

Climate Coffees

Deterministic and probabilistic forecasts of Arctic sea ice with deep neural networks



June 10th, 2021 Yang Liu







- Arctic sea ice forecast with deep neural networks
- Make the black-box a glass-box









Wilco

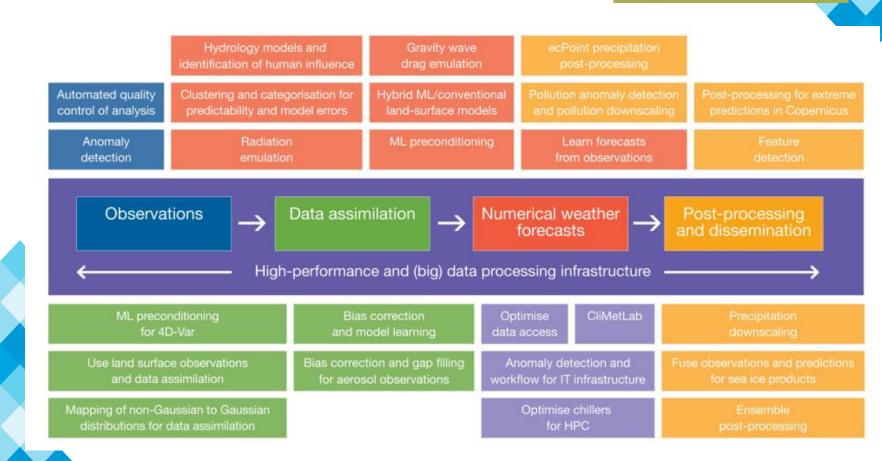


ECMWF machine learning roadmap

Machine learning at ECMWF:
A roadmap for the next 10 years

Peter Dueben, Umberto Modigliani, Alan Geer, Stephan Siemen, Florian Pappenberger, Peter Bauer, Andy Brown, Martin Palkovič, Baudouin Raoult, Nils Wedi, Vasileios Baousis

January 2021



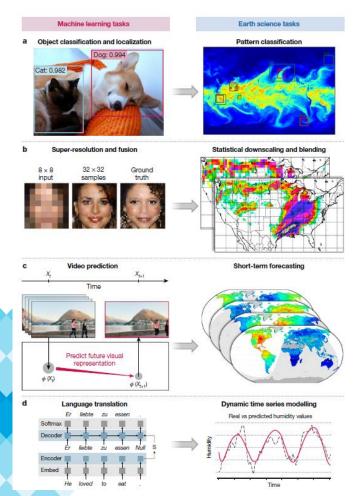


PERSPECTIVE

https://doi.org/10.1038/s41586-019-0912-1

Deep learning and process understanding for data-driven Earth system science

Markus Reichstein^{1,2*}, Gustau Camps-Valls³, Bjorn Stevens⁴, Martin Jung¹, Joachim Denzler^{2,5}, Nuno Carvalhais^{1,6} & Prabhat



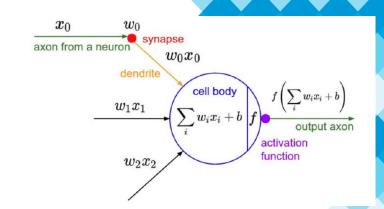


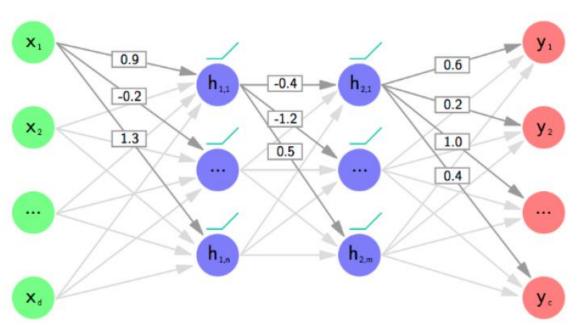
Weather forecasting with deep learning

- Innovative data-driven approaches for weather forecasts
- Easy adaption of deep learning techniques to some questions in the climate science
- Large amount of data for training (reanalysis, model output...)
- Think out of black-box



