Common Science and Technology Resource Identifier

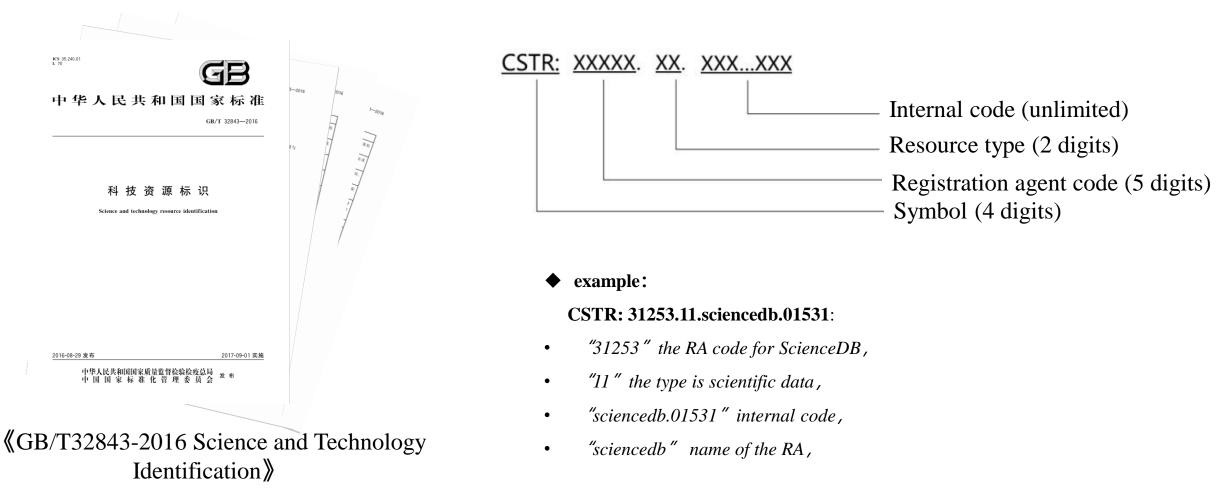


Brief Introduction

CSTR, Common Science and Technology Resource Identifier, is one of the global PIDs, CSTR aims to promote establishing a global science and technology resource identification architecture, which is able to tracing the global influence, cross-disciplinary, cross-regional and cross-platform, to realize the rapid positioning and acquisition worldwide, and be used as the digital base for open science, contributed to the scientific research innovation.



CSTR is the on the basis of the China National Standard 《GB/T32843-2016 Science and Technology Identification》, the identifier is composed of four parts.



CSTR IANA Standard





Internet Assigned Numbers Authority

Example 1 Internet Assigned Numbers Authority

Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) Schemes

Last Updated 2022-07-06 Available Formats XML HTML Plaintex

Registry included below

Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) Schemes

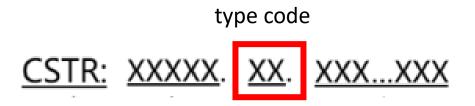
IANA (The Internet Assigned Numbers Authority), "Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) Schemes" <u>https://www.iana.org/assignments/uri-schemes/uri-schemes.xhtml</u>

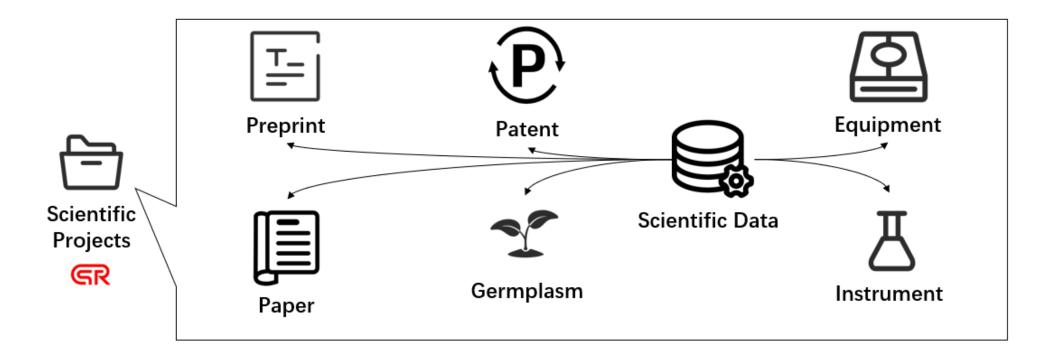
coups. ws		
com-eventbrite-attendee	prov/com-eventbrite-attendee	com-eventbrite-attendee
content	prov/content	content
content-type	prov/content-type	content-type
crid		TV-Anytime Content Reference Identifier
cstr	prov/cstr	cstr
cvs	prov/cvs	CVS
dab	prov/dab	dab
dat	prov/dat	dat
data		data
dav		dav
diaspora	prov/diaspora	diaspora
dict		dictionary service protocol
did	prov/did	did
dis	prov/dis	dis
dlna-playcontainer	prov/dlna-playcontainer	dlna-playcontainer
dlna-playsingle	prov/dlna-playsingle	dlna-playsingle
dns		Domain Name System
dntp	prov/dntp	dntp
doi	<u>prov/doi</u>	doi
dpp	<u>prov/dpp</u>	dpp





