



# The Old and New – working with existing and emerging PID types

FREYA workshop RDA-plenary 2019

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**PANGAEA® Data Publisher**



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# The Old and New – working with existing and emerging PID types



## Overview

- The potential for expanding the PID graph with new and emerging PIDs
- The PID landscape
- Requirements for new PIDs
- PID graph functionality in practice





**Expanding the PID graph  
with new and emerging PIDs**

# FREYA's role in the development of new and emerging PIDs



- FREYA is project – not a PID provider for new PIDs
- FREYA gathers information about new and emerging PIDs, their implementation and services.
- FREYA asks stakeholders about their current needs for news PIDs and the functionality of existing PIDs.
- FREYA is a testing ground for implementation and linking of emerging PIDs and the existing system of old PIDs (PID graph)

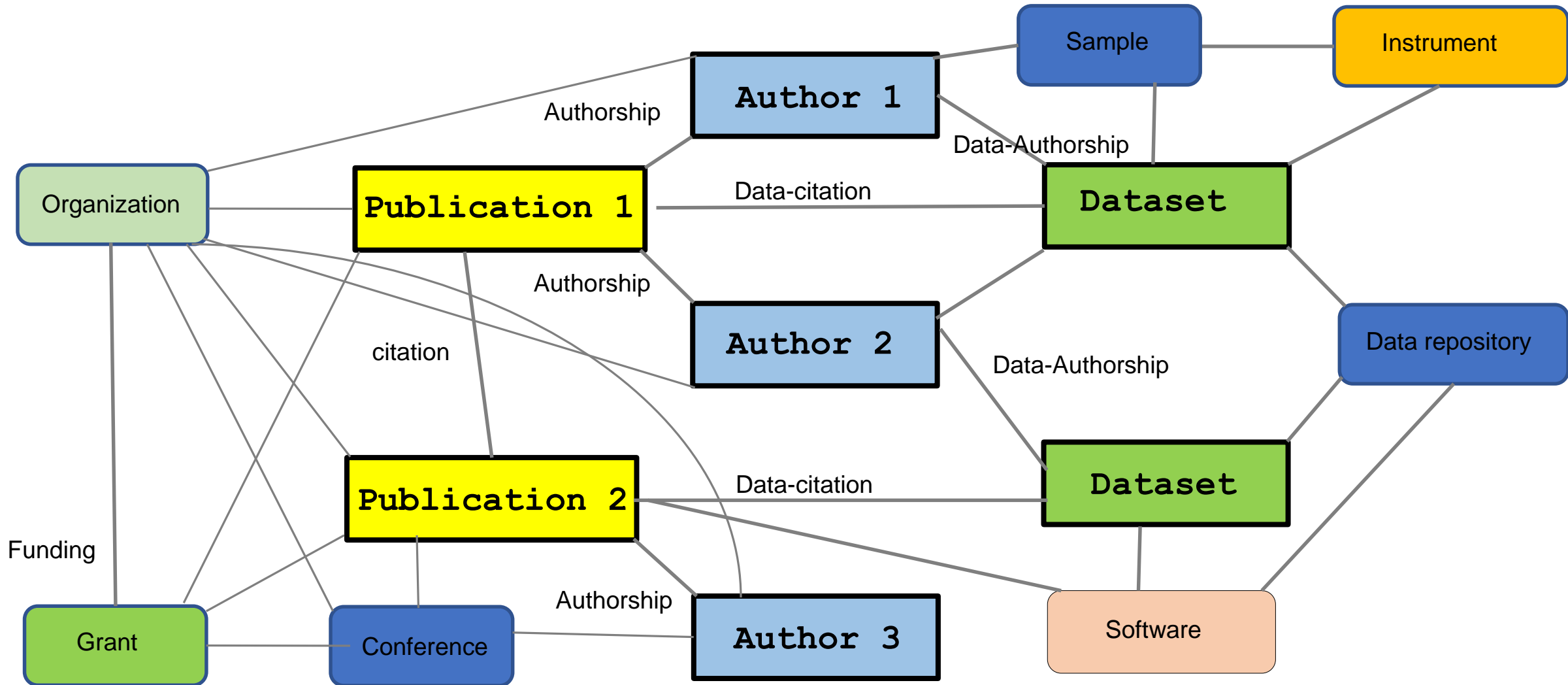
# FREYA's role in the development of new and emerging PIDs



