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ENHANCE
YOUR
DATA.

Overview of research data management in chemistry



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Workshop topics



- Introduction
- Research data management basics
- FAIR principles
- Data life cycle
- NFDI4Chem

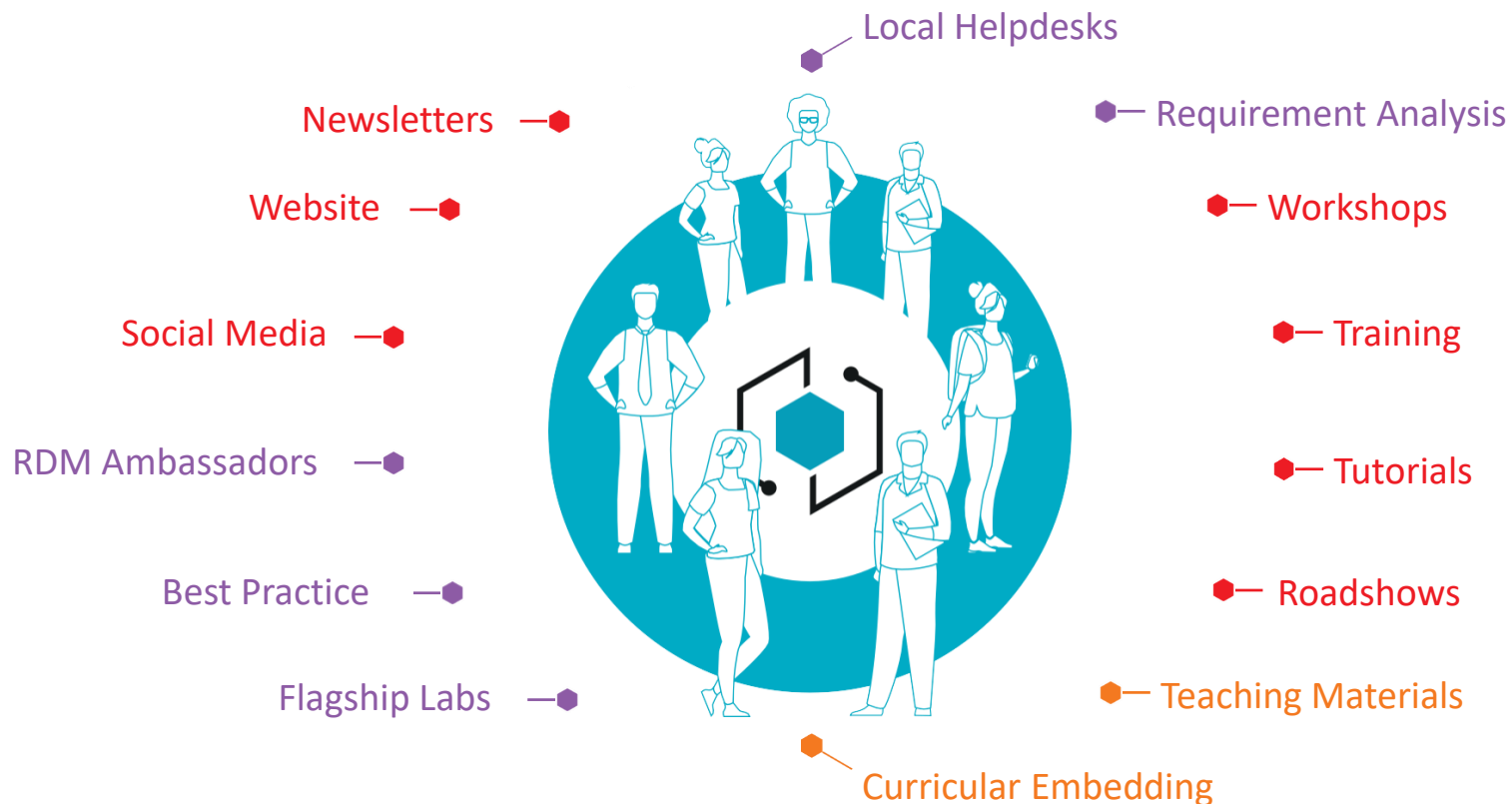
Introduction



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NFDI4Chem: Involvement of the community



Motivation



- NFDI4Chem - Data is available upon reasonable request - RDM in Chemistry SNAFU by UB RWTH Aachen University



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OAOGcvacjql>



 **NFDI₄Chem**

**Data is available
upon reasonable
request - RDM in
Chemistry SNAFU**

ub
University
Library

RWTHAACHEN
UNIVERSITY

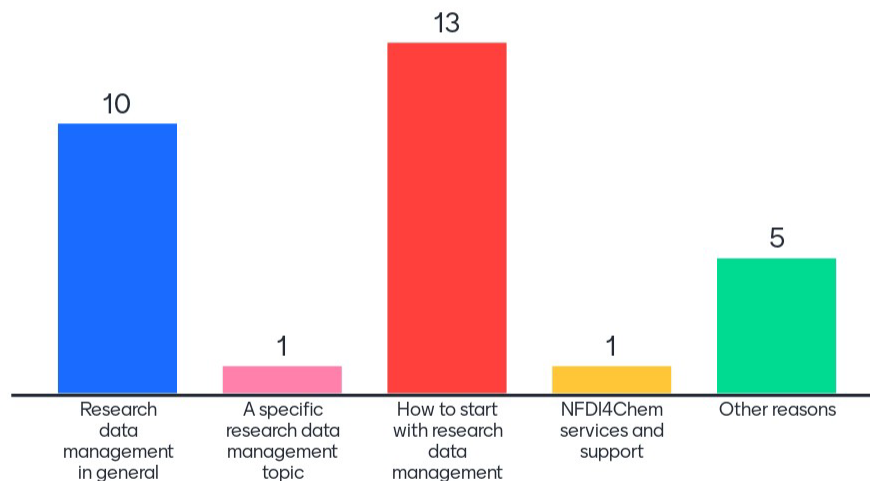




I am attending this workshop to learn more about

- a) Research data management in general
- b) A specific research data management topic
- c) How to start with research data management
- d) NFDI4Chem services and support
- e) Other reasons

I am attending this workshop to learn more about



RDM basics



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Research data



- Difficult to define
- Discipline-specific definitions

DFG:

"Research data include **measurement data, laboratory values, audiovisual information, texts, survey data, objects from collections or samples** that are **created, developed or evaluated** in scientific work. **Methodological test procedures** such as **questionnaires, software** and **simulations** can also represent central results of scientific research and should therefore also be included under the term research data. "

