

Satellite Application Facility on Ocean and Sea Ice (OSI SAF)

Stéphane SAUX PICART & OSI SAF team
Darmstadt, 4th June 2018

About OSI SAF

- EUMETSAT SAFs : dedicated centres of excellence for processing satellite data
- OSI SAF : answer to requirements from the meteorological and oceanographic communities, for comprehensive information derived from meteorological satellites at the ocean-atmosphere interface



About OSI SAF

- The OSI SAF develops, processes and distributes, in near real-time, products related to key parameters of the ocean-atmosphere interface.
- The OSI SAF team focuses on
 - Scatterometer winds,
 - Sea Surface Temperature (SST) and sea Ice Surface Temperature (IST),
 - Radiative fluxes : Surface Short wave Irradiance (SSI) and Downward Long wave Irradiance (DLI),
 - Sea ice concentration, edge, type, emissivity, drift.

Three OSI SAF subsystems

Research, development and production are based on 3 subsystems :

- Low and Mid Latitude (LML) subsystem
 - SST and radiative fluxes for LML, NAR and GLB areas
- High Latitude (HL) subsystem
 - SST and radiative fluxes for HL areas
 - Sea ice
- Wind (WIND) subsystem
 - Scatterometer winds



Ifremer



Royal Netherlands
Meteorological Institute
*Ministry of Infrastructure and the
Environment*



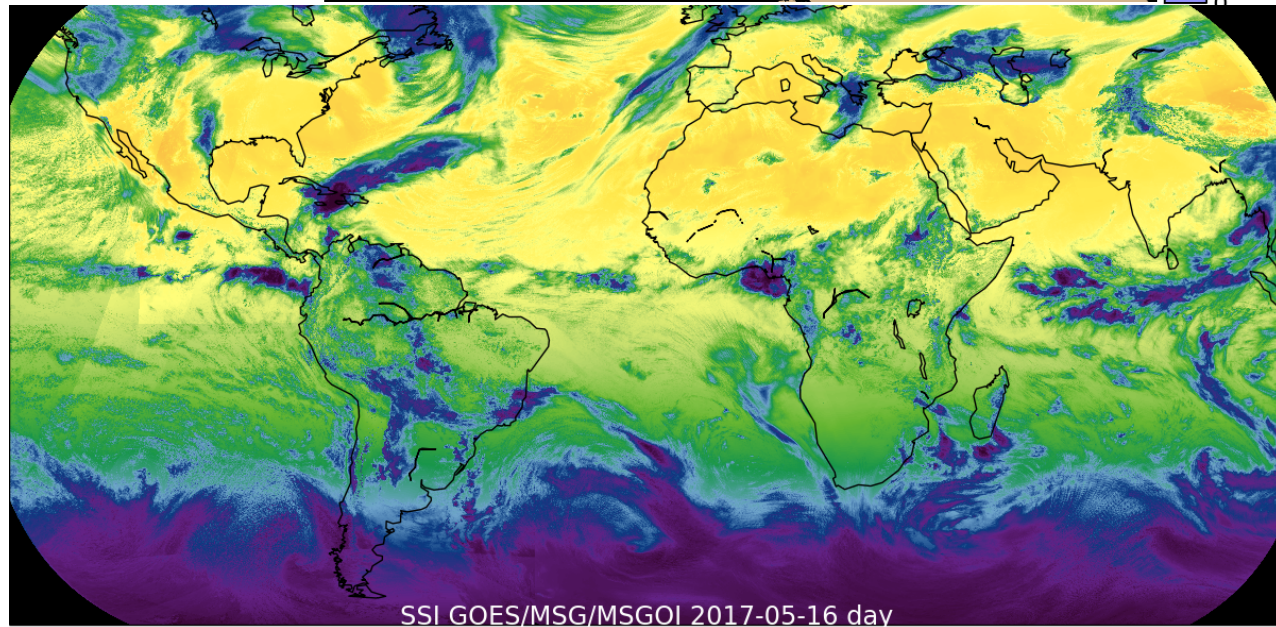
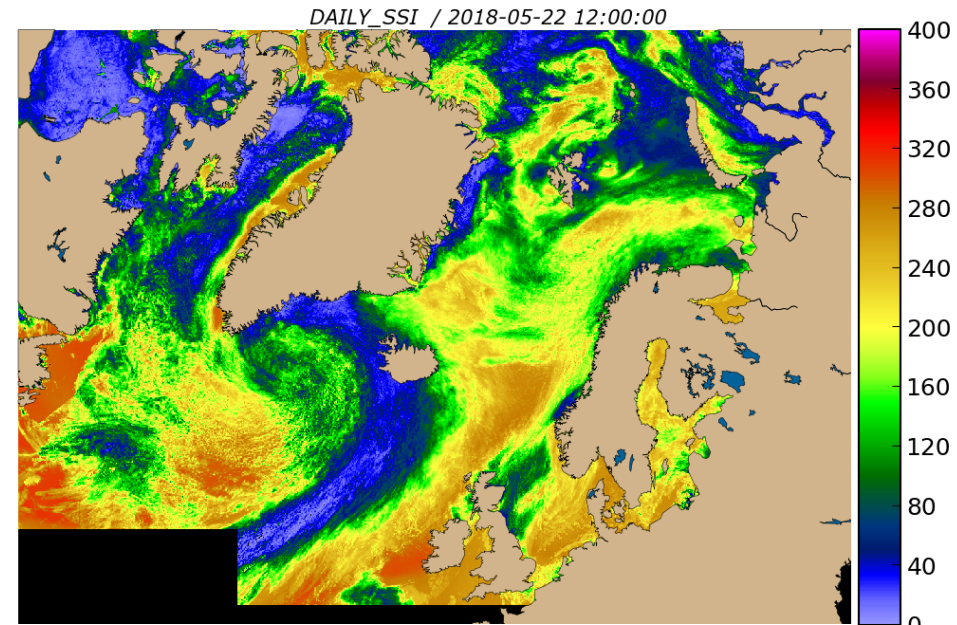
GHRSSST XIX - Darmstadt



