

A novel approach for mapping material stocks of buildings and infrastructure from remote-sensing data



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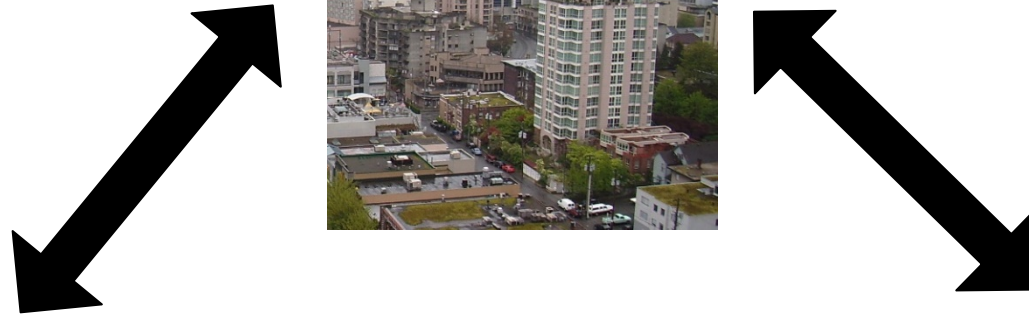


Understanding the Role of Material Stock Patterns for the Transformation to a Sustainable Society: The Stock-Flow-Service Nexus

Stocks Buildings, infra-structures, machinery



Sustainability Transformations require a re-configuration of the stock-flow-service nexuses to achieve higher wellbeing for all, at much lower levels of resource use and emissions



