



CHAP

ChinaHighAirPollutants

中国高分辨率高质量近地表空气污染物数据集



ChinaHighAirPollutants (CHAP)

New update: Daily seamless 1 km PM_x and composition data released!

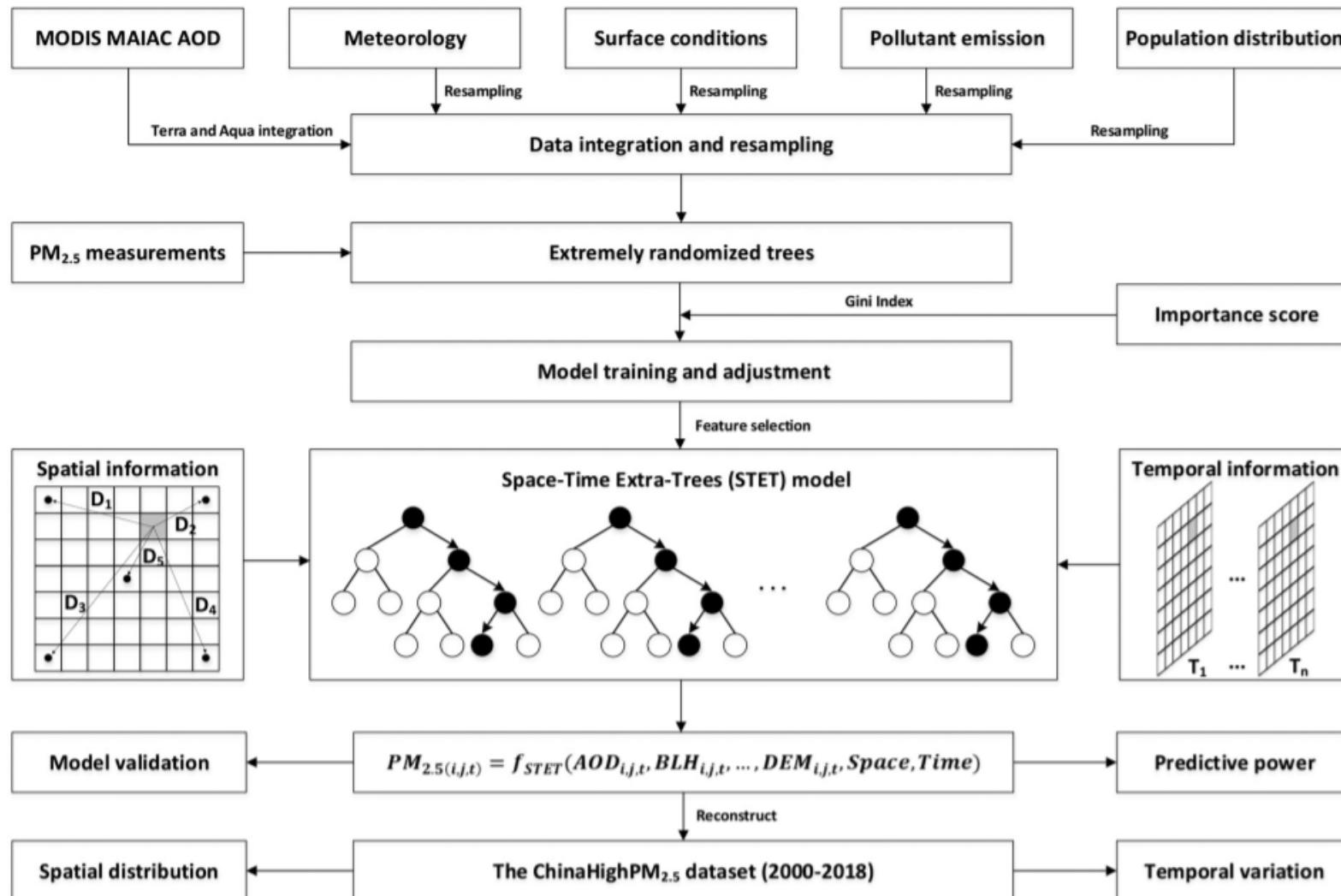
- Brief Introduction

The ChinaHighAirPollutants (CHAP) dataset refers to the **long-term, full-coverage, high-resolution, and high-quality** datasets of ground-level air pollutants for China. It is generated from the big data (e.g., ground-based measurements, satellite remote sensing products, atmospheric reanalysis, and model simulations) using artificial intelligence by considering the spatiotemporal heterogeneity of air pollution. The CHAP dataset contains 7 major air pollutants (i.e., PM₁, PM_{2.5}, PM₁₀, O₃, NO₂, SO₂, and CO), and PM_{2.5} compositions (e.g., SO₄²⁻, NO₃⁻, NH₄⁺, Cl⁻, and BC, et al). This CHAP dataset is **public** and **freely** open to all users!

- Dataset summary

ChinaHighAirPollutants (CHAP)								
Air Pollutant	Main predictor	Spatial resolution	Missing values	Temporal resolution				Available period (yyyy/mm)
				Hourly	Daily	Monthly	Yearly	
PM ₁	Big data	1 km	No	✓	✓	✓	✓	2000/01 – 2021/12
PM _{2.5}	Big data	1 km	No	✓	✓	✓	✓	2000/01 – 2021/12
	Himawari-8	5 km	Yes	✓	✓	✓	✓	2018/01 – 2018/12
PM ₁₀	Big data	1 km	No	✓	✓	✓	✓	2000/01 – 2021/12

ChinaHighPM_{2.5} (Method & Updates)



Method

Space-Time Extra-Trees (STET) model

Main updates (Version 4)

1) AOD gap filling:

