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UNDERSTANDING DEEP ATLANTIC ECOSYSTEMS



A trans-Atlantic assessment and deep-water ecosystem-based spatial management plan for Europe

ATLAS Science Policy Panel
European Parliament
23 March 2017



FINANCIAL CRISIS OF 2008



Dow Jones Industrial Average
Jan 2006 - Nov 2008



World-Crisis.net

Weekend Journal: Dancing on Geby's Rooftops

THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 2008 • VOL. CCLXII NO. 48

U.S. Drafts Sweeping Plan to Fight Crisis As Turmoil Worsens in Credit Markets

Philon Briefs Congress on Idea to Buy Bad Assets From Banks, Insure Money-Market Funds; Stocks Rebound Sharply

SEC Is Set To Issue Temporary Ban Against Short Selling

What's News—
Business/Finance World Wide

Street Scenes: The Players Remaking Financial World



BLUE GROWTH

71%
of the Earth surface
is **WATER**

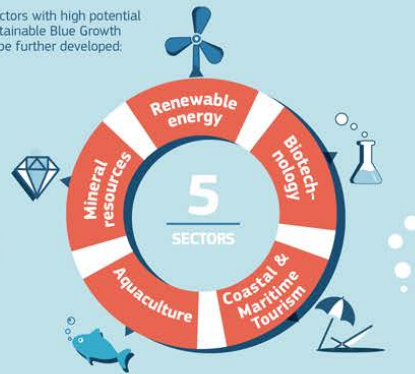
Why?

Blue Growth is the European Commission's initiative to further harness the potential of Europe's oceans, seas and coasts for:



Focus Area

Five sectors with high potential for sustainable Blue Growth are to be further developed.



other **sectors of the blue economy** crucial for value & jobs

**Shipbuilding
& Ship repair**

Transport
(cargo & ferry)

Fisheries

Offshore oil & gas





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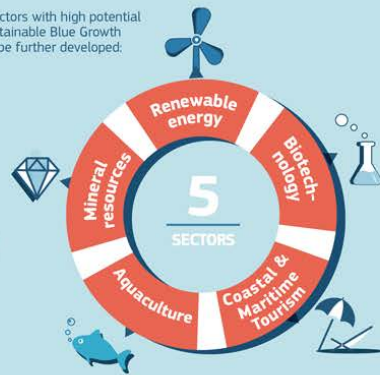
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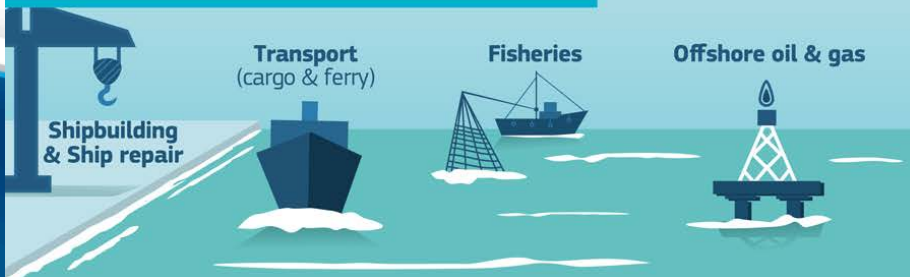


Focus Area

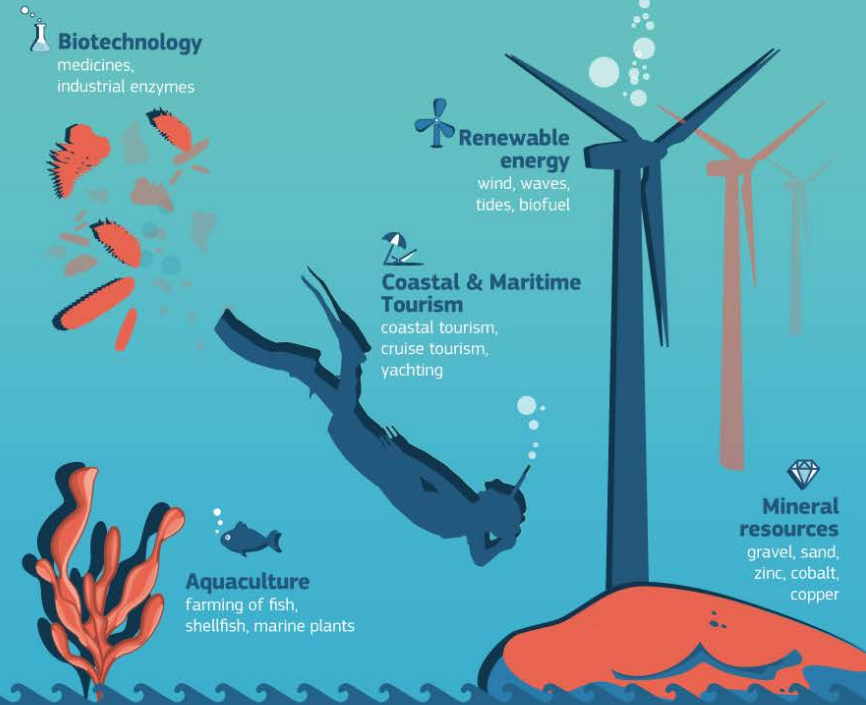
Five sectors with high potential for sustainable Blue Growth are to be further developed.



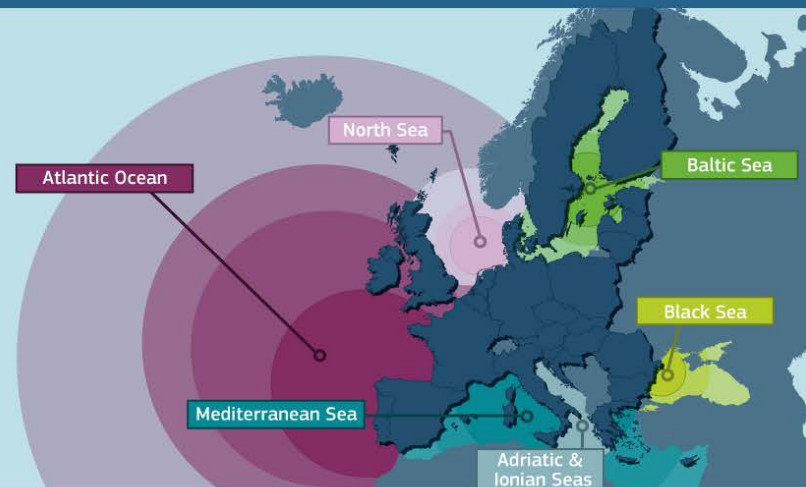
other **sectors of the blue economy** crucial for value & jobs



