HELMHOLTZ



SPITZENFORSCHUNG FÜR GROSSE HERAUSFORDERUNGEN

HMC Hub Matter

Assessing the FAIRness of a prototypical PaN instrument

at BESSY II

Markus Kubin and Gerrit Günther

Helmholtz Metadata Collaboration (HMC)



- Make Helmholtz Data FAIR findable, accessible, interoperable and reusable
- Provide services for sustainable and efficient metadata handling
- Develop, share and consolidate community-expertise in metadata across Helmholtz

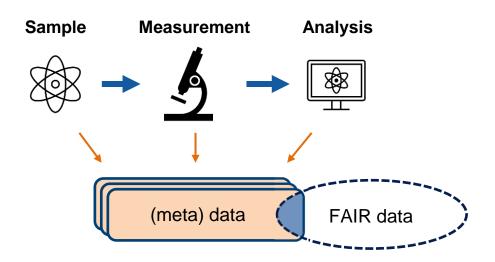


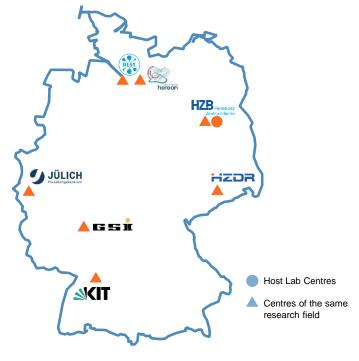
Status of the community



Research field matter:

- Particles, plasma physics, materials, biophysics ...
- Technology of accelerators, detectors ...
- User programs of photon, neutron, ion beam facilities
 ...





Get in touch...

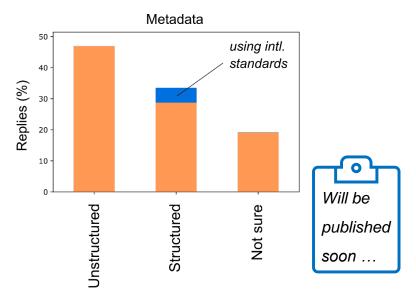
https://helmholtz-metadaten.de/en/matter/contact-us

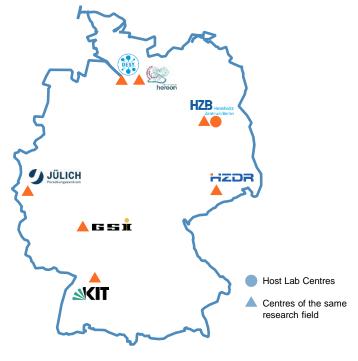
Status of the community



Research field matter:

- Community survey 2021
 - Researchers in all Helmholtz centres / research fields
 - Survey still running
- First data (research field matter, n=104)





Get in touch...

https://helmholtz-metadaten.de/en/matter/contact-us



From FAIR guidelines to FAIR indicators

15 FAIR Guiding Principles



Findable

Accessible

Interoperable

Reusable

SUBJECT CATEGORIES

» Research data » Publication characteristics

Received: 10 December 2015 Accepted: 12 February 2016 Published: 15 March 2016

SCIENTIFIC DATA 1101101

Amended: Addendum

OPEN Comment: The FAIR Guiding

Principles for scientific data management and stewardship

Mark D. Wilkinson et al.#

There is an urgent need to improve the infrastructure supporting the reuse of scholarly data. A diverse set of stakeholders-representing academia, industry, funding agencies, and scholarly publishers-have come together to design and jointly endorse a concise and measureable set of principles that we refer to as the FAIR Data Principles. The intent is that these may act as a guideline for those wishing to enhance the reusability of their data holdings. Distinct from peer initiatives that focus on the human scholar, the FAIR Principles put specific emphasis on enhancing the ability of machines to automatically find and use the data, in addition to supporting its reuse by individuals. This Comment is the first formal publication of the FAIR Principles, and includes the rationale behind them, and some exemplar implementations in the community.

