Bushfire Data Commons forum





ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF COUNTRY

We acknowledge and celebrate the First Australians on whose traditional lands we meet, and we pay our respect to their elders past, present and emerging.





Agenda

- Welcome and Introduction (ARDC) (10 mins)
- Presentations (10 mins each)
 - o BDC007 Natural Hazard Research Australia (NHRA)
 - BDC008 National Air Quality Technical Advisory Group(NATAG), Curtin University
 - BDC009 Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW)
 - o BDC013 University of Melbourne
- Q&A and discussion (15 minutes)
- Presentations (10 mins each)
 - BDC010 Atlas of Living Australia (ALA)
 - O BDC011 Atlas of Living Australia (ALA), BioPlatform Australia (BPA), BioCommons
 - o BDC012 Invertebrates Australia
- Q&A and discussion (15 minutes)
- General discussion and closing remarks (ARDC) (10 mins)



Housekeeping

- This session will not be recorded, but we will share the slides after the event.
- Please mute during presentations, but feel free to leave your camera on, if you are happy to do so and if your bandwidth supports this.
- To ask your questions, please
 - \circ $\ \ \,$ Type your question into chat or
 - Raise your hand during Q&A times if you prefer to ask your question verbally





Introduction to ARDC

National Research Infrastructure for Australia

An Australian Government Initiative





A 2) C

Australian Research Data Commons

Purpose

To provide Australian researchers with competitive advantage through data.

Mission

To accelerate research and innovation by driving excellence in the creation, analysis and retention of high-quality data assets.





Translational research data challenges program





Bushfire Data Commons

Objective: Establishing a national bushfire data infrastructure for translational research, to improve bushfire management and understand risk.

- Bushfire data challenges in 2 areas:
 - Understanding bushfire behaviour
 - Understanding bushfire impact

Collaboration and alignment with existing and emerging initiatives.



Bushfire Data Commons Outputs and Outcomes



Research resilience, response and recovery



Bushfire Data Commons Forum

- Second Bushfire Data Commons Forum today:
 - Understanding Bushfire Impact (7 projects)
- Previous Bushfire Data Commons Forum in April 2022:
 - O Understanding Bushfire Behaviour (6 projects)
- Purpose of the forum:
 - Part of the overall program coordination efforts
 - o Connect partners to each other
 - Enable external stakeholders to learn about projects and provide insights and suggestions
 - Create collaborations and coordination between projects and with external stakeholders



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Bushfire Data Challenges





Operations and infrastructures scope



Australian Research Data Commons

ARDC is enabled by NCRI Australian Government Initiation

List of Projects, Understanding Bushfire Behaviour:

- 1. Aggregated and harmonised burnt extent bushfire history data on a national scale Partners: GeoScience Australia, EMSINA
- 2. Aggregating and harmonising fuel data on a national scale Partners: TERN, DAWE
- 3. Improving remote sensing fuel data on a national scale Partner: The Australian National University (ANU)
- 4. A fire behaviour modelling platform Partner: CSIRO
- 5. Framework for sharing bushfire data and tools between jurisdictional agencies Partners: National Council for Fire & Emergency Services (AFAC)
- 6. Aggregated and Harmonised Fuel Data on a National Scale Lead by: Australasian Fire and Emergency Service Authorities Council (AFAC)



List of Projects (Understanding Bushfire Impact)

- 7. Bushfire Research Data National Collection; lead by: Natural Hazards Research Australia (NHRA)
- 8. Assessing the Impact of Bushfire Smoke on Health; lead by: National Air Quality Technical Advisory Group (NATAG)
- 9. Aggregating and Integrating Data on Health Outcomes Associated with Bushfires at a National Scale; lead by: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW)
- 10.Curated Biodiversity Data for Rapid Assessment of Bushfire Impacts; lead by: Atlas of Living Australia (ALA)
- 11.Establishing an Australian Reference Genome Atlas (ARGA) and a Leadership Application in Bushfire Data; lead by: Atlas of Living Australia (ALA)
- 12.Development of a traits database and vulnerability assessment framework to assess fire susceptibility of Australian invertebrate species; lead by: Invertebrates Australia