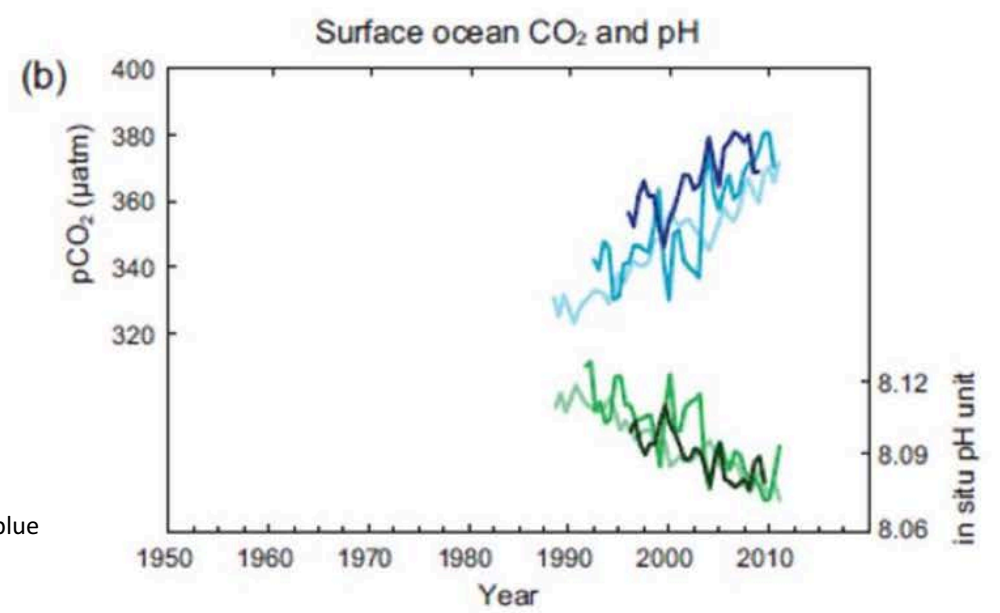
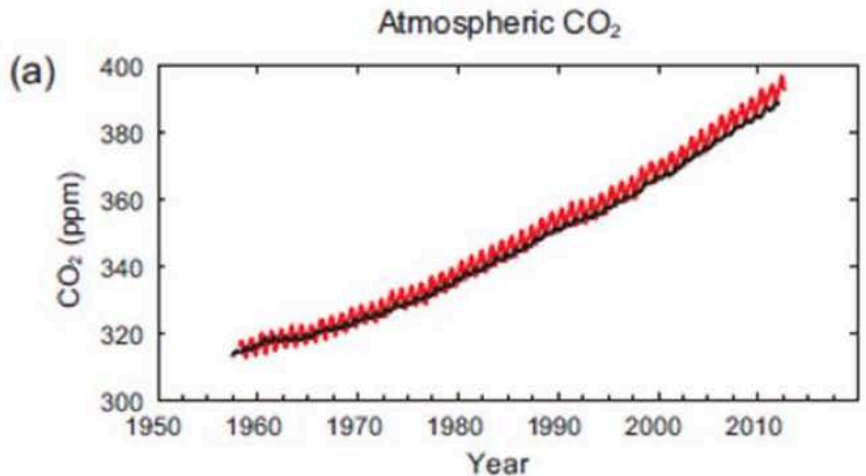
The 5 Blue Growth sectors



Map of Sea Basins



The Blue Economy by sea basin and by country shown in jobs and value



(a) atmospheric concentrations of CO₂ from Mauna Loa (red) and South Pole (black) since 1958; (b) partial pressure of dissolved CO₂ at the ocean surface (blue curves) and in situ pH (green curves). IPCC (2013)





At a Glance

A trans-Atlantic assessment and deep-water ecosystem-based spatial management plan for Europe

Call: EU Horizon 2020: BG-2015-2
(Unlocking the potential of seas and oceans)

Duration: May 2016 – April 2020 (48m)

Consortium: 24 partners +1 linked 3rd party, from 12 countries

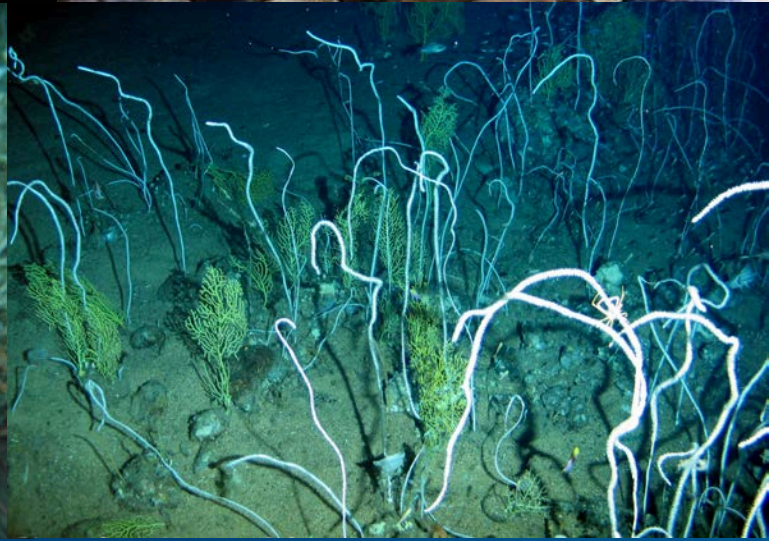
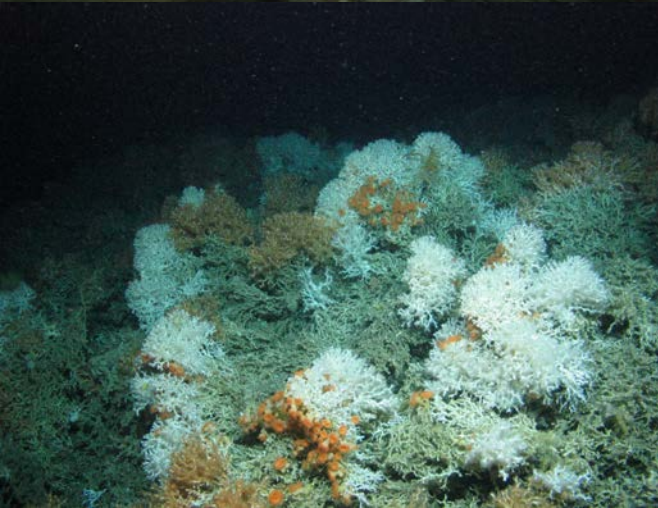
Budget: €9.3M

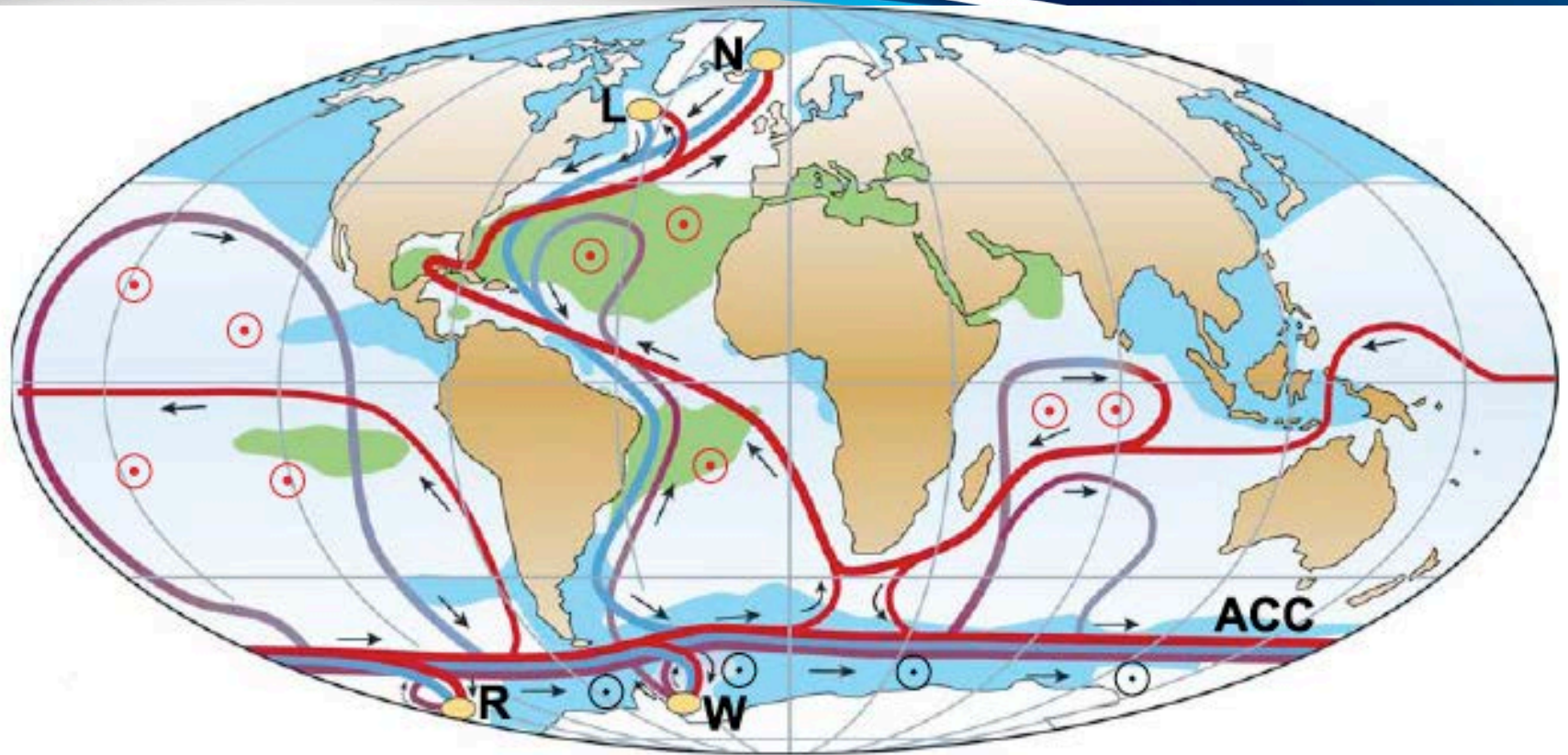
Coordinator: University of Edinburgh (UK)

