

# Developing metrics and instruments to evaluate citizen science impacts on the environment and society

EC Horizon-2020 Grant Agreement number 824711

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Topic: SwafS-15-2018-2019

Type of action: RIA

### **Deliverable 5.7: Project Website**

Delivery Year: 2019



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### **Document Information**

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Full title		Developing metrics and instruments to evaluate citizen science impacts on the environment and society								
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EU Project officer		Colombe Warin								
Deliverable		Number	D5.7	D5.7 <b>Title</b> Proje			oject Website			
Work package		Number	5	Title	Dissemination and Outreach					
Date of delivery		Contractual		Month 03 (March 2019)			Actual		rch 2019)	
Dissemination Level		Public								
Authors (Partner)		Earthwatch								
Responsible Author		Claire Williams E			Email	cwilliams@earthwatch.org.uk				
		Partner Earthwatch								
Abstract (for dissemination)		A website has been developed as a web-based platform for external communication and dissemination. This includes providing public access to project research and activities, reports and presentations, as well as published electronic newsletters.								
Keywords		Website, visual identity, communications, outreach, dissemination								
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### 1 Executive Summary

A project website [mics.tools] has been developed for MICS to allow wide communication and outreach of the project.

The development process was led by Earthwatch in collaboration with all consortium partners, whose input and feedback were invaluable in determining the domain name, visual identity and content.

The website hosts a summary of information and resources about the project and can be easily adapted by the MICS consortium to accommodate any changes required as the project progresses, for example to incorporate the MICS toolbox platform.



### 2 Introduction

At this early stage (M3) in the MICS project a brochure website is needed for engagement and communication with stakeholders. However, the website will ultimately host the platform for the MICS toolbox. The integration of the toolbox will take place as Work Packages 2 & 3 develop.

As leaders of D5.7 Project Website, Earthwatch agreed to build the website in house, utilising the expertise within the Earthwatch IT team. The aims were to create a website that:

- represented the project and satisfied all consortium partners;
- had the required communications functionality; and
- could easily be adapted by the project team to accommodate progression of the MICS project.

A development process was followed (see section 3) to deliver the final results (see section 4).

### 3 Development process

An initial meeting was held between the MICS project and IT teams at Earthwatch to determine the process and requirements for website development. It was agreed that the site map, visual identity and content would be prepared by the project team by the end of January 2019, before the IT team started the build in February 2019. An initial draft of the website would then be shared in early March and allow for several iterations, considering internal and wider consortium feedback, before launch.

### 3.1 Domain name

This was determined in consultation with the consortium. The partners were asked for their suggestions, which were then collated, and checked for availability (via https://instantdomainsearch.com/). The suggestions were as follows:

- o mics.tools
- o mi-citsci.eu
- o mics-h2020.eu
- o mics-h2020project.eu

These were then shared with the partners, who were asked to rank them in order of preference. Unfortunately, no clear preference was demonstrated from the rankings and so, Luigi Ceccaroni, as Scientific Coordinator took the final decision to use "mics.tools". This domain was purchased from website hosting service 1&1.

### 3.2 Site map

The site map for the website was designed to be simple and easy to follow. Other EU project websites (such as [http://www.monocle-h2020.eu]) were used as examples to inform the final arrangement, which is as follows:

- Home page
  - o About
    - Team
    - Advisory Board
    - Partners
    - Workplan
    - Deliverables



- Project Impact
- Privacy Policy
- News
- Resources
- o Citizen Science
- Nature Based Solutions
- Contact

### 3.3 Visual Identity

The MICS logo and visual identity were key components of the development of the website. They were designed by first agreeing a creative brief with the consortium, which summarised the project objectives, audiences and the type of logo we were looking for (combined word and image, suitable for vertical and horizontal use, a good fit with partner logos, which are mainly blue and black) (see Appendix I).

We uploaded the creative brief and a cover note to a website called Upwork [https://www.upwork.com/], from which you can hire freelance graphic designers at a reasonable rate. Numerous designers responded to our brief and the Earthwatch team selected one based on his reviews and portfolio, which matched what we were looking for.

Several ideas were proposed by the designer and the consortium ranked these in order of preference. The preferences were unanimously in favour of one logo in particular, although some tweaks were suggested. Once the feedback was taken on board and the logo updated, the designer prepared several versions for our use (vertical, horizontal, icon only, light/dark/transparent backgrounds), alongside a very simple brand guide (see Appendix II) detailing fonts and pantones, and a PowerPoint template.

