RESEARCH SOFTWARE AND CITATION

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Stephan Druskat: "Research software and citation",
Forschungsseminar "Aktuelle Themen des Research Software Engineering", Inst. f. Informatik u. Computational Science, Universität Potsdam, 2023-02-08

Who / what am I?



- MA in English, modern German literature, linguistics
- RSE in linguistics (2009-2020)
- Fellow of the **Software Sustainability Institute** (since 2018)



■ Doctoral researcher in computer science (since 2019)





- Project lead <u>Citation File Format</u>
- Co-founder / inaugural board member of de-RSE



■ PI <u>HERMES</u> project



German Aerospace Center (DLR) Institute for Software Technology



DLR institute for **Software Research**, **Software Engineering**, **Artificial Intelligence** and **Scientific Computing**

Ca. 140 staff across our sites:

- Köln-Porz
- Berlin-Adlershof
- Braunschweig
- Oberpfaffenhofen
- Bremen (ECOMAT)
- Hamburg



https://www.DLR.de/sc

Institute for Software Technology Sustainable Software Engineering



We improve the quality of software at DLR, within Helmholtz, and worldwide.

We research, develop and implement software engineering solutions.

We advocate for software to be acknowledged as a valid research output.







Research software and citation



- 1. Research software in the academic ecosystem
- 2. Software citation
- 3. Software publication as a prerequisite for citation

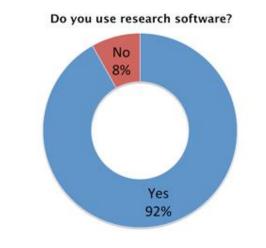


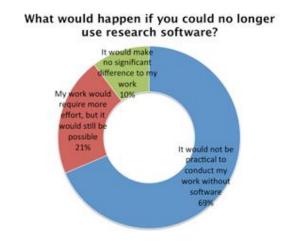


Research software in the academic ecosystem: The status of research software



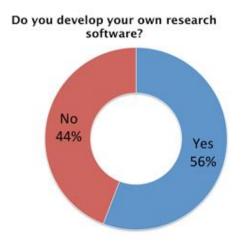
- 1. Importance for research [1]
- 2. Acknowledgment as a valid research output [2]





[1] Hettrick, Simon. "UK Research Software Survey 2014." Zenodo, February 23, 2018. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.1183562.

[2] Jay, Caroline, Robert Haines, and Daniel S. Katz. "Software Must Be Recognised as an Important Output of Scholarly Research." International Journal of Digital Curation 16, no. 1 (April 26, 2021): 6. https://doi.org/10.2218/ijdc.v16i1.745.



No 21%
Yes 79%

If you develop software, have you received

Research software in the academic ecosystem: The status of research software



The origin of the data, organisms, materials and software used in the research process is disclosed and the reuse of data is clearly indicated; original sources are cited. The nature and the scope of research data generated during the research process are described. Research data are handled in accordance with the requirements of the relevant subject area. The source code of publicly available software must be persistent, citable and documented. Depending on the particular subject area, it is an essential part of quality assurance that results or findings can be replicated or confirmed by other researchers (for example with the aid of a detailed description of materials and methods). [3]

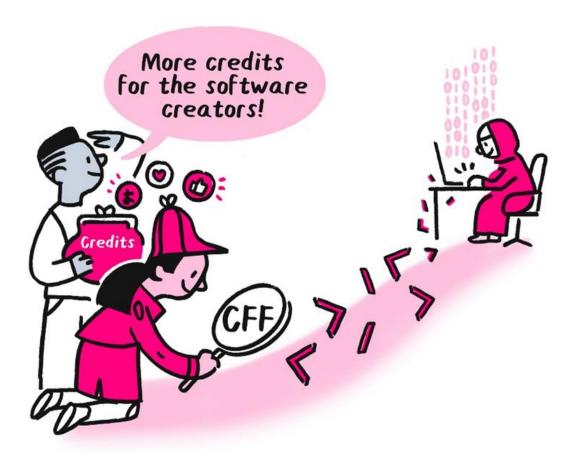
[3] Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft. "Guidelines for Safeguarding Good Research Practice. Code of Conduct," September 15, 2019. https://doi.org/10.5281/ZENODO.3923602. p. 14.