Focus: Providing essential new knowledge of North Atlantic ecosystems through data gathering and synthesis

Impact: Discoveries and outputs will inform and facilitate stakeholder agreement on marine policy and regulation and spur Blue Growth

Core activities: 25+ research cruises investigating 12 case studies across the Atlantic





- Surface flow
- Deep flow
- Bottom flow
- Deep Water Formation

- ⊙ Wind-driven upwelling
- ⊙ Mixing-driven upwelling
- Salinity > 36 ‰
- Salinity < 34 ‰

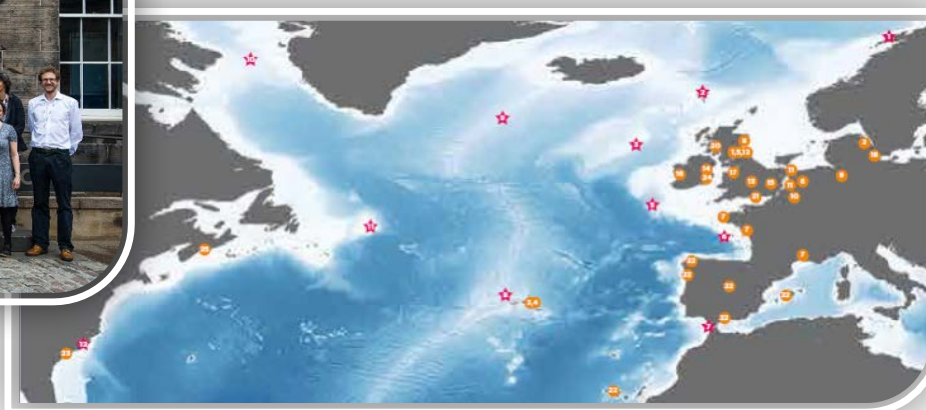
- L** Labrador Sea
- N** Nordic Seas
- W** Weddell Sea
- R** Ross Sea



Trans-Atlantic Collaboration



ATLAS kick-off meeting Edinburgh (June 2016)