FAIR Guiding Principles (2016)

M. D. Wilkinson et al. "The FAIR Guiding Principles for scientific data management and stewardship." Scientific data 3.1 (2016): 1-9.

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15 FAIR Guiding Principles



Findable:

- F1. (meta)data are assigned a globally unique and persistent identifier
- F2. data are described with **rich metadata** (defined by R1 below)
- F3. metadata clearly and **explicitly include the identifier** of the data it describes
- F4. (meta)data are registered or indexed in a searchable resource

Accessible:

- A1. (meta)data are **retrievable** by their **identifier** using a **standardized communications protocol**
- A1.1 the protocol is **open, free, and universally implementable**A1.2 the protocol allows for an **authentication and authorization**
- procedure, where necessary
- A2. **metadata** are accessible, even when the data are no longer available

Interoperable:

- I1. (meta)data use a **formal, accessible, shared, and broadly applicable** language for **knowledge representation**.
- 12. (meta)data use vocabularies that follow FAIR principles
- 13. (meta)data include qualified references to other (meta)data

Reusable:

- R1. meta(data) are **richly described** with a plurality of accurate and relevant attributes
- R1.1. (meta)data are released with a clear and accessible data usage license
- R1.2. (meta)data are associated with **detailed provenance**
- R1.3. (meta)data meet domain-relevant community standards
- M. D. Wilkinson et al. "The FAIR Guiding Principles for scientific data management and stewardship." *Scientific data* 3.1 (2016): 1-9.

RDA: FAIR Data Maturity Model





From 15 FAIR Guidelines (2016) to 41 FAIR Indicators (2020)

Example:

FAIR Data Maturity Model **Specification and Guidelines**

2020



Proposed RDA Recommendation Produced by: FAIR Data Maturity Model WG, 2019-2020

https://www.rd-alliance.org/groups/fair-data-maturity-model-wg

https://zenodo.org/record/3909563

Guideline: F1. (Meta)data are assigned a globally unique and persistent ID

Indicators:

FAIR	ID	Indicator
F1	RDA-F1-01M	Metadata is identified by a persistent identifier
F1	RDA-F1-01D	Data is identified by a persistent identifier
F1	RDA-F1-02M	Metadata is identified by a globally unique identifier
F1	RDA-F1-02D	Data is identified by a globally unique identifier

Essential *** - Important ** - Useful * Rating:

Metric: 0 - not applicable Score 1 - not being considered this yet 2 - under consideration or in planning phase 3 - in implementation phase 4 - fully implemented



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A prototypical

PaN instrument at HZB / BESSY II



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Data collection 330%, ADJEO - 473.61 ADA, GENELLIES Appairs 3 1.2 1.0 0.8 9.0 Å o 0.4 0.2

4700



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File Edit Format View Help
   verticalh5 = 782,2000
    poselliph1 = 113,530
   poselliph3 = 243,1400
   negelliph1 = 113,530
    negelliph3 = 253,1300
   negelliph5 = 703,1710
   poselliph5 = 701,1710
# DIO-6612
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   model = NI6612
    vipath = Lise\DeviceNI6612\DeviceNI6612.vi
   pxislot = 2
   sim = false
   activation = true
   frontpanel = true
# Quantum Composer 9530
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    vipath = Lise\DeviceQuantum9530\DeviceQuantum9530.vi
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    setconfig = false
    frontpanel = true
    type = serial
    port = COM9
   Lasa arasanina
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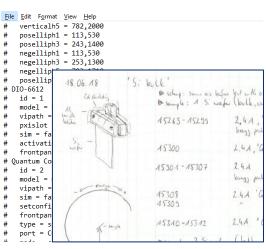
Automatic (meta)data collection:

- Metadata of sensors and motors etc.
- Detector data
- ...
 - → ASCII text files