Deep neural network



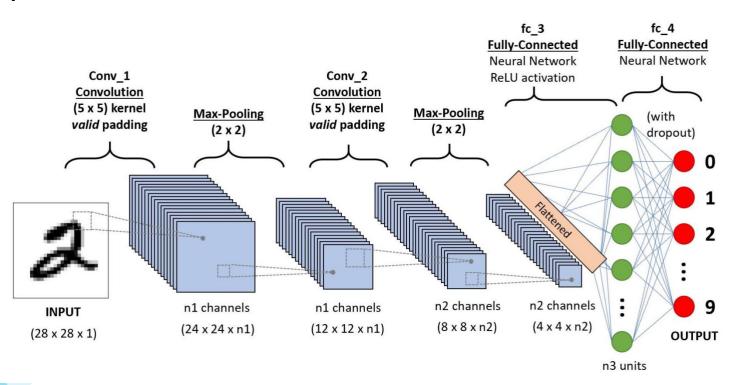


$$f(x) = \mathbf{a}_{n}x^{n} + \mathbf{a}_{n-1}x^{n-1} + \dots + \mathbf{a}_{2}x^{2} + \mathbf{a}_{1}x + \mathbf{a}_{0}$$

Shridhar, K., Laumann, F., & Liwicki, M. (2019). A comprehensive guide to bayesian convolutional neural network with variational inference. arXiv preprint arXiv:1901.02731.



Deep convolutional neural network



$$f(x) = \mathbf{a}_{n}x^{n} + \mathbf{a}_{n-1}x^{n-1} + \dots + \mathbf{a}_{2}x^{2} + \mathbf{a}_{1}x + \mathbf{a}_{0}$$

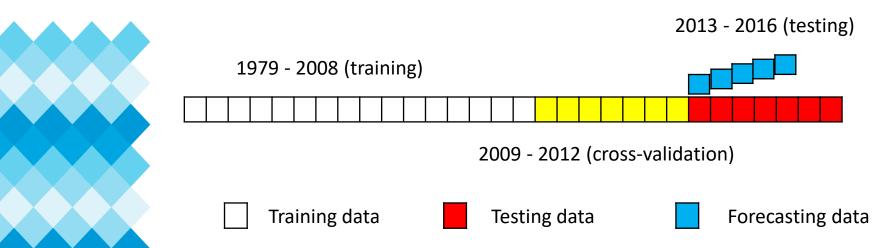
Source: Towards Data Science



Sea ice forecast with deep neural networks

- Operational sea ice forecast in the Barents Sea
- Extended range sea ice forecast (weekly to sub-monthly)
- Lead time dependent sea ice forecast
- ERA-Interim and ORAS4 (SIC, T2M, SLP, Z850, SFlux, OHC...)







Sea ice forecast with deep neural networks

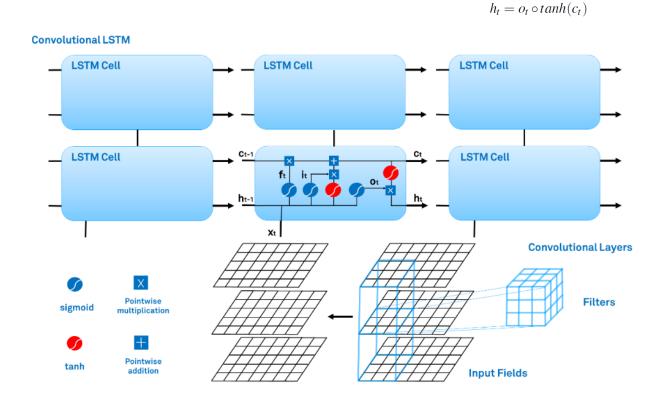
- Convolutional Long-Short Term Memory Networks (ConvLSTM)
- Spatial temporal sequence forecasting