CSTR is for various scientific and technology resources







CSTR is one of the Global PIDs The basic information infrastructure for Open Science



The Value

Members

Common Science and Technology Resource Identifier



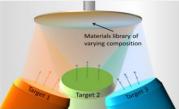
Use Cases1

CSTR Provide identification service for Scientific Data Center of CAS.

- Published dataset
- Linked with projects
- Evaluating indicator

Scientific Data Center of CAS





非晶合金数据库

CSTR: 32321.11.BB11E530A4C64CCA8D197E2CEFEC1B52 发布数据中心:中国科学院凝聚态物质科学数据中心 提交机构:

简介: 高通量实验技术研发、非晶合金新材料的高通量探索、非晶合金 得非晶合金形成成分范围的效率大大提高。以三元合金体系为例,通过





晶体材料拓扑性质数据库

CSTR: 32321.11.82DDCE986DCF487BA31ACD32F5331DF9 发布数据中心:中国科学院凝聚态物质科学数据中心 提交机构:

简介:世界上首个拓扑材料数据库,设计了一套计算具有时间反演对称 娄信息。建立了拓扑材料数据库网站,提供了友好的界面交互功能,只

电池材料离子输运数据库

CSTR: 32321.11.23C93BD21951438F980C18038DEE458 发布数据中心:中国科学院凝聚态物质科学数据中心

提交机构:

简介:电池材料离子输运数据库包含了采用键价方法计算得到的2120 4535种、含Na的化合物4344种、含K的化合物2808种、含Mg的化合





CSTR Provide identification service for Patent Center of CAS.

- Published patent
- Linked with the patent identifier

SR	Common Science and Technology Resource Identifier
Basic I	nformation
Inventio	n Title: 一种快速筛选抗寄生虫活性化合物的方法
	TR:32117.16.20220101.CN202210000231.7
Applicat	ion No.: CN202210000231.7
Applicat	ion Date: 2022-01-01
Publicat	ion No.: CN114384180A
Publicat	ion Date: 2022-04-22
Applicar	nt:中国科学院武汉植物园
Inventor	:郭明全,范民霞,陈桂林
Abstract	:本发明实施例公开了一种快速筛选抗寄生虫活性化合物的方法,将乙酰胆碱酯
和作用,	采用超滤离心后的溶液进行色谱-质谱分析,得到楝科植物与乙酰胆碱酯酶、乳酪
结合度,	即为抗寄生虫的活性化合物;本发明实施例的方法筛选活性化合物灵敏度高、准

- Tracing the Citation
- Original text access

中国科学	CASIP 院知识产权网						
首页	新闻	数据库	系			成信息	
WWW.CASIP.AC.CN 院内	新闻 院外新闻	数据检索 分类浏览	在线培训	专利分析	文献信息 法	律法规 资源导航	
专利名称【一种快速筛选抗寄生虫活性化合物的方法】全文链接一全文链接二条 300 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000							
		基本	信息				
申请号	CN202210000231.	7		E	申请日	20220101	
公开 (公告)号	CN114384180A			公开	(公告)日	20220422	
科技资源标识	CSTR:32117.16.20220101.CN202210000231.7						
申请(专利权)人	中国科学院武汉植物园						
申请人地址	430074 湖北省武汉市东湖新技术开发区九峰一路201号						
发明人	郭明全;范民霞;陈桂	林		ŧ	利类型	发明专利	
	本发明实施例公开	干了一种快速筛选抗寄生	三虫活性化合物	勿的方法,将	乙酰胆碱酯酶	、乳酸脱氢酶与核	棘科植物前



Common Science and Technology Resource Identifier

CSTR Provide identification service for different resources, different institutions, and different projects.

