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Supporting Information (SI)

Syngas Production from Electrochemical Reduction of CO₂: Current Status and Prospective Implementation

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- B. Short-Review of H₂ Production electrocatalysts

A. List of electrocatalysts used for the $\ensuremath{\text{CO}_2}$ reduction to $\ensuremath{\text{CO}}$

Table S1. Detailed conditions and results achieved in experiments made with Ag-based electrodes for th
reduction of CO_2 to CO (as the main C-based product).

Exp.	Cathodic	Electro-	Electro	Ag	FE	Current	Catholyte	Anolyte	Test	Ref.
Nr.	Potential	catalyst	de size	loading	(%)	density [‡]			time	
	(V <i>vs.</i> NHE)		(cm²)	(wt %)		(-mA·cm⁻²)			(h)	
1	-1.5	Ag/C (GDE)	N/A	60	7	5	1 М КОН 1 М КОН		N/A	1
2	-1.56	Ag	1	-	30	50	0.5 M KHCO ₃	0.5 M	2	2
		-						KHCO₃		
3	-1.65	Ag/g-C ₃ N ₄	6.25	40	33	20	0.1 M KH ₂ PO ₄	0.1 M	20	3
							/ K ₂ HPO ₄	KH ₂ PO ₄ /		
								K ₂ HPO ₄		
4	-3.5	Ag	N/A	-	33	80	0.2 M KHCO ₃	КОН	7	4
5	-1.45	Ag/C	1	-	30	50	0.5 M KHCO ₃	0.1 M KOH	8	
6	-2.96	Ag (SPE/CEM)	0.2	-	52.7	100	0.2 M K ₂ SO ₄	0.2 M K ₂ SO ₄	2	5
7	-1.46	Ag	N/A	-	60	50	0.5 M KHCO ₃	КОН	7	4
8	-1.46	Ag	N/A	-	64.6	50	0.2 M K ₂ SO ₄	0.2 M K ₂ SO ₄	2	5
9	-1.5	Ag/Pc (GDE)	N/A	6.25	78	55	1 M KOH	1 M KOH	N/A	1
10	-1.8	Ag	N/A	-	80	70	0.5 or 0.8M	2.5M KOH	1.5	6
							K ₂ SO ₄		h	
11	-1.1	Ag	N/A	-	84	35	1 M KHCO ₃	1 M KHCO ₃	1	7
12	-1.02	Ag	1	-	86	300	0.5 M KHCO ₃	0.5M	N/A	8
							(20 atm)	KHCO ₃		
13	-1.5	Ag/Pz (GDE)	N/A	2.51	88	65	1 M KOH	1 M KOH	N/A	1
14	-1.5	Ag/DAT (GDE)	N/A	8.62	89	73	1 M KOH	1 М КОН	N/A	1
15	-1.6	Ag/TiO ₂	0.09	40	90	101	1М КОН	1M KOH	N/A	9
16	-1.02	Ag Np	N/A	-	92	18	0.5 M KHCO ₃		N/A	10,11
17	-1.3	Ag (SPE/AEM)	0.2	-	92.3	20	0.2 M K ₂ SO ₄	0.2 M K ₂ SO ₄	2	5
18	-1.7	Ag/MWCNT	-	-	95	350	1М КОН	1M KOH	N/A	12
		(GDE)								
19	-2	Ag	1.5	-	96	0.5	18 mol%	100mM	0-7	13
							EMIN-BF ₄ in	H_2SO_4		
							H ₂ O			
20	-0.7	Tri-Ag	0.78	-	96	1.25	0.1 M KHCO ₃	0.1 M	168	14
		Nanoplates	5					KHCO ₃		
21	-1.5	Ag	1.6	-	99	2.4	BMImCl with	BMImCl	10	15
							20wt% H ₂ O	with 20		
								wt% H ₂ O		
22	-1.9	Ag NPs (GDE)	10	-	100	440	ЗМ КОН	ЗМ КОН	N/A	16

⁺ Total current density not considering the selectivity towards any product.

Table S2. Detailed conditions and results achieved on experiments made with Au-based electrodes for the
reduction of CO_2 to CO (as the main C-based product).