Fill the AOD gaps from big data using machine learning

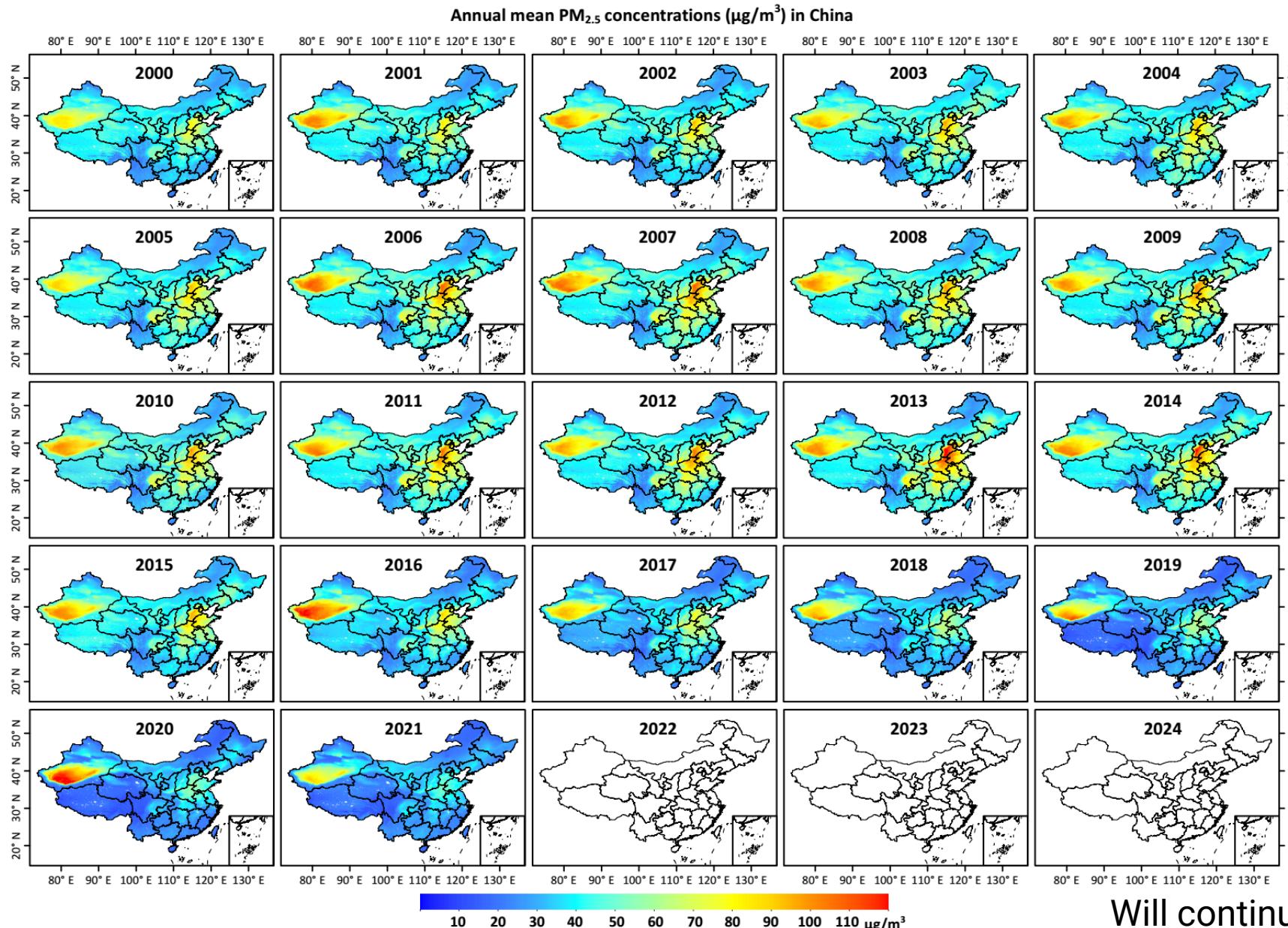
2) Update data sources

