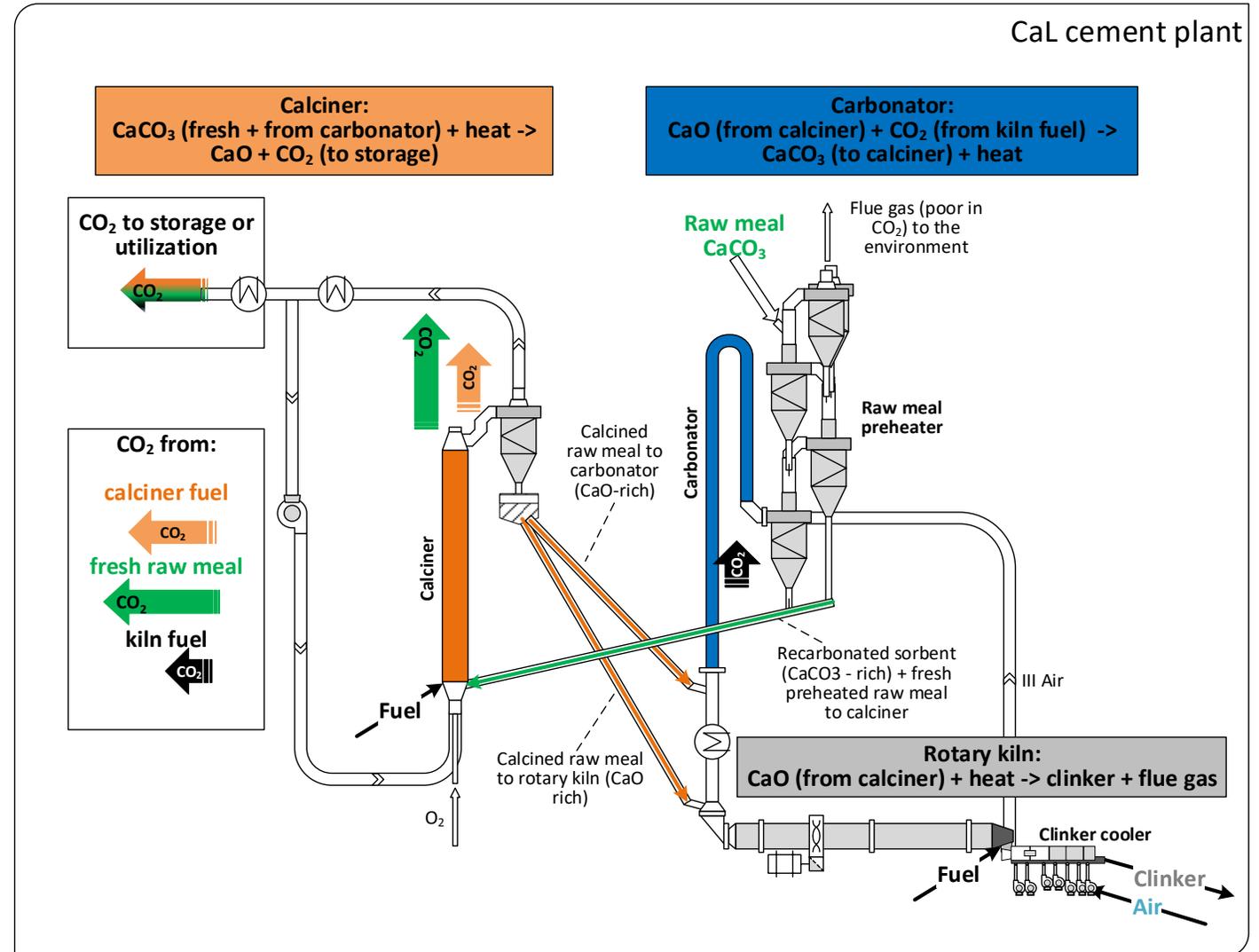
