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ADDENDUM TO TWO IDENTITIES FOR COMPLEX NUMBERS WITH APPLICATIONS TO SPECIAL SEQUENCES AND FUNCTIONS, #A10 OF VOLUME 23

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It was only discovered after publishing that Theorem 1 is previously known and it is due to C.G.J. Jacobi. A proof can be found in his thesis "Disquisitiones analyticae de fractionibus simplicibus" (Berlin, 1825); see Section 4.

Jacobi attributed the result to J.-L. Lagrange who stated the identity without proof.

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