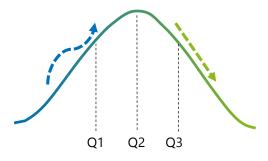
## Research Data Management (RDM)



**Best Practices Roadmap** 



























# Outline – Today's RDM Recipe

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Short Presentation: (9:00-9:15)

Module 1: Introduction to RDM (9:15-10:00)

Coffee break: (10:00-10:15)

Module 2: High-Level Policies (10:15-11:00)

Module 3: Knowledge Bricks (11:00-12:30)

Lunch break: (12:30-13:30)

Module 4: Data Management Plans (13:30-14:15)

DMP Exercise (*World coffee style*): in (14:15-16:00) 3-4 groups Outlining a DMP







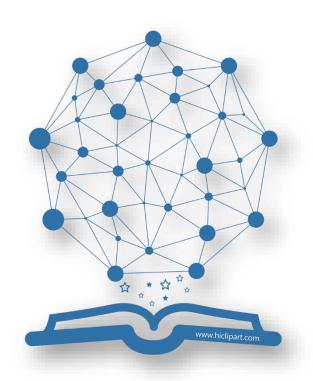




#### **Brief Presentation**

#### Short participant's presentation

- Briefly on your Project/PhD
- Which data you use, methods and which are the expected research outputs?



Knowledge network







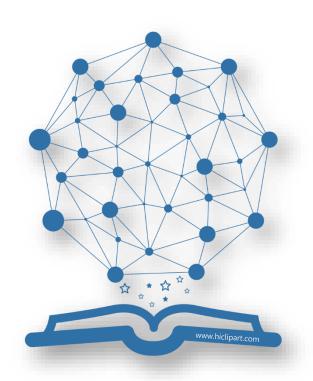




# Before starting

### RDM is like a multidisciplinary knowledge network

- You'll be introduced on several concepts
   linked with another (be patient, feel free to ask)
- The training material contains several hyperlinks to other sources



Knowledge network











### Module 1 - Introduction

This first module introduces RDM, giving its context in the Research Data Governance

- Research Data Management (RDM)
- RDM Top Down & Bottom Up
- Linked Research Outputs
- Research Assessment













## Research Data Management - What?

#### A Puzzle of knowledge bricks

RDM is a mosaic of multidisciplinary knowledge and competencies. Hence, RDM know-how serves as a reference toolkit to address policy compliance and data management best practices throughout the project lifecycle.





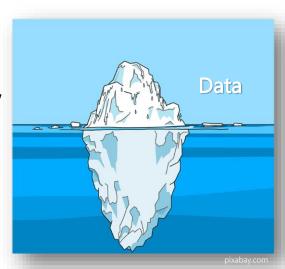






### What is Research Data?

- No standard definition available.
- Research data is the fundament of any scientific work documenting its results.
- **DFG** specifies: "Research data includes measurements, audio-visual information, texts, documentation, samples, questionnaires, algorithms, software, simulations, etc..
- Research data is highly heterogeneous, with subject area having a wide variety of data type and formats.
- Hence: Research Data → Research Input/Outputs













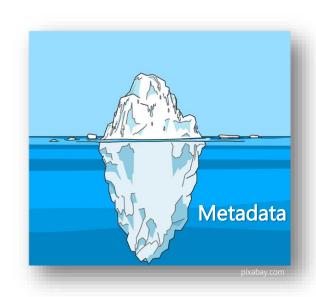


## What is Metadata (MD)?

Metadata (MD) is data about data.

In research Metadata represents all the **information that describe and document** in a structured way the research data.

**Structured**? It means there are several MD elements that can describe the data: Title, Creator, Abstract, Keywords, Format, Subject, PID, License, Provenance/Lineage, etc.











## Research Data Management Lifecycle

Research idea and design planning

Data retrieval (existing or new)

Data processing and analysis

Publishing and re-use



https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.6482340





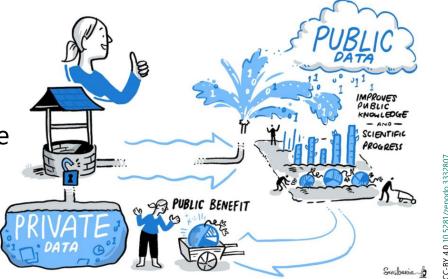






# Research Data Management - Why?

- Assure return of investment
- Efficient spending
- Increases publicly available knowledge
- Network
- Provides new unexplored benefits







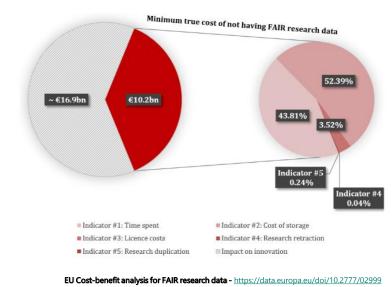






# Lack of RDM best practices has a price!

- RDM practices still too "patchy and not optimal"
- Huge cost for not having "open/FAIR" data
- Minimum cost ~ €10bn<sup>-y</sup> (likely cost → almost three-fold)
- Into perspective (Horizon 2020 ~ €12bn<sup>-y</sup>)











## Research Data Management - How?

**Top Down Requirements** 



Bottom up needs!