- Tracing citations and data analysis
- Linked resource

Papers	Prepr
新学道报	中国科学院科技论文 —— ***± \$• · ^ # # * * * * *
主页 出版目录 作者中心 く 編委会 关于我们 > 新闻 🕼	濟能入关權同
81字通照 67號 22期 2565 - 2567 (2022) 完成达评 有机化学 ● 免费获取 / 氨气新用途:不对称合成手性α-氨基酸 》 () Creater 许他词 1899 /	2542312 16493 2558805 追求絵曲 ChinaX0v纪文曲 全時期日本協文曲
歴示要素 ↓ 炭布時間: 2022年08月09日 https://bdi.org/10.1360/TB-2022-0596 https://bdi.crg/2004/14.TB-2022-0596	自伤行为的神经生理机制及共病障碍比较 Neural mechanism of NSSI and comparative study with comorbi
▲ Tempop ★ 65月 ◆ 文面内注 56月月出口 ♥ 文面内示 < ④ ⑥ ④	作者: 双海(1):防宁(1):王单单(1):赵欢次(1):婆樊(1): 作者单位: 1.上副师范大学: 提受助例: 2021-12-31
Bating # # # ## NH AUTOR AUTOR 数据与计算发展前沿 Frontiers of Data & Computing	摘要:自伤行为最危害公众心理健康的重大隐患,综合自伤行为的第近研究成果 巴胺系统以及特定基因的异常共同参与了自伤行为,将自伤行为与有人,成素,; 部分相似的发生机制,在此基础上尝试构建了自伤行方的认知神经机制假设模型 出研究展望。
首页 期刊简介 编委会 投稿指南 优先发表 广告合作	英文佛愛Non-suicide self-injury (NSSI) is a major mental disorder which m iews studies showed that emotion, control, pain, reward and endogenous ntributed to the neural mechanism of NSSI. Meanwhile, NSSI had some p
数期与计算发展前沿 >> 2022, Vol. 4 >> Issue (4): 3-12. CSTR: 32002.14.jfdc.CN10-1649/TR2022.04.001	diction, eating disorders and depression disorders. We therefore built a m h neural mechanism of NSSI. Further research may put more attention on SSI.
doi: 10.11871/jfdc.issn.2096-742X.2022.04.001	非自杀性自伤 神经生理机制 共病障碍
 ・专刊:北斗号航数据处理。 	来自: 邓洵
非组合模型估计卫星相位偏差及其精密单点定位模糊度固定应用	期刊:心理科学进展
刘煜 ^{1,2} (四),刘腾 ¹ ,张宝成 ^{1,*} (四) ~	分类: 心理学 >> 心理学其他学科 引用: chinaXiv:202201.00001 (或比版本 chinaXiv:202201.00001V1)
The Estimation of Satellite Phase Bias Based on Uncombined Precise Point Positioning Ambiguity Resolution	(do:10.12074/202201.00001) (cstr:32003.36.202201.00001.V1) 指存引用方式:河南馬宁、王華电影欢欢, 愛愛.(2021).自伤行为的神经生理机构成
	复制)

rint 文预发布平台 を流・开放传播―――

检索 Q 搜全球 56395306 16360122 论文访问量 论文下载量

bidities

果,情绪脑区、控制脑区、疼痛脑区、奖赏脑区、阿片类系统和多 进食障碍和抑郁障碍进行比较,发现自伤行为与其共病障碍存在 型,并就自伤行为神经生理机制的性别差异、发展特点及干预等提

may lead to severe damages to one' s body and mind. Prev us opioids systems together with some genetic shortages co partially overlapping mechanism compared with suicide, ad model which explained the cognitive process combining wit on longitude studies, gender differences and treatment o

|及共病障碍比较:心理科学进展.[ChinaXiv:202201.00001] (点

Scientific data 黑河综合遥感联合试验:临泽草地加密观测区样方样带布置数据

◎发布时间:2019/12/31 10:52 ●点击量: 501 ▲申请量: 2

中文名称	黑河综合遥感联合试验:临泽草地加密观测区样方样带布置数据集(2008年)
英文名称	Heihe River Integrated Remote Sensing joint experiment: data set of
	quadrat and transect layout in Linze grassland intensive observation are
	(2008)
DOI	10.12072/ncdc.NIEER.db1912.2022
CSTR	CSTR:11738.11.ncdc.NIEER.2021.1713
数据共享方式	在线下载
数据分类	遥感及产品

作者: Song Can-Li;Sun Bo;Wang Yi-Lin;Jiang Ye-Ping;Wang Lili;He Ke;Chen Xi;Zhang Ping;Ma Xu-Cu.