$$i_{t} = \sigma(W_{xi}x_{t} + W_{hi}h_{t-1} + W_{ci} \circ c_{t-1} + b_{i})$$

$$f_{t} = \sigma(W_{xf}x_{t} + W_{hf}h_{t-1} + W_{cf} \circ c_{t-1} + b_{f})$$

$$c_{t} = f_{t} \circ c_{t-1} + i_{t} \circ tanh(W_{xc}x_{t} + W_{hc}h_{t-1} + b_{c})$$

$$o_{t} = \sigma(W_{xo}x_{t} + W_{ho}h_{t-1} + W_{ct} \circ c_{t} + b_{o})$$

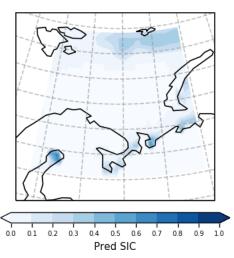


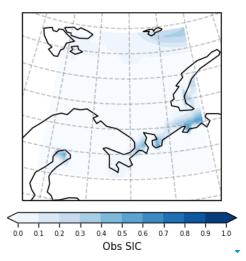
Science center

Deterministic weather forecast with ConvLSTM

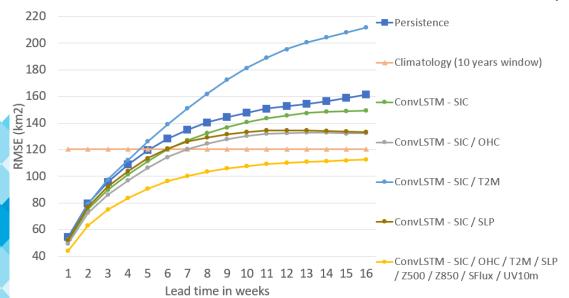
Liu, Y., Bogaardt, L., Attema, J., & Hazeleger, W. (2021). Extended-Range Arctic Sea Ice Forecast with Convolutional Long Short-Term Memory Networks. Monthly Weather Review, 149(6), 1673-1693.

ConvLSTM SIC prediction year year 2013 month 1 week 1





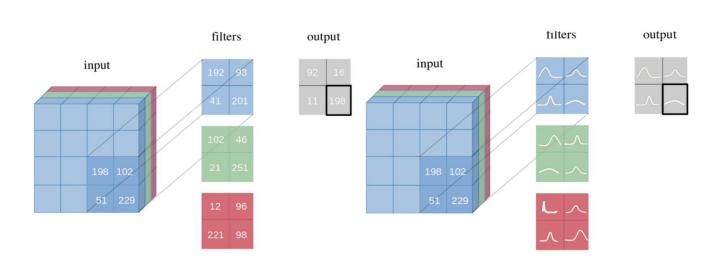
Sea ice forecast of ConvLSTM (left) with SIC and OHC (lead week 1) and observation (right)



RMSE of sea ice forecast by ConvLSTM and persistence



Shridhar, K., Laumann, F., & Liwicki, M. (2018). Uncertainty Estimations by Softplus normalization in Bayesian Convolutional Neural Networks with Variational Inference. arXiv preprint arXiv:1806.05978.



Deterministic neural network v.s. probabilistic neural network

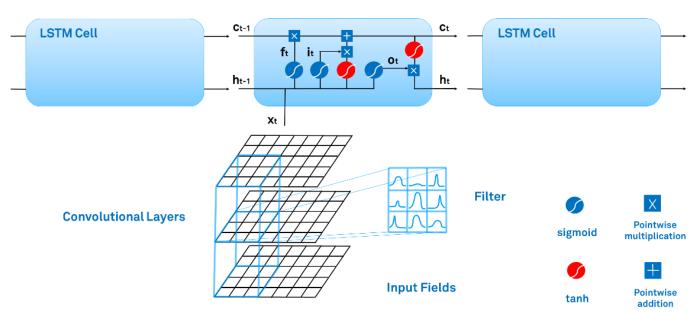
Weather forecasting with probabilistic deep learning

Address uncertainties with Bayesian deep learning









Weather forecasting with probabilistic deep learning

- Address uncertainties with Bayesian deep learning
- Bayesian Convolutional Long-Short Term Memory Networks (BayesConvLSTM)