-							=1		- C
Exp.	Cathodic	Electro-catalyst	Electro	Au	FE	Current	Electrolyte	Test	Ref.
Nr.	Potential		de size	loading	(%)	density [‡]		time	
	(V <i>vs.</i> NHE)		(cm²)	(%)		(-mA·cm⁻²)		(h)	
1	-1.91	Au	N/A	-	33	100	0.5 M KHCO ₃	N/A	2
2	-1.15	Au	N/A	-	50	20	0.5 M KHCO ₃	N/A	17
3	-2.22	Au/C	N/A	40	64	200	0.5 M KHCO ₃	N/A	2
4		Au/CNT	N/A	-	70	10	0.5 M	4	18
	-0.96						NaHCO ₃		
4	-0.67	Au Np/ C cloth	0.6	-	78	1	0.5 M KHCO ₃	8	19
5	-1.1	Au	N/A	-	80	7	0.1 M KHCO ₃	0.5	20, 21
6	-1.08	Au Np/C	N/A	-	90	3	0.5 M KHCO ₃	N/A	22
7	-0.82	Au Np/C-cloth	0.6	-	98	16	0.5 M KHCO ₃	N/A	19

⁺ Total current density not considering the selectivity towards any product.

Nr. Potential (V s. MHE) Size (cHr) (7s) Density * Unite (H) 1 -0.59 WSe2 24 18.95 EMIMBF4 27 23 2 -1.4 Cu 0.002 38. 20 BmimPF6 N/A 24 3 -1.1 Zn Dendrite N/A 50 14 0.5 M NaHCO3 3 23 4 -1.4 Cu N/A 50 20 BmimPF6 N/A 24 5 -1.13 Pd N/A 50 20 Bmim-PF6 N/A 24 6 -1 [Ni(cyclam]) ₂ /C N/A 60 4.5 0.1 M KNO3 pH 4.1 3.5 26,27 7 -1.21 Rh N/A 61 163 30 atm N/A 28 8 -1.16 Nicrostrate (C, GOE) 67 63 0.5 M KHCO3, 20 N/A 29 9 -1.4 Cu hollow fibres 75 10 0.3 M KHCO3, 20 10	Exp.	Cathodic	Electrocatalyst	Electrode	FE	Current	Electrolyte	Test	Ref.
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Nr.			size (cm-)	(%)	density $+$		time (n)	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1		W/S o		24	(-IIIA·CIII -)		27	23
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		-0.59	vvse ₂	0.000	24	18.95	EIVIIIVIBF ₄		23
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	2	-1.4	Cu	0.002	38. 1	20	BmimPF ₆	N/A	24
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	3	-1.1	Zn Dendrite	N/A	50	14	0.5 M NaHCO ₃	3	25
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4	-1.4	Cu	N/A	50	20	Bmim-PF ₆	N/A	24
6 -1 [Ni(cyclam)]_2/C N/A 60 4.5 0.1 M KNO ₃ pH 4.1 3.5 26.27 7 -1.21 Rh N/A 61 163 30 atm N/A 28 8 -1.16 Ni-activated C 0.49 67 63 0.5 M KHCO ₃ 20 N/A 29 9 -1.4 Cu hollow fibres 75 10 0.3 M KHCO ₃ 24 30 10 -0.8 Nitrogen-CNT N/A 80 1.5 0.1 M KHCO ₃ 10 31 11 -1.7 Bi 0.3 81 4.1 MCN containing 100 mM [BMIM]OTf 100 mM [BMIM]OTf 12 -1.75 Bi-CMEC/GCE 0.3 82 31 [BMIM]PF_6(MeCN 3 33 13 -3.5 Cu 3 84 70 McOH N/A 36 14 -2.2 In N/A 85. 4.9 Propylene N/A 37 15 -0.89 Pd NPs 1 90 </td <td>5</td> <td>-1.13</td> <td>Pd</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>57.</td> <td>300</td> <td>20 atm</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>8</td>	5	-1.13	Pd	N/A	57.	300	20 atm	N/A	8
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					5			,	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	6	-1	[Ni(cyclam)] ₂ /C	N/A	60	4.5	0.1 M KNO ₃ pH 4.1	3.5	26, 27
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	7	-1.21	Rh	N/A	61	163	30 atm	N/A	28
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	8	-1.16	Ni-activated C	0.49	67	63	0.5 M KHCO _{3,} 20	N/A	29
