# Linking thesauri: ELSST as a hub for social science data terms

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#### Overview

- The UK Data Archive manages two related thesauri:
  - ELSST Multilingual European Language Social Science Thesaurus
  - HASSET Humanities and Social Science Electronic Thesaurus
- received funding from UK's ESRC for CESSDA ELSST project (October 2012 to September 2017) to:
  - develop both thesauri
  - redevelop thesaurus management applications
  - streamline thesaurus management processes
- progress so far



### Background

- HASSET and ELSST have, historically, been managed separately, using different administrative interfaces
- This has created problems:
  - it is resource-intensive and inefficient to have to enter the same information in two places
  - maintaining two separate structures creates the capacity for the two thesauri to diverge – or for errors to be entered – without this being obvious





#### Thesaurus development: aims

- align two thesauri as far as possible; initial hypothesis two thesauri can be merged
- update and revise thesauri
- make compliant (as far as possible) with new international thesaurus guidelines for monolingual and multilingual thesauri - ISO 25964, to promote interoperability
- create SKOS version of both thesauri, to make available for linked data





#### ISO 25964

- ISO 25964 = the international standard for thesauri and interoperability with other vocabularies
- Part 1 Thesauri for information retrieval:
  - covers all aspects of developing a thesaurus, monolingual or multilingual
- Part 2 Interoperability with other vocabularies
  - explains how to map between the concepts in different KOS
- concept-based, rather than term-based thesaurus model





## Thesaurus development – work so far

- moved from term-based to concept-based thesaurus model (following ISO 25964); preferred terms now labels for concepts
- defined which thesaurus elements/relations are required:
  - PTs, UFs, BTs, NTs, UFs
  - Notes: Previous SNs now split into SNs, Use notes, history note, translation notes (ELSST), edit notes
- defined axioms and constraints
- initial alignment work: identified and corrected inconsistencies between the two thesauri at term level and relationship level





## Thesaurus development: ongoing work

- review of hierarchical structure including
  - use of polyhierarchies
  - review of top terms
- updating terms
  - removing redundancy of terms
  - adding SNs
- further thesaurus alignment work





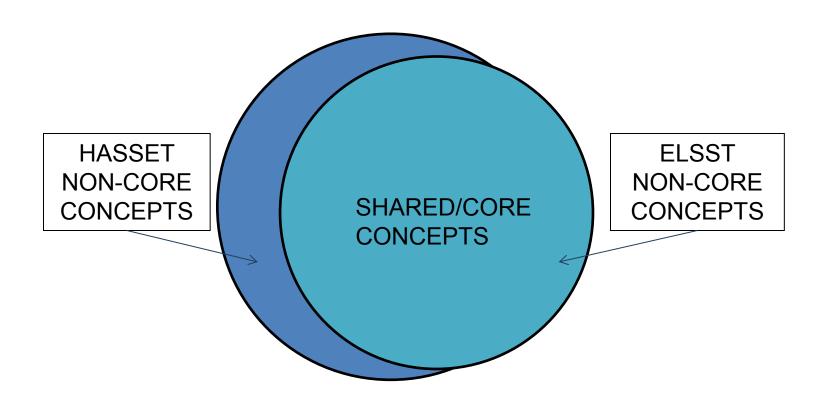
### HASSET/ELSST relationship: overview

- each may consist of shared ('core') concepts and non-core concepts
- ELSST contains internationally applicable concepts only
- HASSET also contains culture-specific concepts (e.g. BARRISTERS) and other non-core concepts and hierarchies (e.g. the GEOGRAPHICAL AREAS AND COUNTRIES hierarchy)
- differing time scales:
  - HASSET is constantly updated so that indexers within the UKDA and members of the general public may browse the current version at all times
  - ELSST moving to annual release, following international approval of new or changed terms





