Characterization and causes of North Atlantic cold biases in climate models







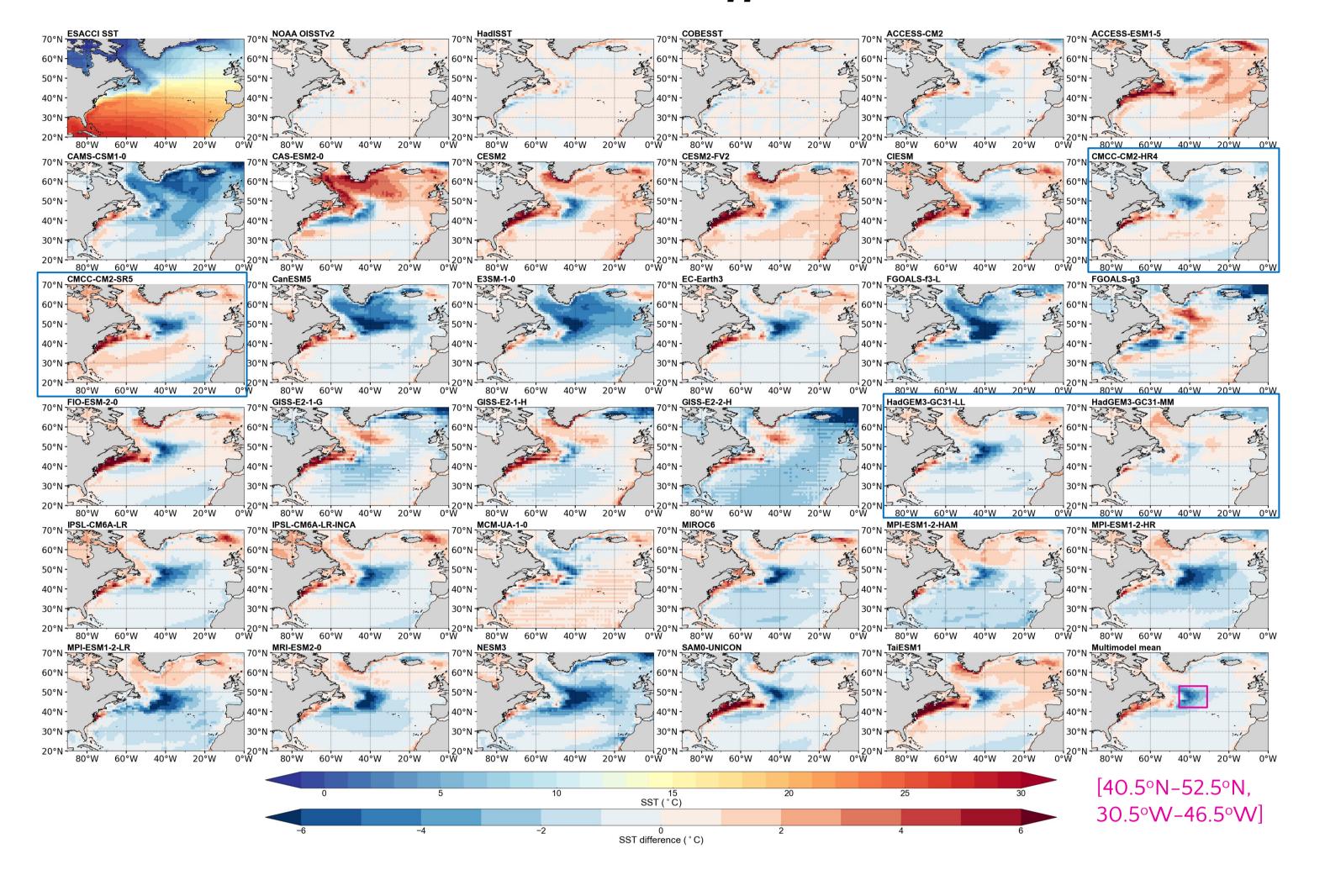




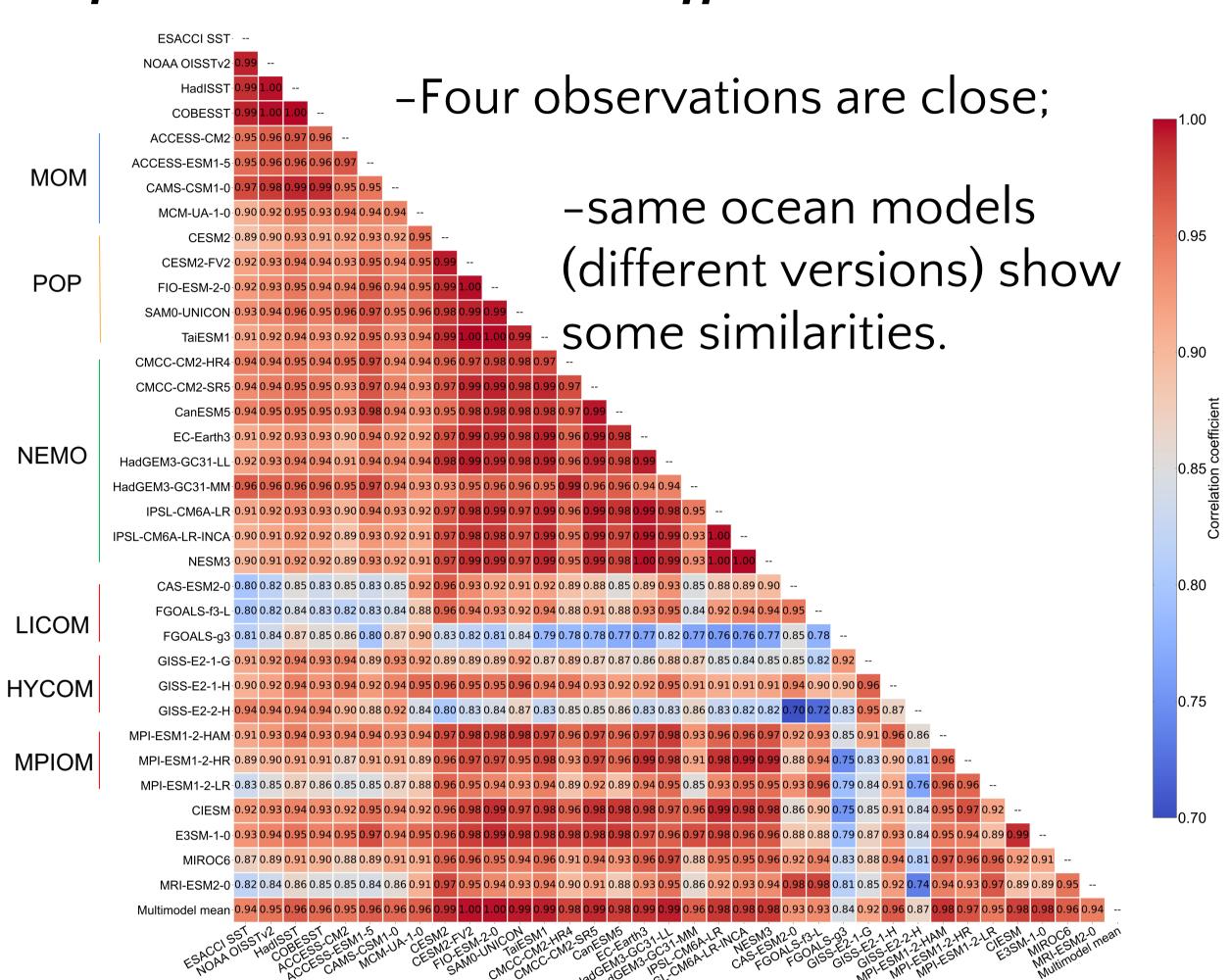
Xia Lin, François Massonnet, Helena Barbieri de Azevedo, Pablo Ortega, Xiaoming Zhai

Most climate models simulate temperatures that are too low in the North Atlantic (NA). These biases are a primary source of concern, as they directly affect the skill of predictions and the confidence in projections in the NA, Europe, Pacific, and the Arctic.