9 -1.4 Cu hollow fibres 75 10 0.3 M KHCO3 24 30 10 -0.8 Nitrogen-CNT N/A 80 1.5 0.1 M KHCO3 10 31 11 -1.7 Bi 0.3 81 4.1 MeCN containing 100 8 32 12 -1.75 Bi-CMEC/GCE 0.3 82 31 [BMIM]PF6(MeCN 3 33 13 -3.5 Cu 3 84 70 MeOH N/A 34 14 -2.2 In N/A 85. 4.9 Propylene Carbonate N/A 35 15 -0.89 Pd NPs 1 90 8 0.1 M KHCO3 N/A 36 16 -1.3 Cu/SnO2 93 4.6 0.3 M KHCO3 37 37 17 -1.16 FeTDHPP N/A 94 0.31 DMF 0.1 M n- Bu4NPF6, H2O 38 39 18 -0.65 Au IO (inverse opal) N/A <td></td> <td></td> <td>fibres (ACF, GDE)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>atm</td> <td></td> <td></td>			fibres (ACF, GDE)				atm		
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	9	-1.4	Cu hollow fibres		75	10	0.3 M KHCO ₃	24	30
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	10	-0.8	Nitrogen-CNT	N/A	80	1.5	0.1 M KHCO ₃	10	31
100 100 MM [BMIM]OTf 12 -1.75 Bi-CMEC/GCE 0.3 82 31 [BMIM]PF ₆ (MeCN 3 33 13 -3.5 Cu 3 84 70 MeOH N/A 34 14 -2.2 In N/A 85. 4.9 Propylene N/A 35 15 -0.89 Pd NPs 1 90 8 0.1 M KHCO ₃ N/A 36 16 -1.3 Cu/SnO ₂ 93 4.6 0.3 M KHCO ₃ N/A 37 17 -1.16 FeTDHPP N/A 94 0.31 DMF 0.1 M n- Bu ₄ NPF ₆ , H ₂ O 35 39 18 -0.65 Au IO (inverse opal) N/A 95 0.4 0.1 M KHCO ₃ 3.5 39 19 -1.71 Bi-CMEC 0.3 95 5.8 Bmim-BF4 in MeCN 12 40 20 -1.12 Cu-In N/A 95 2 0.1 M KHCO ₃ 7 41<	11	-1.7	Bi	0.3	81	4.1	MeCN containing	8	32
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$							100		
12 -1.75 Bi-CMEC/GCE 0.3 82 31 [BMIM]PF ₆ (MeCN 3 33 13 -3.5 Cu 3 84 70 MeOH N/A 34 14 -2.2 In N/A 85. 4.9 Propylene N/A 35 15 -0.89 Pd NPs 1 90 8 0.1 M KHCO ₃ N/A 36 16 -1.3 Cu/SnO ₂ 93 4.6 0.3 M KHCO ₃ 37 37 17 -1.16 FeTDHPP N/A 94 0.31 DMF 0.1 M n- Bu ₄ NPF ₆ , H ₂ O 4 38 18 -0.65 Au IO (inverse opal) N/A 95 0.4 0.1 M KHCO ₃ 3.5 39 19 -1.12 Cu-In N/A 95 2 0.1 M KHCO ₃ 7 41 21 -2 Cu/Ag 1.6 98 5.8 EMIMBF ₄ + BMIMNO ₃ with CoCl2 100 42 22 -1.25 CN/MWCNT 98 90 KCl N/A 43 23 -0.76							mM [BMIM]OTf		22
13 -3.5 Cu 3 84 70 MeOH N/A 34 14 -2.2 In N/A 85. 4.9 Propylene N/A 35 15 -0.89 Pd NPs 1 90 8 0.1 M KHCO ₃ N/A 36 16 -1.3 Cu/SnO ₂ 93 4.6 0.3 M KHCO ₃ 37 17 -1.16 FeTDHPP N/A 94 0.31 DMF 0.1 M n- Bu ₄ NPF ₆ , H ₂ O 4 38 18 -0.65 Au IO (inverse opal) N/A 95 0.4 0.1 M KHCO ₃ 3.5 39 19 -1.12 Cu-In N/A 95 2 0.1 M KHCO ₃ 7 41 20 -1.12 Cu-In N/A 95 2 0.1 M KHCO ₃ 7 41 21 -2 Cu/Ag 1.6 98 5.8 EMIMBF ₄ + BMIMNO ₃ with CoCl2 100 42 23 -0.764	12	-1.75	Bi-CMEC/GCE	0.3	82	31	[BMIM]PF ₆ (MeCN	3	33
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	12	2.5		2	0.4	70	solvent)		24
14 -2.2 In N/A 85. 4.9 Propylene Carbonate N/A 35 15 -0.89 Pd NPs 1 90 8 0.1 M KHCO ₃ N/A 36 16 -1.3 Cu/SnO ₂ 93 4.6 0.3 M KHCO ₃ 37 17 -1.16 FeTDHPP N/A 94 0.31 DMF 0.1 M n- Bu ₄ NPF ₆ , H ₂ O 4 38 18 -0.65 Au IO (inverse opal) N/A 95 0.4 0.1 M KHCO ₃ $^{3.5}$ 39 19 -1.71 Bi-CMEC 0.3 95 5.8 Bmim-BF4 in MeCN 12 40 20 -1.12 Cu-In N/A 95 2 0.1 M KHCO ₃ 7 41 21 -2 Cu/Ag 1.6 98 5.8 EMIMBF ₄ + BMIMNO ₃ with CoCl2 150 42 23 -0.764 MoS ₂ N/A 98 65 4 mol% EMIM-BF ₄ in H ₂ O 10 44 24 -1.95 Mn(bpy- Bu)(CO) ₃ Br N/A 100 9.5	13	-3.5	Cu	3	84	/0	МеОн	N/A	25
