



Python: more on functions

Extracted from material by:









You can assign a function to a variable

def threshold(signal):
 return 1.0 / sum(signal)

t = threshold **print** t([0.1, 0.4, 0.2]) 1.42857





```
Can put (a reference to) the function in a list
```

```
def area(r):
    return PI * r * r
def circumference(r):
    return 2 * PI * r
funcs = [area, circumference]
for f in funcs:
    print f(1.0)
3.14159
6.28318
```





Can pass (a reference to) the function into a function

```
def call_it(func, value):
    return func(value)
```

print call_it(area, 1.0) 3.14159

print call_it(circumference, 1.0)
6.28318





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Like number of arguments





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def add, all(*args):

```
def add_all(*args):
   total = 0
   for a in args:
     total += a
   return total
```





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  in order to call it
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def add_all(*args):
  total = 0
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  return total
print add_all()
```





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  Like number of arguments
def add_all(*args):
  total = 0
  for a in args:
   total += a
  return total
print add_all()
print add_all(1, 2, 3)
6
```





filter(F, S)

select elements of S for which F is True





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map(F, S)	apply F to each element of S





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def positive(x): **return** x >= 0 **print** filter(positive, [-3, -2, 0, 1, 2]) [0, 1, 2]





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map(F, S)	apply F to each element of S
reduce(F, S)	use F to combine all elements of S

```
def positive(x): return x >= 0 print filter(positive, [-3, -2, 0, 1, 2]) [0, 1, 2]
```

```
def negate(x): return -x print map(negate, [-3, -2, 0, 1, 2]) [3, 2, 0, -1, -2]
```





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def positive(x): return x >= 0 print filter(positive, [-3, -2, 0, 1, 2]) [0, 1, 2]
```

```
def negate(x): return -x print map(negate, [-3, -2, 0, 1, 2]) [3, 2, 0, -1, -2]
```

```
def add(x, y): return x+y print reduce(add, [-3, -2, 0, 1, 2]) -2
```