Research data in chemistry



electrochemical data

spectroscopy data

simulations

laboratory notebooks

database content

chromatographic data

models
algorithms

**...everything, that is result and target of
your scientific work**

topographical data

interferometric data

experimental data

ellipsometric data

crystallographic data

software

microscopy data

Research data management



- Activity of working with research data throughout the research process
- Including all aspects from data collection, to data storage and backup, through to data sharing
- One of the essential areas of responsible conduct of research

"Although handling research data can be challenging, managing your data effectively will not only help your **research to be robust and replicable**, but can help you to **anticipate potential problems** that can occur during the research process, and will **ensure that your research meets the requirements set out by research funders and publishers.**"

Research data management – Why?



nature

News | Published: 11 January 2006

Verdict: Hwang's human stem cells were all fakes

David Cyranoski

Nature 439, 122(2006) | Cite this article

Download PDF

Sections

- Related links
- Rights and permissions
- About this article

Förderung Geförderte Projekte DFG im Profil DFG MAGAZIN

Startseite Service Presse Pressemitteilungen 2019 Wissenschaftliches Fehlverhalten: DFG beschließt Maßnahmen gegen Hirnforscher Niels Birbaumer und Mitarbeiter

Pressemitteilung Nr. 46 | 19. September 2019

Wissenschaftliches Fehlverhalten: DFG beschließt Maßnahmen gegen Hirnforscher Niels Birbaumer und Mitarbeiter

Ausschluss von Antragsberechtigung und Gutachterfähigkeit / Zurückziehung von

- Data security and prevention of data loss
- Verifiability, reproducibility and transparency of research results
- Reduction of scientific errors
- Faster retrieval of data and information
- Long-term availability of research data
- Data re-use in new research projects
- **Required in guidelines and institutional policies on handling research data**
- **Requirement of third-party funders and science organisations**

RDM basics

FAIR principles



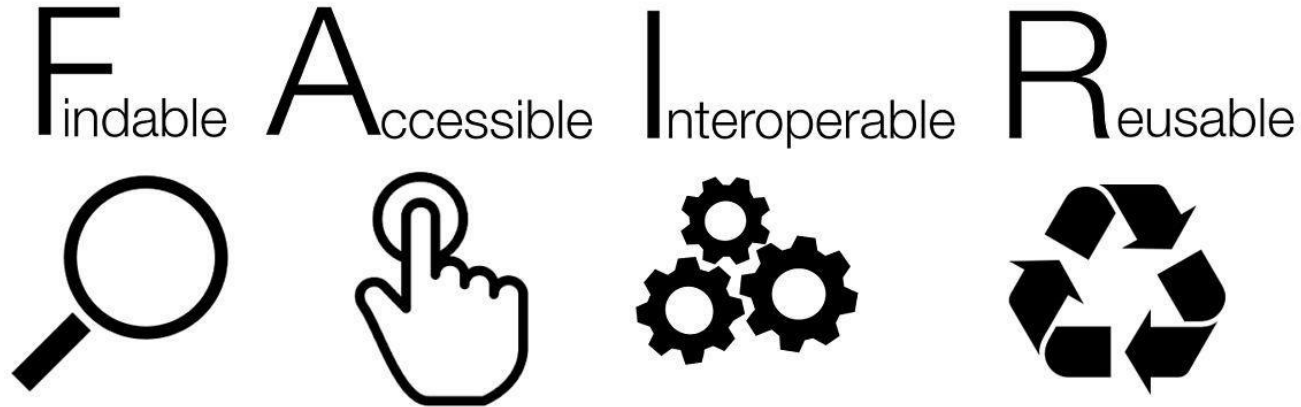
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FAIR principles



- According to the DFG's new guidelines on good research practice, research data must be FAIR!



FAIR principles in detail



FINDABLE	ACCESSIBLE
<p>F1. (Meta)data are assigned a globally unique and persistent identifier</p> <p>F2. Data are described with rich metadata (defined by R1 below)</p> <p>F3. Metadata clearly and explicitly include the identifier of the data they describe</p> <p>F4. (Meta)data are registered or indexed in a searchable resource</p>	<p>A1. (Meta)data are retrievable by their identifier using a standardised communications protocol</p> <p>A1.1. The protocol is open, free, and universally implementable</p> <p>A1.2. The protocol allows for an authentication and authorisation procedure, where necessary</p> <p>A2. Metadata are accessible, even when the data are no longer available</p>
INTEROPERABLE	REUSABLE
<p>I1. (Meta)data use a formal, accessible, shared, and broadly applicable language for knowledge representation.</p> <p>I2. (Meta)data use vocabularies that follow FAIR principles</p> <p>I3. (Meta)data include qualified references to other (meta)data</p>	<p>R1. (Meta)data are richly described with a plurality of accurate and relevant attributes</p> <p>R1.1. (Meta)data are released with a clear and accessible data usage license</p> <p>R1.2. (Meta)data are associated with detailed provenance</p> <p>R1.3. (Meta)data meet domain-relevant community standards</p>

