

Boosting Plastic Packaging Recyclability: Setting the Right Standards

WEBINAR **27 April 2023** 10:00 - 12:00 CEST







HSbooster.eu

Horizon Standardisation Booster

Nicholas Ferguson COMMpla, HSbooster.eu Coordinator

The HSbooster.eu has received funding from the European Union's Horizon Europe Framework Programme (HORIZON) - under grant agreement no 101058391.



EU Valorisation Week: New code of practice on standardisation in the European Research Area

- Knowledge, know-how and innovation key for longterm competitiveness
- Standards key for getting innovative technologies and products to market
- Standards are everywhere" Clean Hydrogen Alliance, De-carbonisation of industry
- Standards is relevant for all stages of research projects – from proposal, project start to final stages
- More training and support to improve knowledge and expertise in standardisation.
- Standards can open up markets, a lack of standards can close markets
- "Learn about Standardisation Booster Supporting projects to valorise results through standards" – Maive Rute
 "Moving Rute"
 "Maive Rute"

27April 2023, EU Valorisation Week



Three wishes -

- Innovators when working on groundbreaking tech- make sure standardisation is part of your project
- Research Standards should be covered in research projects so it is supported by a broad base of stakeholders
- Universities Education to form the next generation of standards professionals is needed.

- Maive Rute, Deputy Director-General and Chief Standardisation Officer, Directorate-General Internal Market, Industry, Entrepreneurship and SMEs, European Commission





Author: Ivana Mijatovic, Biljana Tosic

Created on: March 2023

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el of expertise ^	owing 1 - 8 out of 9 training contents found Resource Impact of standards on market creation: medical/healthcare robot HAL by Cyberd		Standardis Register now!
Beginner 2 Intermediate	Author: Yoko Ikeda, Michiko Iizuka Created on: March 2023	Format Case Study	
Advanced 1 Advanced 2	Resource	Level of expertise	3 more training webinars by June
aining format ^ Case Study	Unlocking new value from urban biowas VALUEWASTE & CWA 17866:2022		EU Standardisation System – May 2023
Training Course	Author: Gemma Castejón, Martín Soriano Created on: March 2023	Format Case Study	Standards in Use – June 2023
	Resource Classifications of Standards	Level of expertise Beginner 1	Consortia & company based standardsiation –

HSbooster.eu

TRAINING ACADEMY

Improving expertise in standardisation for R&I project consortia

Training Course

Format



HSbooster.eu Service Matrix



Facilitating R&I innovation related stakeholders in EU projects towards EU standardisation and ensuring two-way flow of information that can contribute to identification of new areas for standardisation.



Agenda and Speakers

10:00 **C** Setting the Scene – Nicholas Ferguson

- 10:10 Plastic Packaging Update on Regulation and M/584 - Laure Baillargeon
- 10:40 Standardisation landscape: overview and how standardisation can pave the way Valentin Cottin & Vincent Colard
 11:00 Research and Innovation Projects: Making an Impact in Europe:
 - MERLIN César Aliaga
 - CIMPA Maria Vera-Duran
 - **upPE-T <u>– Henar Arag</u>uzo Rivera**
- 11:30 **Panel Discussion**
- 11:50 Wrap-up: Linking Research and Innovation with Standardisation – Sultan Wood



Nicholas Ferguson COMMpla Srl, HSbooster.eu Project Coordinator



César Aliaga ITENE MERLIN Project



Laure

Baillargeon

DG GROW, European

Commission, Policy

Officer

Maria Vera-Duran EuRIC CIMPA Project



AFNOR, CEN/TC

261 Packaging

Valentin Cottin Valentin Colard

> Citeo, CEN/TC 261/SC 4/WG 10 Convenor



Araguzo Rivera

UNE

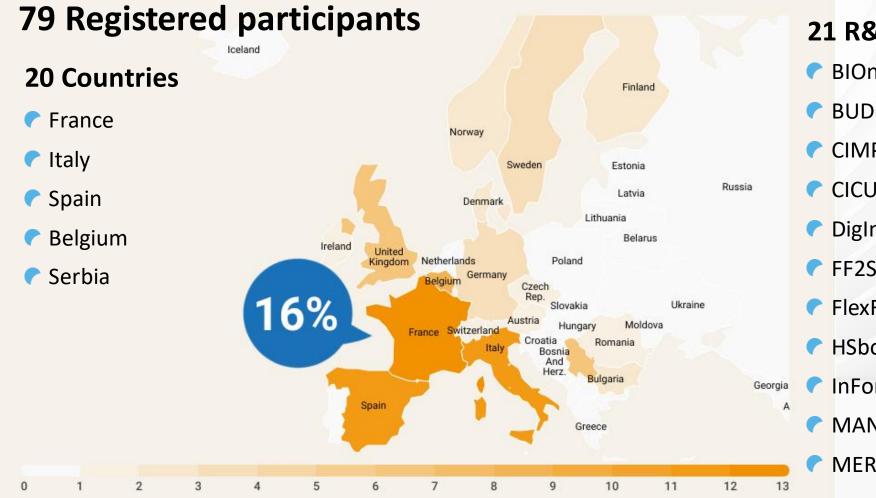
upPE-T Project



Sultan Wood

Danish Standards HSbooster.eu Project





21 R&I Projects represented

	BIOnTop	PLASTICE
	BUDDIE-PACK	PRESERVE
	CIMPA	SEALIVE
ussia	CICULAR FoodPack	Sol-Rec2
	DigInTrace	SWForum.eu
	FF2S	UpLift
	FlexFunction2Sustain	upPE-T
	HSbooster.eu	Agro2Circular
Georgia	InFormPack	 Yangi
A	MANDALA	ZeroF
	MERLIN	



Housekeeping

- This event is being recorded in its entirety. A link to the full recordings will be shared with participants afterwards
- All presentations will be available at the HSbooster.eu website straight after the webinar
- Please don't activate your microphone and videos unless the host gives you permission
- Please do ask questions. Use the 2000 for any questions. Indicate which speaker you are putting the question to and we'll also try to answer things directly in the chat.
- If you do not see the buttons at the bottom of the Zoom window, move the mouse on that window and buttons will appear
- If you experience bad quality in audio, try switching off your video (webcam button at the bottom of your Zoom screen)
- Participate the interactive poll at Sli.do.com #HSboosterWebinar





Thank you

Nicholas Ferguson – <u>n.ferguson@commpla.com</u>

Coordinator & COMMpla & Trust-IT



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HSBooster webinar

Boosting Plastic Packaging Recyclability: Setting the Right Standards

27 April 2023 Laure Baillargeon, Unit 'Green and Circular Economy', DG GROW

Policy introduction



Legislation, standards and innovation

- Innovation principle (better regulation)
- 2022 standardisation strategy
 - ➡ Launch of standardisation booster
- Environmental requirements to steer innovation (and vice-versa)



Recyclability of plastic packaging & innovation

Recyclability = packaging design + available infrastructure (+ secondary use)

• Packaging design innovation to stay within recyclability rules & standards

✓ More performing packaging (e.g. new features)

✓ Easier to recycle or other environmental improvements

I Design innovation incompatible with existing rules on recyclability

- Infrastructure innovation can open new possibilities
 - ✓ Greater recyclability of existing packaging formats
 - ✓ Allow more freedom in packaging design



Standardisation request on recycled plastics

M/584 of 1 August 2022

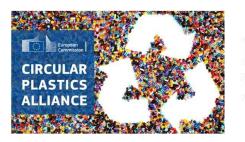


Why a request for European standards on design-for-recycling of plastic packaging?