# HASSET/ELSST relationship







## Thesaurus alignment exercise

- aim to see if feasible to merge ELSST and HASSET, i.e. to consider ELSST a true subset of HASSET
- looked at all concepts, terms and relations that were in ELSST, not HASSET (e.g. concepts that had different BTs in ELSST and HASSET) and resolved where possible
- conclusion not possible to merge the two thesauri completely
- instead, should aim for alignment as much as possible but, where not, should aim to make the relationships between ELSST and HASSET concepts clear





### HASSET/ELSST relationship defined

- rather than being merged, HASSET and ELSST will be mapped – see ISO 25964-2
- allows each thesaurus to retain own identity and integrity
   with some rules
- enables the two thesauri to share a clearly defined, common set of shared/"core" concepts while allowing room for divergence





#### Mapping in ISO 25964-2: overview

- mappings are semantic they are established between concepts, as represented by their preferred terms, and not between structures
- structure may, however, be taken into account in determining whether a mapping between concepts can be established



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## Mapping in ISO 25964-2: types

- basic mapping types:
  - Equivalence
    - Simple
    - Compound
  - Hierarchical
    - Broader
    - Narrower
  - Associative
- exact vs. inexact: applies to simple equivalence only –
   "inexact" equivalence arises when the concepts are
   equivalent in some contexts but not others, or where
   concepts have overlapping scopes or small differences
   of connotation





# Mapping relationship between shared/core concepts in HASSET and ELSST

- Two types of equivalence exact and close
- "exact equivalent" must have the same:
  - Preferred Term
  - BTs
  - Scope note & scope note source
- "close equivalent" must only have the same:
  - Preferred Term
  - BTs
- other associated metadata may differ, including:
  - non-preferred terms (UFs)
  - NTs
  - RTs





# ELSST → HASSET equivalence versus ISO 25964-2 equivalence

- ELSST → HASSET equivalence has structural constraints (must have same BTs), so can be seen as narrower (and more restrictive) case of the simple equivalence as defined by ISO 25964-2. Also requires identity of preferred labels
- "exact equivalence" in HASSET/ELSST same as exact simple equivalence in ISO 25964-2
- "close equivalence" in HASSET/ELSST same as inexact simple equivalence in ISO 25964-2



# Some implications for development of the two thesauri

- core concepts must be appropriate to all languages
- core BT structure must be appropriate to all languages
- workflow: core BTs must be added at same time need time to negotiate with partners
- it is important to keep track of differences between core concepts in the two thesauri for thesaurus management purposes – reporting functions important



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#### Thesaurus alignment - outstanding questions

- Coverage: what about concepts that are not currently in ELSST that are not UK-specific – should they be added? Consultation required with ELSST partners
- How and when shared concepts may differ in:
  - o SN
  - o UFs
  - o NTs
  - o RTs
- ELSST -> HASSET mapping model for other local extensions?
- How will mapping be represented/implemented?





## Applying SKOS to HASSET and ELSST-1

#### What is SKOS?

- Simple Knowledge Organization System
- encodes KOS in a standardised way to make their structures comparable – promotes interoperability
- developed in close association with ISO 25964
- set of RDF predicates to describe relationships between thesaurus terms



## Applying SKOS to HASSET and ELSST-2

- SKOS already applied to HASSET during Jisc-funded SKOS HASSET project – see lod.data-archive.ac.uk/skoshasset/
- soon to be applied to ELSST
- persistence via GUIDs (Globally Unique IDentifiers)
- version control
- use <u>Pubby</u> to publish our SKOS
- use <u>BrightStarDB</u> for the Triple Store





