

Deliverable
D-IA.2.2.OH-Harmony-Cap.2.1
Completed pilot survey

Workpackage 2 of OH-Harmony-Cap: Development of the OHLabCap

Responsible Partner: P13-SSI

Contributing partners: OH-Harmony-Cap

consortium





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COMPLETED PILOT SURVEY

Background

This is a public deliverable of One Health EJP Joint Research Project, *Integrative Action-2.2*, OH-HARMONY-CAP: One Health Harmonisation of Protocols for the Detection of Foodborne Pathogens and AMR Determinants

https://onehealthejp.eu/jip-oh-harmony-cap/

OH-Harmony-CAP is a 2.5 year project which aims to collect information on current capabilities, capacities and interoperability at both the National Reference Laboratory (NRL) and the primary diagnostic level. The quantitative description of current and best practices and the development of harmonised protocols will identify and possibly close the gaps and suggest future studies of how best to detect and characterise food borne pathogens across the One Health sectors.

Project Leader and DMP contact person: Nadia Boisen, P13-SSI, nbo@ssi.dk

1. Development of OHLabCap

The purpose of this deliverable is to develop an integrated One Health map (OHLabCap) of the levels of system capability/capacity/interoperability for each of the EU MS that is repeatable and sustainable. Tools similar to those used in the EULabCap surveys for the public health microbiology laboratories were identified.

1.1. Pilot survey

During the Kick off meeting hosted by P21-APHA, Addlestone, UK, 22nd-23rd January 2020 workshops were organized around the elaboration of the pilot survey, leading to the following operational strategy:

- 1. The survey should consist of one pilot survey, running M25-M36 followed by an adjusted survey, which will become the OHLabCap.
- 2. The pilot survey should only be sent to the OH-HARMONY-CAP participants in order to test both the content, the format and the possible outcomes of the survey.
- 3. The pilot survey should cover six priority bacteria and ten priority parasites, as model organisms, together with the antimicrobial resistance (AMR) testing of *Campylobacter* and *Salmonella*. They include:
 - Campylobacter, Listeria, Salmonella, Shiga toxin-producing E. coli (STEC), Shigella, and Yersinia
 - Anisakidae, Cryptosporidium spp., Echinococcus granulosus, Echinococcus multilocularis, Giardia lamblia, Taenia solium, Toxocara spp., Toxoplasma gondii, Trichinella spiralis, and Trichinella spp. other than T. spiralis,
- 4. The 63 questions included in the pilot survey, incorporating capability, capacity, and interoperability (Figure 1) were formulated in workgroups, and finally,
- 5. The EU Survey tool for the pilot survey questionnaire should be used.

The Pilot survey was distributed among OH-Harmony-Cap participants on September 7th, 2020 and the deadline for completion was October 4th, 2020.

Analysis of the pilot survey responses will focus around scoring options, similar to those used in EULabCAP survey. The score will be a compilation of indicators (questions included in the pilot survey), across three dimensions from the NRLs and primary diagnostic laboratory services.





1.1.1. Capabilities, capacities and interoperability

Capabilities, capacities and interoperability were defined in three dimensions and the final pilot survey contained 10 targets as shown in Figure 1.

Structural overview of OHLabCap

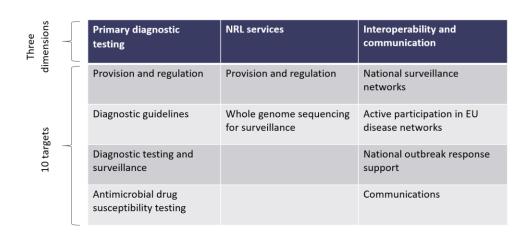


Figure 1. The structure of the OHLabCap pilot survey.



Below is the final output of the pilot OHLabCap survey which was generated by using the EU survey tool and distributed among the OH-Harmony-Cap particpants.

OHLabCap survey

Fields marked with * are mandatory.



Dear Colleague,

We are developing a benchmarking Instrument "OHLabCap", which will provide a description of the One Health (OH) microbiology system by surveying food, feed and veterinary OH laboratories across all EU/EEA countries.