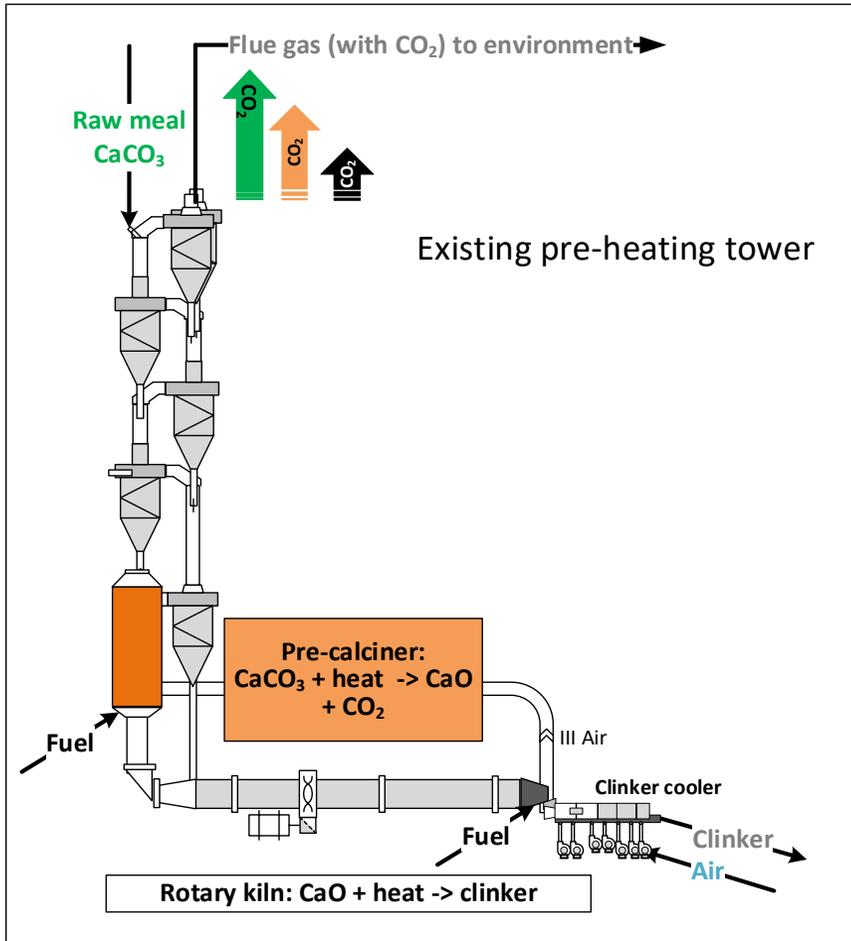
UE co-financing: € 8.972.201,25