Radiative fluxes products

Two variables:

- Downward longwave irradiance
- Surface solar irradiance
- Daily products for high latitudes (polar orbiters)
- Hourly and daily from geostationary satellites



Wind products

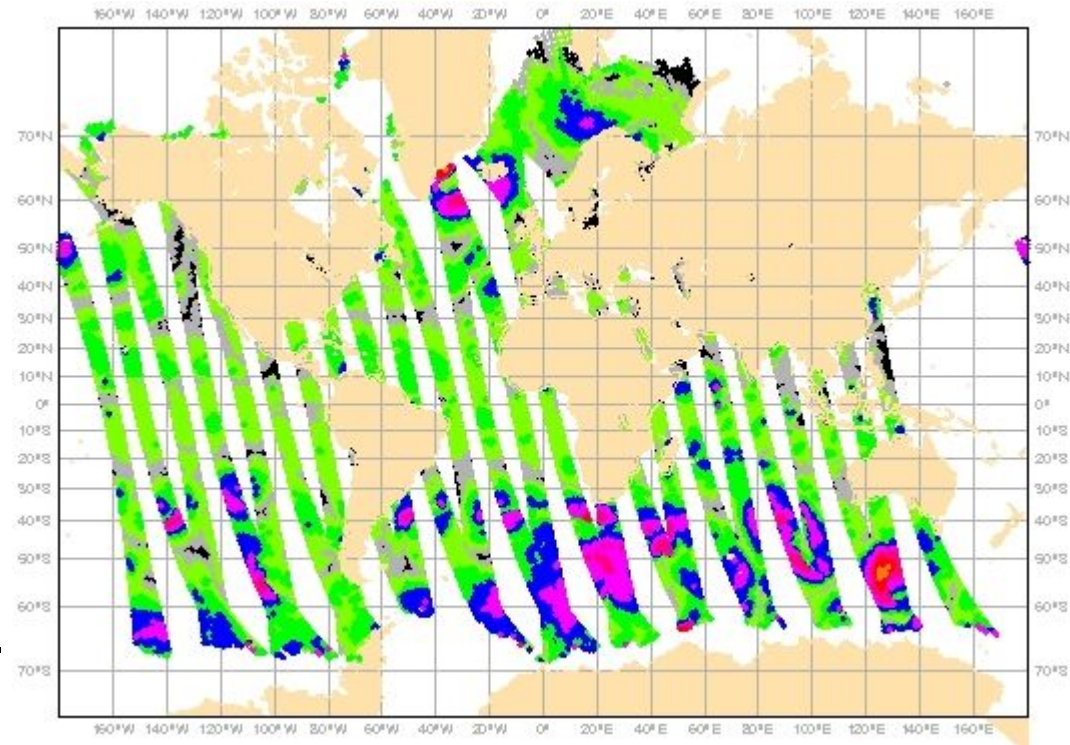
Operational products:

Global 12.5, 25km wind direction and wind speed

From ASCAT instrument on Metop-A and Metop-B. From OSCAT on ScatSat-1

Data record:

Wind direction and wind speed from ASCAT-A, ERS-1 and ERS-2, Oceansat-2, SeaWinds