This pilot survey, is intended to measure the capacity, capability and interoperability across the OH sector. The survey is focused on six priority bacteria (Campylobacter spp., Salmonella spp., Listeria, Shiga toxin producing E. coli (STEC), Shigella spp. and Yersinia spp.) and ten priority parasites (Echinococcus multilocularis, Toxoplasma gondii, Trichinella spiralis, Echinoc occus granulosus, Cryptosporidium spp., Trichinella spp. other than T. spiralis, Giardia lamblia , Anisakidae, Toxicara spp. and Taenia solium).

In the event that several individuals are responsible for answering the questions in this survey please use "Save as Draft" button in the upper right corner box and share the link between the colleague(s) responsible for the respective organism(s). Also, if your session shows "time out" please open the survey link again or click "F5".

We will ensure everyone benefits from an insight into National networks, infrastructure and communication across the entire OH sector. The information gathered here will be included in a technical report and implementation of the "OHLabCap". This will be disseminated to all participating laboratories.

Thank you for your cooperation,

Nadia Boisen and Flemming Scheutz OneHealth-Harmony Coordinators





Role of your laboratory

Here, x	ve would like some general Information.
	what level does your laboratory operate: National, regional or local?
	National
	Regional
	Local
	other
Other	
Wh	at source material does your laboratory test?
	Humans
	Food / feed
	Environment
	Liviginist
. Do	es your laboratory perform diagnostics, surveillance or both?
	Diagnostics
	Surveillance
Pro	vision and regulation of microbiology services
lere, t	he main purpose is to get an idea of your capability and how your laboratory is regulated, organised and funded.
	your clinical (human) microbiology laboratory tests funded/reimbursed in total, or in part, either by a nal insurance scheme or by a governmental budget?
	Not relevant
100	
gerri	No tests are reimbursed
100	For hospital inpatient testing
	For in- and outpatient testing
	External customers
. Are	
nsura	your animal microbiology laboratory tests funded/reimbursed in total, or in part, either by a national
	your animal microbiology laboratory tests funded/reimbursed in total, or in part, either by a national ance scheme or by a governmental budget?
	ance scheme or by a governmental budget?
	nnce scheme or by a governmental budget? Not relevant





E P	or commercial activities
6. Are vo	our microbiology laboratory tests funded/reimbursed in total, or in part, either by a national
	e scheme or by a governmental budget?
	ot relevant
2537	o tests are reimbursed
	Il tests are fully reimbursed
and the second second	Il test are partly reimbursed
	or commercial and other (external or funded) activities
	of the control of the
*7 How n	nany trained (microbiology laboratory) personnel are working in your laboratory (staff and
temporar	
*8. What	is the human population in your laboratory uptake area?
© 0-	1000
© 10	000-10,000
	0.000-100,000
	00,000-1,000,000
	000,000-5,000,000
	000,000-10,000,000
	10,000,000
100	o not know
	o not him.
. 0. 11	
	nany samples, of the combined 16 priority bacteria and parasites, did your laboratory analyse in
2019? P	lease include all processed samples, both negative and possible results as one total.
* 10 How	many, of the 16 priority bacteria and parasites, does your laboratory have an accredited test for?
10. 110W	many, or the 10 priority bacteria and parasites, does your laboratory have an accredited test for :
* 11. Is vo	ur laboratory accredited according to, either ISO 17025, ISO 15189, or equivalent national
standard	
FI IS	O 15189
200000	GO 17025
	quivalent national standards
_ 6	quivalent national standards
	n your laboratory needs to upscale, e.g. in an emergency situation, what is your weekly maximum
	of samples of the combined 16 priority bacteria and parasites?
0 <	
1000	00-300
© 30	00-500
© 50	00-700
© 70	00-1000
© >	





13. If needed, what is your maximum capacity for typing of the 16 priority bacteria and parasites per week?

	Maximum number of isolates that can be typed per week
Campylobacter spp.	
• Salmonella spp.	
Listeria	
Shiga toxin producing E. coli	
• Shigella spp.	
Yersinia spp.	
Echinococcus multilocularis	
Toxoplasma gondii	
Trichinella spiralis	
Echinococcus granulosus	
Cryptosporidium spp.	
Trichinella spp. other than T. spiralis	
Giardia lamblia	
Anisakidae	
Toxicara spp.	
Taenia solium	
 15. Does your laboratory have a Laboratory inforr LIMS, available? Yes No Other equivalent 	mation management system (LIMS), or equivalent to
Other equivalent:	
* 16. How does your laboratory store your sample o Paper Digital	data?
 17. Has your laboratory required an authorisation authorities (or professional organisations) accordi 	registration from health, food, feed or veterinary

