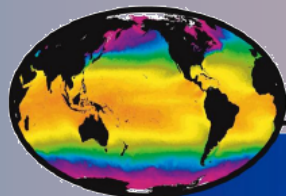


To provide operational users and the science community with the SST measured by the satellite constellation

An Introduction to GHR SST Products and Services

Gary Corlett

GHR SST Project Coordinator



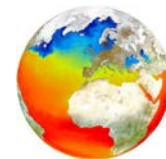
GHR SST

*Group for High Resolution
Sea Surface Temperature*



Committee on Earth Observation Satellites
Sea Surface Temperature Virtual Constellation

GHRSSST and CEOS SST-VC



GHRSSST

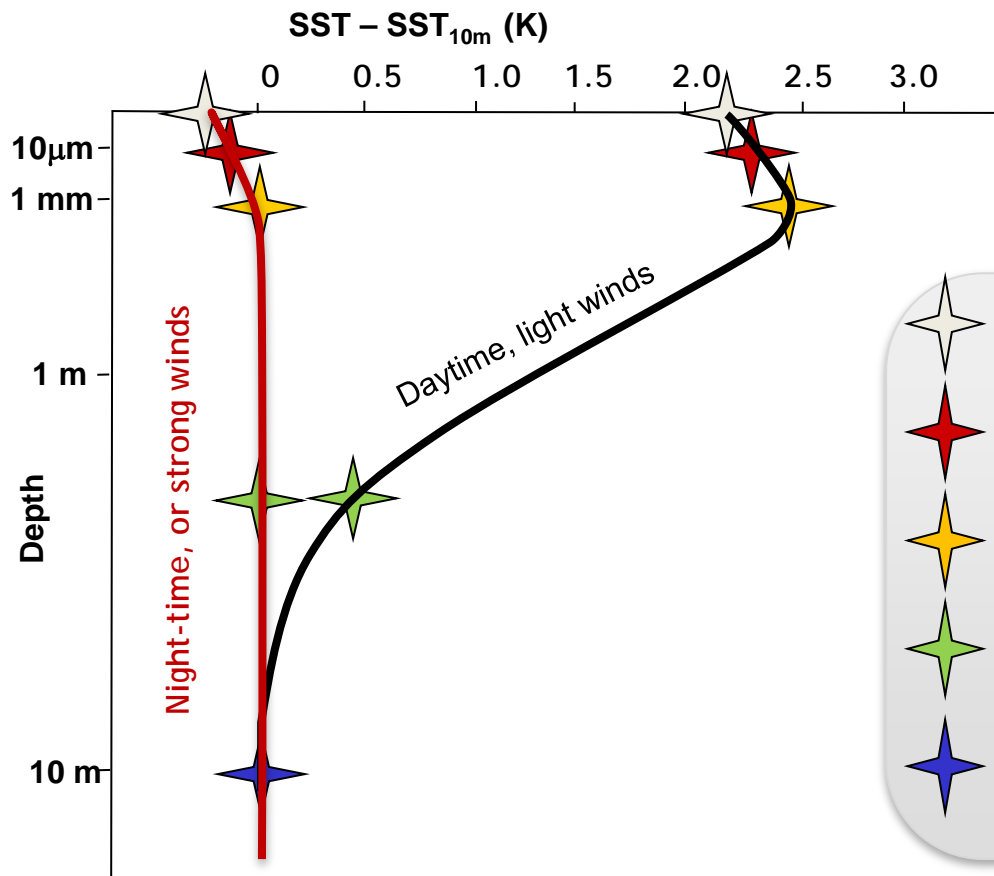
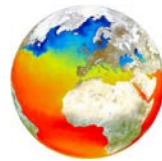
- The Group for High Resolution Sea Surface Temperature
 - Grew out of a Pilot Project of the Global Ocean Data Assimilation Experiment (GODAE), 1997-2008.
- Composed of an international Science Team of researchers and operational practitioners.
- Coordinates research and operational developments in satellite-derived SST.
- Data processing through Regional and Global Data Assembly Centers.






SST-VC

- The Sea Surface Temperature Virtual Constellation (SST-VC) serves as the formal link between GHRSSST and the broader CEOS community.
- The SST-VC provides a means for CEOS to present its needs and requirements to GHRSSST and for GHRSSST to present its needs directly to CEOS.



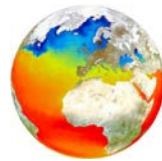
What is SST?



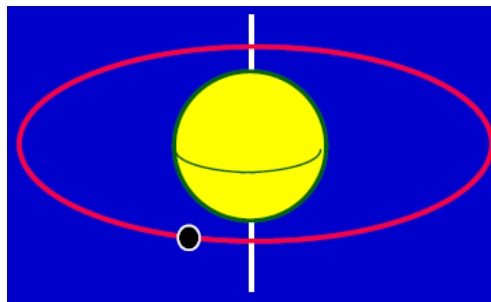
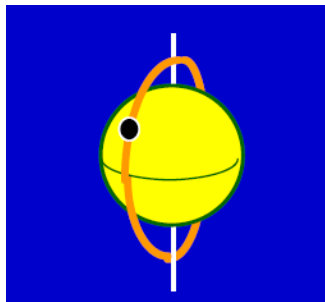
-  **SSTint** interface sea surface temperature
-  **SSTskin** sea surface skin temperature
-  **SSTsubskin** sea surface subskin temperature
-  **SSTdepth** sea water temperature at depth *z*, e.g., SST_{2m}
-  **SSTfnd** sea surface foundation temperature