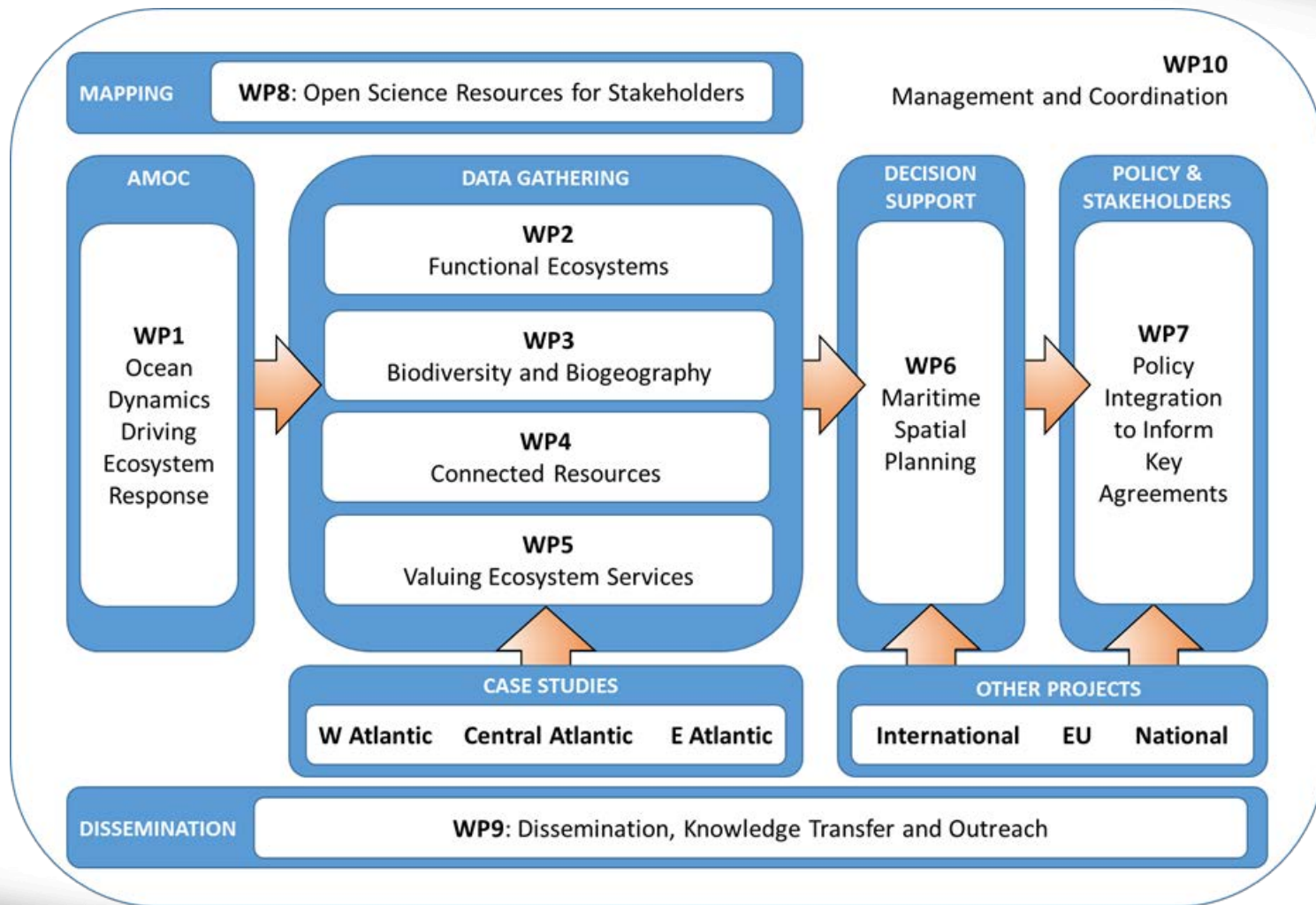
★ Case studies ● Project Partners

- | | | | |
|--|---|--|---|
| 1 University of Edinburgh (UEDIN) | 5 British Geological Survey (BGS/NERC) | 11 NIOZ Koninklijk Nederlands Instituut voor Onderzoek der Zee (NIOZ) | 19 UiT The Arctic University of Norway (UiT) |
| 2 Aarhus Universitet (AU) | 6 Gianni Consultancy (GC) | 12 Dynamic Earth (DE) | 20 Scottish Association for Marine Science (SAMS) |
| 3 IMAR - Instituto do Mar (IMAR -Uaz) | 7 Institut Francais de Recherche pour L'Exploitation de la Mer (Ifremer) | 13 University of Oxford (UOX) | 21 Seascope Consultants (SC) |
| 4 Secretária Regional do Mar, Ciência e Tecnologia (DRAM) | 8 Marine Scotland (MSS) | 14 University College Dublin (UCD) | 22 Instituto Español de Oceanografía (IEO) |
| | 9 Universitaet Bremen (UniHB) | 15 University College London (UCL) | 23 University of North Carolina at Wilmington (UNCW) |
| | 10 Iodine (Iodine) | 16 National University of Ireland, Galway (NUIG) | 24 AquaTT UETP Ltd (AquaTT) |
| | | 17 University of Liverpool (ULIV) | 25 Fisheries and Oceans Canada (DFO) |
| | | 18 Syddansk Universitet (USD) | |



Objectives

- **Advance** our understanding of deep Atlantic marine ecosystems and populations
- **Improve** our capacity to monitor, model and predict shifts in deep-water ecosystems and populations
- **Transform** new data, tools and understanding into effective ocean governance
- **Scenario-test** and develop science-led, cost-effective adaptive management strategies that stimulate Blue Growth



Steering Committee



Stuart Cunningham
WP1, SAMS



Dick van Oevelen
WP2, NIOZ



Telmo Morato
WP3, IMAR-UAz



Sophie Arnaud-Haond
WP4, Ifremer



Claire Armstrong
WP5, UiT



Anthony Grehan
WP6, NUIG



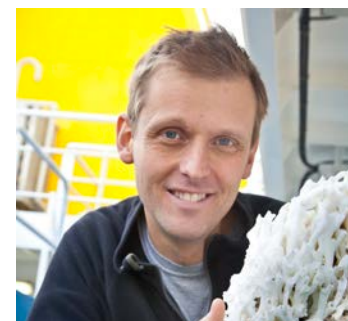
David Johnson
WP7, SC



Stéphane Pesant
WP8, UniHB



David Murphy
WP9, AquaTT



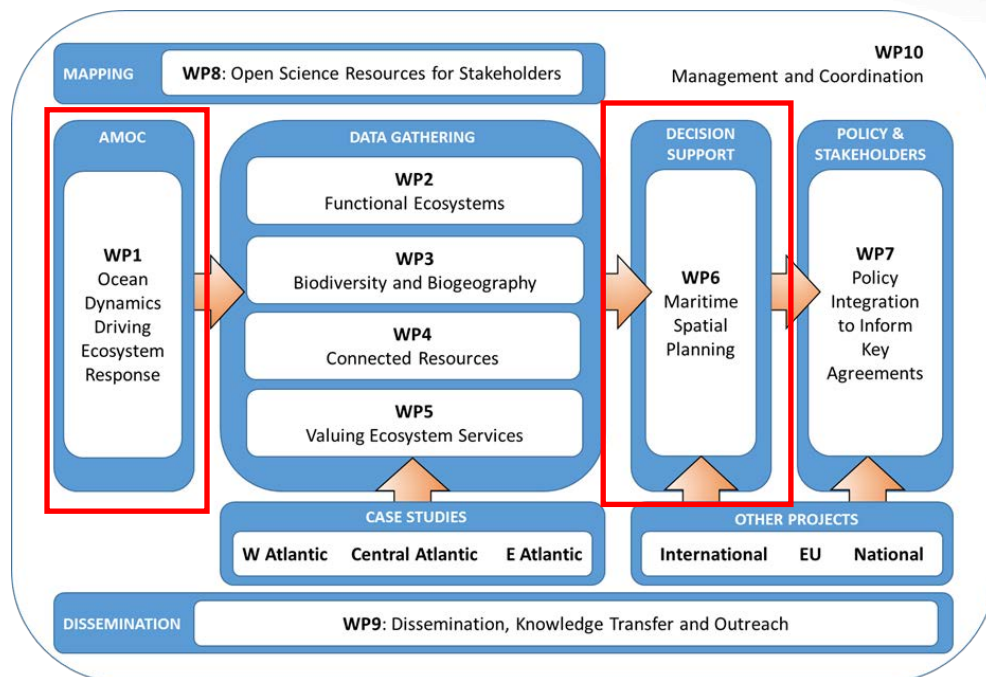
J Murray Roberts
WP10, UEDIN



Workpackages

WP Leaders:

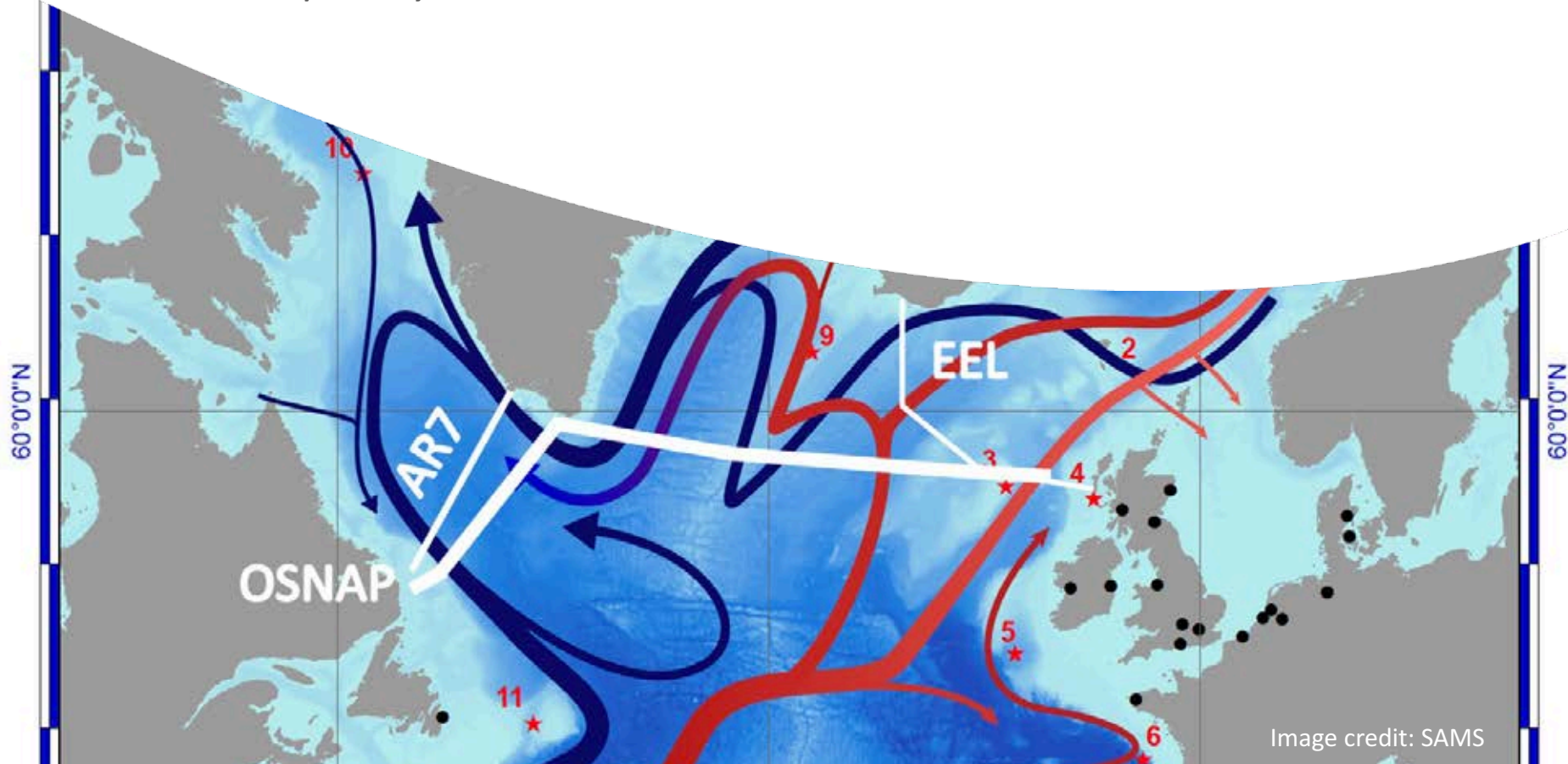
- WP1:** Scottish Association for Marine Science
- WP2:** Royal Netherlands Institute for Sea Research
- WP3:** IMAR-University of the Azores
- WP4:** French Research Institute for Exploration of the Sea
- WP5:** UIT The Arctic University of Norway
- WP6:** National University of Ireland, Galway
- WP7:** Seascope Consultants
- WP8:** University of Bremen
- WP9:** AquaTT
- WP10:** University of Edinburgh