Data collection 1.2 1.0 8.0 9.0 Å 0.4 0.2 4700





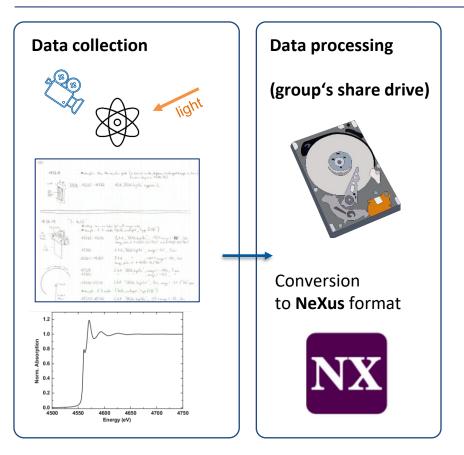
Automatic (meta)data collection:

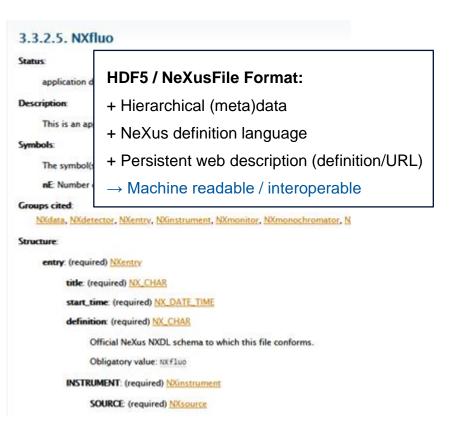
- Metadata of sensors and motors etc.
- Detector data
- . . .
 - → ASCII text files

Manual (meta)data collection:

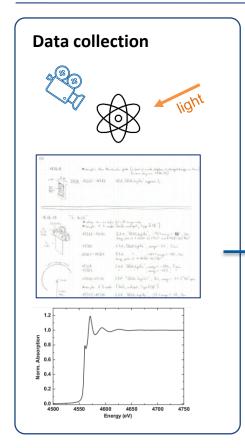
- Sample information
- Manual instrument settings
- Calibration measurements
- Background measurements
- ٠..
- → Paper logbook



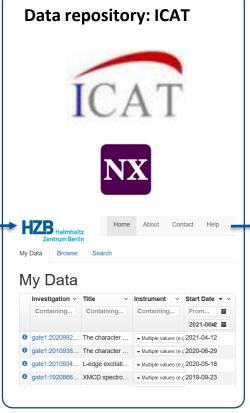


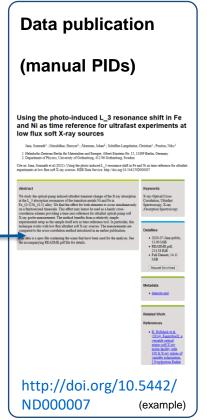














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FAIR assessment

of a prototypical

PaN instrument at HZB / BESSY II

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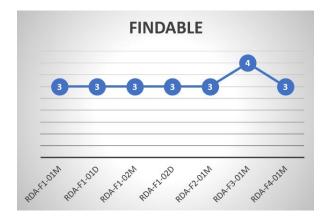


Requirements

- Findable in metadata registries
 - with rich metadata
 - by humans via the web
 - by machines via API
- (Meta)data is indexed by PIDs



- F1. (meta)data are assigned a **globally unique and persistent** identifier
- F2. data are described with rich metadata (defined by R1 below)
- F3. metadata clearly and **explicitly include the identifier** of the data it describes
- F4. (meta)data are registered or indexed in a searchable resource



Findable





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ICAT repository

- Discovery metadata in the ICAT catalogue
- Embargoed (meta)data only for authorized users
- No PID assignment to (meta)data in the ICAT, yet
- PID records of manual data publications with DOI

Workflow at the instrument

n.a.

NeXus format

n.a.

