Exploring Large Audiovisual Archives through Embodied Experiences in Immersive Environments

Giacomo Alliata EPFL, Laboratory of Experimental Museology eM+



- Introduction
- The Need for a New Framework
- Towards Immersive Generosity
- Embodied Understanding in IES
- The Emergence of Narrative
- Conclusion

Introduction

In his book Zen and the Art of Motorcycle Maintenance, Robert Pirsig outlines the differences felt when traveling in a car or on a motorcycle [16]. In the first case, the driver is only seeing the environment through the car windows, while in the latter the motorcyclist is living, feeling that same environment. It is a much more embodied experience.





Introduction

In a similar way, my research aims at proposing an **innovative framework to explore large audiovisual archives**, employing Immersive Environments to reach an idea of **immersive generosity** and **embodied understanding**.

- Introduction
- The Need for a New Framework
- Towards Immersive Generosity
- Embodied Understanding in IES
- The Emergence of Narrative
- Conclusion

The Need for a New Framework

A Need Highlighted by DH and GLAM sectors Communities

- In 2014, 80% of EU cultural institutions had digitized their collections, according to a survey conducted on 1200 institutions [4]
- Increase in digitization of audiovisual archives (BBC, 1M hours [21]; RaiTeche,
 1.3M hours [17])
- Archival scholars have called for innovative frameworks to explore such collections, that go beyond the classical screening of a few films [5]

The Need for a New Framework

The Issues with Traditional Information Retrieval

- Often based on classification and tagging, that rely on prior assumptions and respond to different needs [14]
- Visual features of videos are harder to verbally capture
- IR presupposes a specific question to answer, something that visitors in a museum might not have [13, 14]

- Introduction
- The Need for a New Framework
- Towards Immersive Generosity
- Embodied Understanding in IES
- The Emergence of Narrative
- Conclusion

Towards Immersive Generosity

The Concept of Generous Interfaces

- Introduced by Whitelaw in 2015, he argues that **searching requires 'rich, browsable interfaces** that reveal the scale and complexity of digital heritage collections' [20]
- Rely on more humanistic approach of browsing rather than visualisation mantra proposed by Shneiderman, 'highly mechanistic' according to humanist scholar Johanna Drucker [3]

Towards Immersive Generosity

The Sensory Moving Image Archive

- Developed in 2019 at the University of Amsterdam [10]
- Web interface to explore 103,273 shots according to four visual features (color, shape, movement and clutter)
- Shots spatially distributed according to similarity of these four features



Towards Immersive Generosity

Augmenting Generous Interfaces with Immersive Visual Storytelling

- Generous interfaces are mostly restrained to the web
- Good for access and democratisation of culture, but lack immersion and engagement in museum spaces
- Porting generous interfaces to Immersive Environments (IEs) could **augment public engagement** with audiovisual archives in museum spaces, thanks to the idea of 'embodied understanding' [7]
- This will change how narrative emerges, especially for interactive platforms

- Introduction
- The Need for a New Framework
- Towards Immersive Generosity
- Embodied Understanding in IES
- The Emergence of Narrative
- Conclusion

The concept of 'embodied understanding'

- Proposed by philosopher Mark Johnson, according to whom 'understanding is
 profoundly embodied, insofar as our conceptualization and reasoning recruit sensory,
 motor, and affective patterns and processes to structure our understanding of, and
 engagement with, our world' [7]
- Role of emotions in our survival and well-being, as well as in storytelling practices
- Five 'bodily sources of meaning' to fully appreciate our 'embodied understanding' [6]

The Biological Body

- Our bodies are first 'flesh-and-blood', 'functioning biological organism[s] that can perceive, move within, respond to, and transform [their] environments' [2]
- In continuous balance with environment to find optimal well-being





Osmose (1995), Char Davies

The Phenomenological Body

- Our 'tactile-kinaesthetic body' depends on our feeling of bodily posture and orientation, our kinaesthetic sensations and our awareness of our body states through emotions and feelings
- Physical interactions mapped to abstract operations on the data ('tangialities' [12])



Surprise Machines (2021), Harvard metaLab

The Ecological Body

- Continuous process between our bodies and the environment we evolve within
- Omnidirectional nature of large IEs allows for both allocentric and egocentric cognition and spatial perspectives simultaneously [11]



The Living Web (2002), Christa Sommerer and Laurent Mignonneau

The Social Body

- Our environment is also composed of human relationships
- Role of the user-agent in interactive experience, creating a performance for the other visitors
- Geert Mul's 'third-person's perspective' [13]



Library of Babel (2003), Geert Mul

The Cultural Body

- Role of cultural practices in the way we shape and understand our bodies
- Interpretative action of the viewer draws on their culturally-different prior assumptions and knowledge
- Users' cultures become new variables in the process of generating narrative