13. Bushfire Data Access and Impact Modelling Platform; lead by: University of Melbourne





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THANK YOU



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(📞)

contact@ardc.edu.au

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@ARDC_AU



Australian-Research-Data-Commons





Australian Research Data Commons

Assessing the Impact of Bushfire Smoke on Health Lead Organisations:

NATAG Public Sector (chaired by NSW Department of Planning and Environment) and CAR University Sector (chaired by Curtin University)

19 July 2022

PRESENTED BY

Ivan Hanigan (co-lead with Matthew Riley)

ivan.Hanigan@curtin.edu.au



Planning and Environment



Curtin University





Project objective and vision

a) Validated "exposure" to bushfire events for health researchb) Near-real-time public health warning system

 E.g. Valid Fire Events of Airborne Particles (PM2.5) used in health studies for Sydney (Published in multiple Epidemiology Journals)



Partners

Government Enviroment Agencies

National Air Quality Advisory Group (NATAG), led by NSW DPE.

Building on the ARDC funded CARDAT "National AP monitor DB" derived from monitors from NSW DPIE, Vic EPA, Qld DES, SA EPA, WA DEWR, Tas EPA, NT EPA, and ACT Health (DOI: 10.17605/OSF.IO/JXD98)

University Sector (Population Health)

Ivan Hanigan (Curtin) Geoffrey Morgan (U-Sydney) Fay Johnston (U-Tas)

Australian Research Data Commons





Curtin University



Centre for Air pollution, energy and health Research

Research infrastructure with impact: National Air pollution monitor network of hourly/daily observations

derived from regulatory monitor data from NSW DPIE, Vic EPA, Qld DES, SA EPA, WA DEWR, Tas EPA, NT EPA, and ACT Health [accessed YYYY-MM-DD]. Downloaded from the Centre for Air pollution, energy and health Research DOI 10.17605/OSF.IO/JXD98

State	Start date	Pollutants
NSW	1972	PM2.5, PM10, NO2, O3
VIC	1979	PM2.5, PM10, NO2, O3
QLD	2006	PM2.5, PM10, NO2, O3
WA	1997	PM2.5, PM10, NO2, O3
SA	2002	PM2.5, PM10, NO2, O3
TAS	2006	PM2.5, PM10
NT	2011	PM2.5, PM10, NO2, O3
ACT	1996	PM2.5, PM10, NO2, O3



In Partnership with ARDC Bridges Program (NCRIS) "Air Health Data National Data Asset" project (<u>https://doi.org/10.47486/PS022</u>)

Work packages (and progress)

Work package 1

This package will design system architecture to be Findable, Accessible, Interoperable and Reuseable (FAIR).

Work package 2

The package will design and deliver a universal API to Australian air quality data.

Work package 3

We will build predictive statistical and machine learning models with satellite images and land-based data to estimate the proportion of the PM that is fire smoke to delineate the extent of each plume. Uncertainty in model and data types will be blended using Bayesian spatiotemporal methods.

Progress

Head agreement signed and project plan approved.

Next steps: Steering committee, partner workshops, recruitment etc.

Challenges and opportunities: TBC e.g. Big data (near-real-time satellites!)

Obvious 20/10/2013

Ambiguous 04/11/2016



Use Cases: Airborne Particles (PM2.5) and Fire Smoke Model workflow



Use Cases: PM_{2.5} Decomposition Seasonal and Trend Decomposition using Loess



IDW interpolated PM_{2.5}

27 Dec 2019





Use Cases: Validation "Ground Truthing"



CTM output: All sources vs. No fires Graham et al. (2021)



Global fire atlas - carbon emissions Suggesting fire smoke – a bit too coarse



NAAPS (Navy Aerosol Analysis and Prediction System) Global Aerosol Model

Sydney GMR – 27th December, 2019



Inverse Distance Weighting – 27th December, 2019



Random Forest – 27th December, 2019



Hand digitised smoke plumes– 27th December, 2019



Satellite data



Fig. 1 Satellite imagery and target data. Raw data from the Himiwari-8 satellite on 2015-09-11 0650 UTC over the Norther Territory of Australia on a 161×105 pixel grid (left). Smoke classification

from a cloud-masking algorithm [9, 21] and hotspot locations from the NOAA VIIRS satellite (right).