This visual identity was then used in the development of the website design.

### 3.4 Content

The content was largely taken from the *description of action* (DoA), Annex 1 to the EC Grant Agreement, which was then adapted to make it more engaging and accessible for a public audience.

All public MICS Deliverables, the project factsheet and several versions of the MICS logo are available to download on the website – see Resources page – [https://mics.tools/resources]

A twitter feed and links to all MICS project social media accounts (<u>Facebook</u>, <u>LinkedIn</u> and <u>Twitter</u>) are displayed on every page in the footer. In addition, the Mailchimp account for newsletter management has also been embedded.

Images were provided by River Restoration Centre, except for the Team photos, which were provided by individuals.

The privacy policy was developed in line with D6.1 and D6.2.

The cookie policy was developed by the Earthwatch IT team in line with standard practice.

Acknowledgement of the EU funding is incorporated as per the guidelines in the EC Grant Agreement and displayed on every page in the footer.



Training has been provided for the Earthwatch project team in the relevant Content Management System (CMS) so that content changes, as the project progresses, can be managed efficiently. More significant adaptations will be managed by the Earthwatch IT team as appropriate.

### Technical specification

The website was built using "Yootheme", as the templating system, and "Joomla", as the CMS.

A security certificate has been purchased to secure the connection and ensure that when people browse the site, any information shared is protected.

The website has been optimised for mobiles and tablets.

The website has built-in Search Engine Optimisation (SEO) with the appropriate key words in the heading tags and background code.

### 3.6 Iteration

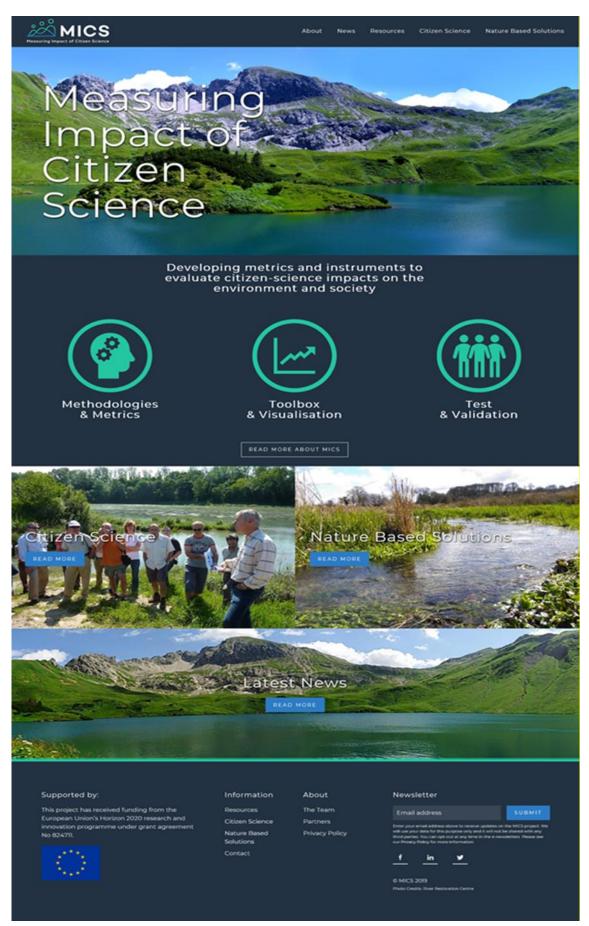
An initial draft of the website was produced by the IT team with several rounds of feedback and amendment provided by the Earthwatch MICS project team. A subsequent draft was then shared with the consortium for input. Feedback from the consortium was positive, although there was a feeling that the visual identity had not quite been captured at this stage. This feedback was acknowledged and some changes were made to the design to improve the visual identity; there was a shift in the predominant colours used (from navy and white with blue accents, to navy with white and turquoise accents); and the design of the icons on the homepage was simplified.

The final version of the website was accepted and the site made live.

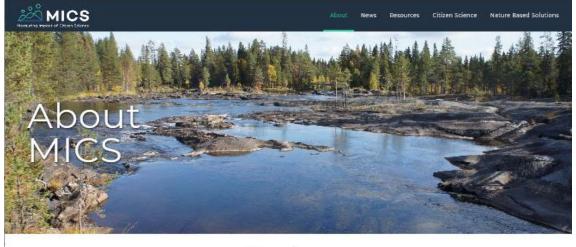
### 4 Project website images

The website can be viewed at [https://mics.tools/] but screen grabs of the website as at 25/03/2019 can be seen below in the same order as the site map list (see Section 3.2).









