

The Development of an Integrated Next Generation Data Repository For Materials Science



国立研究開発法人物質·材料研究機構 National Institute for Materials Science









MDR Development Project for materials science

- National Institute for Materials Science, Japan
- Cottage Labs, UK
- AntLeaf, UK
- iGroup, Taiwan

Researchers

Publishers

Developers

Engineers



The MDR team: developers, publishers, researchers - at NIMS Library





1. Context: NIMS & the MDR

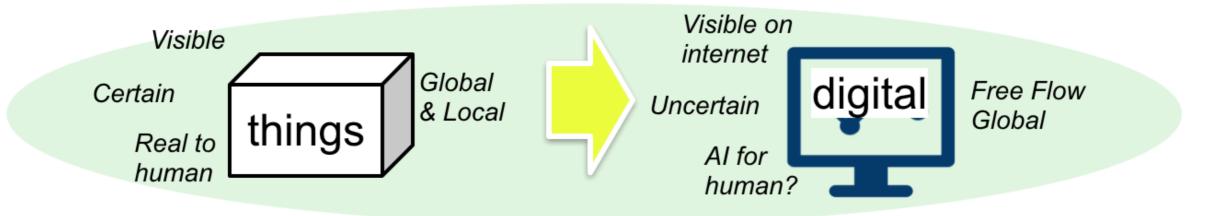
Mikiko Tanifuji



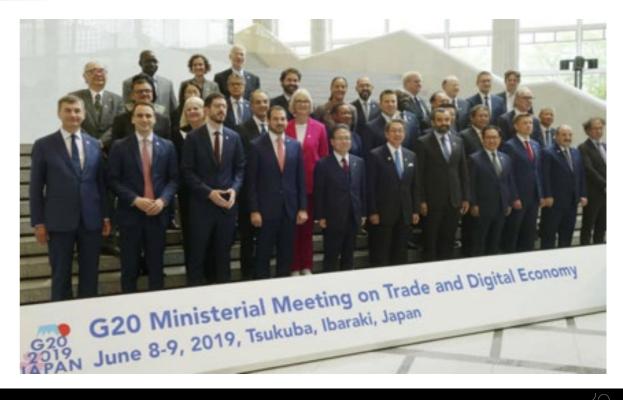


A landscape of research data – G20 Digital Economy

- G20 Trade and Digital Economy, June 8, 2019
 - Human Centric Future Society



- "Data Free Flow with Trust" (DFFT concept)
 - Accumulate data for human society
 - Appropriate data management and global consensus for how-to-use

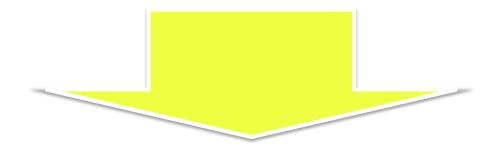






MDR Development Project – Why?

- 1. A new trend "Data-driven science" >> data science/scientists
- 2. Not just "machine-readable", move to machine-actionable >> really FAIR
- 3. Incentives of "machine-learning" >> must WebAPI, with metadata
- 4. Not just a database >> semantic-aware database
- 5. Not just an archive >> metadata, machine-readable formats, analytics tools

