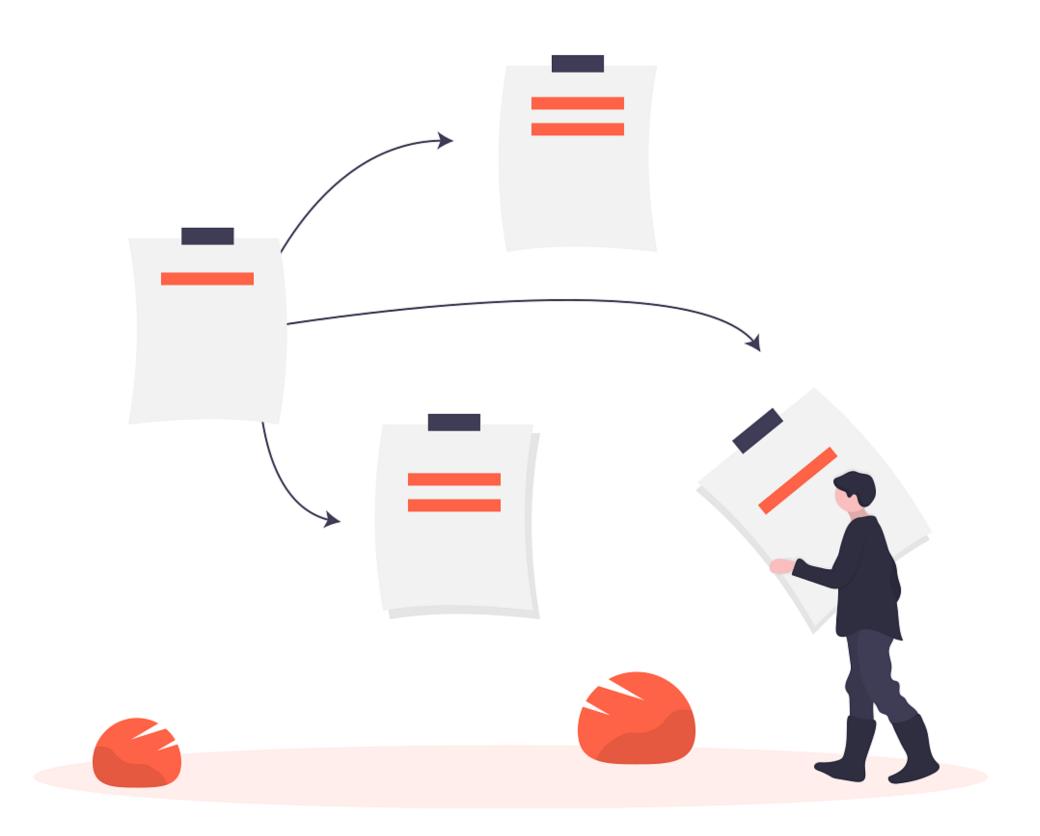


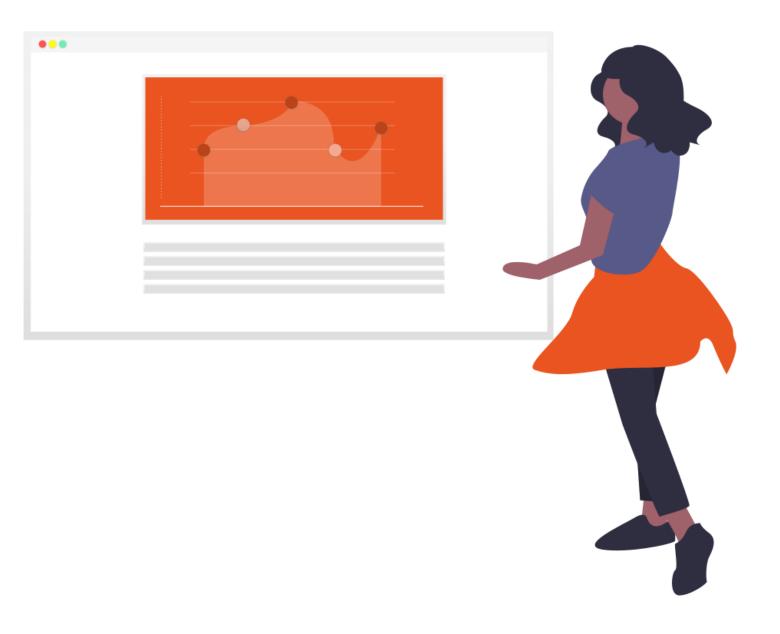
Data Stewardship Wizard Workshop

Outline

- Introduction
- DSW for Researchers + Demo
- DSW for Data Stewards + Demo
- How to Get Started
- Questions & Discussion





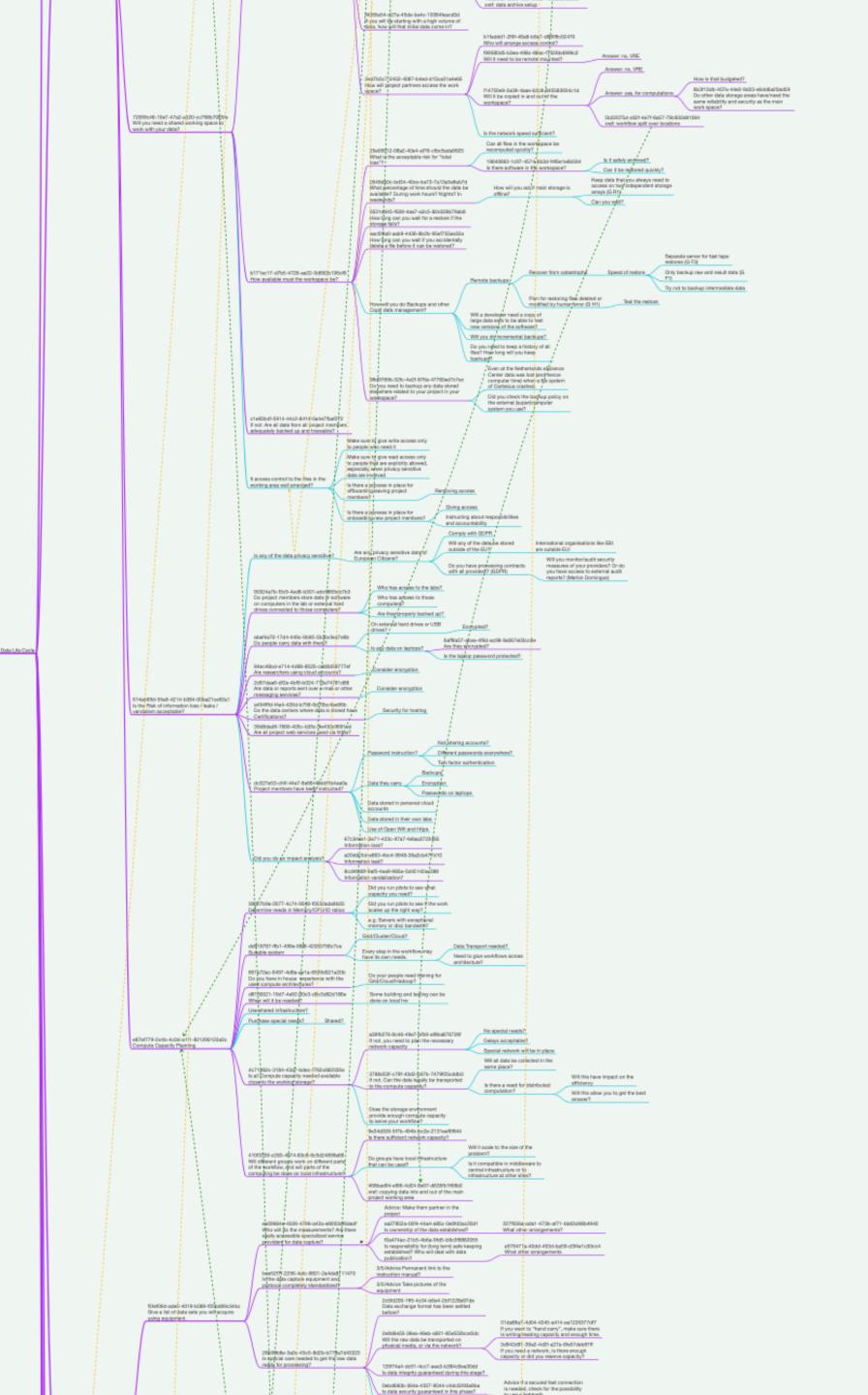


Introduction

Data Stewardship Mindmap

- A mind map of data stewardship topics
- Created by Rob Hooft

https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.2614820



Data Stewardship Wizard

- A tool for generating data management plans
- Using smart questionnaires to guide researchers
- Customizable questionnaire templates

Can be used in other domains







DSW for Researchers

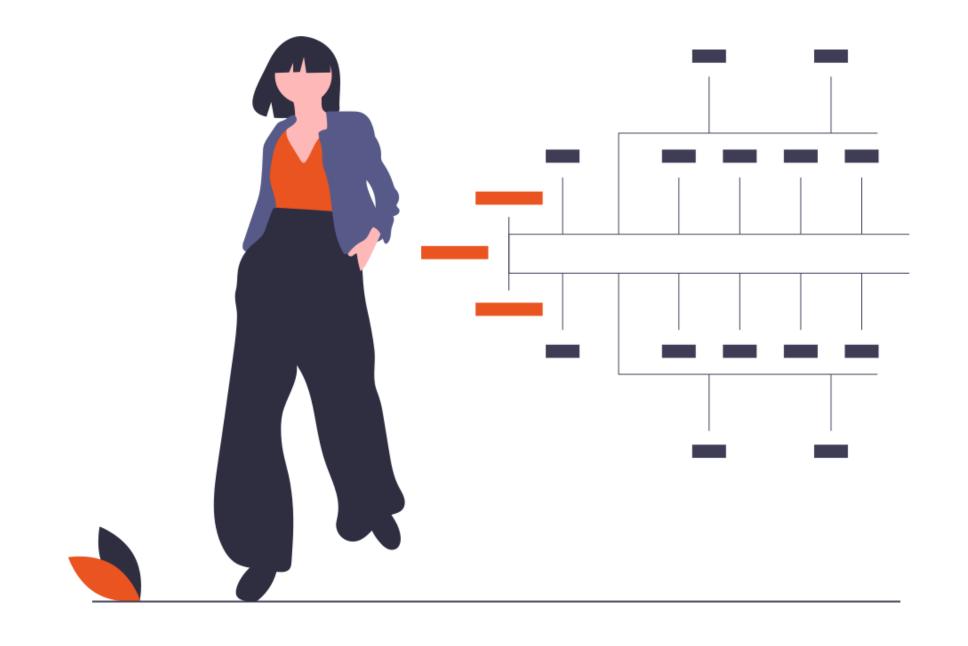


Knowledge Model



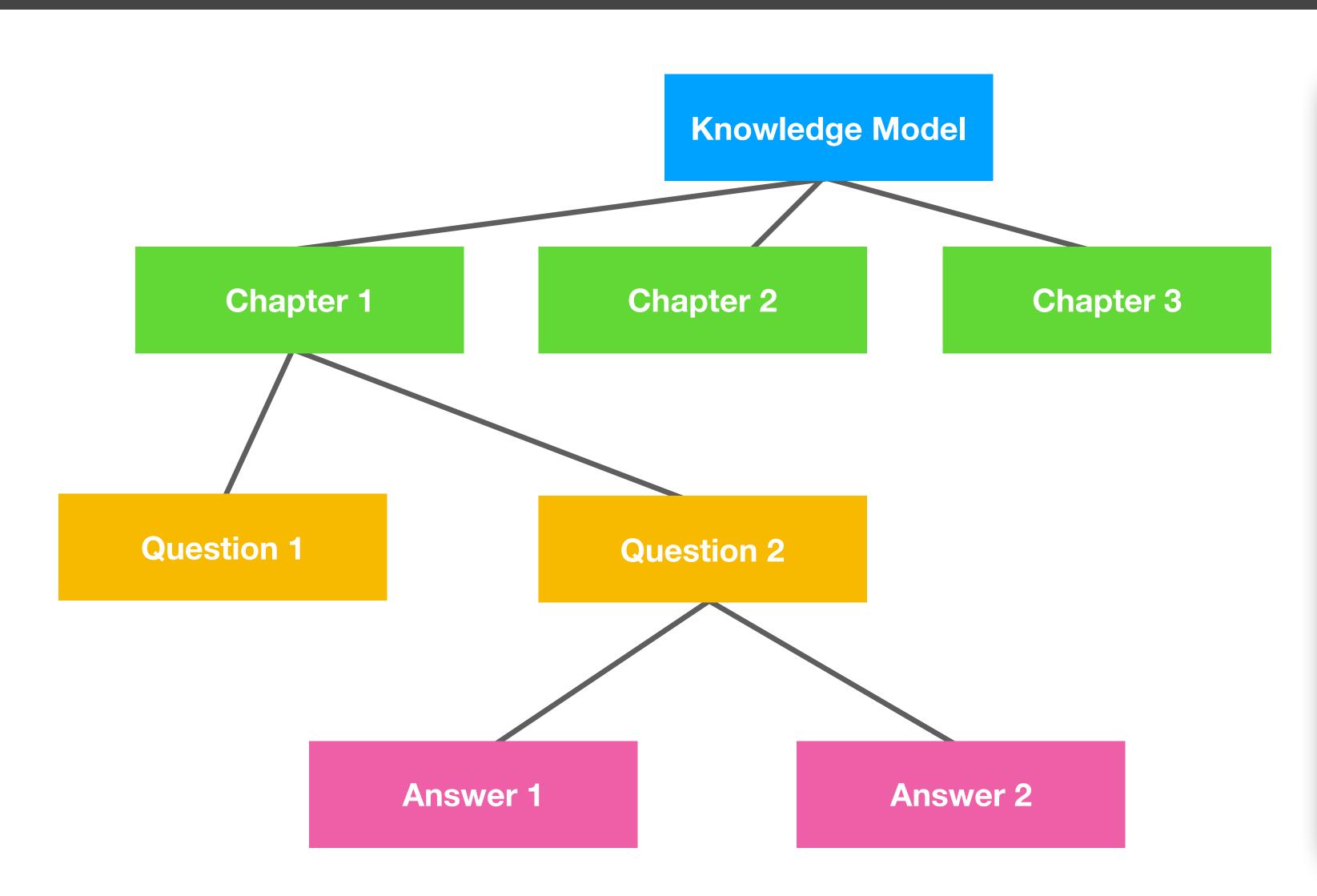
Knowledge Model

- Contains the knowledge about what should be asked and how
- Tree-like structure of Chapters, Questions,
 Answer and References or Experts
- "Template" for the Questionnaire
- Provided by DSW or institution data stewards





Knowledge Model



- ▼ Core DS Knowledge Model
 - ▼ Design of experiment
 - ▼

 ☐ Is there any pre-existing data?
 - ✓ No
 - ▶ ✓ Yes
 - \square atq
 - ▶ Will reference data be created?

 - ▶

 → Will you be collecting experimental data?
 - ▼ **■** Data design and planning
 - - Data format/type:

 - ▼ Does this data format enable sharing and long term archiving?
 - ▶ **☑** <u>No</u>
 - ✓ Yes
 - □ njy
 - ▶

 → Will you be using new types of data?

 - During the project, will you be archiving data (using so-called 'cold storated')

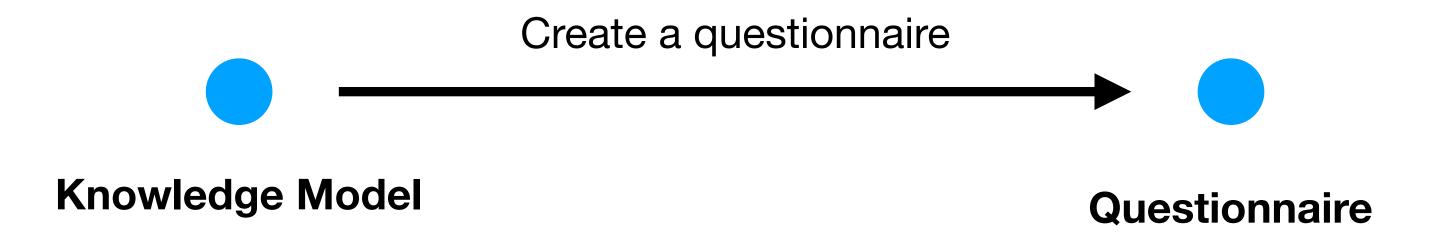
 - ightharpoonup Is the risk of information loss, leaks and vandalism acceptably low?
 - ▶ **■** Data Capture/Measurement
 - ▶ **■** Data processing and curation





Knowledge Model

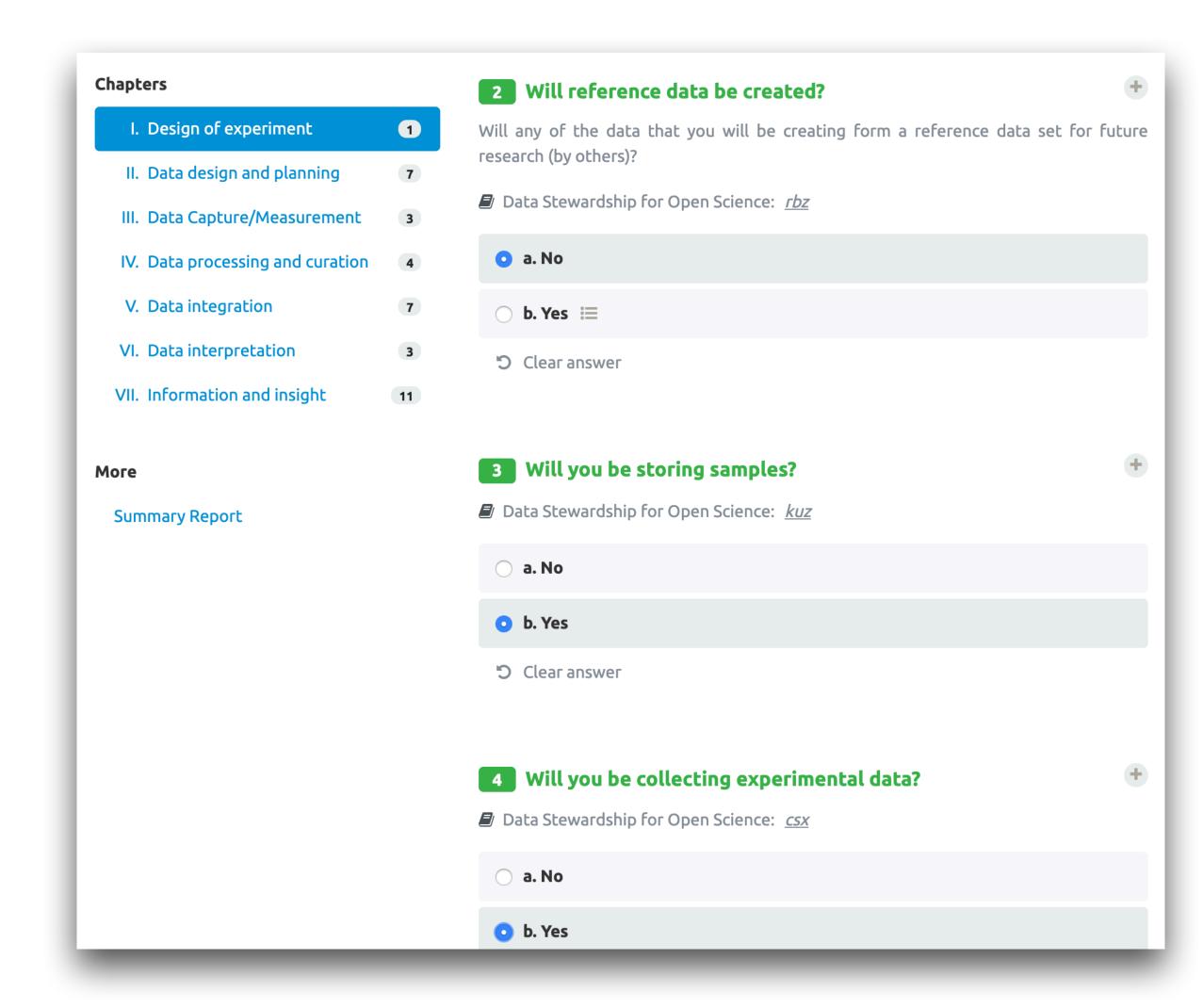






Questionnaire

- Interactive form how to get the answers from users based on the Knowledge Model
- Contains report on the FAIR metrics
- Answers can be exported to a document (e.g., PDF)