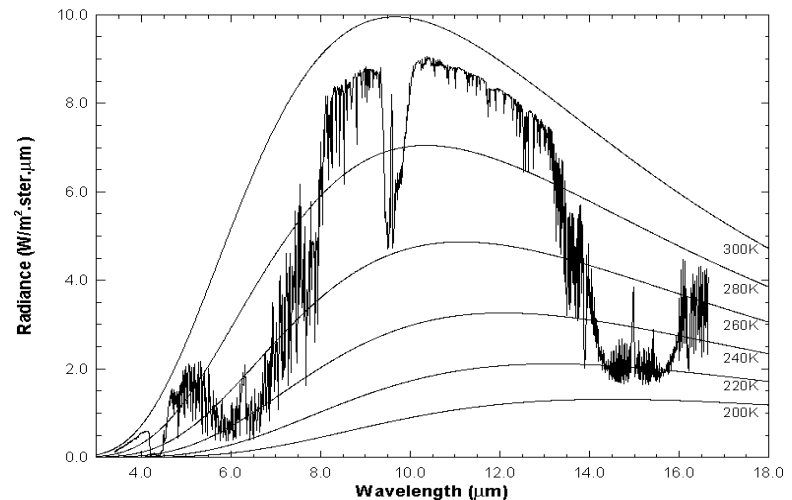
How do we measure SST from Space?



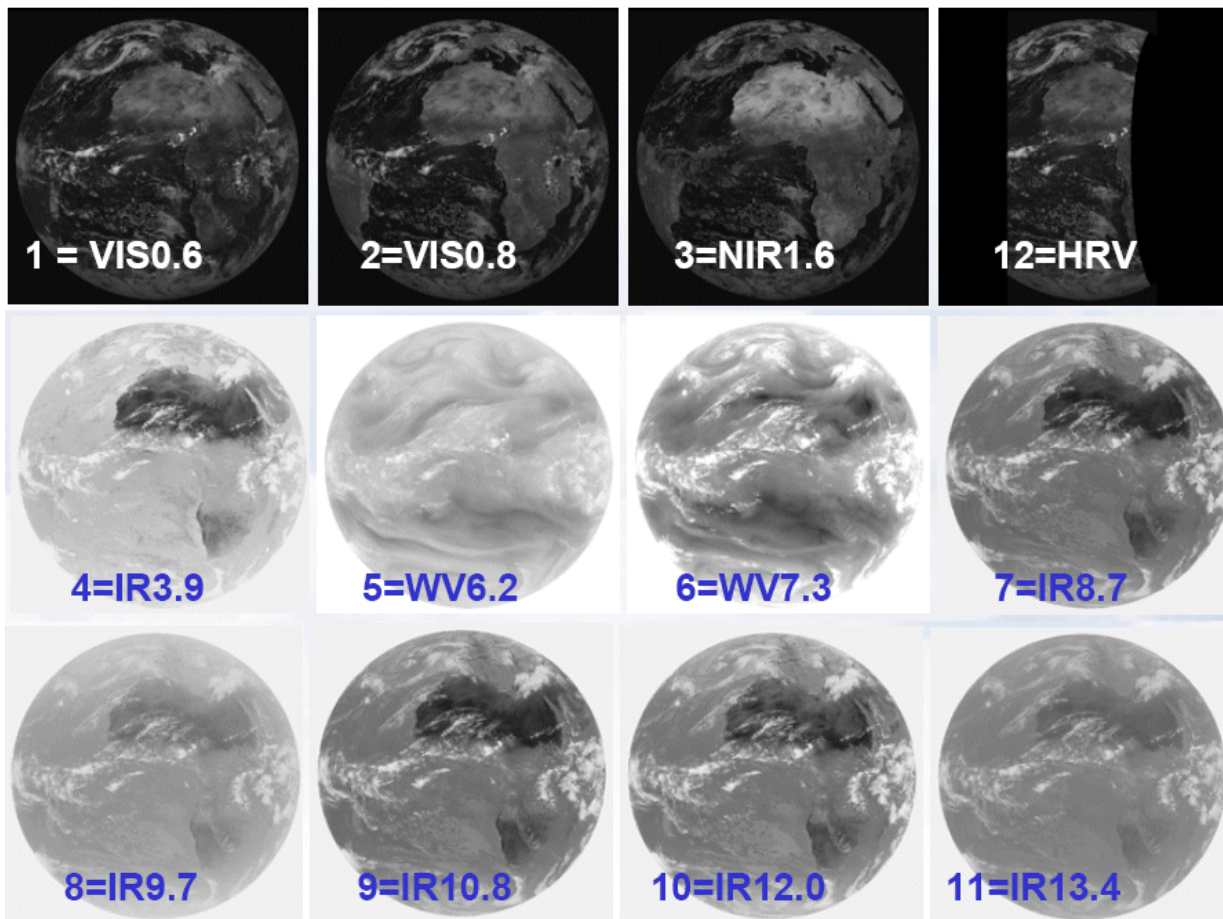
- We need two things:
 - A high-performance radiometer in Space
 - An effective Atmospheric Correction



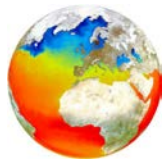
High resolution atmospheric absorption spectrum and comparative blackbody curves.