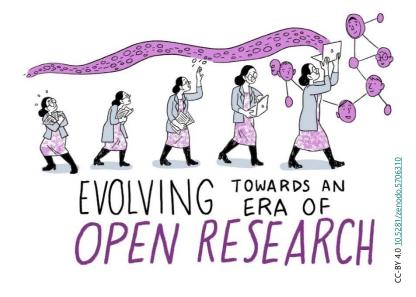




## Top Down

#### Stakeholder Requirements & High level policies

- DMP Funder requirements
   (e.g. <u>DFG</u>, <u>Horizon Europe</u>)
- Open Science
- Good Scientific Practice
- Guidelines Handling Research Data
- Open Access
- FAIR Principles















## Bottom up

#### Researcher and community needs!

- Save time in the long-term
- Find again your data
- Good practices & Data Culture
- Partnership & Collaboration
- Share, re-use and get credits
- Data/Method/Software Paper
- Grey Literature











# Digital & Linked Research Outputs

#### Research is digital

Several research outputs associated with the formal Journal publication are stored & shared online. (e.g. datasets, software/code/algorithms, protocols, preprints, posters, documentation, etc.)

Crossref Blog: "Linking publications to associated research outputs"

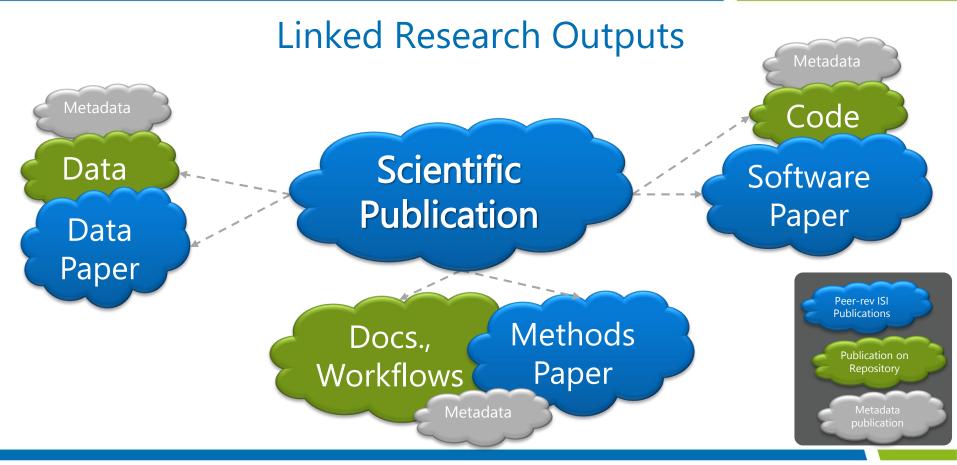






















# **Research Outputs**

Peer review



**Algorithms** 





Non-Peer review Workflow (Free)

Peer review Data Paper

















\* General, Institutional, Disciplinary Repositories

> pixbay.com Freeicons.io



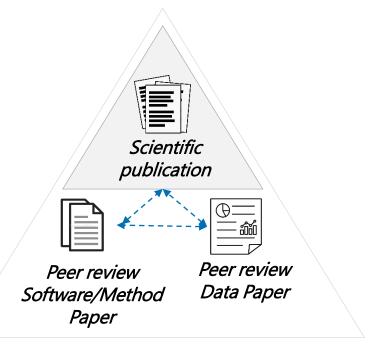








## Research Outputs and Evaluation metrics



Traditional ISI- indexed Research Outputs



Emerging
Non-ISI Open Research Outputs

lcons: pixbay.com Freeicons.io







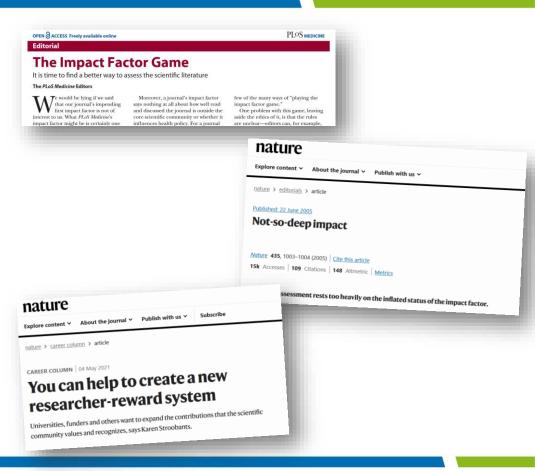




### Research evaluation

...in addition to research quality and impact factor...

"...so far career-advancement criteria don't reward open practices but it is changing..."











### The Declaration on Research Assessment (DORA)

Scientific Community Initiatives to Improve the ways in which researchers and the outputs of scholarly research are evaluated!

"Research assessment criteria should reward ethics, reputation, teamwork and diversity of outputs"

Research evaluation needs to change with the times. Nature 601, 166 (2022). https://doi.org/10.1038/d41586-022-00056-z



<u>Leibniz IOER is among the</u> 2500 organizations that signed it

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## Growing momentum toward Open Science











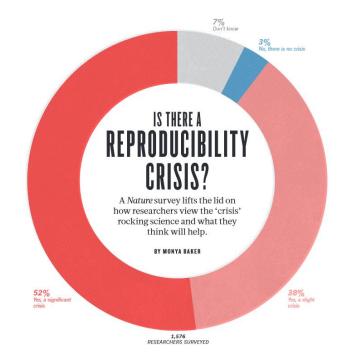




# Why RDM does it matter? The reproducibility challenge



"More than 70% of researchers have tried and failed to reproduce another scientist's experiments, and more than 50% have failed to reproduce their own experiments"



Baker, M. 1,500 scientists lift the lid on reproducibility. Nature 533, 452-454 (2016)









# Good RDM → Reproducibility is doable

Ensuring that your work is reproducible is not as daunting or complicated













#### Research Data – A Valuable Asset!

Research Data = Research Asset

Beside scientist competences and skills, data is to be considered as a valuable research asset.

Open Research outputs = <u>Scientific Reputation</u>
Open and Linking all the Research Outputs is key to build up your Scientific Reputation