RDM basics

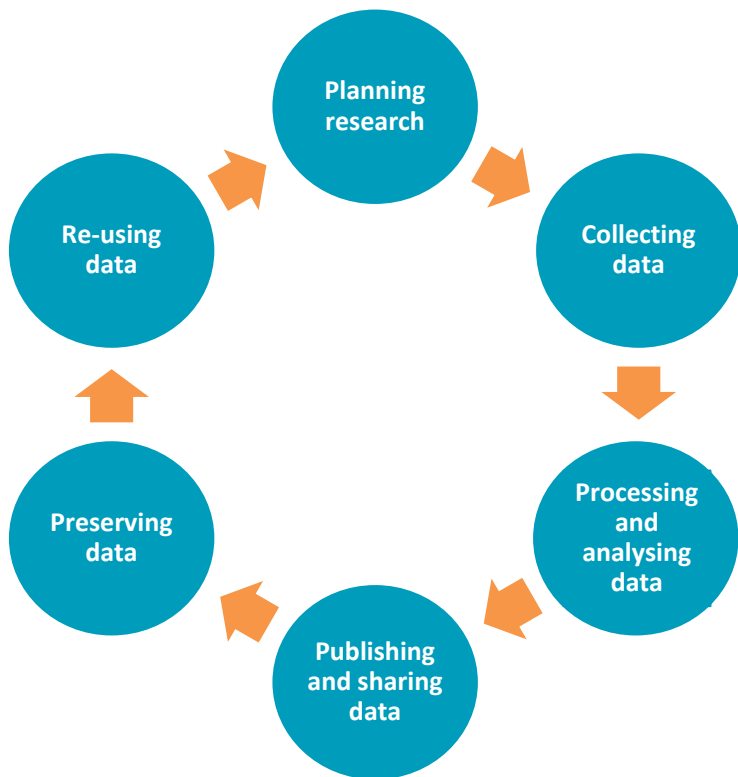
Data life cycle



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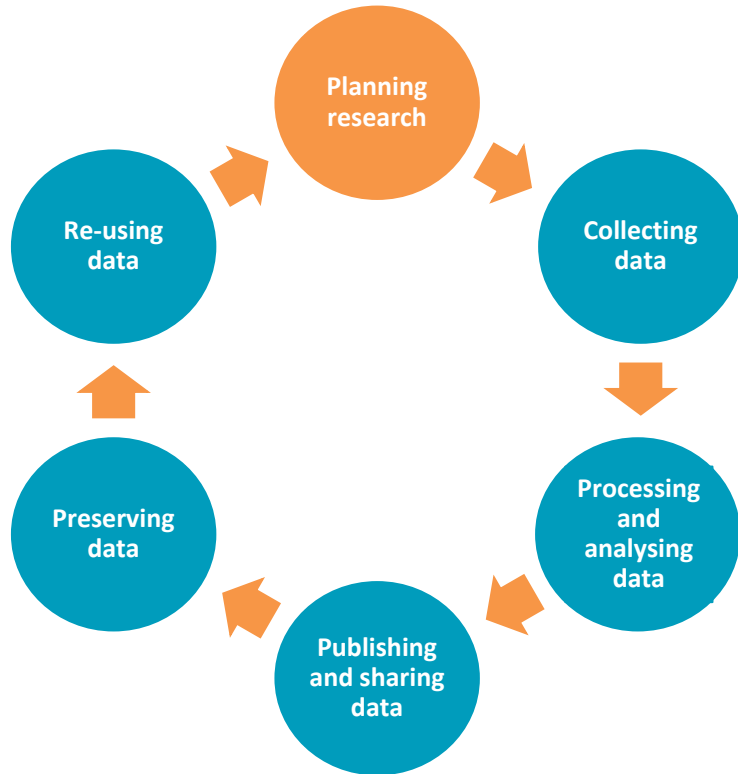
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Data life cycle



- A key concept in research data management
- Describes the lifespan of the data and beyond
- Based on various phases
- Different approaches to the same model depending on the institution, the funder, ...

Planning research



- Research design
- Planning data management (formats, storage locations, ...)
- Create an initial **data management plan**
- Determine responsibilities
- Locate existing data
- Clarify authorship and data ownership
- Coordinate access conditions, prepare consent procedures

Planning research

Data management plan

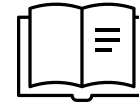
What is a Data Management Plan (DMP)?



Description of the handling of research data during and after a research project

A DMP is a formal and at the same time a living document

- **WHAT** data goes into a project (reuse) and comes out of it (potential reuse)?
- **HOW** does the team take care of the data?
- **WHO** is allowed to do **WHAT** with the data **WHEN**?



Benefits of a DMP



- Supports research
- Supports FAIR
- Saves time in the long term
- Offers continuity
- Helps consider issues related to confidentiality, ethics, security and copyright



Checklist



A checklist must be submitted as part of the proposal

1. Data description
2. Documentation and data quality
3. Storage and technical archiving the project
4. Legal obligations and conditions
5. Data exchange and long-term accessibility
6. Responsibility and resources

Released December 2021

Link to DFG checklist: [de/en](#)



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Planning research

Good Research Practice and Funders



There are different formal requirements depending on the individual research funding organisation! Before you apply, find out exactly what is relevant in your case.

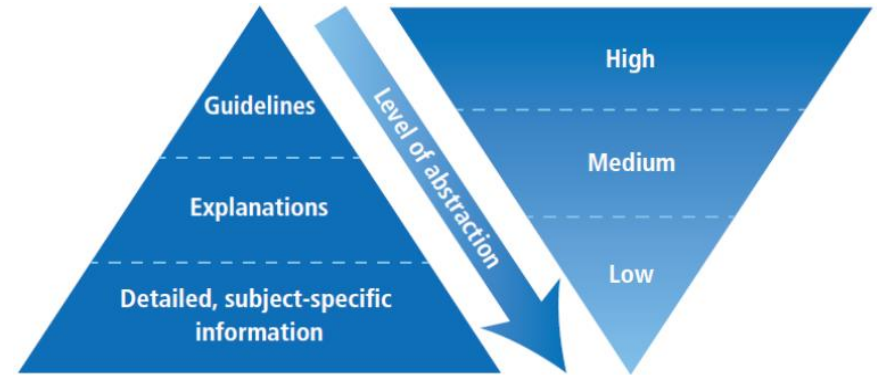
Overview:

<https://www.forschungsdaten.info/themen/informieren-und-planen/foerderrichtlinien/#c492536>

DFG Guidelines for Safeguarding Good Research Practice (2019)



- Fundamental revision of the recommendations from 1998
- Transition extended until 31st July 2023
- Modifications:
 - Recommendations
 - Multidimensional approach
 - Codex with 19 guidelines
 - 11 guidelines on the research process
 - RDM is relevant in 8 of these 11 guidelines



All research institutes must implement these guidelines in a legally-binding manner in order to be eligible to receive DFG funding.



General GRP-Guidelines (DFG)

- Guideline 7: Cross-phase quality assurance
- Guideline 10: Legal and ethical frameworks, usage rights
- Guideline 11: Methods and standards
- Guideline 12: Documentation
- Guideline 13: Providing public access to research results
- Guideline 14: Authorship
- Guideline 15: Publication medium
- Guideline 17: Archiving

Example: Guideline 12 Documentation



- Documentation of **all information** relevant to the production of a research result (in accordance with existing recommendations and guidelines)
- **Selection of results must be avoided!**
- **Documentation** and **research results must not be manipulated**; they are protected as effectively as possible against manipulation.

