Supplementary Data File 6: This shows the Principal Component Analysis of key traits.

## Principal Component Analysis

Dataset KeyTraits
This dataset contains 156 individuals and 64 variables, 4 qualitative variables are considered as illustrative.

## 1. Study of the outliers

The analysis of the graphs does not detect any outlier.

## 2. Inertia distribution

The inertia of the first dimensions shows if there are strong relationships between variables and suggests the number of dimensions that should be studied.

The first two dimensions of analyse express $\mathbf{2 7 . 0 3 \%}$ of the total dataset inertia ; that means that $27.03 \%$ of the individuals (or variables) cloud total variability is explained by the plane. This is a small percentage and the first plane just represents a part of the data variability. This value is greater than the reference value that equals $\mathbf{8 . 3 9 \%}$, the variability explained by this plane is thus significant (the reference value is the 0.95 -quantile of the inertia percentages distribution obtained by simulating 2417 data tables of equivalent size on the basis of a normal distribution).

From these observations, it is interesting to consider the next dimensions which also express a high percentage of the total inertia.

## Decomposition of the total inertia



Figure 2 - Decomposition of the total inertia

An estimation of the right number of axis to interpret suggests to restrict the analysis to the description of the first 12 axis. These axis present an amount of inertia greater than those obtained by the 0.95 -quantile of random distributions ( $71.77 \%$ against $40.27 \%$ ). This observation suggests that only these axis are carrying a real information. As a consequence, the description will stand to these axis.
3. Description of the plane $1: 2$


Figure 3.1-Individuals factor map (PCA) The labeled individuals are those with the higher contribution to the plane construction.

The Wilks test p -value indicates which variable factors are the best separated on the plane (i.e. which one explain the best the distance between individuals).

| \#\# | Broad_Ecology | Country | Ecology |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| African_Region |  |  |  |  |
| \#\# | 0.2968252 | 0.5376114 | 0.6448139 | 0.9088961 |

The best qualitative variable to illustrate the distance between individuals on this plane is :
Broad_Ecology.


## Broad_Ecology

```
- Broad_Ecology_Floating Rice
- Broad_Ecology_Lowland
- Broad_Ecology_O.sativa_paddy
- Broad_Ecology_Shallow forest swamp
- Broad_Ecology_Upland
```

Figure 3.2 - Individuals factor map (PCA) The labeled individuals are those with the higher contribution to the plane construction. The individuals are coloured after their category for the variable Broad_Ecology.


Figure 3.3 - Variables factor map (PCA) The labeled variables are those the best shown on the plane.


Figure 3.4-Qualitative factor map (PCA) The labeled factors are those the best shown on the plane.

The dimension 1 opposes individuals such as $I G 47$ and $T O G \_5969$ (to the right of the graph, characterized by a strongly positive coordinate on the axis) to individuals such as TOG_8527, TOG_5321, CG14 and RAM 48 (to the left of the graph, characterized by a strongly negative coordinate on the axis).

The group in which the individuals $I G 47$ and $T O G \_5969$ stand (characterized by a positive coordinate on the axis) is sharing :

- high values for variables like $A_{-} r_{-} M a x, E T R_{-}, P H i P S 2_{-}$, Amax, $q P_{-}$, gsmax, Trmmol_, A_i_max, $A_{-} r$ rate_PredMean and $g s{ }_{-} i$ rate (variables are sorted from the strongest).
- low values for variables like $N P Q_{-}, N P Q_{-} r_{-} \max , V p d l_{-}, N P Q_{-} i_{-}$slope_, $N P Q_{-} i \_90$, $g s_{-} r_{-}$slope, $N P Q_{-} r_{-}$min, $g s_{-} i_{-} 10, A_{-} i_{-} 10$ and Ratio_S (variables are sorted from the weakest).

The group in which the individuals $T O G_{-} 8527, T O G \_5321, C G 14$ and $R A M 48$ stand (characterized by a negative coordinate on the axis) is sharing :

- high values for variables; $g s_{-} r_{-}$slope, $V p d l_{-}, N P Q_{-} r_{-}$rate, $N P Q_{-}, N P Q_{-} r_{-}$max, $g s_{-} r_{-}$min, $A_{-} i_{-} 10, A_{-} r_{-} E D 90, A_{-} r_{-}$Slope and $A_{-} r_{-} E D 50$ (variables are sorted from the strongest).
- low values for variables; $g s_{-} r_{-} \max , g s_{-} i_{-} \max , g s m a x, g s_{-} r_{-} 50, g s_{-} i_{-}$slope, $A_{-} r_{-} M a x$, Amax, gs_percentage_rise, gs_r_90 and Trmmol_(variables are sorted from the weakest).