SEVIRI spectral images



Satellite SSTs at a glance



Infra-red observations

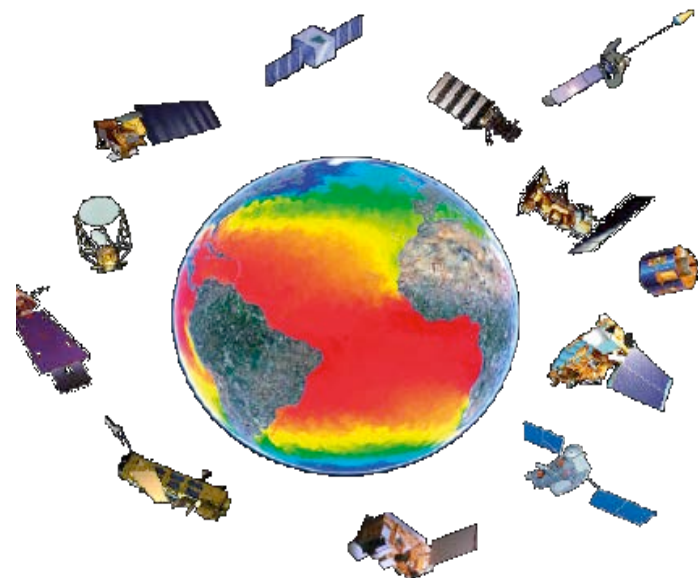
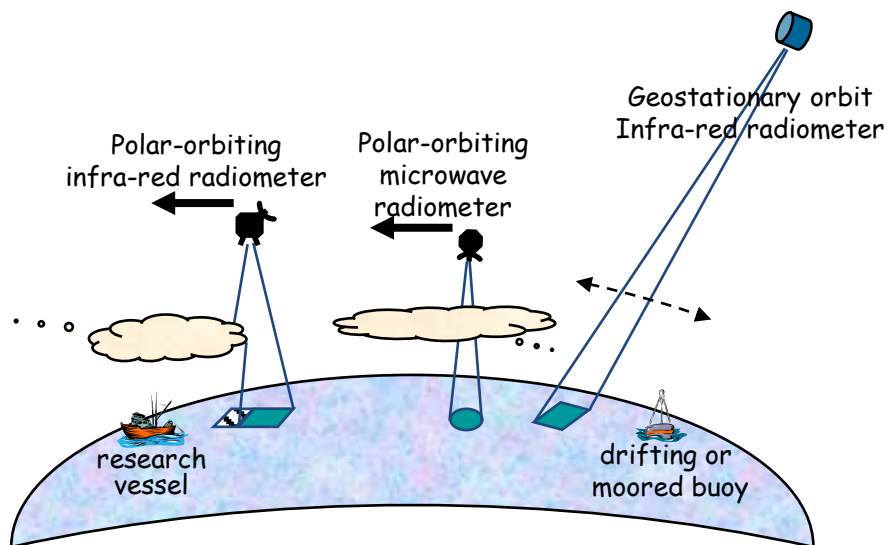
- Spatial resolution: 1 to 10 km
- Uncertainty: 0.15 to 0.5 K
- Limitations: cloud cover
- Temporal resolution per sensor (not accounting for clouds): sub-hourly (geo), ~ twice-daily (polar)
- Since 1981

Passive microwave observations

- Spatial resolution: 50 to 100 km
- Uncertainty: 0.4 to 0.75 K
- Accuracy (bias): few tenths
- Limitations: rain, margin around land and ice, radio frequency interference
- Temporal resolution per sensor (not accounting for contaminants): ~ twice daily
- Since 1997



Optimising the SST constellation



GHRSSST exploits complementary data sources

- Polar Orbiting infrared has **high accuracy & spatial resolution**
- Geostationary infrared has **high temporal resolution**
- Microwave Polar orbiting has **all-weather capability**
- In situ data provide **reality in all weather conditions**