Relevance in terms of research data:

- Documentation of necessary information to understand the research (results)
- Information on research data used or generated, the methods, evaluation and analysis steps, the development of the hypothesis and citations
- Possibility of replication
- Documentation of the source code in the development of research software



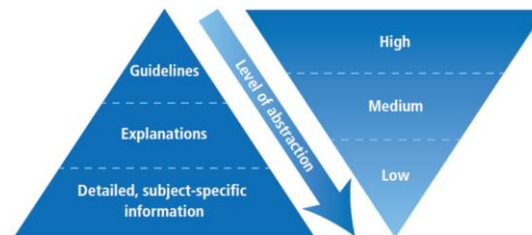
Portal: <https://wissenschaftliche-integritaet.de/en>

for subject-specific information

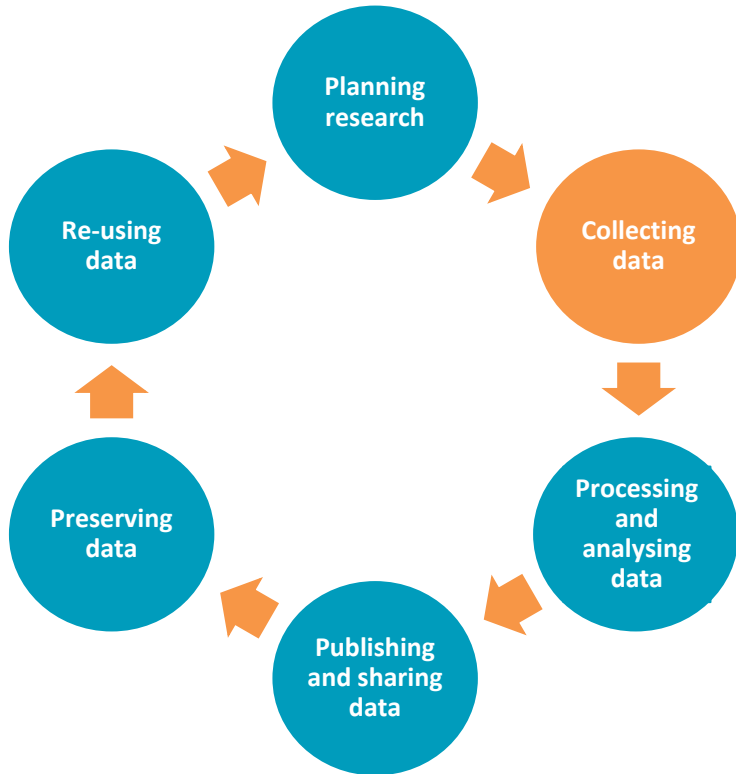
- Articles available in German and English

Exemplary results for chemistry:

- Documentation of research results in experimental chemistry
- Quality assurance in experimental chemistry
- Use of chemistry-specific repositories
- Handling research software - Case studies
- Further links to performance dimensions and evaluation criteria
- Author order in physics and chemistry
- Electronic laboratory journal and repository in chemistry
- Ethical principles in chemistry



Collecting data



- Perform experiments, measurements, simulations, observations...
- Collect and create **metadata**
- **Document und describe data**
- Enter, digitize, transcribe and translate data
- Check, validate and clean data
- **Save and manage data**

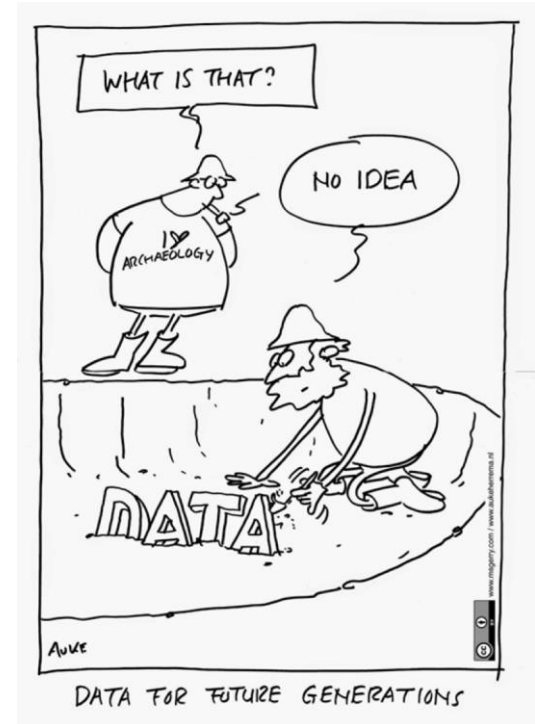
Collecting data

Metadata



What is metadata and why is it important?

- Data that describes data
- Makes datasets searchable (and findable)
- Makes datasets understandable and FAIR
- Machine and human-readable
- Standardization is ongoing



Metadata Schema

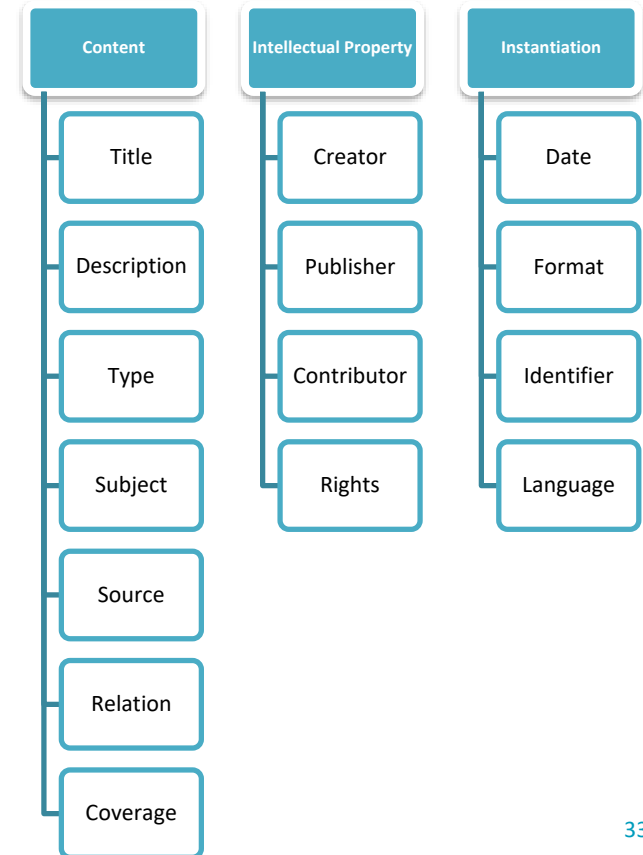


- A Metadata scheme determines and structures the metadata elements.
- Pairs of **metadata element - value**
- Defines input type
- Sets restrictions, such as the use of (controlled) vocabulary or required fields



International Data Exchange format

- 22 elements –
15 with an ISO certificate
- Refinements and encoding schemes for subject specific applications
 - <http://www.dublincore.org/>
 - http://wiki.dublincore.org/index.php/User_Guide