Sea Ice products

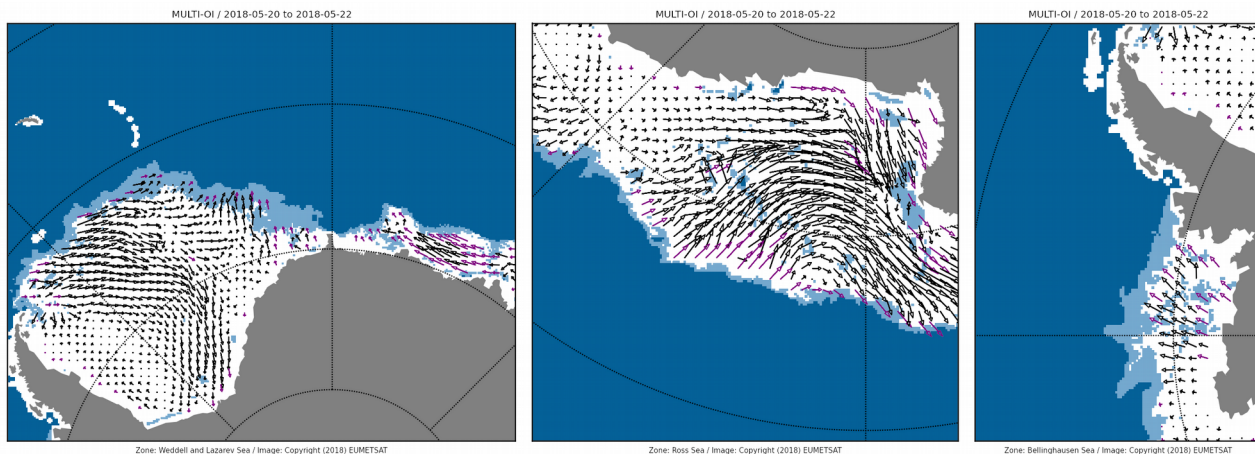
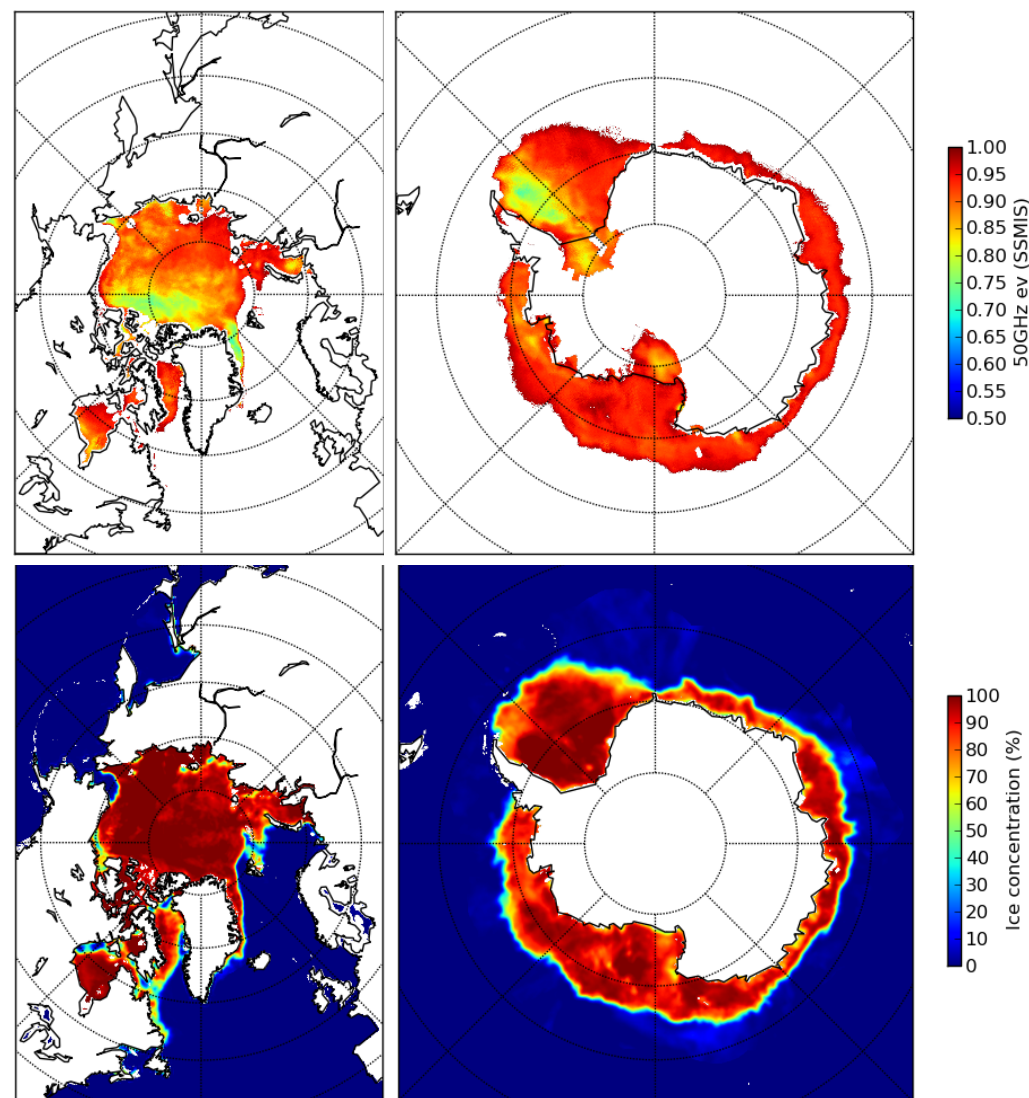
Operational products:

Global sea ice concentration, edge, type, emissivity and drift.

Micro wave (AMSR-2, SSMIS), infrared (AVHRR), scatterometer (ASCAT) instruments

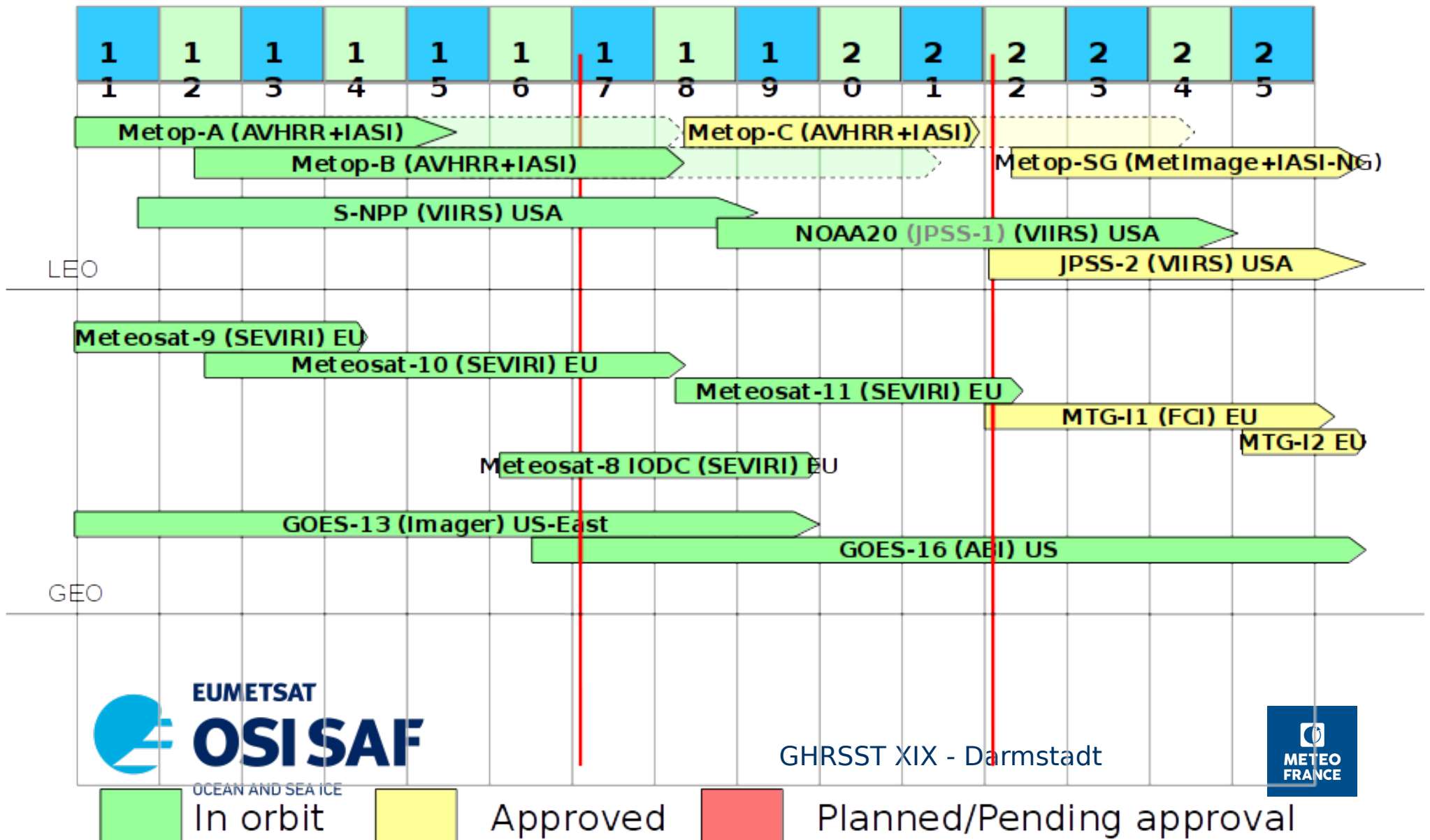
Data record:

Global sea ice concentration (>30 years)



Satellite missions for OSI SAF NRT SST

Satellite missions for OSI SAF CDOP3 – NRT SST products



SST from Low Earth Orbiter: Global

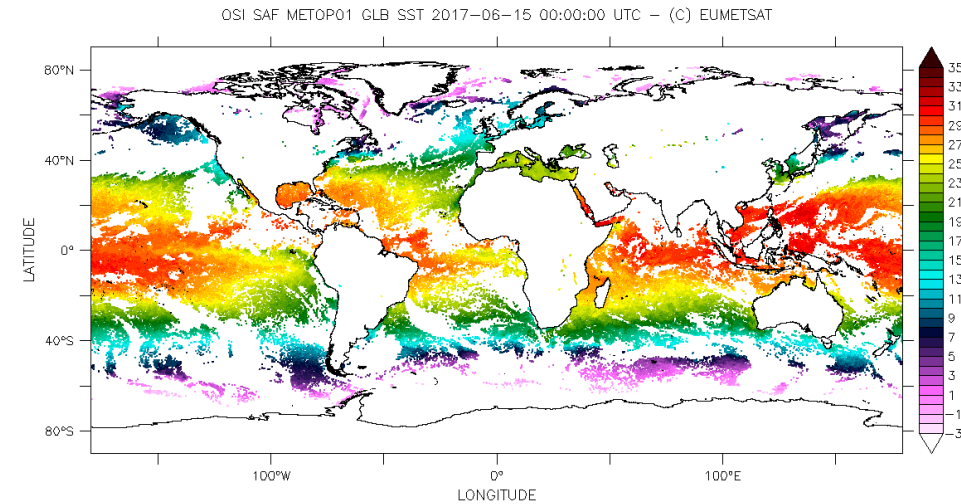
Global SST from Metop/AVHRR

L2 (granules) and L3 (12 hourly composite, 0.05°)

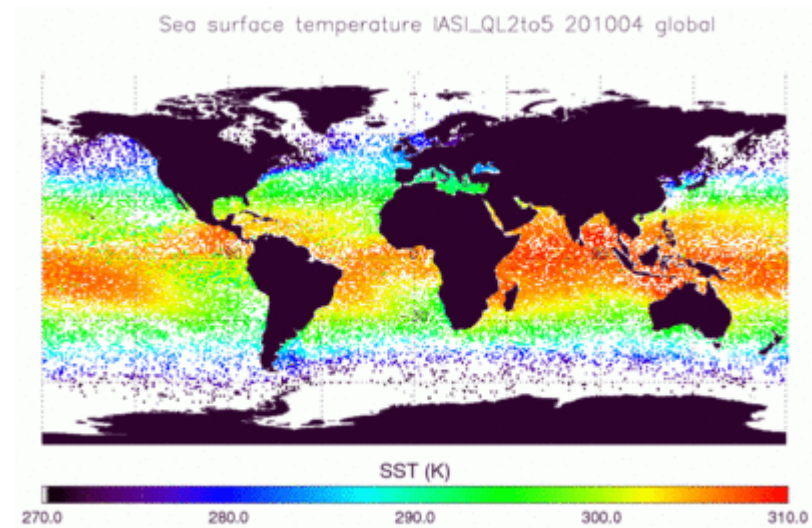
Method: Non linear algorithm (10.8 and 12.0 μm)
+ bias correction (RTTOV + NWP atmospheric profiles)

Global SST from Metop/IASI

Developped by EUMETSAT and distributed by OSI SAF



SST (Celsius) - quality levels 3,4,5



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SST from Low Earth Orbiter: Regional