发表日期: 2012

GR CSTR:50007.14.PHYSREVLETT.108.156803

💿 44 💮 3 🍿 SEMANTIC SCHOLAR 42 🛛 🗲 Crossref 45 Google Scholar 55



Institutions

Fostering Adaptive Expertise Increase Retention and Graduation of Lc Date:2022-06-01 ~ 2028-05-31

Country: United States

Award Type: Standard Grant

NSF Org: Direct For Education and Human Resources

Abstract: This project will contribute to the national need for well-educated scientists

monstrated financial need at Stevens Institute of Technology. Over its six-year duratic

GR CSTR:73628.40.NSF.2130428

 \odot (H)

基础信息 机构名称: Philadelphia CSTR-60002 34 013 机构学型: Archiv 建立日期: 1938 国家:美国 其他标识 Philadelphia History Museur



Precipitationshed Approach to Changing Extremes

Abbreviation: PACE Status: SIGNED Country: Netherlands

Date: 2022-11-15 ~ 2024-11-14

Objective: Characterizing the frequency of future precipitation extremes is a f

nging task as intense rainfall is poorly represented in climate models, and ex

GR CSTR:72594.40.EU.101025217



Use Cases5



CSTR help the smart agriculture



The CSTR is used as the unique identifier by this smart farmland,:

- Agriculture instruments
- plants
- Farmland
- people
- Linking the published meteorological information

Use Cases5



CSTR help the smart agriculture



 ◆ 45% ◆ 1号地块-地块数据 					
实时数据 历史	记录 田间数据				
空气	土壤				
	适 温度 24.8℃ 置 湿度 11.5%				
۲	CO2				
光照	二氧化碳				
4060.080LUX	454.79ppm				
设备控制					
风机 加温灯 喷	灌 遮阳 滴管				
自动灌溉调控设定					

Instruments -control



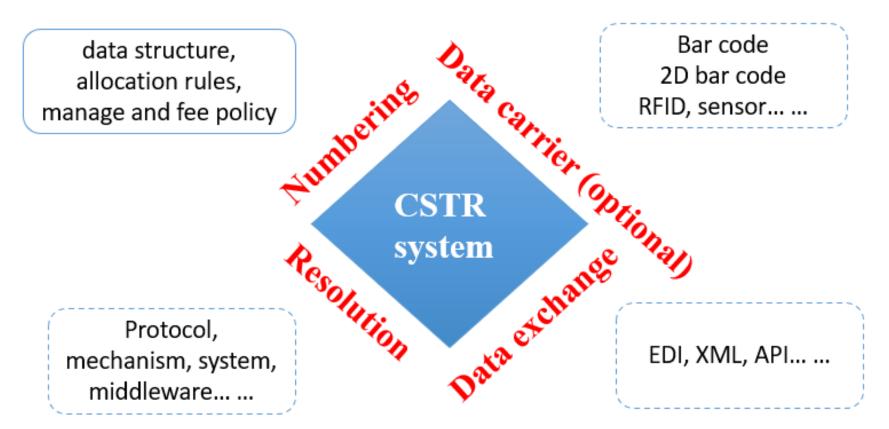
data record

	15	寺地块-地块数	女据
147	实时数据	历史记录	田间数据
÷;	源信息		-
	品产地: 广东广	州花都区	
地北	夫编码: 10001	-20150001	
种枝	直面积: 100 m	2	
种枝	直批次: 20160	218	
作	物履历		
Q	种植		2016-01-01 10:51
	负责人:张三	种植数	≣ ∶ 500
-	施肥		2016-01-28 09:10
	负责人:张三	肥料: 石	肖酸铵120g
Ko	施药		2016-02-04 15:08
	负责人:张三	农药: 。	必利得2mL
	虫害: 跳甲	位置: 村	根茎
	间隔期:2天	浓度: 1	2mL/L
-	施肥		2016-02-18 11:35
	负责人:张三	ümdel. A	贰肥120g

Field data

CSTR Standards Architecture





CSTR is not only for the digital things but also for physical items.