SST constellation gap analysis

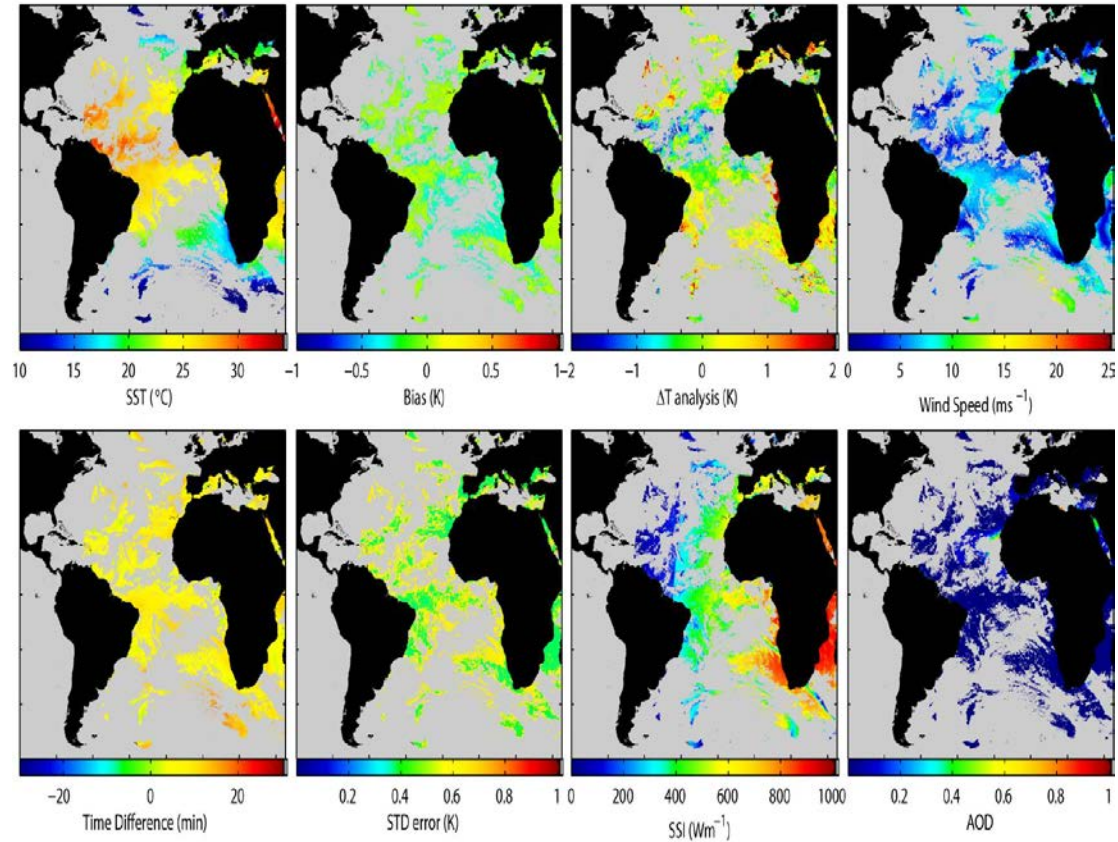
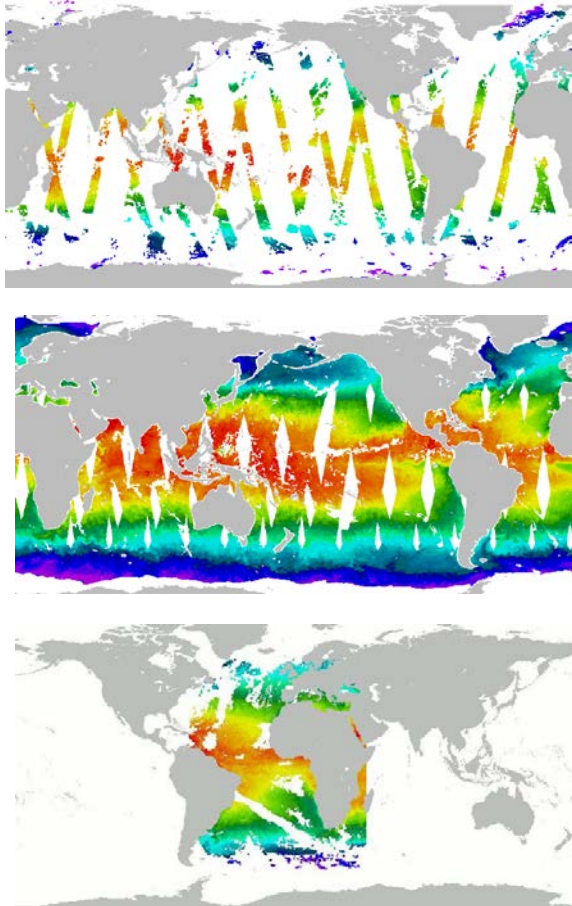
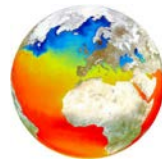
- Current gaps that need attention include:
 - Redundant capability in microwave SST measurements (NSOAS)
 - Geostationary SST over Indian Ocean (ISRO; CMA)
 - Replacement 'reference' dual-view satellite radiometer (SLSTR)