North Atlantic Regional SST from Metop/AVHRR and NPP/VIIRS

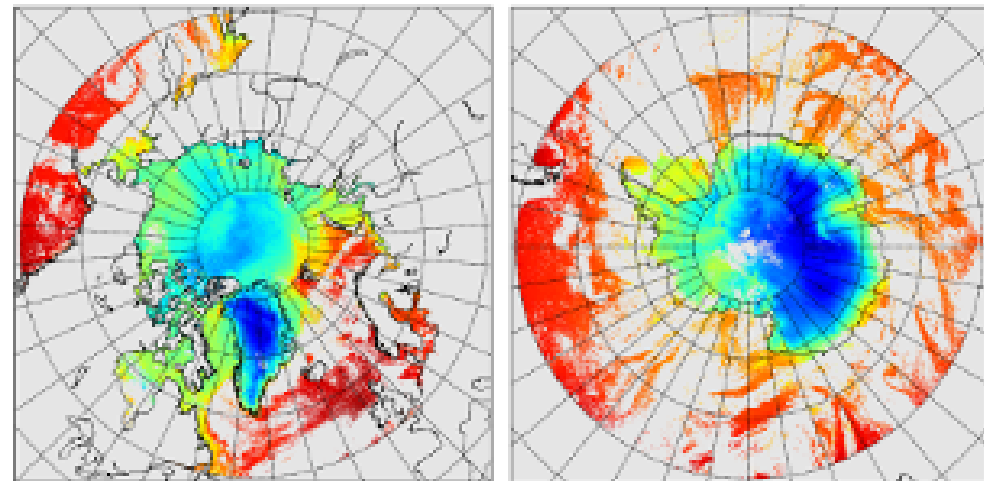
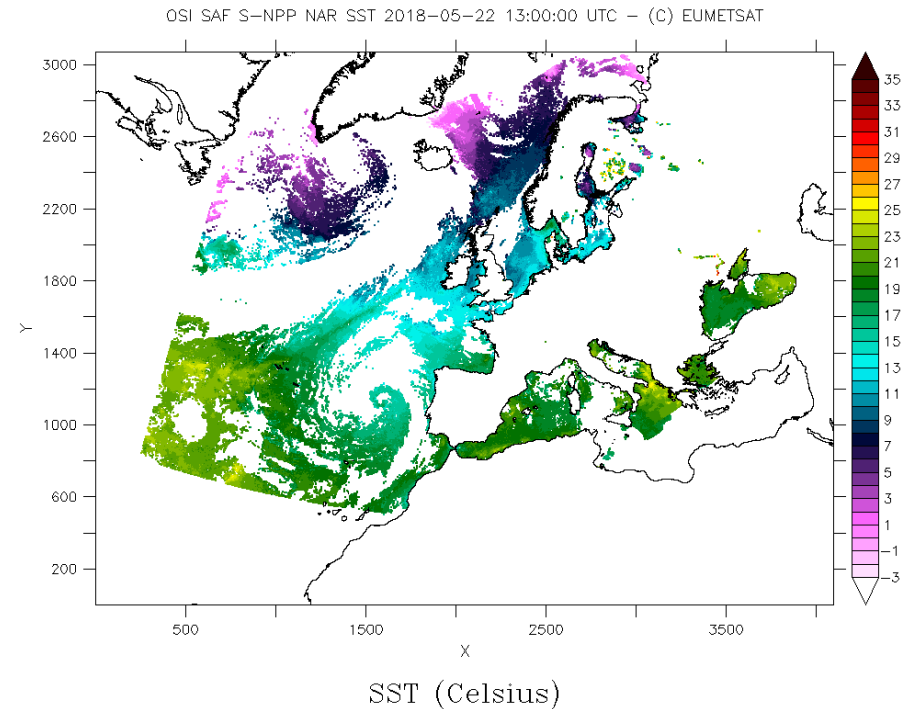
L3 (6 hourly composite, 2km stereopolar)

Method: Non linear algorithm (10.8 and 12.0 μm)

High latitude IST, SST and MIZT from Metop/AVHRR

L2 (swath)

Method: Non linear algorithm (10.8 and 12.0 μm)



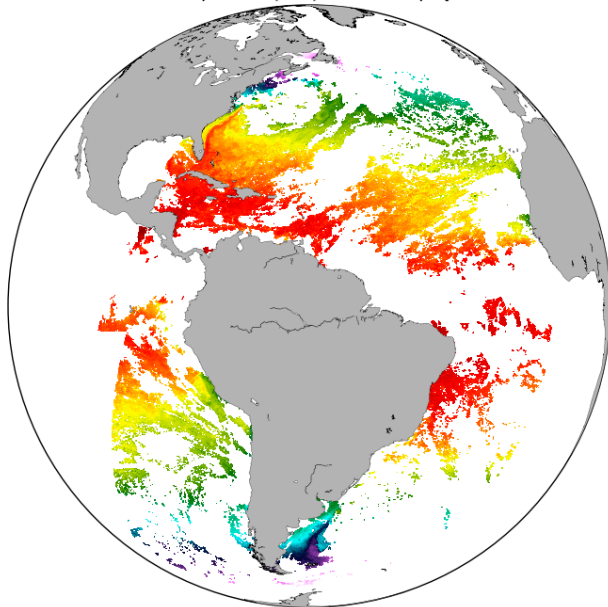
SST from geostationary satellites

GOES-16, Meteosat-11 and Meteosat-8

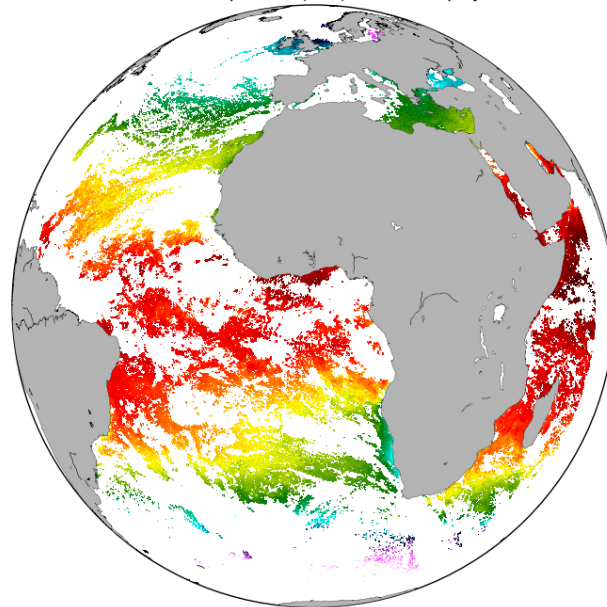
L3 (12 hourly composites, 0.05°)