Questionnaire Accessibility

Define who and how can access the questionnaire



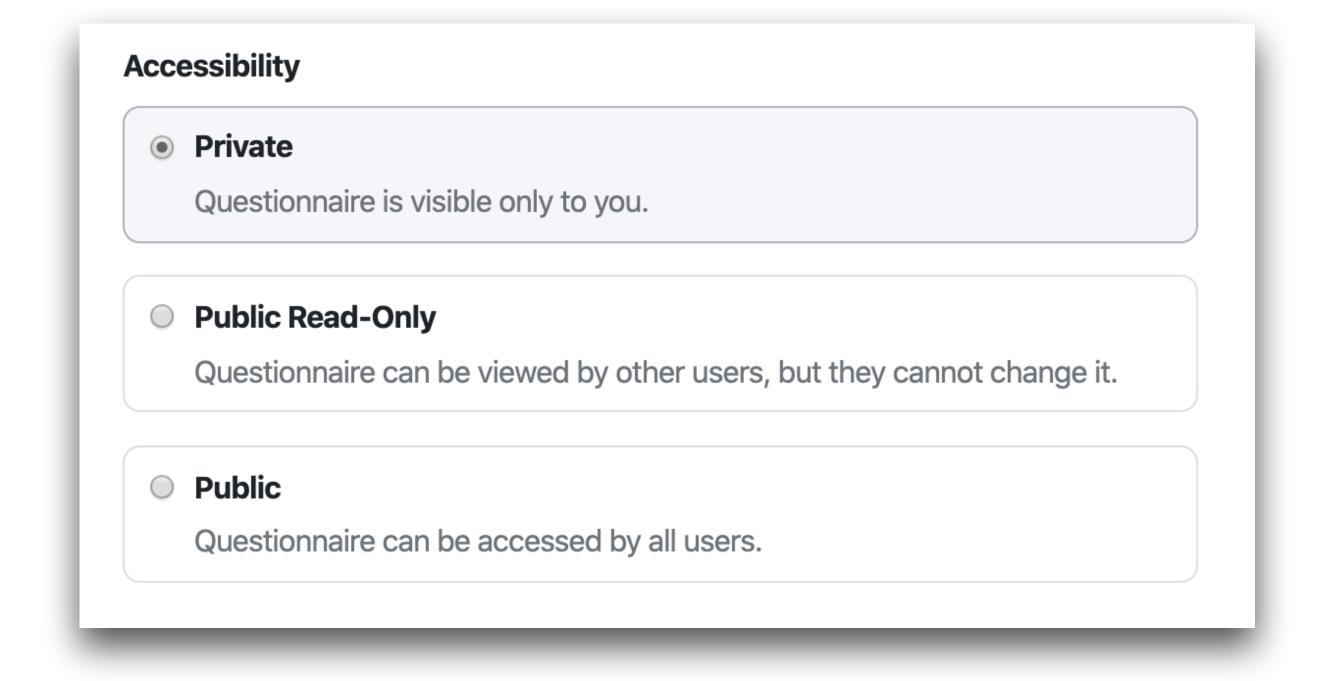


Questionnaire Accessibility: Private

Use when you don't want to share it with anyone

You: View and Edit

• Other users: Nothing

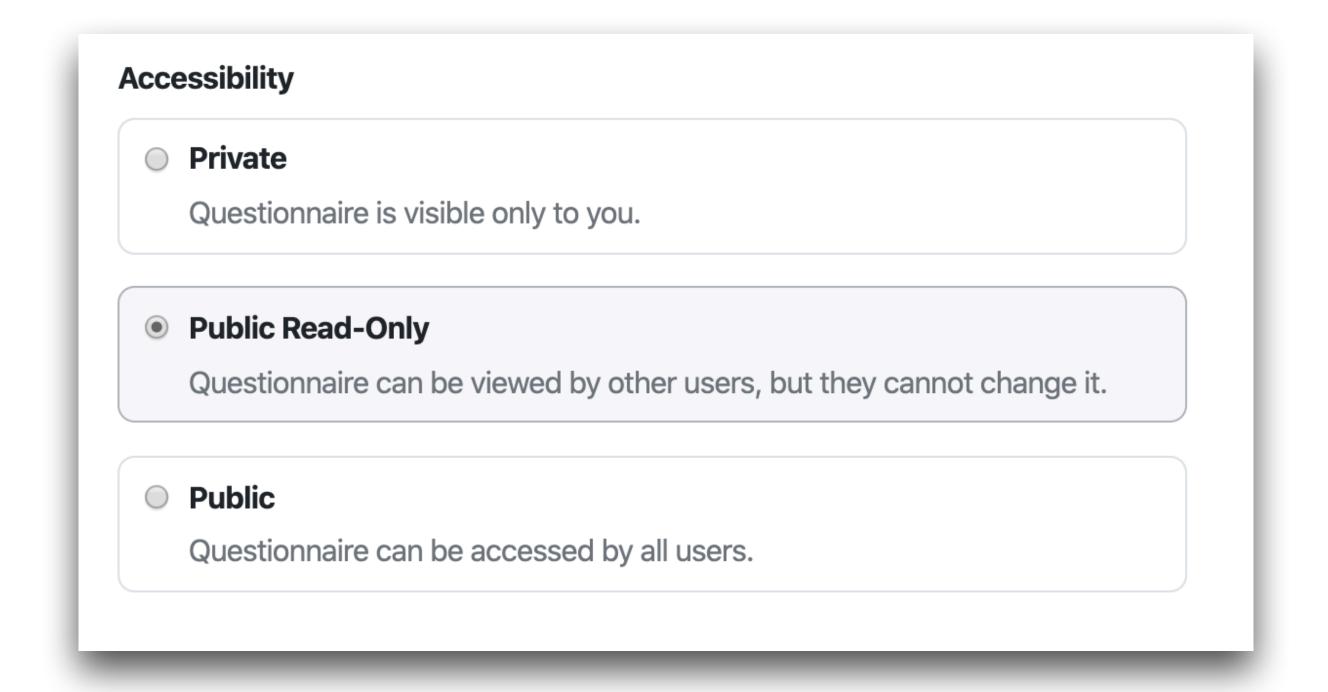




Questionnaire Accessibility: Public Read-Only

- Use when you want to share your answers with other users
- Can be used for template questionnaires

- You: View and Edit
- Other users: View

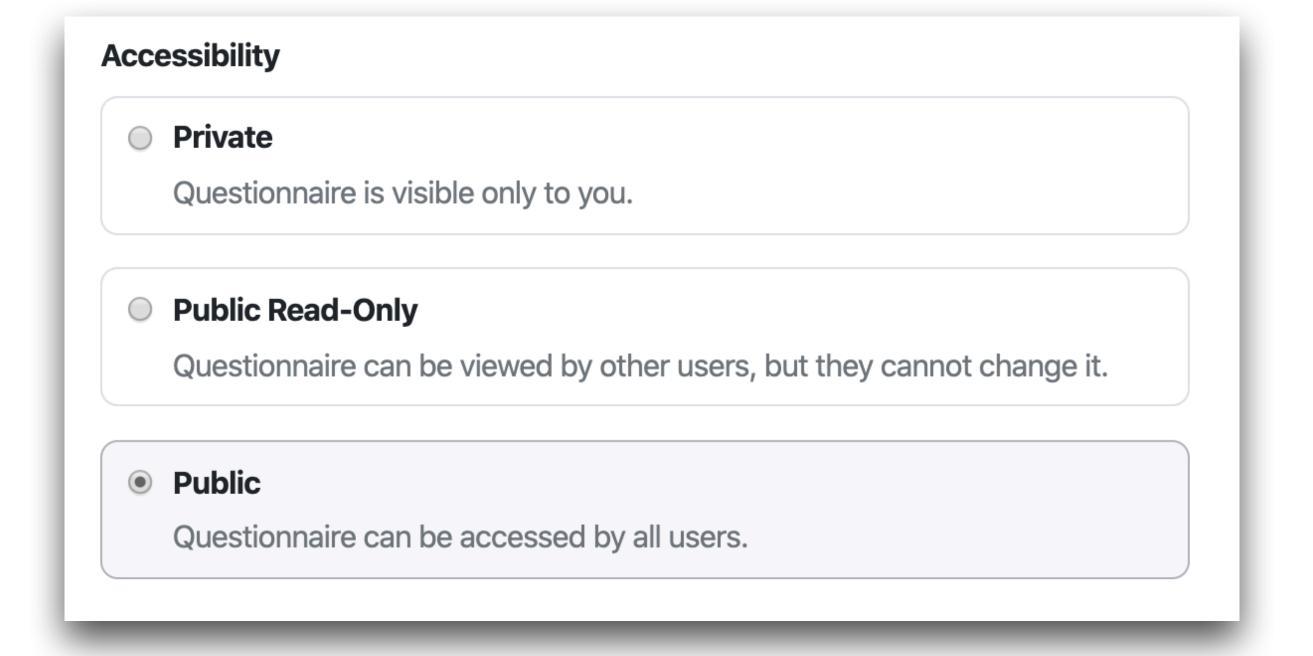


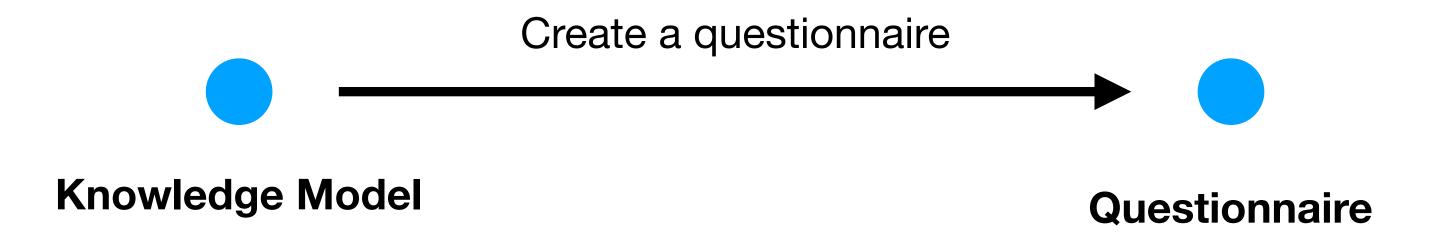


Questionnaire Accessibility: Public

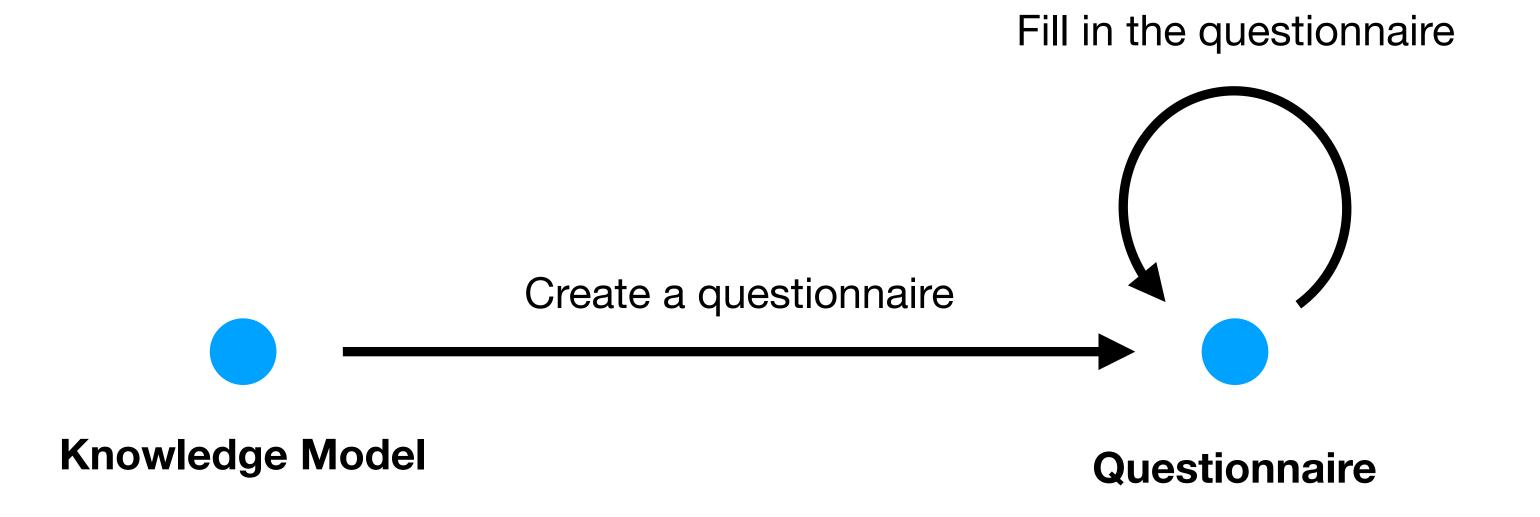
 Use when you want to collaborate with other users on the questionnaire

- You: View and Edit
- Other users: View and Edit





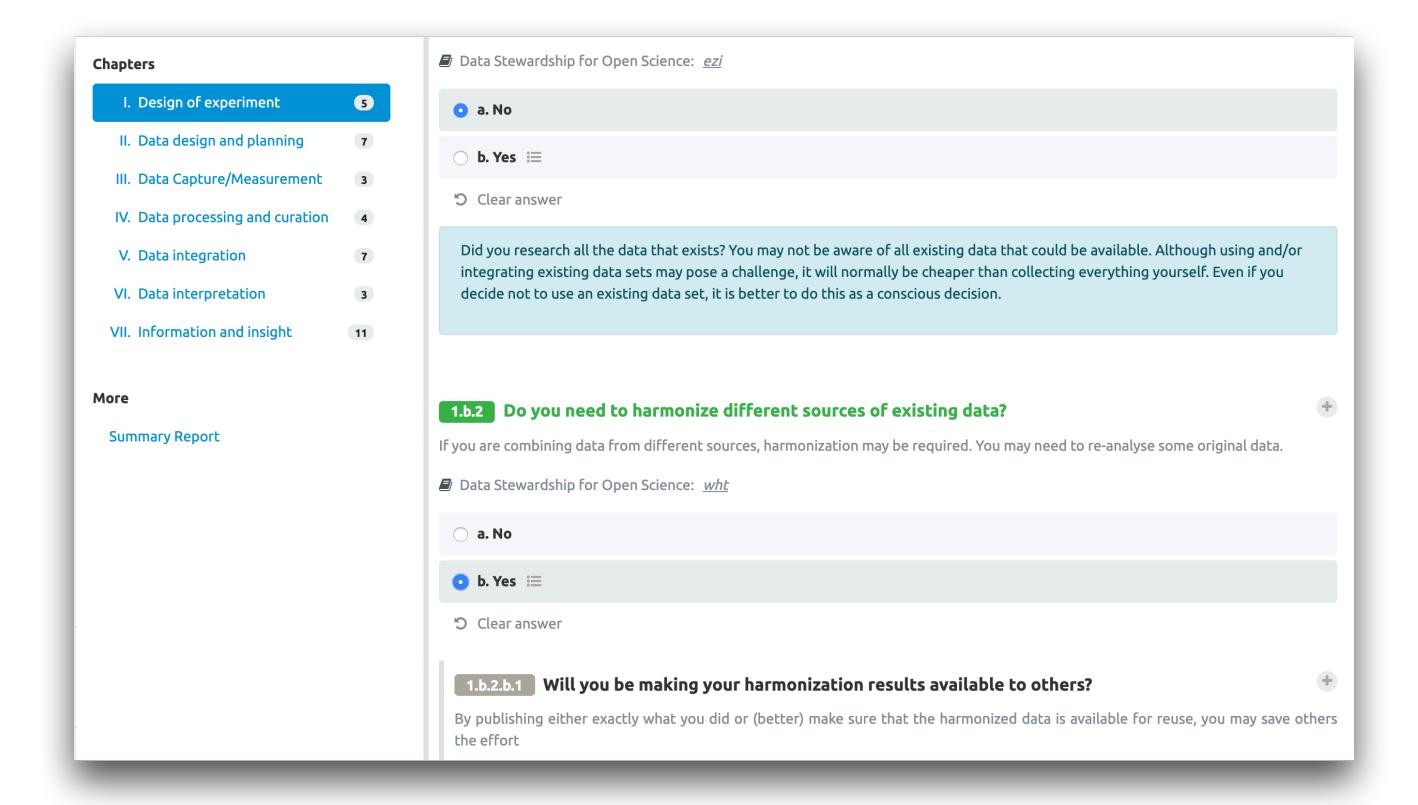






Filling the Questionnaire

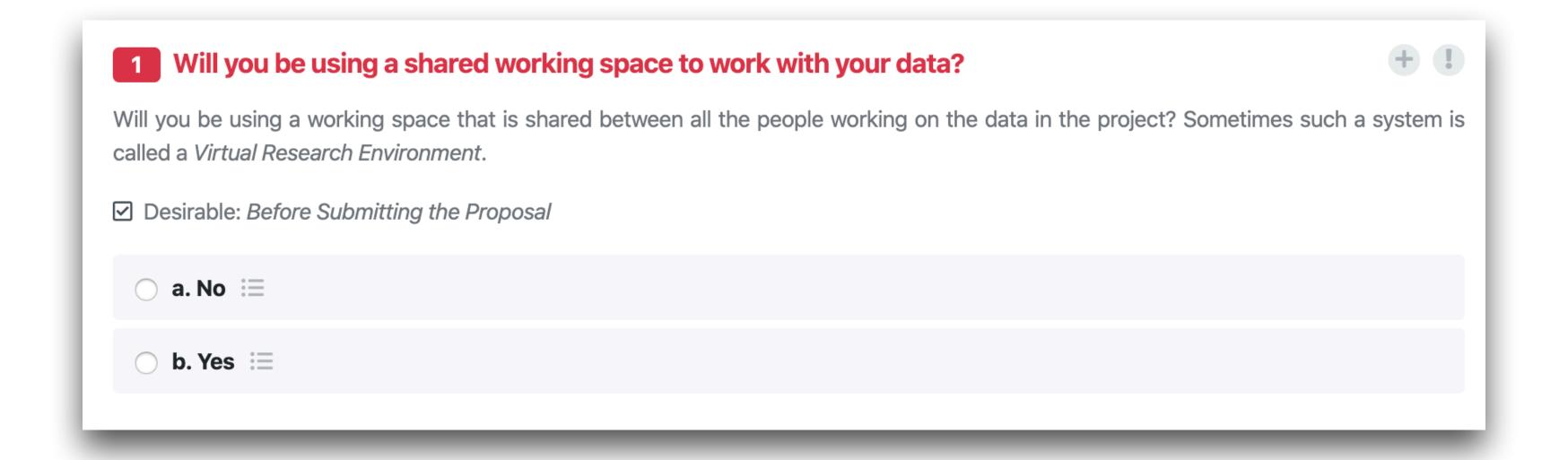
- Free navigation through the Questionnaire (no given order of answering)
- Can be saved anytime





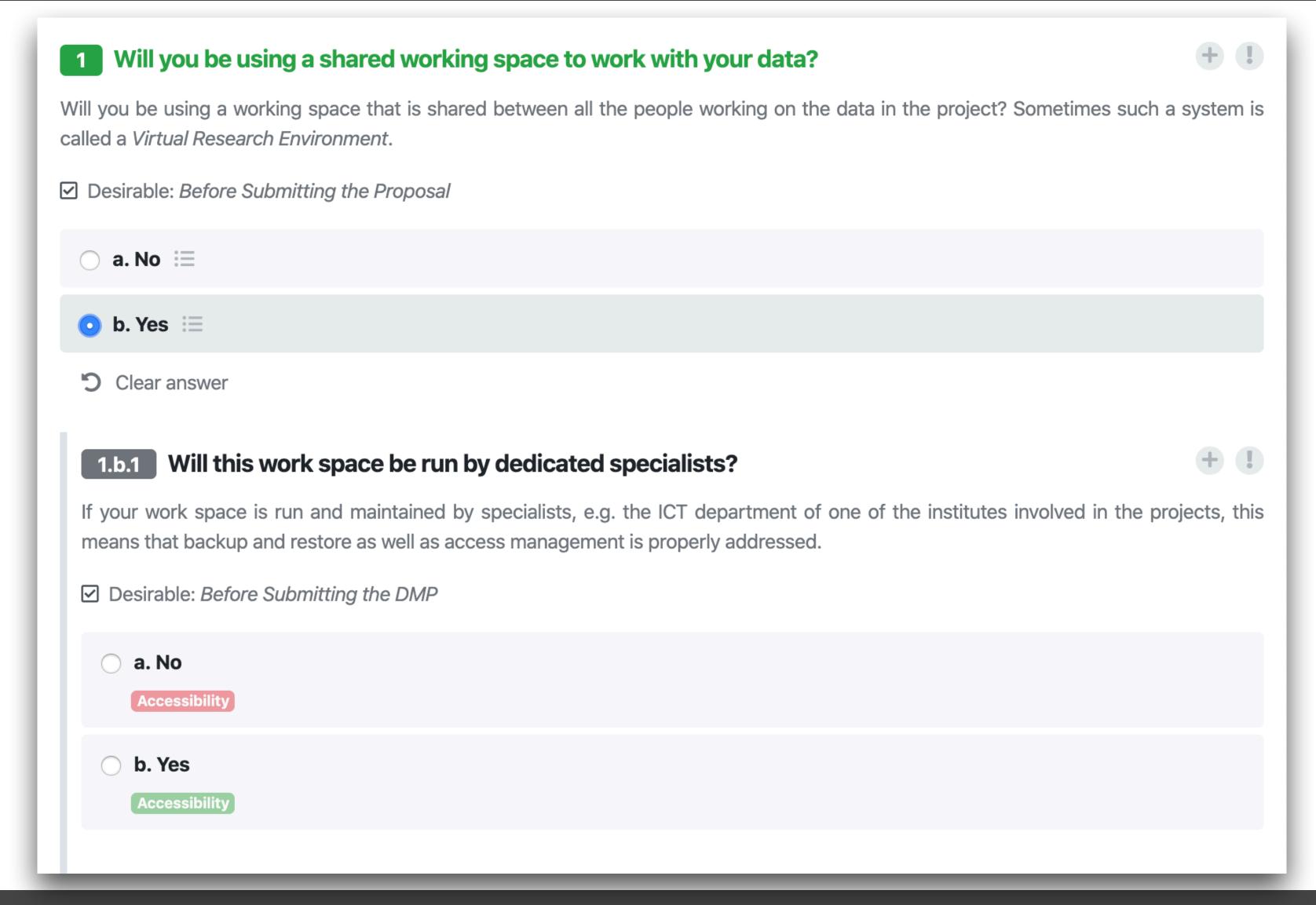
Filling the Questionnaire

Only relevant questions are asked based on previous answers





Filling the Questionnaire





Data Stewardship for Open Science

By Barend Mons

 References from questions in the Common DSW Knowledge Model



Data Stewardship for Open Science: Chapter 1.1



Is there pre-existing data?