Commitment by the Circular Plastics Alliance





European Strategy for Plastics (2018)

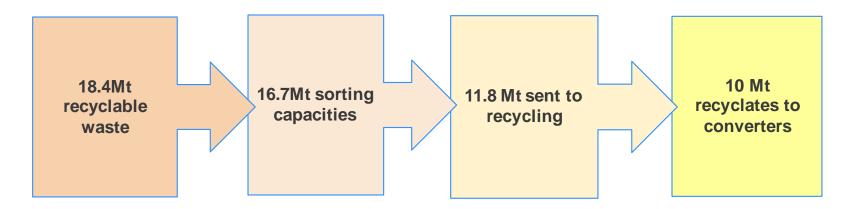
Europe has examples of successful commercial partnerships between producers and plastics recyclers (e.g. in the automotive sectors), showing that quantity and quality issues can be overcome if the necessary investments are made. To help tackle these barriers, and before considering regulatory action, the Commission is launching an EU-wide pledging campaign to ensure that by 2025, ten million tonnes of recycled plastics find their way into new products on the EU market. To achieve swift, tangible results, this exercise is addressed to both private and public actors, inviting them to come forward with substantive pledges by June 2018. The details are presented in Annex III.

CPA declaration (2019)

The Circular Plastics Alliance endorses the ambitious target that by 2025 at least 10 million tonnes of recycled plastics should find their way into products and packaging in Europe each year (hereafter referred to as "the 10 million tonnes target"), helping to deliver the circular economy with a life cycle approach.



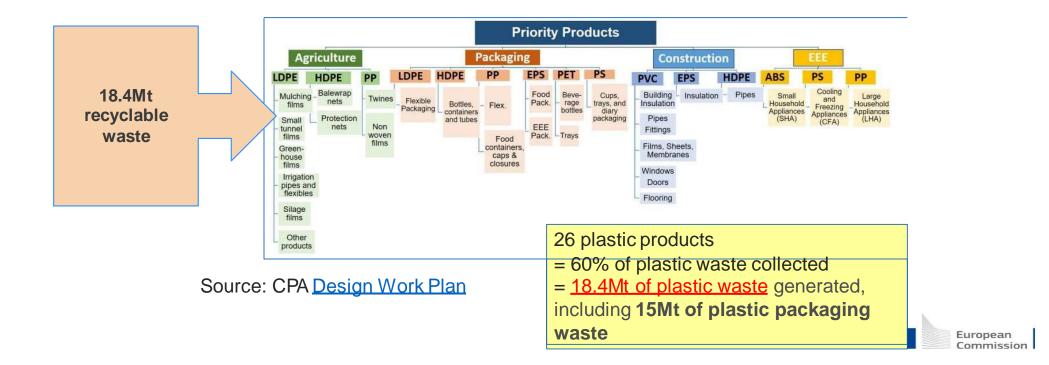
Roadmap to 10Mt



(Source: <u>CPA untapped potential report</u>)



Recyclability is the first step



Follow up

\Rightarrow Standardisation request <u>C(2022)5372 of 1 August 2022</u> (M/584)

ANNEX I

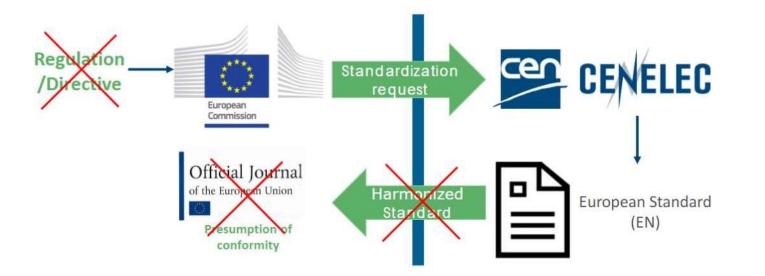
European standards and European standardisation deliverables referred to in Article 1

Table 1.List of new European standards and European standardisation deliverables tobe drafted and deadlines for their adoption

	Reference information	Deadline for the adoption by the ESOs	
1.	European standard(s) on the process and criteria to evaluate the recyclability of plastic packaging.	2 August 2025	
2.	European standard(s) on the definitions and principles for design-for- recycling of plastic packaging.	2 August 2025	
3	European standardisation deliverables on design-for-recycling guidelines for plastic packaging products: polyolefins flexibles; polystyrene (PS) cups, trays and dairy packaging; polyolefins rigids; polyethylene terephthalate (PET) beverage bottles; PET trays; expanded polystyrene (EPS) packaging.	2 August 2025	

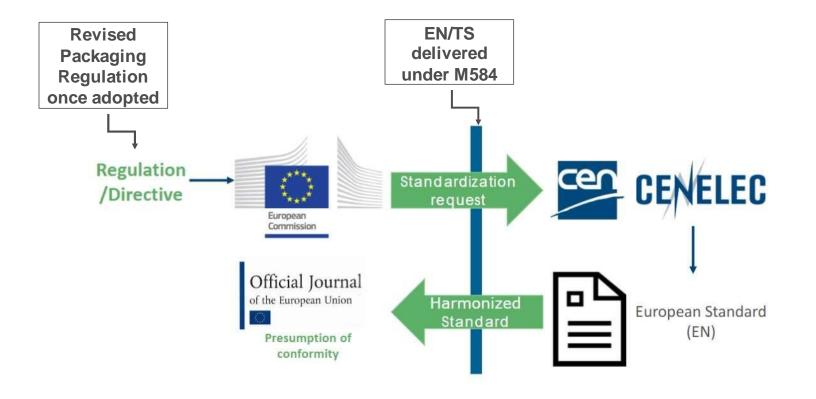


M/584: request for European standards (not harmonised standards)





M/584: possible follow up





M/584: coordination between Commission and standardisers is crucial

- Recital 14 In order to achieve the objectives of the European Strategy for Plastics in a Circular Economy2, the Commission announced in A new Circular Economy Action Plan for a cleaner and more competitive Europe⁵ that it will propose mandatory requirements on recycled plastic content for key products such as packaging, construction materials and vehicles. It is therefore necessary to provide for establishment of close cooperation between CEN and CENELEC and the Commission to ensure consistency between the requested documents and those regulatory developments.
- Article 2 CEN and CENELEC shall provide the Commission with access to an overall project plan. The project plan shall include arrangements ensuring cooperation between CEN and CENELEC and the Commission for the execution of the requested standardisation activities.



Definition of recyclability of plastics packaging

Commission proposal for a revised Packaging and Packaging Waste Regulation of 30 November 2022



What is the Commission proposal on packaging saying on recyclability?



Revised PPWR: recyclability definition (1/5)

Article 6 Recyclable packaging

- 1. All packaging shall be recyclable.
- 2. Packaging shall be considered recyclable where it complies with the following:
 - (a) it is designed for recycling;
 - (b) it is effectively and efficiently separately collected in accordance with Article 43(1) and (2);
 - (c) it is sorted into defined waste streams without affecting the recyclability of other waste streams;
 - (d) it can be recycled so that the resulting secondary raw materials are of sufficient quality to substitute the primary raw materials;
 - (e) it can be recycled at scale.