SST and SST difference



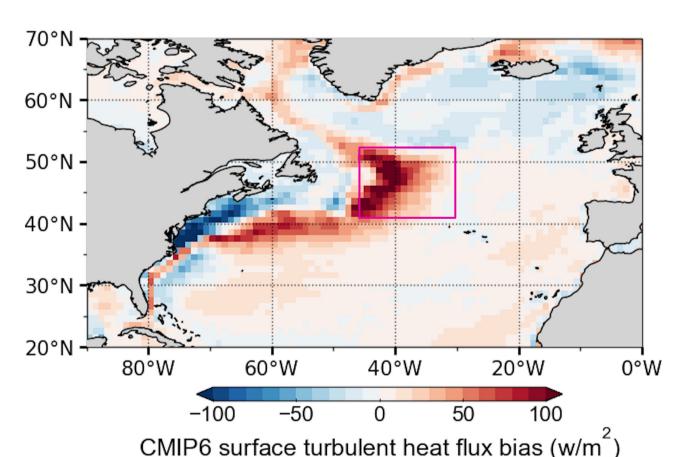
Spatial correlation coefficient

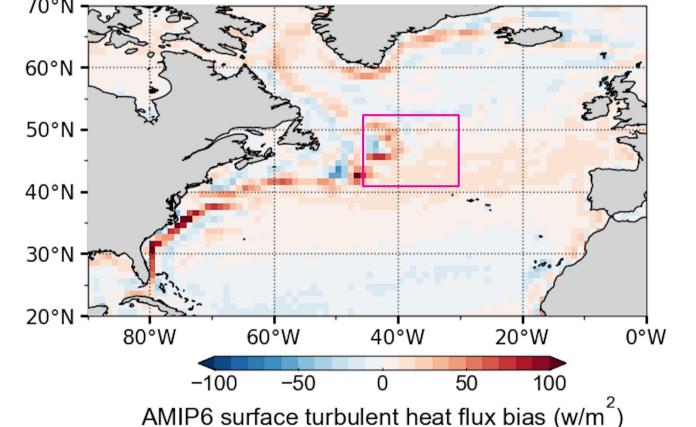


Contributions from the Atmospheric and Ocean processes are studied

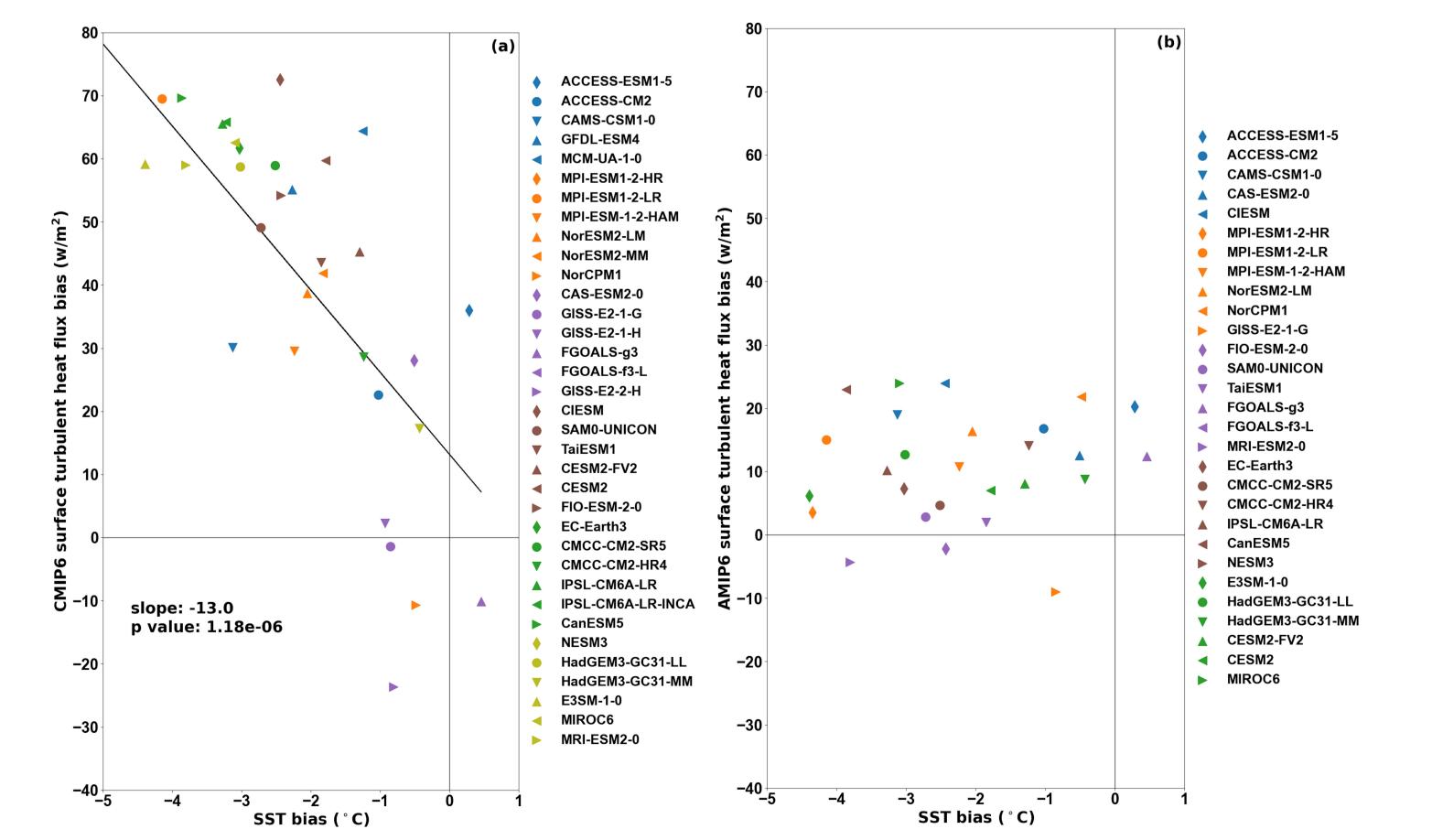