International collaborators Larsen and Reich (Uni North Carolina) and Rappold (USA EPA) along with CSIRO (Qin, Cope):

Larsen, A., Hanigan, I.C., Reich, BJ, Qin, Y, Cope, M, Morgan, GG, Rappold, AG. (2020). A deep learning approach to identify smoke plumes in satellite imagery in near-real time for health risk communication. Journal of Exposure Science & Environmental Epidemiology,

https://doi.org/10.1038/s41370-020-0246-y

Fig. 2 Deep fully convolutional network architecture. Outputs from convolution (TCONV), and batch normalization (BN). The last con-

Stakeholders and beneficiaries: E.g. App developers

HOME WHAT DOES IT MONITOR? HOW DOES IT WORK? NEWS ABOUT CONTACT



Helping people with asthma, hay fever or other lung conditions to better manage their symptoms and improve their quality of life

More information about air quality

• What are the air quality categories?

• What do air quality categories mean for your health?

Accuracy of AirRater readings

• What can I do when it's smoky outside?

ier 🕈	12:59 AM	
	My Location:	s Ad
Current Location 43.1296, 147.0367		
Pollen	PM2.5	Temperature
Low	Fair	3.0 °C
5 grains/m ³	t1 µg/m²	Feels like 1.1 °C
Show on map		
Darwin		
Darwin Darwin Palmerston, PM2.5	NT, Australia	Temporaluré
Darwin Darwin Palmerston, PM2.5 Good	NT, Australia	Temperature 26.7 °C
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Darwin Palmerston, PM2.5 Good 4 John Report symptoms More information	NT; Australia	Temperature 26.7 °C Peels teo 29.7 °C
Darwin Darwin Palmerston, PM2:5 Good 4ug/m ³ Report symptoms More information Canberra 35:2809, 149, 1300	NT; Australia	Temperature 26.7 °C Press the 28.7 °C



Aggregating and integrating data on health outcomes associated with bushfires at a national scale

Dr Vanessa Prescott

Head, Prevention and Environmental Health Unit, AIHW

ARDC Bushfire Data Challenges Forum – 19 July 2022



Project objective and vision

- □ Background: This project builds on previous reports on short-term health impacts of 2019–20 bushfires on health.
- ❑ Aim: Develop an accessible data asset of bushfire-related health service use, to allow analysis of effects of bushfires on health – longer time series.

□ Objectives:

- →Identify bushfire-related health service use of interest to policy makers and the research community.
- →Identify available data sources and the level of temporal and spatial scale appropriate for reporting
- →Explore options on how best to deliver data to our stakeholders.







Project Partners

- \rightarrow Queensland University of Technology
- →NHMRC Centre for Air pollution, energy and health Research (CAR)
- \rightarrow FrontierSI
- →Healthy Environments and Lives National Research Network (HEAL)





Noted project stakeholders and beneficiaries

 \rightarrow AusEnHealth

- \rightarrow NHMRC Centre for Air pollution, energy and health Research (CAR)
- \rightarrow WHO Collaborating Centre for Environmental Health Impact Assessment, Curtin University
- →Climate, Air Quality Research (CARE) Unit, Monash University
- \rightarrow NHMRC funded Healthy Environments and Lives National Research Network (HEAL)
- \rightarrow National Recovery and Resilience Agency (NRRA)
- \rightarrow Australian Climate Service/Australian Bureau of Statistics
- →Climate and Atmospheric Science Department of Planning, Industry and Environment (NSW)





Use case

- →Health impact assessment
 - →combine health data with environmental data to assess health impact
- →Planning for prevention, adaptation and disaster response
 →e.g. identify patterns of service use to prepare for future events
 →Decision support and analysis platforms
 →Incorporate data into existing platforms
 →Environmental Economic Accounting (EEA)

 \rightarrow evidence drawn from data could inform EEA in future




Work packages

\rightarrow Work package 1: Identify bushfire-related health outcomes

- → bushfire-related health service use of interest to policy makers and the research community
- \rightarrow information on bushfire-related health service use already available in the Australian context

\rightarrow Work package 2: Assess data availability for inclusion in the final dataset

- \rightarrow Available datasets that report on the events identified in WP1.
- → Temporal and spatial scale at which data are available for reporting within the constraints of data governance, privacy and confidentiality guidelines.
- → Length of time series appropriate for reporting, while factoring in issues such as changes in coding standards over time.