The dimension 2 opposes individuals such as $T O G \_8527, I G 47, T O G \_5321, C G 14, T O G \_5969$ and RAM 48 (to the top of the graph, characterized by a strongly positive coordinate on the axis) to individuals such as $T O G \_5953, T O G_{-} 7255$ and $T O G_{-} 12387$ (to the bottom of the graph, characterized by a strongly negative coordinate on the axis).

The group in which the individuals $T O G \_8527, T O G \_5321, C G 14$ and $R A M 48$ stand (characterized by a positive coordinate on the axis) is sharing :

- high values for variables like $g s_{-} r_{-}$slope, $V p d l_{-}, N P Q_{-} r_{-} r a t e, N P Q_{-}, N P Q_{-} r_{-}$max, $g s_{-} r_{-} \min , A_{-} i_{-} 10, A_{-} r_{-} E D 90, A_{-} r_{-}$Slope and $A_{-} r_{-} E D 50$ (variables are sorted from the strongest).
- low values for variables like $g s_{-} r_{-} \max , g s_{-} i_{-} \max , g s m a x, g s_{-} r_{-} 50, g s s_{-} i_{-} s l o p e, A_{-} r_{-} M a x$, Amax, gs_percentage_rise, $g s_{-} r_{-} 90$ and Trmmol_(variables are sorted from the weakest).

The group in which the individuals $I G 47$ and $T O G \_5969$ stand (characterized by a positive coordinate on the axis) is sharing :

- high values for variables like $A_{-} r_{-} M a x, E T R_{-}, P H i P S 2_{-}, A m a x, q P_{-}$, gsmax, Trmmol_, A_i_max, $A_{-} r$ rate_PredMean and $g s_{-} i_{-}$rate (variables are sorted from the strongest).
- low values for variables like $N P Q_{-}, N P Q_{-} r_{-} \max , V p d l_{-}, N P Q_{-} i_{-}$slope_, $N P Q_{-} i \_90$, $g s_{-} r_{-} s l o p e, N P Q_{-} r_{-} \min , g s_{-} i_{-} 10, A_{-} i_{-} 10$ and Ratio_SD (variables are sorted from the weakest).

The group in which the individuals $T O G_{-} 5953, T O G_{-} 7255$ and $T O G_{-} 12387$ stand (characterized by a negative coordinate on the axis) is sharing :

- high values for the variables $N P Q_{-} r_{-} 90, N P Q_{-} r_{-} 50, N P Q_{-} r_{-}$slope_, $N P Q_{-} r_{-}$min, $N P Q \_i \_90, N P Q \_i \_s l o p e \quad, g s{ }_{-} i_{-} s l o p e, g s_{-} r_{-} m a x$ and $g s_{-} i \_90$ (variables are sorted from the strongest).
- low values for variables like $N P Q_{-} i_{-}$rate, Shoot_biomass_, gs_i_rate, Total_plant_biomass_, NPQ_i_10, Shoot_area_, $N P Q_{-} r_{-} r a t e, q P_{-}, N P Q_{-} r_{-} 10$ and PHiPS2_ (variables are sorted from the weakest).

4. Description of the plane 3:4


Figure 4.1 - Individuals factor map (PCA) The labeled individuals are those with the higher contribution to the plane construction.

The Wilks test p -value indicates which variable factors are the best separated on the plane (i.e. which one explain the best the distance between individuals).

| \#\# | Country | Ecology African_Region Broad_Ecology |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| \#\# | 0.01918964 | 0.23402077 | 0.53489686 | 0.89422472 |

The best qualitative variable to illustrate the distance between individuals on this plane is : Country.


Figure 4.2 - Individuals factor map (PCA) The labeled individuals are those with the higher contribution to the plane construction. The individuals are coloured after their category for the variable Country.


Figure 4.3 - Variables factor map (PCA) The labeled variables are those the best shown on the plane.


Figure 4.4 - Qualitative factor map (PCA) The labeled factors are those the best shown on the plane.

The dimension 3 opposes individuals such as TOG_6943, IRGC_86764 and IRGC_86826 (to the right of the graph, characterized by a strongly positive coordinate on the axis) to individuals such as $E G 85, T O G$ _5639, TOG_7047 and IG05 (to the left of the graph, characterized by a strongly negative coordinate on the axis).