### Overview

MICS brings together six partners from across Europe to develop an integrated platform of metrics and instruments to measure costs and benefits of citizen science in relation to Nature Based Solutions (NBS). These metrics will consider the impacts on society, democracy, the economy, the science related to NBS, citizen-science projects thermselves and the individual citizen scientists involved in the activities. They will be validated by oliciting them in four test sites cross Europe, resulting in a comprehensive conceptual framework and clear recommendations for those involved in citizen science.

### Objectives

- Provide comprehensive, participatory and inclusive metrics and instruments to evaluate citizen science impacts
- Implement an impact-assessment knowledge-base through toolboxes for methods application, information visualisation, and delivery to decision makers, citizens and
- Improve the effectiveness of nature-based solutions through test-site development and citizen-science tool validation
- Generate new approaches that strengthen the role of citizen science in supporting research and development
- Foster a citizen-science approach to increase the extent to which scientific evidence is taken up by policy makers through recommendations and guidelines

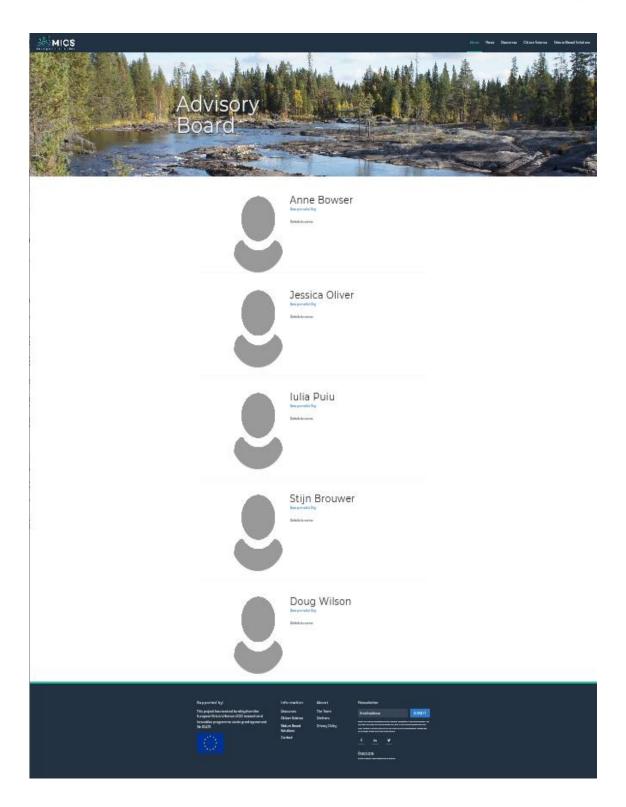
### Useful Links

TEAM WORKPLAN DELIVERABLES PROJECT IMPACT Supported by: Information About Newsletter This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 8247IL The Team Resources Citizen Science Partners Nature Based Solutions Privacy Policy f in w

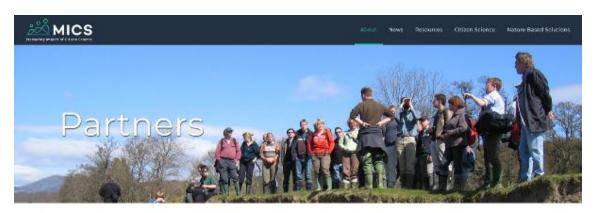








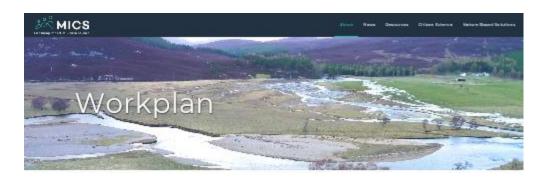












### Methods for measuring citizen science impact

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Toolboxes for methods application, information visualisation and delivery to decision makers, citizens, and researchers

led by Geoffcolder

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### Test-site development and tool validation

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### Dissemination and outreach

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### Our Deliverables over 3 Years