- FREYA ...
  - small-scale implementation of emerging PIDs in existing repositories (e.g. PANGAEA)
  - elucidate benefits of an expansion of the PID landscape
  - improve/build services to exploit the PID graph functionality
  - gathers knowledge and experience on functional PID graph construction
  - identify best practices and key requirements for generation of sustainable PID services in a global perspective

# New PID Types (WP3)

## Extending the PID graph with New PIDs





# The PID landscape

# The PID landscape



Categories of PID maturity:

- **MATURE PIDs:** Existing PIDs with a mature PID Infrastructure and broad cross-community use and available PID services
- **EMERGING PIDs:** Existing PID with an emerging PID Infrastructure and upcoming services may be in pilot – early community adoption
- **IMMATURE PIDs:** PIDs in development/on drawing board - not yet widely used.



# The PID landscape



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- 25 entities identified - have or need a PID
- Significant overlap among disciplines
- Complicates determination of PID maturity

# The PID landscape



Table 1 Entities, PID types and their maturity

Research entity	PID types used <sup>5</sup>	Maturity of PID Infrastructure
Publication	DOI, Accession number, Handle, URN, Scopus EID, Web of Science UID, PMID, PMC, arXiv Identifier, BibCode, ISSN, ISBN, PURL	Mature
Citation	OCI (secondary aggregation of information)	Emerging
Conference	DOI, Accession number	Emerging
Researcher (or Scholar)	ORCID iDs, ISNI  (also DAIs, VIAFs, arxivIDs, OpenIDs, ResearcherIDs, ScopusIDs)	Mature
Organization	DOI; ISNI, GRID, Ringgold IDs	Emerging
Data	DOI, Accession number, Handle, PURL, URN, ARK	Mature
Data repository		Immature

Only PIDs for **researchers, publications, and data** have services that are deemed fully mature. The remaining are either emerging or immature

Deliverable 3.1 is available on the FREYA webpage

<https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.1324296>



# Requirements for new PIDs

## *Use-cases*

# Requirements for new PIDs

## *Use-cases*



### **Methods:**

- Collection of Use-cases from the community, at conferences and from FREYA ambassadors (72 Use-cases collected in total)
- 30 Use-cases revolved around “New PIDs”
- Prioritize new PIDs in high demand
- Identify requirements for the progress of new PIDs
- Matching Need and Requirements with FREYA expertise

# Requirements for new PIDs

## *Use-cases*



### General Use-case template

As a <user role>

I want <goal>

so that <benefit>.

# Requirements for new PIDs

## *Use-cases*



### *Use-Case Example: Software*

*As a software author, I want to be able to see the citations of my software aggregated across all versions. so that I see a complete picture of reuse*



Image from:  
<https://opentextbc.ca/selfpublishguide/chapter/screenshots-of-software/>

# Requirements for new PIDs

## *Use-cases*



### *Use-Case Example: Software*

*As a **software author**, I want to be able to **see the citations of my software aggregated across all versions**, so that I see a complete picture of **reuse***



Image from:  
<https://opentextbc.ca/selfpublishguide/chapter/screenshots-of-software/>

# Requirements for new PIDs

## *Use-cases*

Use case frequency to gage popularity – bottom up approach

Entity	Popularity
Instrument	10
data	8
article	6
person	5
Repository	5
Organisation	4
Sample	4
software	4
Grants	3
project	1
study	1
conference	1





# Requirements for new PIDs

## *Use-cases*



Selected 9 PIDs for further work:

- Instruments (PANGAEA)
- Facilities (STFC)
- Grants (EMBL-EBI)
- Organisations (DataCite)
- Software (DataCite)
- Research campaigns (PANGAEA)
- Data Management Plans (DataCite)
- Physical samples and cultural artefacts (Brit. Library)
- Conferences (CERN)

*Deliverable D3.2 will provide more detailed information -*  
<https://zenodo.org/record/2649230>

