

INTEGRATING SUSTAINABILITY AND HEALTH IN BUILDINGS THROUGH RENEWABLE MATERIALS



InnoRenew CoE International Conference 2020





INNORENEW COE

Livade 6, 6310 Izola, Slovenia

IRIC2020 SCIENTIFIC COMMITTEE

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WELCOME



As we open the second InnoRenew CoE International Conference, it's hard not to think of all that has changed in the year and a half that has passed since our debut conference.

Although the pandemic has dramatically changed our day-to-day lives, it has not changed society's need to address the rapidly changing climate, reconsider our economic priorities, and refocus our attention on important social issues. Buildings remain part of the solution to many problems, and I think it is becoming clear that we need to consider much more about buildings than the basics of shelter.

As the pandemic kept us indoors, many of us may have realised that our indoor environment plays an even more important role in our well-being and happiness than we previously acknowledged. Likewise, we may have considered more carefully how buildings affect the well-being of those who live in different circumstances. Access to safe, comfortable, and healthy living and working spaces is (and should be) a priority in a just society.

Another major change that will affect our work in the years to come is the introduction of the European Green Deal, which will be a major driver of sustainable development in Europe. The European Green Deal prioritises investment and innovation in building renovation solutions for energy performance and attempts to ensure these solutions reach all members of society. The European Green Deal recognizes the need to establish high-performance housing for all and will support renovation in social housing, schools, and other facilities that are often left behind. This is a step in the right direction for inclusive, high-performing buildings.

I rarely find proclamations of success convincing when it comes to sustainability – especially about buildings. We must continue to drive change through research, development, and innovation to make our built environment a beacon of sustainable development. We cannot be satisfied with the environmental performance of our products or buildings; we cannot allow people to be excluded from our advancements; and we cannot forget that buildings impact the well-being and happiness of their occupants.

At this year's InnoRenew CoE International Conference, we wanted to showcase how renewable materials play an integral role in sustainable construction by highlighting environmental performance, safety, and health as well as the economic, digital, and social links that bind us to the materials in the built environment. Conference presenters will discuss advances in design, material development, health research, retrofitting, environmental assessment, and many other topics that increase the efficiency and performance of the building and renewable materials sectors.

Carlo Battisti, President of Living Future Europe, will weave together these complementary threads in his keynote address, "Healthy, living transparent. The quiet revolution of materials". He works to push for change and supports researchers, architects, engineers, and other construction professionals to achieve it. His efforts have expanded knowledge and acceptance of restorative sustainability and regenerative design within Europe's construction community. We are excited and grateful for his participation in our conference.

Together, the contributions paint a hopeful picture. But we must continue to push the science forward, embed these innovations in normal construction practices, and ensure inclusion of all who can benefit from our hard work.

While I wish these matters could have been discussed in person in Izola, we must embrace new options for discourse on these topics. I hope the conference inspires you to reach out to one another and continue sharing, collaborating, and building communities that embrace the challenge of creating a sustainable and just built environment. You may also consider our new open access and peer–reviewed journal, *Interdisciplinary Perspectives on the Built Environment*, as a place to share the insights your work provides.

Thank you,

MIM

Dr Michael Burnard

Deputy Director, InnoRenew CoE Assist. Prof., University of Primorska

SCHEDULE AT A GLANCE

MORNING

WELCOME

9:00-9:05

KEYNOTE

9:05-9:35

FLASH TALKS

9:35-10:35

COFFEE BREAK

10:35-11:00

HUMAN HEALTH IN THE BUILT ENVIRONMENT

11:00-12:30

LUNCH

12:30-14:00

AFTERNOON

COMPLEMENTARY TOPICS

14:00-15:30

COFFEE BREAK

15:30-15:55

SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION

WITH RENEWABLE MATERIALS

15:55-17:25

CLOSING

17:25-17:30

KEYNOTE ADDRESS





CARLO BATTISTI
PRESIDENT, LIVING FUTURE EUROPE

Healthy, living, transparent. The quiet revolution of materials. Carlo Battisti has a degree in civil engineering from the Politecnico of Milan, nearly twenty years of experience in construction companies and a master's in management and organizational development from MIP International Business School. His certifications include Certified Project Manager IPMA®; LEED®, Living Future and WELL Accredited Professional; GBC Home AP, GBC Historic Building AP; USGBC® and WELL Faculty™.

