



**In order to progress in their careers,  
researchers must, as a priority:**

A- publish as many articles as possible.

B - publish the longest article.

C- publish in high-profile scientific  
journals.



## **What is a DMP?**

A- a Chief Executive Officer.

B - the highest common denominator of your data sets.

C - a data management plan.



## What is the cloud?

- A- a new dance.
- B- a cloudy cluster in the sky.
- C- remote data storage servers.



## **What is the cloud?**

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**A dataset available in a warehouse  
is necessarily royalty-free -  
True/False?**



## **What is a data warehouse?**

A- a shop where items are stored for donation.

B- an infrastructure to store, search and access digital data.

C- an external hard drive to store files.



**There are no rules for quoting a dataset  
yet - True/False?**



**The DOI identifies only publications  
and digital datasets - True/False?**



**What are the preferred formats for sharing data?**

A. formats that I am sure to reuse .

B- non-proprietary formats.

C- open formats.

D- formats if possible commonly shared by the community.



## What is the DOAJ?

- A- Data open access journals.
- B- Director of open access junior.
- C- Directory of open access journals.
- D- Digital object access journal.



## What is the CC0 licence?

A- a licence that does not commit to anything.

B- - a licence that allows you to place your work as close as possible to the public domain.

C- a licence that allows you to give up all your copyright (within the limits of those required by law).

D - this licence does not exist.



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**From January 2025, funding agencies will require researchers to make their publications open access - True/False?**



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**Which license is not recommended for an open database?**

A. CC BY-ND-NC-SA

B. ODbL.

C. PDDL.

D. LO.



**What is the postprint version of an article?**

- A - The version of the published articles with the corrections made after publication.
- B – The version corrected and validated by the peers before its publication by the journal.
- C- the online version of the article after its publication in the paper journal.



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**The green open access route is expensive for the researcher - True or False?**



**Can I use a photograph from Google image where no individual appears –  
Yes/No?**



**In the researcher's career, open access allows :**

- A. Dissemination and citation of the researcher's work.
- B. free use of the researcher's documents.
- C. access to knowledge.
- D- meet the criteria required by funding bodies (national and European).



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**Book chapters deposited in an open archive can be embargoed by the publisher - True/False?**



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**Open access articles are more cited than other articles - True/False?**



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**Authors of an open access publication do not have to be cited - True/False?**



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**Researchers who review journal articles  
are not paid by the journal -  
True/False?**



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**Publications deposited in an open archive are easily found by search engines - True/False?**



**In order to make his research results known to the scientific community, a researcher :**

A- files a patent.

B- takes a selfie with his discovery.

C- publish an article in a scientific journal.



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**A Creative Commons license associated with a publication allows to set the rules of use - True/False?**



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**What image symbolises open access?**

A- an open padlock.

B- an eye.

C- a flower.



**What is the golden path of open access?**

A- the journals that charge the most to publish.

B- magazines with a star on Hollywood Boulevard.

C- Journals where all articles are freely available.



**What is a hybrid journal?**

A. a magazine that has not yet published its first issue.

B. a journal that charges for subscription AND open access publication.

C- a journal that exists in electronic AND paper format.



## What is the Open Access Green Route?

A- a network of natural paths freely accessible to walkers.

B- Open access journals.

C- Dissemination of publications via an open archive.



## **What is a predatory publisher?**

A- a publisher with high publication costs.

B – a publisher without scientific rigour, motivated by profit

C- a publisher who eats researchers.



**What is an embargo for a scientific publication?**

- A. the period during which a publisher does not allow open access to an article.
- B- the prohibition of remuneration for authors of articles.
- C- an article whose publication is forbidden.



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**An open access journal is freely available - True/False?**



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**An open access journal does not have a peer review process - True/False?**



## What does the CC- BY license allow?

A- the work can only be reused by its author.

B- the work can be reused by anyone but the author must be cited.



**A researcher who publishes in open  
access waives his copyright -  
True/False?**



**What are the benefits of a data management plan?**

- A- Encrypting your information so that only you understand it.
- B- keep the administrative services happy.
- C- synthesise the description and evolution of your research project's datasets.
- D- manage the data used and generated in the context of your research activity or project.



**When should a data management plan (DMP) be started?**

- A- when you want.
- B- from the beginning of the project.
- C- at the time of publishing the article.
- D- when all data is collected or produced.



**What does "FAIR" mean?**

A. a set of data to be processed.

B. data that is easy to find, accessible, interoperable and reusable.

C- data that is accurate, not falsified and understandable.



## What is metadata?

- A. information describing data.
- B- very large data.
- C- a directory of data.
- D- a metaphysical data.



## What is a dataset?

A- a collection of data collected during a game.

B - a set of data dedicated to the game.

C - a coherent set of data.



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**Which of the following is/are personal data?**

- A- the photo of a person from behind.
- B - the photo of a person in profile.
- C – a memory from childhood.
- D – a mobile telephone number.



**Which of these is not a clause in the Creative Commons licences?**

A- attribution (BY).

B – use only for research (USR).

C- sharing under the same conditions (SA).

D- no commercial use (NC).



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**I can distribute my data without  
licensing it - True/False?**



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**Do you have to deposit your data in a warehouse to publish a data paper?**

A- never.

B- always.

C- not always.



## What does permanent archiving allow?

A. preserve the document in the long term.

B- make it accessible in the long term.

C- allow its reuse.



**Why deposit your datasets in a warehouse?**

A- to keep them in a refrigerated environment.

B - to hide them with other data.

C- to make them known and facilitate their reuse.



**How do you know if you can distribute the preprint of your article?**

A- you still have the right to do so.

B - you check the SHERPA/RoMEO website.

C- you ask a colleague.

