



## COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS OF MEDICAL TERMINOLOGY IN UZBEK AND RUSSIAN: WITH THE MATERIALS BELONG TO ART Abdullaeva Nigora

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**Abstract:** In addition to medical personnel, this article is intended for other representatives of fields such as linguists, philologists, teachers, and is very profitable in the study of modern medical terminology.

**Keywords:** The term, medical technologies, tomography, laser technology, vaccine, linguistics, modern medicine, ultrasound diagnostics,

Each person's relationship has individual, unique characteristics; however, the basic language elements - vocabulary and grammatical structure - do not belong to a particular person, but to a universal and generally to a particular linguistic group. Communication is closely linked to human thinking and consciousness. In communication, a person's thoughts are formed and manifested. Through communication and on its basis, abstract reflection becomes a logical conceptual thinking that transcends individuality and becomes a product of society. Communication plays an important role in the development of human consciousness, the manifestation and functioning of other aspects of the human psyche, its feelings, perceptions, memory, thoughts, will, and so on.

Like all other fields, the field of medicine is developing rapidly today. When people communicate with each other and talk about their daily worries, health issues, they use medical terminology. During its formation, words belonging to its own language layer play an important role, and the content of a language dictionary shows what people think. In Uzbek, as in other languages, depending on the existence of people, their production activities, as well as their views on the environment, from ancient times, they began to find content in different vocabularies.

All fields have their own terminology, the "jargons" that form part of everyday dictionary work. In fact, they are so prevalent in our minds that people who do not belong to medicine know them. And when you write to people who are far from your area, it leads to confusion in communication.

The ability to write correctly is not limited to words. It also means using clear sentences. New terms in the field of medicine will also appear in the Uzbek language, a number of previously used terms will have new meanings. Therefore,

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there are a number of important questions in lexicology, especially terminology, that need to be addressed.

Today, a detailed study of practical and theoretical issues of regulation, creation and use of terminology on the basis of language laws has become a problem of national importance. Therefore, a deeper study of the various terminological systems of our native language, their comprehensive study of various issues of terminology is one of the urgent problems of today.

A term is a word or phrase used in the process of knowing and mastering a particular subject, expressing a professional meaning, expressing and shaping a professional concept, as well as a word or phrase that is related to them in terms of specific professions.

Another goal of science is to collect and systematize medical terms used in modern Uzbek. At this stage, that is, at the height of the scientific and technological revolution, all new things, objects and concepts appear in all spheres of production, science and technology. This leads to a significant enrichment of the vocabulary of the language. Consequently, the problem of terminology has become one of the main problems of modern lexicology. The features that distinguish the terms from the general words are:

Medical terms don't just appear, they are born as a result of research and studies in the field, taking into account their needs. Indeed, the increase in the number of diseases in recent years, the discovery of modern technologies and equipment has led to the emergence of new medical terms in people's daily lives. For example, concepts such as "Ultrasound Diagnostics," "Laser Therapy," and "Computed Tomography" serve to describe the content of medical technology more fully, but are almost more difficult to use and memorize. In fact, such terms should consist of at least two, three, or four components, so the components of complex terms should be formed by adding attributive, qualitative additions to fully reflect the relevant characters.

Each field and industry has its own term, which is used within this field, more precisely, it shapes the speech of the professional, creates conditions for interaction. It goes without saying that these terms are not used in the speech of any profession far removed from economics.

A number of works in Uzbek linguistics, such as the study of terms, their regulation, the creation of terminological dictionaries, began in the mid-1920s. With the exception of some lexicographic works, the study of the Uzbek language on a scientific basis and the formation of modern Uzbek linguistics as a science began from this period. Today, a deeper study of the practical and theoretical

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