Chinese government founding: 265.650 €

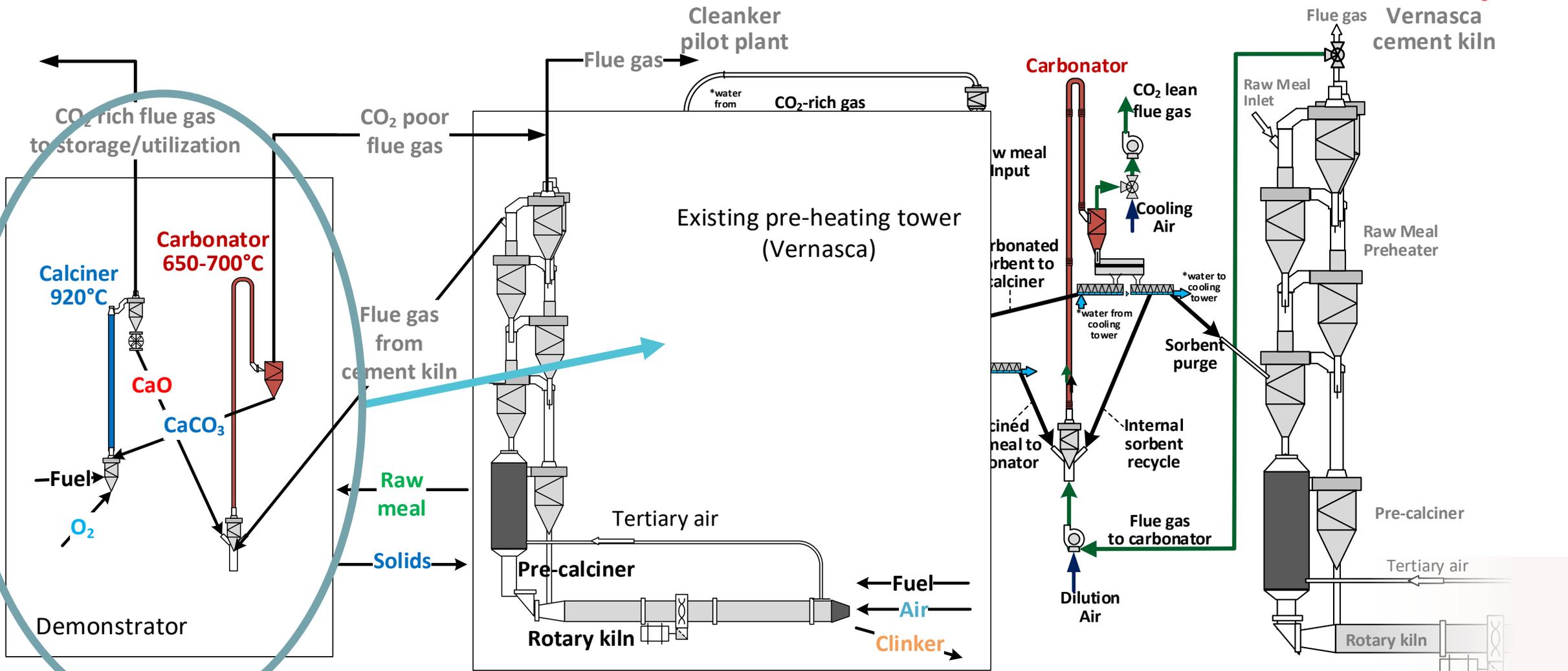
Partner: 13 from 5 EU member states + Switzerland and China