→Work package 3: Produce final data asset and investigate governance arrangements and systems for sharing data while upholding privacy and confidentiality

- \rightarrow Produce the final data asset identified as part of WP2.
- \rightarrow Explore options on how best to deliver data to our stakeholders





Next steps

- \rightarrow Finalise project plan
- \rightarrow Form and convene advisory group
- \rightarrow Incorporate advice from advisory group into analysis plan
- →Undertake analyses of data sources to determine reporting constraints and opportunities (exploratory work has commenced)





Opportunities and challenges

- \rightarrow This project may be useful as a proof-of-concept for similar projects relating to environmental health and health data
- →Privacy and confidentiality rules can limit the extent to which fine grained (temporal/spatial) data may be reported
- →Coding and administrative changes may affect comparability across a given time series.







Further information

 \rightarrow Contact details:

 \rightarrow health prevention data@aihw.gov.au

 \rightarrow Related reports:

- →<u>Australian bushfires 2019–20: exploring the short-term health impacts, Summary Australian</u> Institute of Health and Welfare (aihw.gov.au)
- → Data update: Short-term health impacts of the 2019–20 Australian bushfires, About Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (aihw.gov.au)







Curated biodiversity data for rapid assessment of bushfire impacts

Martin Westgate | Team Leader: Science & Decision Support





The ALA is made possible by contributions from its many partners. It receives support through the Australian Government through the National Collaborative Research Infrastructure Strategy (NCRIS) and is hosted by CSIRO.

Data quality | history



Data quality or fitness for purpose can be hard to assess and poor in some cases, including reliability of taxonomic names, lack of absence data or information about the quality of species identifications.

Page 8, 'Top 5 weaknesses'

Reputational risk through poor data quality or failure to engage more with subject matter experts in taxonomy and ecological sciences.

Page 12, 'Top 5 threats'



Data quality | work programs





Focus areas

- Outlier detection
- Taxonomic names
- User validation
- 'Round-tripping'
- Documentation

Project partners





Assessment of the impacts of the 2019-20 wildfires of southern and eastern Australia on invertebrate species **Final Report**

> Jess Marsh, Payal Bal, Hannah Fraser, Kate Umbers, Aaron Greenville, Libby Rumpff, John Woinarski

> > July 2021

ARTICLE

https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-021-21266-5

OPEN

Check for updates

Implications of the 2019-2020 megafires for the biogeography and conservation of Australian vegetation

Robert C. Godfree ^{1⊠}, Nunzio Knerr¹, Francisco Encinas-Viso ⁰, David Albrecht², David Bush ³, D. Christine Cargill^{® 2}, Mark Clements², Cécile Gueidan^{® 1}, Lydia K. Guja², Tom Harwood⁴, Leo Joseph⁵, Brendan Lepschi², Katharina Nargar 6⁶, Alexander Schmidt-Lebuhn ¹ & Linda M. Broadhurst ¹

Project partners













Project stakeholder and beneficiaries



Australian researchers

Australian researchers consistently report low data quality from the ALA

Environmental government entities

Improving data quality reduces the effort needed to analyse and interpret biodiversity information

Australian collections, herbaria and museums

ALA will provide feedback to data providers on potential issues with their data and how those issues can be addressed

EcoCommons

EcoCommons provides modelling services that build on data from the ALA: improvements to our data can be rapidly applied to users in research or government











Publish combined data set online



Create best practice data cleaning protocols



Reach out to data providers to understand how best to provide feedback which will result in change

Challenges and opportunities



1. Taxonomic misidentification

Extremely difficult to find & correct

2. Technical expansion in a time-poor environment

Basically everyone at the moment

3. Communities for data quality

Serious technical and institutional barriers



Thank you

Martin Westgate

Team Leader: Science & Decision Support

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Australian Reference Genome Atlas Project

Kathryn Hall*, Sarah Richmond, Nigel Ward and Hamish Holewa ARDC Bushfire Data Commons Forum, 19 July 2022



ARGA objectives and vision

The Australian Reference Genome Atlas is an indexing service for discovering, filtering and accessing complex life science data.