Point (a) shall apply from 1 January 2030 and point (e) shall apply from 1 January 2035.



Revised PPWR: recyclability definition (2/5)

- (31) 'design for recycling' means design of packaging, including individual components of packaging, in order to ensure its recyclability with state-of-the-art collection, sorting and recycling processes;
- (32) 'recycled at scale' means collected, sorted and recycled through installed state-ofthe-art infrastructure and processes, covering at least 75 % of the Union population, including packaging waste exported from the Union that meets the requirements of Article 47(5);
- (33) 'packaging category' means a combination of material and specific packaging design, which determines the recyclability with the state of the art collection sorting and recycling processes and is relevant for the definition of the design for recycling criteria;



Recyclability definition in M/584 (Annex II, Part B, 1.1)

For the purposes of defining 'recyclable plastic packaging or other product' CEN and CENELEC may consider the following definition: a packaging or other product which can be sorted and recycled in practice and at scale with state-of-the-art technology and infrastructure, and deliver recycled plastic of suitable quality to be integrated into new products.

For the purposes of defining 'design-for-recycling' CEN and CENELEC may consider the following definition: packaging or other product design aiming to ensure that the packaging or other product is recyclable. When defining 'design-for-recycling', CEN and CENELEC shall take due account of the concept of a circular economy where the value of products, materials and resources is maintained in the economy for as long as possible, and the generation of waste is minimised, and of the objective of design-for-recycling to maintain the product's value after recycling, including by ensuring that the quality of the recycled materials is suitable for use back into the same product category or, where the latter is proven not technically or economically feasible, nor the best environmental option, into applications of equivalent quality or economic utility.



Revised PPWR: recyclability definition (3/5)

- 3. Recyclable packaging shall, from 1 January 2030, comply with the design for recycling criteria as laid down in the delegated acts adopted pursuant to paragraph 4 and, from 1 January 2035, also with the recyclability at scale requirements laid down in the delegated acts adopted pursuant to paragraph 6. Where such packaging complies with those delegated acts, it shall be considered to comply with paragraph 2, points (a) and (e).
- 4. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 58 to supplement this Regulation in order to establish design for recycling criteria and recycling performance grades based on the criteria and parameters listed in Table 2 of Annex II for packaging categories listed in Table 1 of that Annex, as well as rules concerning the modulation of financial contributions to be paid by producers to comply with their extended producer responsibility obligations set out in Article 40(1), based on the packaging recycling performance grade, and for plastic packaging, the percentage of recycled content. Design-for-recycling criteria shall consider state of the art collection, sorting and recycling processes and shall cover all packaging components.



Revised PPWR: recyclability definition (4/5)

Table 2: Recyclability performance grades

Recyclability Performance Grade	Assessment of recyclability per unit, in weight
Grade A	higher or equal to 95 %
Grade B	higher or equal to 90 %
Grade C	higher or equal to 80 %
Grade D	higher or equal to 70 %
Grade E	lower than 70 %



Revised PPWR: recyclability definition (5/5)

5. From 1 January 2030, packaging shall not be considered recyclable if it corresponds to performance grade E under the design for recycling criteria established in the delegated act adopted pursuant to paragraph 4 for the packaging category, to which the packaging belongs.

These criteria shall be based at least on the parameters as listed in Table 2 of Annex II.

11. The financial contributions to be paid by producers to comply with their extended producer responsibility obligations as referred to in Article 40 shall be modulated on the basis of the recyclability performance grade, as determined in accordance with the delegated acts referred to in paragraphs 4 and 6 of this Article and, as regards plastic packaging, also in accordance with the Article 7(6).



In summary...

Recyclable =

designed for recycling (inter alia) =

compliant with delegated act, which may refer to a standard



Expected content of CEN deliverables under M/584

As formulated in Annex II, Part A and Part B, 1.1, of M/584



M/584 – expectations on deliverables (Annex II, Part A and Part B, 1.1)

- ✓ Based on test protocols and neutral, independent interpretation of reproducible results
- \checkmark Take into account existing methods and guidelines
- ✓ Qualitative <u>and</u> quantitative assessment of recyclability (e.g. % of a plastic packaging unit that is recyclable)

Rules to identify reference sorting and recycling technology for the assessment (« state-of-the-art »)

✓ Do's and don'ts in guidelines to ensure recyclability, « *including target values and performance ranges where applicable* »



M/584 – expectations on deliverables (others)

- ✓ Governance
- ✓ Regular updates (based on test results)
- ✓ Innovation principle (new sorting and recycling technology)
- ✓ Cover the whole life cycle of a plastic packaging unit
- ✓ Deliver visible results on the market within a few years
- ✓ Make the methodology usable/clear to any market operator



Background

Circular Plastics Alliance documents transmitted to CEN/TC261/SC4/WG10 as inputs for the deliverables under M/584



Circular Plastics Alliance documents

- « Umbrella » **recyclability evaluation process** for plastic packaging, including e.g.
 - Task sharing between steering group and expert pools
 - 3 categories (green, yellow, red)
 - Recyclability \leftrightarrow intended application
 - Determination of critical points and necessary testing
 - Publicly accessible register with test results and members lists
 - Standardised communication with manufacturer



Circular Plastics Alliance documents

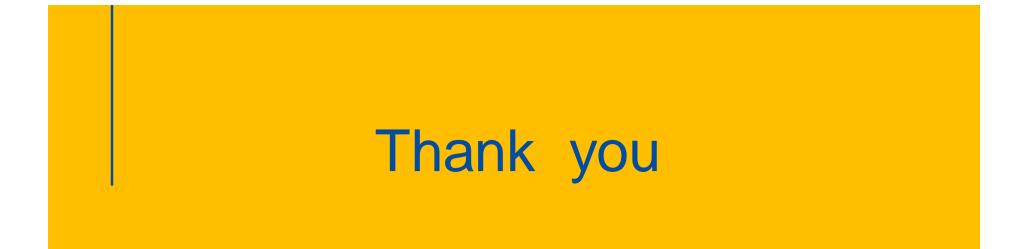
- « Umbrella » methodology to develop design-forrecycling guidelines per plastic packaging category, including e.g.
 - General considerations (mono-polymer design, all components shall be either separable or recyclable)
 - Content of D4R guideline (list of elements to assess and classification in green, yellow, red, determination of separate and integrated components
 - Regular update and multi-stakeholder involvement



Circular Plastics Alliance documents

Per plastic packaging category: draft design <u>and</u> evaluation guidelines (follow-up on <u>CPA Design for Recycling Work Plan</u>)

PET bottles/containers	7	
	EBPB and Petcore design guidelines List of unit operations and testing	
	requirements Yearly update	
PE-based and PP-based flexibles Do's and don'ts (design		
(natural, coloured)	guidelines) Recyclass	
	assessment protocols	
	List of unit operations and testing	
	requirements Yearly update	_
HDPE bottles, containers and	Recyclass design guidelines	
tubes, and PP bottles and	List of unit operations and testing requirements	
containers (natural, coloured)	(WIP) Yearly update	
PS trays and dairy packaging	Recyclass design guidelines and assessment	
	protocols List of unit operations and testing	
	requirements	European
	Yearly update	Commission
EPS Food contact and protectiveDo's and don'ts (design guidelines) and ref. to Recyclass design guidelines for fish		
(white goods)	boxes	