Flows
Energy,
materials,
Waste,
emissions



Services
Contributions
to social well-
being

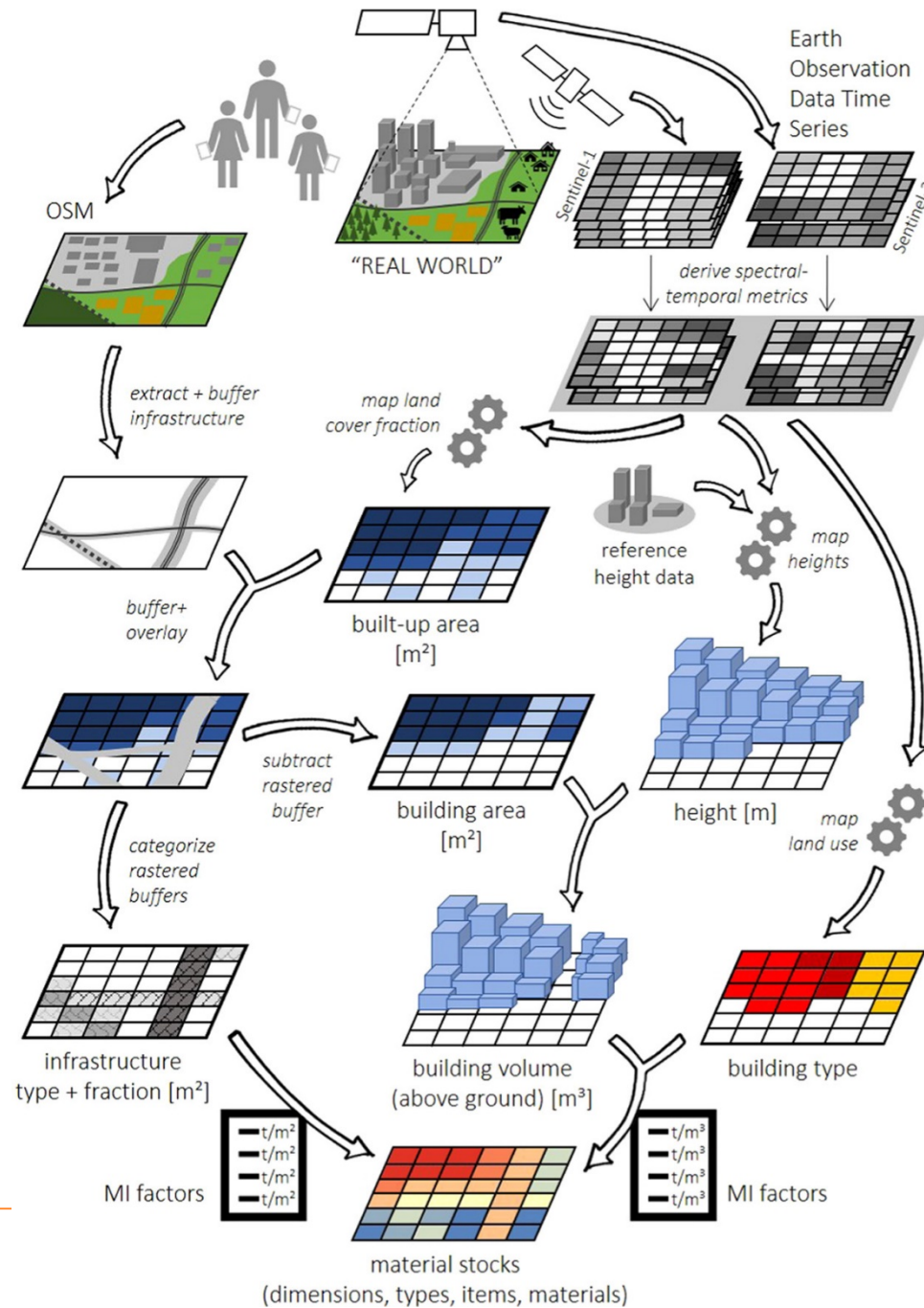
Mapping material stocks

- Spatial patterns of material stocks are a key factor for the material & energy flows required to provide services
- Spatial patterns of stocks key for issues such as urbanization, spatial planning, secondary resource management and urban mining, etc
- Mapping material stock distribution requires an encompassing knowledge of built environments: infrastructures, buildings, building types, building area and height.
- Highly detailed cadastral data and official 3D-city models are an ideal source. However, data is not available everywhere, acquisition can be difficult and expensive.
- Night-Time Lights are widely used to map various socio-economic issues as well as material stocks. However, they are usually spatially quite aggregated



Workflow of our novel method for mapping material stocks, using ..

- Earth Observation Data from newest generation satellites
- Crowd-sourced data from OpenStreet Maps
- Material intensities by stock types









Data

We use freely available Copernicus Sentinel-2 optical, Sentinel-1 radar and OpenStreetMap data to map material stocks.

| | Sentinel-2 | Sentinel-1 | OpenStreetMap |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | | |
| Data availability | free of charge | free of charge | free of charge |
| Data type | Optical, satellite | SAR, satellite | Vector, crowd-sourced |
| Information | ...about surface materials | ...about surface roughness | ...about specific land use features |
| Temporal resolution | 1 image every 5 - 10 days since 2017 | 1 Image every 1-3 days since ~ 2014 | Single date (unclear) |
| Spatial resolution | 10m / 20m | 10m | - |
| Spectral resolution | 10 (13) spectral bands | VV + VH polarization (2 bands) | - |

Identifying types of stocks and developing appropriate material intensities



Identifying built-up area and stock types

- Subpixel shares of built-up area identified via machine-learning based regression approach (Okujeni et al. 2017; Frantz 2019; Schug et al. 2020), trained and validated by manually labelled reference data for 160 sites (~36,000 samples)
- Support vector regression model used to estimate building heights from combined Earth Observation data, trained on several highly accurate open-source 3D building models available in Germany (Frantz et al. 2021)
- Classification of building types based on morphological metrics from Earth Observation satellite data used for a random forest classifier; 1604 training samples were manually collected (Frantz 2019; Schug et al. in review)

Developing appropriate and representative material intensities: tons per m³ and per m²