Research software in the academic ecosystem: Citation



Software citation serves:

- 1. Good research practice
- 2. Attribution and credit for RSEs
- 3. Reproducibility of research results
- 4. Sustainability of research software [4]



[4] Druskat, Stephan, Daniel S. Katz, and Ilian T. Todorov. "Research Software Sustainability and Citation." In 2021 IEEE/ACM International Workshop on Body of Knowledge for Software Sustainability (BoKSS), 1–2, 2021. https://doi.org/10.1109/BoKSS52540.2021.00008.

More credits for the software creators. The Turing Way project illustration by Scriberia. Zenodo. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.3332807
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SOFTWARE CITATION

Software citation: Requirements



Software citation requires:

- 1. Understanding how software citation works
- 2. Culture change

Software citation: Principles [5]





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Software citation principles

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- Corvallis, Oregon, United States

 These authors contributed equally to this work.

ABSTRACT

Software is a critical part of modern research and yet there is little support across the schadarly cosspate for its acknowledgement and citation. Inspired by the activities of the FORCEI1 working group focused on data citation, this document summarizes the recommendations of the FORCEI1 Software Citation Working Group and its activities between June 2015 and April 2016. Based on a review of existing community practices, the goal of the working group was to produce a considiated set of citation principles that may encourage broad adoption of a consistent policy for software citation across disciplines and venues. Our work is presented here as a set of software citation principles, a discussion of the molivations for developing the principles, reviews of existing community practice, and a discussion of the requirements these principles would place upon different stakeholders. Working examples and possible technical solutions for how these principles can be implemented will be discussed in a separate paper.

Subjects Digital Libraries, Software Engineering Keywords Software citation, Software credit, Attribution

SOFTWARE CITATION PRINCIPLES

The main contribution of this document are the software citation principles, written fairly concisely in this section and discussed further later in the document (see Discussion). In addition, we also motivate the creation of these principles (see Motivation), describe the process by which they were created (see Process of Creating Principles), summarize us cases related to software citation (see Use Cases), and review related work (see Related Work). We also lay out the work needed to lead to these software citation principles being applied (see Future Work).

1. Importance: Software should be considered a legitimate and citable product of research. Software citations should be accorded the same importance in the scholarly record as citations of other research products, such as publications and data; they should be included in the metadata of the citing work, for example in the reference list of a journal article, and should not be omitted or separated. Software should be cited on the same basis as any other research product such as a paper or a book, that is, authors should cite the appropriate set of software products just as they cite the appropriate set of paper.

How to cite this article Smith et al. (2016), Software citation principles. Peerl Comput. Sci. 2:e86; DOI 10.7717/peerj-cs.86

[5] A. M. Smith, D. S. Katz, K. E. Niemeyer, and FORCE11 Software Citation Working Group, "Software citation principles," *PeerJ Comput. Sci.*, vol. 2, no. e86, 2016, doi: 10.7717/peeri-cs.86.

1. Importance

Software is cited like papers are cited.

- 2. Credit and attribution
- 3. Unique identification
- 4. Persistence
- 5. Accessibility

Citation allows access to software and metadata.

6. Specificity

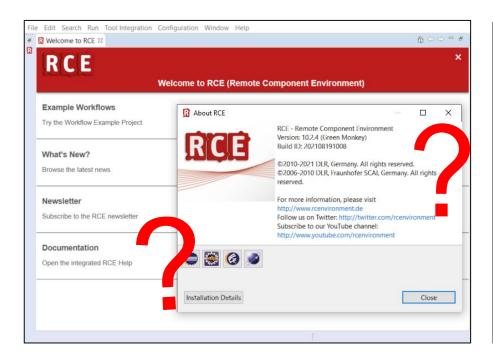
Citation identifies the software version used in research.

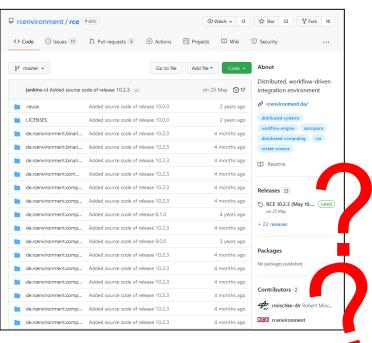
Software citation: Challenges [6]



Metadata?