The group in which the individuals $T O G_{-} 6943, I R G C \_86764$ and $I R G C \_86826$ stand (characterized by a positive coordinate on the axis) is sharing :

- high values for variables like $N P Q_{-} r_{-} r a t e, N P Q_{-} r_{-} 10, N P Q_{-} i_{-} 90, A_{-} r_{-} M i n, g_{s} i_{-} 90$, $N P Q_{-} r_{-} m a x, ~ g s s_{-} i_{s}$ slope, $N P Q_{-}, A_{-} i$ _slope and $N P Q_{-} i$ slope_(variables are sorted from the strongest).
- low values for the variables $N P Q_{-} r_{-}$slope_, $N P Q_{-} r_{-} 90, N P Q_{-} r_{-} 50, A_{-} i_{-} r a t e, W U E_{-}$, $A_{-} i_{-} 10, N P Q_{-} i$ rate, $A_{-} i \_m i n, q P_{-}$and $N P Q_{-} i_{-} 10$ (variables are sorted from the weakest).

The group in which the individual $E G 85$ stands (characterized by a negative coordinate on the axis) is sharing :

- high values for the variables $N P Q_{-} r_{-}$slope_, $N P Q_{-} r_{-} 90, A_{-} i$ rate, $N P Q_{-} r_{-} 50, A_{-} i$ min, $A_{-} i_{-} 10$ and $W U E_{-}$(variables are sorted from the strongest).
 $N P Q_{-} r_{-} \max , N P Q_{-}$, gs_percentage_rise, $N P Q_{-} r_{-} 10$ and $N P Q_{-} i \_m a x$ (variables are sorted from the weakest).

The group in which the individuals $T O G_{-} 5639, T O G_{-} 7047$ and $I G 05$ stand (characterized by a negative coordinate on the axis) is sharing :

- high values for the variables $A_{-} r_{-}$Slope, $A_{-} r_{-} E D 90, g s_{-} i$ rate, $g s_{-} r_{-} m i n, T r m m o l_{-}$, gs_r_rate, $N P Q_{-} i_{-}$rate and $A_{-} r_{-} E D 50$ (variables are sorted from the strongest).
- low values for variables like $g s_{-} i \_50, g s_{-} i_{-} 10, g s_{-} i_{-} 90$, Shoot_biomass_, Total_plant_biomass_, $A_{-} i_{-} 10$, Shoot_area_, NPQ_i_slope_, Plant_height_ and NPQ_i_90 (variables are sorted from the weakest).

The dimension 4 opposes individuals such as $T O G \_5747$, EG85 and RAM 24 (to the top of the graph, characterized by a strongly positive coordinate on the axis) to individuals such as TOG_5639, TOG_7047 and IG05 (to the bottom of the graph, characterized by a strongly negative coordinate on the axis).

The group in which the individual $E G 85$ stands (characterized by a positive coordinate on the axis) is sharing :

- high values for the variables $N P Q_{-} r_{-}$slope_, $N P Q_{-} r_{-} 90, A_{-} i_{-}$rate, $N P Q_{-} r_{-} 50, A_{-} i$ min, $A_{-} i_{-} 10$ and $W U E_{-}$(variables are sorted from the strongest).
- low values for variables like $A_{-} i \_$slope, $g s{ }_{-} i \_$slope, $N P Q \_r \_r a t e, A_{-} i-90, g s \_i \_m a x$, $N P Q_{-} r_{-} \max , N P Q_{-}$, gs_percentage_rise, $N P Q_{-} r_{-} 10$ and $N P Q \_i \_m a x$ (variables are sorted from the weakest).

The group in which the individuals $T O G \_5747$ and $R A M 24$ stand (characterized by a positive coordinate on the axis) is sharing :

- high values for variables like gs_i_50, Shoot_biomass_, Total_plant_biomass_, Shoot_area_, gs_i_90, gs_percentage_rise, gs_i_max, gs_i_10, $A_{-} i \_50$ and $g s_{-} r$ _ 50 (variables are sorted from the strongest).
- low values for the variable gs_i_rate.