Not required Required



Diagnostic guidelines

18. Does your laboratory perform tests for the 16 priority bacteria and parasites?

	Yes	No
* Campylobacterspp.	0	0
Salmonella spp.	0	0
Listeria	0	0
Shiga toxin producing E. coli	0	0
* Shigella spp.	0	0
Yersinia spp.	0	0
Echinococcus multilocularis	0	0
Toxoplasma gondii	0	0
Trichinella spiralis	0	0
Echinococcus granulosus	0	0
Cryptosporidium spp.	0	0

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* Trichinella spp. other than T. spiralis	0	0
Giardia lamblia	0	0
* Anisakidae	0	0
Toxicara spp.	0	0
Taenia solium	0	0

19. Does your laboratory have national guidelines available for the six priority bacteria?

Note: This could be any kind of guideline for the specific organism or clinical guidelines including priorities of examination of patients with diarrhoea i.e. bloody diarrhoea, certain age groups etc. It could also be the number of recommended tests, herds or animals. The survey just wants to register if guidelines are in place or not.

	Guidelines are not available at the national level	Guidelines are available without compliance monitoring	Guidelines are implemented with compliance monitoring	In house guidelines	Other	Not relevant
Campylobacter spp.	0	0	0	0	0	0
* Salmonella spp.	0	0	0	0	0	0
* Listeria	0	0	0	0	0	0
Shiga toxin producing <i>E. coli</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0
* Shigella spp.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Yersinia spp.	0	0	0	0	0	0



This meeting is part of the European Joint Programme One Health EJP. This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under Grant Agreement No 773830. This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020



20. Does your laboratory have national guidelines available for the 10 priority parasites?

Note: This could be any kind of guideline for the specific organism or clinical guidelines including priorities of examination of patients with diarrhoea i.e. bloody diarrhoea, certain age groups etc. It could also be the number of recommended tests, herds or animals. The survey just wants to register if guidelines are in place or not.

	Guidelines are not available	Guidelines are available implemented		In house		Not
	at the national level	without compliance monitoring	with compliance monitoring	guidelines	Other	relevant
* Echinococcus multilocularis	0	0	0	0	0	0
* Toxoplasma gondii	0	0	0	0	0	0
* Trichinella spiralis	0	0	0	0	0	0
* Echinococcus granulosus	0	0	0	0	0	0
 Cryptosporidium spp. 	0	0	0	0	0	0
Trichinella spp. other than T. spiralis	0	0	0	0	0	0
* Giardia lamblia	0	0	0	0	0	0
* Anisakidae	0	0	0	0	0	0
* Toxicara spp.	0	0	0	0	0	0
* Taenia solium	0	0	0	0	0	0

21. Does your laboratory have a national standard protocol for the 16 priority bacteria and parasites?

	Yes	No
Campylobacterspp.	0	0
Salmonella spp.	0	0
* Listeria	0	0
Shiga toxin producing E. coli	0	0
* Shigella spp.	0	0
Yersinia spp.	0	0
Echinococcus multilocularis	0	0
Toxoplasma gondii	0	0
Trichinella spiralis	0	0
* Echinococcus granulosus	0	0
Cryptosporidium spp.	0	0
* Trichinella spp. other than T. spiralis	0	0
Giardia lamblia	0	0
* Anisakidae	0	0
Toxicara spp.	0	0
* Taenia solium	0	0



22. Does your laboratory have a reference method for the 16 priority bacteria and parasites?

	Yes	No
Campylobacterspp.	0	0
Salmonella spp.	0	0
* Listeria	0	0
* Shiga toxin producing E. coli	0	0
Shigella spp.	0	0
Yersinia spp.	0	0
* Echinococcus multilocularis	0	0
* Toxoplasma gondii	0	0
Trichinella spiralis	0	0
Echinococcus granulosus	0	0
Echinococcus granulosus	0	0

10

* Cryptosporidium spp.	0	0
* Trichinella spp. other than T. spiralis	0	0
Giardia lamblia	0	0
Anisakidae	0	0
Toxicara spp.	0	0
* Taenia solium	0	0

Diagnostic testing and surveillance

23. How many of the six priority bacteria did your laboratory type (both culture and molecular) in 2019?

	Number of isolates typed in 2019
Campylobacter spp.	
€almonella spp.	
L isteria	
Shiga toxin producing E. coli	
€higella spp.	
•Yersinia spp.	