Since 2009, he has been working with IDM South Tyrol (Italy) as an innovation manager in the Business Development department, Construction. From 2010 to 2011, he worked with the Energy and Environment Cluster of Trentino as manager of the business unit for sustainable products. From 2015 to 2016, he was the co-owner of a startup focused on LEED consulting. In 2015, he co-founded the Living Future Italy Collaborative.

Since 2017, he has been working with Eurac Research as Chair and Project Manager of COST Action 16114 RESTORE (REthinking Sustainability TOwards a Regenerative Economy). The RESTORE COST Action (2017–2021) will affect a paradigm shift towards restorative sustainability for new and existing buildings and space design across Europe through the collaboration of 160+ researchers from 40 European countries.

Since 2018, he is European Executive Director for the International Living Future Institute and current President of Living Future Europe. The Institute's mission will hasten the change and provide needed direction towards a regenerative design transition in Europe. It is actively pursuing European market alignment and adaptations of the Living Building Challenge (LBC).

AGENDA

WELCOME 9:00-9:05 Dr Michael Burnard, InnoRenew CoE	Marko Kovačević, Kompetenzzentrum Holz GmbH VOC-emission optimized Cross Laminated Timber
KEYNOTE 9:05-9:35 Carlo Battisti, Living Future Europe	
FLASH TALKS 9:35-10:35	Sustainability, health, and renewable materials – Trends in scientific publications
Balázs Dávid, InnoRenew CoE / UP FAMNIT Using discrete optimization methods in decision support for structural design Dóra Zetz, Breuer Marcell Doctoral School, Faculty of Engineering and Information	Olena Myronycheva, Luleå University of Technology The Influence of Four Commercial Wood-surface Treatments on Mould-fungi Growth in a Pure Culture
Technology, University of Pécs Office Building Optimisation Using the Energia Design Synthesis Method11	René Herrera, InnoRenew CoE / University of the Basque Country Improving hydrophobicity and thermal stability
Eva Prelovšek Niemelä, InnoRenew CoE Developing temporary housing solutions for displaced persons — a study of user peeds	of wood by esterification with fatty acids
displaced persons – a study of user needs	Urška Smrke, University of Ljubljana, Faculty of Arts / University of Maribor, Faculty of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science Aspects of Residential Environment Included in Residential Satisfaction Questionnaires: A Systematic Review
Hajnalka Juhász, University of Pécs, Faculty of Engineering and Information Technology HUNGARIAN NEST+ New type energy spaces in sustainable architecture*	Veerapandian Ponnuchamy, InnoRenew CoE Molecular Dynamics Investigation of Capturing Paracrystalline Cellulose Phase from mixed
Hana Remešová, InnoRenew CoE Testing the Thermal Properties of Loose-Fill Straw Inculation	Crystalline and Amorphous Cellulose under Constant Load22
Straw Insulation	Zsolt Benkő, University of Szeged, Department of Technology Practical education of Smart Home Systems
Thermo-Hydro-Mechanical Treatment of Australian Sawlog and Pulplog Hardwood Resources	emphasizing sustainability23
16	COFFEE BREAK 10:35-11:00
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*Unable to present



HUMAN HEALTH IN THE BUILT ENVIRONMENT | 11:00-12:30 Aarne Johannes Niemelä, InnoRenew CoE

Development of outdoor environment in schools with natural materials – a response of future users
26
Anja Jutraz, National Institute of Public Health
Ensuring the health of users with the integrated approach to the renovation of school buildings27
Anna Sandak, InnoRenew CoE
Bioinspired building materials – lesson from nature
28
Dean Lipovac, InnoRenew CoE / UP IAM Psychophysiological and attention restoration in a wooden office: A pilot study
Nastja Podrekar, InnoRenew CoE / UP School Furniture as a Risk Factor for Musculoskeletal Pain among Slovenian Students
Veronika Kotradyová, Faculty of Architecture, Slovak University of Technology in Bratislava Appreciation/acceptance of traditional and modern appearance of materials and products by users
LUNCH 12:30-14:00