The group in which the individuals $T O G_{-} 5639, T O G_{-} 7047$ and $I G 05$ stand (characterized by a negative coordinate on the axis) is sharing :

- high values for the variables $A_{-} r_{-}$Slope, $A_{-} r_{-} E D 90, g s_{-} i$ rate, $g s_{-} r_{-}$min, Trmmol_, $g s_{-} r_{-} r a t e, N P Q_{-} i_{-}$rate and $A_{-} r_{-} E D 50$ (variables are sorted from the strongest).
- low values for variables like $g s_{-} i_{-} 50, g s_{-} i_{-} 10, g s_{-} i_{-} 90$, Shoot_biomass_, Total_plant_biomass_, $A_{-} i_{-} 10$, Shoot_area_, NPQ_i_slope_, Plant_height_ and NPQ_i_90 (variables are sorted from the weakest).

5. Description of the plane 5:6


Figure 5.1 - Individuals factor map (PCA) The labeled individuals are those with the higher contribution to the plane construction.

The Wilks test p -value indicates which variable factors are the best separated on the plane (i.e. which one explain the best the distance between individuals).

| \#\# | Ecology Broad_Ecology |  | Country African_Region |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| \#\# | 0.05427652 | 0.27670100 | 0.75445730 | 0.75934388 |

The best qualitative variable to illustrate the distance between individuals on this plane is : Ecology.


Figure 5.2 - Individuals factor map (PCA) The labeled individuals are those with the higher contribution to the plane construction. The individuals are coloured after their category for the variable Ecology.


Figure 5.3 - Variables factor map (PCA) The labeled variables are those the best shown on the plane.


Figure 5.4 - Qualitative factor map (PCA) The labeled factors are those the best shown on the plane.

The dimension 5 opposes individuals such as $I G 36, T O G \_6603$ and $T O G \_5747$ (to the right of the graph, characterized by a strongly positive coordinate on the axis) to individuals such as TOG_12160, UG30, TOG_5997 and TOG_7455_V2 (to the left of the graph, characterized by a strongly negative coordinate on the axis).

The group in which the individuals IG36, TOG_6603 and TOG_5747 stand (characterized by a positive coordinate on the axis) is sharing :

- high values for variables like $A_{-} i \_m a x, A_{-} i \_50, g s_{-} r$ min, $g s i_{-} 10, A_{-} i \_s l o p e, W U E$, $A_{-} r_{-} E D 90, A_{-} r_{-}$Slope, $A_{-} i_{-} 90$ and $A_{-} i \_10$ (variables are sorted from the strongest).
- low values for the variables $g s_{-} r_{-} 50, A_{-} i_{-} r a t e, g s_{-} r_{-} 90, g s_{-} i_{-} r a t e, g s_{-} r_{-} 10, N P Q_{-}, g s m a x$, $N P Q_{-} r_{-} m a x$, Shoot_biomass_ and Ratio_SD (variables are sorted from the weakest).

The group in which the individuals $T O G_{-} 12160$ and $T O G_{-} 7455 \_V 2$ stand (characterized by a negative coordinate on the axis) is sharing :

- high values for the variables $g s_{-} r_{-} 50, g s_{-} r_{-} 10, N P Q_{-}, A_{-} i_{-} r a t e, N P Q_{-} r_{-} \max , N P Q_{-} r_{-} \min$ and $g s_{-} r_{-} 90$ (variables are sorted from the strongest).
- low values for variables like $A_{-} i \_m a x, E T R_{-}, P H i P S 2_{-}, A_{-} i \_90, q P_{-}, A_{-} i \_50, g s_{-} r_{-} m i n$, $A_{-} i_{-}$slope, $W U E_{-}$and $A_{-} r_{-} E D 90$ (variables are sorted from the weakest).

The group in which the individuals UG30 and TOG_5997 stand (characterized by a negative coordinate on the axis) is sharing :

- high values for the variables ShootRoot_ratio, gs_r_90, Plant_height_, gs_r_50, gs_r_max and gsmax (variables are sorted from the strongest).
- low values for variables like $N P Q_{-} r_{-} 50, N P Q_{-} r_{-} 90, N P Q_{-} r_{-}$slope_, Root_biomass_, $g s_{-} r_{-}$min, $g s_{-} r_{-}$slope, $W U E_{-}, N P Q_{-}$, Shoot_area_ and AbaxialSD (variables are sorted from the weakest).

The dimension 6 opposes individuals such as RAM 137 and $T O G_{-} 5969$ (to the top of the graph, characterized by a strongly positive coordinate on the axis) to individuals such as $U G 30$ and TOG_5997 (to the bottom of the graph, characterized by a strongly negative coordinate on the axis).