# Requirements for new PIDs

## *Use-cases*



- 1. Identify needs based on user-stories:** Why do people want this PID?
- 2. Validate current status:** What does it take to expand this PID type
- 3. Validate the extent of existing PIDs:** Cross-disciplinary approach
- 4. Identifying expertise:** Who can move this PID-type forward

Report is available in Zenodo at <https://zenodo.org/record/2649230>



# PID graph Functionality in Practice

# PID graph functionality in practice



**CASE-STUDY:** Expansion of the PANGAEA PID graph through implementation of PIDs for physical samples (IGSNs):

## How implementation of new PIDs provides new service opportunities

I am a Geologist interested in sediment cores.

It has come to my knowledge that interesting research is going on in lakes of the French Alps.

I search the PANGAEA data repository for data and find the work of Bajard et al 2015

What kind of information does PANGAEAs use of PIDs provide me?



Photo: MARUM – Center for Marine Environmental Sciences, University of Bremen; V. Diekamp

# PID graph functionality in practice



## CASE-STUDY: Expansion of the PANGAEA PID graph through implementation of PIDs for physical samples (IGSNs):



PANGAEA.

Data Publisher for Earth & Environmental Science

SEARCH SUBMIT ABOUT CONTACT

Citation:

**Bajard, Manon; Sabatier, Pierre; David, Fernand; Develle, Anne-Lise; Reyss, Jean-Louis; Forget, Bernard; Malet, Emmanuel; Arnaud, Daniel; Augustin, Laurent; Crozet, Nicolas; Sabatier, Pierre; Arnaud, Fabien (2015):** Chemical composition of the Mastercore. PANGAEA, <https://doi.org/10.1594/PANGAEA.20150101>

*In supplement to:* Bajard, M et al. (2015): Erosion record in Lake La Thuile sediments (Prealps, France): Evidence of montane landscape dynamics throughout the Holocene. *The Holocene*, **26(3)**, 350-364, <https://doi.org/10.1177/0959683615609750>

Always quote above citation when using data! You can download the citation in several formats below.

[RIS Citation](#) [BibTeX Citation](#) [Text Citation](#) [Facebook](#) [Twitter](#) [Google+](#) [Show Map](#) [Google Earth](#)

Coverage:

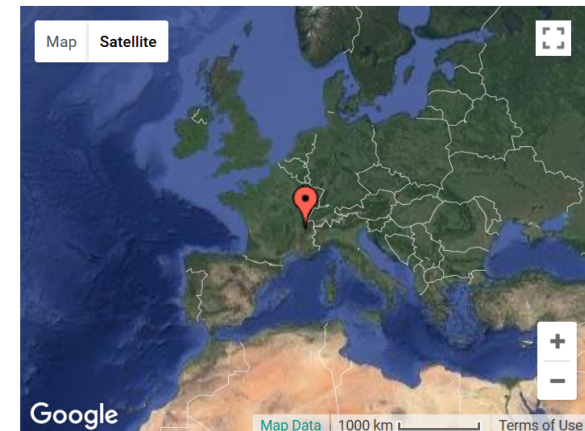
Latitude: 45.530000 \* Longitude: 6.056700

Date/Time Start: 2012-07-13T08:28:42 \* Date/Time End: 2013-05-22T12:25:30

Minimum DEPTH, sediment/rock: 0.02000 m \* Maximum DEPTH, sediment/rock: 6.23000 m

Event(s):


**THU10-Mastercore** \* Latitude: 45.530000 \* Longitude: 6.056700 \* Date/Time: 2010-04-25T00:00:00 \* Elevation: 874.0 m \* Device: Piston corer (PC) \* Comment: IGSN THU10-P1: IEFRA00BA; IGSN THU10-I: IEFRA00B