What's up?

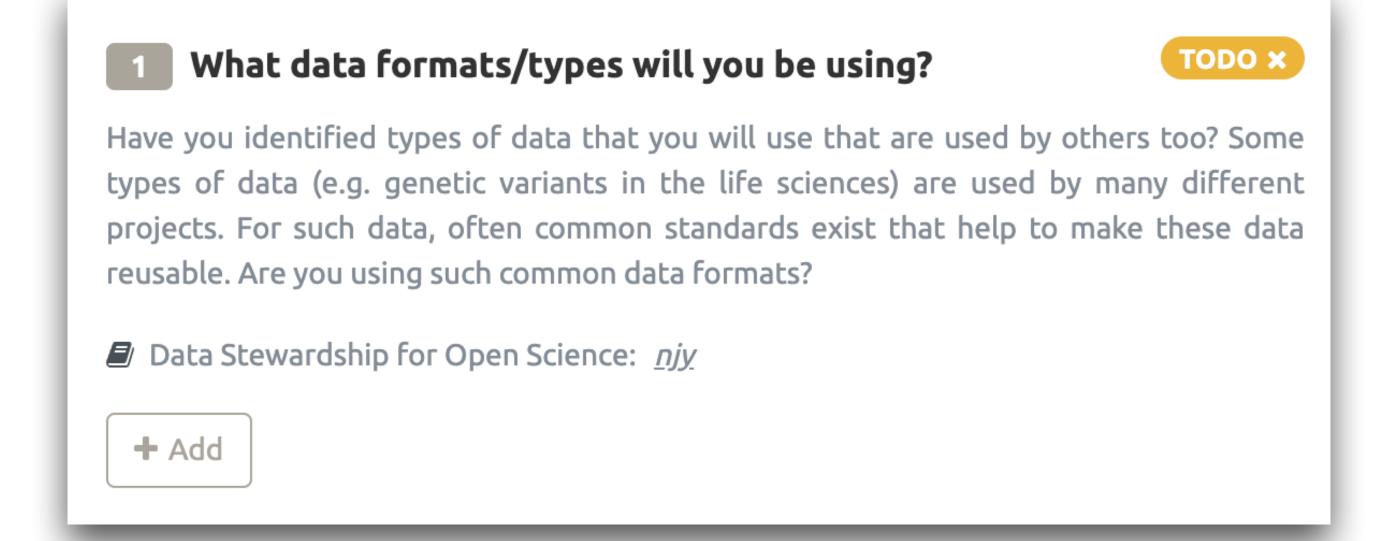
For many decades if not centuries, virtually every experiment started with the collection or creation of 'observations' and in fact data. In social sciences and humanities the tendency to 'reuse' data that had been created earlier, in all kinds of surveys and increasingly of course from sources such social media maybe already somewhat more established. However, in many of the hard experimental sciences, the generation of new data specifically generated to answer a hypothetical question is still so commonplace that careful thinking about the actual need to generate new data may just not be on the radar screen. Obviously, data creation will need to continue, but increasingly we have to ask the question whether such new data are absolutely necessary to answer the question we want to answer. With more and more data becoming available in reusable format, there may well be existing data collections 'Other People's' Data and associated Services (OPEDAS) that without or with some extra effort needed, can answer at least part of the question or least may be crucial for the interpretation of your own data.

Do

- Search for data sets (OPEDAS) that may be re-usable and can help you to reduce the number of new data sets you may have to generate (and steward later on).
- Include annotated collections of data and curated databases in your search.
- Check the accessibility and license situation attached to the relevant data sets you found.
- Check their interoperability. They may be relevant but not interoperable with your analysis pipelines. In that case you may have to extract, transform and load (ETL) them or decide that -although relevant- they are not reusable for your purpose.
- Ensure that using OPEDAS will not restrict in any way the use of your results later on, including copyright and freedom to operate on the request of IPR.

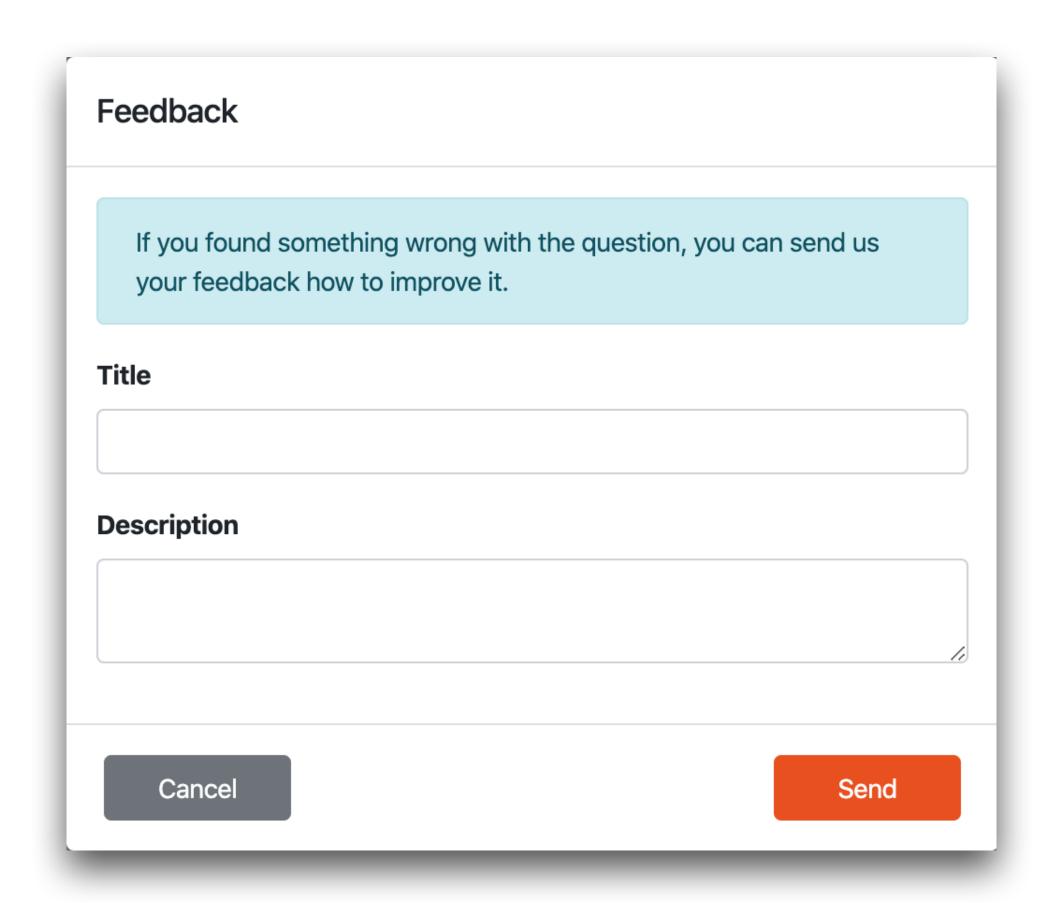
Questionnaire TODOs

- When you are unsure how to answer a question, you can add TODO and come back later
- List of TODOs



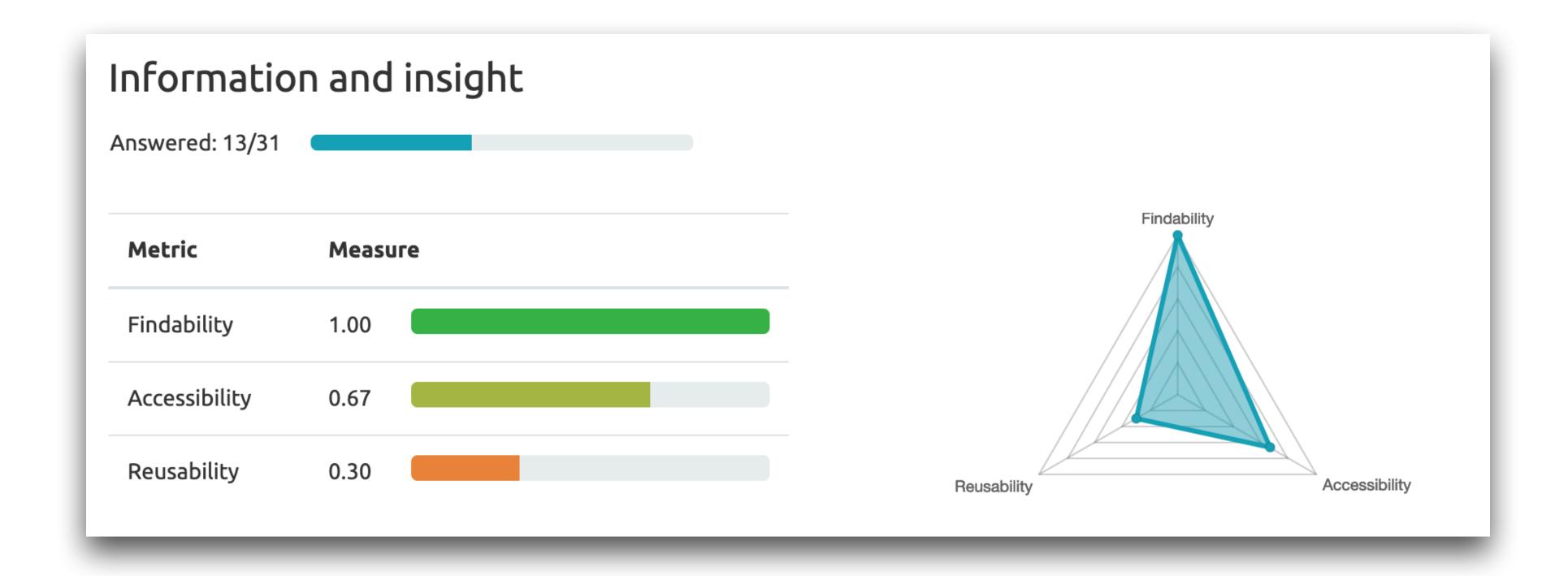
Feedback

- When a researcher find something unclear or wrong with a question
- Integrated to GitHub issues

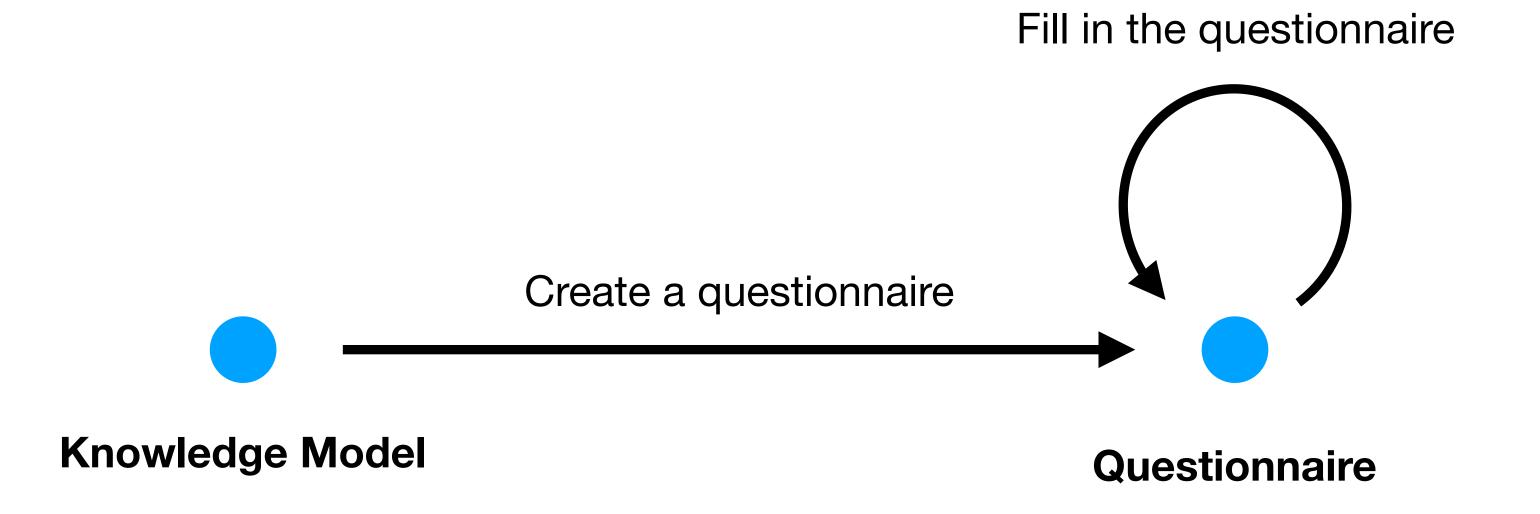


Summary Report

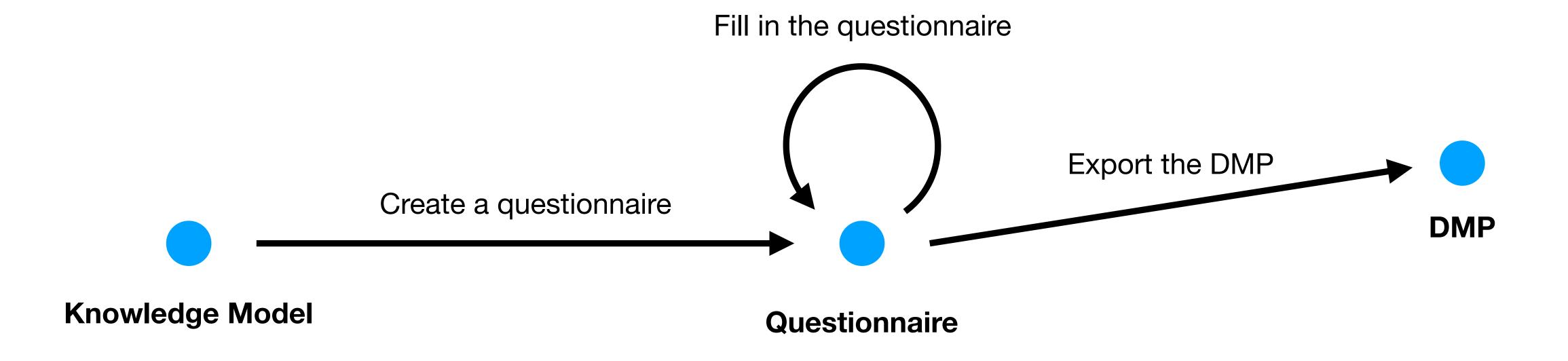
- Information about FAIR metrics for each chapter
- Calculated as a weighted average of answers







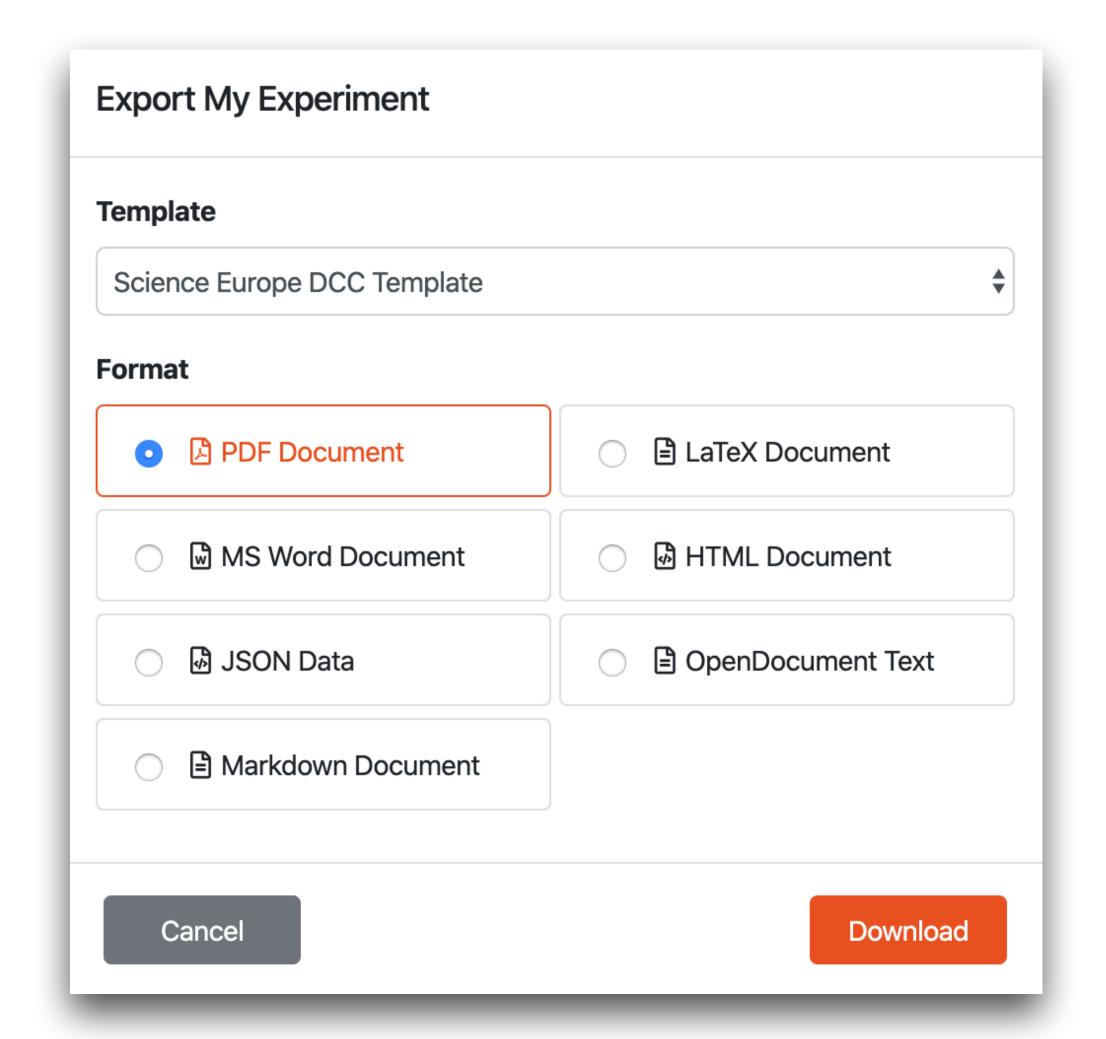






Exporting the DMP

- Documents can be generated from a filled questionnaire
- Customizable document templates
 DSW provides Science Europe template
- Various document formats





Exporting the DMP

Data Management Plan

HVSC: Hypothetical Vascular Study by a Chemist

Contact person: Bob A (bob.a@example.com, 9999-5559-9999-9999)

Example Corporation

Based on: Life Sciences DSW Knowledge Model, 2.0.0 (dsw:lifesciences:2.0.0)

Generated on: 24. 02. 2020

Data Management Plan created in Data Stewardship Wizard < https://ds-wizard.org

1

Abstract

We will be deriving models of the "virtual" age of arterial walls by combining new data with existing biobanks and reference data, in order to create early warning systems for aging patients.

Section A: Data Collection

1. What data will you collect or create?

Re-used datasets

We will use the following reference datasets:

Human Protein Atlas

We will use version "19.1" of this dataset. If a new version becomes available during the project, new analyses will be done with the new version.

UniProt Knowledgebase (https://www.uniprot.org/uniprot/)

We will use version "2019_09" of this dataset.

2. How will the data be collected or created?

There will be no instrument dataset in this project.