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Project Scoreboard and progress inclicators	East/sweich	Jan 2019	1
Project Management Handbook	Earthweich.	3an 2019	4
Project Rictations	betiweth.	3ws2019	4
Quarterly news/etters; social media posts and updates	AAWA	Jen 3019	+
Report about cland Fled research results ready for eview	Georgests	Mat 2012	
Project website	Earthwalch	Mar 2012	
Shelegic plan for the exploitation and learnington of the results (PEDR)	Earthwelch.	Apr 2010	
Report on the technical requirements	bethweich.	Hey 2017	
Open, peer reviewed report on NBS science	Geometic	May 2010	
The MICS repository	barthweich.	Dec 2019	
Report detailing impact-assessment methods displied to other science	IHE Dwift.	Jan 2000	
MCS corpus of knowledge	IHE Delts	Feb: 2020	
k multilingual ontology	Enthwelch	Feb 3000	
rrpad-epsement methods sciepted to dition climbs	IHE Dwift:	Jun 2020	
Participatory adaptive, pencinal land information- telivery land platform, period - Totologga (PIP)	GeoffcoMan	Jun 2020	
Selevent thermes assigned to curetons	GeoffonMar	Dec: 2020	
455 science briefs	REC	Dec. 3000	
Report on pilot testing in the Central and Eastern fumps region (RC)	GeoffcoNer	Dec 3000	
Report on pilot testing in the Southern Europe legion (IT)	AAWA	Dec: 3030	
Report on pilot testing in the Central and Bastern Europe region (HM)	Georgentis	Dec 2020	
Report on pilot testing in the Western Europe legion (ISR)	RRC	Dec: 3020	
fool box for citizen science research; scorripanying documentation report.	Earthwelds	Dec: 3020	
Recommendations about the assessment of the repact of citizen science	IHE Dwife	Jan 2001	
Africal test version of the conceptual framework	IHE Dulk	Jan 2021	
Ditzen-ic lence model for impact-evaluation was rob	AAWA	Aug 2021	
Participatory, adaptive, personal land, information- terivery secoplations, person-2 prototype (F2P)	GeoffcoMar	Sep 2021	
Comprehensive evaluation report	RRC	Sep 302)	
Recommendations about the impact of citizen clarica on the science related to nature-based inluttime.	Earthwelch.	Sep 2021	

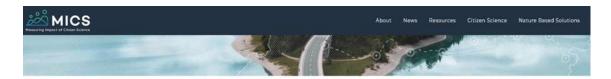












### ---- Privacy Policy -

This Privacy Notice sets out how the project partners use and protect any information that you give to us when you use this website and during the course of interactions on this project with us, and is effective from 25 May 2018, when the new General Data Protection Regulation (CDPR) comes into force. Any information you provide, or which we request in order to fulfil legal requirements, will only be used in accordance with this Privacy Notice.

This Privacy Notice may be changed from time to time by updating this page; any updates to this page take effect immediately. You should therefore check this page periodically for any updates.

Details of the project partners and lead can be found at https://mics.tools/about-mics/partners and https://mics.tools/contact respectively.

MICS is lead by Earthwatch Institute (Europe), Earthwatch Institute (Europe) is the operating name of the Conservation Education and Research Trust, a charity registered in England and Wales with number 1094-647, and Company number 4375313. We are a data controller and are registered with the Information Commissioner's Office

When we collect your personal data we will make it clear to you which data is necessary in connection with a particular service.

The law on data protection sets out a number of different reasons for which a company may collect and process your personal data, including:

In specific situations, we can collect and process your data with your consent, e.g. when you subscribe to our project newsletter or make an enquiry.

In certain circumstances we need your personal data to comply with our contractual obligations, e.g. if you are a project stakeholder we may need to get in touch with you.

### Legal Compliance

If the law requires us to, we may need to collect and process your data.

In specific situations, we require your data to pursue our legitimate interests in a way which might reasonably be expected as part of running this project and which does not materially impact your rights, freedom or interests. For example, where you have provided us with your business card, we may use your address details to send you information on our project.

### Collection of Personal Data

We may collect data in the following circumstances, when you:

- Attend a meeting with us, or register for or attend an event we organise in relation
- Assense at recovery
   to the project.
   Engage with us during the course of the project in person, by mail, by e-mail, by telephone, and by providing us with your business card
   Engage with us on social media
   Contact us by any means with queries, feedback, requests for information,

- Contact us by any means with queries, feedback, requests for information, complaints, etc.
   Fill in forms or applications, e.g. through our website
   Complete any surveys we send you
   Download data and information from our website
   Give any third party permission to share personal data they hold about you with us

We may also collect data from publicly available sources, where the information is made public as a matter of law, or when you have given your consent to share information. For example, before we enter into a contract or partnership with you we may need to carry out appropriate due diligence checks.