# Mature and actionable PIDs available in PANGAEA



**PIDs:** <https://doi.pangaea.de/10.1594/PANGAEA.855427>

**Author-PID:**  <https://orcid.org/0000-0002-9620-1514>

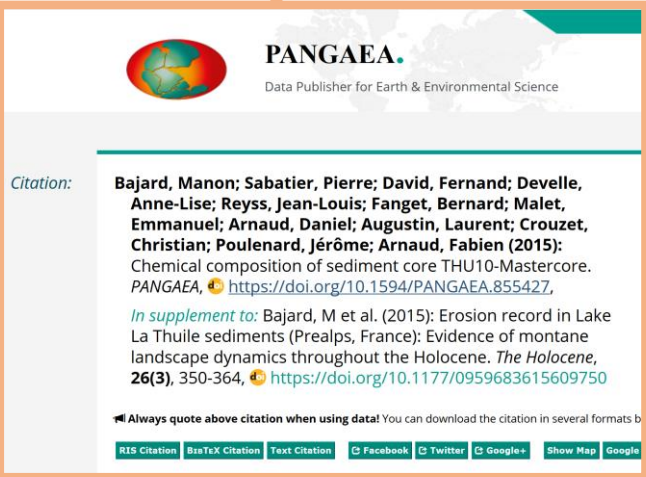
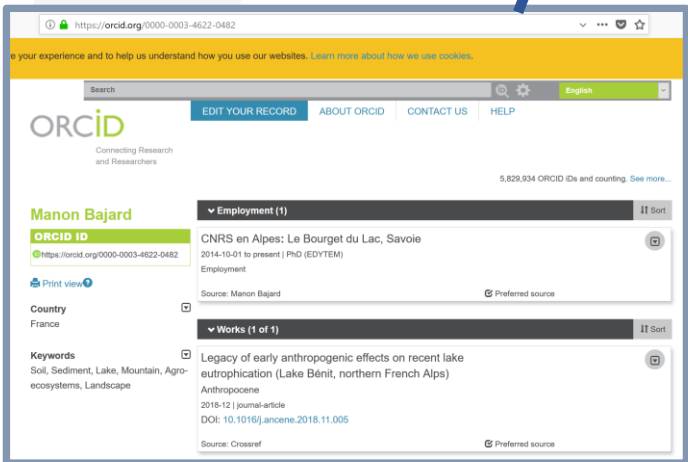
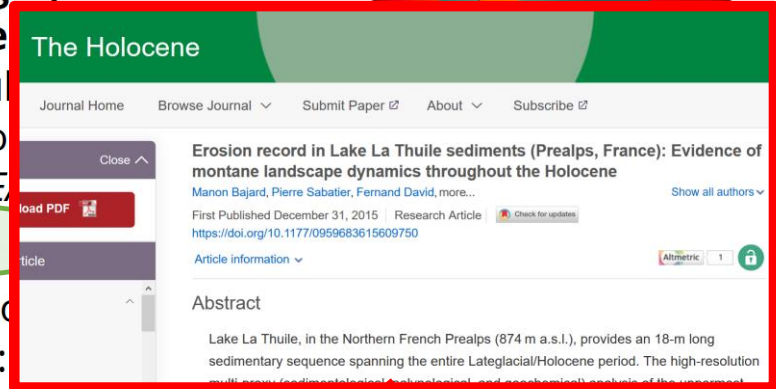
**Data-PID:**  <https://doi.org/10.1594/PANGAEA.855427>

**Article PID:**  <https://doi.org/10.1177/0959683615609750>

**Bajard, Manon; Sabatier, Pierre; David, Fernand; Develle, Anne-Lise; Reyss, Jean-Louis; Fanget, Bernard; Sabatier, Pierre; Malet, Daniel; Augustin, Laurent; Crouzet, Christian; Poulernard, Jérôme; Arnaud, Fabien**

**Chemical composition of sediment core THU10-Mastercore. PANGAEA**

*In supplement to:* Bajard, M et al. (2015): Erosion record in Lake La Thuile sediments (Prealps, France): Evidence of montane landscape dynamics throughout the Holocene. *The Holocene*, **26(3)**, 350-364. <https://doi.org/10.1177/0959683615609750>



874.0 m \* Device: Piston corer (PC) \* Comment: ICSN THU10-I: IEFRA00B

Mature a


GAEA



Browser address bar: <https://app.geosamples.org/sample/igsn/IEFRA00BA>

[Go Back](#)