The group in which the individuals RAM 137 and $T O G_{-} 5969$ stand (characterized by a positive coordinate on the axis) is sharing :

- high values for the variables Root_biomass_, Total_plant_biomass_, Shoot_biomass_, Shoot_area_, gs_i_rate, $N P Q_{-}, N P Q_{-} r_{-} m a x, N P Q_{-} i_{-} r a t e$ and $g s_{-} r_{-} r a t e$ (variables are sorted from the strongest).
- low values for the variable $g s s_{-} r_{\text {max. }}$

The group in which the individuals UG30 and TOG_5997 stand (characterized by a negative coordinate on the axis) is sharing :

- high values for the variables ShootRoot_ratio, gs_r_90, Plant_height_, gs_r_50, gs_r_max and gsmax (variables are sorted from the strongest).
- low values for variables like $N P Q_{-} r_{-} 50, N P Q_{-} r_{-} 90, N P Q_{-} r_{-}$slope, Root_biomass_, $g s_{-} r_{-}$min, $g s_{-} r_{-}$slope, $W U E_{-}, N P Q_{-}$, Shoot_area_ and AbaxialSD (variables are sorted from the weakest).


## 6. Description of the plane 7:8



Figure 6.1 - Individuals factor map (PCA) The labeled individuals are those with the higher contribution to the plane construction.

The Wilks test p -value indicates which variable factors are the best separated on the plane (i.e. which one explain the best the distance between individuals).

| \#\# | Country Broad_Ecology | Ecology African_Region |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| \#\# | 0.05619913 | 0.27644475 | 0.56378650 | 0.69877927 |

The best qualitative variable to illustrate the distance between individuals on this plane is : Country.


Figure 6.2 - Individuals factor map (PCA) The labeled individuals are those with the higher contribution to the plane construction. The individuals are coloured after their category for the variable Country.


Figure 6.3 - Variables factor map (PCA) The labeled variables are those the best shown on the plane.


Figure 6.4 - Qualitative factor map (PCA) The labeled factors are those the best shown on the plane.

The dimension 7 opposes individuals such as $T O G_{-} 14610, T O G_{-} 7455 \_V 1, T O G_{-} 8537$, $T O G \_6206, T O G \_5500$ and $T O G \_5953$ (to the right of the graph, characterized by a strongly positive coordinate on the axis) to individuals such as $T O G \_7132, Y G 330$ and IRGC_86764 (to the left of the graph, characterized by a strongly negative coordinate on the axis).

The group in which the individuals $T O G \_8537, T O G \_6206, T O G \_5500$ and $T O G \_5953$ stand (characterized by a positive coordinate on the axis) is sharing :

- high values for variables like $g s_{-} r_{-} 50, g s_{-} r_{-} 90, g s_{-} r_{-} 10, N P Q_{-} i_{-} 10, N P Q_{-} r_{-} m i n, g s_{-} i \_50$, $g s \_i \_90, A_{-} r_{-}$Slope, $N P Q_{-} i \_r a t e$ and $N P Q_{-} i_{-} 50$ (variables are sorted from the strongest).
- low values for the variables $g s_{-} r_{-}$min, $N P Q_{-} i_{-}$slope_, Plant_height_ and gs_r_slope (variables are sorted from the weakest).

The group in which the individuals $T O G_{-} 14610$ and $T O G_{-} 7455 \_V 1$ stand (characterized by a positive coordinate on the axis) is sharing :

- high values for the variables $N P Q_{-} i \_m a x$, ShootRoot_ratio, $A_{-} i_{-} m i n, A_{-} r_{-} M i n, W U E_{-}$, $N P Q_{-}, N P Q_{-} i_{-} 50, N P Q_{-} r_{-} \max$ and $A_{-} r_{-} \operatorname{Max}$ (variables are sorted from the strongest).
- low values for the variable Root_biomass_.

The group in which the individual $T O G \_7132$ stands (characterized by a negative coordinate on the axis) is sharing :

- high values for the variable Root_biomass_.
- low values for the variables $N P Q_{-} i_{-} \max , N P Q_{-} r_{-} \max , A_{-} r_{-} \operatorname{Min}, N P Q_{-}, V p d l_{-}$, ShootRoot_ratio and WUE_(variables are sorted from the weakest).