Section B: Documentation and Meta-data

3. What documentation and meta-data will accompany the data?

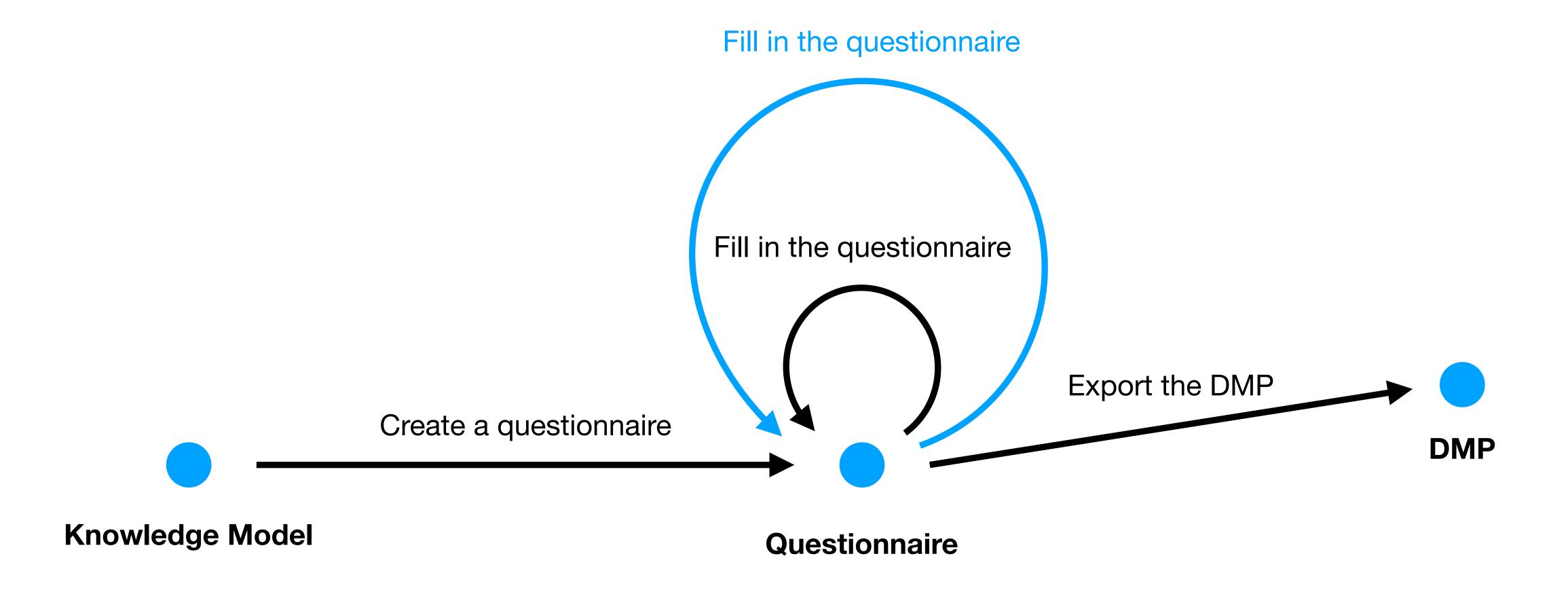
List of data to be published is given in Section E, Question 9. This also includes information about catalogs where the data can be found. Information about data types used is given in Section A, Question 1.

Section C: Ethics and Legal Compliance

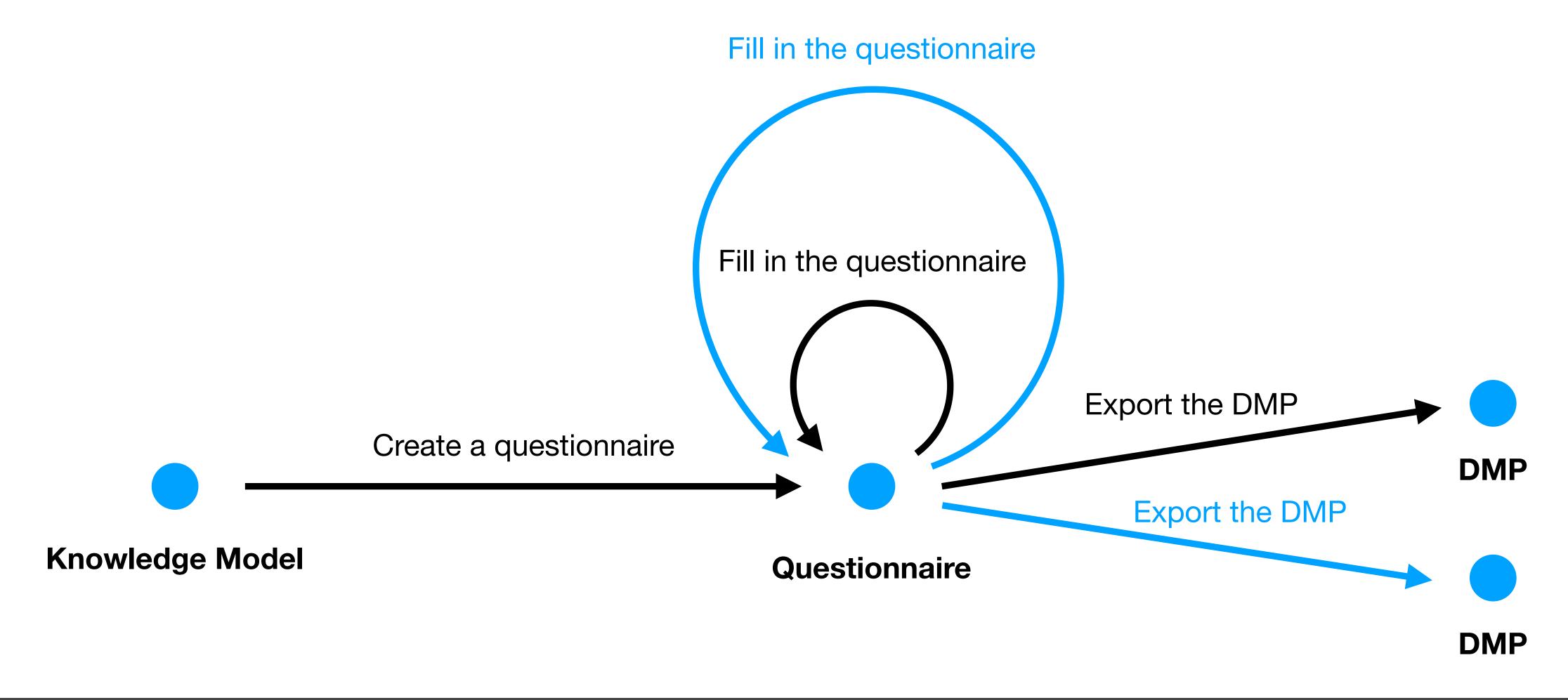
- 4. How will you manage any ethical issues?
- 5. How will you manage copyright and Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) issues?

For the reference and non-reference data sets that we reuse, conditions are as follows:

• Human Protein Atlas - available under specific restrictions, which we will







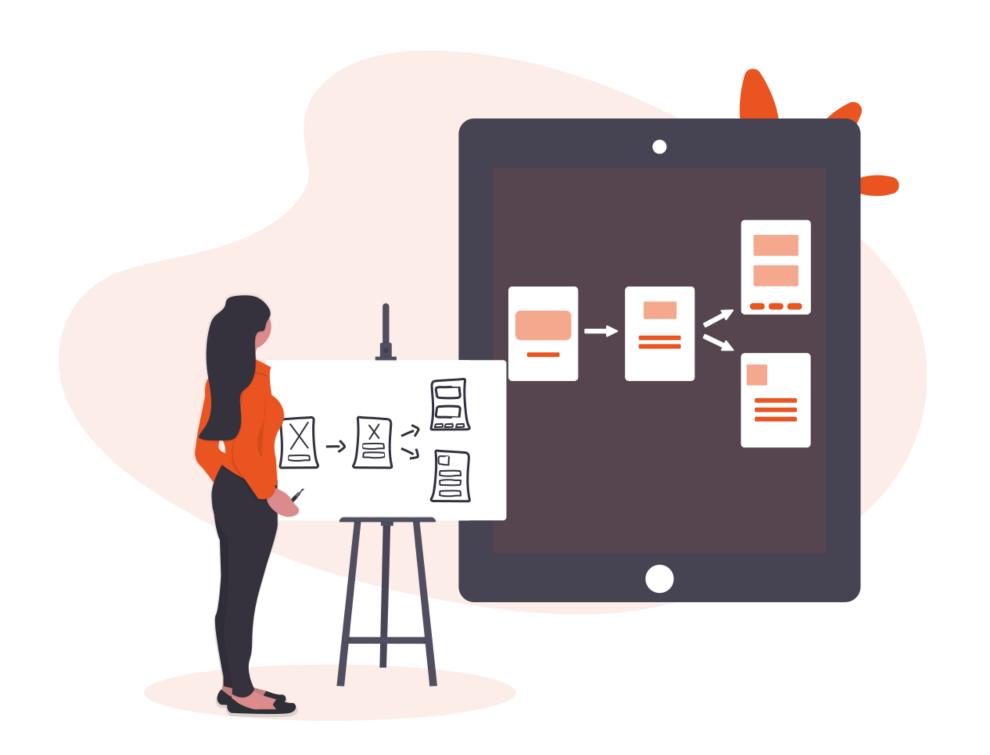


ds-wizard.org

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Additional Researcher Workflows

- Questionnaire cloning
- Questionnaire migration

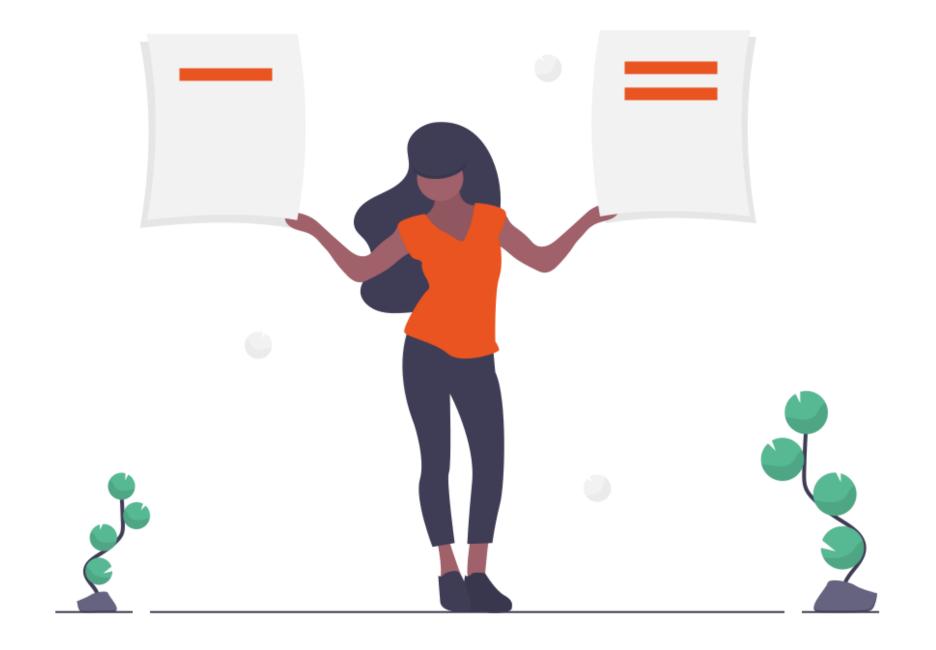




Questionnaire Cloning

Create a copy of existing questionnaire

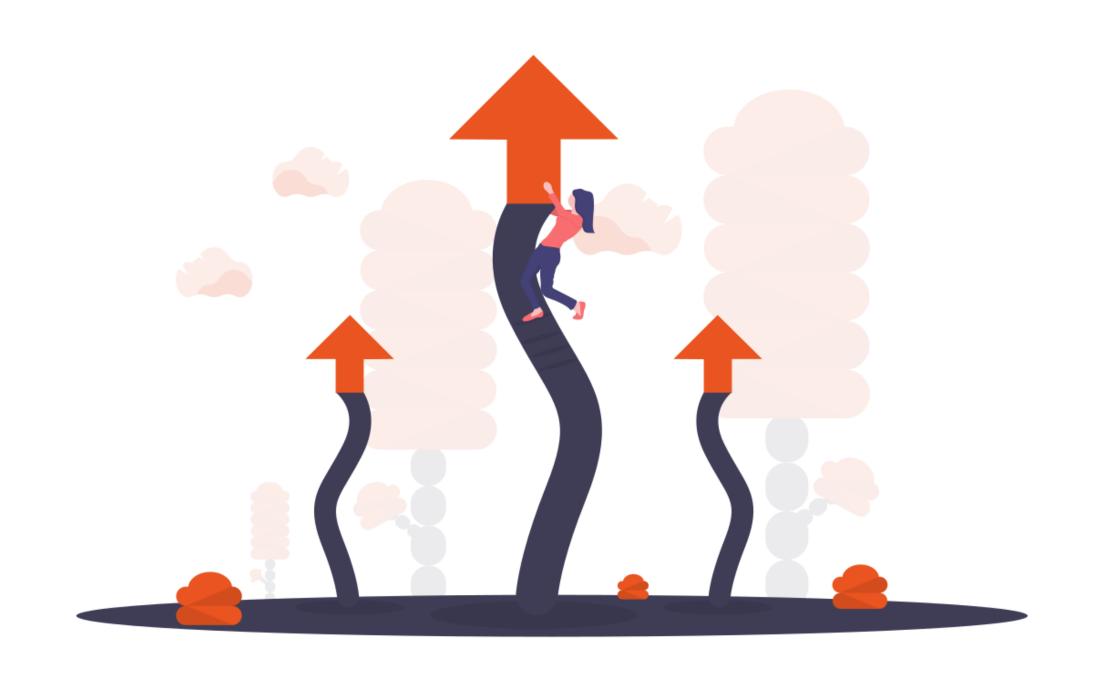
- Can be used to create partially filled questionnaire templates
 - Public Read-Only questionnaire as a template
 - Researcher can clone it
 - And fill in the specific details





Questionnaire Migration

 Process of upgrading existing Questionnaires with their answers to new versions of Knowledge Models





Questionnaire Migration

Questionnaire



Knowledge Model version: 1.2.0



Questionnaire Migration

Questionnaire

Uses

Knowledge Model version: 1.2.0

New version of the Knowledge Model is published

Knowledge Model version: 1.3.0



Questionnaire Migration

This Questionnaire becomes outdated

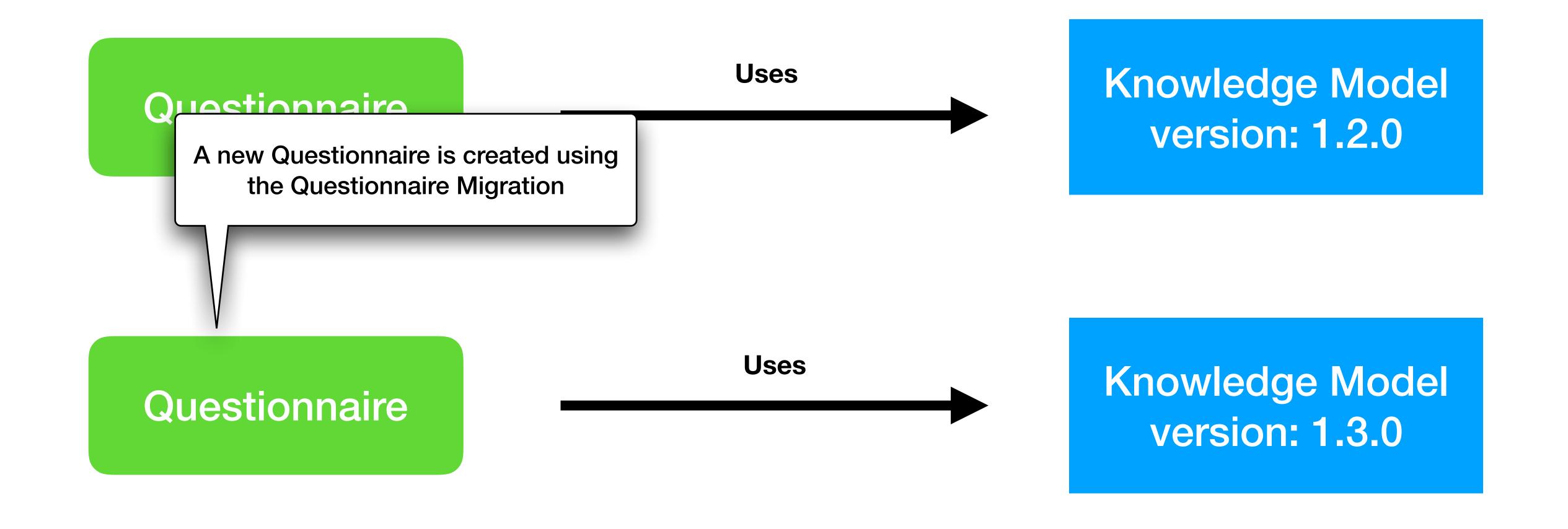
— it no longer uses the latest version of the Knowledge Model

Knowledge Model version: 1.2.0

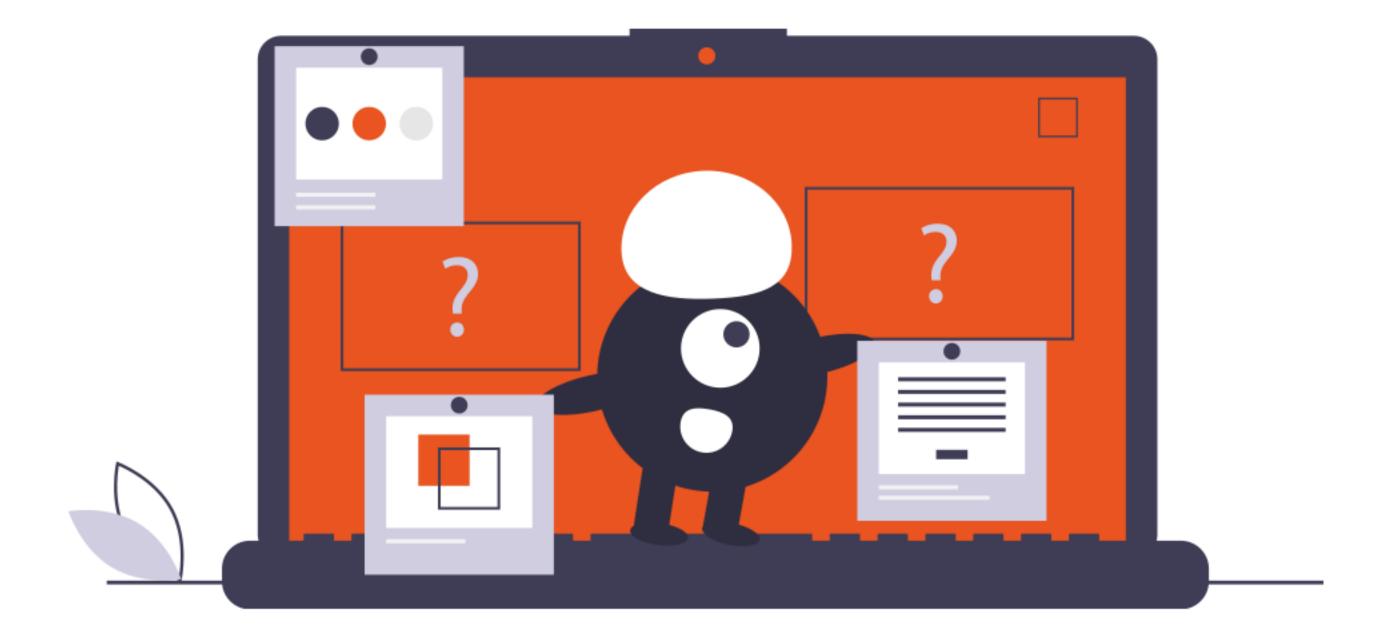
Knowledge Model version: 1.3.0



Questionnaire Migration



Researchers Workflow Demo





ds-wizard.org

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DSW for Data Stewards

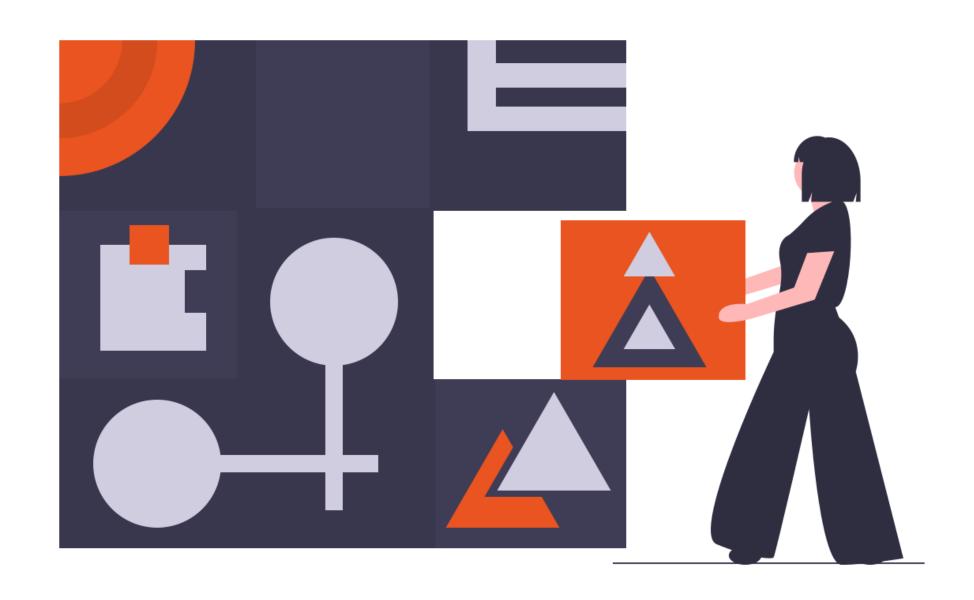
Data Steward Responsibilities in DSW

- Manage existing Knowledge Models
- Build & publish new Knowledge Models
- Import Knowledge Models from other DSW instances or Registry