#### Example of SKOS-HASSET

```
?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<rdf:RDF xmlns:rdfs="http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#" xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#"
xmlns:dc="http://purl.org/dc/terms/" xmlns:skos="http://www.w3.org/2004/02/skos/core#"
xmlns:rdf="http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#">
 <skos:ConceptScheme rdf:about="http://tempuri/HASSET/">
   <dc:title>Test SROS-HASSET Thesaurus</dc:title>
   <rdfs:label>Test SKOS-HASSET Thesaurus</rdfs:label>
   <skos:hasTopConcept rdf:resource="http://tempuri/HASSET/006D08D9-1238-4436-B74B-AB7E0C684CFD" />
   <skos:hasTopConcept rdf:resource="http://tempuri/HASSET/FE276908-AB56-4786-8FCA-5B09E4C9B16C" />
   <skos:hasTopConcept rdf:resource="http://tempuri/HASSET/FFDD3FC3-BC29-42C3-9CE5-CE625F80B9DC" />
 </skos:ConceptScheme>
 <skos:Concept rdf:about="http://tempuri/HASSET/003D1273-6446-4B99-BE8A-C7E9AB56AF71">
   <skos:altLabel xml:lang="en">CRASH HELMETS</skos:altLabel>
   <skos:altLabel xml:lang="en">CYCLE HELMETS</skos:altLabel>
   <skos:broader rdf:resource="http://tempuri/HASSET/EC52047A-6C1F-46F2-9798-2EB24BC7F0A0" />
   <skos:inScheme rdf:resource="http://tempuri/HASSET/" />
   <skos:prefLabel xml:lang="en">PROTECTIVE HEADWEAR</skos:prefLabel>
   <skos:related rdf:resource="http://tempuri/HASSET/7419A454-61B8-42A0-B4D8-4590AFE92FF4" />
   <skos:related rdf:resource="http://tempuri/HASSET/EAE3E8B1-F5BB-432B-BFAE-1E7457FC2DC9" />
 </skos:Concept>
 <skos:Concept rdf:about="http://tempuri/HASSET/0044108B-FD96-4691-AAFC-E47426E3E5BD">
   <skos:altLabel xml:lang="en">FLATS</skos:altLabel>
   <skos:broader rdf:resource="http://tempuri/HASSET/62BA7106-D4B7-4B81-A21E-2D208FEDCDF3" />
   <skos:broader rdf:resource="http://tempuri/HASSET/67E5FC17-9CA7-469A-B3D1-D9372C59DA0E" />
   <skos:inScheme rdf:resource="http://tempuri/HASSET/" />
   <skos:narrower rdf:resource="http://tempuri/HASSET/08E3FB58-6D22-47D4-8469-FB06A42675CD" />
   <skos:prefLabel xml:lang="en">APARTMENTS</skos:prefLabel>
   <skos:related rdf:resource="http://tempuri/HASSET/927EDB93-87E1-4978-AD39-F3D9E1F00403" />
   <skos:related rdf:resource="http://tempuri/HASSET/CA4BBEB9-7C84-4574-8BC0-DC8178DE595E" />
 </skos:Concept>
 rdf:RDF>
```





# Applying SKOS to HASSET and ELSST: issues

- consistency checks / "loose terms"
- question of dereferencing concepts
  - SKOS-HASSET is machine-actionable (see <u>www.linksailor.com</u>)
  - how to deliver meaningful web content for, say, skosconcept:162?
  - solution: browseable, meaningful thesaurus view <u>www.data-archive.ac.uk/find/hasset-</u> thesaurus/hasset-browser



## Thesaurus management system (TMS)

- single management system for both thesauri
- updated and improved user-facing pages
- improved management interface



## TMS user-facing interface

- separate interfaces for two thesauri
- supports search and browse functions
- term visualisation and tree structure
- multilingual (ELSST)
- allows linking to datasets (HASSET)
- much of the user interface has been implemented using AJAX scripting to minimise post backs and maximise the user experience, and using restricting lists in real time



- IIII

#### TMS user-facing interface: ELSST homepage

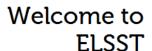
UK Data Service ELSST

ELSST search

ELSST suggestions

ELSST guide

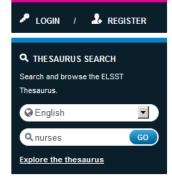




#### Your multi-lingual thesaurus

ELSST is the European Language Social Science Thesaurus





#### START

#### **ELSST BLOG**

Axioms and
Constraints: Ensuring
Structural Validity

From Trees to Webs:
Some reflections on
21st Century Thesauri
Structure

Thesaurus management system â€" progress update

#### ABOUT US

ELSST is a broad-based, multilingual thesaurus for the social sciences.