The group in which the individuals $Y G 330$ and $I R G C_{-} 86764$ stand (characterized by a negative coordinate on the axis) is sharing :

- high values for the variables $g s_{-} r_{-} m i n, N P Q_{-} i_{-}$slope_, $g s_{-} r_{-}$slope, Plant_height_, $A_{-} i_{-} 90$ and ShootRoot_ratio (variables are sorted from the strongest).
- low values for the variables $g s_{-} r_{-} 90, N P Q_{-} i_{-} 10, N P Q_{-} i_{-} 50, A b a x i a l S D, g s_{-} i \_50, g s_{-} r_{-} 50$, $A_{-} r_{-}$Slope, $A_{-} r_{-} E D 90$ and $g s_{-} i 90$ (variables are sorted from the weakest).

The dimension 8 opposes individuals such as $T O G_{-} 14610, T O G_{-} 7455 \_V 1, Y G 330$ and IRGC_86764 (to the top of the graph, characterized by a strongly positive coordinate on the axis) to individuals such as $T O G_{-} 7132, T O G_{-} 8537, T O G_{-} 6206, T O G_{-} 5500$ and $T O G \_5953$ (to the bottom of the graph, characterized by a strongly negative coordinate on the axis).

The group in which the individuals $Y G 330$ and $I R G C \_86764$ stand (characterized by a positive coordinate on the axis) is sharing :

- high values for the variables $g s_{-} r_{-} m i n, N P Q_{-} i \_$slope_, $s_{-} r_{-} s l o p e$, Plant_height_, $A_{-} i_{-} 90$ and ShootRoot_ratio (variables are sorted from the strongest).
- low values for the variables $g s_{-} r_{-} 90, N P Q_{-} i \_10, N P Q i Q_{-} 50, A b a x i a l S D, g s{ }_{-} i \_50, g s_{-} r_{-} 50$, $A_{-} r_{-}$Slope, $A_{-} r_{-} E D 90$ and $g s{ }_{-} i_{-} 90$ (variables are sorted from the weakest).

The group in which the individuals $T O G_{-} 14610$ and $T O G_{-} 7455 \_V 1$ stand (characterized by a positive coordinate on the axis) is sharing :

- high values for the variables $N P Q_{-} i \_m a x$, ShootRoot_ratio, $A_{-} i_{-} m i n, A_{-} r_{-} M i n, W U E_{-}$, $N P Q_{-}, N P Q_{-} i_{-} 50, N P Q_{-} r_{-} \max$ and $A_{-} r_{-} M a x$ (variables are sorted from the strongest).
- low values for the variable Root_biomass_.

The group in which the individual $T O G_{-} 7132$ stands (characterized by a negative coordinate on the axis) is sharing :

- high values for the variable Root_biomass_.
- low values for the variables $N P Q_{-} i_{-} \max , N P Q_{-} r_{-} \max , A_{-} r_{-} \operatorname{Min}, N P Q_{-}, V p d l_{-}$, ShootRoot_ratio and WUE_(variables are sorted from the weakest).

The group in which the individuals $T O G_{-} 8537, T O G_{-} 6206, T O G_{-} 5500$ and $T O G_{-} 5953$ stand (characterized by a negative coordinate on the axis) is sharing :

- high values for variables like $g s_{-} r_{-} 50, g s_{-} r_{-} 90, g s_{-} r_{-} 10, N P Q_{-} i_{-} 10, N P Q_{-} r_{-} m i n, g s_{-} i i_{-} 50$, $g s \_i \_90, A_{-} r$ Slope, $N P Q \_i \quad$ rate and $N P Q \_i \_50$ (variables are sorted from the strongest).
- low values for the variables $g s_{-} r_{-}$min, $N P Q_{-} i_{-}$slope_, Plant_height_ and gs_r_slope (variables are sorted from the weakest).


Figure 7.1 - Individuals factor map (PCA) The labeled individuals are those with the higher contribution to the plane construction.

The Wilks test p -value indicates which variable factors are the best separated on the plane (i.e. which one explain the best the distance between individuals).

| \#\# | Ecology | Country Broad_Ecology African_Region |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| \#\# | 0.3316501 | 0.4725286 | 0.7411215 | 0.8521221 |

The best qualitative variable to illustrate the distance between individuals on this plane is : Ecology.

Figure 7.2-Individuals factor map (PCA) The labeled individuals are those with the higher contribution to the plane construction. The individuals are coloured after their category for the variable Ecology.


Figure 7.3 - Variables factor map (PCA) The labeled variables are those the best shown on the plane.


Figure 7.4 - Qualitative factor map (PCA) The labeled factors are those the best shown on the plane.