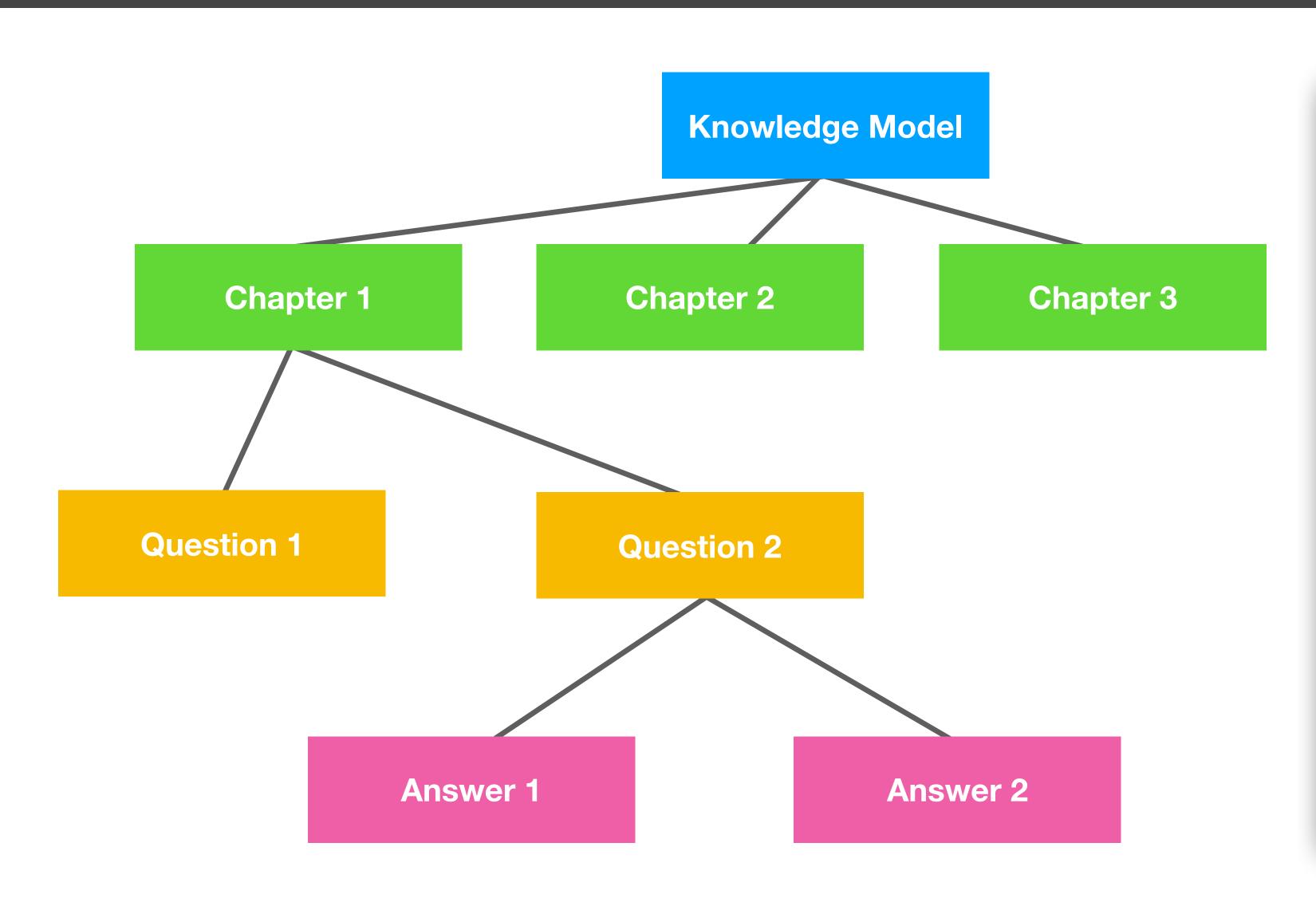
Building a Knowledge Model

- From scratch
- Extending existing Knowledge Model





Knowledge Model



- ▼ **S** Core DS Knowledge Model
 - ▼ Design of experiment
 - ▼

 ☐ Is there any pre-existing data?
 - ✓ No
 - ▶ ✓ Yes
 - \square atq

 - ▶

 → Will you be collecting experimental data?
 - ▼ Data design and planning
 - - □ Data format/type:
 - ▶

 Is this a standard data format used by others too?
 - ▼ Does this data format enable sharing and long term archiving?
 - ▶ **☑** <u>No</u>
 - ✓ Yes
 - □ njy
 - ▶

 → Will you be using new types of data?

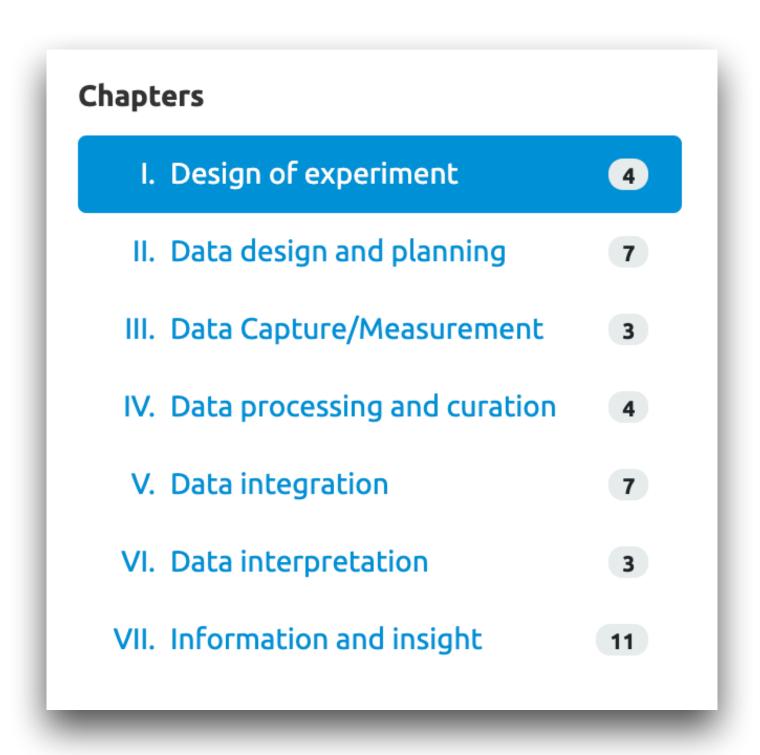
 - During the project, will you be archiving data (using so-called 'cold storated')
 - ▶

 → Will you need a shared working space to work with your data?

 - ▶ Do you need to do compute capacity planning?
 - ▶ **■** Data Capture/Measurement
 - ▶ **■** Data processing and curation

Chapter

- At the top level of each Knowledge Model
- Contains short introduction and questions





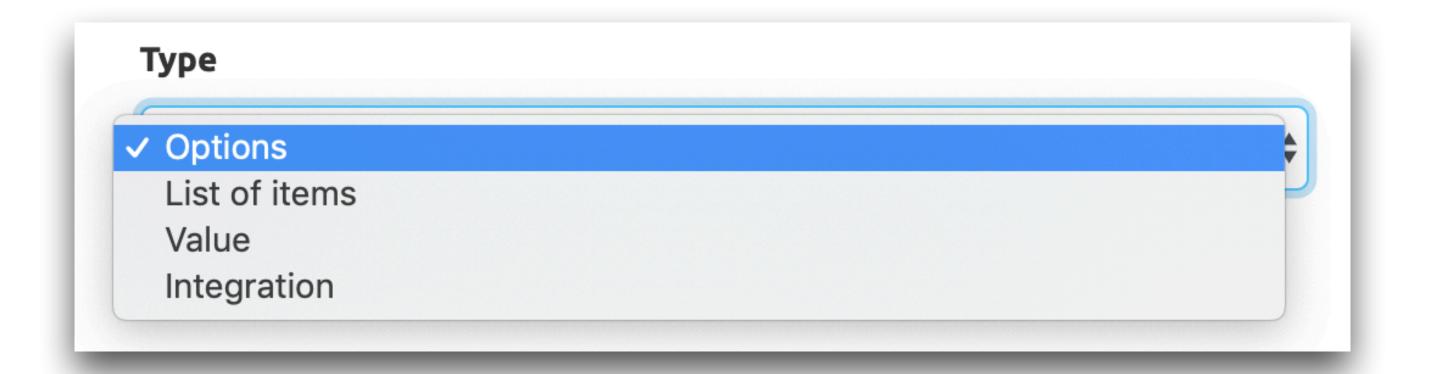
Question

- Core entity of the Knowledge Model
- Each question has a Title and a description Text
- Can be of different types
- Can have References and Experts assigned



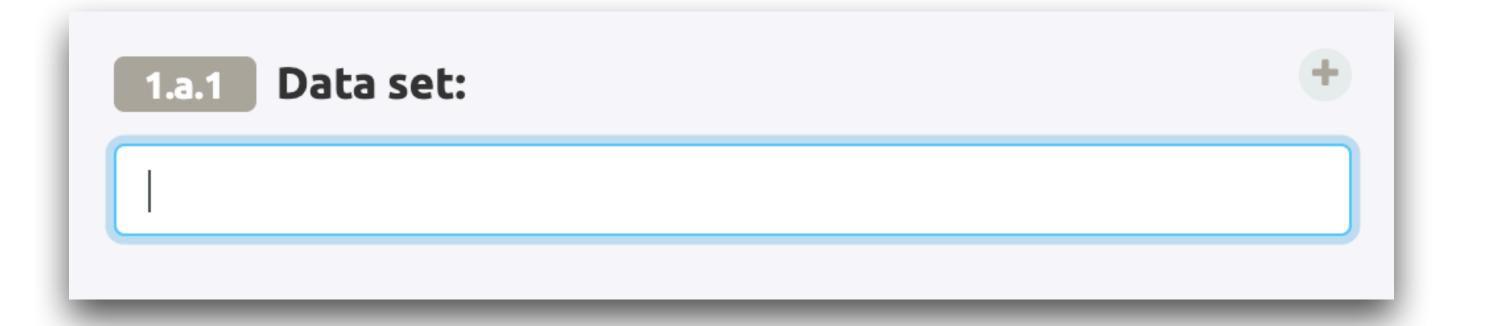
Question Type

- Value
- Integration
- Options
- List of items



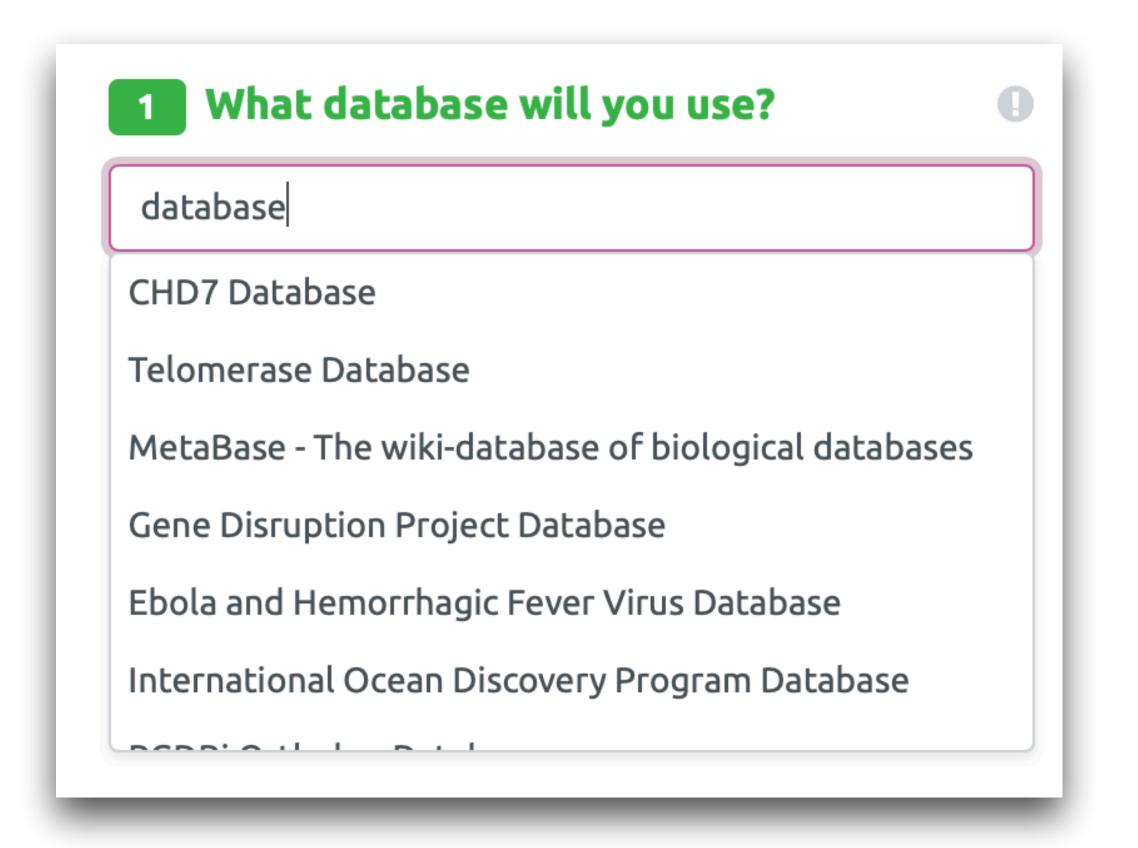
Question Type: Value

- Simple value that users type
- Value types
 - Number
 - Date
 - String
 - Text



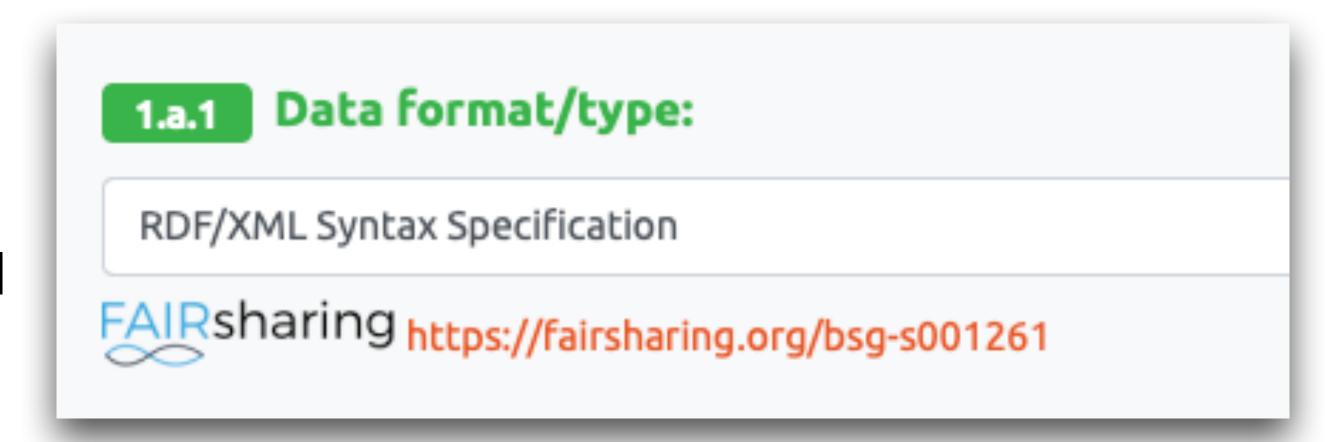
Question Type: Integration

- Similar to Value type
- The answers can be taken from external resource
- More complex to set up



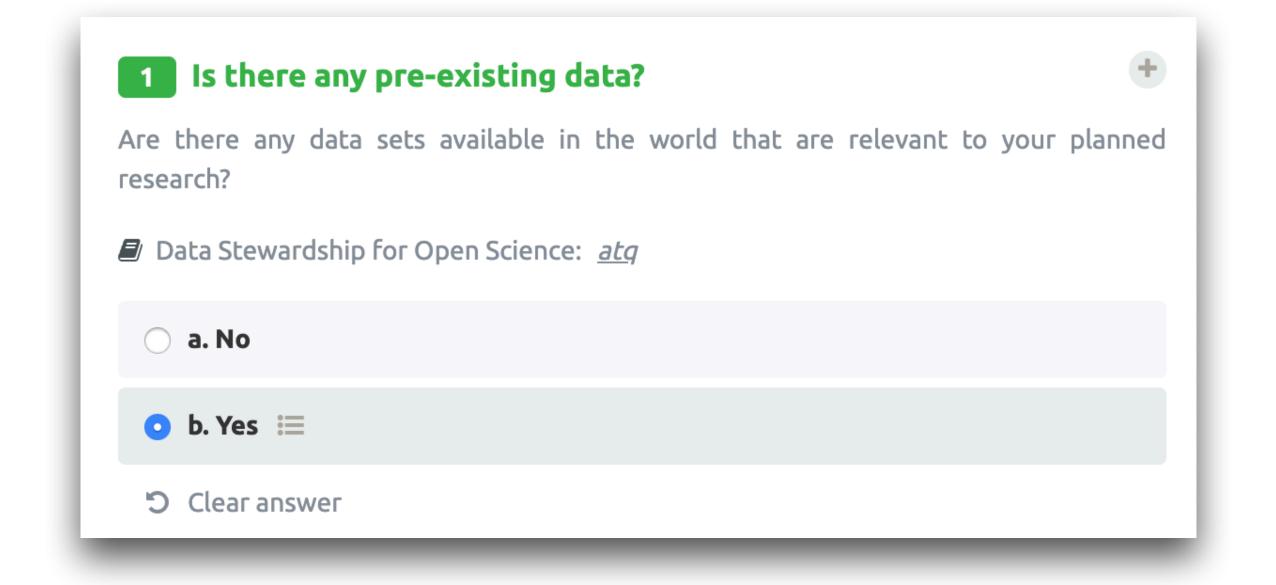
Question Type: Integration

- Similar to Value type
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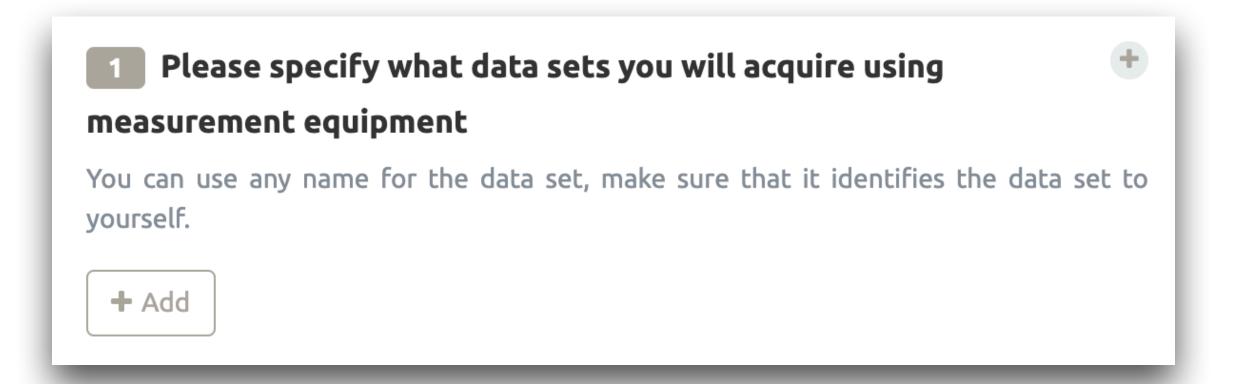
Question Type: Options

- Closed list of answers
- Users can pick one
- Answers can have follow-up questions