**IGSN: IEFRA00BA**



**IGSN:** IEFRA00BA

**Sample Name:** THU10\_P1

**Other Name(s):**

**Sample Type:** Core

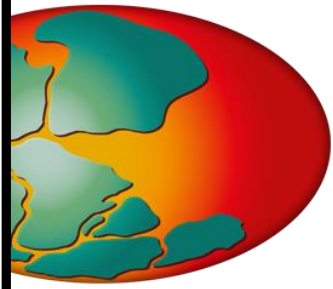
**Parent IGSN:** Not Provided

**Description**

Material:	Sediment
Classification:	Not Provided
Field Name:	Not Provided
Description:	Not Provided
Age (min):	Not Provided
Age (max):	150 years
Collection Method:	Coring>GravityCorer>Pilot
Collection Method Description:	Not Provided
Size:	1900
Geological Age:	Holocene
Geological Unit:	Not Provided
Comment:	Not Provided
Purpose:	Not Provided





**Geolocation**

Latitude (WGS84):	45.530083
Longitude (WGS84):	6.056717



NGAEA.

- PIDs:**
- Author-PID: 
  - Data-PID: 
  - Article PID: 
  - Sample-PID: 

**THU10-Mastercore**  \* Latitude: 45.530000 \* Longitude: 6.056700 \* Date/Time: 2010-04-25T00:00:00 \* Elevation: 874.0 m \* Device: Piston corer (PC)  \* Comment: IGSN of cores: THU10-P1:  IEFRA00BA; THU10-I:  IEFRA00BB

# Core in Bremen IODP Core repository - each has an IGSN





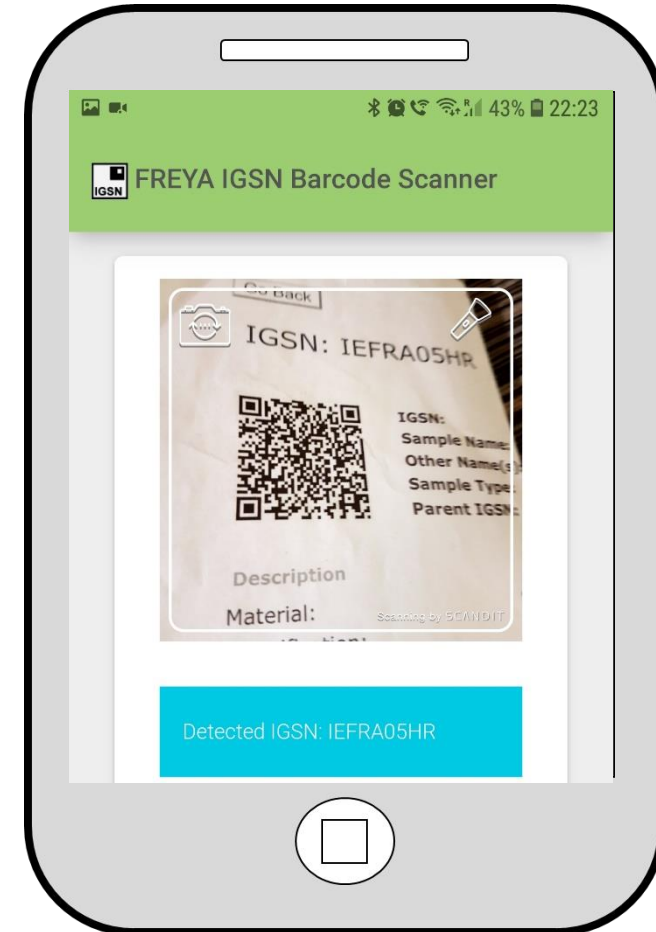
# PID graph Functionality in Practice

## FREYA IGSN Barcode scanner



**GOAL: Build an app to collect metadata about a specific physical sample by using PID graph functionality**

1. Automated compilation of metadata for a specific IGSN (sample PID)
2. Expanded metadata collection to include sources outside PANGAEA
3. Facilitate access to related IGSNs