It facilitates access to data resources across Europe, independent of domain, resource, language or vocabulary.

It was originally based on the monolingual thesaurus, Humanities and Social Science Electronic Thesaurus (HASSET), of the UK Data Archive at the University of Essex.

ELSST covers the core social science disciplines: politics, sociology, economics, education, law, crime, demography, health, employment, information and communication technology and, increasingly, environmental science.

#### STRUCTURE

ELSST employs the usual range of terms and thesaural relationships:

- Preferred Terms and Non-Preferred or Use For terms (UFs)
- · Broader Terms (BTs)
- Narrower Terms (NTs)
- · Related Terms (RTs)

ELSST's UFs are entry level terms rather than pure synonyms.

Scope Notes (SNs) are used to define the extent of the intended meaning within the domain of the thesaurus.

Use Notes (UNs) provide information and guidance on how terms may be used for

The thesaurus is updated annually. Users are encouraged to suggest new candidate concepts to the thesaurus (in English). The suggested concepts are reviewed annually by the multinational ELSST Thesaurus Management Team, and those that are approved are added to the next version of the thesaurus.

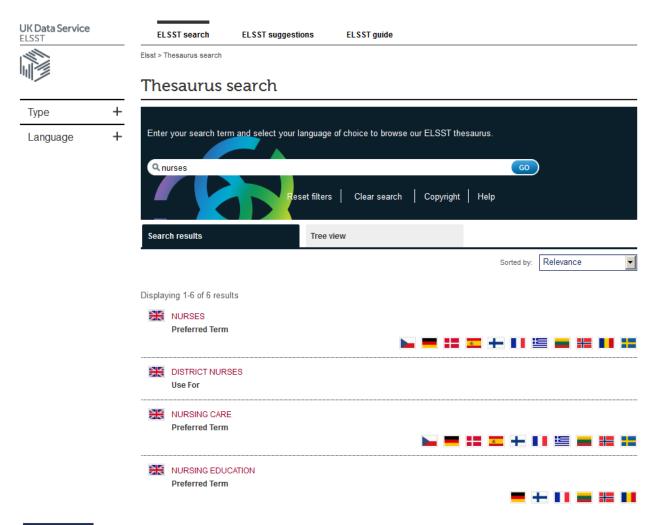
Maintenance and support







#### TMS user-facing interface: Thesaurus search







#### TMS user-facing interface: View term (tree)

**Broader Terms** 

HEALTH PROFESSIONALS

**UK Data Service** ELSST search **ELSST suggestions ELSST** quide ELSST Elsst > Thesaurus search > View term View term Home Select your preferred language English New search Login Current version Visual graph Search current version Preferred Term Enter preferred term. NURSES Language Equivalents ♣ □ HEALTH PROFESSIONS Czech ZDRAVOTNÍ SESTRY **♣** □ HEALTH PROFESSIONALS DENTISTS **PFLEGEPERSONAL** German MURSES ... MIDWIVES Danish SYGEPLEJERSKE OPTICIANS Spanish **ENFERMERAS** ☐ PARAMEDICAL PERSONNEL PHARMACISTS Finnish HOITAJAT - PHYSICIANS PSYCHOLOGISTS French PERSONNEL INFIRMIER MEDICAL PROFESSION Greek ΝΟΣΗΛΕΥΤΈΣ □ NURSING PROFESSION WORKERS BY PROFESSION Lithuanian SLAUGYTOJAI ACCOUNTANTS AGRICULTURAL WORKERS SYKEPLEIERE Norwegian Norwegian ARCHITECTS Romanian ASISTENTE MEDICALE COMMUNICATION PERSONNEL COURT OFFICIALS AND PERSONNEL Swedish SJUKSKÖTERSKA □ DEBT COLLECTORS ☐ DOCKERS Use for DOMESTIC WORKERS □ EDUCATIONAL PERSONNEL DISTRICT NURSES ENGINEERS