Defines core metadata for research data and it is community driven

DataCite term	SRD 78 (Atomic Spec)	comments
Identifier		lacking - but required - looking for a DOI or
Creator	Alexander Kramida, Yuri Ralchenko, and Joseph Reader, Edward B. Saloman	took the 'active' names from website - can also add affiliation and identifier for each name - DataCite allows more than one and recognizes ordering, DC wants "an entity"
Title	NIST Atomic Spectra Database - SRD 78	took name and appended SRD #, like EDI
Publisher	Atomic Spectroscopy Group, Physical Measurement Laboratory, National Institute of Standards and Technology	If it needs to be reduced - could take group and lab away and leave NIST
PublicationYear		2015
Subject	Atomic spectra, atomic ground state, atomic ionization energy, atomic transition probability, atomic energy levels	EDI entry lists all element names - might be overkill for this purpose
Contributor		Could list "past contributors" or "students contributing to data entry" - how far to go?
Date		Could give more specific date here if that makes sense
Language	en	
ResourceType	Dataset/Atomic Spectra	"Dataset" comes from list, "Atomic Spectra" is free text
AlternateIdentifier	http://www.nist.gov/pml/data/asd.cfm	Should add property alternateIdentifierType with value URI?
GeoLocation		
RelatedIdentifier	http://www.nist.gov/pml/pubs/atspec/index.cfm , http://www.nist.gov/pml/data/asd_contents.cfm , http://physics.nist.gov/PhysRefData/ASD/Html/help.html , http://www.nist.gov/pml/data/asbib/index.cfm	These are resources listed on the homepage (Intro to atomic spectroscopy, intro to ASD contents, help, bibliography)
Size		
Format		
Version	5	
Rights	http://www.nist.gov/data/license.cfm	
Description	This database provides access and search capability for NIST critically evaluated data on atomic energy levels, wavelengths, and transition probabilities that are reasonably up-to-date. The Atomic Spectroscopy Data Center has carried out these critical compilations. The Data Center is located in the Physical Measurement Laboratory at the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).	

Find standards, controlled vocabulary, ...



- FAIRSharing.org

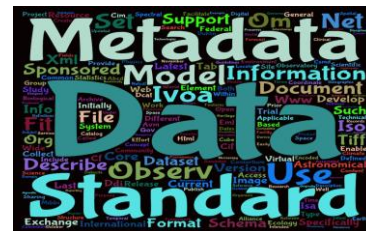
<https://fairsharing.org/>

- NFDI4Chem – Knowledge Base

https://knowledgebase.nfdi4chem.de/knowledge_base/docs/topics/format_standards/

- Metadata Directory of the Research Data Alliance

<http://rd-alliance.github.io/metadata-directory/>



Collecting data

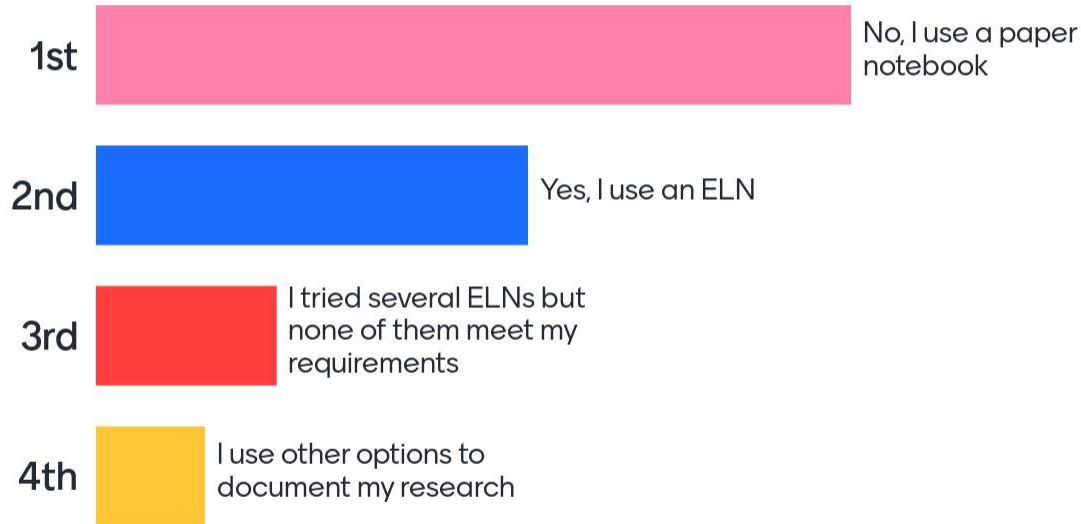
Electronic lab notebook (ELN)



Do you use an electronic lab notebook (ELN)?

- a) Yes, I use an ELN
- b) No, I use a paper notebook
- c) I tried several ELNs but none of them meet my requirements
- d) I use other options to document my research

Do you use an electronic lab notebook (ELN)?



What is an ELN?



Simple System: Blank Sheet

- Enter text
- Add notes
- Add files as attachments (e.g. images, tables)
- Sharing
- Searching

e.g. Evernote, GoogleDrive, Dropbox, MS Sharepoint

Electronic Lab Notebook (ELN)

- + Structured metadata in human and machine-readable formats
- + Discipline-specific functions/editors
- + Rights management
- + Audit trail
- + API (Application Programming Interface)

e.g. Labfolder, RSpace, eLabFTW, Labguru

Laboratory Information Management System (LIMS)

- + Sample management
- + Instrument integration
- + Electronic signatures
- + Reporting or statistics modules

e.g. Benchling, Starlims, Limesophy

Advantages of an ELN



Avoid Data Loss

- Linking experimental descriptions to collected data (analog and digital)
- Secure data storage, backups



F
indable



A
ccessible



I
nteroperable



R
eusable

Standardised Documentation

- Structured and standardised collection of metadata
- Generation of interoperable (meta)data

Knowledge Management

- Data are findable
- Data are accessible
- Data are available, even after change of personnel!