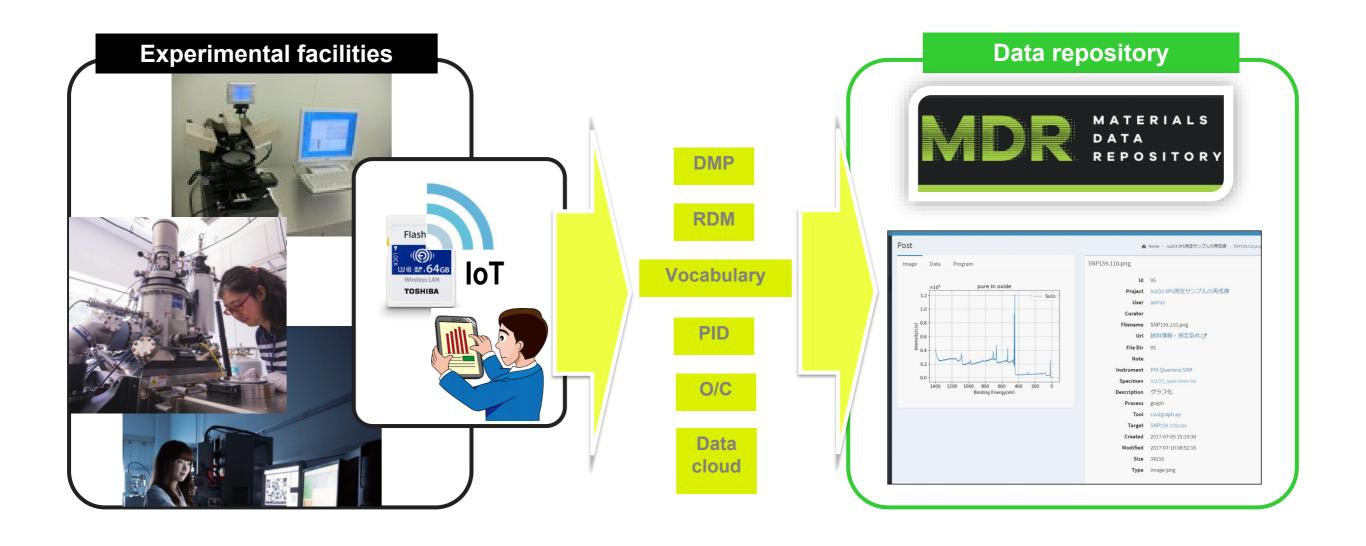


- 1. Next Generation Repository (NGR) must have machine-actionable data
- 2. NGR must have researchers' trust-based quality data
- 3. NGR should/could be repository-tenant concept Example: res project repository





MDR Development Project - What?





MDR - a FAIR system of Materials Data Platform

2019 -

NIMS service

DCS

Data Curation System



2020 -

Public service

VocWiki

Vocabulary for Data Management

NIMS service

IoT Data

IoT Data Transferring System



NIMS service

RDM

Research Data Management

NIMS service

LabNote

Online Lab Notebooks

NIMS service



NIMS service

Single Sign-on

A gateway to all data services

NIMS service

Analytics

High performance computer system

Data deposit | Data deposit via IoT |
Data search | Data download | Data visualizations |
Data analytics & Informatics





2. The MDR system

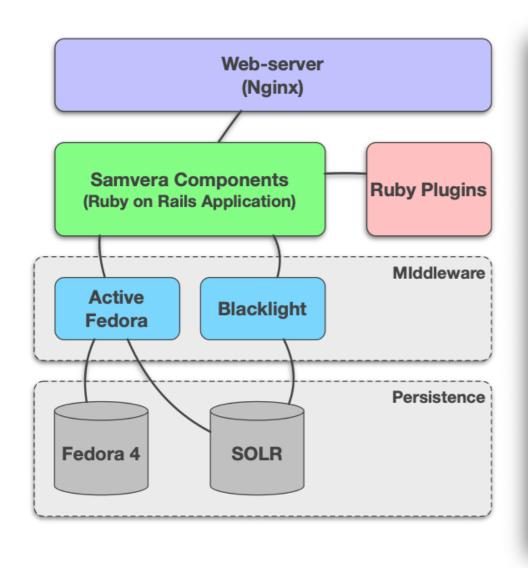
Steven Eardley

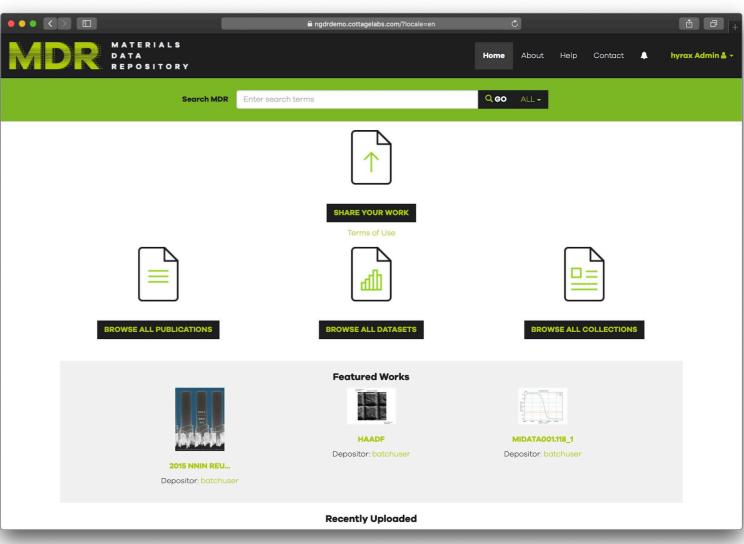




About the Materials Data Repository (MDR)

Hyrax (Samvera)