The dimension 9 opposes individuals such as $I R G C_{-} 104589, T O G_{-} 5418$ and $T O G_{-} 14361$ (to the right of the graph, characterized by a strongly positive coordinate on the axis) to individuals such as IRGC_56785, RAM 55, IRGC_86826 and TOG_6603 (to the left of the graph, characterized by a strongly negative coordinate on the axis).

The group in which the individuals $I R G C \_104589, T O G \_5418$ and $T O G \_14361$ stand (characterized by a positive coordinate on the axis) is sharing :

- high values for the variables $A_{-} r_{-} E D 50, A_{-} r_{-} E D 90, A_{-} i_{-}$rate, AdaxialSD, $N P Q Q_{-}$90, A_r_Slope, gs_percentage_rise, gs_i_max and AbaxialSD (variables are sorted from the strongest).
- low values for the variables $A_{-} i_{-} 90, N P Q \_i \_r a t e, A_{-} i \_s l o p e, N P Q r_{-} m i n$ and $N P Q \_i \_10$ (variables are sorted from the weakest).

The group in which the individuals $I R G C \_56785$, RAM 55, IRGC_86826 and TOG_6603 stand (characterized by a negative coordinate on the axis) is sharing :

- high values for the variables $N P Q \_i \_50, g s \_i \_10$ and $A_{-} i \_50$ (variables are sorted from the strongest).
- low values for the variables $A_{-} r_{-} E D 90$, $A d a x i a l S D, A_{-} r_{-}$Slope, $A_{-} r_{-} E D 50, A b a x i a l S D$ and gs_percentage_rise (variables are sorted from the weakest).

The dimension 10 opposes individuals such as $I R G C_{-} 104589$, IRGC_56785, TOG_5418, TOG_14361, RAM 55,IRGC_86826 and TOG_6603 (to the top of the graph, characterized by a strongly positive coordinate on the axis) to individuals such as TOG_12086 and LG33 (to the bottom of the graph, characterized by a strongly negative coordinate on the axis).

The group in which the individuals $I R G C_{-} 56785$, RAM 55, IRGC_86826 and TOG_6603 stand (characterized by a positive coordinate on the axis) is sharing :

- high values for the variables $N P Q_{-} i_{-} 50, g s_{-} i_{-} 10$ and $A_{-} i_{-} 50$ (variables are sorted from the strongest).
- low values for the variables $A_{-} r_{-} E D 90$, $A d a x i a l S D, A_{-} r_{-}$Slope, $A_{-} r_{-} E D 50, A b a x i a l S D$ and gs_percentage_rise (variables are sorted from the weakest).

The group in which the individuals $I R G C_{\text {_ }} 104589, T O G \_5418$ and $T O G_{-} 14361$ stand (characterized by a positive coordinate on the axis) is sharing :

- high values for the variables $A_{-} r_{-} E D 50, A_{-} r_{-} E D 90, A_{-} i_{-}$rate, AdaxialSD, $N P Q_{-} i_{-} 90$, A_r_Slope, gs_percentage_rise, gs_i_max and AbaxialSD (variables are sorted from the strongest).
- low values for the variables $A_{-} i \_90, N P Q \_i \_r a t e, A_{-} i_{-}$slope, $N P Q_{-} r_{-}$min and $N P Q_{-} i \_10$ (variables are sorted from the weakest).

The group in which the individuals $T O G_{-} 12086$ and $L G 33$ stand (characterized by a negative coordinate on the axis) is sharing :

- high values for the variables $N P Q \_i \_r a t e, A_{-} i \_90, A_{-} i_{-}$slope, gs_i_slope and Plant_height_ (variables are sorted from the strongest).
- low values for the variables $N P Q \_i \_90, N P Q \_i \_50, g s \_i \_10, A_{-} i \_10$ and $g s m a x$ (variables are sorted from the weakest).

8. Description of the plane 11:12


Figure 8.1 - Individuals factor map (PCA) The labeled individuals are those with the higher contribution to the plane construction.

The Wilks test p -value indicates which variable factors are the best separated on the plane (i.e. which one explain the best the distance between individuals).

| \#\# | Ecology | Broad_Ecology | African_Region | Country |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| \#\# | 0.4336165 | 0.4708979 | 0.5856632 | 0.9297229 |

The best qualitative variable to illustrate the distance between individuals on this plane is : Ecology.


Figure 8.2 - Individuals factor map (PCA) The labeled individuals are those with the higher contribution to the plane construction. The individuals are coloured after their category for the variable Ecology.