Publication

- Data provision for publication of research results
- Simple transfer of data to repositories

A plethora of available ELNs



... and many more



How to introduce an ELN



Needs assessment:

- Analysing current situation (budget, IT resources, software environment)
- Definition of important features
- ELN concept (generic, discipline-specific)
- Drawing on experiences of other research institutions



Testing the selected products:

- Demo versions or free trial access for individual users
- Testing no more than 2 – 3 ELNs
- In-depth testing using real-life use cases from the lab



Introducing the chosen ELN:

- Run training courses, training material
- Designate contact persons from the test team
- Continuous mentoring

How to introduce an ELN



Needs assessment:

- Analysing current situation (budget, IT resources, software environment)
- Definition of important features
- ELN concept (generic, discipline-specific)
- Drawing on experiences



Testing

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Introducing your ELN:

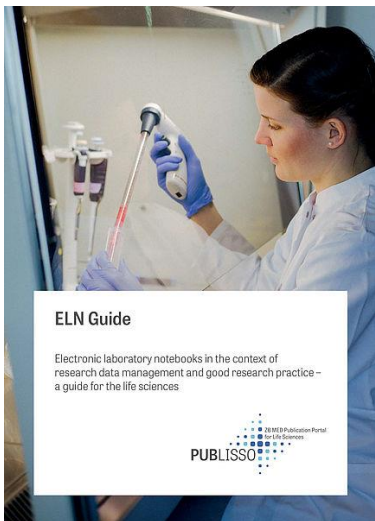
- Run training courses, training material
- Designate contact persons from the test team
- Continuous mentoring

Motivate by demonstrating the benefits!

Further reading



ZB MED Documenting research data: Electronic Lab(oratory) Notebooks



ELN Guide with best practices

Product	Last update	query	Values from provider	Values from external sources	Values from external sources																
					DOI.org usage (Software as a Service)	Local Use (On-premise)	API Trail	FAIR (FAIR 2) part 1	Electronic signature	Workflow Automation	Electronic time stamps	API	API	API	API	API	API	API	API		
Arxlab	2019-12	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N
Benchling	2018-11	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Bioviva	2019-12	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
eLABJournal	2019-12	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
eLabFTW	2019-11	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y
IDBS	2018-11	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
LabArchives	2019-12	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
LabCollector	2019-12	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Labfolder	2019-11	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Labguru	2018-11	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	Y
LabWare	2019-11	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Limsophy	2019-12	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
NuGenesis	2019-12	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
openBIS	2019-11	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y
RSpace	2019-11	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y

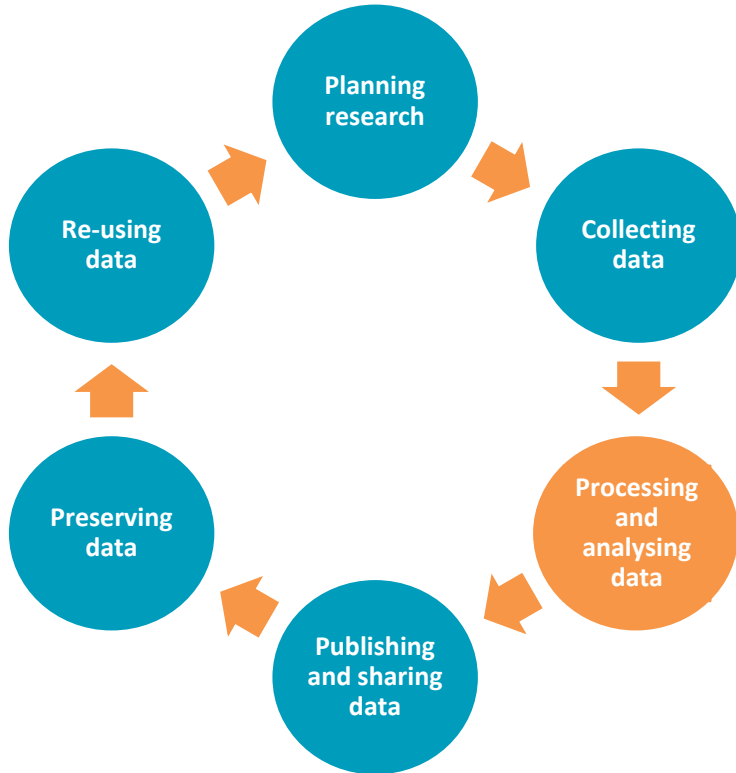
PUBLISSO ELN filter

Toolbox Needs assessment for an electronic lab notebook			
1. Lab requirements			
Requirement	yes	no	Implementation
Is there a "data page" with a basic table for tables, lists, and structures in a paper lab notebook?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Is there a paper form request?
Ability to export data (e.g. MS Office, excel, pdf, json) and address specific data (e.g. spreadsheet)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Is there a paper form request?
Ability to export data from spreadsheets (e.g. R2D, Excel, CSV, JSON, etc.) and generate PDFs (e.g. for publication)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Is there a paper form request?
Standard data entry and processing with a scientific calculator function (e.g. addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, square root, etc.)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Is there a paper form request?
Ability to create and save templates (e.g. for standard operating procedures SOP or protocols)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Is there a paper form request?
Ability to import/export or print digital images (e.g. for publication) and to export data to other systems (e.g. LIMS, ERP, etc.)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Is there a paper form request?
Ability to export data (e.g. pdf, excel, json, etc.)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Is there a paper form request?
3D digital representation of workfiles, processes, projects	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Ability to transfer data to other systems (e.g. LIMS, ERP, etc.) and to export data to other systems (e.g. LIMS, ERP, etc.)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Secure management, including management within the ELN	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Is there a paper form request?
Standard interfaces, e.g. connection to laboratory information management systems (LIMS) and other systems (e.g. ERP, CRM, etc.)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Is there a paper form request?
Collaboration features (e.g. shared workspaces, multi-user editing, etc.)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Is there a paper form request?

Toolbox Needs Assessment

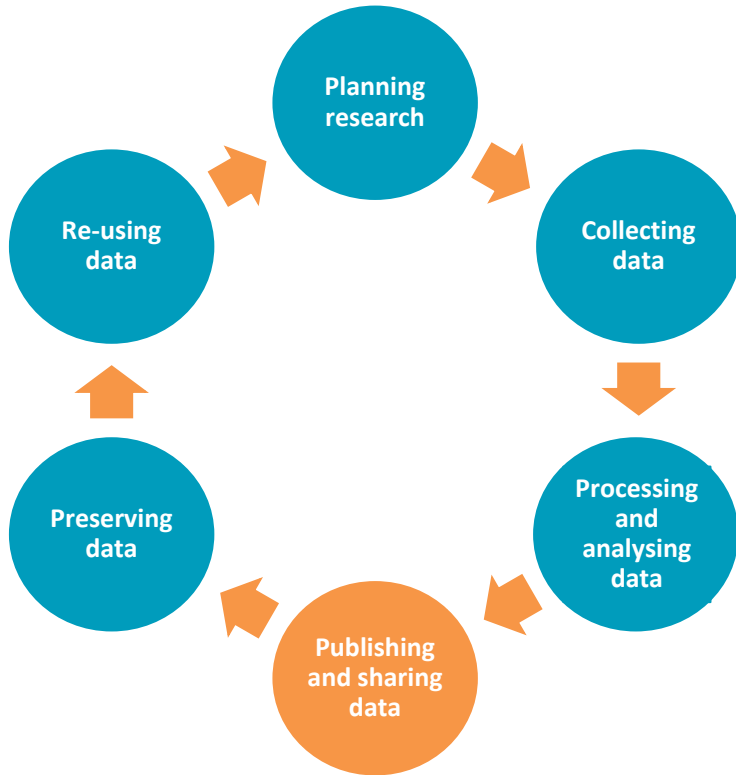
Or check out the eln-finder: <https://eln-finder.ulb.tu-darmstadt.de/home>