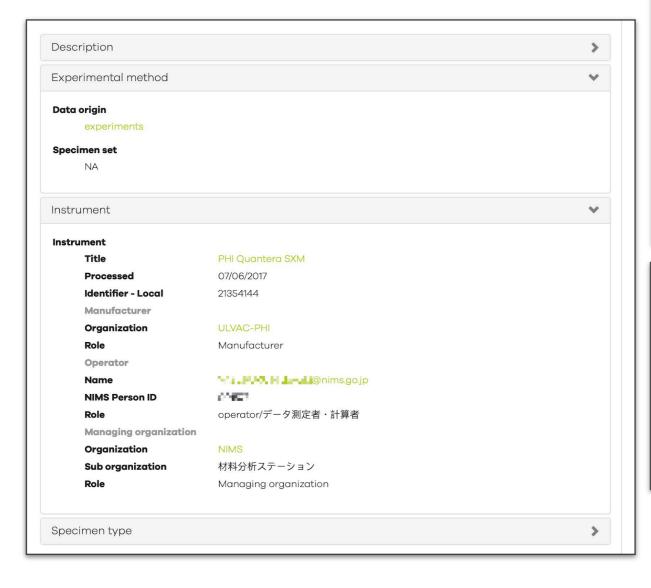


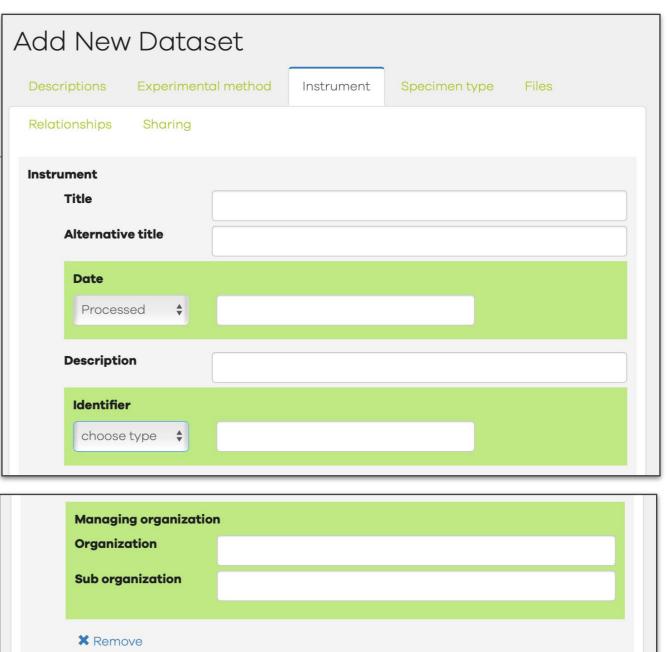






Nested View





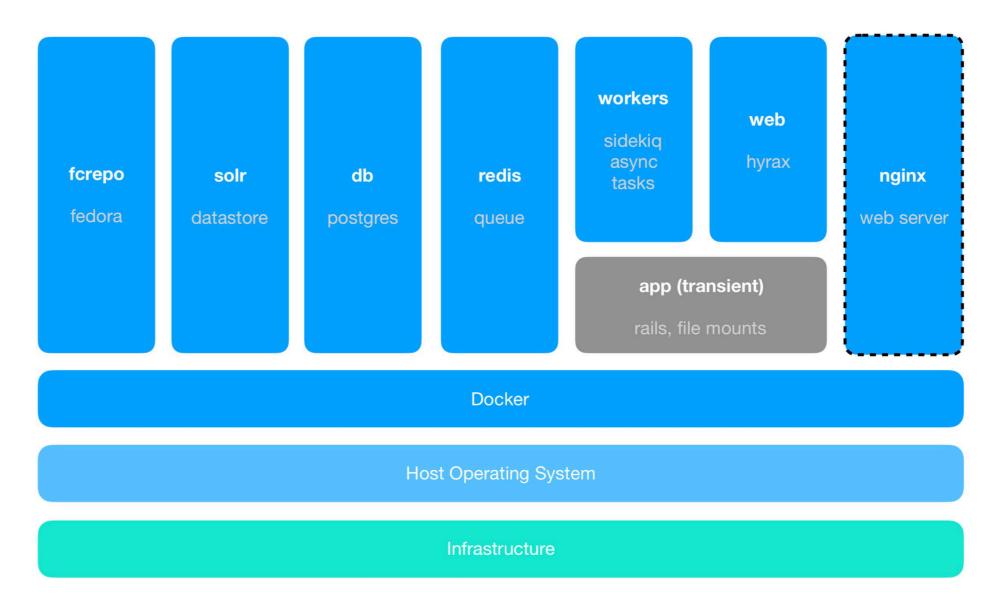
+ Add another instrument





Containerised Development and Deployment









3. A focus on metadata

Asahiko Matsuda





Datasets, publications, & images coexisting in MDR

Old images repo New publications New datasets New datasets





Metadata types

Metadata for...