WP1 : Ocean Dynamics Driving Ecosystem Response



“The capacity to monitor and understand living resources in the North Atlantic and unlock their Blue Growth potential must start with synchronised trans-Atlantic measurements of energy and element transport by the AMOC.”



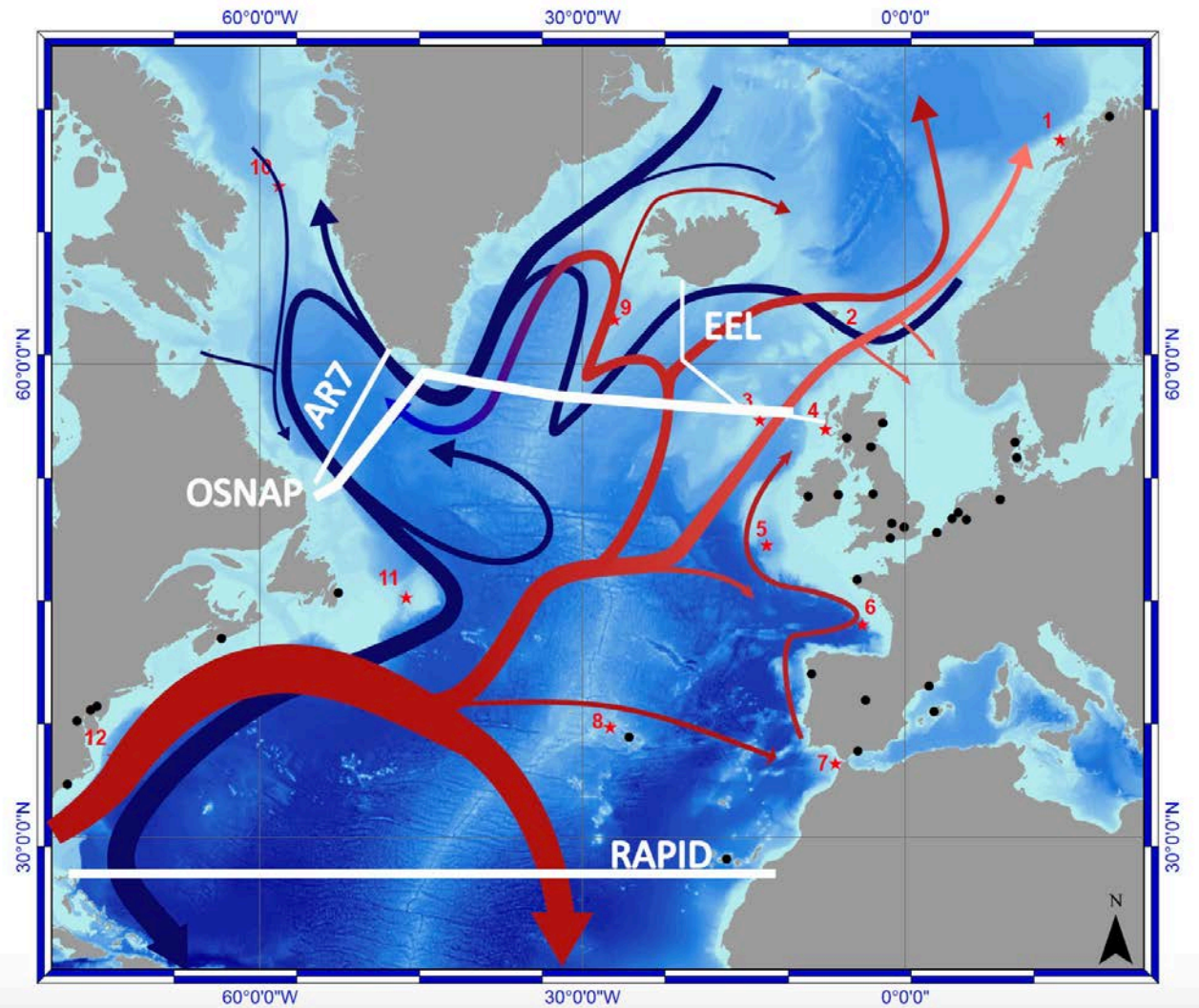


Atlantic Meridional Overturning Circulation

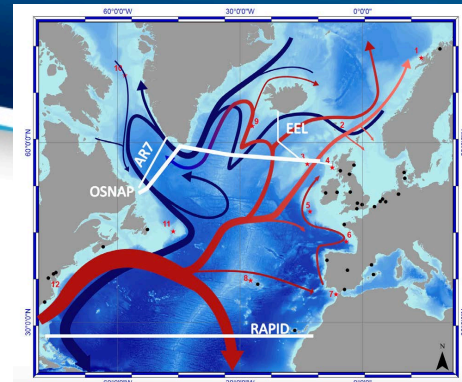
- Transports warm, salty water from equator to sub-polar
- Mediates 25% global heat transport
- Intense air-sea interaction liberates heat to Europe and lead to high ocean C concentration in sub-polar N Atlantic
- Climate models forecast a 25% AMOC slowing by end 21st century BUT natural variability (Atlantic Multi-decadal Oscillation, AMO) produces larger variability signals
- AMO influences ecosystems & fisheries
- *What are implications of AMO and long-term AMOC change to deep-water Atlantic ecosystems?*