Calcium looping in cement industry – integrated configuration

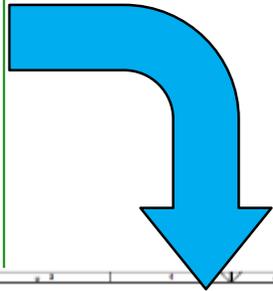


Indicative configuration of the CLEANKER pilot



Flowsheet of the CLEANKER pilot

BASIC FLOWSHEET FOR THE APPLICATION

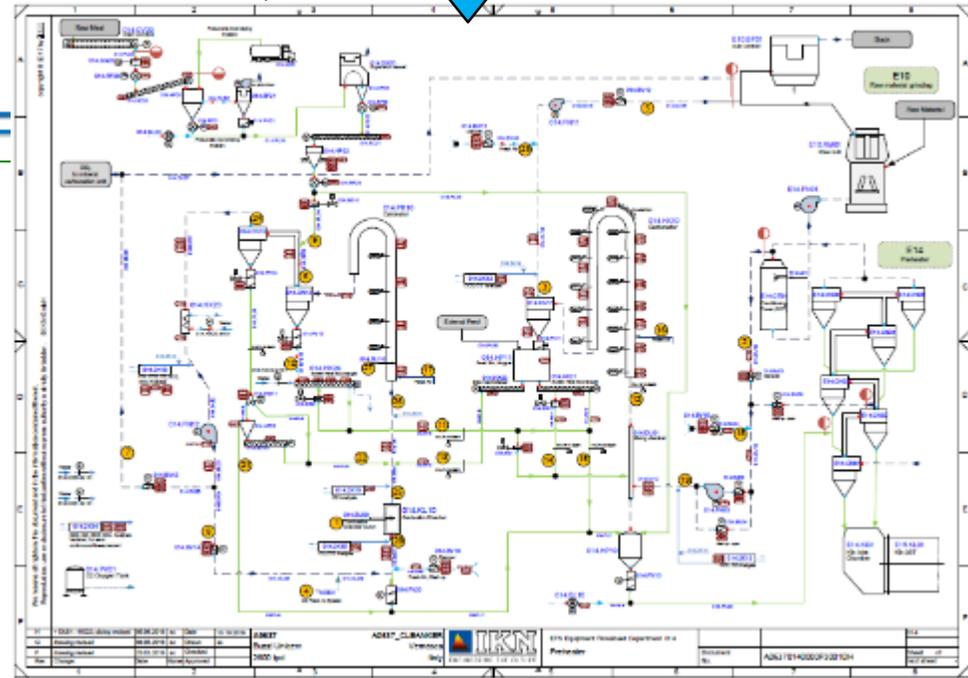
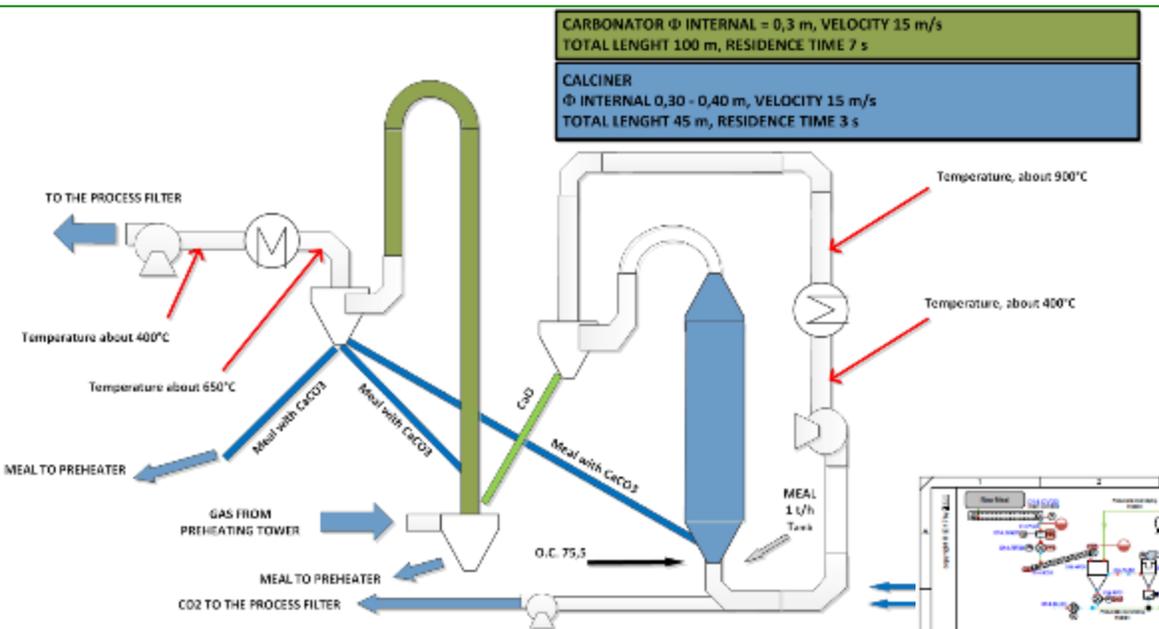