Publications

- Title
- Authors
- Publication
- Issue
- Date

•



Datasets

- Method
- Specimen
- Facility
- Temperature
- Acceleration energy
- ...

Extremely domain-specific! How can we model this?







Tiered and nested metadata model for datasets

Mandatory $\left\{ \right.$	Common metadata ID, Depositor, Specimen, Instrument, Data origin				
Domain-specific {	Characterization metadata Method, Environment	Specimen metadata Material type, Structural features	Property metadata Characteristic properties	Synthesis/Process metadata Processed date Temperature	Calculation metadata Computer Software
Parameters (uncontrolled)	Characterization primary parameters	Specimen primary parameters	Property primary parameters	Synthesis/Process primary parameters	Calculation primary parameters
Arbitrary data	Arbitrary data	Arbitrary data	Arbitrary data	Arbitrary data	Arbitrary data

Metadata view and deposit form also reflect this model







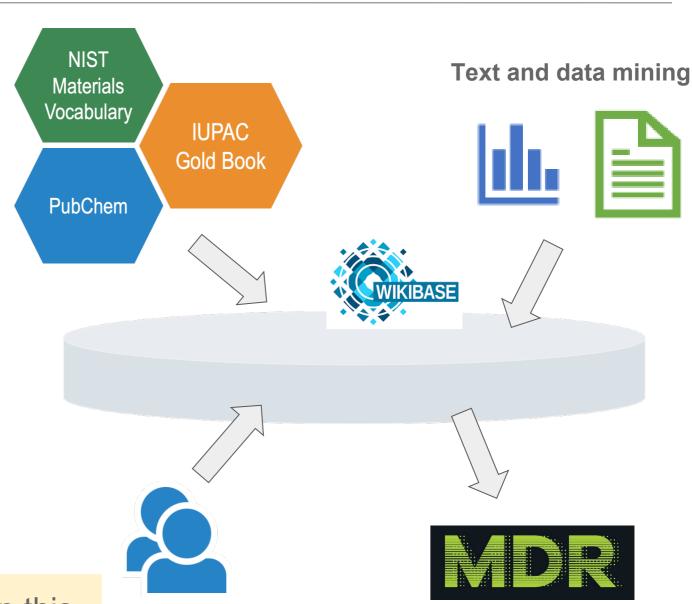






Enriching metadata with vocabularies

- 3 sources of vocabulary terms:
 - 1. Controlled vocabularies
 - Community governed
 - 2. Machine-generated
 - Terms extracted by text/data-mining
 - 3. Crowd-sourced
 - User-generated terms
 - From NIMS research community
 - "Folksonomy"



We have a separate poster focusing on this.







4. Integration

Kosuke Tanabe





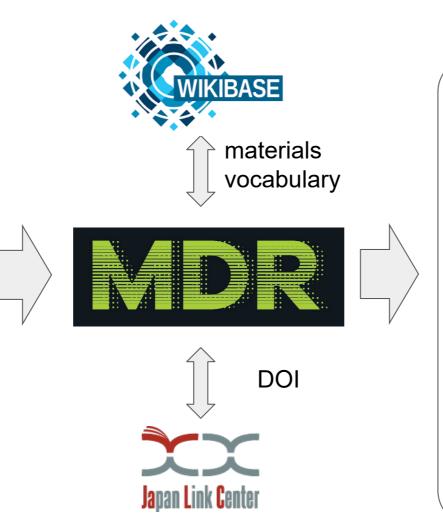
Overview of integrations

Applications to **collect** and **store** raw data

Data Collection System



Cloud storage (Google Drive, Dropbox)



Applications to **publish** and **analyze** research data

Data-mining applications



(Researchers directory with ORCID integration, https://samurai.nims.go.jp)