### Examples of Personal Data we collect

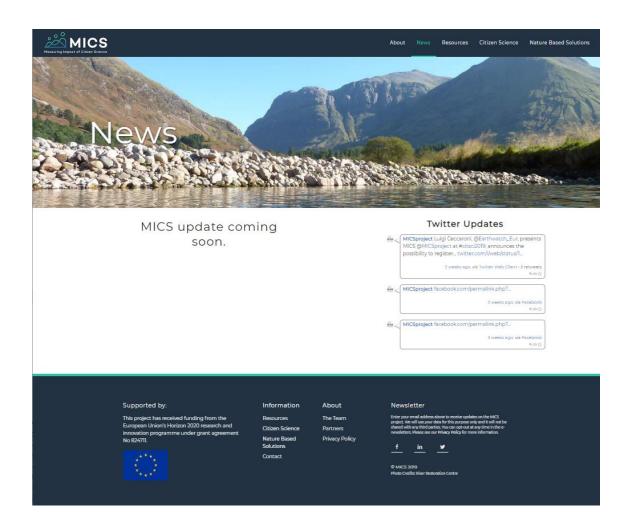
We may collect both identifiable and anonymous information, depending on our relationship with you.

- · If you subscribe to our newsletter we will collect your name and e-mail address.

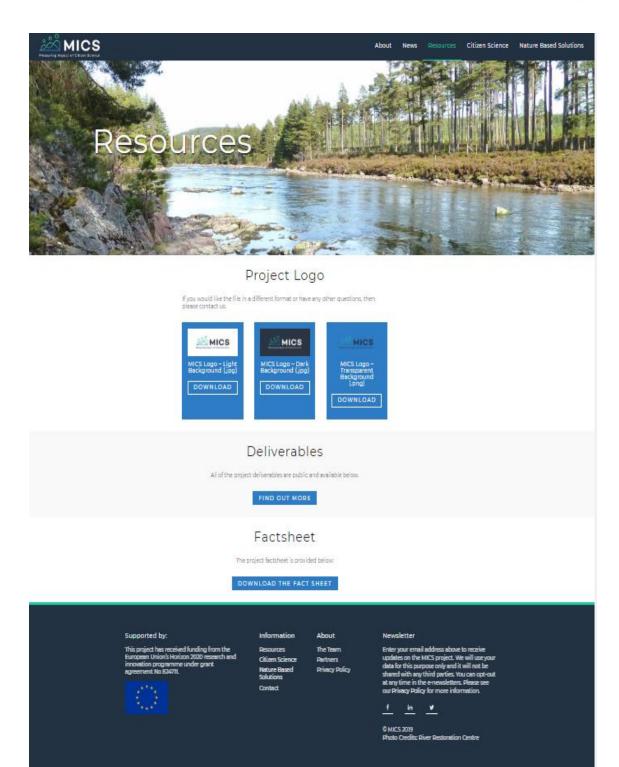
- If you fill out and submit an enquiry/feedback form on our website, we will collect your name, e-mail address and message to respond to your query.
  If you interact with us via social media we will use your contact details to help us respond to your comments, questions or feedback.
  We may collect notes from our conversations and any correspondence between us can be received.
- on uns project.

  If we are arranging travel for you as a partner, or visitor, we may require details such as your full name, address, date of birth, your passport details, driving licence details, etc., which may be passed to third parties, e.g. travel agents, for processing













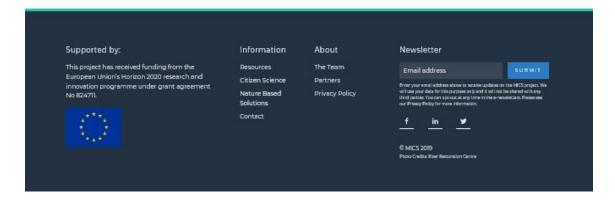
### Citizen science at the forefront

Citizen science (CS) is "work undertaken by civic educators together with citizen communities to advance science, foster a broad scientific mentality, and/or encourage democratic engagement, which allows society to deal rationally with complex modern problems". A range of in-situ observatories, based on citizens' own devices (e.g. phones tablets, computers) and social media, generate new and original applications that have the potential to improve the efficacy and sustainability of novel territorial solutions and regulatory actions by increasing information as well as the participation of novel partnerships between the private sector, public bodies, NGOs and citizens.