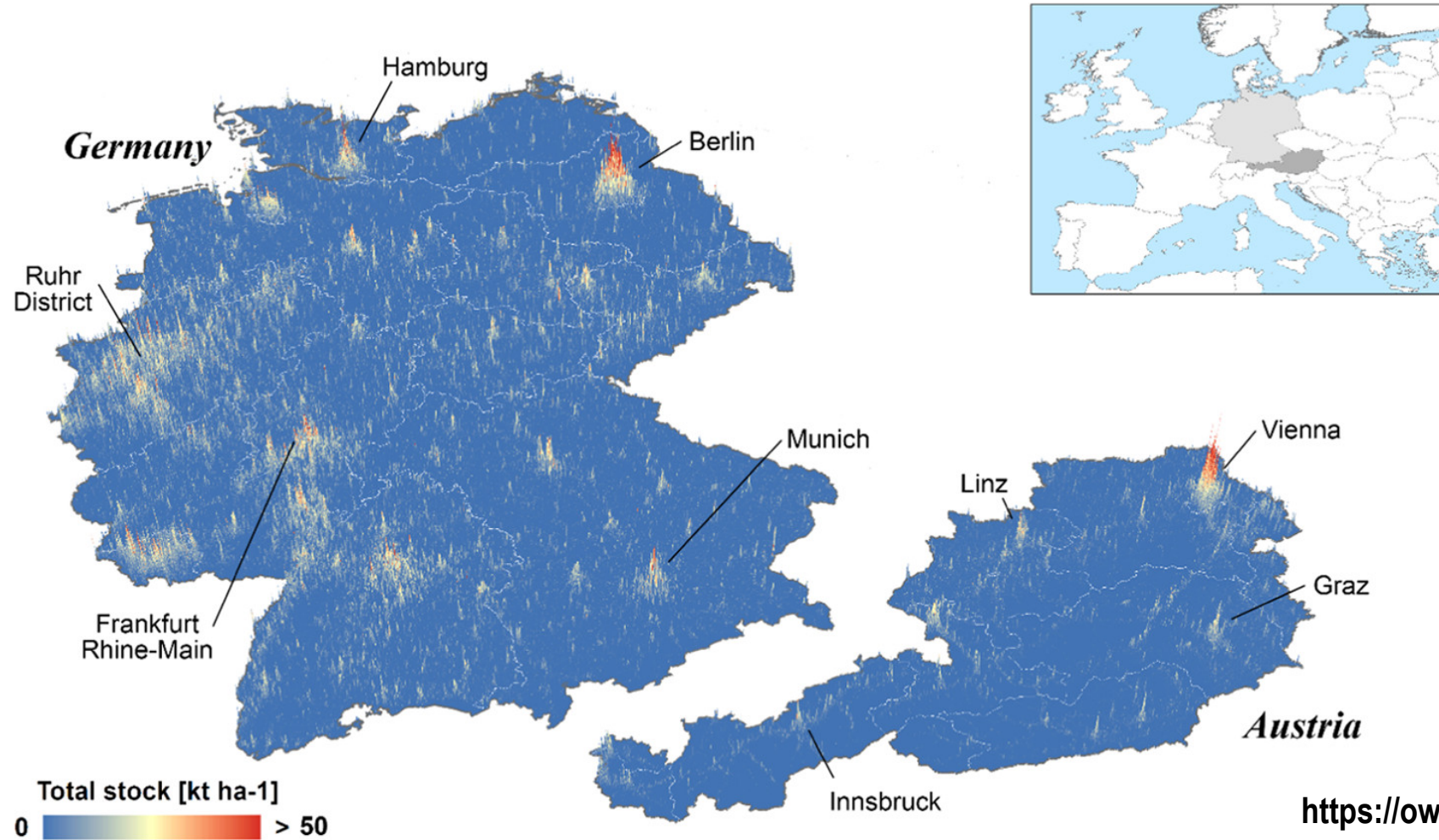
- 5 building types, 21 infrastructure types, 13 materials
- Developed with national experts and from the literature