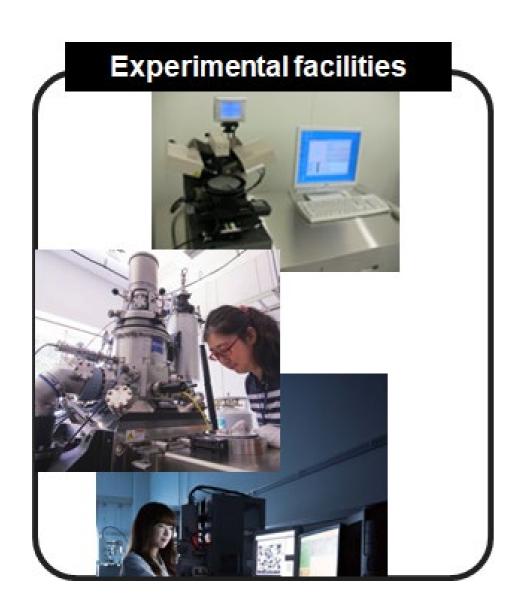
Visualization applications



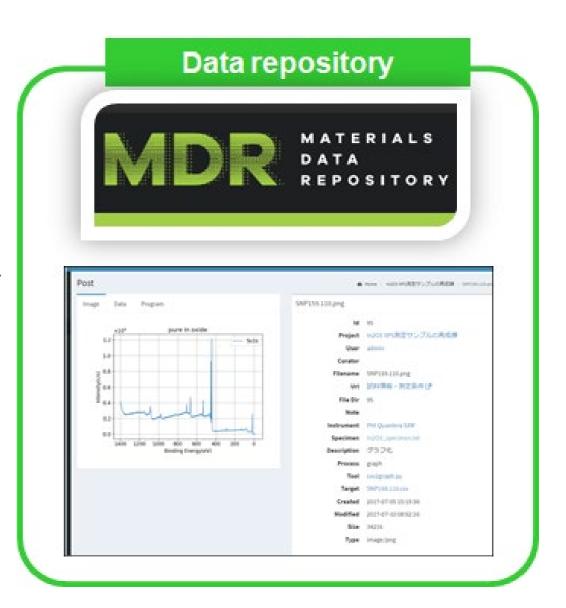




Use case for depositing experimental data



Deposit

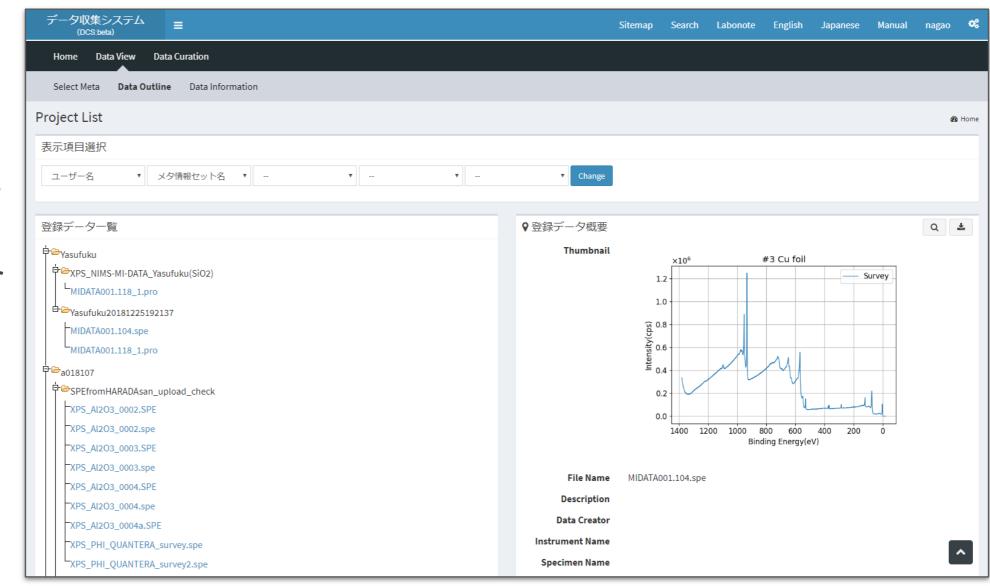






Data Collection System (DCS)

- A system to convert raw measurement data, assign metadata, draw a graph, and hand them over to MDR
- NIMS
 researchers'
 home-grown
 application