e.g., MERRA2 PM_{2.5} compositions

CAMS emission inventory

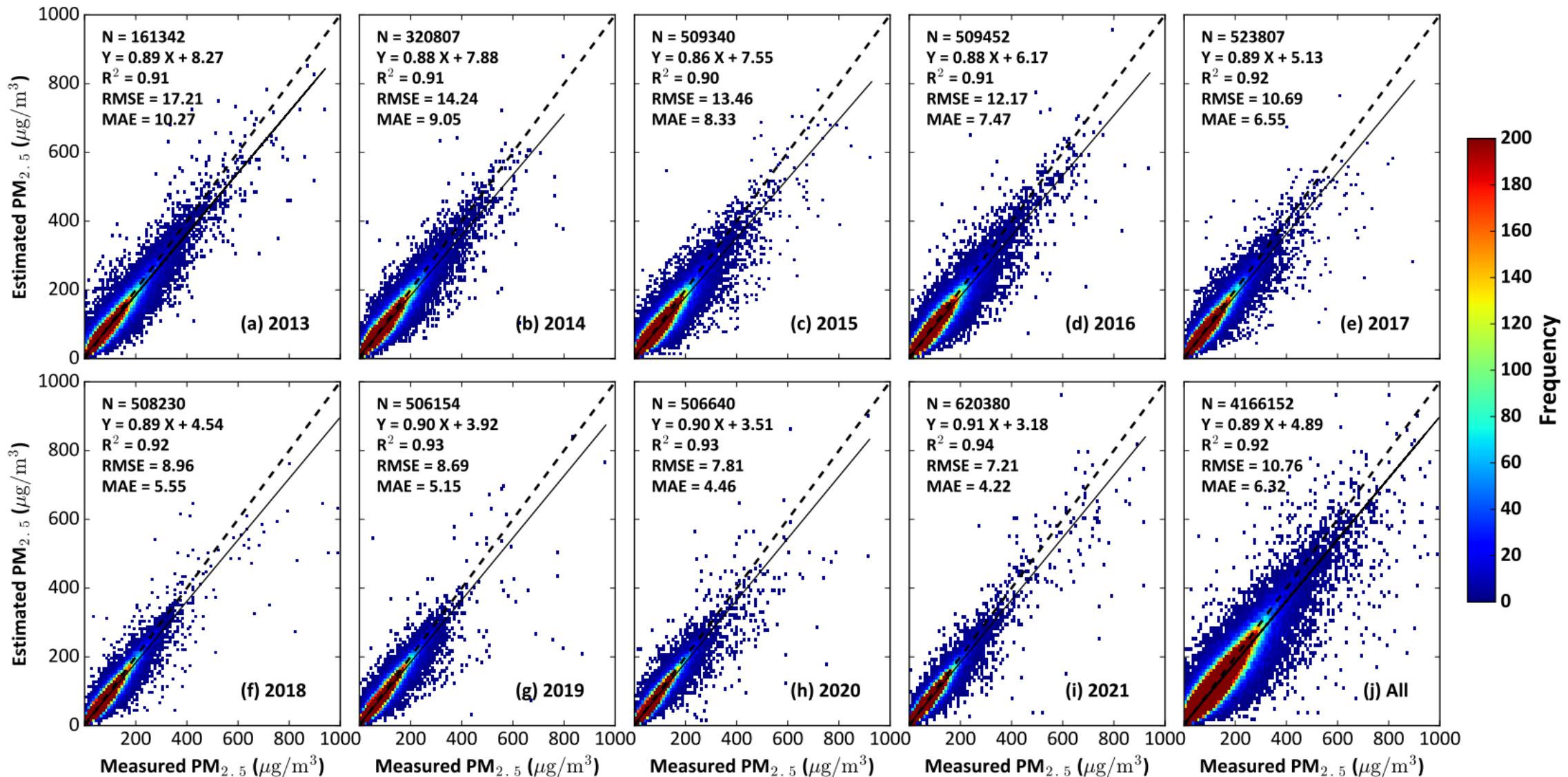
Flowchart of STET model (Wei et al., RSE, 2021)