surface heat flux

2001-2014 MMM CMIP6 & AMIP6 surface turbulent heat flux (THF) bias



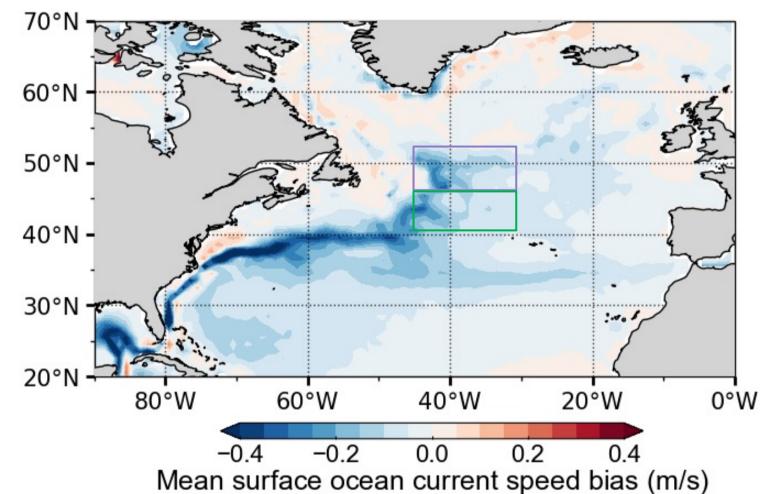


CMIP6 SST bias vs. CMIP6 & AMIP6 THF bias SST bias induced turbulent heat flux bias