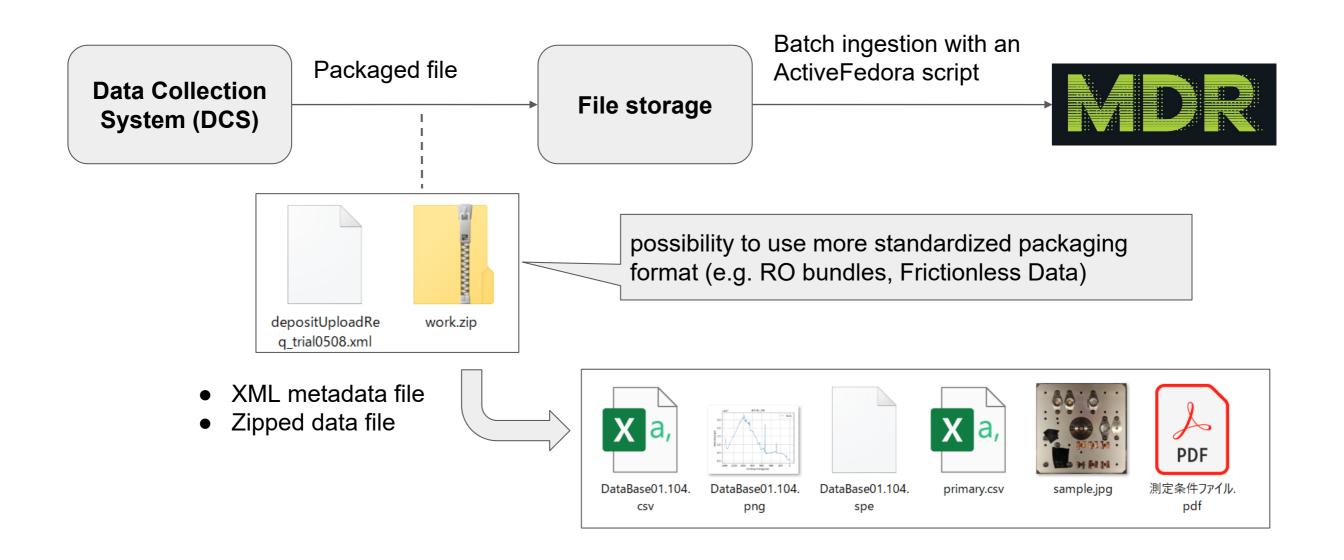
Metadata from DCS to MDR

```
-<!--
     `post``に紐づいた ``work_type=specimen`` の ``work`` の ``Crystalographic_Structure`` を対応させる。
 <crystallographic-structure>https://komorido.nims.go.jp/wiki/Item:Q35</crystallographic-structure>
 <!-- polycrystal(多結晶) -->
                                                        URL of a vocabulary term
- <chemical-composition>
                                                        provided by Wikibase
 -<!--
       `post``に紐づいた ``work_type=specimen`` の ``work`` の ``CAS_No_etc`` を対応させる。
 - <chemical-composition-identifier>
     <identifier-type>CAS</identifier-type>
     <cas-number>7440-22-4</cas-number>
   </chemical-composition-identifier>
 -<1--
       `post``に紐づいた ``work_type=specimen`` の ``work`` の ``Chemical_composition`` を対応させる。
   <description>Ag</description>
 </chemical-composition>
```





Dataflow between DCS and MDR





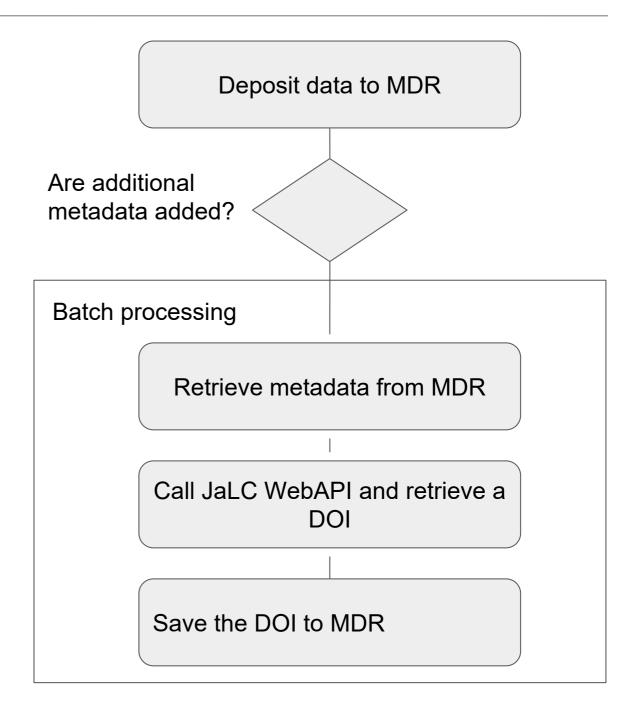
Integration with DOI Registration System

MDR supports JaLC DOI



https://japanlinkcenter.org/
(DOI RA in Japan)

- Only datasets with both mandatory and domain-specific metadata will be minted DOIs
- The DOI minting is processed by a batch script invoked by MDR