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WP1 Summary



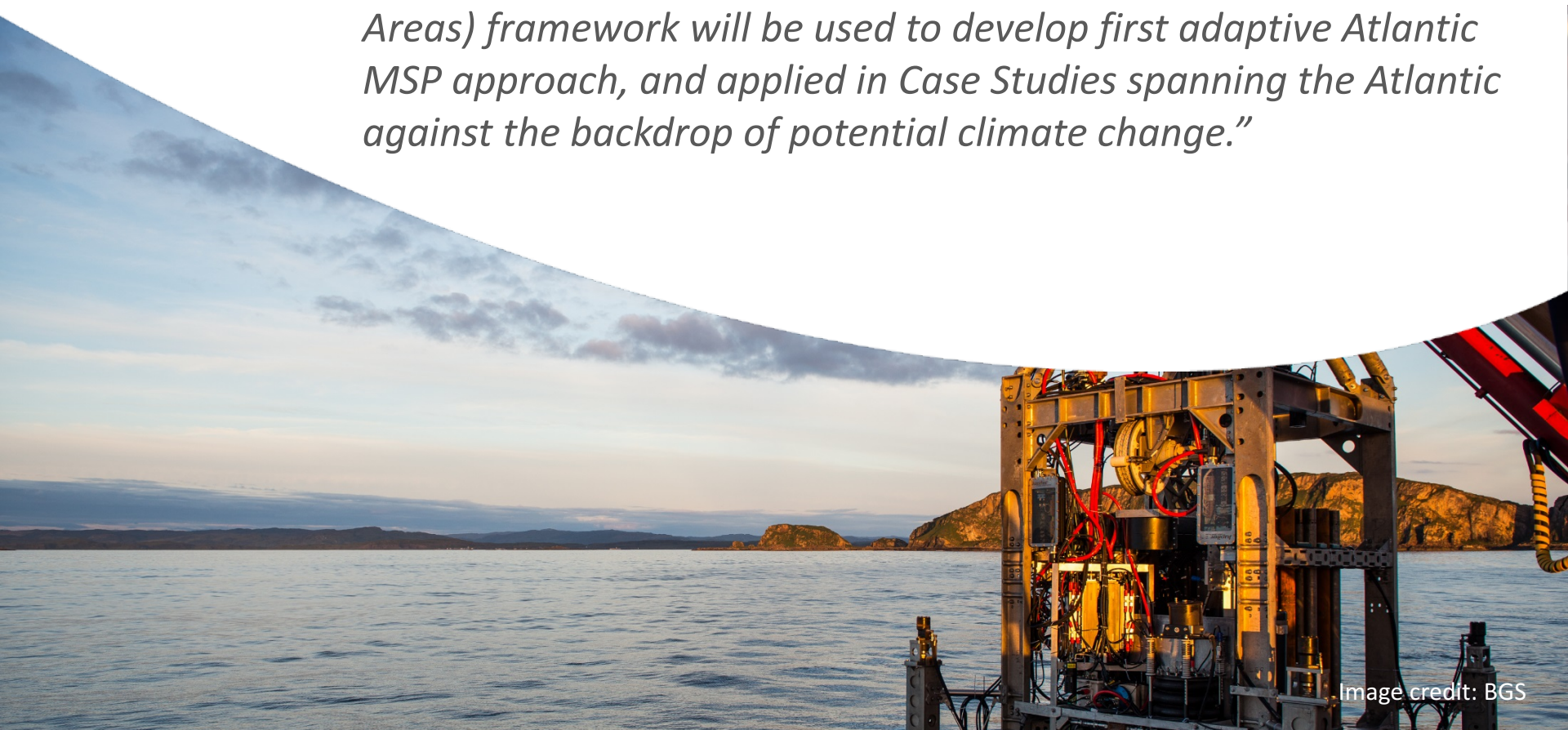
1. Derive co-variability circulation & biogeochemical fluxes on monthly to inter-annual timescales by adding biogeochemical sensors to OSNAP array
2. Assess environmental tipping points driving deep coral extinction events by aligning with palaeo-proxies for past circulation strength, bottom water ventilation & food supply
3. Map ocean transport pathways using basin-scale eddy-resolving VIKING20 model with water-mass and larval tracking

WP6: Maritime Spatial Planning



“Fully integrated spatial planning products built on basin and regional scales are needed to allow stakeholders to explore, and respond to, alternate scenarios of ocean dynamics and cross-sectoral Blue Growth.

The MESMA (Monitoring and Evaluation of Spatially Managed Areas) framework will be used to develop first adaptive Atlantic MSP approach, and applied in Case Studies spanning the Atlantic against the backdrop of potential climate change.”





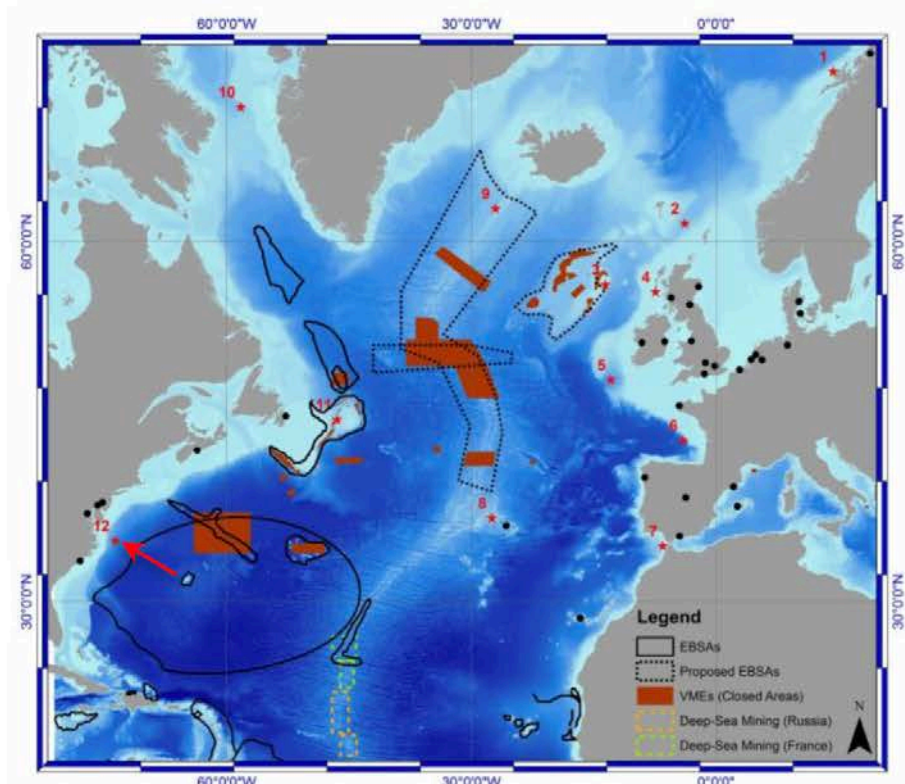
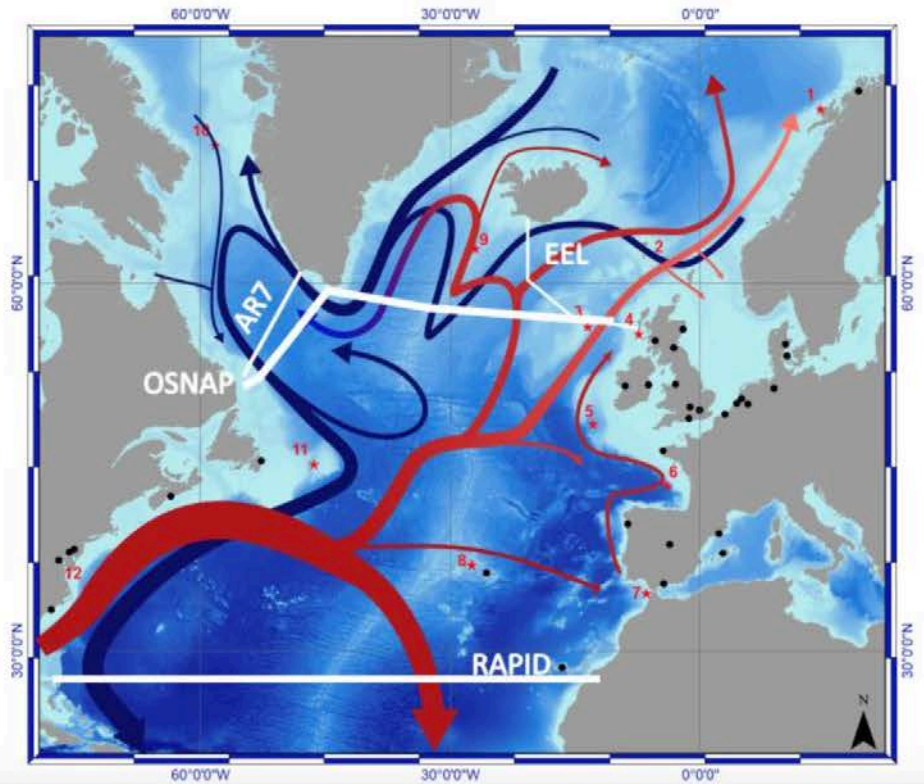
ATLAS Case Studies