HampiLIVE (2010), Sarah Kenderdine

The Emergence of Narrative

The Effect of the Medium on the Narrative

- Aylett and Louchart [1] propose four dimensions to characterize narrative:
 - Contingency
 - Presence
 - Interactivity
 - Narrative Representation
- Immersive Visual Storytelling has strong contingency, presence and interactivity (for interactive interfaces)
- The narrative representation places the viewers inside the collection

The Emergence of Narrative

The Authorial Power of Users in Interactive Immersive Installations

- In immersive and interactive multi-user systems, the user-agent drives the narrative for the rest of the audience
- User-agent is placed as actor in the experience rather than passive viewer
- Benefits in the understanding of knowledge according to constructionist theories when users actively engage with information [2, 15]

- Introduction
- The Need for a New Framework
- Towards Immersive Generosity
- Embodied Understanding in IES
- The Emergence of Narrative
- Conclusion

Conclusion

Audiovisual archives need immersive generous interfaces to be explored in a meaningful way, letting users drive their own experience. This paradigm will result in a more **embodied understanding** and the **emergence of narrative**. It will reinvent our access to this kind of collections through a **creative performance** witnessed by other visitors in the space, placing users as actors in the experience rather than mere spectators.

Acknowledgements

This research is part of the *Narratives from the Long Tail: Transforming Access to Audiovisual Archives* project, funded by the Swiss National Science Foundation and led by Prof. Sarah Kenderdine, who I would like to thank for the supervision of my thesis.

See https://www.futurecinema.live/ for more information on the project.



References

- 1. Aylett, R., & Louchart, S. (2003). Towards a narrative theory of virtual reality. Virtual Reality, 7 (1), 2-9.
- 2. Dewey, J. (1966). Democracy and education: An introduction to the philosophy of education
- 3. Drucker, J. (2014). Graphesis: Visual forms of knowledge production. harvard university press Cambridge, MA.
- 4. ENUMERATE. (2014). Survey report on digitisation in european cultural heritage institutions 2014.
- 5. Fossati, G. (2012), Found Footage Filmmaking, Film Archiving and New Participatory Platforms, in Found Footage: Cinema Exposed, Amsterdam: Amsterdam University Press, pp. 177–184.
- 6. Johnson, M. (2008), What Makes a Body?, The Journal of Speculative Philosophy, vol. 22, no. 3, pp. 159–169.
- 7. Johnson, M. (2015). Embodied understanding. Frontiers in psychology, 6, 875.
- 8. Kenderdine, S., Shaw, J. and Gremmler, T. (2013), Cultural Data Sculpting: Omnidirectional Visualization for Cultural Datasets. In: Marchese F., Banissi E. (eds) Knowledge Visualization Currents. Springer, London.
- 9. S. Kenderdine, 2015, "Embodiment, Entanglement, and Immersion in Digital Cultural Heritage," in A New Companion to Digital Humanities, John Wiley & Sons, Ltd, pp.22-41. doi: 10.1002/9781118680605.ch2
- 10. Masson, E., Olesen, C. G., van Noord, N., and Fossati, G. (2020). Exploring digitised moving image collections: The SEMIA project, visual analysis and the turn to abstraction. Digital Humanities Quarterly, (4).
- 11. McGinity, M., Shaw, J., Kuchelmeister, V., Hardjono, A., and Del Favero, D. (2007). AVIE: A versatile multi-user stereo 360° interactive VR theatre. Proceedings of the 2007 Workshop on Emerging Displays Technologies: Images and beyond: The Future of Displays and Interaction.
- 12. Milekic, S. (2002). Towards tangible virtualities: Tangialities.
- 13. Mul, G., and Masson, E. (2018). Data-based art, algorithmic poetry: Geert mul in conversation with Eef Masson. TMG Journal for Media History, 21 (2).
- 14. Olesen, C. G., Masson, E., Van Gorp, J., Fossati, G., & Noordegraaf, J. (2016). Data-driven research for film history: Exploring the jean desmet collection. Moving Image: The Journal of the Association of Moving Image Archivists, 16 (1), 82–105
- 15. Piaget, J. (1973). To understand is to invent: The future of education.
- 16. Pirsiq, R. M. (1974). Zen and the art of motorcycle maintenance. William Morrow Company
- 17. RaiTeche, Chi Siamo, teche.rai.it (2022). https://www.teche.rai.it/chi-siamo-2/ (accessed March 27, 2022)
- 18. Rolan, G., Humphries, G., Jeffrey, L., Samaras, E., Antsoupova, T., & Stuart, K. (2019). More human than human? Artificial intelligence in the archive. Archives and Manuscripts, 47(2), 179-203.
- 19. Sternberg, R. J., & Karami, S. (2022). An 8p theoretical framework for understanding creativity and theories of creativity. The Journal of Creative Behavior, 56 (1), 55–78.
- 20. Whitelaw, M. (2015), Generous interfaces for digital cultural collections, Digital Humanities Quarterly.
- 21. Wright, R. (2017). The future of television archives digital preservation coalition. https://www.dpconline.org/blog/wdpd/the-future-of-television-archives (accessed: 10.02.2022)