Data Processing Levels



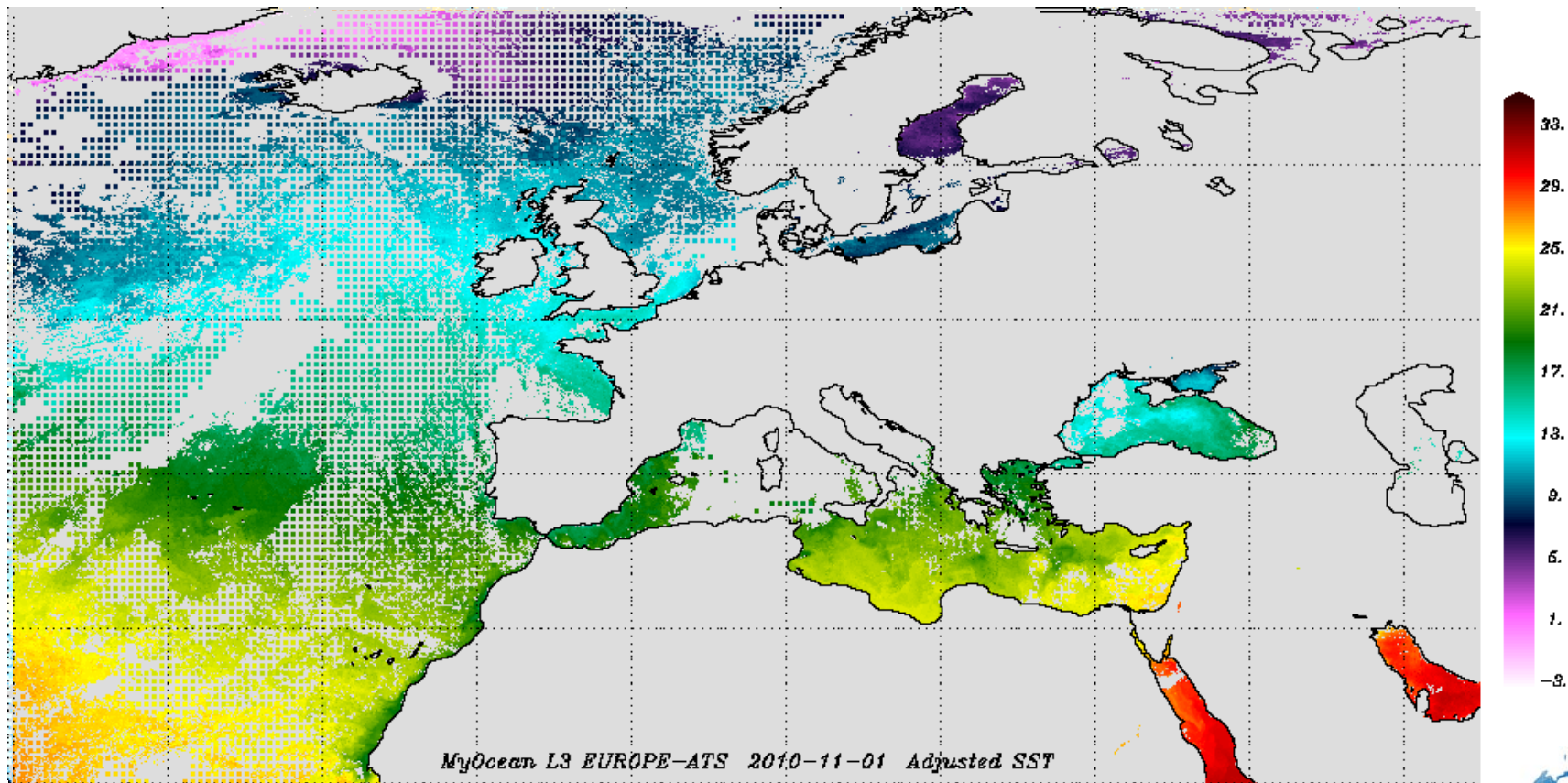
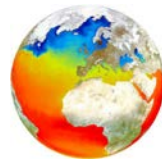
Data Level	Description
Level 0	Reconstructed, unprocessed instrument and payload data at full resolution.
Level 1B	Level 0 data that have been processed to geolocated radiances
Level 2P	Derived SST at the same resolution and location as Level 1B source data.
Level 3	Variables mapped on uniform space-time grid scales, with some degree of spatial averaging (L3U and L3S) and temporal averaging (L3C).
Level 4	Output from analyses of lower-level data (e.g., variables derived from multiple measurements).