A novel high resolution map of material stocks in Germany & Austria



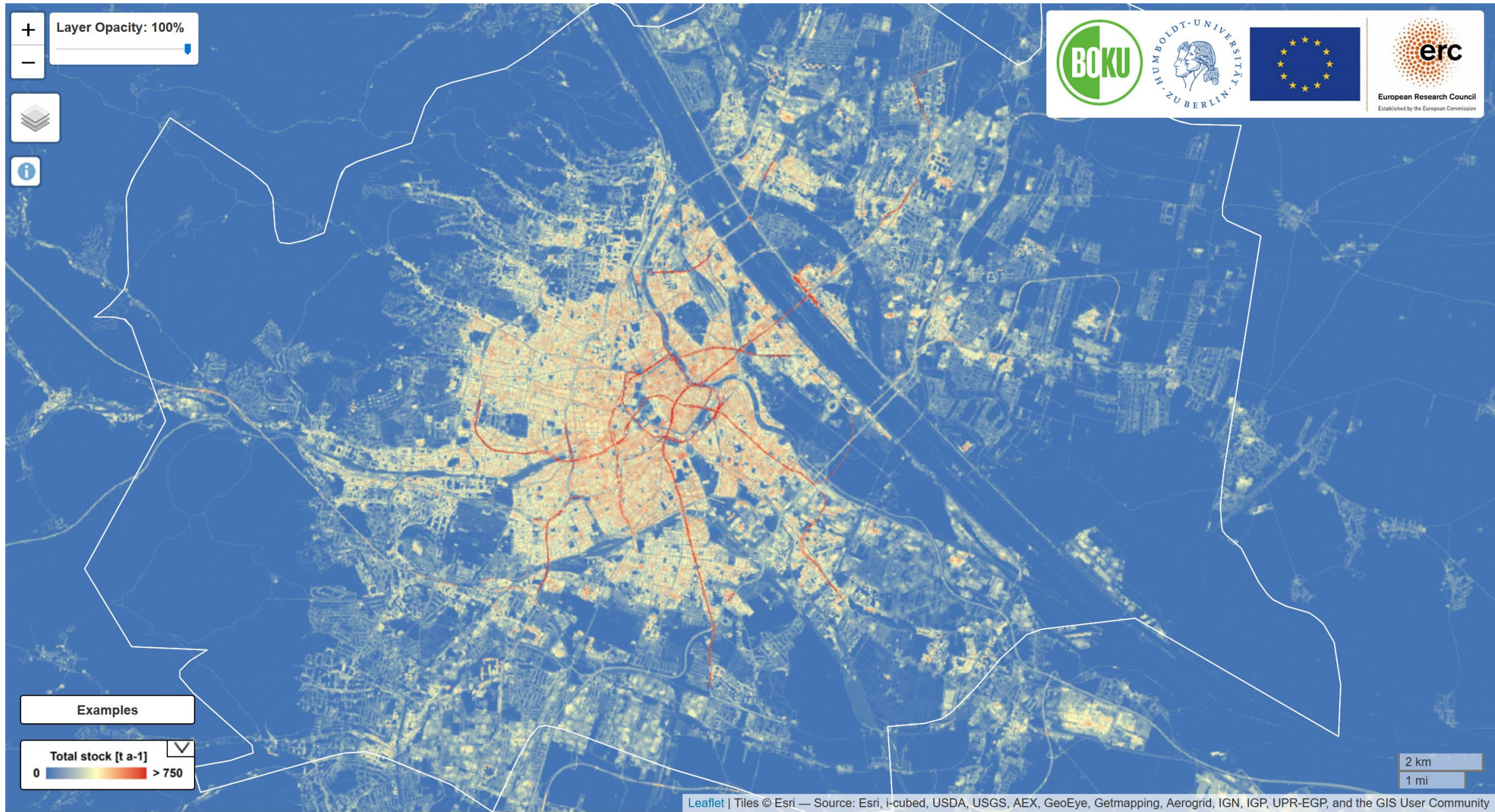