Method: Non linear algorithm (Meteosat: 10.8 and 12.0 μm ; GOES-16: 8.4, 10.3 and 12.3 μm) + bias correction (RTTOV + NWP atmospheric profiles)

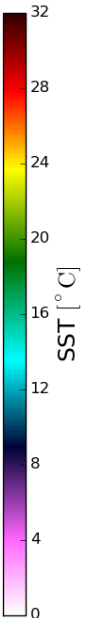
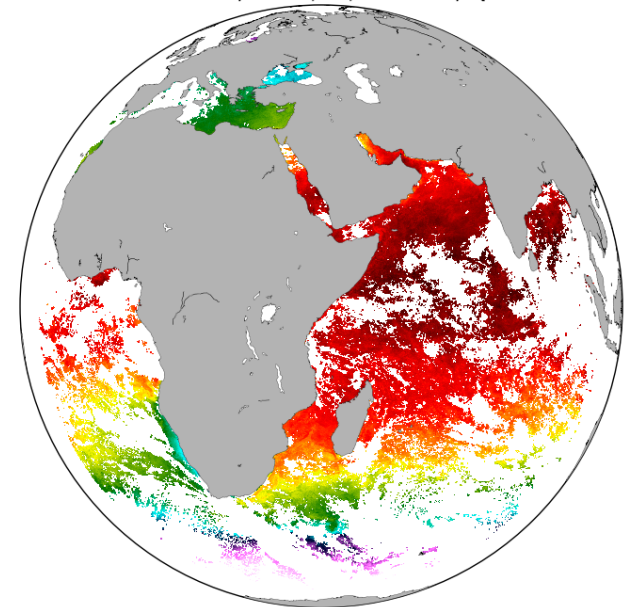
GOES-E, 2017/05/11 0h00, QL345



Meteosat10, 2017/05/11 0h00, QL345



Meteosat08, 2017/05/11 0h00, QL345



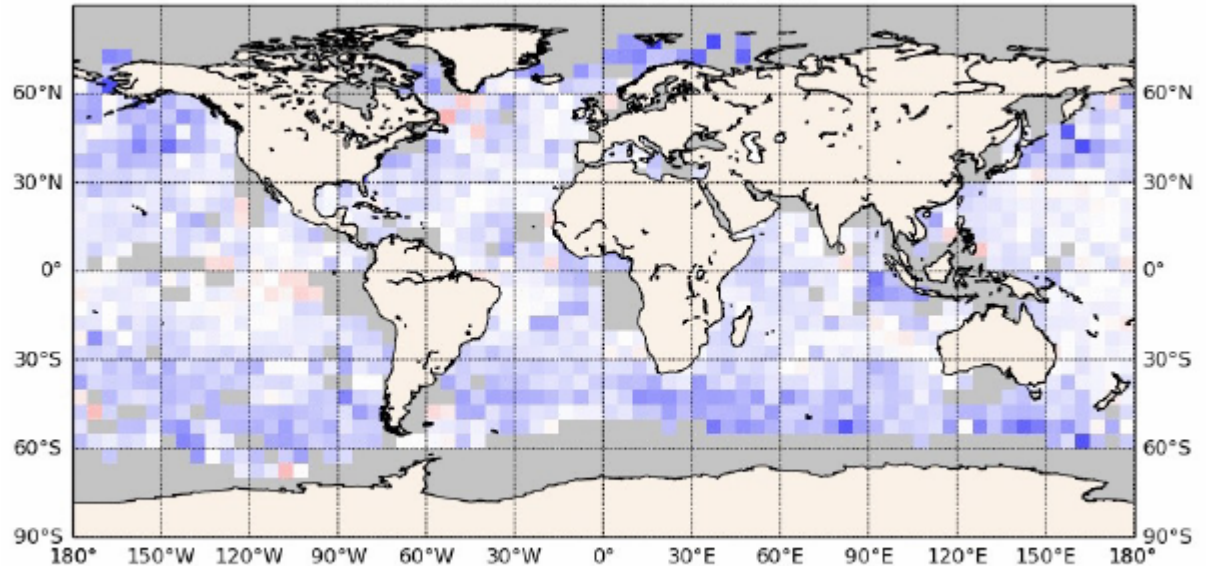
Sea surface temperature quality assessment

Example :