FINAL FLOWSHEET OF THE TEST RIG



CARBONATOR Φ INTERNAL = 0,3 m, VELOCITY 15 m/s
 TOTAL LENGTH 100 m, RESIDENCE TIME 7 s

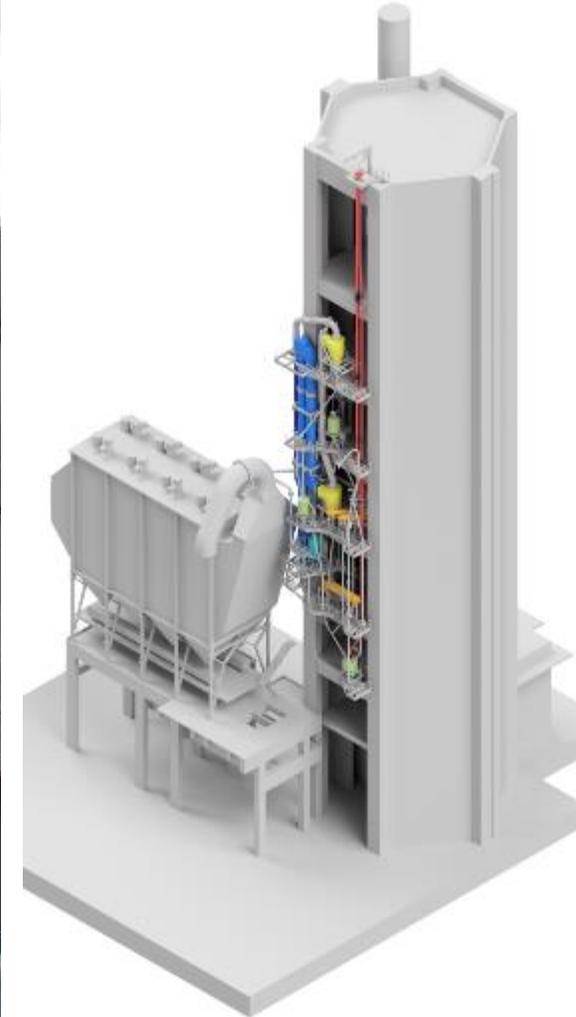
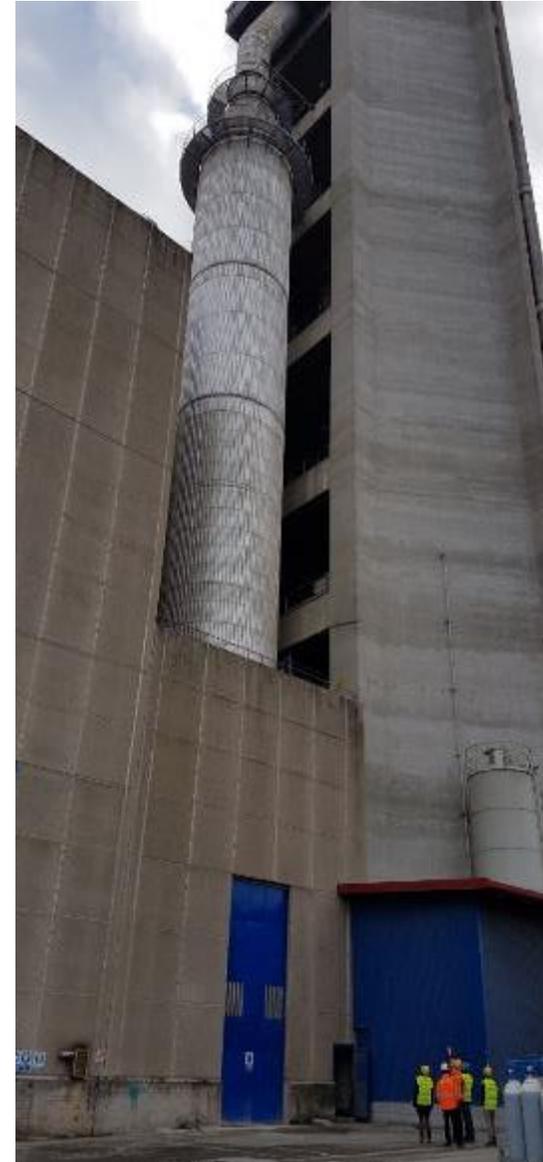
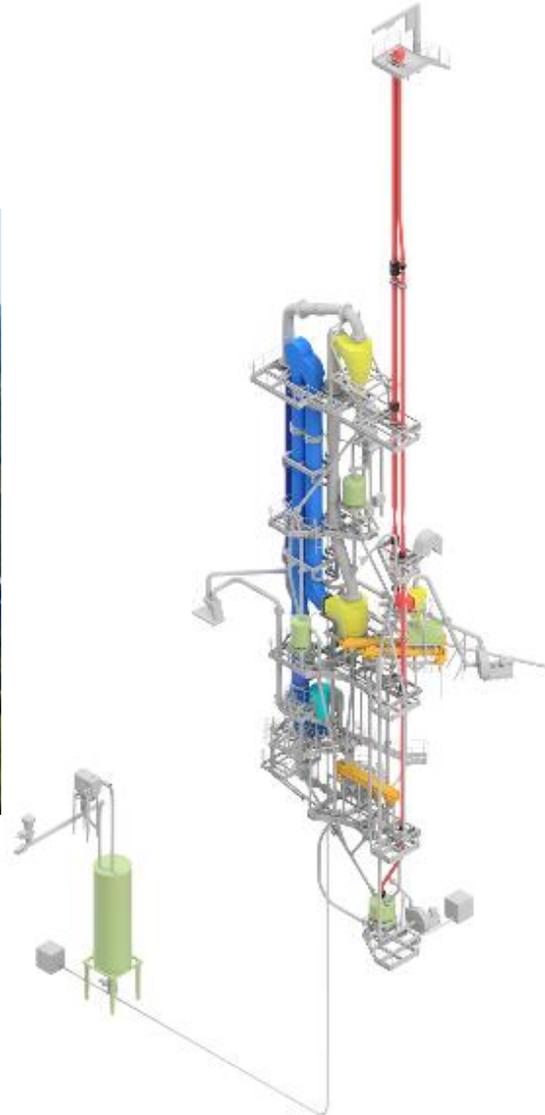
CALCINER
 Φ INTERNAL 0,30 - 0,40 m, VELOCITY 15 m/s
 TOTAL LENGTH 45 m, RESIDENCE TIME 3 s