Steps to improve Findability

- Automatic assignment of PIDs to data in the ICAT (w.i.p.)
- Enable harvesting by higher level services (B2FIND) (w.i.p.)
- Improve discovery in the ICAT by specific metadata (e.g., of samples)

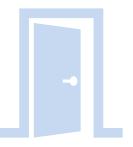
Accessible



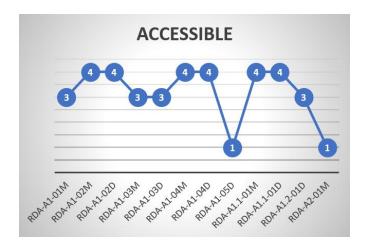
Requirements

Accessible

- manually via the web
- via standardized protocols
- by resolving PIDs
- authentication



- A1. (meta)data are **retrievable** by their **identifier** using a **standardized communications protocol**
- A1.1 the protocol is open, free, and universally implementable
- A1.2 the protocol allows for an **authentication and authorization** procedure, where necessary
- A2. metadata are accessible, even when the data are no longer available



Accessible





ICAT repository

- Manual access to (meta)data via ICAT web interface
- Machine accessible via https protocol
- Embargoed (meta)data only for authorized users
- Authentication with HZB-internal credentials (Keycloak authentication is w.i.p.)

Workflow at the instrument

n.a.

NeXus format

n.a.

Steps to improve Accessibility

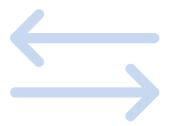
- PIDs to resolve to a metadata record with access information
- Find a protocol to access data from tape
- Need option of tomb stone records (deleting data is currently not considered, yet)

Interoperable

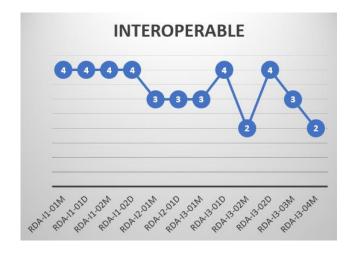


Requirements

- Standards
- (FAIR) vocabularies and mappings
- Qualified references



- I1. (meta)data use a formal, accessible, shared, and broadly applicable language for knowledge representation.
- 12. (meta)data use **vocabularies** that follow **FAIR** principles
- 13. (meta)data include qualified references to other (meta)data



Interoperable





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ICAT repository

- ICAT schema for discovery metadata (community standard)
- PID records of manual data publications use
 DataCite (cross-community standard)

NeXus format

- (Meta)data in **NeXus format** (community standard)
- NeXus Definition Language is machine-readable
- Qualified references to ORCID and instrument PIDs

Workflow at the instrument

n.a.

Steps to improve Interoperability

- Add qualified references to external data (calibration data) in the ICAT / NeXus / PID record
- Add NeXus terms (sample info, instrument PIDs)

Reusable

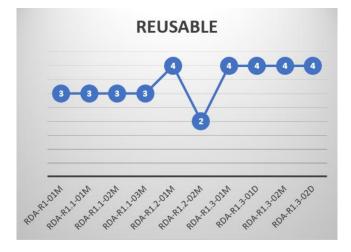


Requirements

- Rich metadata
- Provenance
- Standards
- Licences



- R1. meta(data) are **richly described** with a plurality of accurate and relevant attributes
- R1.1. (meta)data are released with a clear and accessible data usage license
- R1.2. (meta)data are associated with detailed provenance
- R1.3. (meta)data meet domain-relevant **community standards**



Reusable





ICAT repository

n.a.

Workflow at the instrument

- (Meta)data automatically ingested to NeXus + ICAT
- Workflow needed to reference samples (PIDs)
- Manual input via GUI before writing NeXus files (sample, contact)

NeXus format

- (Meta)data in NeXus format (community standard)
- Rich metadata for reusability
- Lack of sample + calibration metadata may prevent reuse
- Minimal provenance information in NeXus standard (contact, instrument, dates)

Steps to improve Reusability

- Add (meta)data on sample (PIDs) and calibration
- Implement e-logbooks to provide context
- Include provenance in cross-community standard
- Include links to machine-readable reuse license

Overall FAIR Metric



What level describes your digital object?