L2P: Common format with uncertainties

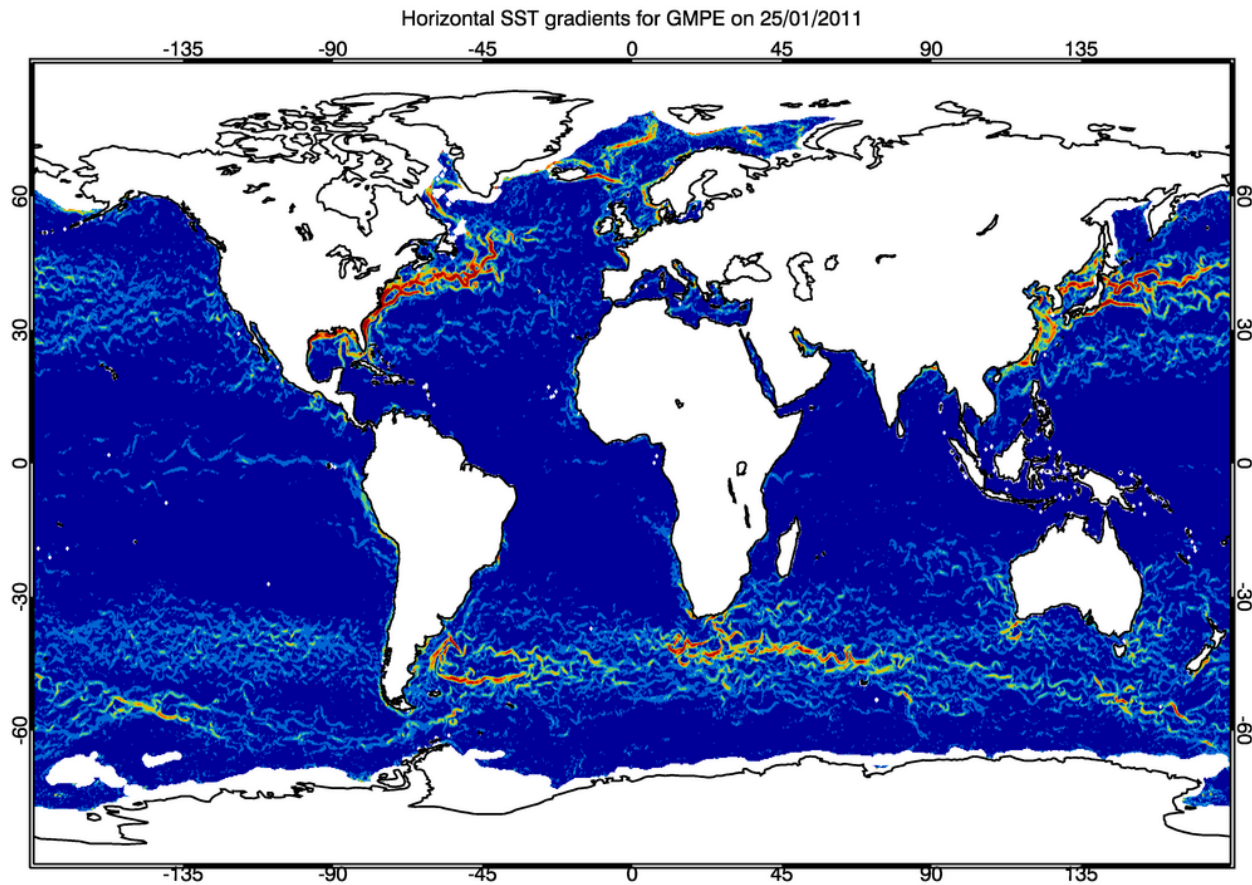
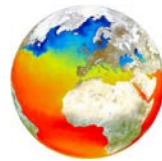


Ancillary information in L2P products: dynamic flags

Example L3S: Multiple sensors SST_{foundation}



Example L4: GHR SST Multi-Product Ensemble (GMPE)

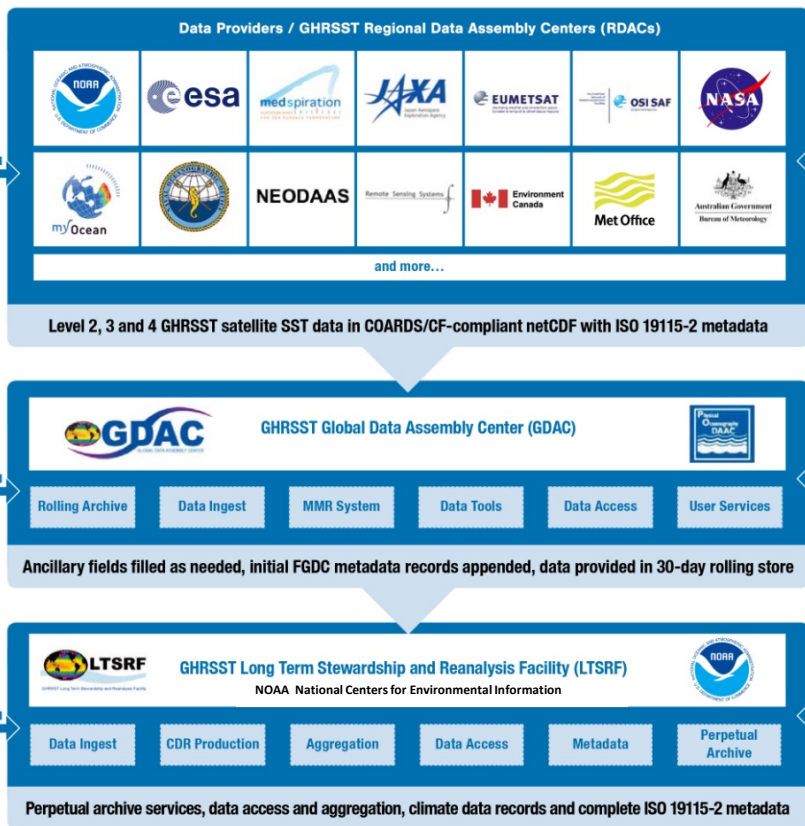


Regional/Global Task Sharing



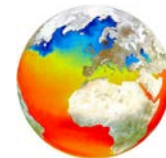
Interoperable user access via OPeNDAP, TDS, WCS, FTP...

User requirements, services and feedback at all levels...