15 -0.89 Pd NPs 1 90 8 0.1 M KHCO ₃ N/A ³⁶ 16 -1.3 Cu/SnO ₂ 93 4.6 0.3 M KHCO ₃ 37 17 -1.16 FeTDHPP N/A 94 0.31 DMF 0.1 M n- Bu ₄ NPF ₆ , H ₂ O 4 18 -0.65 Au IO (inverse opal) N/A 95 0.4 0.1 M KHCO ₃ 3.5 ³⁹ 19 -1.71 Bi-CMEC 0.3 95 5.8 Bmim-BF4 in MeCN 12 40 20 -1.12 Cu-In N/A 95 2 0.1 M KHCO ₃ 7 41 21 -2 Cu/Ag 1.6 98 5.8 EMIMBF ₄ + BMIMNO ₃ with CoCl2 150 42 22 -1.25 CN/MWCNT 98 90 KCl N/A 43 23 -0.764 MoS ₂ N/A 98 65 4 mol% EMIM-BF ₄ 10 44 24 -1.95 Mn(bpy- Bu)(CO) ₃ Br N/A<	14	-2.2	In	N/A	85.	4.9	Propylene	N/A	35
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	15	0.00		1	3	0		N1/A	36
16 -1.3 CU/SHO2 93 4.6 0.3 M KHCO3 93 37 17 -1.16 FeTDHPP N/A 94 0.31 DMF 0.1 M n- Bu ₄ NPF ₆ , H ₂ O 4 38 18 -0.65 Au IO (inverse opal) N/A 95 0.4 0.1 M KHCO3 3.5 39 19 -1.71 Bi-CMEC 0.3 95 5.8 Bmim-BF4 in MeCN 12 40 20 -1.12 Cu-In N/A 95 2 0.1 M KHCO3 7 41 21 -2 Cu/Ag 1.6 98 5.8 EMIMBF ₄ + BMIMNO3 with CoCl2 150 42 22 -1.25 CN/MWCNT 98 90 KCl N/A 43 23 -0.764 MoS2 N/A 98 65 4 mol% EMIM-BF ₄ in H ₂ O 100 44 24 -1.95 Mn(bpy- Bu)(CO) ₃ Br N/A 100 9.5 1.4 M 0.5 45	15	-0.89		L	90	8		N/A	27
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	10	-1.3	Cu/ShO ₂		93	4.0			57
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c } \hline & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & $	17	-1.16	FeTDHPP	N/A	94	0.31	DMF 0.1 M n-	4	38
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$							Bu₄NPF ₆ , H₂O		
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	18	-0.65	Au IO (inverse	N/A	95	0.4	0.1 M KHCO ₃	3.5	39
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			opal)						
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	19	-1.71	Bi-CMEC	0.3	95	5.8	Bmim-BF4 in	12	40
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $							MeCN		
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	20	-1.12	Cu-In	N/A	95	2	0.1 M KHCO ₃	7	41
BMIMNO3 with CoCl2 BMIMNO3 with CoCl2 22 -1.25 CN/MWCNT 98 90 KCl N/A 43 23 -0.764 MoS2 N/A 98 65 4 mol% EMIM-BF4 in H2O 10 44 24 -1.95 Mn(bpy- Bu)(CO)3Br N/A 100 9.5 1.4 M 0.5 45 25 =0.5 Nic CODH N/A 100 5 0.1 M Bhosphato N/A 46.47	21	-2	Cu/Ag	1.6	98	5.8	EMIMBF ₄ +	150	42
22 -1.25 CN/MWCNT 98 90 KCl N/A 43 23 -0.764 MoS2 N/A 98 65 4 mol% EMIM-BF4 in H2O 10 44 24 -1.95 Mn(bpy- Bu)(CO)3Br N/A 100 9.5 1.4 M 0.5 45 25 -0.5 Nic CODH N/A 100 5 0.1 M Phosphato N/A 46.47							BMIMNO ₃ with		
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		4.05				00	CoCl2	N1/A	42
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	22	-1.25			98	90	KCI	N/A	45
24 -1.95 Mn(bpy- Bu)(CO) ₃ Br N/A 100 9.5 1.4 M 0.5 45 25 -0.5 NicCODH N/A 100 5 0.1 M Phosphato N/A 46.47	23	-0.764	MoS ₂	N/A	98	65	4 mol% EMIM-BF ₄	10	44
24 -1.55 IVIII(Dpy- Bu)(CO) ₃ Br IV/A 100 9.5 1.4 IVI 0.5 Bu)(CO) ₃ Br CF ₃ CH ₂ OH/MeCN CF ₃ CH ₂ OH/MeCN V/A 46.47	24	_1 05	Mn(hov	N/A	100	0 5		05	45
25 _0.5 Ni_CODH N/A 100 5 0.1 M December 0 NI/A 46.47	24	-1.90	Bul(CO)-Br	IN/A	100	5.5		0.5	
	25	-0.5	Ni-CODH	Ν/Δ	100	5	0 1 M Phosnhate	N/A	46, 47