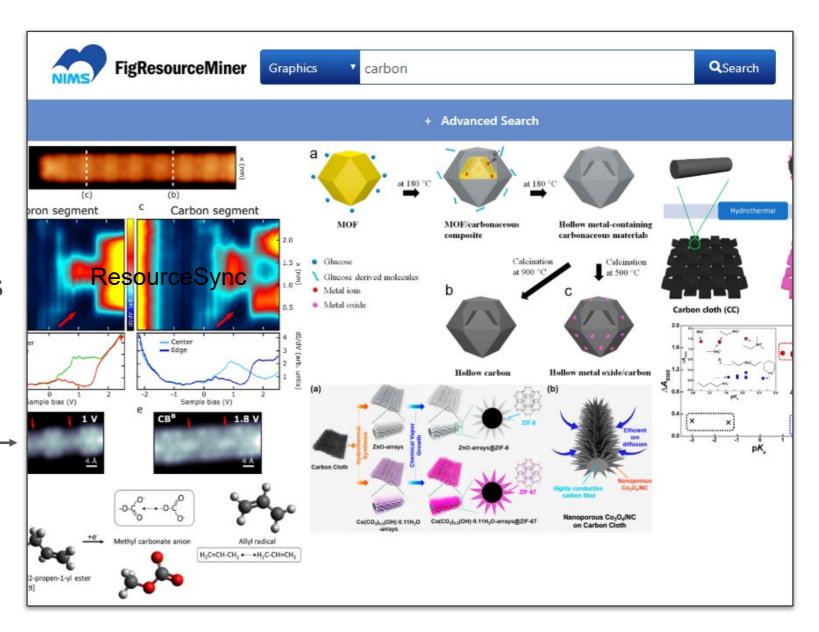


Application using data on MDR: FigResourceMiner

- Data mining service
- Extract text information from figures and images in articles and datasets
- FigResourceMiner harvests files from MDR



ResourceSync









Challenge in integration

- Depositing huge data from collaborators outside NIMS network
 - Sometimes over 4TB
 - Collaborators are expected to deposit those data to their local repository, then we can harvest metadata for search
 - Don't we need actual data (not just metadata) for data mining?

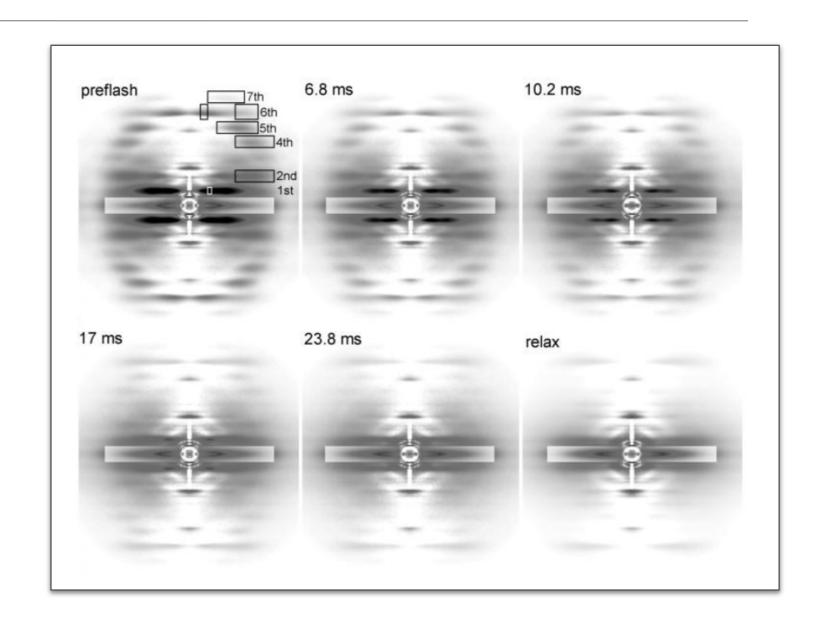


Image data files generated by the X-ray beamline in SPring-8, located outside NIMS