ChinaHighPM_{2.5} (1 km, 2000-2021, Version 4)



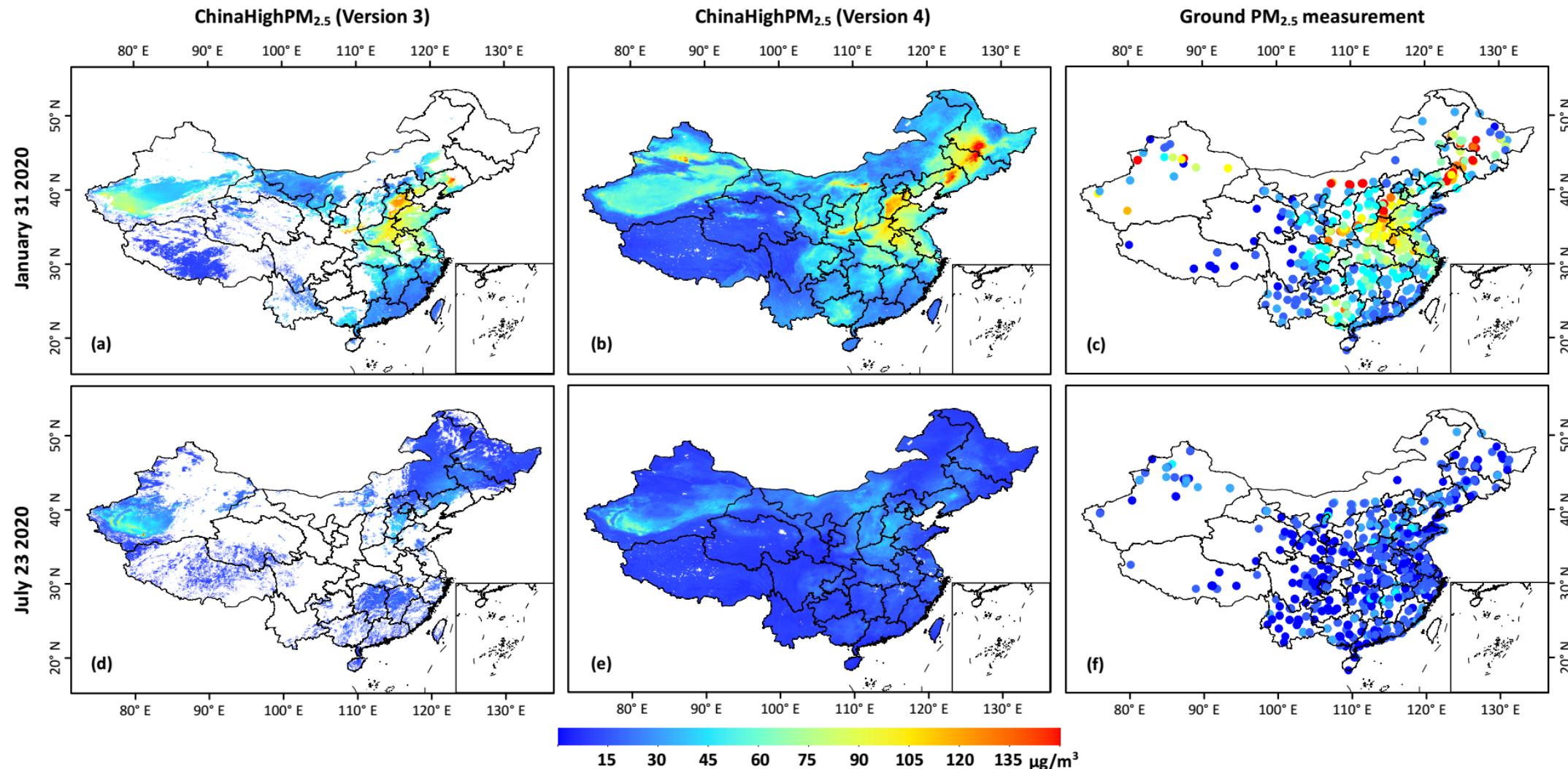
Will continuously update!

