

SEC-MALS: USP5 and Ubiquitin

Objective: To determine the stoichiometry of binding of monoubiquitin (Ubq) to the [full-length wildtype](#) USP5 and [R221A mutant](#) protein by size exclusion chromatography-multiple angle light scattering (SEC-MALS) to elucidate the binding properties of native ubiquitin for future cell-based and activity studies.

Method & Results:

Samples were prepared by Mandeep Mann. Dr. Rachel Harding carried out the MALS experiment.

1 mL of 0.5 mg/mL of USP5¹⁻⁸³⁵ ([SDC075-B03](#))/ USP5^{R221A 1-835} ([TOC023A06](#)) ± 5x molar excess of Ub¹⁻⁷⁶ (25 µM) was prepared in 50 mM Tris pH 8, 150 mM NaCl, 1 mM TCEP. Sample was injected through a Superose6 10/300 GL column (GE Healthcare Life Sciences) at 0.4 mL/min followed by a Dawn Heleos-II light scattering detector (Wyatt Technologies). Molecular mass calculations were performed using ASTRA 6 assuming a dn/dc of 0.1850 mL/g (Wyatt Technologies). The data was plotted using GraphPad Prism 8.2.0.

Please see attached data files:

- Astra6 reports (MALS_WT.pdf/MALS_WT_Ubq.pdf/MALS_R221A.pdf/MALS_R221A_Ubq.pdf)
- Raw data (MALS_WT.csv/MALS_WT_Ubq.csv/MALS_R221A.csv/MALS_R221A_Ubq.csv)
- GraphPad files (MALS_WT.pzfx/MALS_R221A.pzfx)

The results are summarized in Table 1 and depicted in Figures 1, 2 and 3.

Table 1. Summary of SEC-MALS

	Peak Elution Volume (mL)	Mn (g/mol)	Mv (g/mol)	Mw (g/mol)	Mz (g/mol)	Mp (g/mol)	Polydispersity (Mw/Mn)	Peak Molecular Weight (kDa)
WT USP5	17.4	1.004 x 10 ⁵ (±1.426%)	n/a	1.083 x 10 ⁵ (± 3.154%)	2.182 x 10 ⁵ (± 58.989%)	9.970 x 10 ⁴ (±0.271%)	1.1	99.7
WT USP5 + Ubq	17.4	4.397 x 10 ⁴ (±2.031%)	n/a	9.223 x 10 ⁴ (±2.378%)	1.614 x 10 ⁵ (±27.249%)	1.068 x 10 ⁵ (±0.338%)	2.1	106.8
R221A USP5	17.5	1.051 x 10 ⁵ (±0.561%)	n/a	1.058 x 10 ⁵ (±0.672%)	1.078 x 10 ⁵ (±2.322%)	1.064 x 10 ⁵ (±0.321%)	1.0	106.4
R221A USP5 + Ubq	17.3	1.051 x 10 ⁵ (±0.681%)	n/a	1.056 x10 ⁵ (±0.839%)	1.064 x 10 ⁵ (±2.348%)	1.059 x 10 ⁵ (±0.351%)	1.0	105.9