Processing and analyzing data



- Interpret data
- Use the data in scientific publications
- Backing-up data and preparing it for data storage
- Enabling data exchange during the project

Publishing and sharing data



- Share, disseminate, publish data
- Making data known and findable (catalogues)
- Making data citable (DOI)
- Issue licences
- Access control (if necessary)

Reasons for Data Publication



- Advantages

- Better (re-)use of your research data
- Increased visibility, openness, transparency and accountability

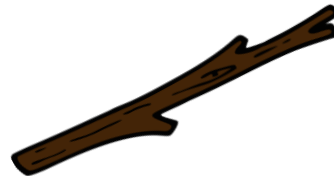
“As open as possible, as closed as necessary”

- Clearly citable with persistent identifiers (e.g. DOI)
- Long-term availability
- Data production as an independent scientific result (e.g. Data Citation Index)



- Requirements

- Of funders
- Of scientific journals





How do you publish your data?

- a) Research article + supplement
- b) Article in data journal
- c) Repository
- d) Website (personal or institutional)
- e) I only ever publish data if specifically required by journal or reviewers
- f) I never publish data
- g) Other options

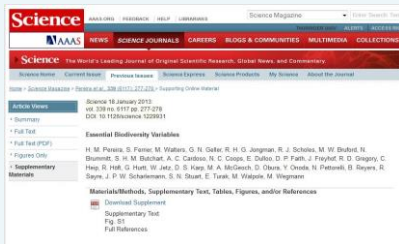
How do you publish your data?



How can I publish my data?



Supplement of an article in scientific journal



Data Journal



Geoscience Data Journal



ONLINE LIBRARY

SCIENTIFIC DATA

Data Repository



Data



Metadata





Dataset
+ Metadata + PID

Generic



Domain-specific



chemotion



Cambridge Crystallographic
Data Centre



Institutional



Further reading: Publishing

- Persistent identifiers (PIDs)

https://knowledgebase.nfdi4chem.de/knowledge_base/docs/topics/pid/

- Data availability statements

https://knowledgebase.nfdi4chem.de/knowledge_base/docs/topics/data_availability_statement/

- Best Practice

https://knowledgebase.nfdi4chem.de/knowledge_base/docs/topics/best_practice/



Further reading: Repositories

- Repositories

https://knowledgebase.nfdi4chem.de/knowledge_base/docs/topics/repositories/

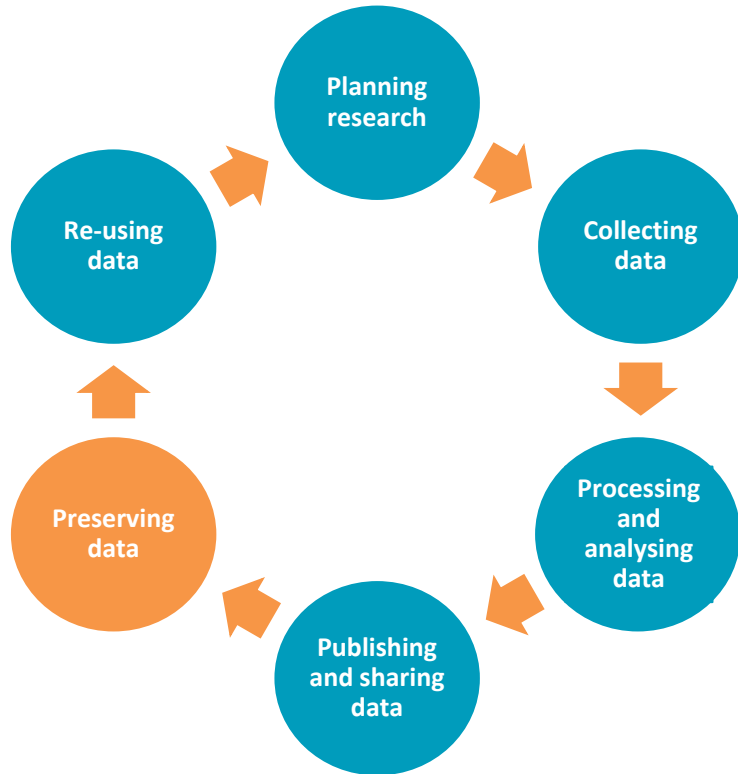
- How to choose the right repository

https://knowledgebase.nfdi4chem.de/knowledge_base/docs/data/choose_repository/

- Repository choosing tools

re3data.org

fairsharing.org



Preserving ≠ Not deleting

Aim: Keep data, metadata and documentation safe, available and re-usable in the long term

Risks:

- Corruption of data or storage medium
- Outdated file formats
- Lack of metadata and/or documentation
- Data not findable or accessible

Different types of data preservation



- Access for the data producer
- **Active data**
- Data kept short-term
- Purpose: Protection and discovery

Backup

- Access for the data producer
- **Final Data**
- Data kept long-term
- Purpose: Preservation of information

Archiving

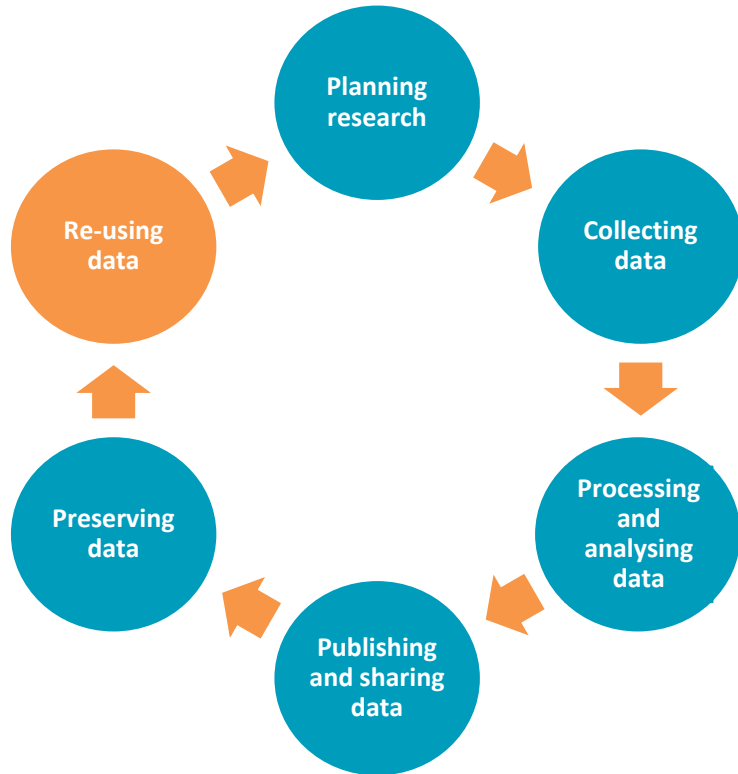
- Open access
- **Final Data**
- Data persistence depends on the publishing institution
- Purpose: Provision of data for reuse