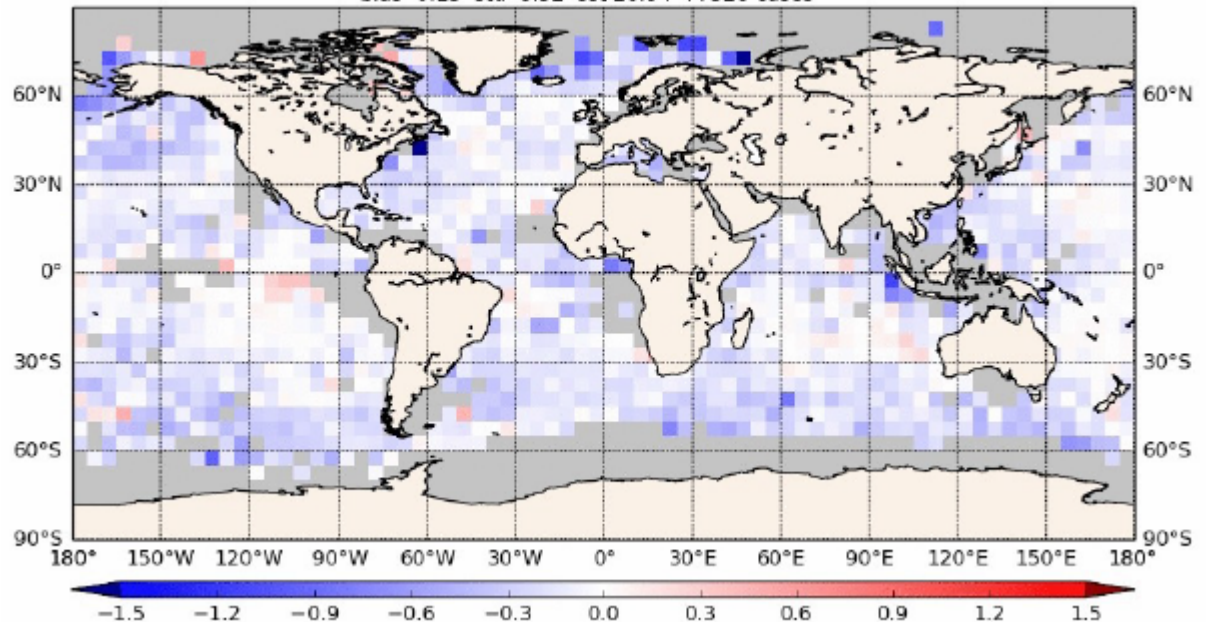
Metop-B/AVHRR SST

Comparison
with buoys
(night)

METOP01 SST diff 2016-07-01 0001 2016-12-31 2359 zso 110-180 ql 3-5 n>5 (safol)
bias -0.17 std 0.52 sst 21.82 70176 cases



METOP01 SST diff 2016-07-01 0031 2016-12-31 2336 zso 0-90 ql 3-5 n>5 (safol)
bias -0.13 std 0.52 sst 20.94 77520 cases



Comparison
with buoys
(day)

Reprocessing activities

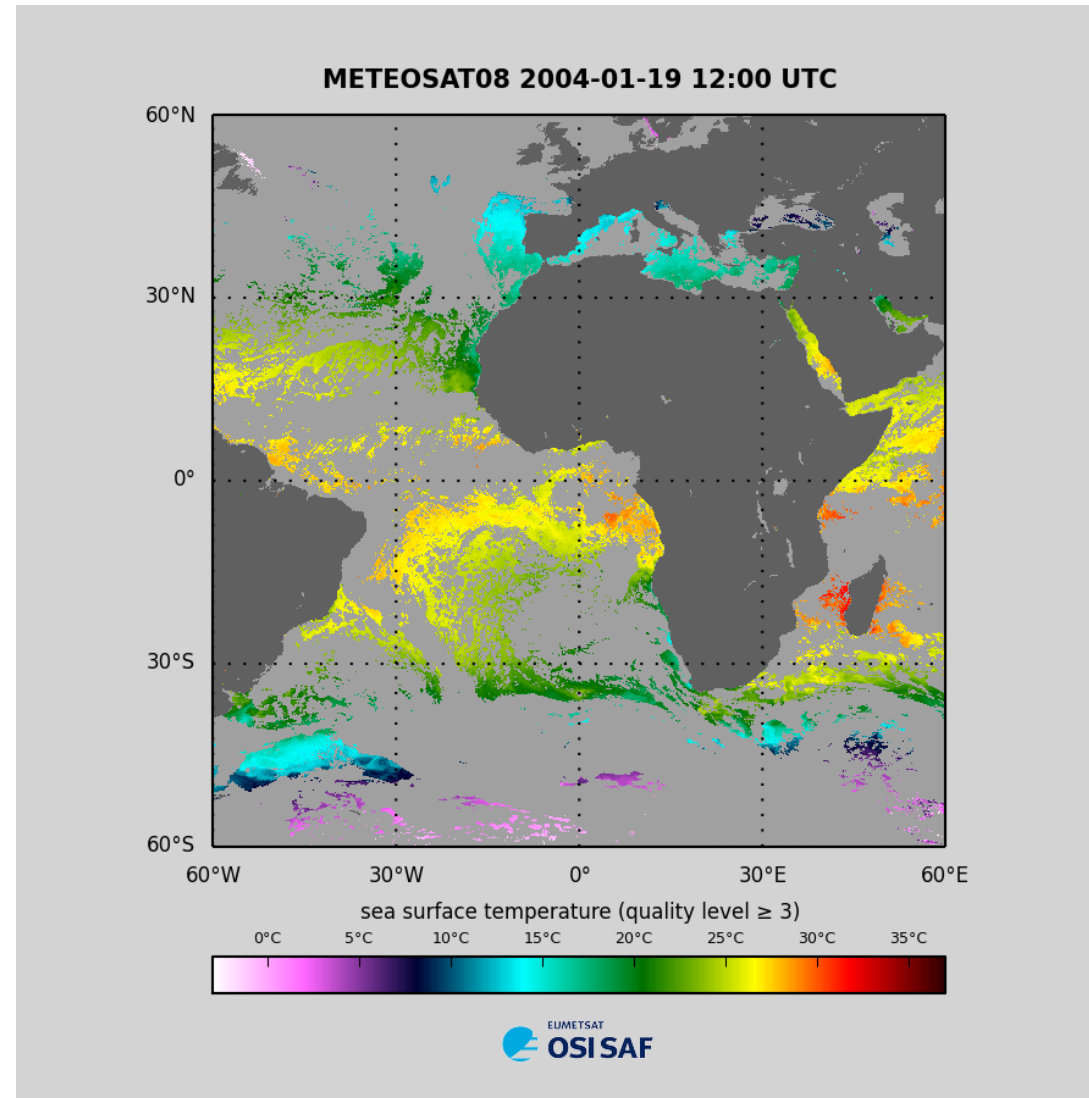
Reprocessing

L3 (hourly composites, 0.05°)