http://www.spring8.or.jp/wkg/BL40XU/solution/lang/SOL-0000001622





5. Supporting discovery

Paul Walk





COAR and Next Generation Repositories

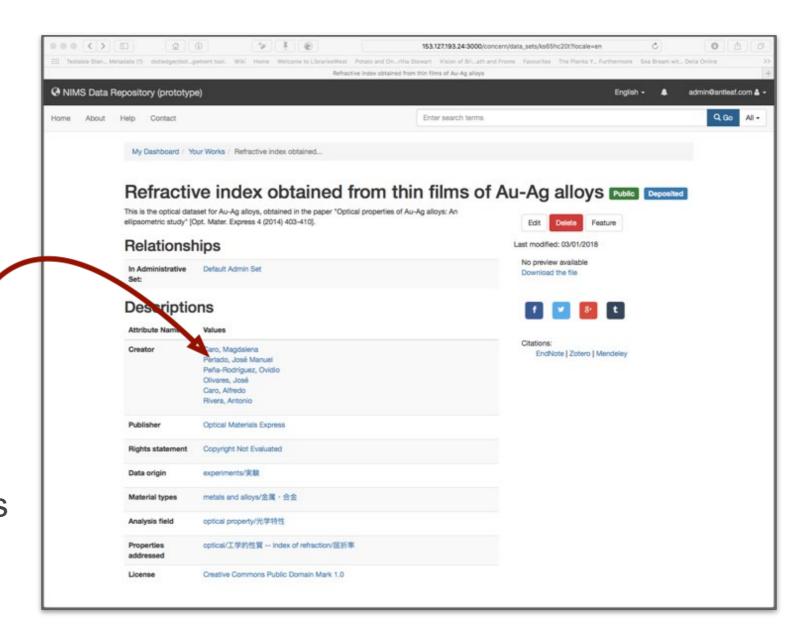
- Defined "behaviours":
 - Exposing Identifiers
 - Declaring Licenses at the Resource Level
 - Discovery Through Navigation
 - Interacting with Resources (Annotation, Commentary, and Review)
 - Resource Transfer
 - Batch Discovery
 - Collecting and Exposing Activities
 - Identification of Users
 - Authentication of Users
 - Exposing Standardized Usage Metrics
 - Preserving Resources





Discovery Through Navigation (for humans)

- Faceted browsing and searching
- Using vocabulary terms derived from:
 - Controlled vocabularies
 - Terms extracted algorithmically
 - Crowd-sourced keywords





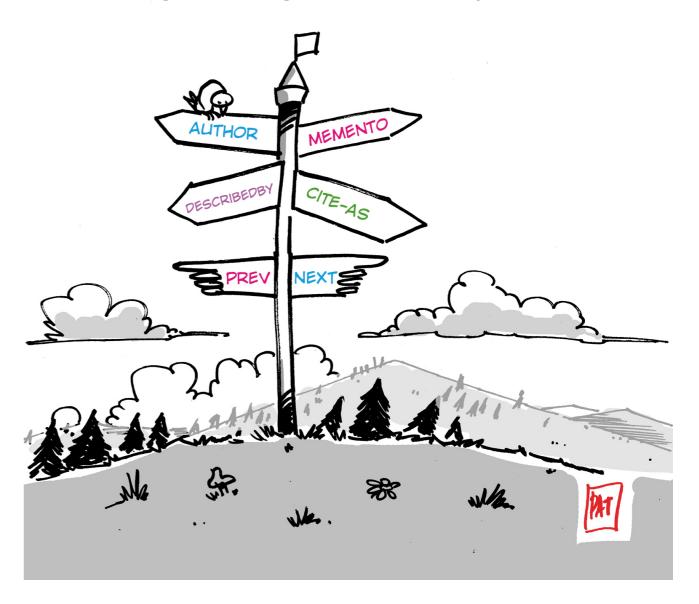




Discovery Through Navigation (for machines)

- Signposting has defined patterns relating to bibliographic resources:
 - Author
 - Bibliographic Metadata
 - Identifier
 - Publication Boundary
 - Resource Type
- It does define a "dataset" resource type.... but...
- How do we navigate heterogeneous & complex datasets (multiple files)?

"Signposting the Scholarly Web"





Batch Discovery (1)

- Aggregation is still an important tactic in the "knowledge commons"
 - mitigates network latency and facilitates processing at scale
- Many conceivable services built on research data will require the data to be harvested and aggregated
- OAI-PMH does not support the harvesting of content
- ResourceSync is an important technology for this
- Implemented in the MDR, about to be tested in collaboration with the Open University Core service







Batch Discovery (2)

 Once the data is enabled for batch discovery, many new interfaces, tools etc are possible....









Conclusions

- By September 2019, we will have launched the Materials Data Repository, which:
 - Is a platform to collect and showcase the work of NIMS's researchers
 - Shows some of COAR's Next Generation Repository behaviours
 - Is integrated with a number of other NIMS systems
 - Is playing its part as a significant 'node' in the global knowledge commons
 - By April, 2020 April, MDR is scheduled to be opened to public
 - a publicly accessible platform for R&D of materials





ありがとうございました

Arigatō

Danke schön!

Thank you!