24. How many, of the 10 priority parasites did your laboratory type in 2019?

	Number of isolates typed in 2019
Echinococcus multilocularis	
Toxoplasma gondii	
Trichinella spiralis	
Echinococcus granulosus	
Cryptosporidium spp.	
Trichinella spp. other than T. spiralis	
Giardia lamblia	
Anisakidae	
Toxicara spp.	
Taenia solium	



25. What level of typing does your laboratory perform on the 16 priority bacteria and parasites?

	Phenotypical (including biochemical reactions and microscopy)	Molecular	Both phenotypical and molecular	Not relevant
* Campylobacterspp.	0	0	0	0
* Salmonella spp.	0	0	0	0
* Listeria	0	0	0	0
Shiga toxin producing <i>E. coli</i>	0	0	0	0
* Shigella spp.	0	0	0	0
* Yersinia spp.	0	0	0	0
Echinococcus multilocularis	0	0	0	0
* Toxoplasma gondii	0	0	0	0
Trichinella spiralis	0	0	0	0
* Echinococcus granulosus	0	0	0	0
* Cryptosporidium spp.	0	0	0	0
* Trichinella spp. other than T. spiralis	0	0	0	0
* Giardia lamblia	0	0	0	0
Anisakidae	0	0	0	0
* Toxicara spp.	0	0	0	0
* Taenia solium	0	0	0	0

26. How does your laboratory type the six priority bacteria?

	Serotyping	Virulence genes	Multiple locus variable number of tandem repeats analysis (MLVA)	Sequence type (ST)	Core genome multilocus sequence typing (cgMLST)	Whole genome multilocus sequence typing (wgMLST)	Single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNP) analysis	Not relevant
* Campylobacter spp.								
Salmonella spp.								
* Listeria								
Shiga toxin producing E. coli								
Shigella spp.								
* Yersinia spp.								





27. How does your laboratory type the 10 priority parasites?

	Single locus	Multi locus	MLST	WGS	Others, please specify in a box below
* Echinococcus multilocularis	0	0	0	0	0
* Toxoplasma gondii	0	0	0	0	0
* Trichinella spiralis	0	0	0	0	0
* Echinococcus granulosus	0	0	0	0	0
* Cryptosporidium spp.	0	0	0	0	0
Trichinella spp. other than T. spiralis	0	0	0	0	0
· Giardia lamblia	0	0	0	0	0
* Anisakidae	0	0	0	0	0
* Toxicara spp.	0	0	0	0	0
* Taenia solium	0	0	0	0	0

Oth	er typing methods			
Our	er ryping memous			

Antimicrobial drug susceptibility testing

<u>* 28.</u>	Does	your laboratory	perform AN	IR testing on	Salmonella and	zoonotic th	ermophilic	Campylobacte	r(jeju
ni,	<i>coli</i> an	d <i>lari</i> j							
	○ Ye	s, <i>Salmonella</i>							
	⊚ Ye	s, <i>Campylobacte</i>	9r						

Yes, both

No

*29. Does your laboratory use EUCAST clinical breakpoints (http://www.eucast.org/clinical_breakpoints/) for interpretive reporting of antibacterial drug susceptibility?

Yes

◎ No

Provision and regulation of national reference microbiology services

* 30.	Is your laboratory	allowed to share	person	identifiable	data wit	h other	authorities	in case	of a	n outbreak	?

Yes

No



31. Does your laboratory have the capacity to store the six priority bacteria (e.g. isolates, DNA, stool, tissue) for more than two weeks?

	Yes	No
Campylobacterspp.	0	0
* Salmonella spp.	0	0
* Listeria	0	0
* Shiga toxin producing E. coli	0	0
Shigella spp.	0	0
Yersinia spp.	0	0

32. If yes, how long does your laboratory have the capacity to store the six priority bacteria?

	Two weeks	12 months	> 1 year
Campylobacterspp.	0	0	0
Salmonella spp.	0	0	0
Listeria	0	0	0
Shiga toxin producing E. coli	0	0	0
Shigella spp.	0	0	0
Yersinia spp.	0	0	0

33. Does your laboratory have the capacity to store the 10 priority parasites (e.g. isolates, DNA, stool, tissue)?

	Yes	No
* Echinococcus multilocularis	0	0
* Toxoplasma gondii	0	0
Trichinella spiralis	0	0
Echinococcus granulosus	0	0
* Cryptosporidium spp.	0	0
* Trichinella spp. other than T. spiralis	0	0
Giardia lamblia	0	0
* Anisakidae	0	0
Toxicara spp.	0	0
* Taenia solium	0	0



34. If yes, how long does your laboratory have the capacity to store the 10 priority parasites?

	Two weeks	12 months	> 1 year
Echinococcus multilocularis	0	0	0
Toxoplasma gondii	0	0	0
Trichinella spiralis	0	0	0
Echinococcus granulosus	0	0	0
Cryptosporidium spp.	0	0	0
Trichinella spp. other than T. spiralis	0	0	0
Giardia lamblia	0	0	0
Anisakidae	0	0	0
Toxicara spp.	0	0	0
Taenia solium	0	0	0

35. Does your laboratory have the capacity to store sequence data from the 16 priority bacteria and parasites?

	Yes	No
* Campylobacterspp.	0	0
* Salmonella spp.	0	0
* Listeria	0	0
* Shiga toxin producing E. coli	0	0
* Shigella spp.	0	0
* Yersinia spp.	0	0
* Echinococcus multilocularis	0	0
Toxoplasma gondii	0	0
Trichinella spiralis	0	0
* Echinococcus granulosus	0	0
Cryptosporidium spp.	0	0
Trichinella spp. other than T. spiralis	0	0
Giardia lamblia	0	0
Anisakidae	0	0
Toxicara spp.	0	0
* Taenia solium	0	0







36. Does your laboratory utilize subcontractors, partnerships, or equivalent, for the characterisation and/or analysis of the 16 priority bacteria and parasites?

	Yes	No
Campylobacter spp.	0	0
* Salmonella spp.	0	0
* Listeria	0	0
Shiga toxin producing E. coli	0	0
Shigella spp.	0	0
* Yersinia spp.	0	0
* Echinococcus multilocularis	0	0
Toxoplasma gondii	0	0
* Trichinella spiralis	0	0
* Echinococcus granulosus	0	0
Cryptosporidium spp.	0	0
Trichinella spp. other than T. spiralis	0	0
Giardia lamblia	0	0
Anisakidae	0	0
Toxicara spp.	0	0
* Taenia solium	0	0

Whole genome sequencing (WGS) for surveillance

37. Does your laboratory use WGS-based typing of the six priority bacteria for routine surveillance?

	No WGS performed and no plans in place to do WGS	No WGS performed but a WGS plan is in progress	WGS is used occasionally	WGS is used routinely
Campylobacterspp.	0	0	0	0
* Salmonella spp.	0	0	0	0
* Listeria	0	0	0	0
Shiga toxin producing E. coli	0	0	0	0
* Shigella spp.	0	0	0	0





Yersinia spp.	0	0	0
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38. Does your laboratory use WGS-based typing of the 10 priority parasites for routine surveillance?

	No WGS performed and no plans in place to do WGS	No WGS performed but a WGS plan is in progress	WGS is used occasionally	WGS is used routinely
Echinococcus multilocularis	0	0	0	0
 Toxoplasma gondii 	0	0	0	0
* Trichinella spiralis	0	0	0	0
Echinococcus granulosus	0	0	•	0
* Cryptosporidium spp.	0	0	0	0
Trichinella spp. other than T. spiralis	•	•	•	0
* Giardia lamblia	0	0	0	0
Anisakidae	0	0	0	0
Toxicara spp.	0	0	0	0
Taenia solium	0	0	0	0

39. Does your laboratory use WGS for serotyping, virulence characterization, and speciation for the six priority bacteria?

	Yes	No	Occasionally
* Campylobacterspp.	0	0	0
Salmonella spp.	0	0	0
Listeria	0	0	0
Shiga toxin producing E. coli	0	0	0
* Shigella spp.	0	0	0
* Yersinia spp.	0	0	0

40. Does your laboratory use WGS for characterization and speciation of the 10 priority parasites?

	Yes	No	Occasionally	
--	-----	----	--------------	--



* Echinococcus multilocularis	0	0	0
Toxoplasma gondii	0	0	0
Trichinella spiralis	0	0	0
Echinococcus granulosus	0	0	0
Cryptosporidium spp.	0	0	0
* Trichinella spp. other than T. spiralis	0	0	0
Giardia lamblia	0	0	0
Anisakidae	0	0	0
Toxicara spp.	0	0	0
Taenia solium	0	0	0

National surveillance networks

41 Do	vou know	vour ir	-country	One	Health	counterparts?
41. DO	you know	your ir	1-country	One	nealth	counterparts?

Note: If you are a human clinical laboratory, do you know your food/feed and/or animal counterpart(s) and vice versa									
	face consens	an interpretto) and	tion andmost a	food/load and/or	conce bonness concer	contract of	allolool loboratory	the second	 Markey

- Yes, local
- Yes, national
- Both local and national
- No
- *42. Do you have contact or meetings with your counterpart?
 - Yes
 - ◎ No
- *43. How often do you have contact or meetings with your counterpart?
 - Weekly
 - Monthly
 - Annually
 - Not applicable
- 44. Which of the 16 priority bacteria and parasites are laboratory notifiable in your country. Please answer based on laboratory findings not on clinical diagnosis or suspicion.

	Yes	No
Campylobacter spp.	0	0
Salmonella spp.	0	0
Listeria	0	0



* Shiga toxin producing E. coli	0	0
* Shigella spp.	0	0
Yersinia spp.	0	0
Echinococcus multilocularis	0	0
Toxoplasma gondii	0	0
* Trichinella spiralis	0	0
* Echinococcus granulosus	0	0
Cryptosporidium spp.	0	0
Trichinella spp. other than T. spiralis	0	0
Giardia lamblia	0	0
* Anisakidae	0	0
Toxicara spp.	0	0
Taenia solium	0	0

45. Does your laboratory report data, on the 16 priority bacteria and parasites, into a national surveillance database?

	Yes	Yes, data from the whole country	No, only partial, local /regional	None
* Campylobacter spp.	0	0	0	0
* Salmonella spp.	0	0	0	0
* Listeria	0	0	0	0
* Shiga toxin producing E. coli	0	0	0	0
* Shigella spp.	0	0	0	0
Yersinia spp.	0	0	0	0
* Echinococcus multilocularis	0	0	0	0
* Toxoplasma gondii	0	0	0	0
* Trichinella spiralis	0	0	0	0
* Echinococcus granulosus	0	0	0	0
* Cryptosporidium spp.	0	0	0	0
* Trichinella spp. other than T. spiralis	0	0	0	0
Giardia lamblia	0	0	0	0





* Anisakidae	0	0	0	0
* Toxicara spp.	0	0	0	0
Taenia solium	0	0	0	0

*46. Who is responsible for the notification to the authorities? Technician Academic staff Clinician / medical doctor Head of laboratory
*47. How are the results reported?
□ Digital
Paper
Phone
* 48. Where are the national surveillance results reported? Weekly report Webpage Annual report Peer review publications Not nationally
*49. Does your laboratory have confidentiality agreements, across the OH sector, on the 16 priority bacteria and parasites?
© Yes
© No

Active participation in EU disease networks



50. Did your laboratory actively participate in an EU disease network organized by ECDC, EFSA, or the EU Commission in 2019?

	No participation	Food- and waterborne (FWD) ECDC disease network	External quality assessments (EQA)	Annual meeting	European Union Reference Laboratories (EURL) Foodborne parasites	Other (please specify in a box below)
* Campylobacter spp.						
Salmonella spp.						
* Listeria						
Shiga toxin producing <i>E. coli</i>						
 Shigella spp. 						
 Yersinia spp. 						
* Echinococcus multilocularis						
* Toxoplasma gondii						
* Trichinella spiralis						
* Echinococcus granulosus						
Cryptosporidium spp.						
Trichinella spp. other than T. spiralis						
* Giardia lamblia						
Anisakidae						
Toxicara spp.						
* Taenia solium						





Other networ	rks	
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51. What are the criteria for reporting the 16 priority bacteria and parasites, to the EU networks?

Triat are the enteria for reporting the	to pilotity a	actoria arra paracitaci, to tire	20 110111011101
	Routine	Suspicion of and outbreak	No reporting
Campylobacterspp.			
* Salmonella spp.			
* Listeria			
Shiga toxin producing E. coli			
Shigella spp.			
Yersinia spp.			
Echinococcus multilocularis			
Toxoplasma gondii			
Trichinella spiralis			
Echinococcus granulosus			
Cryptosporidium spp.			
Trichinella spp. other than T. spiralis			
Giardia lamblia			
Anisakidae			
Toxicara spp.			
Taenia solium			



52. Which authority do you report the surveillance results to?

	European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control (ECDC)	National Surveillance authorities (epidemiologists etc.)	National Reference Laboratory (NRL)	No reporting
Campylobacter spp.					
* Salmonella spp.					
* Listeria					
Shiga toxin producing <i>E. coli</i>					
* Shigella spp.					
* Yersinia spp.					
Echinococcus multilocularis					
Toxoplasma gondii					
Trichinella spiralis					
Echinococcus granulosus					
Cryptosporidium spp.					
 Trichinella spp. other than T. spiralis 					
* Giardia lamblia					
Anisakidae					
Toxicara spp.					
* Taenia solium					

team?

Yes

*53. Does personnel from your laboratory participate, as a member, in a foodborne outbreak investigation



National outbreak response support

◎ No		
. Does your laboratory have trained per	rsonnel	availal
vel?		
No personnel available		
Personnel available during working he		
Personnel available in 24/7 duty roste	er :	
	121	
 Does your laboratory share data acrost e 16 priority bacteria and parasites, with 		
e To priority bacteria and parasites, with		1200
	Yes	No
 Campylobacterspp. 	0	0
* Salmonella spp.	0	0
* Listeria	0	0
Shiga toxin producing E. coli	0	0
Shigella spp.	0	0
* Yersinia spp.	0	0
* Echinococcus multilocularis	0	0
Toxoplasma gondii	0	0
Trichinella spiralis	0	0
Echinococcus granulosus	0	0
Cryptosporidium spp.	0	0
Trichinella spp. other than T. spiralis	0	0
Giardia lamblia	0	0
* Anisakidae	0	6

0

0

0

0

Yes

Toxicara spp.

Taenia solium

O No



57. Do you have a contingency plan for the 16 priority bacteria and parasites during an outbreak?

bo you have a contingency plan for th	p	,
	Yes	No
* Campylobacterspp.	0	0
Salmonella spp.	0	0
* Listeria	0	0
Shiga toxin producing E. coli	0	0
* Shigella spp.	0	0
* Yersinia spp.	0	0
* Echinococcus multilocularis	0	0
Toxoplasma gondii	0	0
Trichinella spiralis	0	0
* Echinococcus granulosus	0	0
* Cryptosporidium spp.	0	0
Trichinella spp. other than T. spiralis	0	0
Giardia lamblia	0	0
* Anisakidae	0	0
* Toxicara spp.	0	0
* Taenia solium	0	0

* 58.	Do	you	receive	information	from	any	authority	in	case	of	outbreaks	?
	0	Yes										

◎ No

*59. Does your laboratory form outbreak teams?

Yes

No

Don't know

Communications

*60. Does your laboratory have a website or Newsletter?

Yes

◎ No

*61. How does your laboratory disseminate your diagnostic and typing results?





	National
	□ International
	No dissemination
* 62.	Does your laboratory communicate with the public?
	© Yes
	◎ No
	Don't know
* 63.	Do you have a press/media communication team?
	© Yes
	© No
	Opon't know
C	ontact information
* 64.	Name of Institution
* 65.	Contact person
* 66.	Email address
_	
FI	nal comments
	s there any question(s) that was not fully appropriated to your laboratory? and important information
ma	y be lost as a result of this. Please provide details.
la é	have anothing also viscovish to add to the information viscobact and d
IS T	here anything else you wish to add to the information you have provided?

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