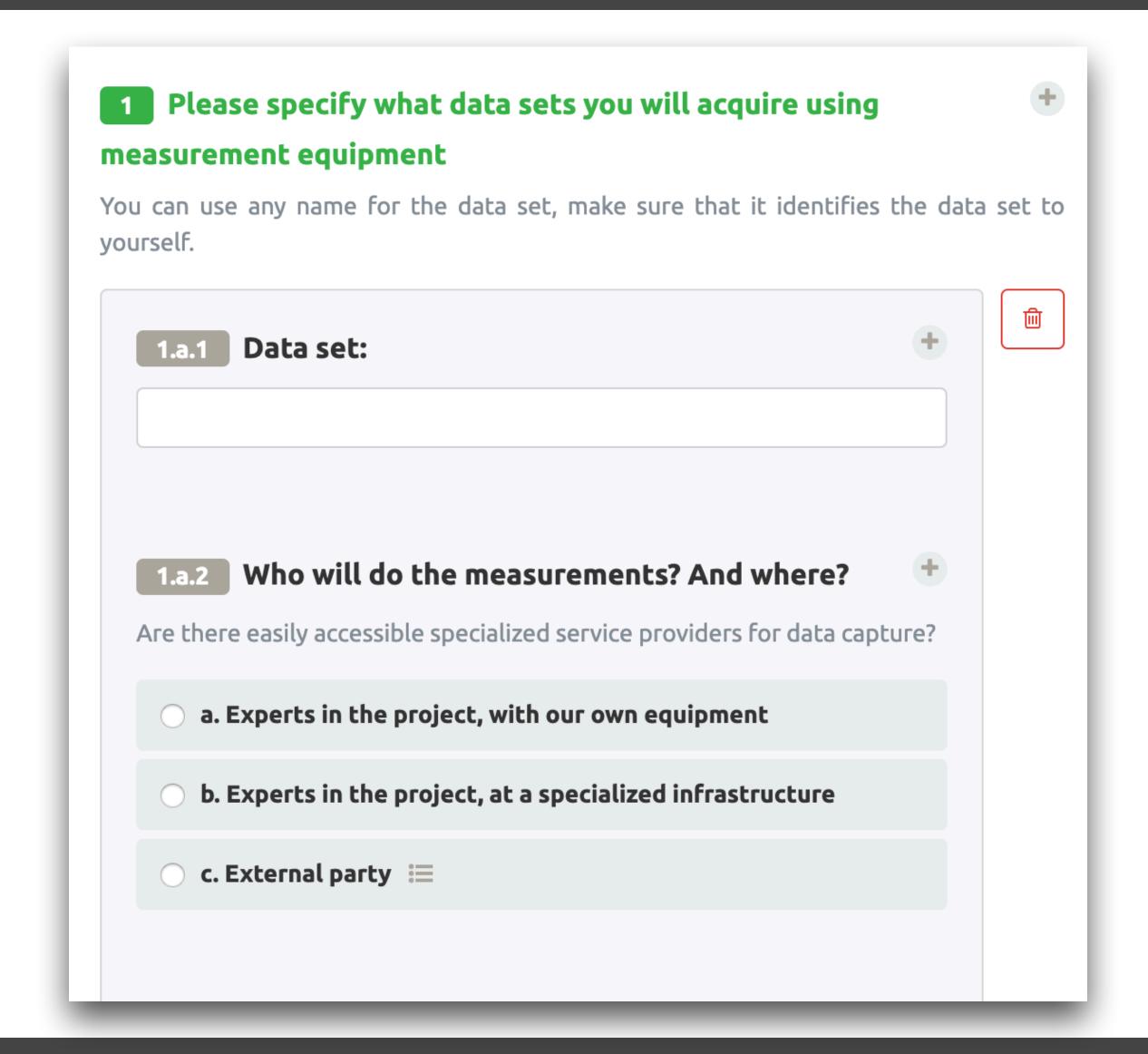
Question Type: List of Items

- Multiple items of the same type
- Each item has the same set of questions



Question Type: List of Items

- Multiple items of the same type
- Each item has the same set of questions



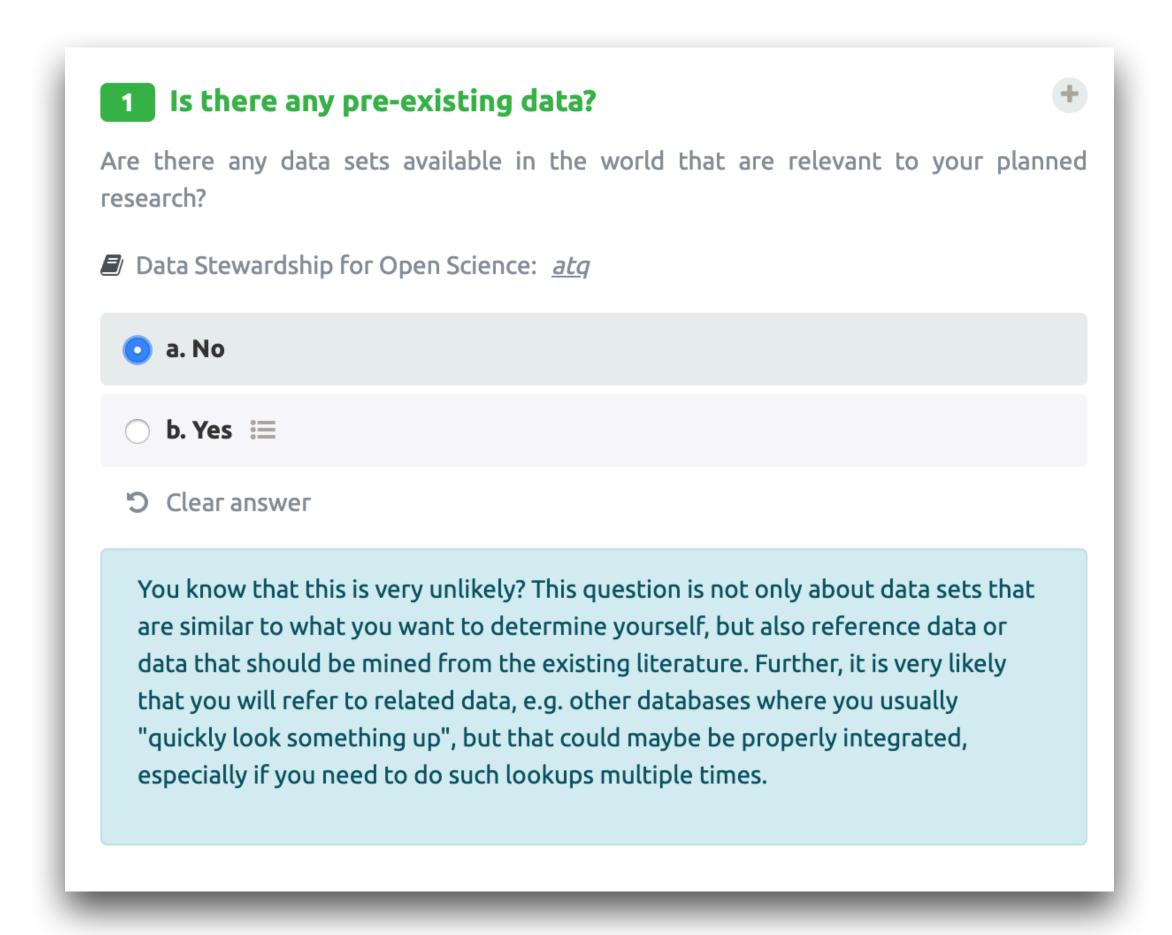


Answer

- Used in Options Question
- Can have advice, follow-up questions and FAIR metrics assessment

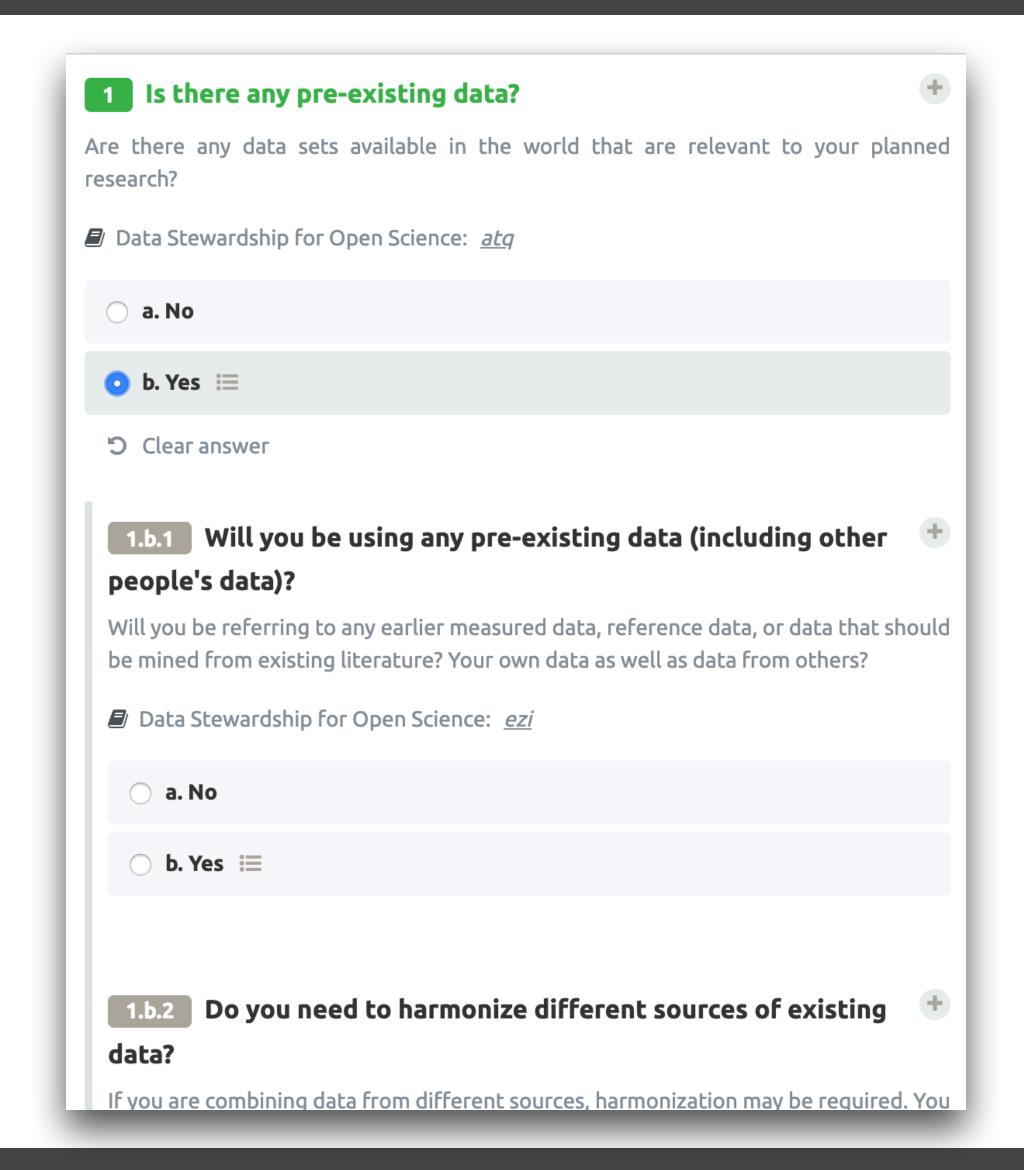
Answer Advice

- When an answer is selected, advice can be provided
- Guide users to achieve better results



Follow-up Questions

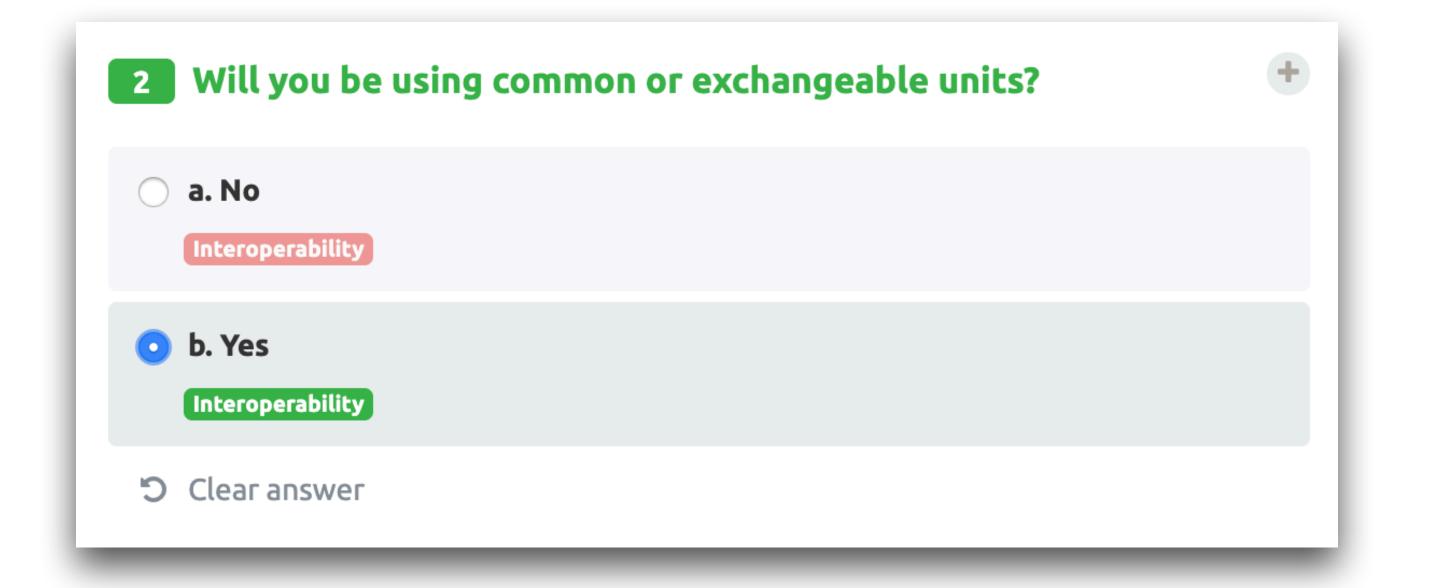
- When an answer is selected, more questions can be unfolded
- Used for questions that are relevant only until certain conditions





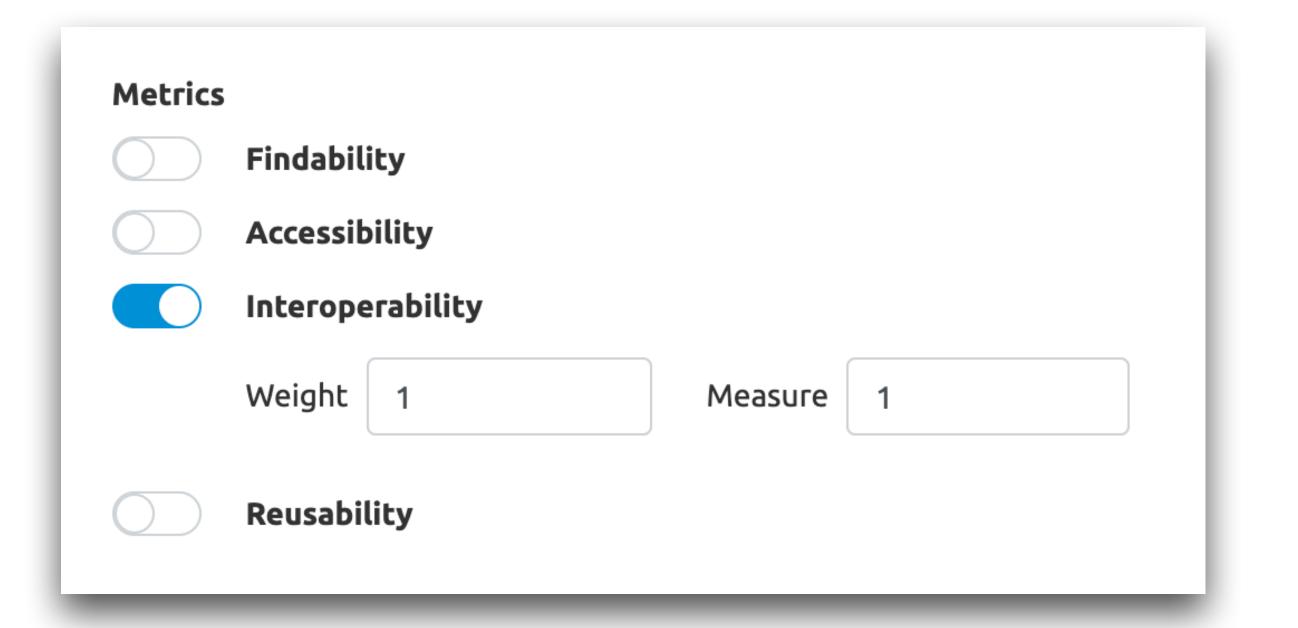
FAIR Metrics

- Each answer can affect different
 FAIR metrics
- Result is calculated as a weighted average of selected answers



FAIR Metrics

- Each answer can affect different
 FAIR metrics
- Result is calculated as a weighted average of selected answers



FAIR Metrics

• Weight — how important the answer is

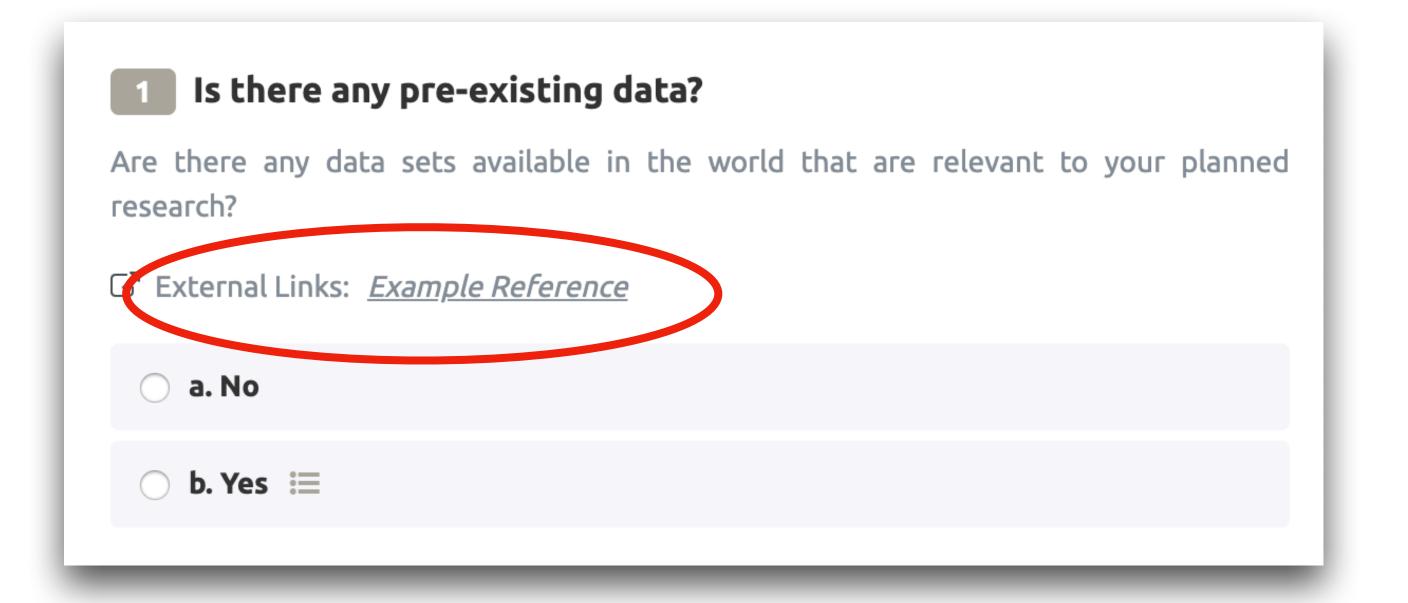


• Measure — how does it affect the result

```
Bad
                                           Good
```

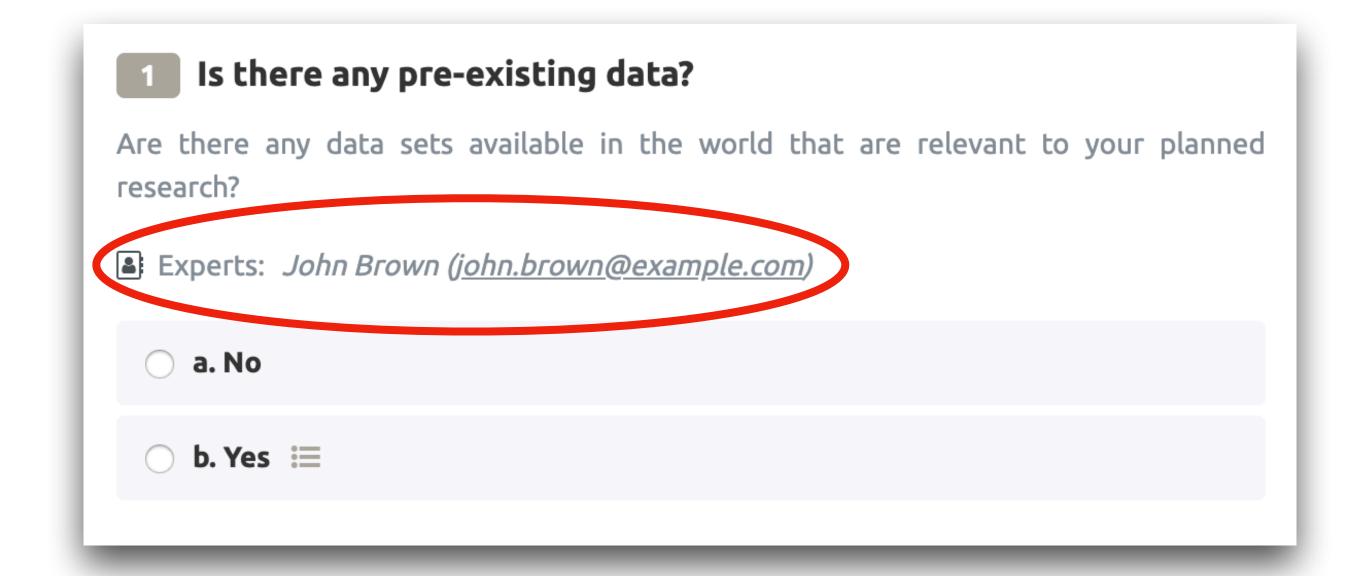
Reference

- Can be used to provide links to external resources
- User can open links when filling the Questionnaire