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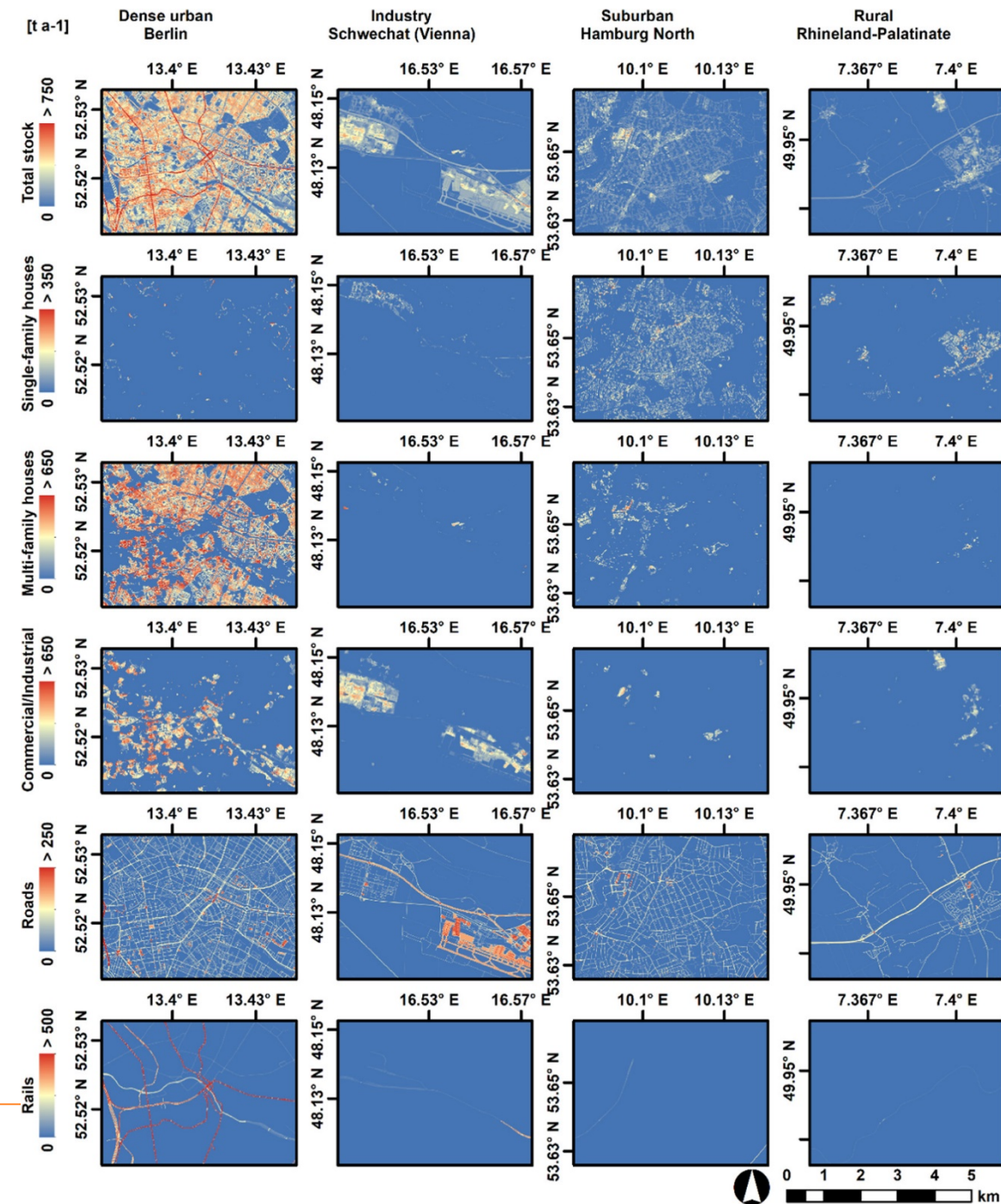
   