horizontal heat transport and vertical mixing

2001-2014 MMM CMIP6 surface ocean current speed bias

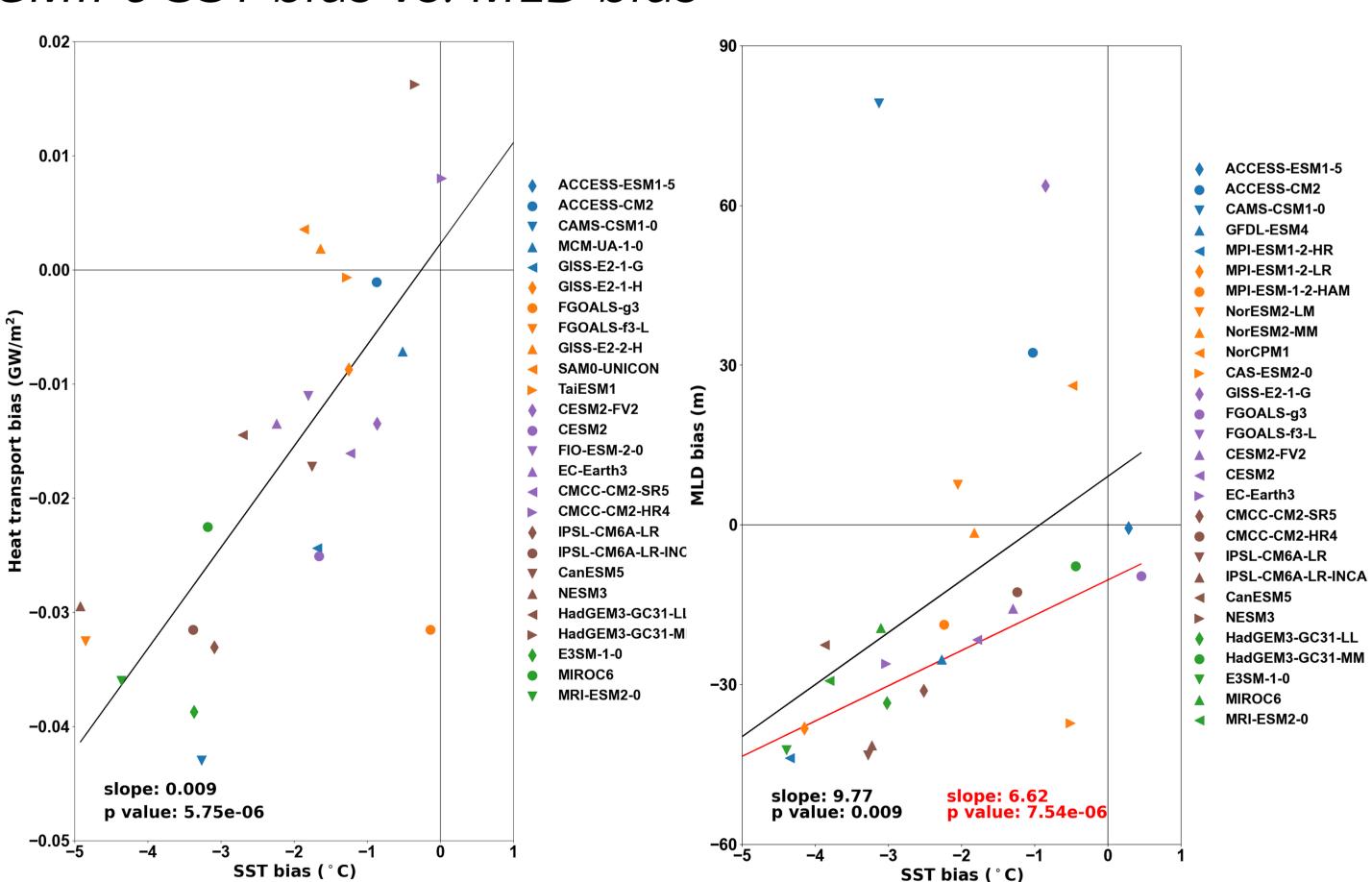


[40.5°N-46.5°N, 30.5°W-46.5°W]

Weak Gulf Stream induced weak heat transport and cold SST bias

MLD bias is a not a reason

CMIP6 SST bias vs. heat transport bias across 46.5°W CMIP6 SST bias vs. MLD bias



Any comments/questions? Get in touch! xia.lin@uclouvain.be Machine learning and data analysis in oceanography, Liège, 8th-12th May