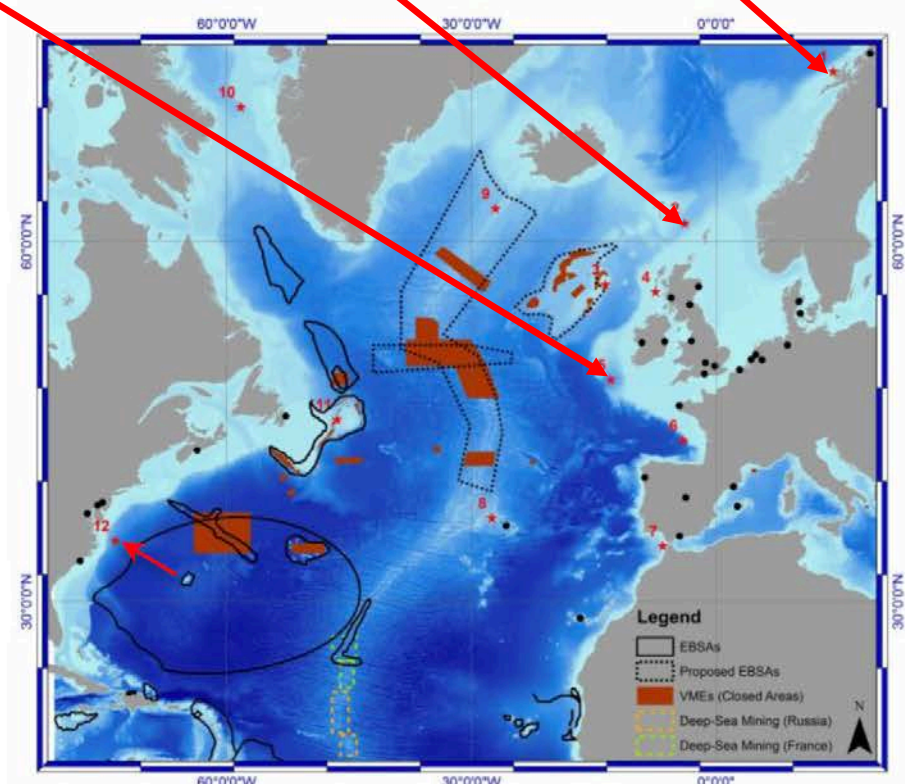
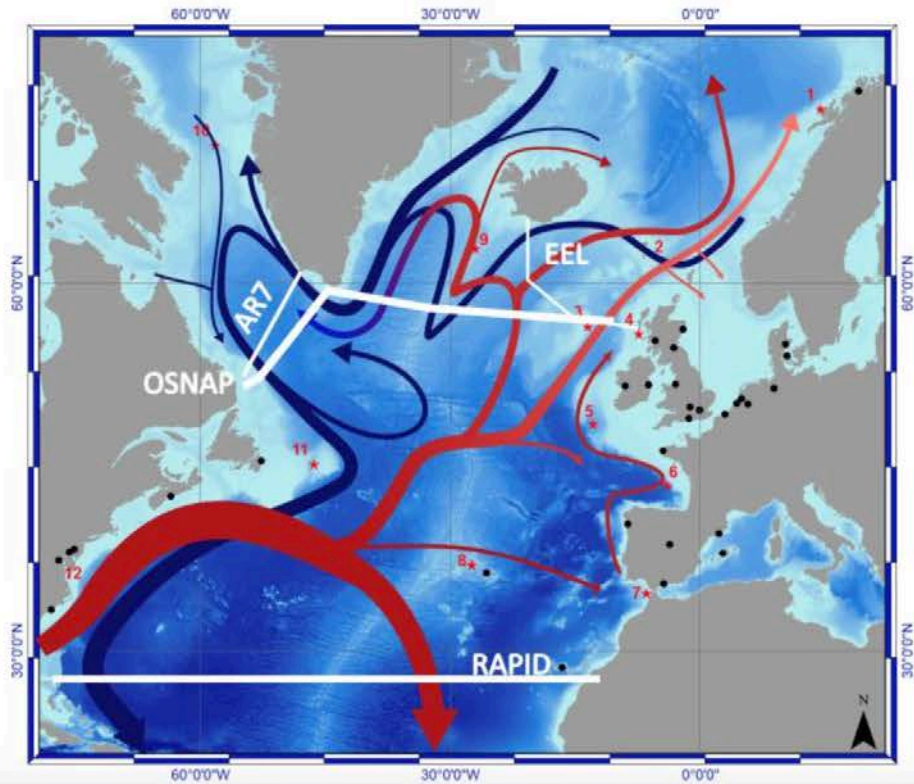
12 Case Studies that follow the major Atlantic current patterns.

- Selected on basis of: proximity to Blue Growth activities, presence of focal ecosystems, availability of existing data/samples and opportunities for offshore cruises during the ATLAS project.
- Case Studies cross-cut the project and give the biogeographic, regulatory and jurisdictional range needed to meet ATLAS's objectives.



Lea-Anne Henry
 Case Study co-ordinator
 Chancellor's Fellow, University of Edinburgh





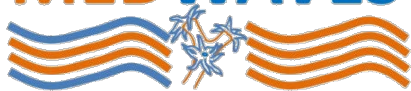
Case Study	Focus Ecosystems (CWC, cold-water coral)	Current and BG Sectors*	Lead & collaborators
1. LoVe Observatory (Norway)	CWC reefs, sponges	F, OG, T	<u>Statoil</u> , NIOZ, UEDIN
2. West of Shetland and W Scotland slope (UK)	Sponge grounds	B, F, OG	<u>UEDIN</u> , BP, OGUK, MSS
3. Rockall Bank (UK & Ireland)**	CWC reefs, coral gardens, carbonate mounds, sponge grounds, cold seeps	B, F, OG	<u>MSS</u> , IEO, OXU
4. Mingulay Reef Complex (UK)	CWC reefs	F, T	<u>UEDIN</u> , MSS
5. Porcupine Seabight (Ireland)	CWC reefs, coral gardens, carbonate mounds, sponge grounds	B, F, OG	<u>NUIG</u> , Woodside
6. Bay of Biscay (France)	CWC on slope and in canyon settings	B, F	<u>IFREMER</u>
7. Gulf of Cádiz/Strait of Gibraltar/Alborán Sea (Spain & Portugal)	CWC reefs, coral gardens, sponge grounds	B, F, OG	<u>IEO</u> , IFREMER, IMAR-UAz
8. Azores (Portugal)**	Hydrothermal vents, seamounts, coral gardens, sponge grounds	B, F, M	<u>IMAR-UAz</u> , IEO
9. Reykjanes Ridge (Iceland)**	Hydrothermal vents, CWC reefs, coral gardens, sponge grounds	B, F, M	<u>UCD</u>
10. S Davis Strait/Western Greenland/Labrador Sea (Canada)	CWC reefs, coral gardens, sponge grounds	B, F	<u>DFO</u>
11. Flemish Cap (Canada)**	Coral gardens, sponge grounds	B, F, OG	<u>IEO</u> , <u>DFO</u> , OXU, NAFO
12. SE USA (Bermuda transect)**	CWC reefs on slope and in canyon settings	B, F, M, OG	<u>UNCW</u> , AP-TU, NOAA