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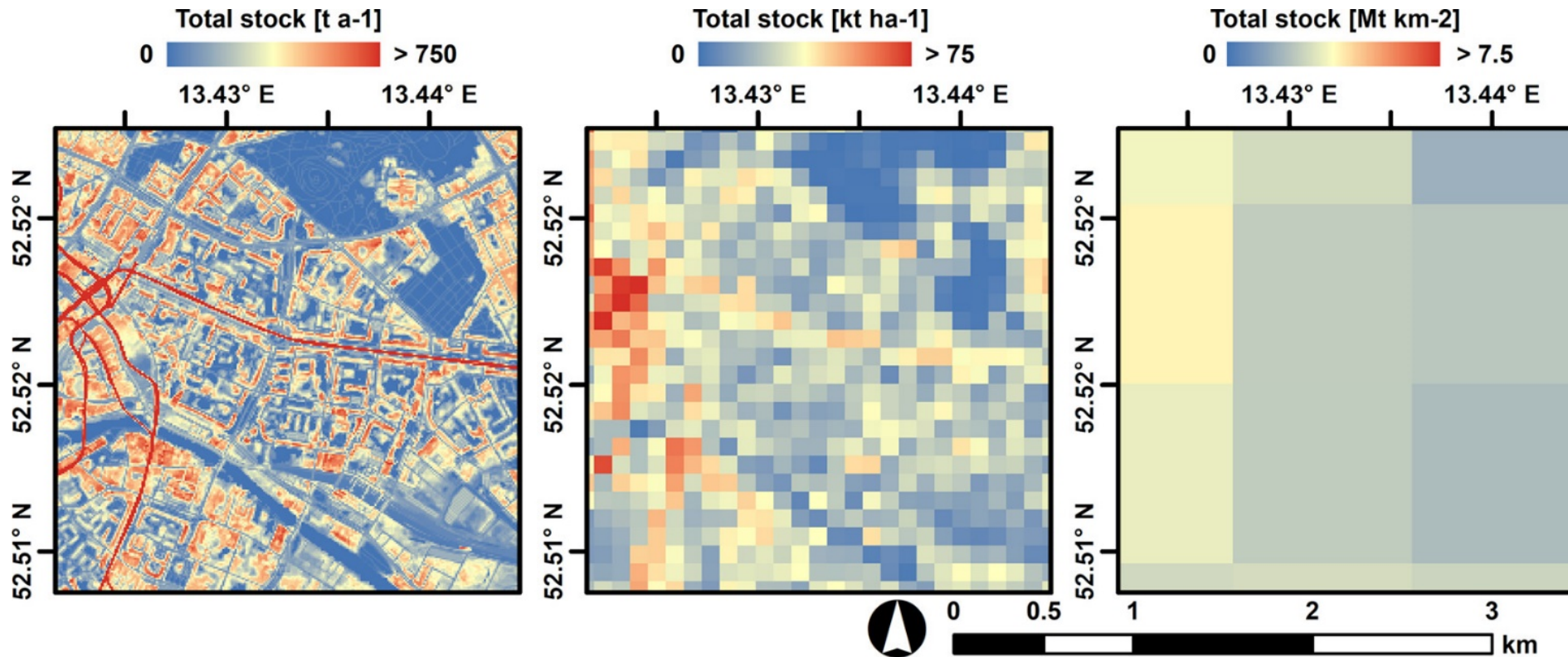
<https://ows.geo.hu-berlin.de/webviewer/stocks/>