Figure 8.3 - Variables factor map (PCA) The labeled variables are those the best shown on the plane.


Figure 8.4 - Qualitative factor map (PCA) The labeled factors are those the best shown on the plane.

The dimension 11 opposes individuals such as $T O G_{-} 7219, T O G \_5439, C G 45$ and $L G 33$ (to the right of the graph, characterized by a strongly positive coordinate on the axis) to individuals such as ** and TOG_7106 (to the left of the graph, characterized by a strongly negative coordinate on the axis).

The group in which the individuals $T O G \_7219, T O G \_5439, C G 45$ and $L G 33$ stand (characterized by a positive coordinate on the axis) is sharing :

- high values for the variables Trmmol_, $N P Q_{-} i_{-} r a t e, A_{-} i_{-} 50, g_{s_{-}} i_{r} r a t e, A_{-} i_{-} m a x, g_{s_{-}} r_{-}$rate and ShootRoot_ratio (variables are sorted from the strongest).
- low values for the variables $A_{-} r_{-} E D 10, N P Q_{-} i_{-} 50, N P Q_{-} i_{-} 90, A_{-} r_{-} E D 50, g s_{-} r_{-}$slope, $N P Q r_{-} \min$ and $N P Q \_i \_10$ (variables are sorted from the weakest).

The group in which the individual $T O G_{-} 7106$ stands (characterized by a negative coordinate on the axis) is sharing :

- high values for the variables $N P Q_{-} i_{-} 90, N P Q_{-} i_{-} 50, A_{-} r_{-} E D 10$, AbaxialSD, AdaxialSD, $W U E_{-}, A_{-} r_{-} \operatorname{Min}$ and $A_{-} i$ slope (variables are sorted from the strongest).
- low values for the variables $N P Q \_i \_r a t e, ~ T r m m o l-, A_{-} i \_50, g s m a x, A_{-} i \_10, A_{-} i \_m i n$, gs_i_max and $A_{-} r$ _Slope (variables are sorted from the weakest).

The dimension 12 opposes individuals such as TOG_7406, TOG_5464, IG09 and RAM 48 (to the top of the graph, characterized by a strongly positive coordinate on the axis) to individuals such as TOG_7219, TOG_5439, CG45, TOG_7106 and LG33 (to the bottom of the graph, characterized by a strongly negative coordinate on the axis).

The group in which the individuals $T O G_{-} 7406, T O G_{-} 5464, I G 09$ and $R A M 48$ stand (characterized by a positive coordinate on the axis) is sharing :

- high values for the variables $A_{-} r_{-} E D 50, N P Q_{-} r_{-}$slope_, $N P Q_{-} r_{-} 90, g_{-} r_{-} \min , N P Q_{-} r_{-} 50$, gs_i_min, $A_{-} r_{-} E D 10, g s_{-} i \_90$ and Plant_height_(variables are sorted from the strongest).
- low values for the variables AbaxialSD, AdaxialSD and $A_{-} r_{-}$Min (variables are sorted from the weakest).

The group in which the individual $T O G_{-} 7106$ stands (characterized by a negative coordinate on the axis) is sharing :

- high values for the variables $N P Q_{-} i_{-} 90, N P Q i_{-} 50, A_{-} r_{-} E D 10$, AbaxialSD, AdaxialSD, $W U E_{-}, A_{-} r_{-}$Min and $A_{-} i_{-}$slope (variables are sorted from the strongest).
- low values for the variables $N P Q$ i_rate, Trmmol_, $A_{-} i \leq 50$, gsmax, $A_{-} i \_10, A_{-} i_{-} m i n$, gs_i_max and $A_{-} r_{-}$Slope (variables are sorted from the weakest).

The group in which the individuals $T O G \_7219, T O G \_5439, C G 45$ and $L G 33$ stand (characterized by a negative coordinate on the axis) is sharing :

- high values for the variables Trmmol_, $N P Q_{-} i_{-} r a t e, A_{-} i_{-} 50, g s_{-} i_{-} r a t e, A_{-} i \quad m a x, g s r_{-} r a t e$ and ShootRoot_ratio (variables are sorted from the strongest).
- low values for the variables $A_{-} r_{-} E D 10, N P Q_{-} i_{-} 50, N P Q_{-} i_{-} 90, A_{-} r_{-} E D 50, g s_{-} r_{-}$slope, $N P Q_{-} r_{-} \min$ and $N P Q_{-} i_{-} 10$ (variables are sorted from the weakest).


## Annexes