For plants, animals, microbiota and other species endemic or relevant to Australia, ARGA will build a platform to locate and aggregate genomic data, including:

- reference genome assemblies
- genome annotations
- population and variant sets
- DNA barcodes
- coding and non-coding DNA sequences



Acknowledging ARGA partnerships

The Australian Reference Genome Atlas (ARGA) is an NCRIS-enabled platform powered by the Atlas of Living Australia (ALA), in collaboration with Bioplatforms Australia and the Australian BioCommons, with investment from the Australian Research Data Commons (ARDC) (https://doi.org/10.47486/DC011). ARGA integrates data sourced from a number of international repositories, including NCBI GenBank, EMBL-ENA and Bioplatforms Australia.









7 7 1

Australian Research Data Commons



An Australian Government Initiative



Genomics data cycle

Data that are newly generated by research projects can be consumed by those researchers and also made available for consumption to others.

Genomic data from specimens can also be enriched by intersecting it with other observations, using metadata and processing pipelines.

Enriched data can then be consumed to answer novel questions.

Data enrichment can seed the generation of new data by identifying targets.





Stakeholders

Policy and regulators

Data enrichers

Life sciences researchers

Industry and applications

Data consumers

Data generators

Touchpoints with ARGA can be categorised by stakeholder interactions with genomics data.











Key Stakeholder Groups



ARGA project governance model





ARGA Introducing the ARGA Project 11

ARGA work packages

Work Package 1. ARGA Archive

Work Package 2. ARGA Curation

Work Package 3. ARGA Index

Work Package 4. ARGA Connections

Work Package 5. ARGA Cart

Work Package 6. ARGA Interface

Work Package 7. ARGA Operations

Work Package 8. ARGA Project management Work Package 9. ARGA Product exposure



ARGA Introducing the ARGA Project 12

Progress highlights

Project implementation:

- Report 1 completed (Milestone 1)
- Project Advisory Board and Terms of Reference

Staffing:

- Project Manager, Lead Systems Engineer, Systems Support (ALA)
- UI/UX Designer, Data Engineer (Australian BioCommons)

Work Package 1: ARGA Archive

- Data from NCBI-GenBank ingested and processed via <u>GBIF pipelines</u> using <u>Darwin Core Archives</u> (DwC-A) metadata standards.
- Working prototype interface built using <u>React.js</u>

Next steps for the ARGA project

Staffing:

- Scientific Business Analyst at market
- Software Engineer PD drafted

Work Package 1: ARGA Archive

Continue data ingest and processing from more repositories

Work Package 2. ARGA Curation

• Establish links with bushfires community to explore traits data

Work Package 6. ARGA Interface

Persona characterisation and testing

tunities Challenges and oppol



Data sources are complex different scattered clandestine disconnected



Genomics can improve outcomes for livestock breeding and primary industries research

Bushfires (and another environmental catastrophe) responses can be proactive, not reactive



15,000 life science researchers in Australia can supercharge their searches for relevant data using occurence records and curated traits filters





Australian Reference Genome Atlas



InverTraits

Development of a trait database and framework for evaluating fire-susceptibility of invertebrate species

Dr Jess Marsh

Project Manager

Project overview



Species responses to fire vary. Some species have traits that make them highly susceptible to mortality, or less able to recover or adapt

- These species may be in need of conservation response following large-scale fire events
- For many invertebrate species this information has not been collated, is not accessible, or available, and so conservation response has largely not been possible.
- Continuation of NESP 2019-2020 fire-impacted invertebrate project (Marsh *et al.*, 2021; Marsh *et al.*, 2022)

Why does this matter?