The CSTR system consist four parts which work together to the whole CSTR support service

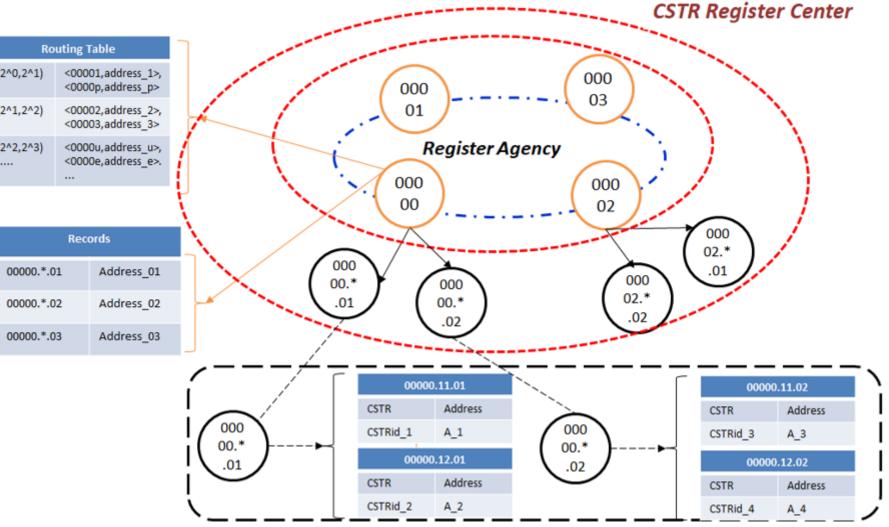
- Numbering Data carrier Resolution
 - Data exchange

Service and Cooperation

CSTR is an distributed community



Routing Table <00001,address 1>, [2^0,2^1] <0000p,address p> The CSTR architecture is [2^1,2^2] <00002,address_2>, <00003,address 3> <0000u,address u>, decentralized, each RA is [2^2,2^3] <0000e,address e>. one node of the CSTR data Records network, each RA manage 00000.*.01 Address 01 their own CSTR system, the .01 00000.*.02 Address_02 00000.*.03 Address 03 data is localized in RA.



Service-CSTR citation tracing box





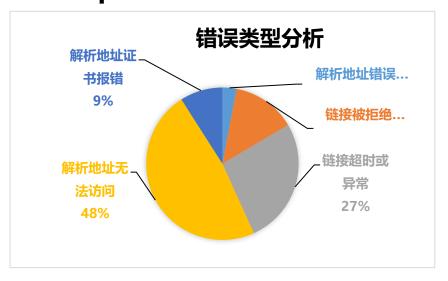


CSTR citation tracing box is based on the CSTR identifier, integrated with Crossref, Google Scholar services, aims to promote the CSTR citation tracing ability.



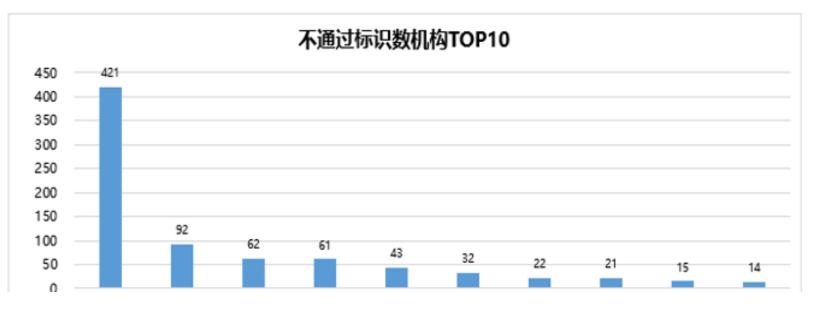
CSTR resolution service provide the monthly data report, help the data centers to promote the information service.