Table S3. The conditions adopted in experiments made with different electrodes from Ag and Au for thereduction of CO_2 to CO (as the main C-based product) and the obtained results.

⁺ Total current density not considering the selectivity towards any product.

C. Short-Review of H₂ Production electrocatalysts

Since Pt is the most active H₂ evolution catalysts, in the past few decades, several elements, such as Cu, Au, Pd, Rh, Fe and Mo,⁴⁸⁻⁵⁰ Ni,⁵¹⁻⁵³ Ru,^{54, 55} and Co,⁵⁶ have been investigated with the aim of finding a suitable replacement for Pt. Moreover, different techniques have been used to coat the electroactive materials: i) plasma or thermal spraying, ii) thermal decomposition, iii) electroplating or electrodeposition either in one-or in multi-steps,⁵⁷ and iv) *in-situ* activation.

Because of the promising results that have recently been achieved, HER catalysts, based on earth abundant elements, such as Co, Fe, and Ni, have at the centre of the attention in current research. ^{56, 58-63} For instance, Cobo et al.⁵⁶ developed a robust nano-particulate electro-catalytic material, the so called H₂-CoCat, which can be electrochemically prepared from cobalt salts in a phosphate buffer. This material consists of metallic Co coated with a cobalt-oxo/hydroxo-phosphate layer in contact with the electrolyte, and its unique feature is that it can mediate HER in a neutral aqueous buffer solution at modest overpotentials.⁵⁶ Other transition metal based catalysts for the HER have been benchmarked by McCrory *et al.*⁶⁴ by means of a standardized protocols (Fig. 9 in the main manuscript).

