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A Review on Rasamanjari: It's **Contribution in Pharmaceutical Science**

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ABSTRACT

Ayurveda is an ancient science. Rasashastra and bhaishajya kalpana is one of the important branch of counterparts. (1)Rasamanjari is one of the compiled Ayurveda. Rasamanjari is one of the compile text written by Acharya Shalinath. Hindi translation Siddhiprada written by Prof. Siddhi Nandan Mishra. Rasashastra is not included in Astang Ayurveda. Rasashastra deals with minerals and metals. Purification of mineral metals and their formulation described in Rasamanjari. The pharmaceutical contribution of Rasamanjari is very beneficial for modern era.

Keywords: Rasashastra, Rasamanjari, Minerals, Metals etc.

INTRODUCTION

In ancient Ayurveda, the emphasis has been over the herbs and their therapeutic usages. Later on the animal product, metals and minerals started to find favor of the Ayurvedic practitioners. The minerals and metals are very effective the potent for immunization, rejuvenation and elimination of disease. The study of Dehavada and the use of metals were successful and it was found that the Mercury was very effective when

to its other minerals and herbals text written by ShriShalinath son of ShriVaidyanath. Its time period is 15th century. Total 10 adhyava are mentioned. Shri shalinath's time period his family and where the author belong these many questions are answered yet. First published by ShriGangavishnu, KrushnaDas, ShriKrushanlal. Hindi translation SIDDHIPRADA by Professor Siddhinandan Mishra. Rasamanjari is also mentioned in Rasendra-saar-sangrah.Rasamanjari starts with Ganaptibandana and Saraswatibandana. (2)

MATERIALS & METHODS

Rasamanjari has 10 chapters, starting from description of parada and its importance in Alchemy. Each chapter of the book has its own importance. Its 7th chapter also named as Rasayanadhikar and 10th chapter is named as Arishtavigyaan because it's explained regarding Arista as a prognostic symptom. It is not only a text of Alchemy but also used as a medical treatise. All the chapters of Rasamanjari explained below.

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1st chapter

Total 37 shlokas. Description of Parad(Mercury), Importance of Parad, GunaDoshaShodhan of Parad. Shuddha-AshuddhaParadlakshan. Guru and shishyalakshan. Taptakhalwa. Hingulothaparadvidhi and guna. (3)

2nd chapter

This chapter explains about *ParadMaran*, *Jaarna*, Gold *Jaarna*, *Murchhna*. Process of making of 8 types *Rasasindoor*. Three types of making of *Rasakarpoor*. Explains about *guna* and *lakshan* of *Murchhit* and *MaaritParad*. Characteristics of *BaddhaParad*. And *pathya-apathya* during *Paradsevenkaal*. *Rasakarpoor* is a *Kupipakwarasayan* but *ShriShalinath* clearly mentioned *DhamanYantra* for making of *Rasakarpoor*. (4)

3rd chapter

This chapter contains 102 shlokas. Explains about 20 Uprasa. Samanyashodhan, maran of Uprasa. Also explainssamanyashodhan and maran of Ratnas.

Four types of GandhakRakta, Peet, Shweta, Krishna. RaktaGandhak is used for Dhatuwaad, PeetGandhak is used for Rasayankarma, Shweta is used for vraandi, KrishnaGandhak is rare and very useful.Rasarajterm used for Gandhak. GandhakDruti is also named as Gandhaktaila. Four types of Heerak. Eight types of Vaikrantaccording to varna. Satwapatan of vaikrant also explained. Four typesof Abhrak. Explained about Dhanyabhrakmaking, Abhrakdravan. Explained Bhoonagsatwapatan and Mudrikanirmaan. Three types of CovriesSardhnishka, nishka, paadonnishka. (5)

4th chapter

In this chapter 18 type of Kandavish. Lakshan, bheda, shodhan of poison&antidote of vish. According to varnafour type of vishBrahmin, Kshatriya, Vaishya and Shudra. Vishsevan according to ritukaal (If shuddhavish taken in Sharad, Grishma, Basant and Varsharitu then it destroy kustha and lootavish effect.). Also explain about vishveganashaktantramantra. (6)