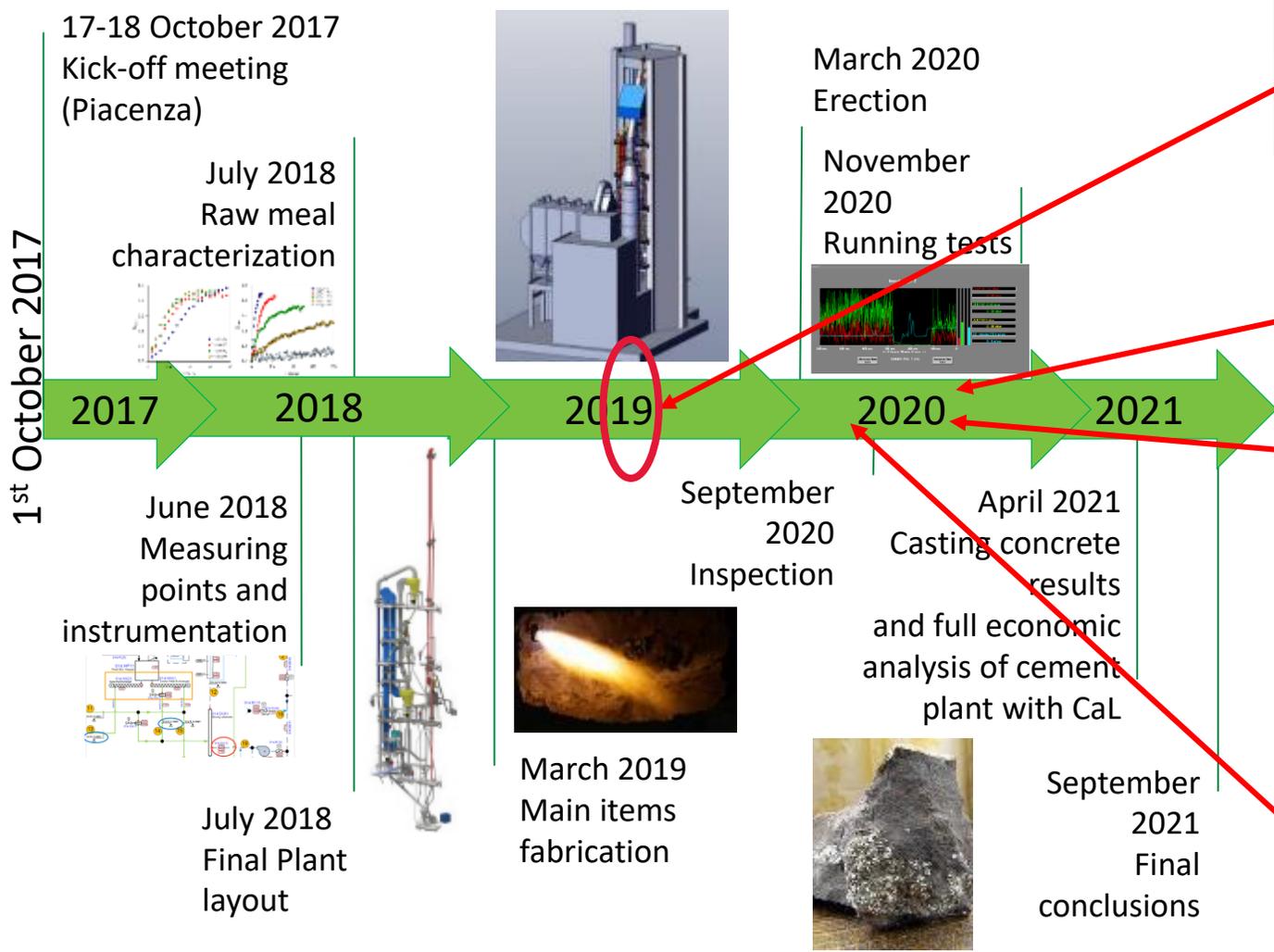
CLEANKER demo system



Preheater tower



CLEANKER – timeline



30th September 2021



[Coming Soon](#)

The demo plant in place





CCUS in cement industry: CLEANKER project – ECCSELERATE webinar – 16th June 2021



- EFR, stainless steel, gooseneck shape;
- upcomer and downcomer, for a total length of approx. 105 m;
- section diameter: 250 – 350 mm;
- «swirl head».





- Two burners;
- Heavy-oil fuel;
- Oxygen flow rate controlled to keep its concentration in the outlet gas stream at 4%;
- cyclone separates the calcined solids from the CO₂-rich gas stream.



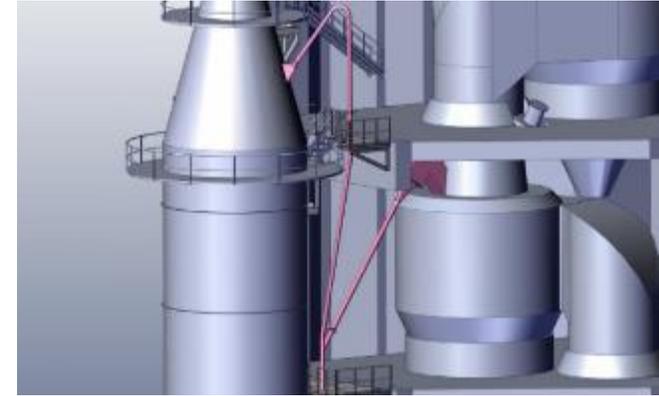
CLEANKER – Communication and dissemination strategy



www.cleanker.eu



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7X8YJeR65cM&t=33s>



26° August 2020, RAI1, SuperQuark, Piero Angela - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oQcrWfRbFJg>



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RIXDjWLJPrA>

CLEANKER community in Zenodo: <https://zenodo.org/communities/cleanker?page=1&size=20>



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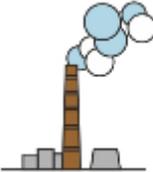


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Objective	Key indexes	Target
CO₂ emissions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CO₂ capture efficiency • CO₂ specific emissions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cement plant CO₂ capture efficiency >90% • Negative direct CO₂ emissions by biomass co-firing (Bio-CCS) • Reduction of total CO₂ specific emissions (kg_{CO2} per ton of cement) >85%
Energy efficiency 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fuel consumption • Electricity consumption • Specific primary energy consumption for CO₂ avoided (SPECCA*) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • increase of total fuel consumption with respect to state of the art plants <40% • increase of electric consumption with respect to state of the art plants <20% • SPECCA* < 2 MJ_{LHV} per kg of CO₂ avoided • SPECCA* at least 10% lower than that of benchmark full oxyfuel cement plants
Economics 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cost of cement • Cost of CO₂ avoided 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increase of cement cost < 25 €/t_{cement} • Cost of CO₂ avoided <30 €/t_{CO2}

*SPECCA = Specific primary energy consumption for CO₂ avoided

Nine experimental campaigns have been scheduled, five short tests of three days each one and 4 long tests of one week each one.

The aim of the short tests is to identify the most attractive operating conditions for the longer test runs. Therefore, particular attention will be given to the analysis of the governing parameters of the CaL process, namely:

- **Oxydant for the calcination process: Air/Oxygen;**
- **Calclner outlet temperature;**
- **Type of CO₂ sorbent;**
- **Gas flow rate at carbonator inlet;**
- **Solid to gas ratio in the carbonator;**
- **Solids temperature at carbonator inlet.**