Period of reprocessing: 2004-2012

Method: Non linear algorithm (10.8 and 12.0 μm) + bias correction (RTTOV + NWP atmospheric profiles)

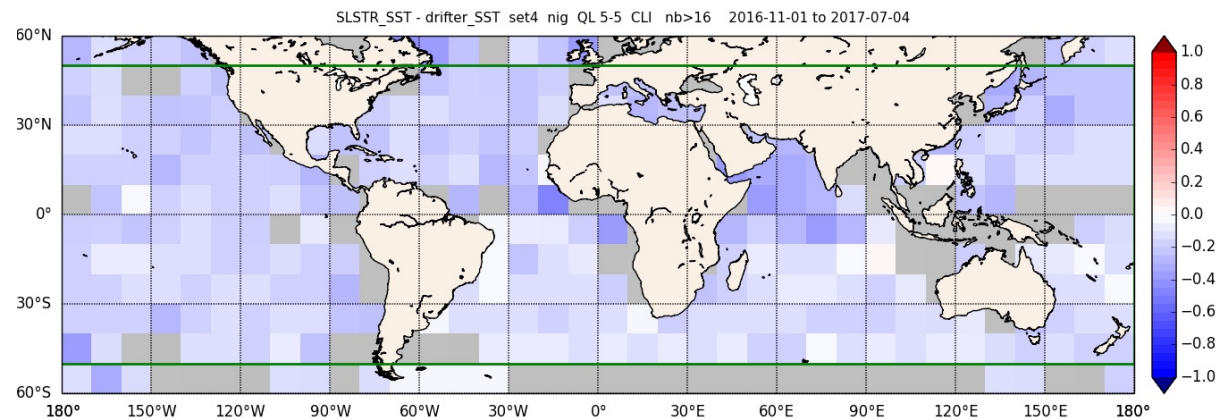
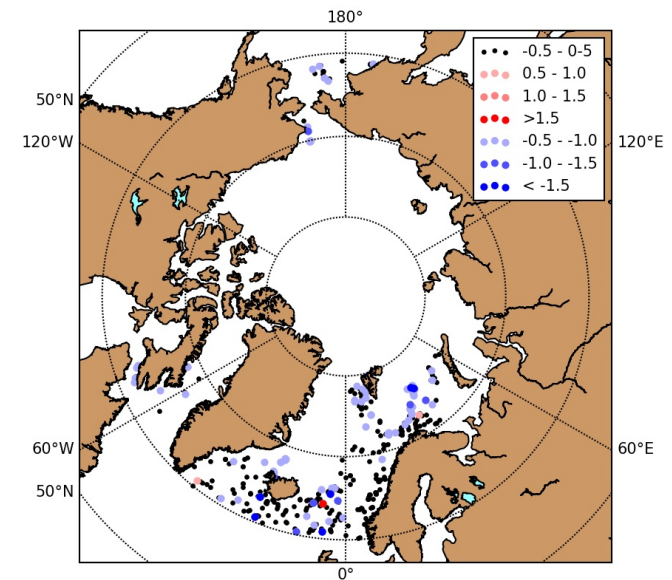
Presentation on Thursday morning



Sentinel 3/SLSTR cal val

EUMETSAT federated activity: OSI SAF and the Central Application Facility

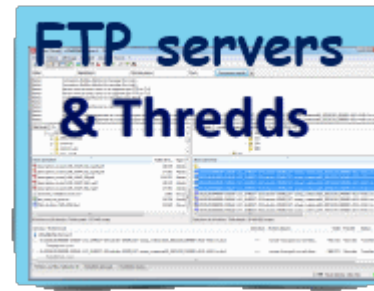
- Generation of matchup datasets (Coriolis and DMI ISAR)
- Validation low and mid latitude (Météo-France)/high latitude (MET Norway)
- Deployment and retrieval of DMI ISAR + validation in high latitudes



Access to OSI SAF data



EUMETCast is a multi-service dissemination system based on standard Digital Video Broadcast (DVB) technology.



The OSI SAF dissemination by the three subsystem

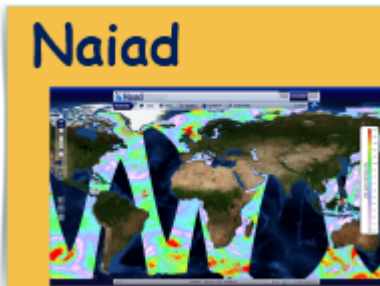


Physical Oceanography Distributed Active Archive Center

<http://podaac.jpl.nasa.gov/>



The EUMETSAT Data Centre provides a long-term archive of data and generated products from EUMETSAT, which can be ordered online.



Discovery tool

<http://naiad.ifremer.fr/>

More information on Access to data
<http://osi-saf.eumetsat.int>

Community

- Products documentation, quicklooks, validation results available online
- Operational service messages (subscription)
- Helpdesk
- Visiting scientists program

on <http://osi-saf.eumetsat.int>

Future evolutions

Preparing for future satellite missions:

- MTG/FCI
- Metop-SG A/Metimage and IASI-NG
- Metop-SG B/NWI and SCA