Total monitor: 472,426 qualified: 469,317 Non-qualified: 3109



数据中心数量	注册总量	不合格标识数	占比
40	434,086	840	0.19%

本次共计检查40个数据中心,434,706条标识数据,其中不通过量为841,占比0.19%。



Cooperations

Common Science and Technology Resource Identifier

Common Science and Technology Resource Identifier





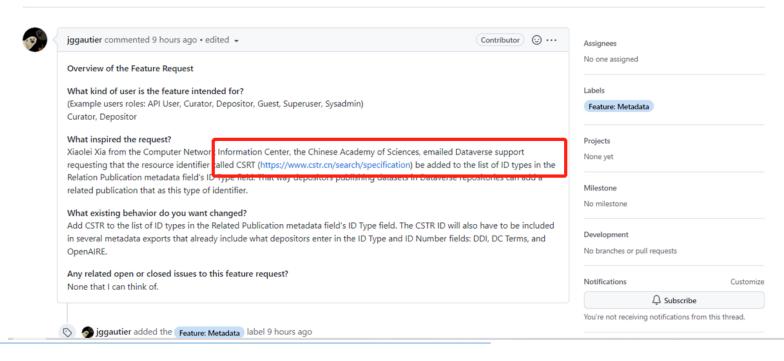


CSTR is adopted by Harvard data center



Feature Request/Idea: Add CSTR to Harvard Dataverse Related Publication ID Type list #8838

• Open jggautier opened this issue 9 hours ago • 0 comments







CSTR is adopted by FAO

Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, FAO, The Global Information System for PGRFA datacenter <u>https://glistest.planttreaty.org/glis/entity/view?eid=21737</u>







Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations	Ex situ PGRFA do	-	Why is this DOI red?	
	🗉 Main descriptors 🕇 D	OI info		
	Local identifier Date Creation method	China Easy-SMTA PID: 00AX60 [Details] CSTR-1 2022-05-31 Acquisition Triticum aestivum	Biological status Names Other identifiers MLS status Historical	CSTR 12165.04.1599207688593117507

Home

Statistics

DOI module

Partners

Logir

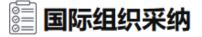
English -





CSTR is adopted by ORCID

ORCID (Open Researcher and Contributor ID) <u>https://pub.orcid.org/v3.0/identifiers</u>



ORCID

ORCID identifier types

Name	Description	Resolution Prefix	Case sensitive	Primary use
agr	agr: Agricola		false	work
ark	ark: Archival Resource Key Identifier		true	work
arxiv	arxiv: ArXiv	https://arxiv.org/abs/	false	work
asin	asin: Amazon Standard Identification Number	http://www.amazon.com/dp/	false	work
asin-tld	asin-tld: ASIN top-level domain		false	work
authenticusid	authenticusid: AuthenticusID	https://www.authenticus.pt/	false	work
bibcode	Bibcode	http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/	true	work
cba	cba: Chinese Biological Abstracts		false	work
cienciaiul	cienciaiul: Ciência-IUL Identifier	https://ciencia.iscte-iul.pt/id/	false	work
cit	cit: CiteSeer		false	work
cstr	cstr: Science and technology resource identification	https://www.cstr.cn/	false	work
ctx	ctx: CiteExplore submission		false	work
dnb	dnb: German National Library identifier	https://d-nb.info/	false	work
doi	doi: Digital object identifier	https://doi.org/	false	work
eid	Scopus Identifier		false	work

Cooperations

ePIC(Persistent identifier for eResearch)

The consortium signed a Memorandum of Understanding aiming to provide long term reliability for the PID services. Meanwhile ePIC is an international consortium and open to partners from the research community worldwide.

CNIC and ePIC sign the MoU

Exclusive Agency of ePIC under prefix "21" in China.
 research on leading edge technology, such as the data type registry, FAIR DO, etc;

■ provide scientific data identification cross-disciplinary

Achievements

Based on the Handle service, CNIC developed the data identification service to support the eResearch in China also open to global research institutions.



Cooperations

Common Science and Technology Resource Identifier

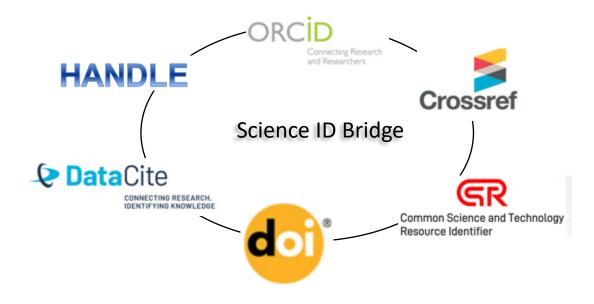


The Prospect



Initial the "Global Science ID Bridge Plan"

Let's build an "ID Bridge " to range between the heterogeneous identification systems to make better FAIR principle for the Open Science



Thank you

Email: cstr@cnic.cn

WeChat:

