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## Deliverable D-JIP2-2.4:

 Thematic workshopsWorkpackage 2

Responsible Partner: RIVM
Contributing partners: WBVR, Bfrr, APHA, FHI/NIPH, ISZ-LER, ISZ-AM, FLI, ISS, NVI, SLV/NFA, Sciensano, FOHM/PHA, INIA, DTU

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## GENERAL INFORMATION

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| WP and Task | Task 2.1 Development of guidelines for national One Health Structures |
| Leader | Kitty Maassen |
| Other contributors | WBVR, Bfr, APHA, FHI/NIPH, ISZ-LER, ISZ-AM, FLI, ISS, NVI, SLV/NFA, <br> Sciensano, FOHM/PHA, INIA, DTU |
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This deliverable consists of several workshops related to the development of the guidelines for national One Health Structures. The first workshop was during the annual meeting in April 2019 in Uppsala, the second workshop was in Brussel on July $1^{\text {st }}$ and $2^{\text {nd }}$. The third workshop was in London on October $8^{\text {th }}$ and $9^{\text {th }}$. In addition, a workshop was given during the general meeting in Rome on November 29th. All workshops were extensively prepared, with several working formats.

## Workshop Annual Meeting, Uppsala, April 2019

Work session for task 2.1 Development of guidelines for national One Health structures [presentation 11]. The session 'The usability of the Tripartite Zoonosis Guide 2019' was led by Kitty Maassen, together with facilitators Frank Koenen and Mathilde Uiterwijk and support from Ines Mogami, Charlotte Cook and Ewa Pacholewicz. Before the meeting, all participants received a preparation document [document work session Tripartite zoonoses Guide].

## Why this work session?

During the interactive session 'Towards the guidelines' in the November workshop of COHESIVE, the TZG 2008 was discussed. This TZG has been updated in 2019. The TZGs are developed for countries all over the world. During the interactive session, the need of an addition to the TZG focusing on the EU situation has been expressed. It was also concluded that the focus of WP2-task 1 will be on the implementation of the TZG and that check-lists, roadmaps or other elaborations could be developed as tools to establish strengthened collaboration between the human-veterinary-food (and environmental) sector in the area of risk analysis of zoonotic diseases. The TZG 2019 is extended largely and may already include some useful implementation steps. To achieve the above-mentioned goal, the TZG 2019 can be used as a foundation replacing the 2008 version.

## What is the main goal of the work session?

The main goal of this session was to discuss to what extent the current TZG 2019 is useful in order to develop and/or improve a One Health Structure in European countries. For this purpose, a One Health structure will be referred to as an integrated human-veterinary-food risk analysis structure for efficient signalling, risk-assessment, response and control of zoonotic diseases. Depending on the needs, a One Health structure can have different forms but also different focusses such as:

- Specific zoonoses (e.g. by prioritizing)
- New and (re)emerging zoonoses
- Endemic zoonoses
- Foodborne zoonoses
- Antimicrobial Resistance (AMR)
- Vector borne zoonoses


## Summary of the work session

After a short introduction to the TZG, the work session started with a discussion on the needs for improvement of collaboration in the area of risk analysis of zoonoses (signalling, risk assessment, response and control) and topics with priority to improve. This group clearly had food borne zoonoses and AMR as the top priorities, followed by new and (re)emerging zoonoses and the 'total portfolio'. Three groups were formed, one discussing foodborne zoonoses, one on AMR and one on new/emerging and total portfolio of zoonoses. The participants were asked the question 'if you want to do a risk analysis for the diseases in the group (foodborne, AMR or emerging), which activities as described in chapter 5 of the TZG are essential for a One Health Structure in your opinion/expertise/ideas and why?' In all groups, it was concluded that all activities are necessary to perform risk analysis in a One Health structure. A plenary discussion on the importance of a multisectoral, One Health coordination mechanism (MCM) followed. During the discussion, it became clear that it is hard to reach consensus on what the authors mean exactly with MCM. Some participants expressed the importance of having some kind of national governing board existing of government staff. Although not everyone shared this opinion, all participants expressed the importance of having political will in order to achieve setting up a One Health risk analysis structure.

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The general preliminary conclusions of the TZG are:

- Important that the TZG exists
- Made for governmental level, important for getting polical will
- Comprehensive (good reference)
- Multisectoral coordination mechanism needed
- All activities (from 5.1-5.5) needed for One Health structure
- Global, not European
- AMR not well addressed
- Comprehensive, difficult to understand, not clear, not practical It was a lively discussion with very fruitful input from all participants.

Workshop WP2.1, Brussel, July 2019
This workshop focused on the necessary activities that should be included in a One Health Risk analysis System. The activities identified were: Signalling, risk-assessment, feasibility assessment, risk-management, risk-communication and governance. Also barriers/risk and building blocks were identified. These included for instance trust/relation, transparency, political will, economics. Some illustrations are shown below.


Workshop 2.1 and 3.1, London, October 2019
The WP2.1 workshop focused 'Building a system', using the Brussels output as input. The idea of the One Health Risk-analysis system (OHRAS) is to organize activities in a One Health fashion. In practice this means making groups with specific tasks related to the mentioned activities. This was discussed in small groups and subsequently shared and plenary discussed. Next, terms of references that should go along with groups dealing with certain activities were drafted.
As stated above the idea is that the activities should be organized. However, the way to organize these is dependent on what kind of structures already exist etc. So, there are many possibilities and it is up to the countries to decide upon it. In a presentation several possibilities were presented (governance over the whole system or per activity, signalling and risk assessment in the same group or separated). The exercise was to draft an ideal OHRAS with peoples own country in mind. The output will be used as input for the guidelines.
In addition general items were discussed such as how to collaborate with the Tripartite WHO/FAO/OIE.

Workshop General Meeting, Rome, November 2019
This workshop focused upon 'political will'. One of the major barriers mentioned during several workshops was (the lack of) political will. During this workshop it was discussed what was meant by this, so what is behind this general term. The results will be analysed and most likely a followup workshop will follow with the goal to be able to provide countries with tips \& tricks and/or tools to support them with obtaining political will, since this is an important step when implementing a new system/approach.