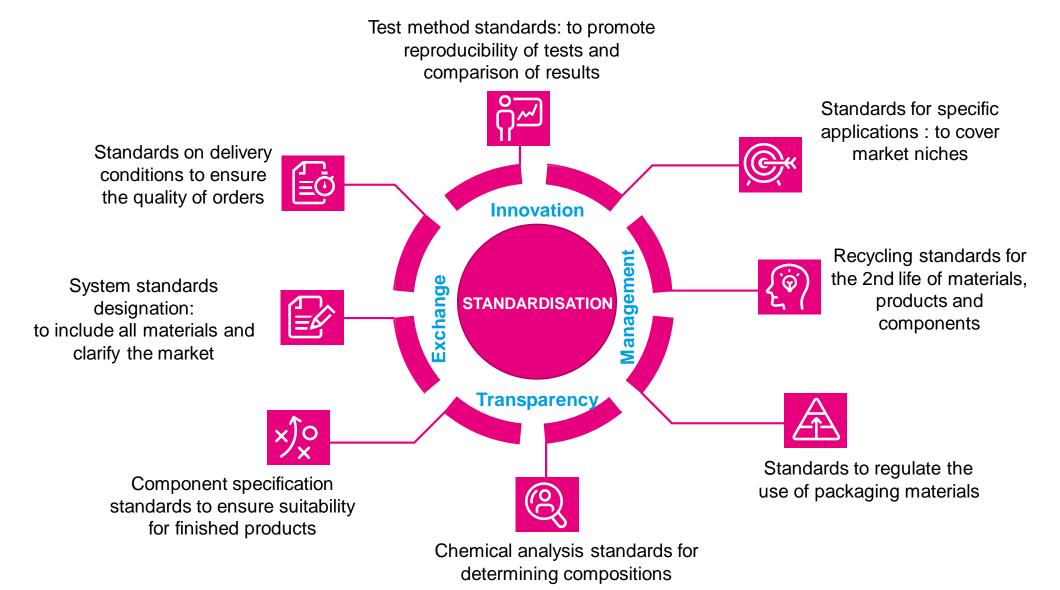
HSbooster Webinar

27/04/2023

Valentin Cottin **AFNOR** Vincent Colard **CITEO**

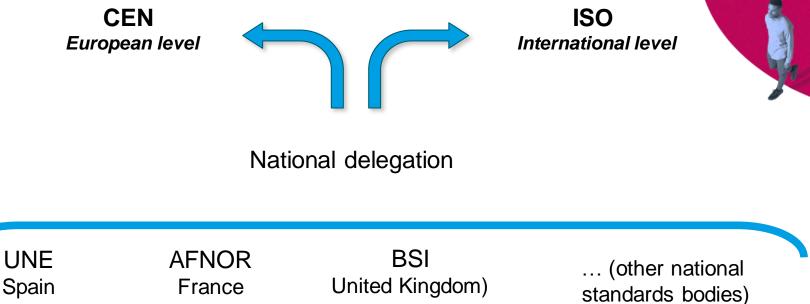


What is the purpose of a standard?



International standardisation

FOLLOW, PARTICIPATE AND INFLUENCE INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS



35.000 standardisation documents in the world | **90%** of published standards are international

Standardisation committees are composed of companies, public authorities, laboratories, research centers, consumers, NGOs, trade unions and local authorities, consumers, NGOs, trade unions, local authorities, etc.

Europe (CEN)

International (ISO)

JOIN AN INTERNATIONAL WORKING GROUP NOW



- CEN/TC 261/WG 1 : Management standards for packaging of foodstuffs
- CEN/TC 261/WG 7 : Reuse
- CEN/TC 261/SC 5/WG 1 : Packaging of dangerous goods
- CEN/TC 261/SC 4/WG 10 : Design for recycling for plastic packaging products



- ISO/TC 122/WG 12 : Supply chain applications of logistics technology
- ISO/TC 122/WG 18 : Active and intelligent packaging
- **ISO/TC 122/SC 4** : Packaging and the environment
- ISO/TC 122/WG 5 : Terminology and vocabulary



CEN/TC 261

THE EUROPEAN STANDARDISATION STRUCTURE FOR PACKAGING

Chaimanship : France ; Mr. Emmanuel Guichard (FEBEA)

Committee management : France ; Mr. Valentin Cottin (AFNOR)

Creation date : 1990

Participating countries: 34

Several European partner organisations : (PRE, FEVE, eucp, CEFLEX, ECOS, EUROPEN ...)

Published standards : 346



"Packaging"

MAIN STANDARDS RECENTLY PUBLISHED OR IN THE PROCESS OF BEING PUBLISHED :

- **EN 17428**, Packaging - Determination of the degree of disintegration under simulated home composting conditions

- EN XXXXX, Packaging - Protocol to assess plastic packaging sorting

- EN 17665:2022, Packaging - Test methods and requirements to demonstrate that plastic caps and lids remain attached to beverage containers

- EN 13048:2022, Packaging - Flexible aluminium tubes -Internal lacquer film thickness measurement method

- EN 17220:2019, Packaging - Flexible aluminium tubes - Tube nozzles

- **EN 15421:2021**, Packaging - Flexible aluminium tubes - Determination of the adhesion of the internal and external protective lacquering

From standardisation to regulation

CEN/TC 261/SC 4/WG 10 IS RESPONDING TO THE STANDARDISATION REQUEST M/584 FROM THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION





- European standard(s) on the process and criteria to evaluate the recyclability of plastic packaging
- European standard(s) on the definitions and principles for design-for-recycling of plastic packaging
- European standardisation deliverables on design-forrecycling guidelines for plastic packaging products: polyolefins flexibles; polystyrene (PS) cups, trays and dairy packaging; polyolefins rigids; polyethylene terephthalate (PET) beverage bottles; PET trays; expanded polystyrene (EPS) packaging

Too many recyclability guidelines in Europe ! (non exhaustive list)



RECOUP



TRAY CIRCULARITY **EVALUATION PLATFORM (TCEP)** ELLEN MACARTHUR FOUNDATION

National pact guidelines







COTREP







RecyClass













National "recyclability" definitions (non exhaustive list)



Las ancica R. 541-200 A. B. 541-222 entrest on viguenta à comport à la "painter 2022, de fiçois programito, pair la pair de la pa

Le Premier ministre.

Sur le rapport de la ministre de la transition écologique et du ministre de l'économie, des finances et de la

retance; Va lo règlement (Eb) n° 1907/2006 du Parlement européen et du Consell du 18 décembre 2006 concernant l'enregistrement, l'evaluation et l'autorisation des substances chimiques, ainsi que les restrictions applicables à ces substances (BFACM) instituut nue agrece européeme des products chimiques, méditat la directive 1994/5CE et abrogenet le règlement (CEB) n° 73/93 du Consell et le règlement (CE) n° 1488/94 de la Commission ainti que directive 17/97/05/EE du Consell et de directive 91/95/SCE, 93/05/CEE, 93/05/CEE a 2002/CEI de la

Commission; Vu le règlement (CE) n° 1272/2008 du Parlement européen et du Conseil du 16 décembre 2008 relatif à la classification, à l'édupatage et à l'embalage des substances et des mélanges, modifiant et abrogeant les directives 6/5748/CEE et 1994/SCE: et modifiant le règlement (CE) n° 1907/2006; Vu la directive 9/4/2/CE du Parlement européen et du Conseil du 20 décembre 1994 relative aux emballages et aux déchest d'emballages;

aux ocients o eminimanges ; Ve la directive (UE) 2015/1535 du Parlement européen et du Conseil du 9 septembre 2015 prévoyant une procédure d'information dans le domaine des réglementations techniques et des règles relatives aux services de la société de l'information ;

French definition by law for communication purpose, link with EPR methodology, Cotrep for plastic packaging



Please note: This English version is a convenience translation - the German version shall prevail

Minimum standard for determining the recyclability of packaging subject to system participation pursuant to section 21 (3) VerpackG

in consultation with the German Environment Agency (Umweltbundesamt)

Osnabrück, 31 August 2021

German approach for design and bonus/malus system, based on single methodology and experts

Swedish draft law for packaging design, which introduce the 5% rule barrier and foreign material

Recueil des textes légaux et réglementaires de l'Agence suédoise de protection de l'environnement

ISSN 1403-8234

Règlement de l'Agence suédoise de protection de l'environnement sur la détermination des taxes sur le les emballages en tenant compte de la recyclabilité;

NFS 2022: Publié

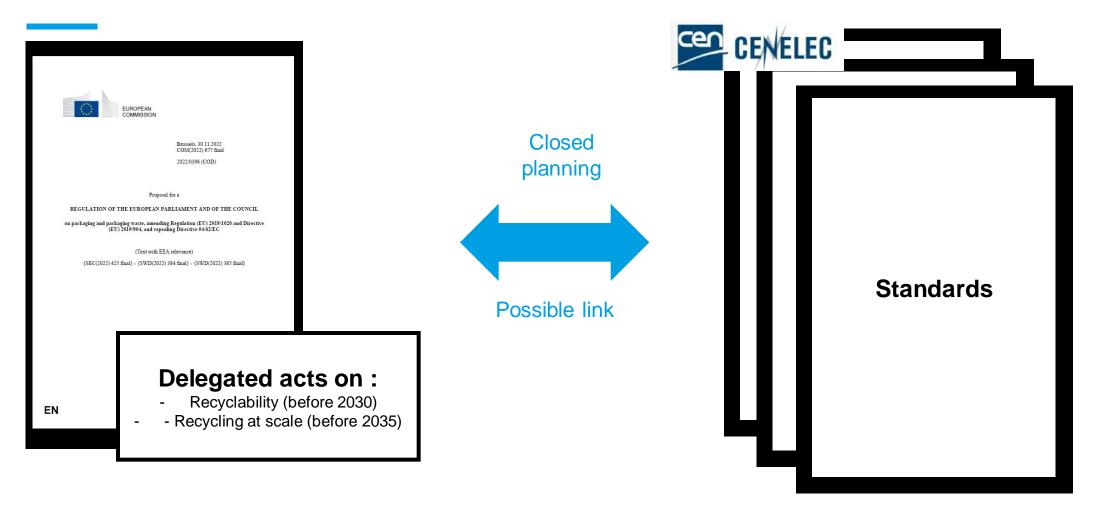
adopté le XX janvier 2023.

L'Agence suédoise de protection de l'environnement établit1 ci-après, en vertu du chapitre 5, section 30 de l'ordonnance (2022:1274) sur la responsabilité du producteurs pour l'emballage.

Champ d'application

Artikel 1 Ce règlement contient des dispositions sur la façon dont une organisation compétente en matière de responsabilité des producteurs (PRO) doit tenir compte de la recyclabilité d'un emballage lors du calcul de la taxe sur l'emballage qu'un producteur paie à une organisation de responsabilité

Strong need of harmonization at European level



Moving from « voluntary » design criteria to enforced one to reach 100% of recyclable packaging



Deliver consensual standards which could be used by PPWR

A unique opportunity for plastic packaging

Committee Internal Balloting on NWI

2 items on methodology

- Definition and principles
- Process and criteria

6 items on guidelines

- PET bottle
- PET other rigid packaging
- PE and PP rigid packaging
- PE and PP flexible packaging
- PS rigid packaging
- EPS packaging

7 items on protocols

- Sorting
- PET bottle recycling
- PET other rigid packaging recycling
- PE and PP rigid packaging recycling
- PE and PP flexible packaging recycling
- PS rigid packaging recycling
- EPS packaging recycling

Decision from TC and Convenor on project leaders





Methodology – recyclability scope





VS

Recyclability criteria – table construction

• Most of the recyclability tables look like :

Perfect	Intermediate	Not recyclable or disturb recycling



End of NWI ballot			First draft standard consultation and 5 th WG10 meeting		6 th WG10 meeting to launch the second consultation	
28/03	01/05	24/05	30/06 for draft standards 06/07 for WG10 meeting	Septembre	05/10 & 06/10	
3 rd WG10 meeting		4 th WG10 meeting on NWI comments		Each subgroup have to answer comments on draft standards		



Upcycling of PE & PET wastes to generate biodegradable bioplastics for food and drink packaging





Contents

- > upPE-T project overview
- UNE, Spanish Association for Standardization
- Activities in the context of European Horizon projects (and upPE-T)
- Activities of UNE and success stories



An overview of upPE-T project



An overview of upPE-T project



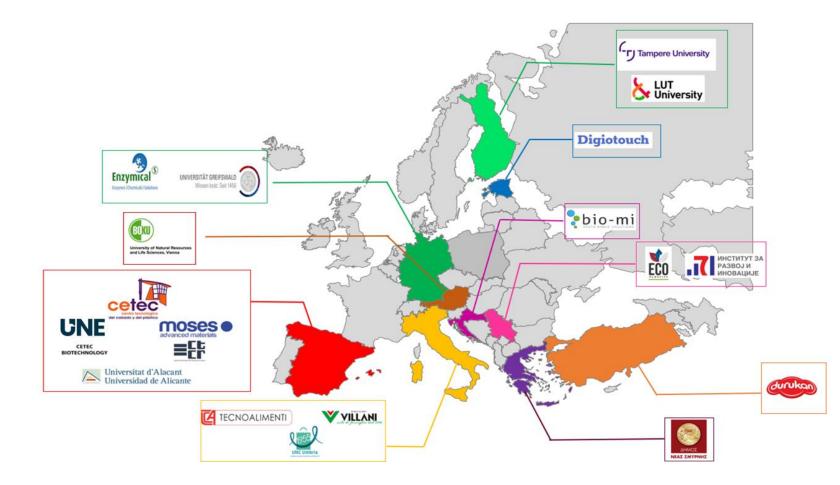
upPE-T

Upcycling of PE & PET wastes

to generate biodegradable bioplastics

for food and drink packaging

An overview of upPE-T project



upPE-T

UNE

Grant agreement ID: 953214

Funded under: H2020-EU.2.1.4

Status: Ongoing project

- Start date: 1 November 2020
- End date: 31 October 2024

Coordinated by:

ASOCIACIÓN EMPRESARIAL DE INVESTIGACIÓN CENTRO TECNOLÓGICO DEL CALZADO Y DEL PLÁSTICO DE LA REGIÓN DE MURCIA (CETEC)



UNE, Spanish Association for Standardization

UpPE-T

UNE, Spanish Association for Standardization



- ✓ Non-profit, private and independent organization
- ✓ Spanish official National Standardization Body since 1986 (formerly known as AENOR)
- ✓ Location: Madrid.
- ✓ Staff: 70 persons (60% female)
- Activities: National, European & International Standardization, Integration of standardization in R&I (>100 projects)

UpPE-T

UNE, Spanish Association for Standardization



Main role in upPE-T project:

- UNE provides support to the Consortium regarding standardization aspects
- ✓ Not participating as national organization, but as member of European and International Standards Organizations:



Main objectives of standardization activities within the project:

- ✓ Facilitate exploitation and dissemination of project results by using standards and generating new standards
- ✓ Increase the long-term impact of the project outside the consortium





1. Analysis of the applicable standardization landscape

Identification of: - Published standards and standards under development relevant for the project

- Technical Committees (TCs) and other standardization bodies related to the project.

	Definition of the strategy	 Selection of TCs to contact with and content to disseminate Planning
2. Contribution to ongoing and	Interaction with standardization TCs	 Follow-up TC activities and update TCs Participation of experts, project liaison
future standardization	Standardization process	 Via Workshop: Development of CWA/IWA (new, fast-track standard) Via TC: Contribution to an ongoing standard (new or under revision) Request for modifying a standard Development of new standard(s)



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2. Contribution to	Definition of the strategy	 Selection of TCs to contact with and content to disseminate Planning
	Interaction with standardization TCs	Follow-up TC activities and update TCsParticipation of experts, project liaison
	Standardization process	 Via Workshop: Development of CWA/IWA (new, fast-track standard) Via TC: Contribution to an ongoing standard (new or under revision) Request for modifying a standard Development of new standard(s)



1. Analysis of the applicable standardization landscape

Identification of: - Published standards and standards under development relevant for the project

- Technical Committees (TCs) and other standardization bodies related to the project.

	Definition of the strategy	 Selection of TCs to contact with and content to disseminate Planning
2. Contribution to ongoing and	Interaction with standardization TCs	Follow-up TC activities and update TCsParticipation of experts, project liaison
future standardization	Standardization process	 Via Workshop: Development of CWA/IWA (new, fast-track standard) Via TC: Contribution to an ongoing standard (new or under revision) Request for modifying a standard Development of new standard(s)



upPE-T project:

8 Technical Committees contacted

- CEN/TC 249 Plastics
- CEN/TC 261 Packaging
- CEN/TC 261/SC 4 Packaging and Environment
- ISO/TC 61 Plastics
- ISO/TC 122 Packaging
- **ISO/TC 122/SC 4** Packaging and the environment
- **ISO/TC 61/SC 14** Environmental aspects
- ISO/TC 207 Environmental management

Participation of experts in 5 working groups:

- CEN/TC 249/WG 9 BioBased and biodegradable plastics
- CEN/TC 249/WG 11 Plastics recycling
- **CEN/TC 261/SC 4/WG 2** Degradability and organic recovery of packaging and packaging materials
- CEN/TC 261/SC 4/WG 10 Design for recycling for plastic packaging products
- ISO/TC 61/WG 14 Environmental aspects

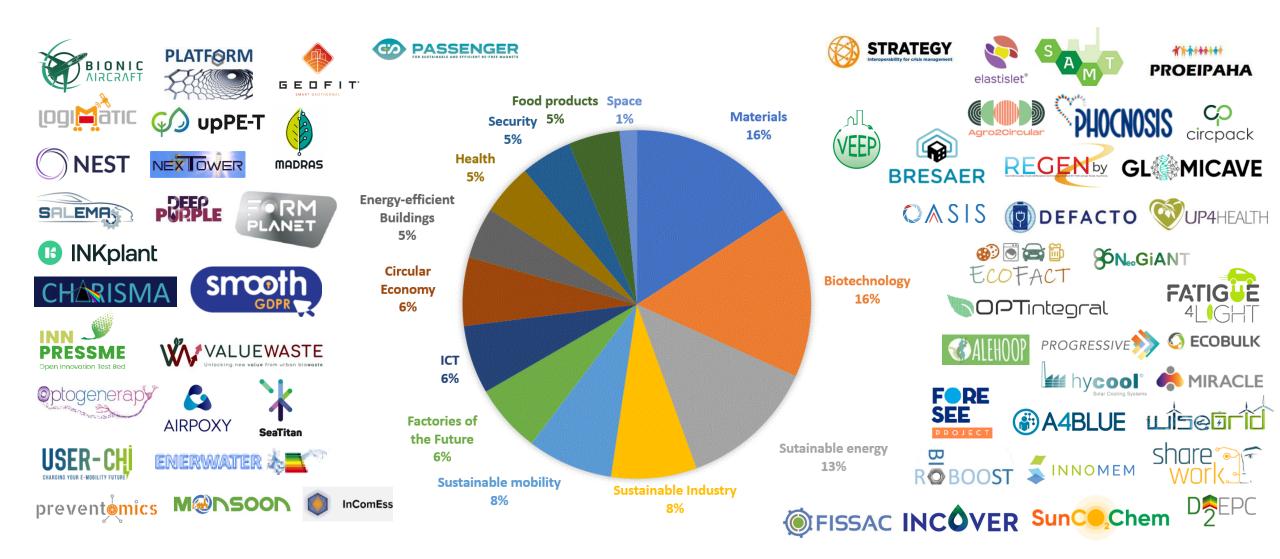
PLANNED: Development of a "CWA" (CEN/CLC WORKSHOP AGREEMENT)



Activities of UNE and success stories



Activities of UNE and success stories





Activities of UNE and success stories

Circular Process for Eco-Designed Bulky Products and Internal Car Parts

2 CWAs developed on recyclability of composite materials in the automotive sector (CWA 17806 and CWA 17807)



Standard method and online tool for assessing and improving the energy efficiency of wastewater treatment plants

CEN/TR 17614:2021 on measurement and improvement of energy efficiency in wastewater treatment plants, published in CEN/TC 165.



ECOBULK

Advanced materials solutions for next generation high efficiency CSP tower systems

- CWA 17726 on accelerated ageing of ceramic tiles for solar receivers.
- Leading the review of ISO 18755.



- Next-generation Dynamic Digital EPCs for Enhanced Quality and User Awareness
- Creation of CEN/TC 371/WG 5 Operational rating of energy performance of buildings.



Thank you!