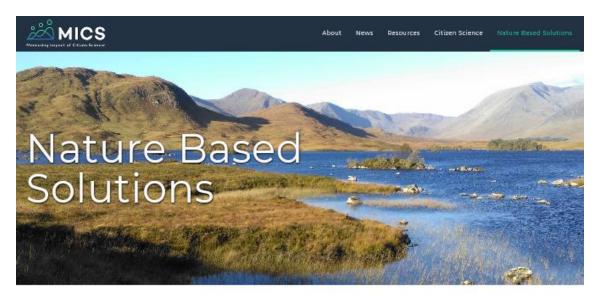
### MICS innovation

Citizen science is emerging as an important mechanism for informing policy. However, neither policy makers nor scientists currently have enough empirical evidence on how MICSitizen science contributes to scientific discoveries and benefits society overall. Innovative approaches and a more diverse array of citizen-science evaluation-tools are needed to plan and implement projects in ways that lead to more powerful scientific outcomes and subsequent impacts. To explore these approaches and develop these tools (frameworks, guidelines, recommendations and applications), the MICS project will focus on an interdisciplinary priority area of scientific enquiry where citizen science can be at the forefront, known as nature-based solutions (NBSs).

The project will research new solutions for evaluating social and environmental impacts of citizen science, using models from NBSs as frameworks to do so.







# What are the benefits?

Nature-based solutions (NBSs) are defined by the International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN) as "actions to protect, sustainably manage, and restore natural or modified ecosystems, that address societal challenges effectively and adaptively, simultaneously providing human well-being and biodiversity benefits". NBSs are growing in importance and range, and have become a priority for urban and rural planners. NBSs cover a whole range of ecosystem-related approaches, viz:

- · Ecosystem restoration approaches;
- Issue-specific ecosystem-related approaches;
- Infrastructure-related approaches;
- Ecosystem-based management approaches; and
- · Ecosystem protection approaches.

### The NBS Concept

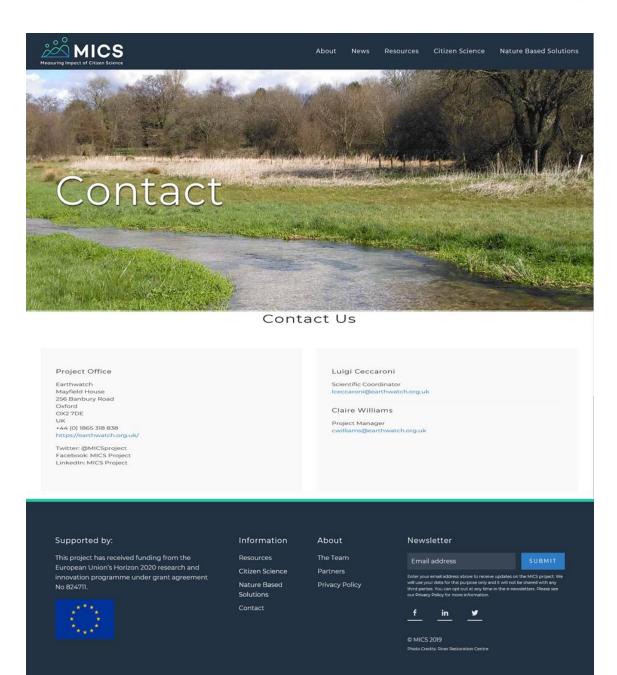
Building on and supporting other closely related concepts, such as the ecosystem approach, ecosystem services, ecosystem-based adaptation/mitigation, and green and blue infrastructure. They all recognise the importance of nature and require a systemic approach to environmental change based on an understanding of the structure and functioning of ecosystems, including human actions and their consequences. NBSs, however, have a distinctive set of premises:

- Some societal challenges stem from human activities that have failed to recognise ecological limitations
- Sustainable alternatives to those activities can be found by looking to nature for design and process knowledge.

They therefore involve the innovative application of knowledge about nature, inspired and supported by nature, and they maintain and enhance natural capital. They are positive responses to societal challenges, and can have the potential to simultaneously meet environmental, social and economic objectives.









