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1 function fe2dx_r
2 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
3 %                                Discussion
4 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
5 % 'fe2dx_r.m'    2D finite element Matlab code for Scheme 1 applied
6 % to the predator-prey system with Kinetics 1. The nodes and elements
7 % of the unstructured grid are loaded from external files 't_triang.dat'
8 % and 'p_coord.dat' respectively.
9 %
10 % Boundary conditions:
11 %   Gamma: Robin
12 %
13 % The Robin b.c.'s are of the form:
14 %   partial u / partial n = k1 * u,
15 %   partial v / partial n = k2 * v.
16 %
17 % (C) 2009 Marcus R. Garvie. See 'mycopyright.txt' for details.
18 %
19 % Modified April 7, 2014
20 %
21 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
22 %                                Enter data for mesh geometry
23 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
24 % Read in 'p(2,n)', the 'n' coordinates of the nodes
25 load p_coord.dat -ascii
26 p = (p_coord)';
27 % Read in 't(3,no_elems)', the list of nodes for 'no_elems' elements
28 load t_triang.dat -ascii
29 t = (round(t_triang))';
30 % Construct the connectivity for the nodes on Gamma
31 edges = boundedges (p',t');
32 % Number of edges on Gamma
33 [e,junk] = size(edges);
34 % Degrees of freedom per variable (n)
35 [junk,n]=size(p);
36 % Number of elements (no_elems)
37 [junk,no_elems]=size(t);
38 % Extract vector of 'x' and 'y' values
39 x = p(1,:); y = p(2,:);
40 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
41 %                                Enter data for model
42 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
43 % User inputs of parameters
44 alpha = input('Enter parameter alpha      ');
45 beta = input('Enter parameter beta      ');
46 gamma = input('Enter parameter gamma     ');
47 delta = input('Enter parameter delta     ');
48 T = input('Enter maximum time T      ');
49 delt = input('Enter time-step Delta t    ');
50 % User inputs of initial data
51 u0_str = input('Enter initial data function u0(x,y)    ','s');
52 u0_anon = @(x,y)eval(u0_str);    % create anonymous function
53 u = arrayfun(u0_anon,x,y)';
54 v0_str = input('Enter initial data function v0(x,y)    ','s');
55 v0_anon = @(x,y)eval(v0_str);    % create anonymous function

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56 v = arrayfun(v0_anon,x,y)';
57 % Enter the boundary conditions
58 k1 = input('Enter the parameter k1 in the Robin b.c. for u ');
59 k2 = input('Enter the parameter k2 in the Robin b.c. for v ');
60 % Calculate and assign some constants
61 N=round(T/delt);
62 % Degrees of freedom per variable (n)
63 [junk,n]=size(p);
64 % Number of elements (no_elems)
65 [junk,no_elems]=size(t);
66 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
67 %                               Assembly
68 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
69 m_hat=zeros(n,1);
70 K=sparse(n,n);
71 for elem = 1:no_elems
72     % Identify nodes ni, nj and nk in element 'elem'
73     ni = t(1,elem);
74     nj = t(2,elem);
75     nk = t(3,elem);
76     % Identify coordinates of nodes ni, nj and nk
77     xi = p(1,ni);
78     xj = p(1,nj);
79     xk = p(1,nk);
80     yi = p(2,ni);
81     yj = p(2,nj);
82     yk = p(2,nk);
83     % Calculate the area of element 'elem'
84     triangle_area = abs(xj*yk-xk*yj-xi*yk+xk*yi+xi*yj-xj*yi)/2;
85     % Calculate some quantities needed to construct elements in K
86     h1 = (xi-xj)*(yk-yj)-(xk-xj)*(yi-yj);
87     h2 = (xj-xk)*(yi-yk)-(xi-xk)*(yj-yk);
88     h3 = (xk-xi)*(yj-yi)-(xj-xi)*(yk-yi);
89     s1 = (yj-yi)*(yk-yj)+(xi-xj)*(xj-xk);
90     s2 = (yj-yi)*(yi-yk)+(xi-xj)*(xk-xi);
91     s3 = (yk-yj)*(yi-yk)+(xj-xk)*(xk-xi);
92     t1 = (yj-yi)^2+(xi-xj)^2;    % g* changed to t*
93     t2 = (yk-yj)^2+(xj-xk)^2;
94     t3 = (yi-yk)^2+(xk-xi)^2;
95     % Calculate local contributions to m_hat
96     m_hat_i = triangle_area/3;
97     m_hat_j = m_hat_i;
98     m_hat_k = m_hat_i;
99     % calculate local contributions to K
100    K_ki = triangle_area*s1/(h3*h1);
101    K_ik = K_ki;
102    K_kj = triangle_area*s2/(h3*h2);
103    K_jk = K_kj;
104    K_kk = triangle_area*t1/(h3^2);
105    K_ij = triangle_area*s3/(h1*h2);
106    K_ji = K_ij;
107    K_ii = triangle_area*t2/(h1^2);
108    K_jj = triangle_area*t3/(h2^2);
109    % Add contributions to vector m_hat
110    m_hat(nk)=m_hat(nk)+m_hat_k;
111    m_hat(nj)=m_hat(nj)+m_hat_j;
112    m_hat(ni)=m_hat(ni)+m_hat_i;