HS BOOSTER 27/04/2023



The MERLIN project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 Research and Innovation Programme under Grant Agreement No 101003883

MERLIN



MERLIN: Increasing the quality and rate of MultilayER packaging recycLINg waste

Call: H2020-SC5-2020-2 - Improving the sorting, separation and recycling of composite and multi-layer materials





MERLIN consortium





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Summary of Merlin

PROBLEM

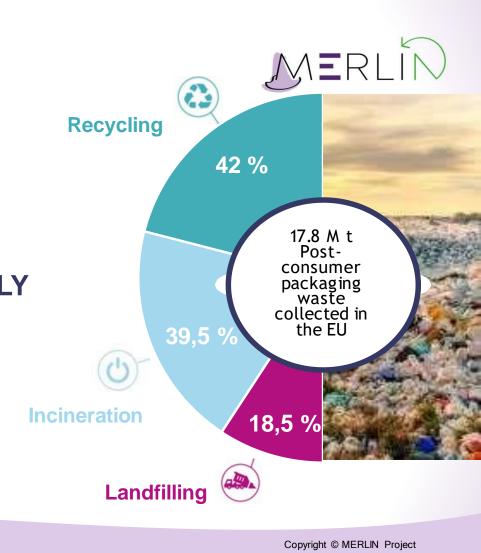
- Post-consumer packaging waste in the EU 17.8 M Tn (2018)
- **L** Recycling rate 42%.
- L Economic impact 10.605 M€.
- Lenvironmental Impact 7.42 MT of CO2

FRACTIONS CURRENTLY NOT WIDELY RECYCLED

- Rigid multilayer packaging (PET/PE)
- Flexible packaging (PET/POs(i))

www.merlinproject.eu

Metallised flexible packaging (PET/met/POs)



(i) POs: poliolefins.

WHY multilayer packaging ?

- ▲ Type of packaging widely used due to its high performance (17% of packaging).
- Its identification in plant is complex and inaccurate (only external side).
- Different nature of the layers (e.g. PET/PE) makes recycling difficult (need for additivation).
- Delamination suitable for certain very specific structures (certain adhesives and layer configurations).





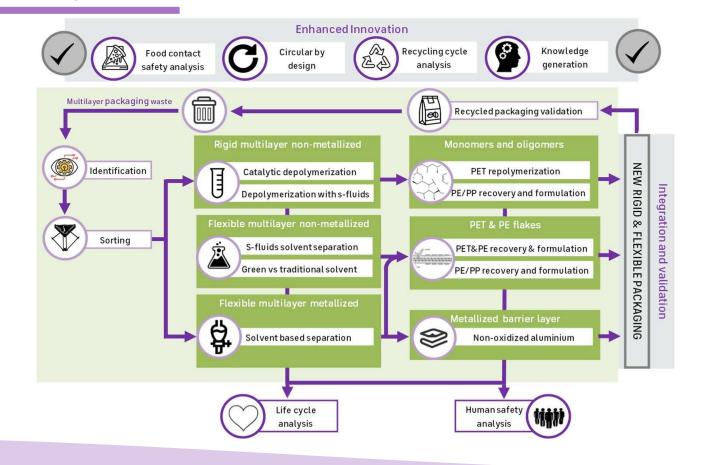
Summary of Merlin

MERLIN's overall objective is the development of new sorting, delamination and recycling processes for both flexible and rigid multilayer post-consumer packaging, in order to produce new packaging solutions (flexible and rigid) for food packaging.





Summary of Merlin





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MERLÍN

MERLIN



CONTRIBUTION TO THE EU PLASTICS STRATEGY

MERLIN's overall objective is the development of new sorting, delamination and recycling processes for both flexible and rigid multilayer post-consumer packaging, in order to produce new packaging solutions (flexible and rigid) for food packaging.

Expand the	
emerging smart	
waste	/
management	
sector introducing	
smart	
technologies in	
sorting plants.	
0 0 0	

Delaminate multilayer structure in packaging: rigid, flexible, and metallized flexible multilayer. Develop and promote new sorting, delamination, recycling and validation processes for both flexible and rigid multilayer postconsumer packaging, in order to produce new packaging solutions (flexible and rigid) for food packaging.

Improve the properties of the recovered material PET and PE. Produce new packaging protype to value retention in the economy, rather than downgrading the multi-layer materials.





What we are looking for

- ▲ Industry inputs on **MERLIN**'s developments
- ▲ Validation of how **MERLIN**'s is in accordance with the European Legislation
- ▲ Inputs from policy makers on where legislation is heading in the future
- L Extrapolation of the value chain for other types of plastic waste
- ▲ Adding new members to the Advisory Board



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CIMPA: Making multilayer plastics more circular



Maria Vera Duran

EuRIC – European Recycling Industries' Confederation

Hsbooster.eu webinar "Boosting Plastic Packaging Recyclability: Setting the Right Standards", 27 April 2023



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement N°101003864.

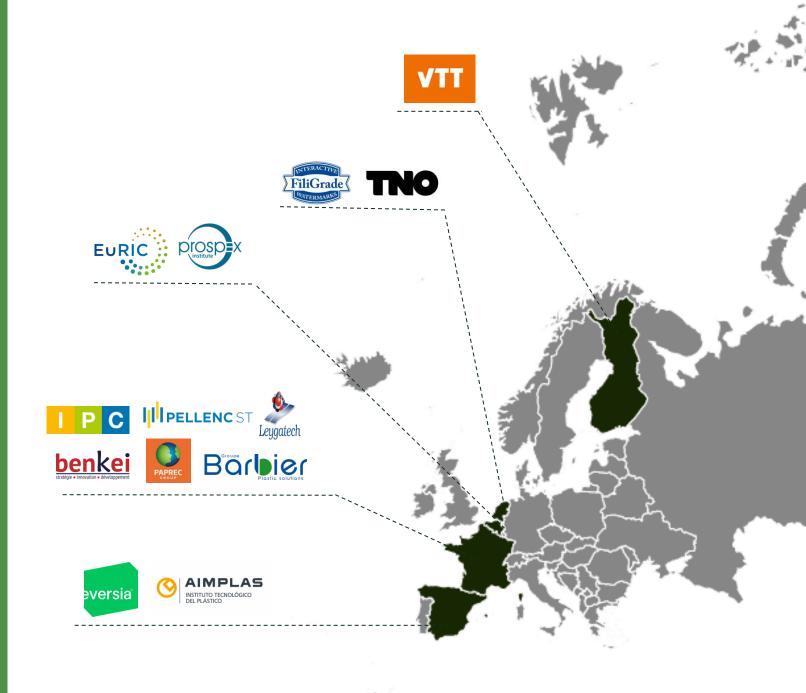
" Our goal is to turn multimaterial films waste into valuable and circular resources through cutting-edge technology and contribute to Europe's Green **Deal agenda**



CIMPA AT A GLANCE

Grant agreement ID: 101003864 Start date: 1 June 2021 End date: 31 May 2024 Funded under: H2020 programme Overall budget: € 4 984 396,25 EU contribution: € 4 984 396,25 Coordinated by: CENTRE TECHNIQUE INDUSTRIEL

DE LA PLASTURGIE ET DES COMPOSITES, France



EU PLASTICS & PACKAGING STRATEGY



50% plastic packaging recycling rate in 2025 (actual rate=38%, 2020) Packaging and Packaging Waste Directive



By 2025 at least **10 million tonnes of recycled plastics** should find their way into products in Europe each year. Circular Plastic Alliance