# 6 Appendices

## 6.1 Appendix I: MICS visual identity creative brief

Project Name	MICS					
Slogan/Tagline	Developing metrics and instruments to evaluate citizen science impacts on the					
	environment and society					
Key words	Technology focussed. Environment. People. Public engagement.					
	Participatory/Participation. Responsible Research and Innovation (RRI)					
Project	The MICS project brings together a transdisciplinary team to address a scientific and					
Description	policy priority area where citizen science has the potential to promote a paradigm					
	shift. Nature-based solutions (NBSs) are actions to protect, sustainably manage and					
	restore natural or modified ecosystems that address societal challenges and provide					
	human well-being. NBSs have increasingly become policy and planning objectives, but					
	major knowledge gaps in NBSs science have hindered their implementation and					
	acceptance. This is largely due to a lack of locally specific information about the					
	influence of: climate, location, condition and management on NBS function and					
	impact. Furthermore, the sustainability of NBSs often depends on the perceptions and needs of stakeholders, including user groups, local communities, conservation					
	bodies, farmers, land managers, policy makers and practitioners. Due to their					
	systemic complexity and embedding in local context, NBSs offer a unique potential					
	for citizen science to make a major contribution. The MICS project will support NBS					
	research by developing strategies and tools to evaluate impacts on science and					
	society resulting from the integration of citizen science. These tools will foster citizen					
	science approaches that increase both scientific knowledge, and how scientific					
	evidence is taken up by communities and policy makers.					
	MICS will use novel impact-assessment metrics and instruments that measure costs					
	and benefits of citizen science in relation to the NBSs, with particular attention in the					
	domains of society; democracy; the economy; NBS science, and citizen scientists.					
	These instruments will be grounded in a comprehensive conceptual framework and integrated into an open platform following rigorous validation in key pilot sites along					
	a West-East EU axis. This will test the applicability of the MICS impact-assessment					
	tools in regions with differing opportunities and constraints for NBSs, and with					
	different levels of citizen science uptake.					
Objectives	O1. Provide comprehensive, participatory and inclusive metrics and instruments to					
	evaluate citizen science impacts					
	O2. Implement an impact-assessment knowledge-base through toolboxes for					
	methods application, information visualisation, and delivery to decision makers,					
	citizens and researchers					
	O3. Improve the effectiveness of NBSs through test-site development and citizen science tool validation					
	O4. Generate new approaches that strengthen the role of citizen science in					
	supporting research and development					
	O5. Foster a citizen-science approach to increase the extent to which scientific					
	evidence is taken up by policy makers through recommendations and guidelines					
Values	Excellence, Rigor, Innovative, Accessible, Openness, Legitimacy					



Target	Primary – European organisations employing citizen science techniques – usually			
Audience(s)	NGOs, academic institutions, public authorities			
	Secondary – Citizen scientists, Funders, General public, Worldwide organisations			
	employing citizen science techniques			
Preferred Logo	Combination Mark – the letters MICS and a graphic			
Type (see				
here)				
Preferred	Minimal, simple, clean. Future facing but not futuristic. Some soft/curved lines – not			
Style (e.g.	too geometric/harsh looking.			
vintage,	The falls that a self-second like a self-second like latters			
minimal)	The following wording could be used to expand the letters:			
	Measuring Impact in Citizen Science			
Logo use	Throughout the project in multiple media formats.			
Dueferred Less	Largely on the project website, in presentations, documents, banners, social media			
Preferred Logo Orientation	The logo will largely be used in a horizontal format but it would be useful to have both a vertical and a horizontal option.			
(eg vertical or	a vertical and a nonzontal option.			
horizontal, or				
both)				
Social Media	There will be a project twitter feed so it will be important to have a suitable logo for			
profile image	the profile image.			
Colour Palette	Blues, Grey, Black to fit with partner logos (see below)			
	, and the second			
	Greens or Oranges as complimentary 'lifting' colour to stand out from partner logos			
Fit with				
partner logos				
	III IHE			
	UNLOOU DELET			
	United Nations Institute for			
	EARTHWATCH®  Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization . under the auspices			
	INSTITUTE . of UNESCO			
	Distretto delle Alpi Grientali			
	() GEONARDO			
	STATE-OF-THE-ART AND BEYOND			
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	GeoEcoMar			
	Geoecowar			

### 6.2 Appendix II: MICS Simple brand guide