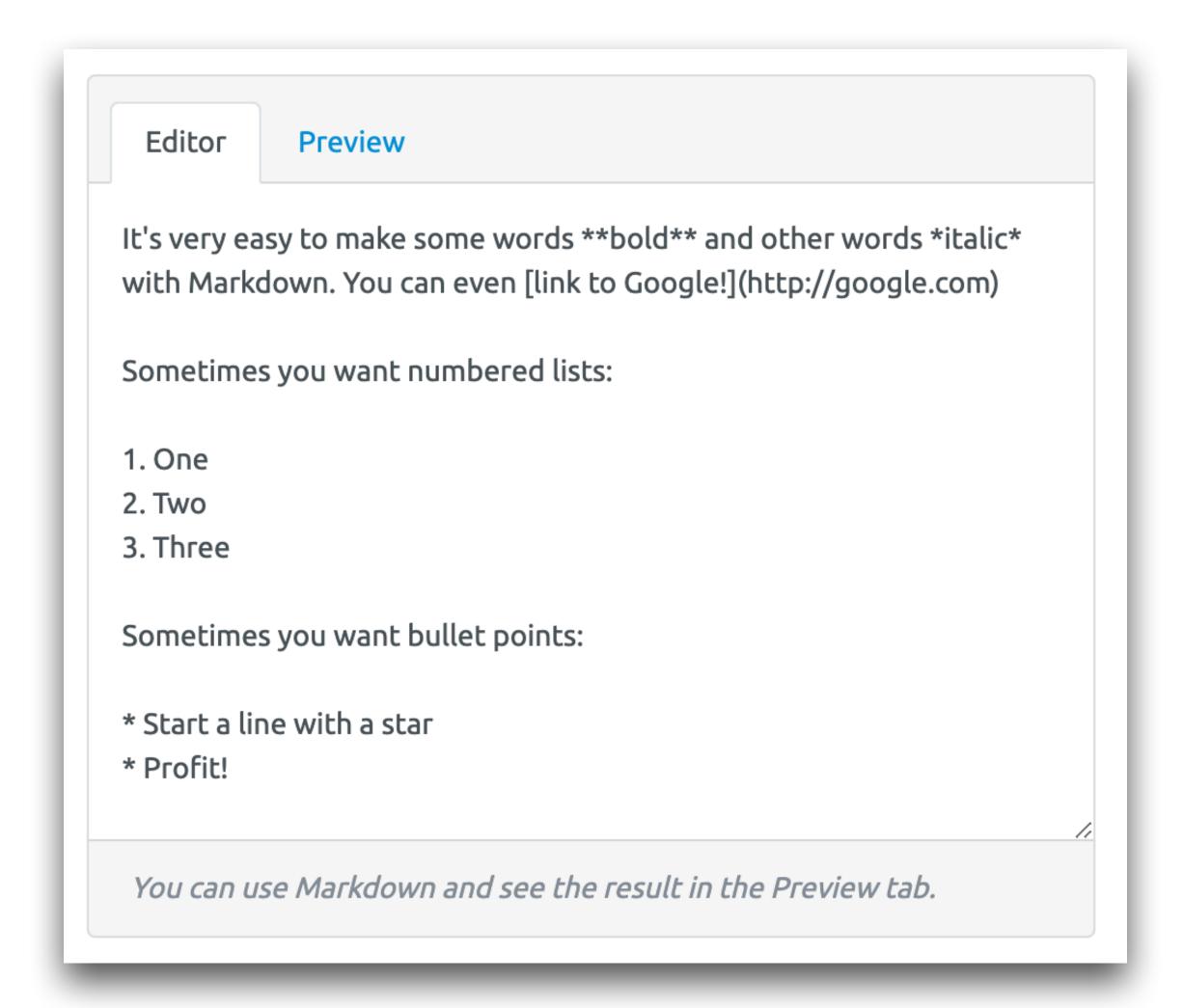
Expert

- Can be used to provide contacts to experts
- Users can see the contact by the question



Using Markdown

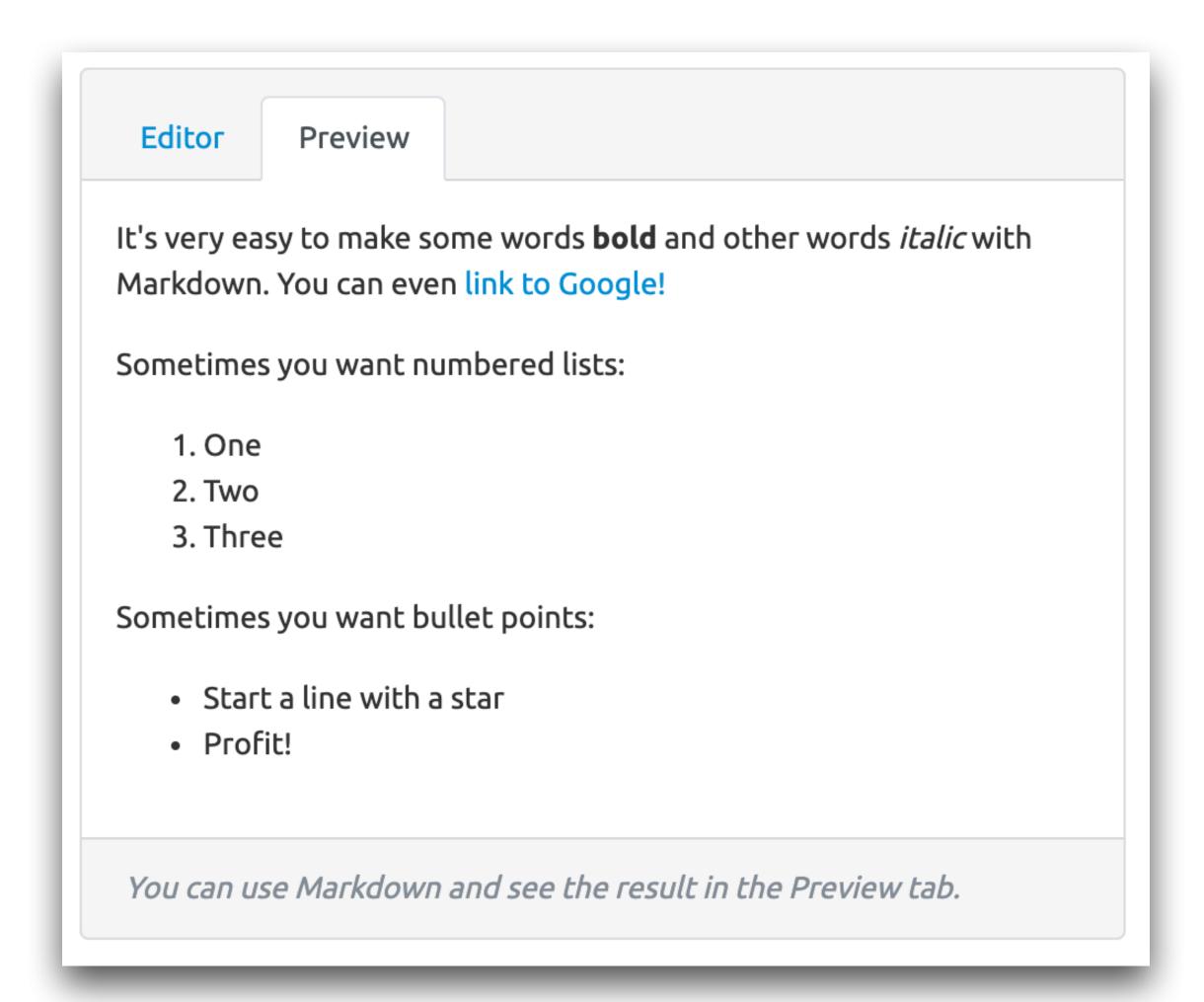
- Markdown is a lightweight syntax for styling texts
- You can use basic features
 - bold or italic text
 - links
 - bullet or numbered lists
- More examples: <u>https://guides.github.com/features/mastering-markdown/</u>





Using Markdown

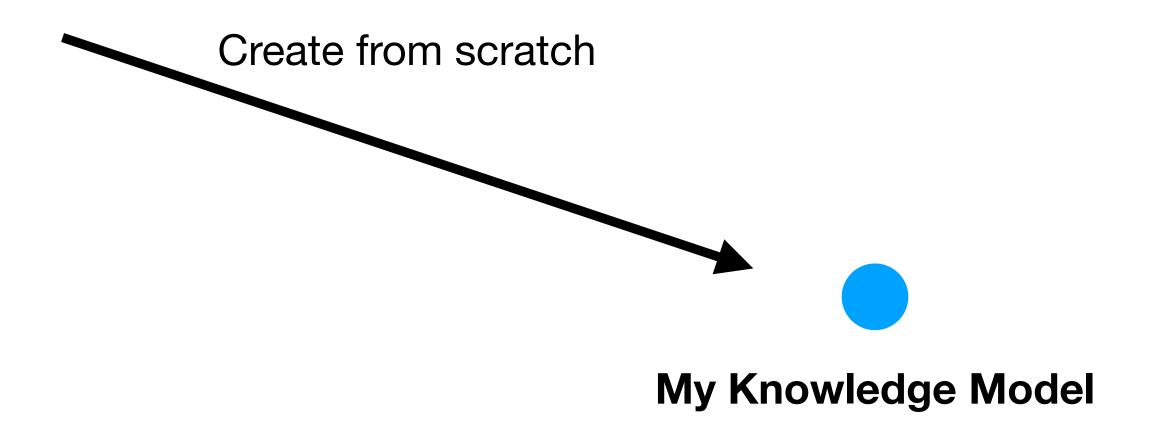
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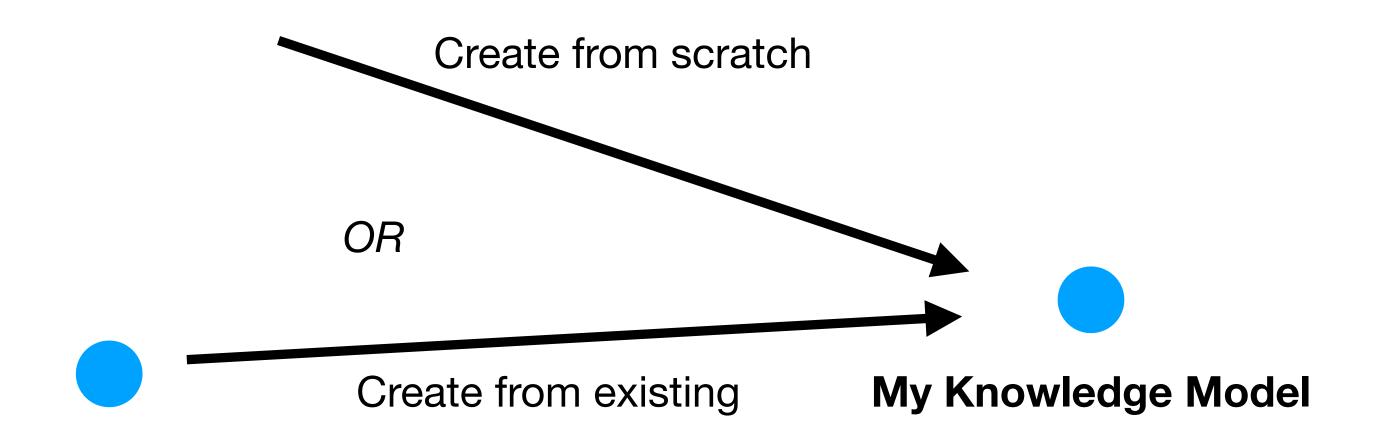
Publishing the Knowledge Model

- Before a Knowledge Model can be used, it has to be published
- Version, description and readme is assigned
- Once the version is published it cannot be changed
- New changes as a new version
- Published Knowledge Models can be used to create a Questionnaire