10-fold Cross Validation



Overall accuracy: CV- $R^2 = 0.92$, RMSE = $10.76 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$

Version Comparison (4 & 3)



The V4 data filled the missing values of satellite AOD products and provided **seamless** daily PM_{2.5} concentrations across China, significantly improving the data availability by **60%** compared to the V3 dataset.

ChinaHighPM_{2.5} product (format)

Panoply: Panoply — Sources

File Edit View History Bookmarks Plot Window Help

Create Plot Combine Plot Open Dataset

Datasets Catalogs Bookmarks

Name	Long Name	Type
CHAP_PM2.5_D1K_20200101_V4.nc	CHAP_PM2.5_20200101_V4.nc	Local File
lat	lat	1D
lon	lon	1D
PM2.5	PM2.5	Geo2D

PM2.5 in CHAP_PM2.5_D1K_20200101_V4.nc

File Edit View History Bookmarks Plot Window Help

Plot Array 1

PM2.5

PM2.5 ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)

Data Min = 4.0, Max = 196.0, Mean = 41.9

Array(s) Scale Map Overlays Shading Contours Vectors Labels

Plot Map of Array 1 Only Interpolate

Array 1: PM2.5
No additional dimensions

Remove Remove All Hide Info

Variable "PM2.5"
In file "CHAP_PM2.5_D1K_20200101_V4.nc"
Variable full name: PM2.5

```
ushort PM2.5(lat=3571, lon=6148);
:units = "μg/m³";
:scale_factor = 0.1f; // float
:add_offset = 0.0f; // float
:_FillValue = 65535US; // ushort
:_ChunkSizes = 36U, 62U; // uint
```

Format: CHAP_PM2.5_D1K_20200101_V4.nc

PM2.5: ground-level PM_{2.5}

D1K: Daily 1 km (**M1K:** Monthly 1 km; **Y1K:** Yearly 1 km)