- Software name
- Authors
- Version
- Publisher
- Publication date
- Identifier





[6] Katz, Daniel S., Daina Bouquin, Neil P. Chue Hong, Jessica Hausman, Catherine Jones, Daniel Chivvis, Tim Clark, et al. "Software Citation Implementation Challenges," May 21, 2019. http://arxiv.org/abs/1905.08674.

Software citation: Metadata



Correct and complete software citation metadata must be identified by the software project!

- Authors vs. contributors
- Versioning
- (Persistent) identifiers

Software citation metadata solutions: Citation File Format



Correct and complete software citation metadata must be provided by the software project!

CITATION.cff

Citation File Format (CFF) [7]:

- authoritative
- controllable
- principled

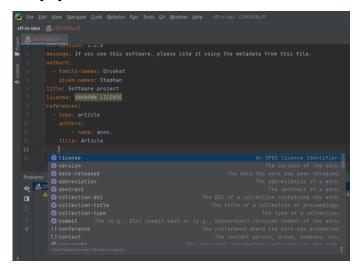
https://citation-file.format.github.io

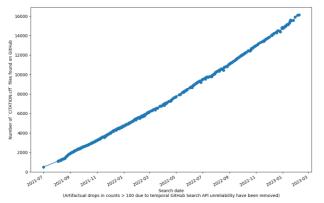
[7] Druskat, Stephan, Spaaks, Jurriaan H., Chue Hong, Neil, Haines, Robert, Baker, James, Bliven, Spencer, Willighagen, Egon, Pérez-Suárez, David, and Konovalov, Alexander. "Citation File Format," August 9, 2021. https://doi.org/10.5281/ZENODO.1003149.

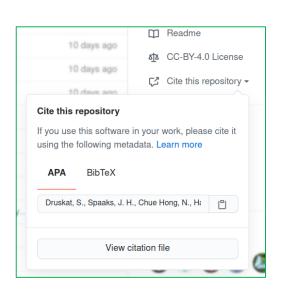
Software citation metadata solutions: Citation File Format



- 16,000+ CFF files on GitHub
- Tool support (e.g. cffinit)
- Platform support (GitHub, Zenodo)
- IDE support







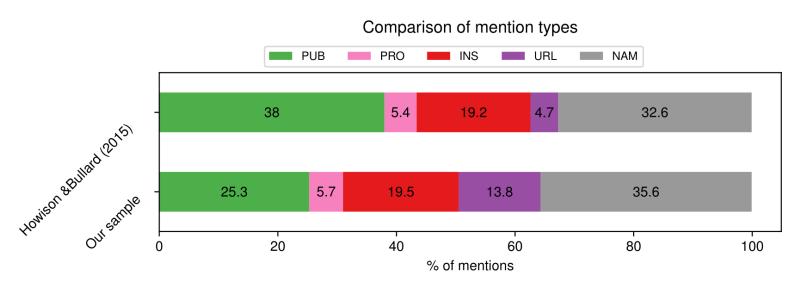




Software citation: Culture change



Software is currently mentioned, not cited!



From [9]: Mention types of software in publication in % in data from [8] and our own data. PUB: cites publication; PRO: cites project name/website; INS: instrument-like; URL: URL in text; NAM: in-text name only.

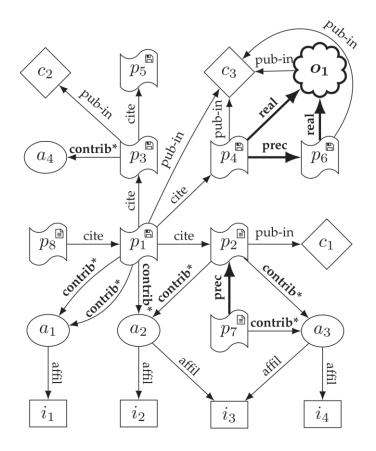
[8] J. Howison and J. Bullard, "Software in the scientific literature: Problems with seeing, finding, and using software mentioned in the biology literature," *Journal of the Association for Information Science and Technology*, vol. 67, no. 9, pp. 2137–2155, May 2015, doi: 10.1002/asi.23538.
[9] S. Druskat, N. P. Chue Hong, P. Kornek, S. Buzzard, and A. Konovalov, "Don't mention it: challenges to using software mentions to investigate citation and discoverability," *PeerJ Computer Science*, forthcoming.