- Many invertebrates have traits that make them fire-susceptible and thus likely at elevated extinction risk following large-scale fire events.
- Many invertebrates are of ecological importance, performing crucial ecosystem services



Project aims



- 1. To build an enduring, living database of fire-relevant ecological and life-history traits for Australian invertebrate species
- 2. To develop a framework, incorporating traits data, distributional fire overlap mapping, fire-event characteristics, and landscape-scale habitat mapping to:
 - 1. Evaluate the fire-susceptibility and post-fire recovery ability of invertebrate species
 - 2. Identify those species likely most at risk
- 3. To make database and workflows accessible via publication in open access repositories



Stakeholders and beneficiaries

Australian state and federal government agencies, conservation bodies, conservation assessors, researchers

Applications:

1) Robust evidence based framework for rapid assessment of species likely to be most imperiled in future fire

- Inform targeted management responses to recover impacted species in future fires.
- Inform fire management planning
- Identify candidates species for conservation assessment
- Provide a central repository of data to assist in preparation of species conservation assessments

2) An open access, living repository to store and grow invertebrate traits data, providing an ongoing national research infrastructure.





Challenges and opportunities



Challenges

- Large-scale data deficiency
- Traits data often spread throughout a diverse range of disparate sources, with nonstandardised vocabularies across taxa

Opportunities

- Science data and knowledge
- Identify key knowledge gaps a platform for research
- Biodiversity management evidence based, informed decision making
- Potential to engage and educate about the importance of invertebrates and their vulnerability



Project objective and vision




Work packages and progress





Project partners

AusTraits

ALA

EcoCommons

Steering committee and advisers

Data contributors

- Invertebrate biologists
- Invertebrate societies
- Fire modelling
- Conservation





Next steps

WP 1

- Finalise database construction
- Trait data extraction
 - In progress
- Fully working pilot ready by October 2022

WP2

- Mapping of traits values to susceptibility matrix
 - In progress
- Develop workflows for assessing susceptibility

WP 3

- Work with partners to construct develop AusTraits and InverTraits database linkages
- Compile traits data on invertebrate plant species interactions
 - In progress





Thank you

References

Marsh, J., Bal, P., Fraser, H., Umbers, K., Greenville, A., Rumpff, L., & Woinarski, J. (2021). Assessment of the impacts of the 2019-20 wildfires of southern and eastern Australia on invertebrate species Final Report.

Marsh, J. R., Bal, P., Fraser, H., Umbers, K., Latty, T., Greenville, A., ... & Woinarski, J. C. (2022). Accounting for the neglected: Invertebrate species and the 2019–2020 Australian megafires. *Global Ecology and Biogeography*.

jessmarsh@invertsau.org

www.invertebratesaustralia.org







MELBOURNE RESEARCH

BDC13::Modelling Impact and Risk/Data Access and Modelling Platform

Prof. Richard O. Sinnott, Professor of Applied Computing Systems University of Melbourne rsinnott@unimelb.edu.au

Objective, Partners, Stakeholders

Objective

 to develop and support a front-end use-oriented interface and associated data access and integration platform for the BDC portfolio of projects*

Partners and Stakeholders

- University of Melbourne
- All BDC projects*
- University of Sydney/Wollongong
 - National air quality system
- CSIRO/UNSW
 - Climate change
- DELWP, EPA, ...
 - Data providers



Work Packages and Progress

- Work Package 1
 - Platform requirements elicitation (T0-T18)
 - Initial survey...
- Work Package 2
 - Build environment & infra. establishment (T0-12)
 - Completed
- Work Package 3
 - Software development (T0-T18)
 - Ongoing
- Work Package 4
 - Outreach and engagement (T6-T20)
 - Ongoing
- Work Package 5
 - Project Mgt, Coordination and Governance (T0-T20)
 - Ongoing

Core Requirements

- Access to/use of heterogeneous (spatial) data
 - Details …?
 - Volume, flavour (Vector/Raster/...)
 - Via APIs or other data sharing arrangements
- Security
 - Details ...?
- Visualisation and Analytics
 - Details...?
- User base
 - Details...?
 - Public, researchers, government...?