D- you ask your crystal ball.



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**Within a project, rules for managing and sharing data must be agreed upon - True/False?**



**Why is it important to describe your data when you put it in a warehouse?**

A- to win the Grand Prize for Scientific Excellence.

B - to remind you of what you have deposited.

C- to facilitate the re-use of your data by other researchers.



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**Which of these repositories accepts the deposit of research data?**

A- Zenodo

B- Amazon

C- DataBox



## **What is the 3-2-1 rule?**

A- the rule of profit distribution between the publisher, the printer and the author.

B- the rule for sorting reliable data warehouses.

C- the rule for physically securing data.



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**Copyright is compatible with CC  
licences - True/False?**



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**Some journals publish both open access  
and subscriber-only articles - True or  
False?**



**An open archive is :**

A – a warehouse of documents distributed in open access on the internet.

B- a self-service library open 24 hours a day.

C – a place to store and consult administrative documents.



## **What does DOAB mean?**

A-Directory of Open Access Books.

B- Right of Origin for Organic Agriculture.

C- Directory Of Accessible Business.



**Data collected with the use of public funds is necessarily open - True or False?**



**Why do data need to have a persistent identifier?**

A- to make them easily quotable.

B - to be found, visible and accessible.

C- to be able to link them to publication  
Or any other research product.



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**I deposit my data in several places, I am better referenced and more quoted –  
True/False?**



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**Naming convention ? As long as I can find my way  
around the naming of my files... True /False?**



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**Which of these file formats are open?**

A- .csv

B- .pdf

C- .doc

D- .txt

E- .avi



**In the case of a project with multiple partners and a wide range of data, how do you go about writing the DMP?**

- A – it is advisable to draft a single DMP for the whole project
- B – it is advisable to draft one DMP per partner.
- C- It is advisable to draft a DMP by type of data.



**If you are publishing your OA article via  
the Green Route, will you need to pay  
Article  
Processing Charges - Yes/No?**



**The most cost effective way of making an article open access is to place it in the University Repository via green route – True/False?**



**Setting up an ORCID ID and a Google Scholar profile will enable you to gather all your publications in one place and track your citations - True /false?**



**Some journals offer a mix of Open Access and subscription content – True/false?**



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**Open Access helps to maximise the use  
of public funds spent on research –  
True/false?**



**What is an embargo for a scientific publication?**

- A - The period during which an article cannot be freely accessible.
- B - The prohibition to remunerate the authors of an article.
- C - An article whose publication is prohibited.



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**Researchers are paid to publish in scientific journals – True/False?**



**Researchers are paid to publish in scientific journals – True/False?**



**Articles published in Open Access are more often cited than articles published in closed journals – True/false?**



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**How many journals can be found in the Directory of Open Access Journals (DOAJ)?**

- A - More than 10,000
- B - More than 1,000
- C - More than 100
- D - Wait, I'll check on Google.



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**Publishing under a Creative Commons license allows the author to set the rules for the use of his/her work – True/false?**



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**Open access helps to maximize the use of public funds dedicated to research funds – True/false?**



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**Which of these colors is not related to  
Open Access?**

A - Gold

B - Platinum

C - Green

D - Brown.



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**To have their discoveries validated by the scientific community, a researcher must :**

A - File a patent.

B - Take a selfie with his discovery.

C - Publish an article in a peer-reviewed journal.



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**In 2017, which company has the highest profit margins?**

- A - Apple, a phone manufacturer.
- B - Elsevier, a scientific publisher.
- C - Total, an oil company.



## What is Salami Slicing?

A - A scientific journal dedicated to the research on salami.

B - A device invented by NASA to cut the salami in space.

C - The publication of many articles over the same research topic.



## What is double-blind review ?

A - The evaluation of an article where the author does not know the name of the evaluator and the evaluator does not know the name of the author.

B - An evaluation of an article carried out with both eyes blindfolded.

C - An article evaluation performed by two guide dogs.



**What is a "postprint" version of an article?**

A-The final, peer-reviewed version of an article as accepted for publication, without the publisher's layout of the editor.

B- The printed version of an article sent by mail.



**What is the editor version of an article?**

A - An article in pdf format.

B - A gold-plated article reserved for the author.

C - The last version of an article as published with the editor's layout.



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**Open Access journals systematically  
require Article Processing charges  
(APCs) – True/false?**



## What is DORA?

A – children’s television programme.

B - A mountain in Spain.

C - The Declaration on Research Assessment (DORA), which recognizes the need to improve the ways in which researchers and the outputs of scholarly research are evaluated.



## What is a preprint?

A - A text font.

B - A brand of beer.

C - A preprint is a full draft research paper that is shared publicly on a preprint server before it has been peer reviewed.



## What is Creative Commons?

A – the most important Belgian art collective.

B – a nonprofit organization that creates licenses and tools to enable sharing of knowledge.

C – a group of researchers arguing for more creativity in science.



**In Belgium, a researcher can deposit the postprint version of his article in open access in an institutional repository, regardless of the contract signed with the publisher – True/false?**



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**The institutional repository hosts 73407 peer reviewed journal articles. What percentage of them is Open Access?**

A - 10%

B - 25%

C - 50%

D - 70%



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**The University of Antwerp has an Open Access since 2014. What is the percentage increase of OA Publications at the university repository?**

A – 23%

B – 45%

C – 56 %

D – 68%



**What is the annual UA library budget for journal subscriptions?**

A - 2.160.000 EUR.

B – 412.000 EUR.

C – 1.131.000 EUR

D – 3.900.000 EUR.



**Which of the following projects in a citizen science project supported by the University of Antwerp?**

A – Curieuze Neuzen.

B – SmartCity.

C – AirBb.