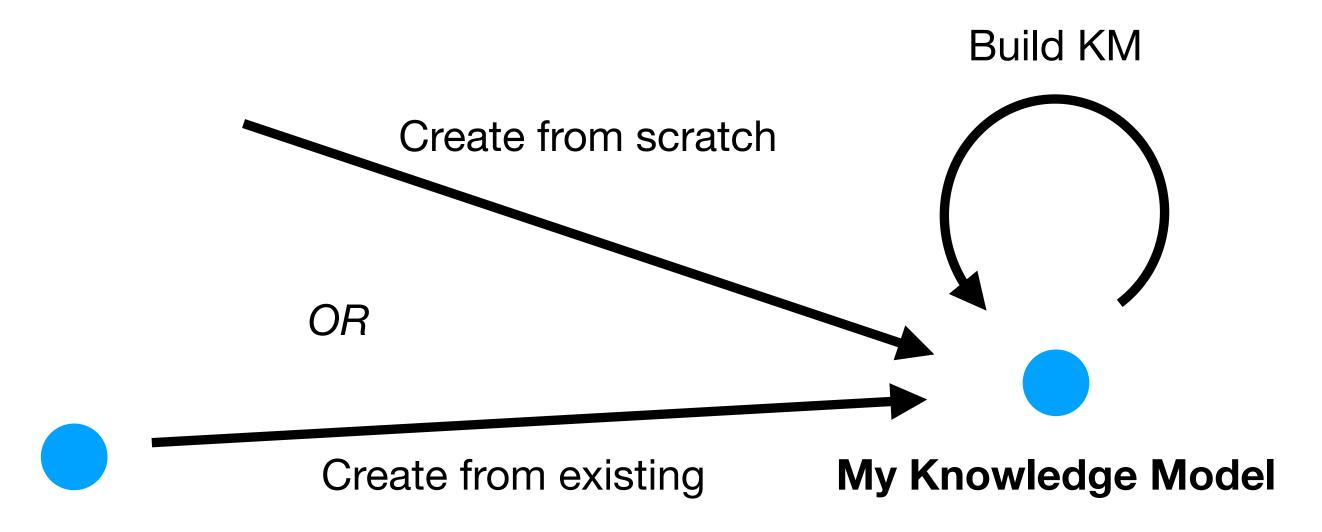




Existing Knowledge Model

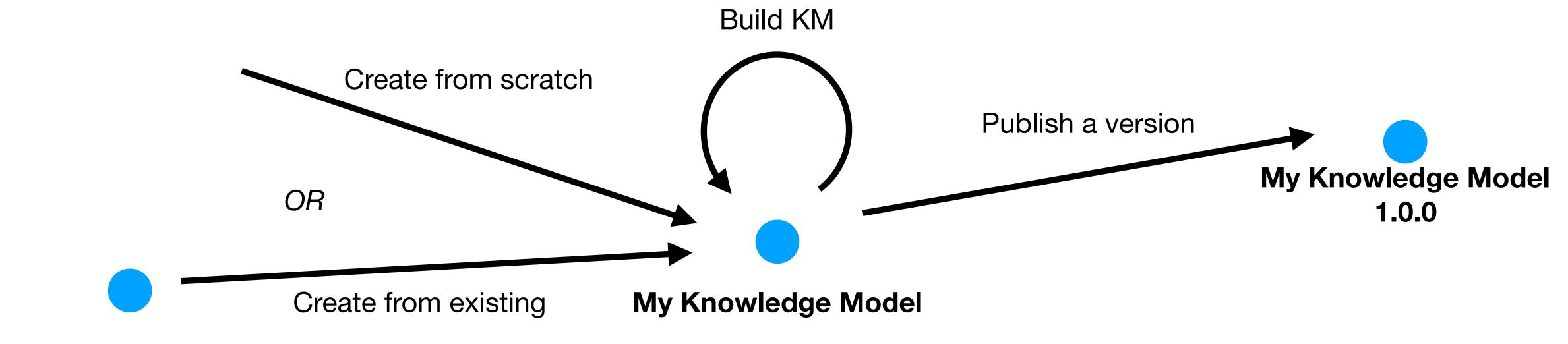
1.2.3





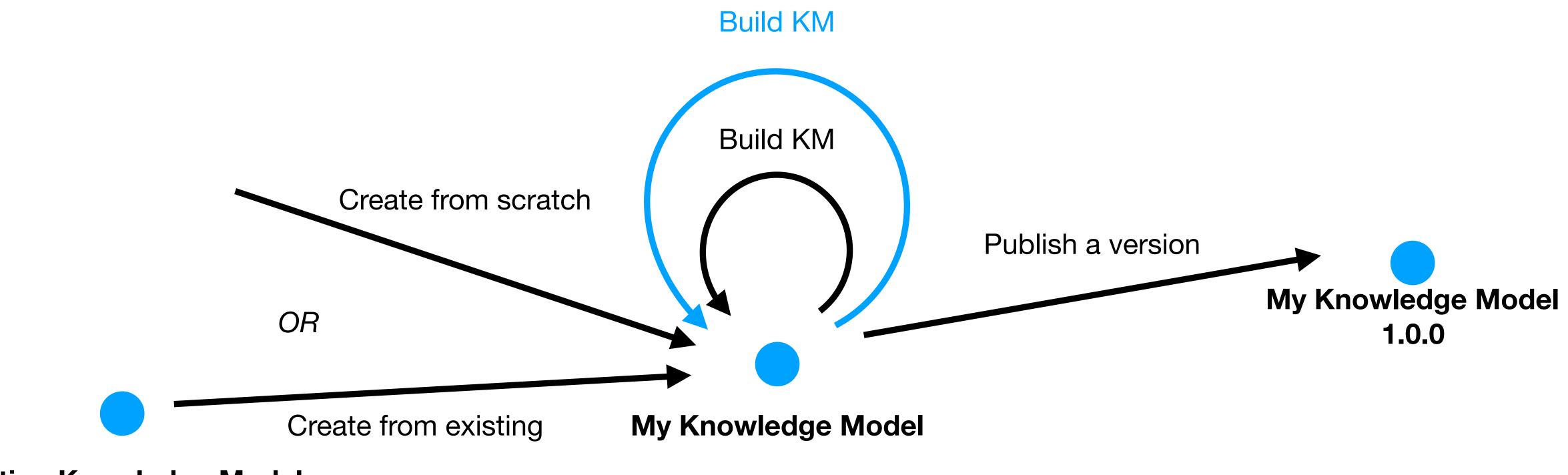
Existing Knowledge Model 1.2.3





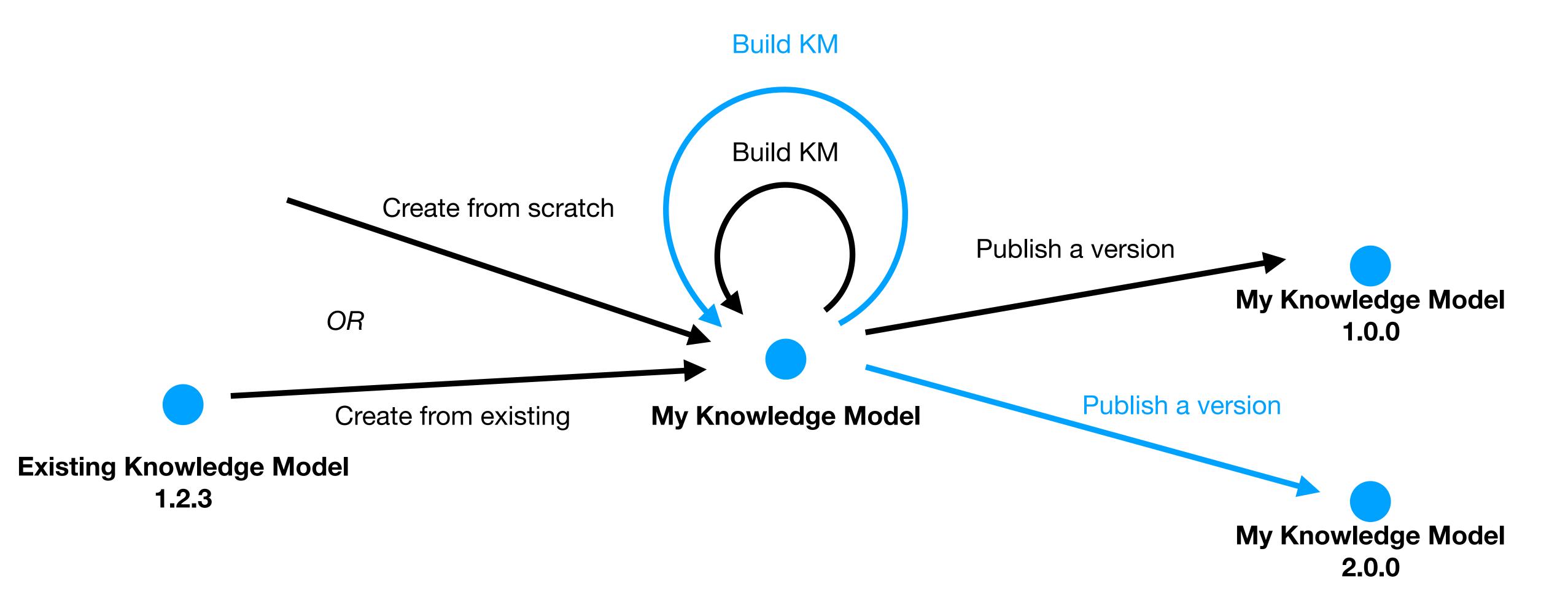
Existing Knowledge Model 1.2.3





Existing Knowledge Model 1.2.3







Knowledge Model Import & Export

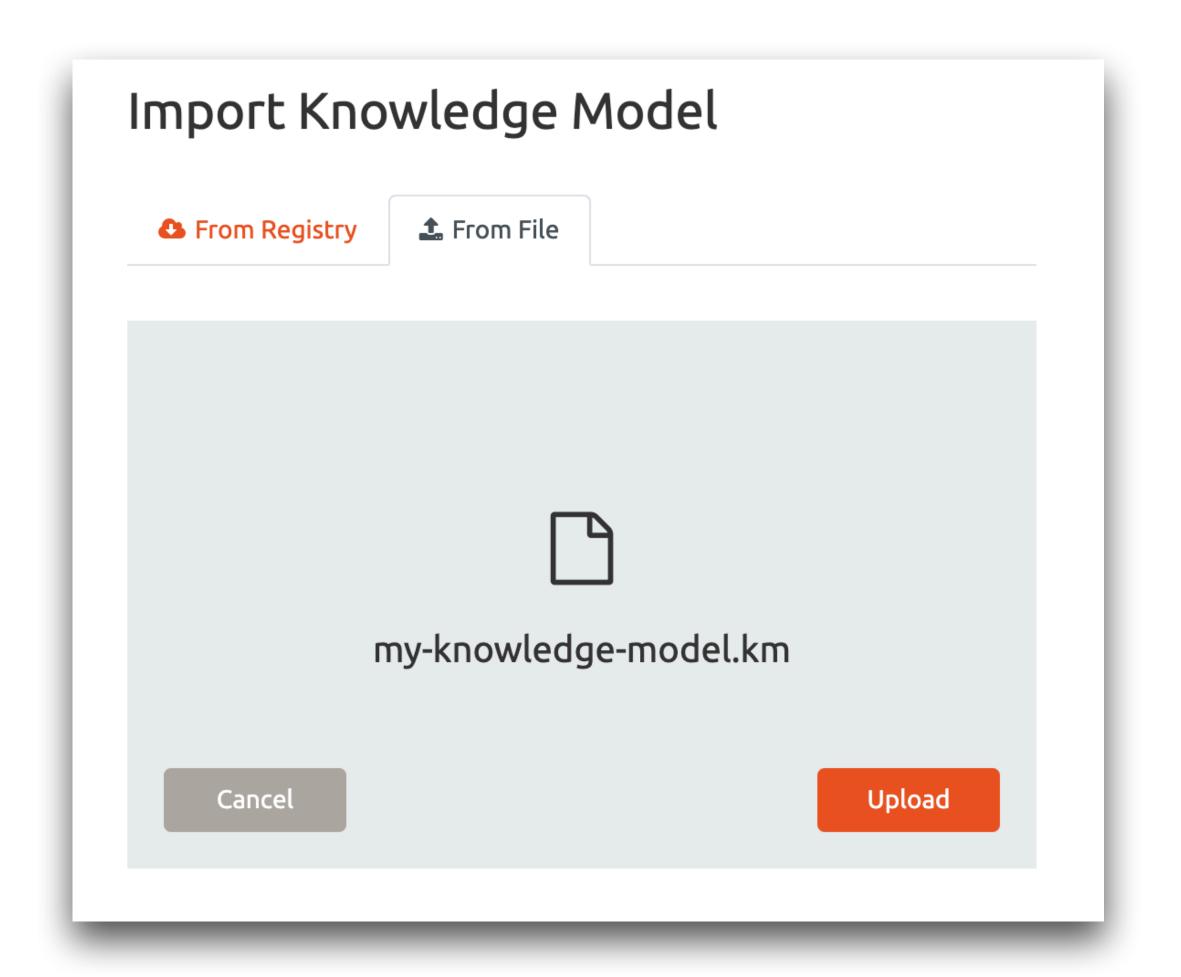
- From file
- From Registry





Import & Export with Files

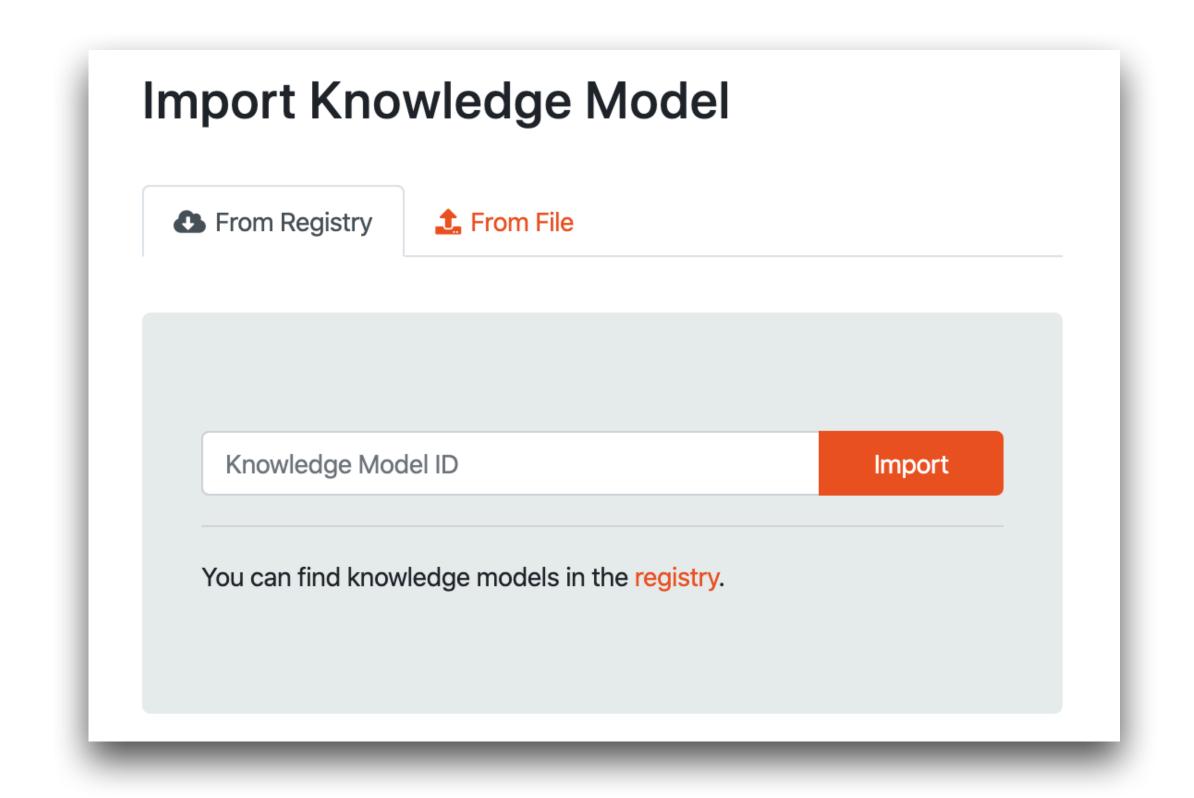
- When a Knowledge Model was published it can be exported
- A .km file is downloaded from the DSW Instance
- It can be imported to a different DSW Instance



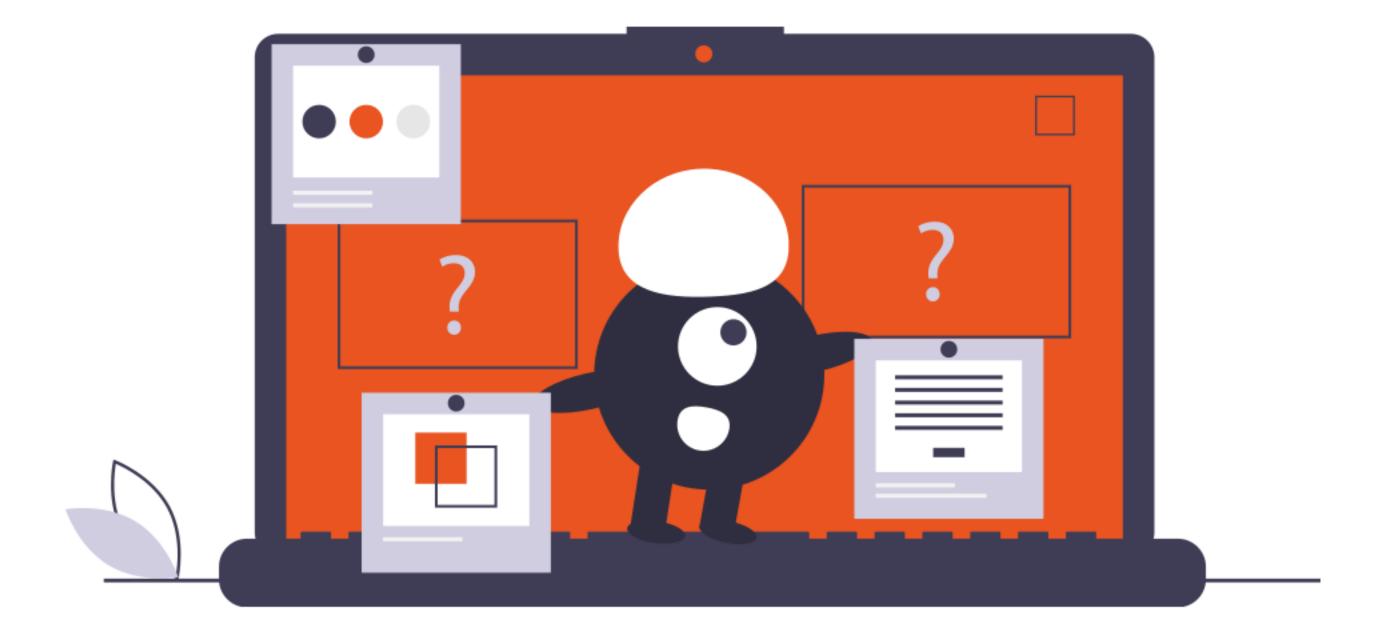


Import from Registry

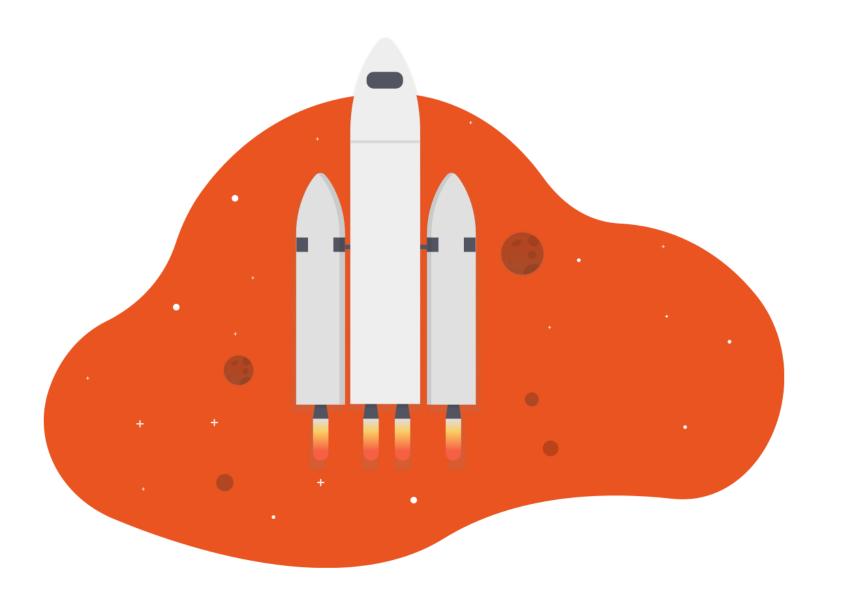
- DSW Knowledge Models are publicly available in <u>registry.ds-wizard.org</u>
- Easy import into DSW instances using Knowledge Model ID



Data Stewards Demo



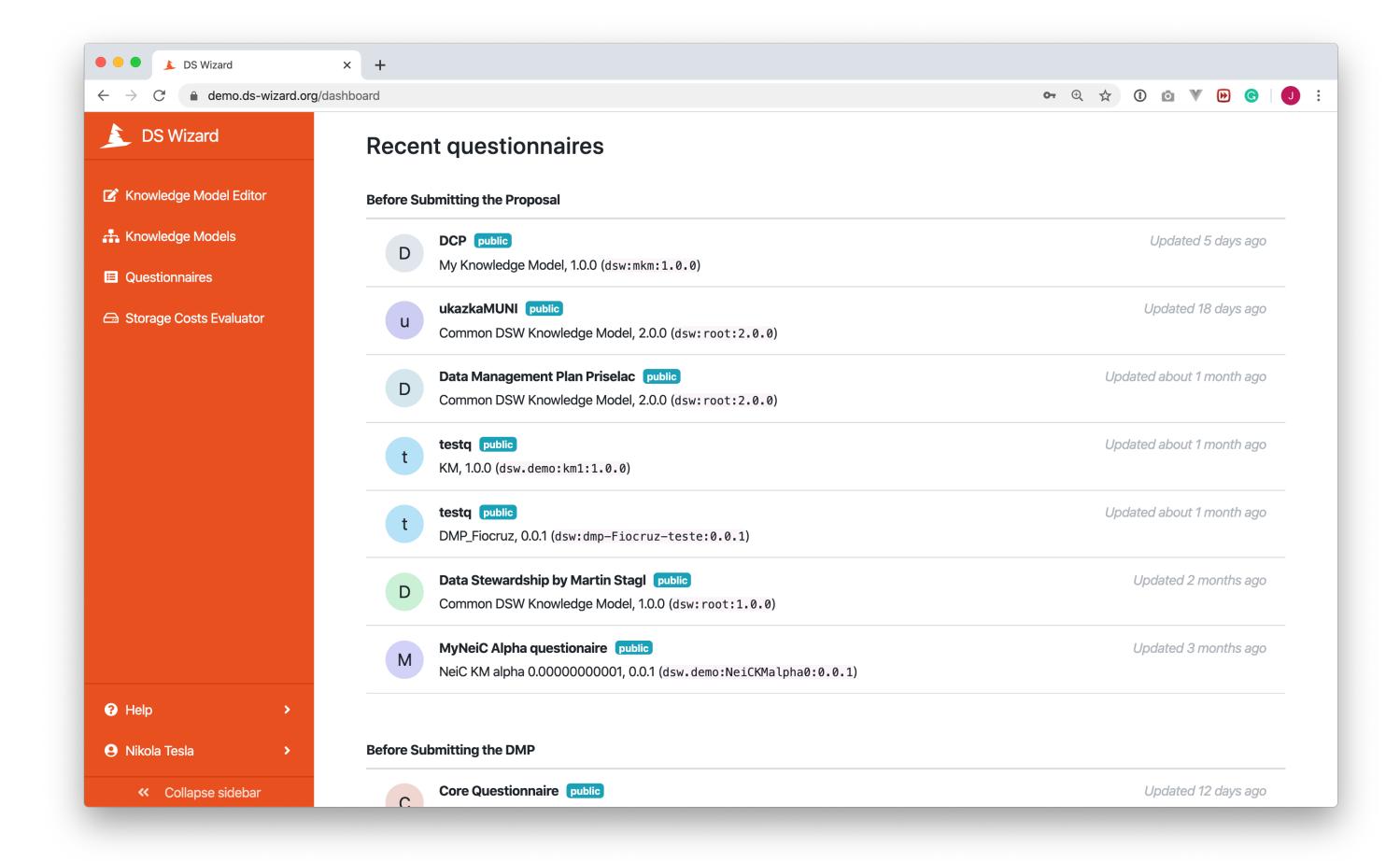




How to Get Started

Demo

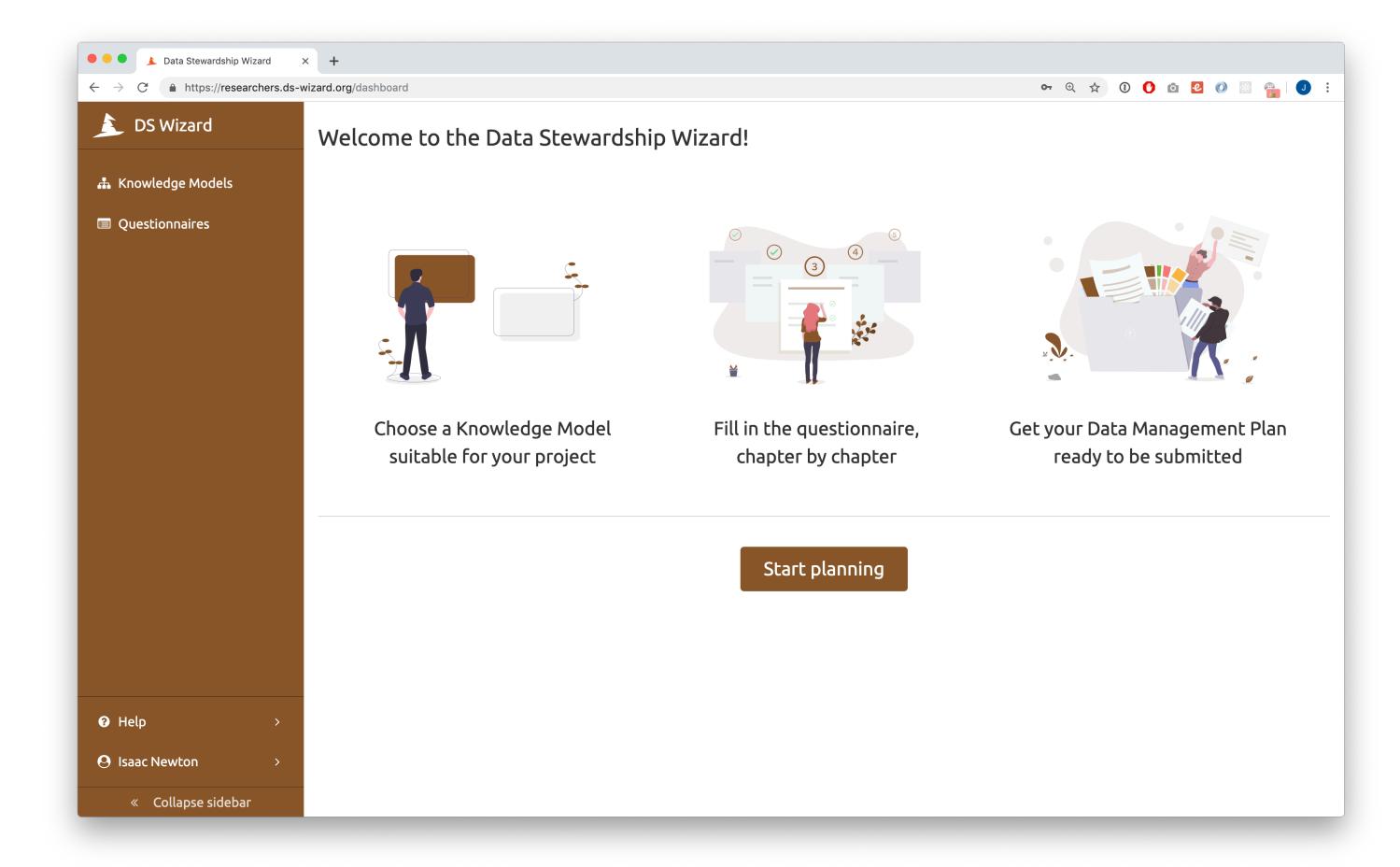
- demo.ds-wizard.org
- Playground
- Share instance with other users





Researchers

- researchers.ds-wizard.org
- For individual researchers
- Easy to sign up and use
- Ready to use Knowledge Model





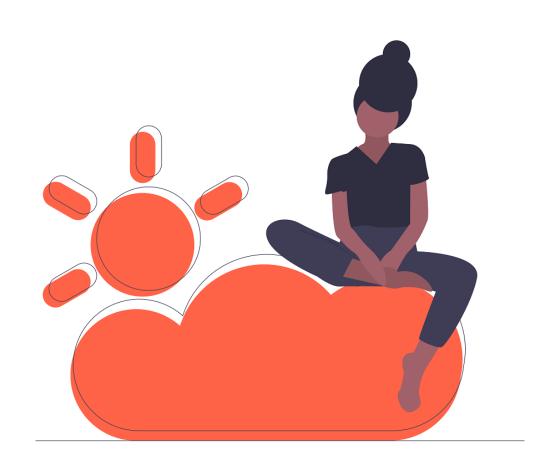
Self-Managed



- DS Wizard is distributed via Docker
- Documentation: https://docs.ds-wizard.org/
- Docker registry: https://hub.docker.com/u/datastewardshipwizard

DSW Cloud

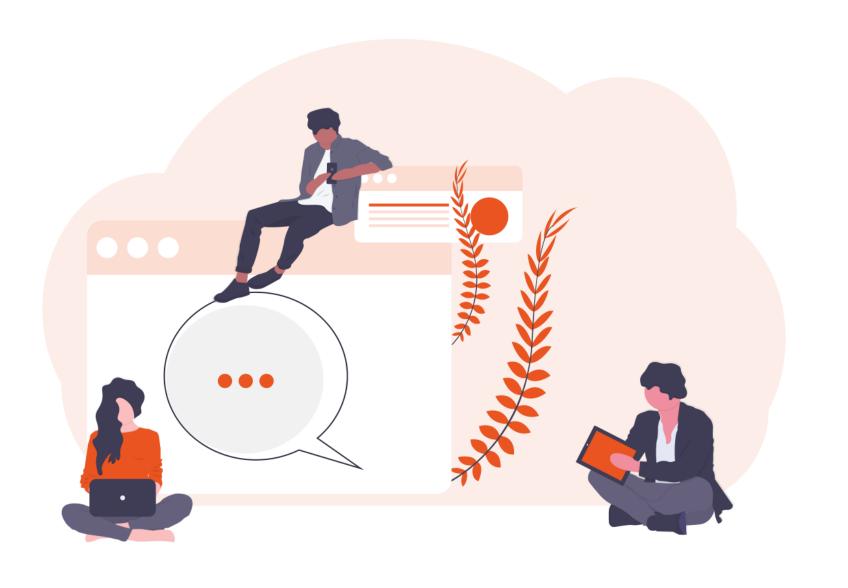
 We offer managing the DS Wizard instance for interesting projects that want to use it seriously but don't want to run it by themselves



Overview

	Demo	Researchers	Self-Managed	DSW Cloud
Production Ready				
Questionnaires & DMPs				
Knowledge Models Management				
Custom Export Document Templates				
User Management & Organization Settings				
Features configuration & Visual style customizations				





Questions & Discussion

Try DS Wizard yourself!



- ds-wizard.org
- info@ds-wizard.org
- https://twitter.com/dswizard_org