5th chapter

In this chapter general and specific *shodhan* of *Dhatus. Maran* and *gunadharam* of *dhatu*. Explain about *suvarn*, *rajat*, *tamra*, *lauh*, *naag*, *vang*, *yashad*, *pittal*, *kansya* and *vart*. 8 doshas of copper. *Apathya*

during *lauhsevankaal* also explains *mandoor*. *Nirutthikaran* of *lauha* explained. (7)

6th chapter

This chapter contains 345 *shlokas*. Chapter starts with *Dhanvantarivandana*. Explains the importance of *rasavaidya*. In this chapter 81 *anubhoot* and *pramanityoga*. Importance of *mantra* for *Rasusadhi*. (8)

7th chapter

This chapter is also known as **Rasayanadhikaar**. Explains the process of kshetrikaran. Four rasayan yoga explains Gandhamruta rasayan, Hemsunder rasayan, Mrutasanjivani Gutika, Viryarodhini Gutika. (9)

8th chapter

This chapter contains 28 shlokas. Explains yoga for netrarog, Making process of anjana, matra and types. Dantaadivarti for savranshukra and avranshukra. Use of anjana after doshpaak mentioned. Pratyanjana, Keshranjantailaand palitroganashakyoga explained. Anjanavartimatra one harenu for tikshna, 1½ for madhyamand 2 harenu for mriduanjana. (10)

9th chapter

total yoga explained 9 veeryasthambhanyoga, lingsthulikaranyoga, lingdhwastikaranyoga, 3 shandhatwakaranyoga, shandhatwakaranyoga, strivashikaranyoga, strivashikaranyoga, vidweshikaran,lomshatan, lomapatanyoga, bandhyakaranyoga, garbhapradayoga, sukhprasavayoga. Also explained about Baaltantra, 16 yoginis. And bali, mantra, dishapuja for yoginishanti.

10th chapter

This is last chapter of *Rasamanjari*. Also named *Aristavigyaan*. This chapter is about *aristakaal*. *Aristalakshan* of day, month, year. Symptoms of *chhayapurush*. This is only rasa text which explained regarding *Arista* as a prognostic symptom. (12)

UNIQUE CONTRIBUTION

- Rasamanjari has mentioned DhamanYantra for making Rasakarpoor.
- Rasaraj term used for Gandhak.

- Explanation of Baltantra and 16 yoginis in 9th chapter.
- This is only rasa text which explained about Arista as a prognostic system.

DISCUSSION

Overall Rasamanjari is a compile text which is very useful as a reference. In this bookcomplete description of Parad(Mercury) and its purification formulations. Shodhan, Maran of Uprasa, Vish and Dhatus. Also explains Rasayanyoga, Arista as a prognostic system, Baltantra and yoginis.In 1st chapter it's mainly described parad shodhan and guru shishya lakshan. Marana, jarana, murchhana, 8 types of rasasindoor, and 3 types of Rasakarpoor is described in 2nd chapter. In 3rd chapterclassification of rasa dravyas and in 4th chapter it explained vish classification. In 5th (purification of metals) and in 6th chapter Dhanwantari vandana and 81 anubhoot and pramanit yoga is described. Kshetrikaran explained in 7th chapter and different type of anjana and medicine for netra roga are described in 8th chapter. In 9th chapter different types of yoga, 16 yoginis and Baaltantra is mentioned and in last chapter of Rasamanjari Arista lakshan is explained. In Rasamanjari wide range of rasa medicine preparation is explained. Its 7th chapter 8. Prof. SIDDHI NANDAN MISHRA, RASA also named as Rasayanadhikar and 10th chapter is named as Arishtavigyaan because it's explained regarding Arista as a prognostic symptom.

CONCLUSION

This book is practically very useful. It is a compilation Alchemy along with many important creations and modifications of its own. This book can be taken as by the virtue of it's practical usefulness. The subject matter of the Rasamanjari of focused on performance and alternative methods experimentation and medicine preparations. It has given unique contribution in its own experience. Rasamanjari is one of the finest text of its contemporary era.

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