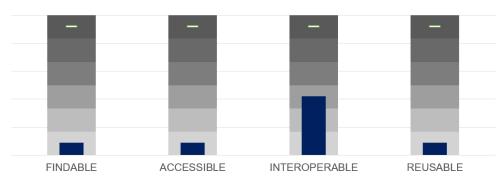
Not FAIR FAIR essential criteria only

FAIR essential criteria + 50 % of important criteria

FAIR essential criteria + 100% of important criteria

FAIR essential criteria + 100% of important criteria + 50% of useful criteria

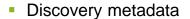
FAIR essential criteria + 100% of important criteria + 100% of useful criteria



Based on RDA FDMM WG's assessment sheet https://zenodo.org/record/3909563

Towards meeting FAIR criteria – work in progress

Findability:





Automatic assignment of PIDs



Connection to higher-level services



Accessibility:

(meta)data in ICAT repository



Authentication / authorization



Interoperability:

NeXus format



ICAT schema (mappings w.i.p.)



Reusability:

Sample + calibration (meta)data



License metadata



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Overview of available metadata vs. ExPaNDS D2.2 Draft recommendations



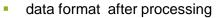
Proposal

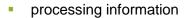
- principal investigator
- co-investigators
- instrument requested / used
- sample description
- facility where proposal is submitted
- proposal identifier
- experiment description
- proposed experiment conditions

Experiment

- visiting experimental team
- experiment / measurement dates
- sample information
- instrument information
- calibration information
- produced dataset information







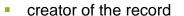
- processing software packages
- original data link used for processing
- resulting dataset information

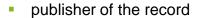
Analysis

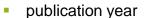
- resulting data format of the analysis
- file identifiers
- software package used for analysis
- original data link used for analysis
- resulting dataset information

Record



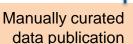






- release date (end of embargo)
- title of the dataset
- license for usage

+ funding information



ExPaNDS D2.2: Draft recommendations for FAIR PaN

Data Management https://zenodo.org/record/4312825



















Summary



Lessons learned

- Use of standards and PIDs
- Degree of granularity is critical
- Level of metadata addressed by indicator
- Manual assessment can help to identify
 - gaps in workflows of specific instruments
 - general community needs
 - community-specific, essential metadata
 - key activities to address community needs

Outlook

- Transfer to other PaN instruments in Helmholtz
- Communication with consortia (NIAC / NeXus)
- Comparison with other approaches (e.g., F-UJI)
 https://www.f-uji.net

Community needs

(example)

- Facilities and scientists need support to go FAIR
- Devise concrete tools, services and advice



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Thank you

Get in touch...

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Group page

https://helmholtz-metadaten.de/en/matter/contact-us

Twitter

@helmholtz hmc / #HMCMatter



Acknowledgements:

Heike Görzig, Rolf Krahl, Oonagh Mannix, Luigia Cristiano

Possible questions to be discussed ...



General	 Which metadata to be included at which level? (NeXus file-level / repository / PID record) Granularity: Minimum set of metadata required for different indicators and levels of metadata Community-specific recommendations, checklists, good practices
Findable	 Author information needs manual curation (DFG guidelines of good scientific practice) Minimal threshold for "rich" metadata (community specific)
Accessible	 Findability and Accessibility of (meta)data for embargoed data Generalized authentication Access protocol for data on tape
Interoperable	 Mappings of NeXus and ICAT Schema Criteria for lower level interoperability (data structures, formats etc)
Reusable	 How to deal with (legacy) metadata in paper labbooks? At which level should metadata hold license information and provenance information? Minimum metadata for provenance