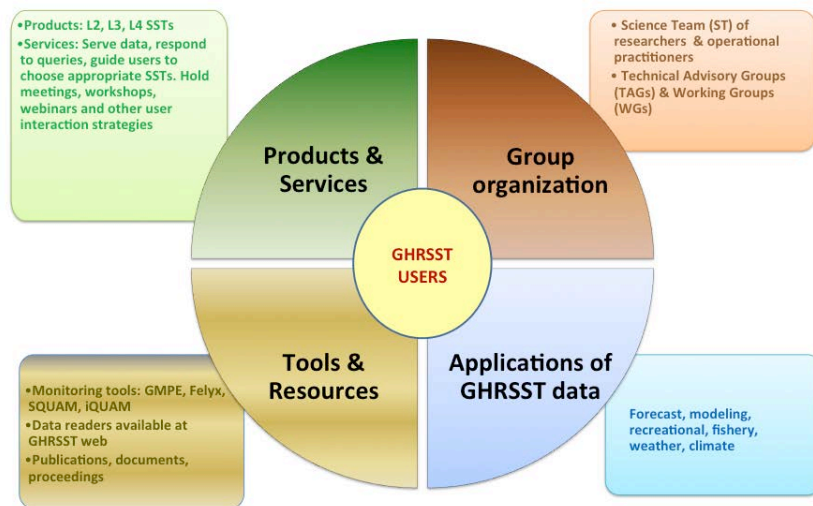
- GHRSSST products generated by RDACs
 - Some RDACs are self-serve
- GHRSSST offers to serve data on-behalf of RDACs
 - Optional step but recommended
 - Additional metadata for discovery services
- Real time
 - Global Data Assembly Centre (GDAC)
 - Primary system hosted by NASA JPL
 - See <http://podaac.jpl.nasa.gov/>
 - Secondary system hosted by Ifremer
 - See <http://cersat.ifremer.fr/data/collections/ghrsst/> (requires simple registration)
 - Not all datasets are mirrored
- Delayed mode
 - Long-term Stewardship and Reanalysis Facility (LTSRF)
 - Hosted by NOAA NODC
 - See <http://data.nodc.noaa.gov/ghrsst/>
- Data can be accessed using many methods
 - ftp, http, DAP, WMS, WCS, LAS, Geoportal, Granules, CWI
- Any issues
 - Please contact the GHRSSST Project Office (gpc@ghrsst.org)

Finding the SST you need



Interested in GHRSSST data:

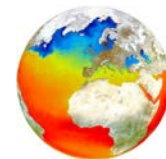
- Real-time data (collection - GHRSSST): <http://podaac.jpl.nasa.gov>
- Long-term data: <http://ghrsst.nodc.noaa.gov/>
- Which data to use? Please check “Quick Start” : www.ghrsst.org/quick-start
- Tools/resources/codes: <https://www.ghrsst.org/products-and-services/tools/>



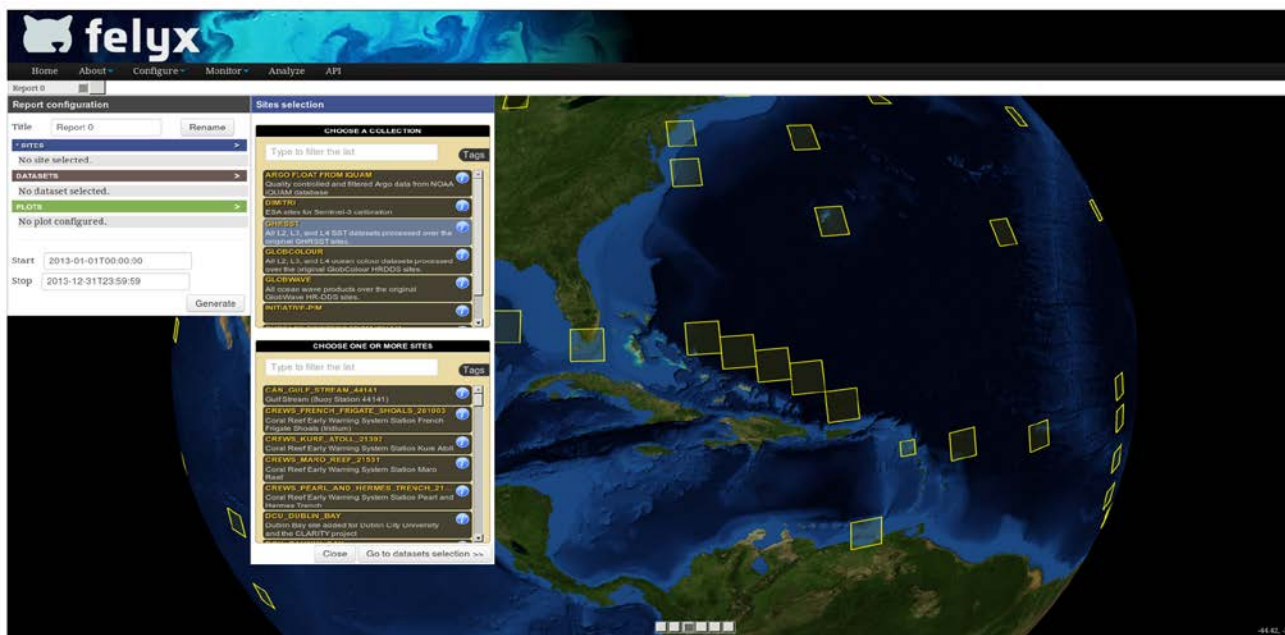
Interested in GHRSSST activities:

- Visit the GHRSSST website at <https://www.ghrsst.org>
- For your interest in a particular technical advisory group (TAG) or working group (WG), please check the description for that working group

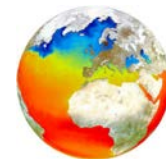
Diagnostic Datasets (Felyx)