COMPLEMENTARY TOPICS | 14:00-15:30

Benedikt Neyses, Luiea University of Technology Continuous densification of solid wood – the band press approach
Dennis Jones, Luleå University of Technology A Review of Wood Modification globally – Findings from COST FP1407 and 2019 updates
Gregor Lavrič, Pulp and Paper Institute Optical and abrasion properties of plasma treated and UV LED printed wood samples
Laetitia Marrot, InnoRenew CoE Towards Smart Textiles for Civil Engineering Application37
Marco Fellin, CNR-IVALSA (former) Cross Laminated Timber furniture providing shelter during earthquakes. Lifeshell public domain release.
Michael Mrissa, InnoRenew CoE Distributed Ledgers and Decentralized WoT Architectures
Stefania Fortino, VTT Technical Research Centre of Finland LTD Numerical simulation of moisture transport in thermally modified wood exposed to rain

COFFEE BREAK | 15:30-15:55

IRIC2020 AGENDA CONTINUES ON THE NEXT PAGE

AGENDA

SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION WITH RENEWABLE MATERIALS | 15:55-17:25

Erwin M. Schau, InnoRenew CoE A European reference house for Life Cycle Assessment of wooden residential buildings 42
Giulia Pelliccia, Università degli Studi di Perugia, Dipartimento di Ingegneria Civile ed Ambientale (DICA) HYGROSCOPIC COFFER. Digital parametrization and realization of timber bilayer composites for passive dehumidification in built environments
Kristóf Roland Horváth, Marcel Breuer Doctoral School, University of Pécs, Faculty of Engineering and Information Technology Residential Building Optimisation Using Passive Design Strategies
Tim Mavrič, InnoRenew CoE Energy Efficient Retrofitting – A comparative analysis of implemented strategies in Bosnia- Herzegovina and Slovenia

CLOSING | 17:25-17:30

THANK YOU FOR ATTENDING IRIC2020!

SEE YOU NEXT YEAR
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Flash Talks

Testing the Thermal Properties of Loose-Fill Straw Insulation

Hana Remešová¹, Nathan Kotlarewski², Matthew Schwarzkopf¹

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Current research suggests that natural materials such as straw can be a suitable insulation alternative to reduce energy demands in the construction and building industry, particularly during service due to its excellent thermal properties, low embodied energy, carbon storage, and acceptable mechanical properties (Chaussinand, Scartezzini, Nik, & Nik, 2015; Maraldi, Molari, Molari, & Regazzi, 2018; Mattila, Grönroos, Judl, & Korhonen, 2012; Sabapathy & Gedupudi, 2019). Traditional construction with straw utilises the material for insulation in the form of straw bales. The objective of this research was to test the thermal properties of straw as loose–fill insulation in traditional wall construction to validate if its thermal performance is competitive against readily available synthetic insulation batts.

A commercially available synthetic batt (15 kg/m3) and three straw samples of densities 31 kg/m3, 54 kg/m3, and 69 kg/m3 were tested between two chambers fitted with thermocouples to measure the increase in heat from a heated chamber to the adjacent chamber over a set time. The results aligned with the literature, noting the insulation properties of the straw were dependent on density; even the sample with the lowest density (31 kg/m3) acted as an insulator to the adjacent chamber. The highest density sample (69 kg/m3) resulted in the lowest temperature increase of 0,95°C (20,7°C to 21,65°C) compared to the synthetic batt, which prevented any increase in temperature of the adjacent chamber. This study suggests that the use of straw presents a plausible future application in the construction industry as a natural material for insulation in buildings. When sourced locally, it has low environmental impact and lower costs associated with transportation. However, future research and development is required to determine a standardised building material for its use in build-ings.

Keywords: straw, insulation, loose-fill, energy efficiency

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