Publication



Steps of data preservation

- What to keep? – Data selection
 - Define selection criteria
- Where to preserve data? - Suitable location or medium
 - External data repository or archive versus institutional infrastructure
- Prepare data and files for the preservation
 - Organized files and suitable file formats
 - Including metadata, documentation, access rights and conditions
- Perform periodic checks of the preserved data



What is the potential of your research data?

- Conduct further research with the data
- Put data into new contexts, using data in an interdisciplinary way
- Big Data applications
- Review, critique and discuss research findings
- Teaching and learning
- Citing research data

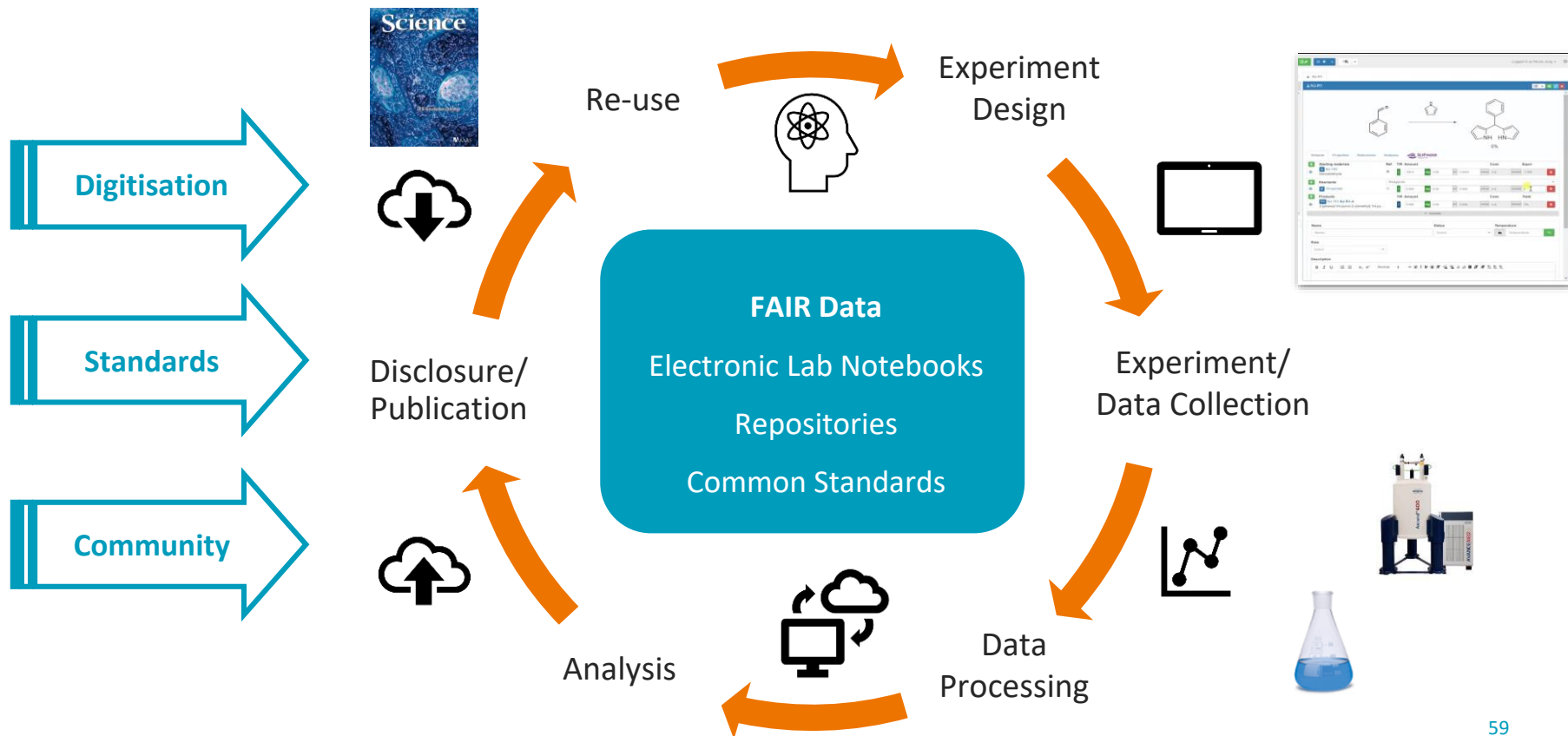
NFDI4Chem



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ENHANCE
YOUR
DATA.

NFDI4Chem: Vision



NFDI4Chem: Strategy



Portal

Helpdesk / Support

Knowledge Base

Teaching / Training

Search

SmartLab

ELN

SW Tools

Devices/API

Data

Repositories

Publication

Archiving

Software

Standards

Legal / Policies

Terminology



- Helpdesk

helpdesk@nfdi4chem.de

- Knowledge Base for RDM in chemistry

https://knowledgebase.nfdi4chem.de/knowledge_base/

- Events such as workshops, Q&A, Stammtisch

<https://www.nfdi4chem.de/index.php/events/>



Chemistry Data Days 2023

- 6th and 7th of June in Mainz
- Free (excluding travel & accommodation)
- Learn about tools and resources for data management in chemistry (E.g. ELNs)
- Hear from invited speakers how they have made the most of their data
- In cooperation with GDCh and JCF who will be hosting sessions on career entry for young chemists

[Register here](#)

Conference Chemistry Data Days 2023

6–7 June 2023, Mainz

Making the most of chemistry data
Tools for your data management

sign up and attend for free:



t1p.de/uzmxt



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In cooperation with:





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Thank you for your attention!

Question & Answer Session