□ ESTATE AGENTS
 □ FARMERS
 □

☐ FIREFIGHTERS

A M HEALTH PROFESSIONALS



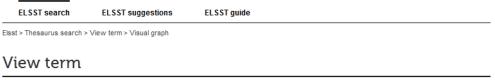
#### TMS user-facing interface: View term (visual graph)

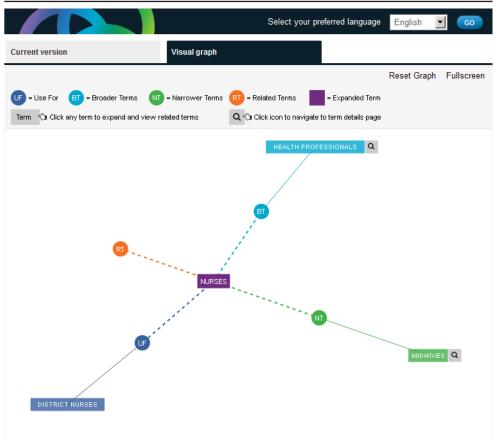
UK Data Service ELSST



Home

New search Login









### TMS management interface

- enables bundled suggestions to be made for changes to the thesaurus terms or structure, also linked to the tree structure - LINQ to XML
- allows terms to be promoted to the core set, or be demoted to 'non-core'
- enables authorised language equivalents to be added to ELSST terms
- keeps track of changes terms never deleted
- keeps track of differences between two thesauri
- allows linking to indexing software (HASSET)



#### TMS management interface: Add suggestion

UK Data Service



Home

New search

Suggest a change

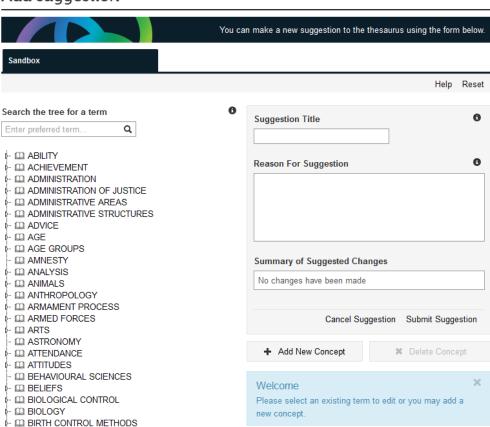
ELSST search ELSST suggestions ELSST guide

Elsst > Suggestions > Add suggestion

#### Add suggestion

BORDERS (FRONTIERS)

. M BUDGETS







### Thesaurus management process

- single workflow for concept management
- need to share suggestions with colleagues inside and outside the Archive
- fulfils two different time-based requirements



### Summary and conclusion

- thesaurus development well under way
- increased interoperability through concept-based model,
   ISO compliance, and conversion to SKOS
- improved cross-border searching with clearly defined mappings between the two thesauri
- thesauri alignment should reduce time and effort to maintain two separate thesauri
- more user-friendly user-facing interface
- innovative thesaurus management system should enhance communication



#### Obtaining HASSET and ELSST

- both free to browse:
  - HASSET:
    - www.data-archive.ac.uk/find/hasset-thesaurus
  - ELSST: <a href="http://elsst.esds.ac.uk">http://elsst.esds.ac.uk</a>
- licence available to use or adapt thesauri for own organisation:
  - help@ukdataservice.ac.uk mark your query for the attention of the Thesaurus Team



#### More information about HASSET and ELSST

• Website:

ukdataservice.ac.uk/about-us/projects/cessda-elsst/details.aspx

- Blog: <a href="https://elsst.wordpress.com/">https://elsst.wordpress.com/</a>
- Announcements via HASSET Jiscmail list:

HASSET-THESAURUS@Jiscmail.ac.uk

Enquiries: <a href="mailto:help@ukdataservice.ac.uk">help@ukdataservice.ac.uk</a> – mark your query for the attention of the Thesaurus Team





#### Questions

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