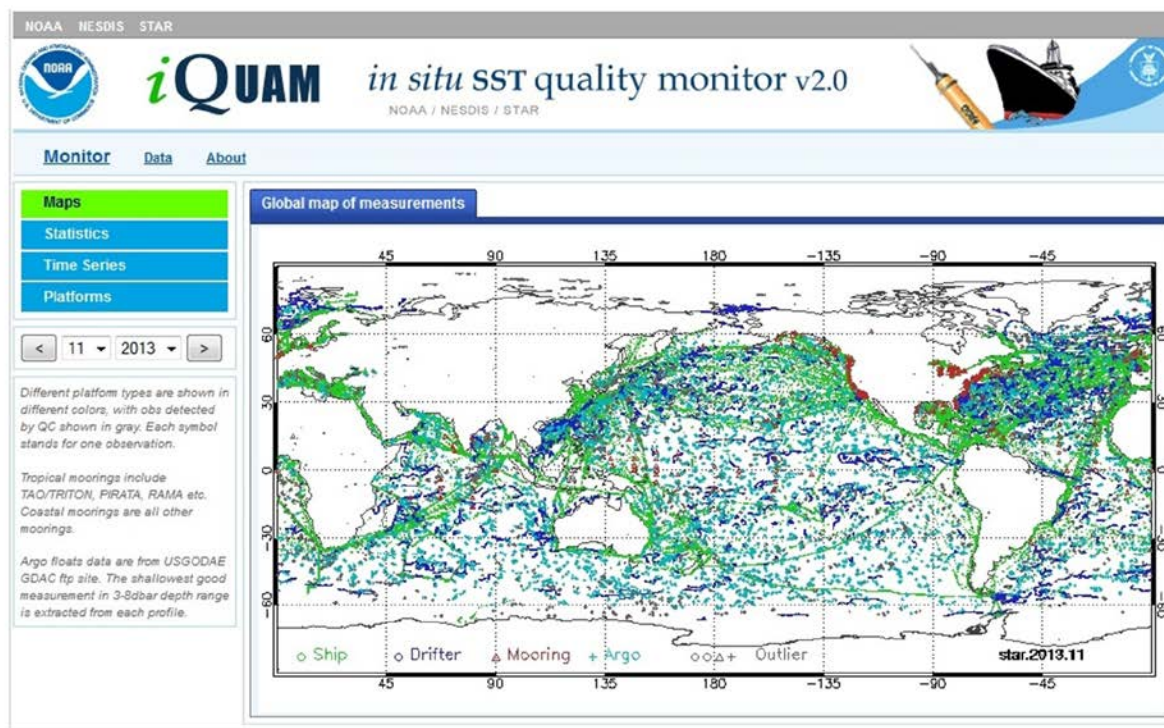
- **Felyx** (<http://www.felyx.org>) is funded by ESA and provides a free open source solution for scientists to analyse and inter-compare large collections of EO (here SST) data over static sites or moving targets (buoys, ships).



Product Validation



- GHRSSST exploits online monitoring systems to access quality controlled *in situ* data for validation and use in L4 analyses

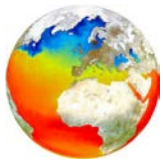


Future meeting dates

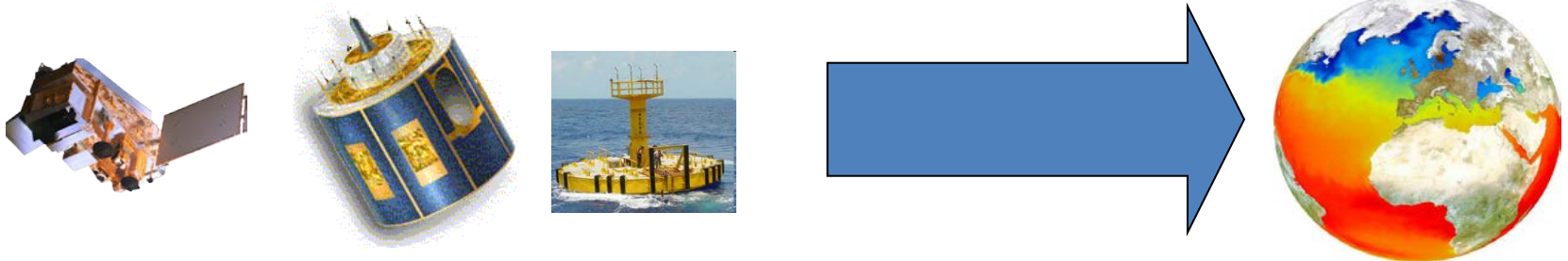


- GHRSSST-XVII
 - Washington DC, USA, 6th – 10th June 2016
- GHRSSST-XVIII
 - Qingdao, China, 5th – 9th June 2017
- GHRSSST-XIX
 - Darmstadt, Germany, 4th – 8th June 2018

Summary

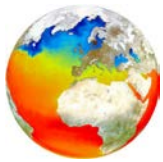


- GHRSSST mission: To provide satellite-derived global SSTs with good estimates of uncertainty to operational users and the science community



- The provision of SST data by GHRSSST has grown to a mature sustainable essential service
- GHRSSST provides a wide range of user driven SST-related products and services
- Do they meet your needs?

Contact details



- Thank you for your attention
- For further information please contact
 - Gary Corlett, GHRSSST Project Coordinator,
gpc@ghrsst.org