Some researches emphasized that coated-alloys showed a better performance and lower overpotentials in both acid and basic solutions rather than under neutral pH.⁶⁵ Thus, metal alloys have been studied on different substrates, *e.g.* CoMo alloys were prepared on titanium or steel substrates ⁶³ and on glassy carbon electrodes.⁶⁴

A considerable surface area of FeMo alloys, and their mix with rare earth metals, were reported to generate high rates of hydrogen evolution.⁶⁶ The experiments on electrodeposited FeMo alloys showed an overpotential drop of 0.15 - 0.3 V for HER as compared to mild steel, in a simulated commercial electrolyte for chlorate production.⁶⁷ Rosalbino *et al.*^{68, 69} investigated HER on crystalline alloys, with composition: Fe₉₀R₁₀, and FeZnR (R: rare earth metals such as Ce, Sm, Y, La or Gd; Mm: mischmetal), in 1 M NaOH solution at 25 °C. The multiphase microstructure of some of these alloys were found to promote the hydrogen adsorption, in particular, Ce and Mm-containing alloys led to an increase of the HER kinetics on the electrode surface due to synergetic composition effects.⁶⁵

Nickel-based catalysts and its alloys or composites are among the most investigated materials for HER electrode applications, mainly because of their high resistance towards alkaline solutions.^{65 70} The Ni structure and surface area have been enhanced by depositing it on active carbon fibres²⁹, making nickel-phosphorous-graphite (Ni-P-C_g) composites,⁵⁷ and alloying it with different metals (*i.e.* W;^{71, 72} Fe;^{73, 74}; Mo, Cr and Pd ⁷⁵) or metal oxides (*i.e.* MoO₂ and MoO₃).⁷⁶⁻⁷⁸

Polished polycrystalline Pt electrodes showed the highest HER activity in acidic media, operating at - 0.04 V of overpotential. Particularly, some alloys of Mo with Ni, Fe and Co, Mo/S and CoW also have demonstrated to be promising electro-catalysts for the HER. Indeed, electrodeposited NiMo and NiMoCo catalysts showed similar geometric activity in acid to such of Pt, achieving up to -10 mA·cm⁻² at -0.045 and – 0.05 V of overpotential, respectively. However, these materials demonstrated a lower specific activity than Pt, because they have 100- and 10-fold larger electrochemically active surface area (ECSA) than Pt. The stability of such electrodes was constant for 2 h of polarization experiments.

Instead, under a basic media, the polycrystalline Pt activity was reduced, operating at -0.10 V of overpotential at -10 mAcm⁻², but no agreement exists for explaining the reason for this decreased activity.⁶⁴ However, a higher-surface area platinized electrode operates with a higher activity than a planar Pt surface, reaching -0.04 V of overpotential at -10 mAcm⁻² in 0.1 M NaOH. Several materials showed similar

geometrical activity than Pt under basic media, *i.e.* NiMo, NiMoCo, CoMo, NiMo, NiFe and NiMoFe alloys, although they had 1-3 orders of magnitude higher surface area than Pt.⁶⁴ Other than their high efficiency for hydrogen evolution, additional interesting properties of those Mo-based metal alloys are their high melting point and good corrosion resistance. Indeed, the stability of such electrodes was quite constant for 2 h of polarization, and some of them were also tested for 24 h without any loss on activity.⁶⁴

Au catalyst requires particular attention because it is a good candidate for the reduction of CO_2 to CO. Au is less expensive than Pt, is catalytically active for HER and is stable.⁷⁹⁻⁸⁴ Xu ⁸⁵ investigated the evolution of hydrogen in single crystal Au electrodes, and determined the influence of different impurities on the hydrogen evolution process. Organic molecules such as decacyclene have shown opposite effects on the evolution of hydrogen for Au (111) and (100) surfaces, *i.e.* it inhibits the reaction for Au (100) but enhances it for Au (111); instead, the addition of HNO₃ facilitates HER. Smiljanic *et al.* ⁸⁶ used bimetallic surfaces of Au/Pd in an alkaline solution. In their study, Pd/Au (111) electrodes showed a significant catalytic activity towards a hydrogen evolution reaction in a 0.1 M NaOH solution compared to a pure Au (111) surface, where HER occured at a very high overpotential. Carbon paste electrodes (CPE), modified with nanomaterials as electro-catalysts, have recently attracted attention because of the HER. Thus, Siddhardha *et al.*⁸⁷ synthesized Au nanoparticles over graphene and carbon nanotube substrates, and prepared CPE for HER in an acid medium. The nanocomposites showed a ~ 100 fold increased current density compared to an unmodified CPE, and achieved up to ~ - 8.5 mAcm⁻² at -0.3 V *vs* RHE. Khanova *et al.*⁸⁸ described the kinetics of hydrogen evolution on electro-deposited Au electrodes as being dependent on both pH and ionic strength of the solution at high current densities and overpotentials.

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