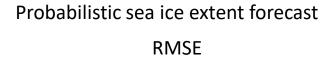
Weather forecasting with probabilistic deep learning

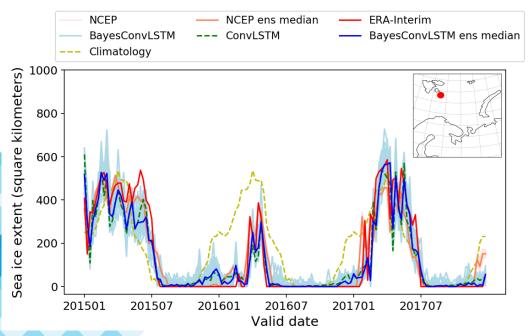
- Lead time dependent sea ice forecasts in the Barents sea

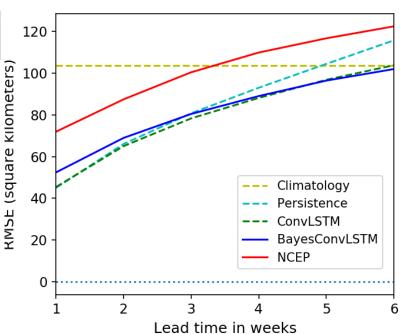


Probabilistic sea ice forecast at 76.75E and 25.5N

lead week 1



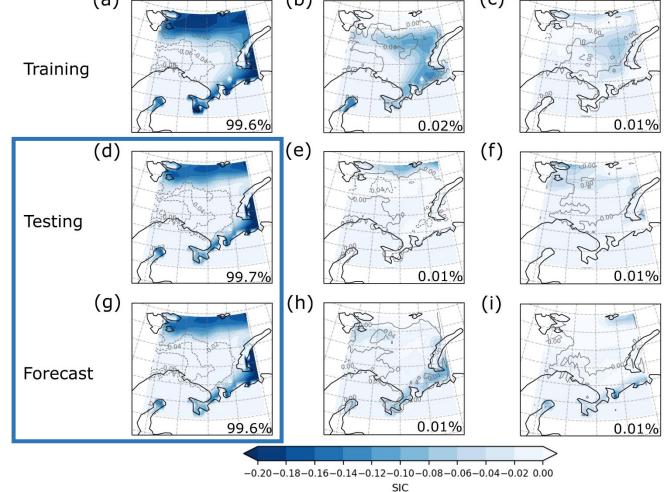






1st mode 2nd mode 3rd mode (c) (a) (b) **Training** 99.6% 0.02% 0.01% (d) (e) (f)

Covariance map of SIC and OHC for the 1st, 2nd and 3rd SVD modes



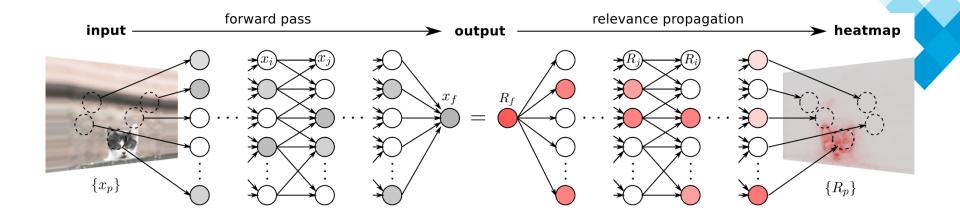
Forecasting with deep neural networks

Shades: dimensionless SIC Contour: dimensionless OHC.

- Physical/domain knowledge is essential!
- Try to understand your black-box through diagnostics



Black box -> Glass box : Explainable AI (XAI)





Arrieta, A. B., Díaz-Rodríguez, N., Del Ser, J., Bennetot, A., Tabik, S., Barbado, A., ... & Herrera, F. (2020). Explainable Artificial Intelligence (XAI): Concepts, taxonomies, opportunities and challenges toward responsible AI. Information Fusion, 58, 82-115.





Bring home message

 Combine domain knowledge with deep learning and make the black-box transparent







Thanks for your attention!

Questions?