Agile methodology to tease out details

Initial BDC Architecture (Leverage Spatial Urban Data Observatory)



Progress and Leveraging SUDO (6,000+ data sets and many tools)



Study Area:	Australia (country/au)	*	
Keywords:	bushfire		
Year:		*	
Organisation:	All	*	
Aggregation Level:	All sub-levels	*	
		SEARCH	

Available Datasets (10)

Title	Organisation	Begin Date	End Date
VIC DELWP - Designated Bushfire Prone Area (BPA	VIC_Govt	2011-09	2019-12
VIC DELWP - History Records of Fires on Public La	VIC_Govt	1992-01	2019-12
South Australia Parks with Recreation Informatio	SA_Govt_D	2015-06	2015-06
VIC CSA - Crime Statistics - Offences Recorded by \ldots	VIC_Govt	2010-04	2019-03
VIC CSA - Crime Statistics - Offences Recorded by	VIC Cout	2008-10	2017-00

Bushfire Protection Areas 2013 for South Australia

The Bushfire Protection Areas shows the spatial extent of the Bushfire Protection provisions brought in under the Ministerial Bushfire Management PAR in 2006/2007. Bushfire Protection Areas exist in the South East Region of South Australia, Riverland, Kangaroo Island, Mt Lofty Ranges and Mid North, Yorke Peninsula and Eyre Peninsula. The level of bushfire risk is rated as High, Medium, General or Excluded and determines the Planning Approvals plus requirements under the Australian Building Code and Australian Standard AS 3959 for the construction of dwellings in the defined Bushfire risk areas. Some areas have criteria that, if met, will change the designated level of bushfire risk. For more information see: http://data.sa.gov.au/dataset

Dataset Attributes (7)					
	Attribute	Name	Туре		
	Geometry Field 🧮	ogr_geometry	MultiPolygon		
V	Object ID	objectid	Double		
	Development Plan Code	devplan_code	String		
	Date Cadastre	date_cadastre	Date		
	Data Undated	data undatad	Dete		

For example...

Spatial Urban Data Observatory

(All changes saved) Logged in as Richard Sinnott Project BDC-29.June2022 Project *

(All changes saved) Logged in as Richard Sinnott Project BDC-29June2022 Project +

(All changes saved) Logged in as Richard Sinnott Project BDC-29June2022 Project *

Area

Spatial Urban Data Observatory



Spatial Urban Data Observatory

VIC DELWP - History Records of Fires on Public Land (Polygons) commond as CSV Joommond as JSON Seminord as SHP Title 🔘 Name CFA ID **Fire Type** Method Accuracy Area (ha) **Creation Date Fire Cover Type** Firekey **Fire Number Fire Severity** UNKNOWN 123.610 0.9 W196911999 999 BURNT_UNK ... BUSHFIRE Unknow UNKNOWN 45.865 UNKNOWN W197311999 999 BURNT_UNK ... BUSHFIRE Unknow UNKNOWN 5485.083 UNKNOWN W198111026 026 BURNT_UNK ... BUSHFIRE Unknow UNKNOWN 49.881 30-49 999 BURNT_3 BURN Unknow UNKNOWN 16.085 012 BURNT_UNK ... Unknow UNKNOWN W198211012 BUSHFIRE UNKNOWN 299.592 UNKNOWN W198311999 999 BURNT_UNK ... BUSHFIRE Unknown Unknown UNKNOWN 35.884 50-69 999 BURNT_UNK... BURN UNKNOWN 20.655 0.9 999 BURNT_UNK ... Unknown BURN UNKNOWN 5.209 0.9 999 BURNT_UNK... BURN Unknown

x	Total Usual Resident Population 2016
	(class 1) 19-151 (2)
	(class 2) 151-211 (3)
	(class 3) 211-255 (3)
	(class 4) 255-306 (5)
n	(class 5) 306-368 (4)
n	(class 6) 368-457 (5)
n	and Delivery Memory Memorylation. The
n	Density - Medium 1:25,000 (Polygon
n	GeoJSON

VIC DELWP - History Records of Fires on Public Land (Polygons) - GeoJSON

96012, -37.76422 20 km

Next Page Records Number : 100





Next Steps

Survey

- <u>https://www.ado.eresearch.unimelb.edu.au/bda-imp/</u>
- Completion
- Follow up
- Meetings
 - Zoom
 - Face-to-face
 - eResearch Australasia
- Technical details
 - Understanding data
 - Form, coverage
 - Where can be beneficial