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Supporting Slides

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Findable

Assessment Details



FAIR	l ID	Indicator	Priority	Level
F1	RDA-F1-01M	Metadata is identified by a persistent identifier	Essential	3
F1	RDA-F1-01D	Data is identified by a persistent identifier	Essential	3
F1	RDA-F1-02M	Metadata is identified by a globally unique identifier	Essential	3
F1	RDA-F1-02D	Data is identified by a globally unique identifier	Essential	3
F2	RDA-F2-01M	Rich metadata is provided to allow discovery	Essential	3
F3	RDA-F3-01M	Metadata includes the identifier for the data	Essential	4
F4	RDA-F4-01M	Metadata is offered in such a way that it can be harvested and indexed	Essential	3

- 1 not applicable
- 2 not being considered this yet
- 3 under consideration or in planning phase
- 4 in implementation phase
- 5 fully implemented

Accessible

Assessment Details



FAIR	ID	Indicator	Priority	Level
A1	RDA-A1-01M	Metadata contains information to get access to the data	Important	3
A1	RDA-A1-02M	Metadata can be accessed manually	Essential	4
A1	RDA-A1-02D	Data can be accessed manually (i.e. with human intervention)	Essential	4
A1	RDA-A1-03M	Metadata identifier resolves to a metadata record	Essential	3
A1	RDA-A1-03D	Data identifier resolves to a digital object	Essential	3
A1	RDA-A1-04M	Metadata is accessed through standardised protocol	Essential	4
A1	RDA-A1-04D	Data is accessible through standardised protocol	Essential	4
A1	RDA-A1-05D	Data can be accessed automatically (i.e. by a computer program)	Important	1
A1.1	RDA-A1.1-01M	Metadata is accessible through a free access protocol	Essential	4
A1.1	RDA-A1.1-01D	Data is accessible through a free access protocol	Important	4
A1.2	RDA-A1.2-01D	Access protocol supports authentication and authorization	Useful	3
A2	RDA-A2-01M	Metadata remains available after data is no longer available	Essential	1

Interoperable Assessment Details



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FAIR	ID	Indicator	Priority	Level
I1	RDA-I1-01M	Metadata uses representation in standardized format	Important	4
I 1	RDA-I1-01D	Data uses representation in standardised format	Important	4
l1	RDA-I1-02M	Metadata uses machine-understandable knowledge representation	Important	4
I 1	RDA-I1-02D	Data uses machine-understandable knowledge representation	Important	4
12	RDA-I2-01M	Metadata uses FAIR-compliant vocabularies	Important	3
12	RDA-I2-01D	Data uses FAIR-compliant vocabularies	Useful	3
13	RDA-I3-01M	Metadata includes references to other metadata	Important	3
13	RDA-I3-01D	Data includes references to other data	Useful	4
13	RDA-I3-02M	Metadata includes references to other data	Useful	2
13	RDA-I3-02D	Data includes qualified references to other data	Useful	4
13	RDA-I3-03M	Metadata includes qualified references to other metadata	Important	3
13	RDA-I3-04M	Metadata include qualified references to other data	Useful	2

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Reusable

Assessment Details



FAIR	ID	Indicator	Priority	Level
R1	RDA-R1-01M	Plurality of accurate and relevant attributes allow reuse	Essential	3
R1.1	RDA-R1.1-01M	Metadata includes information about the licence for reuse	Essential	3
R1.1	RDA-R1.1-02M	Metadata refers to a standard reuse licence	Important	3
R1.1	RDA-R1.1-03M	Metadata refers to a machine-understandable reuse licence	Important	3
R1.2	RDA-R1.2-01M	Metadata has provenance information in community standards	Important	4
R1.2	RDA-R1.2-02M	Metadata has provenance information in cross-community language	Useful	2
R1.3	RDA-R1.3-01M	Metadata complies with a community standard	Essential	4
R1.3	RDA-R1.3-01D	Data complies with a community standard	Essential	4
R1.3	RDA-R1.3-02M	Metadata is in machine-understandable community standard	Essential	4
R1.3	RDA-R1.3-02D	Data is in machine-understandable community standard	Important	4