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113 % Add contributions to K
114 K=K+sparse(nk,ni,K_ki,n,n);
115 K=K+sparse(ni,nk,K_ik,n,n);
116 K=K+sparse(nk,nj,K_kj,n,n);
117 K=K+sparse(nj,nk,K_jk,n,n);
118 K=K+sparse(nk,nk,K_kk,n,n);
119 K=K+sparse(ni,nj,K_ij,n,n);
120 K=K+sparse(nj,ni,K_ji,n,n);
121 K=K+sparse(ni,ni,K_ii,n,n);
122 K=K+sparse(nj,nj,K_jj,n,n);
123 end
124 % Construct matrix L
125 ivec=1:n;
126 IM_hat=sparse(ivec,ivec,1./m_hat,n,n);
127 L=delt*IM_hat*K;
128 % Construct fixed parts of matrices A_{n-1} and C_{n-1}
129 A0=L+sparse(1:n,1:n,1-delt,n,n);
130 C0=delta*L+sparse(1:n,1:n,1+delt*gamma,n,n);
131 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
132 % Time-stepping procedure
133 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
134 for nt=1:N
135     % Initialize right-hand-side functions
136     rhs_u = u;
137     rhs_v = v;
138     % Update coefficient matrices of linear system
139     diag = abs(u);
140     diag_entries = u./(alpha + abs(u));
141     A = A0 + delt*sparse(1:n,1:n,diag,n,n);
142     B = delt*sparse(1:n,1:n,diag_entries,n,n);
143     C = C0 - delt*beta*sparse(1:n,1:n,diag_entries,n,n);
144     % Do the incomplete LU factorisation of C and A
145     [LC,UC] = ilu(C,struct('type','ilutp','droptol',1e-5));
146     [LA,UA] = ilu(A,struct('type','ilutp','droptol',1e-5));
147     % Impose Robin boundary condition on Gamma
148     for i = 1:e
149         node1 = edges(i,1);
150         node2 = edges(i,2);
151         x1 = p(1,node1);
152         y1 = p(2,node1);
153         x2 = p(1,node2);
154         y2 = p(2,node2);
155         im_hat1 = 1/m_hat(node1);
156         im_hat2 = 1/m_hat(node2);
157         gamma12 = sqrt((x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2);
158         rhs_u(node1) = rhs_u(node1) + delt*k1*u(node1)*im_hat1*gamma12/2;
159         rhs_u(node2) = rhs_u(node2) + delt*k1*u(node2)*im_hat2*gamma12/2;
160         rhs_v(node1) = rhs_v(node1) + delt*k2*v(node1)*im_hat1*gamma12/2;
161         rhs_v(node2) = rhs_v(node2) + delt*k2*v(node2)*im_hat2*gamma12/2;
162     end
163     % Solve for v using GMRES
164     [v,flagv,relresv,iterv]=gmres(C,rhs_v,[],1e-6,[],LC,UC,v);
165     if flagv~=0 flagv,relresv,iterv,error('GMRES did not converge'),end
166     r=rhs_u - B*v;
167     % Solve for u using GMRES
168     [u,flagu,relresu,iteru]=gmres(A,r,[],1e-6,[],LA,UA,u);
169     if flagu~=0 flagu,relresu,iteru,error('GMRES did not converge'),end

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170 end
171 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
172 % Plot solutions
173 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
174 % Plot solution for u
175 figure;
176 set(gcf,'Renderer','zbuffer');
177 trisurf(t',x,y,u,'FaceColor','interp','EdgeColor','interp');
178 colorbar;axis off;title('u');
179 view ( 2 );
180 axis equal on tight;
181 % Plot solution for v
182 figure;
183 set(gcf,'Renderer','zbuffer');
184 trisurf(t',x,y,v,'FaceColor','interp','EdgeColor','interp');
185 colorbar;axis off;title('v');
186 view ( 2 );
187 axis equal on tight;
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