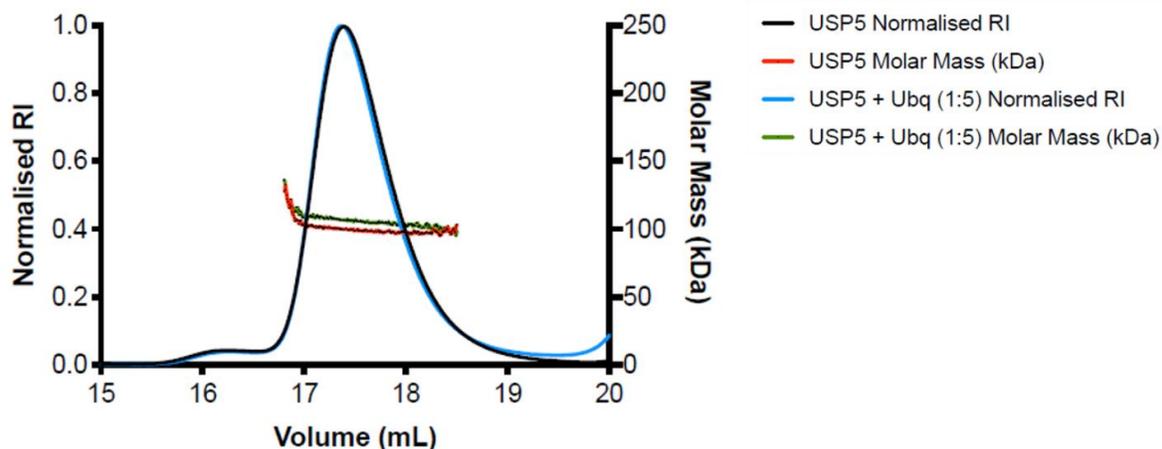


Figure 1. SEC-MALS of wildtype USP5 only (black) and wildtype USP5 + Ubq (blue)

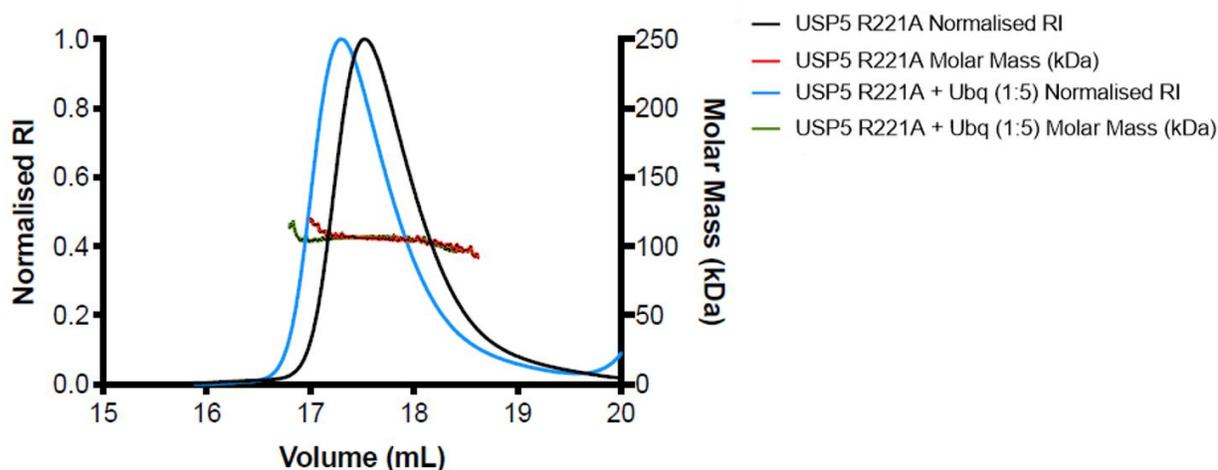


Figure 2. SEC-MALS of R221A mutant USP5 only (black) and R221A USP5 + Ubq (blue)

Conclusions & Future Directions

WT USP5 is fairly monodispersed ($M_w/M_n = 1.1$) and has a molecular weight of approximately 99 kDa, similar to the expected molecular weight of the protein which is 95.3 kDa. WT USP5 + Ubq elutes at the same volume as WT USP5 (17.4 mL) and has a molecular weight of approximately 107 kDa. This corresponds to 1:1 binding of ubiquitin ($MW = 8.6$ kDa) to USP5.

R221A USP5 has an approximate molecular weight of 106 kDa, which is higher than the expected molecular weight of the protein ($MW = 99.6$ kDa). R221A + Ubq also has an approximate molecular weight of 106 kDa. The mutant R221A \pm Ubq are not significantly different and without orthogonal experiments, it is difficult to interpret what the MALS data means. [SPR assay results](#) confirm ubiquitin binds to R221A USP5 ($K_D = 38 \pm 3 \mu M$) albeit 100-fold weaker than the WT ($K_D = 0.3 \pm 0.1 \mu M$). Interestingly, there was a shift in the elution volume of the R221A + Ubq compared to R221A, where the R221A + Ubq elutes approximately 0.2 mL before R221A USP5. Perhaps, there is a conformational shift

of the R221A USP5 in the presence of ubiquitin. Large conformational remodeling of full-length USP5 was previously suggested¹.

Next, we will use dynamic light scattering (DLS) and small angle X-ray scattering (SAXS) to better understand ubiquitin binding to various USP5 constructs, including R221A.

¹*Biochemistry* 2012, 51, 6, 1188-1198