Topical resolution of stock maps

- 5 building types
- 21 infrastructure types
- 13 materials



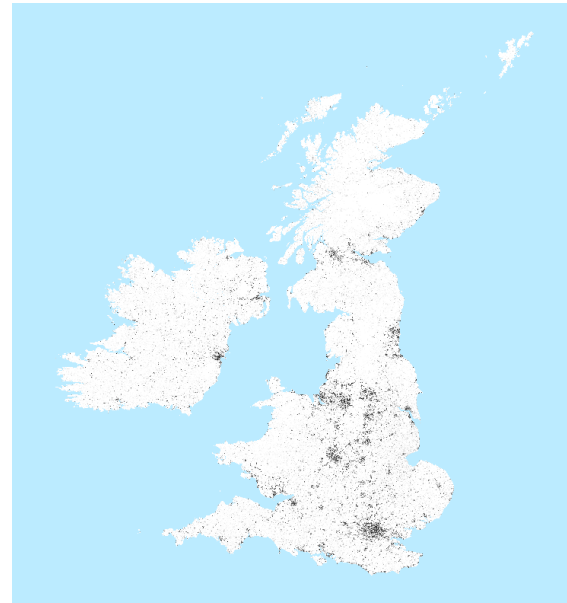
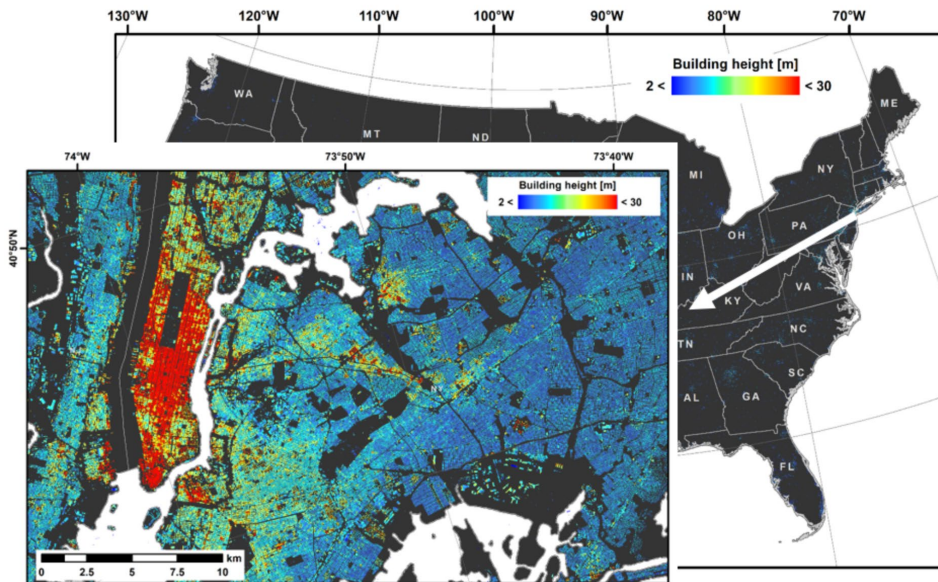
Novel high-resolution versus usual spatial aggregations from 10m to 100m to 1km



Next steps – mapping more countries and refining the method



- In progress: mapping USA, UK & Uganda
- Each country has specific challenges, enabling further refining the method



Conclusions



- Intensive but rewarding interdisciplinary collaboration required to bridge Remote Sensing and Industrial Ecology
- Novel high-resolution mapping method yields comprehensive maps for material stocks of buildings and infrastructures, including infos on dimensions, types, items, materials
- Over-estimations possible, however other methods also have their limitations
- Method can be applied on very large scales, using freely available Earth Observation and crowd-sourced data (OSM)
- Required training data and necessary detailed information for material intensities is a limitation
- Application to other countries will help refine this novel method





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Project and more results:

[Matstocks.boku.ac.at](https://matstocks.boku.ac.at)

<https://ows.geo.hu-berlin.de/webviewer/stocks/>



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