The State of the Art of Remote Access to Confidential Microdata in Europe

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Outline

- 1 Introduction
- 2 What is Remote Access
- 3 Survey Participants
- 4 Findings of the Survey
- 5 What has been achieved, what is missing?
- 6 Next steps
- 7 Summary and Outlook

Data without Boundaries (DwB)

- Funded by the European Commission FP7 program
- 4-year project (2011-2015) with 29 partners (NSIs, DAs, Universities) from all over Europe
- Main goals:
 - Legal issues and accreditation
 - Servicing the use of OS data
 - Metadata standards and interoperability
 - Building a single point of access
 - Providing a flexible infrastructure for accessing confidential data
- 12 work packages
- More information: www.dwbproject.org





Ease European research by enhancing data access from a technical point of view

Three tasks (two reports; one pilot):

- 1 A survey about the state of the art of remote access in Europe
- 2 A feasibility study about the transition of separate Remote Access Centres into a Remote Access Network (RAN)
- 3 Pilot (proof of concept) for the implementation of a Remote Access Network

Partners:





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- 1 User can access research data remotely
- 2 The network connection is secured
- 3 Data stays (behind firewalls) on the servers of the data provider
- 4 Only a image (live-stream) is forwarded and provided on the desktop
- 5 We talk about access to confidential microdata
- 6 The user can see (live) the data s/he is working with





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- Only NSIs and CESSDA archives were surveyed
- Conducted November 2011 to February 2012
- Eight RA providers replied (6 NSIs, 1 NSA, 1 Archive):
 - Statistics Denmark
 - 2 Office for National Statistics, UK
 - 3 Statistics Sweden
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 - **5** Statistics Netherlands
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 - Anvwhere
 - Institution
 - Safe room
- International access
 - In general possible; UK only domestically
 - The national law normally says nothing specific about transnational access
- Network and encryption
 - Encrypted Virtual Private Network (VPN) tunnel (only ONS is using a private network)
 - Cryptographic Protocol: Secure Sockets Layer (SSL)





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 - Two-factor authentication
 - Password
 - Smart-card/token with biometrics (fingerprint)
 - Smart-card/token with One-Time-Password (OTP)
 - IP-range and or hardware certificate
- Data storage
 - Different formats: SQL, ASCII, SAS, SPSS, Stata
 - Storage facility: home institution or at least home country
- Available software for user
 - SPSS. Stata. MS word. Latex etc.
 - Sometimes non-standard software against payment
- Fees for using the solution
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- Range from zero to many thousands (different models)



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What has been achieved, what is missing?

- Achieved:
 - Bringing access points to the user
 - Safe connections to one data source
 - User support (varies)
 - data source specific accreditation and user account
- Missing
 - General accessibility within Europe
 - Connecting more than one data source
 - Environment for collaborative work
 - European (accreditation and) user account





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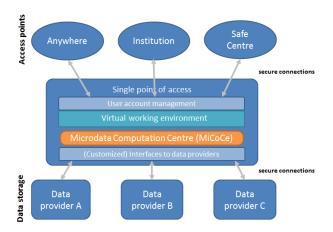
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European Remote Access Network (Eu-RAN)







- Remote access is a promising and secure approach to make confidential data usable for research in the social sciences (of course, not the only one)
- A number of data providers already have running solutions
- The scope is often on national and not European level
- Eu-RAN is discussed with experts all over the world (and the discussion will go on)
- parallel a pilot by CASD, IAB and UKDS proofs parts of the concept
- Results of discussions and of the pilot will improve the concept for Eu-RAN
- Finally a live and running infrastructure will provide services for data providers and user (if we do not run out of time and money)



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Thank you!

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Contact: david.schiller@iab.de



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