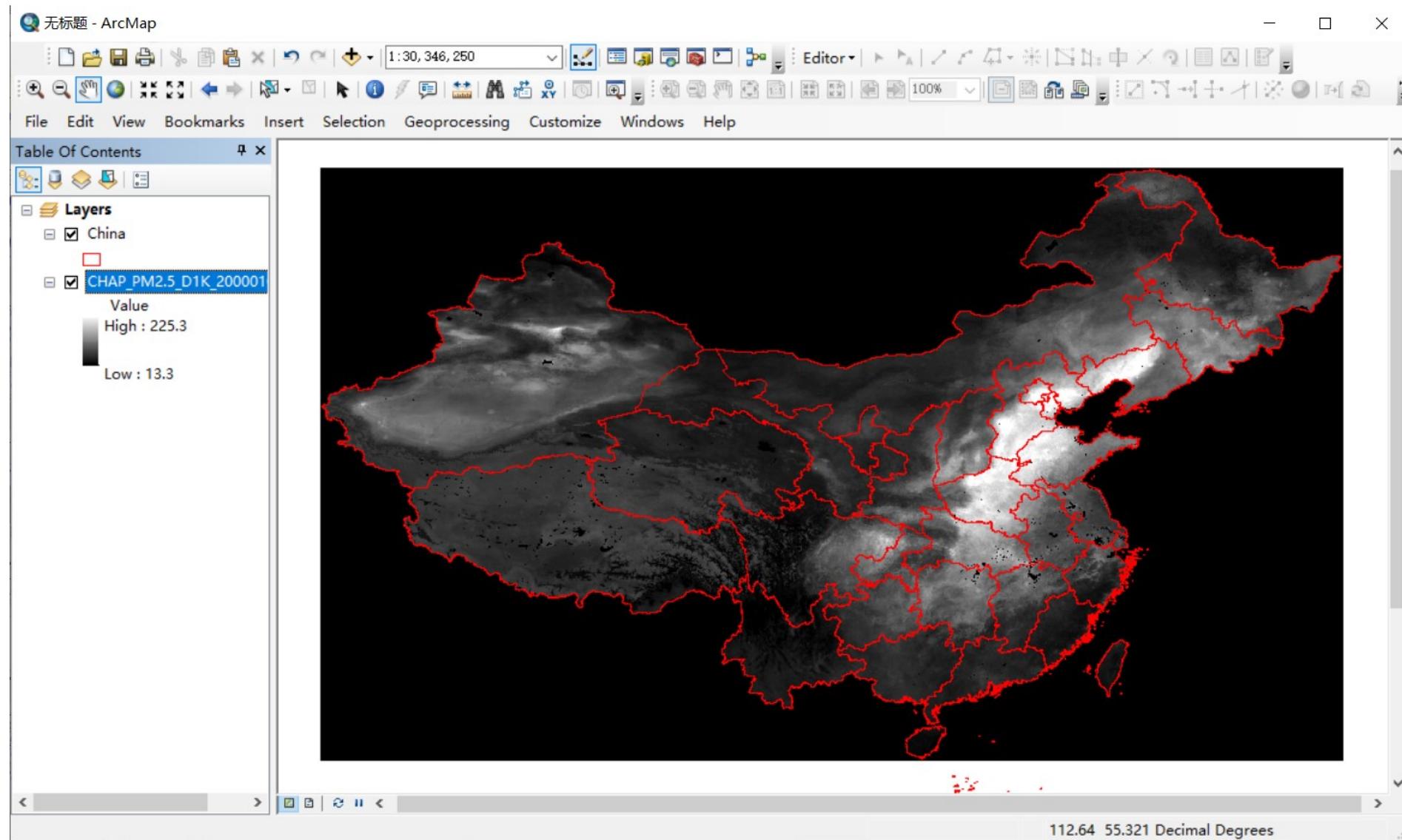
20200101: Date [Year, Month, Day]

V4: Version 4

Check the .nc file using **Panoply** or **HDF Explorer**

How to read?

Use Python, Matlab, and IDL codes (nc2geotiff codes.rar) to batch convert NetCDF (.nc) to GeoTIFF (.tif).



Reference

- [1] Wei, J., Li, Z., Lyapustin, A., Sun, L., Peng, Y., Xue, W., Su, T., and Cribb, M. [Reconstructing 1-km-resolution high-quality PM_{2.5} data records from 2000 to 2018 in China: spatiotemporal variations and policy implications](#). *Remote Sensing of Environment*, 2021, 252, 112136. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.rse.2020.112136>
- [2] Wei, J., Li, Z., Cribb, M., Huang, W., Xue, W., Sun, L., Guo, J., Peng, Y., Li, J., Lyapustin, A., Liu, L., Wu, H., and Song, Y. [Improved 1 km resolution PM_{2.5} estimates across China using enhanced space-time extremely randomized trees](#). *Atmospheric Chemistry and Physics*, 2020, 20, 3273–3289. <https://doi.org/10.5194/acp-20-3273-2020>

Contact

If you use the ChinaHighPM_{2.5} dataset for related study, please cite the corresponding reference (Wei et al., RSE, 2021; Wei et al., ACP, 2020). Note that this dataset is continuously updated, and if you need more data or have any questions, please contact me (weijing_rs@163.com; weijing.rs@gmail.com).