Software citation: Culture change



Software needs to cite its own references!

- Software as a valid research output
- Citation graphs [10]
- E.g., in CITATION.cff > references



[10] Druskat, Stephan. "Software and Dependencies in Research Citation Graphs." *Computing in Science & Engineering* 22, no. 2 (March 2020): 8–21. https://doi.org/10.1109/MCSE.2019.2952840.

Software citation and research software sustainability

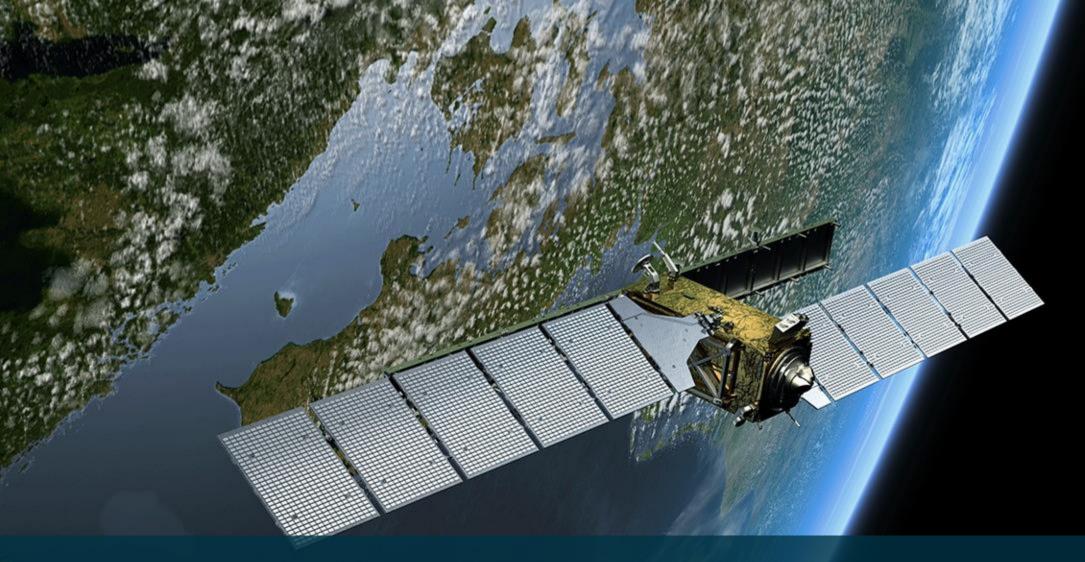


Software citation supports software sustainability [11]:

- 1. By providing metrics and incentives
- 2. Enables reuse and adaptation

Software citation requires sustainability, or at least persistence.

[11] Druskat, Stephan, Daniel S. Katz, and Ilian T. Todorov. "Research Software Sustainability and Citation." In 2021 IEEE/ACM International Workshop on Body of Knowledge for Software Sustainability (BoKSS), 1–2, 2021. https://doi.org/10.1109/BoKSS52540.2021.00008.