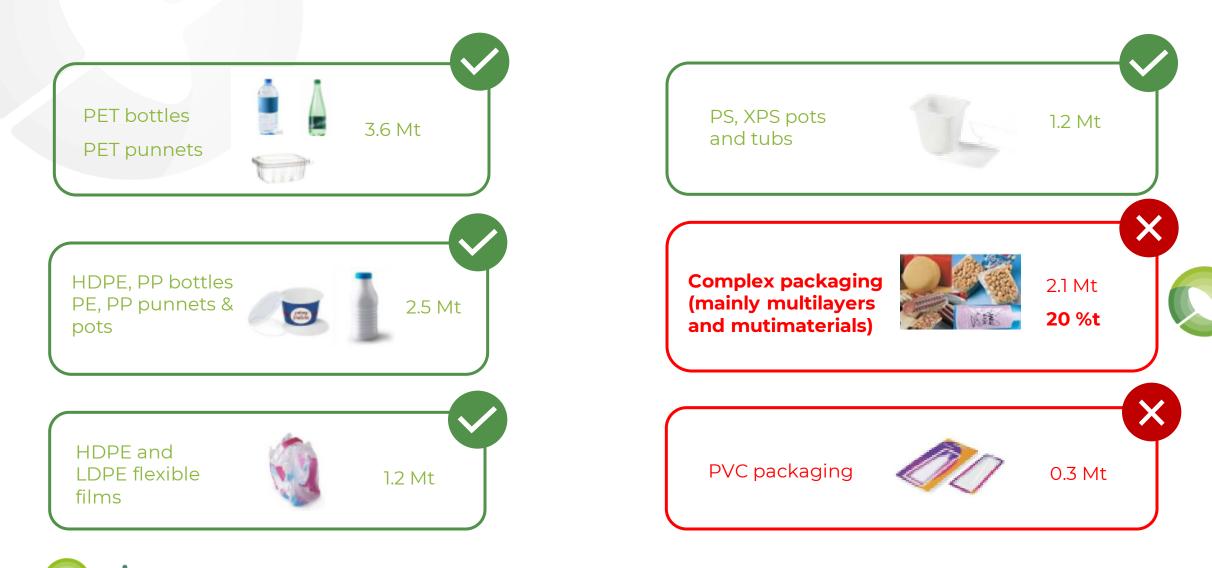




EXAMPLE OF FOOD PACKAGING

Recyclable





MULTILAYER FILMS APPLICATIONS

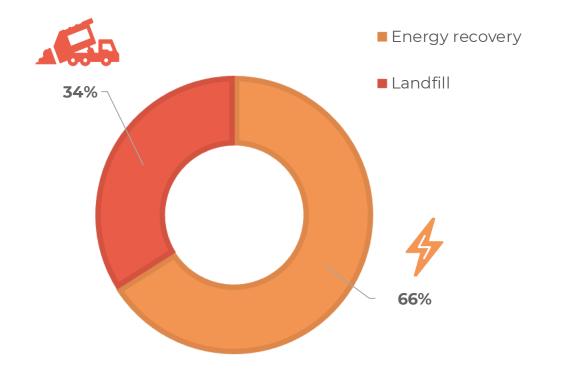
Multimaterial plastic films are used as packaging for the protection of food (2Mt/year) and agriculture for crops (0.6Mt/year)



AN ENVIRONMENTAL AND ECONOMIC ISSUE

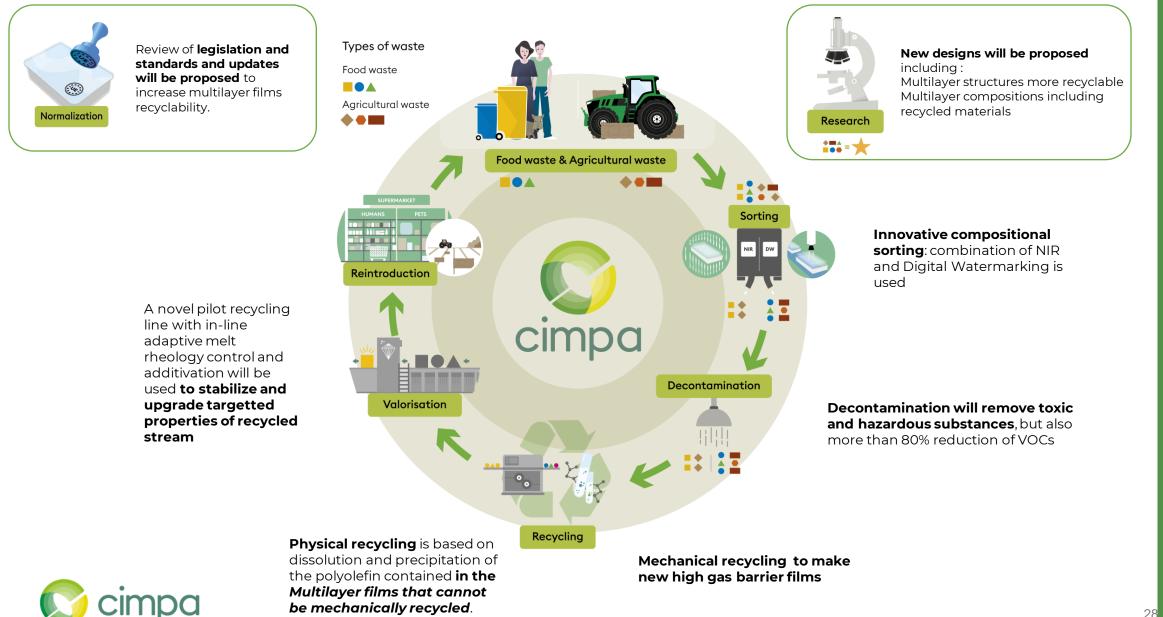
In the last decades, development has focused on the improvement of multi-layer materials properties (barrier, mechanical resistance etc) rather than their recyclability

- Due to current lack of sorting and recycling technologies, multilayer films are mostly incinerated or worse landfilled
- As a consequence, each year, the equivalent of 650M€ to 950M€ economic value is not recovered for the EU economy.





To create a value chain for multilayers recycling and reuse in the food and agriculture packaging markets, in a systemic way, considering all aspects of the value chain



Waste characterisation

Report on Characterization of multilayer in incoming waste flows

Sorting solutions

Joint Prototype FiliGrade and Pellenc ST



Mechanical recycling

Decontamination

Physical recycling

Upgrading



Report on legislative and pre-normative actions

This report offers a panoramic description of the legislative context in Europe and at national level in some specific CIMPA partner countries, as well as the standardization landscape. Available <u>here</u>

HSbooster

European Standardisation Booster: expert assigned to CIMPA project CIMPA partners involved in CEN/TC249/WG11 and CEN/TC261 Packaging

Dissemination and clustering activities

Workshop in Brussels gathering industry, policy makers, NGOs, etc. Online webinar with PRIMUS project on the food contact regulation and PPWR





CIMPA IMPACT

Moving from ~ 2% of ML recycling to a projected recycling rate between 12% (short-term worst-case scenario) up to 72% (in a high impact scenario including return to food contact)

Reduction of virgin material use by to 1.17M ton / year

Reduction of waste incinerated or landfilled by up to 2.34M ton / year

Reductions of CO₂ emissions by 2 to 4Mt/y

Average value retentions in EU (= economic value saved in a circular vision) between 0.3B€ / y up to 2.2B€ /y





Do you have any questions? Follow the project updates

cimpa-h2020.eu





This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement N° 101003864.

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