* Blue Growth sectors: **B**iototechnology; **F**isheries; **M**ining; **O**il & **G**as; **T**ourism; ** indicates data include ABNJ



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MEDWAVES



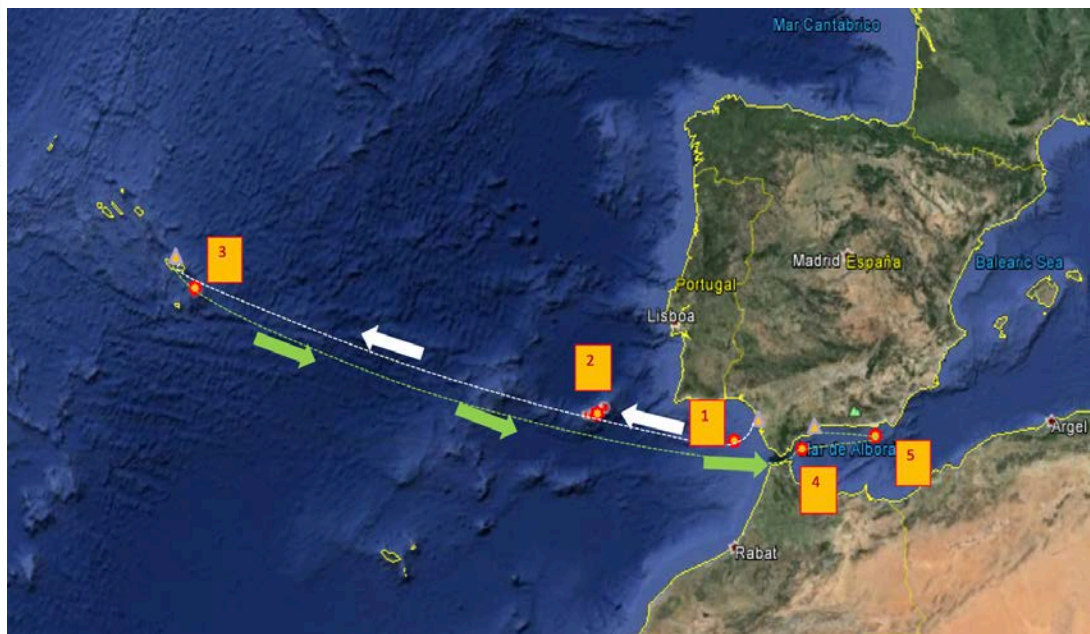
21th September 2016 – 26th October 2016 (36 days; one scale in Azores)
Research Vessel “Sarmiento de Gamboa” (CSIC)



RV Sarmiento de Gamboa (image: Joan Costa, CSIC)

- ROV “Liropus” Super Mohawk
- 2 CDT rosettes
- ADCP and EK-60
- Multibeam echosounder
- Sidescan sonar
- Box corer, Multicorer, van Veen grab

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Multidisciplinary Approach





Advisory Board



Jake Rice, DFO
Scientist Emeritus



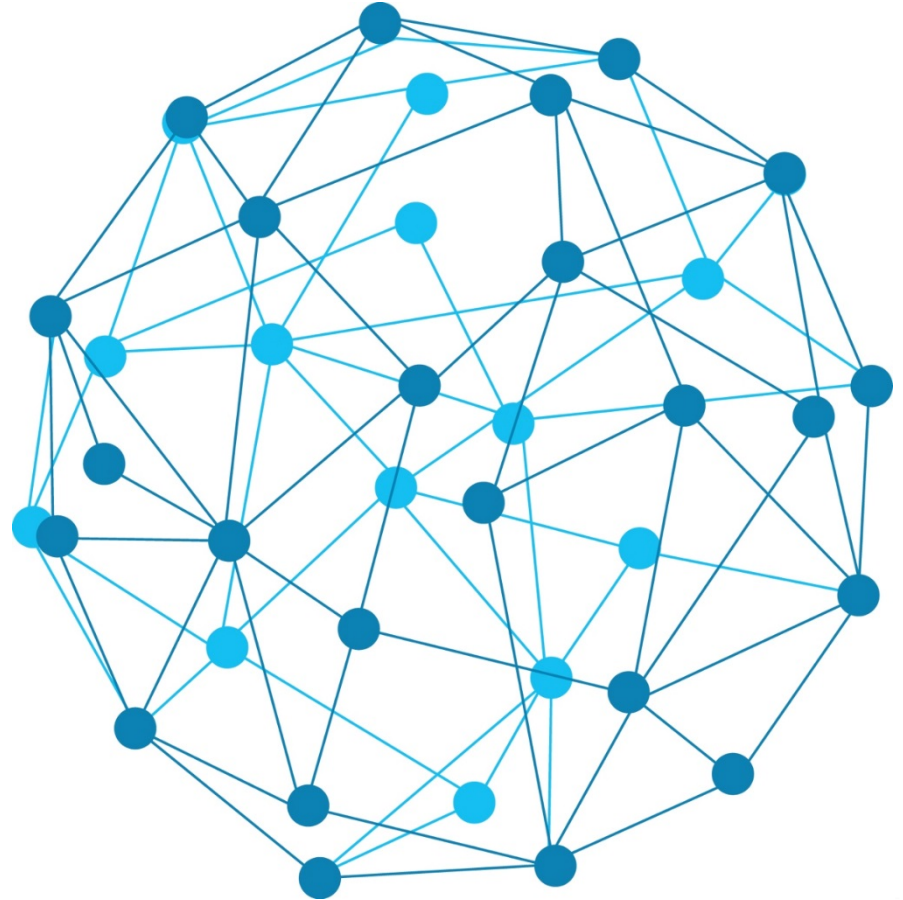
Science Policy Panel





Investigating interconnections between:

- **Ocean circulation**
- **Surface production**
- **Ecosystem functioning**
- **Biological richness**
- **Socio-economic importance**





Expected Impacts

Blue Growth: Opportunities for marine and maritime sustainable growth

- Improve **resource management** (ecosystem approach) and governance
- Improve **cooperation** within EU and trans-Atlantic
- Contribute to the **EU Integrated Maritime Policy**
 - The Marine Strategy Framework Directive (MSFD),
 - The Common Fisheries Policy (CFP),
 - The EU 'Maritime Strategy for the Atlantic Ocean Area'
 - The Galway Statement on Atlantic Cooperation
- Strengthen international **agreements to conserve** Vulnerable Marine Ecosystems and Ecologically & Biologically Significant Areas



Can Europe sustain marine ecosystems and drive Blue Growth at a North Atlantic scale?





Many thanks!

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claudia@aquatt.ie

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