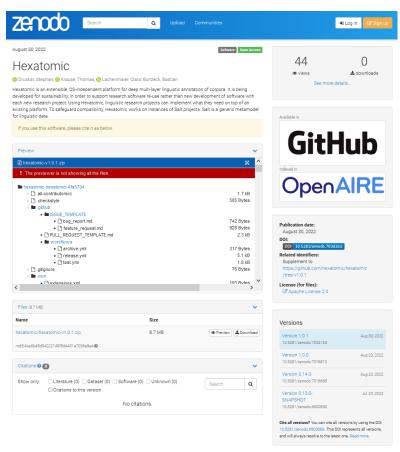
SOFTWARE PUBLICATION

Software publication as a prerequisite for citation



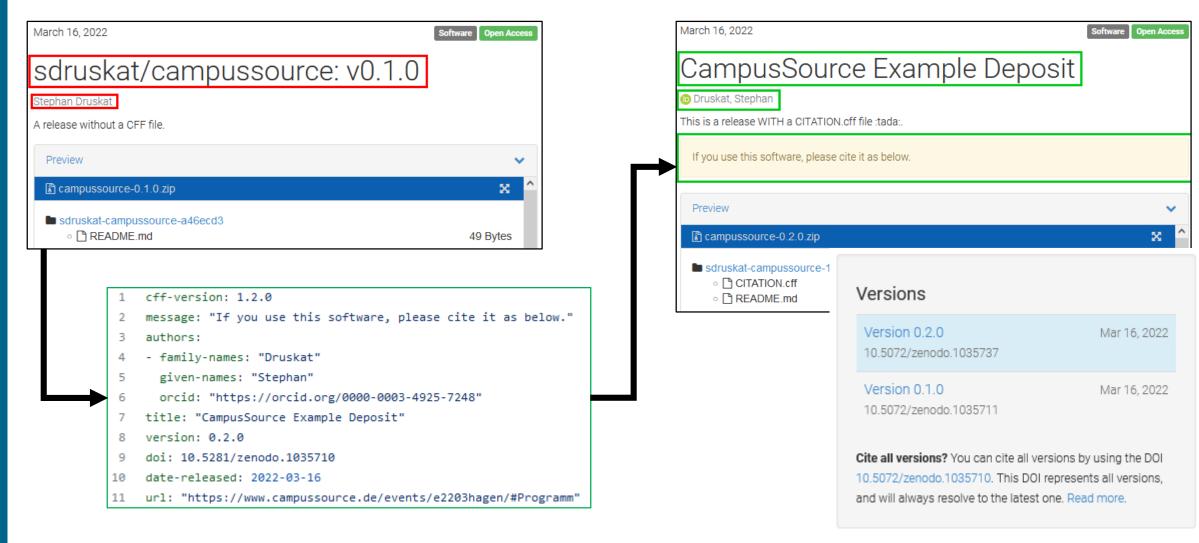
- Software publication enables software citation according to principles (persistence)

- FAIR research software through (metadata) publication
- Supports academic evaluation*
- Practice of research software publication:
 - Publication in a publication repository (Zenodo)
 - Publication in a software journal (JOSS, JORS, ...)
 - "Publication" as a paper
 - "Publication" in the methods section of a paper



Continuous software publication: Citation File Format > Zenodo





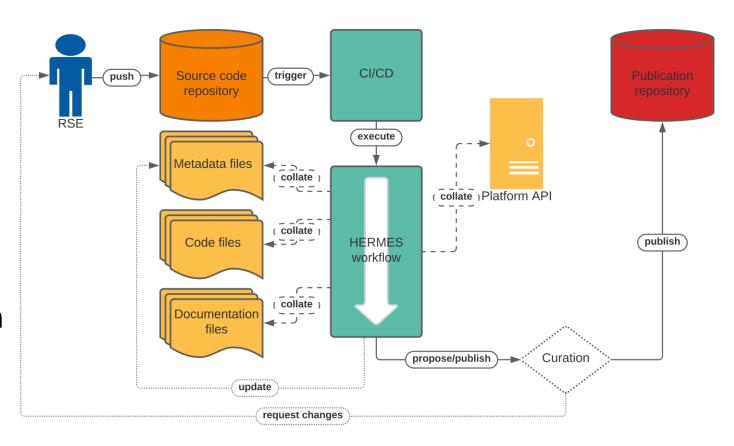
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Advanced continuous software publication HERMES: https://software-metadata.pub





- Automating software publication via continuous integration
- Harvest and merge existing metadata
- Proactive pushes
- Curation & FAIR metadata-only publication (closed source) possible
- InvenioRDM and Dataverse support



HERMES workflow, high-level view, HERMES project (CC BY-SA 4.0)

Conclusion



- 1. Software citation is a requirement, not an option.
- 2. The principles of software citation are known, their implementation requires a culture change:
 - Researchers must cite, not mention, the software they use as they would cite a paper.
 - RSEs/software creators must provide correct and complete citation metadata.
 - RSEs/software creators should publish their software (releases).
- 3. Solutions exist.
 - Software metadata: Citation File Format and support in reference managers, publication repositories.
 - **Software publication:** Publication repositories with Citation File Format support, or automated software publication via CI.

Thanks!



Projects

https://citation-file-format.github.io/ https://software-metadata.pub

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