# PID graph Functionality in Practice

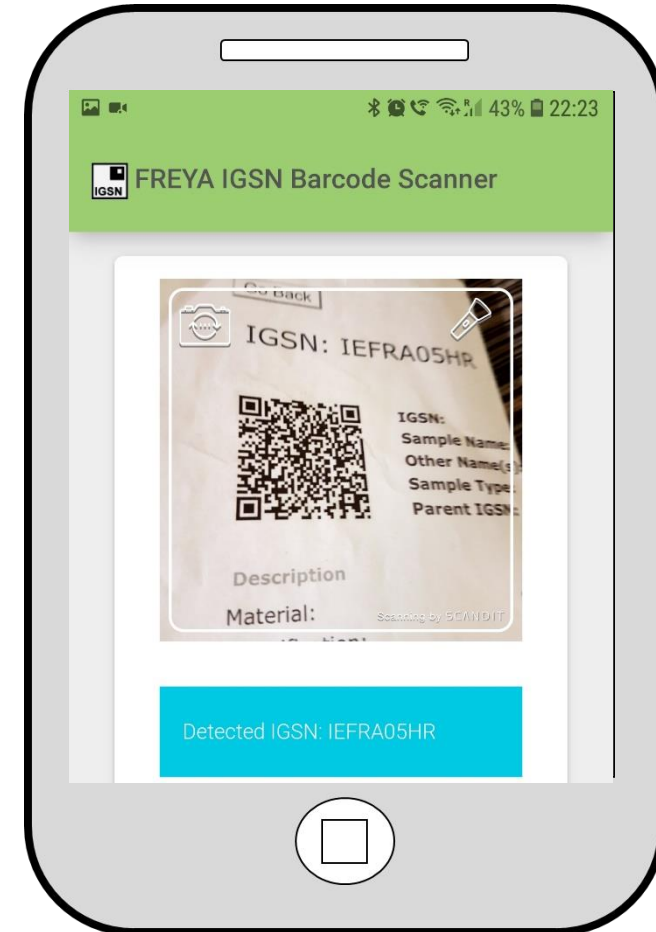
## FREYA IGSN Barcode scanner



In a nutshell:



- Provide the researcher with an easy-to-use tool
- Scan the barcode and get access to the following metadata:
  1. Data originating from the sample
  2. Researcher that has worked on the sample
  3. Funder information
  4. Related IGSNs
  5. Related publications





<https://dataportals.pangaea.de/freya/igsn/>

# Conclusions



- Our use-case-oriented method gives a practical orientation about the USERs demand for new PIDs
- In particular, PIDs for **Instruments, Organizations, Physical samples, Grants, Software** are sought for by the community
- Implementation of some of new PIDs will improve the USERs access to additional information



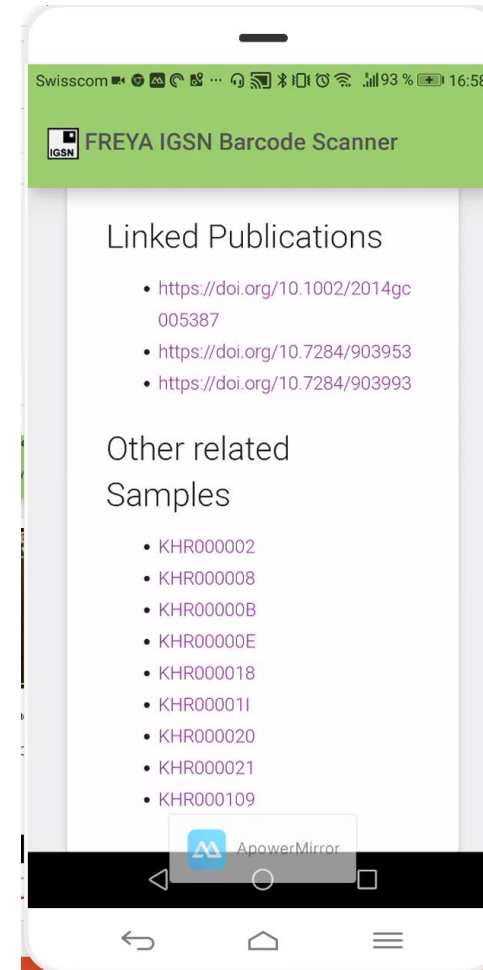
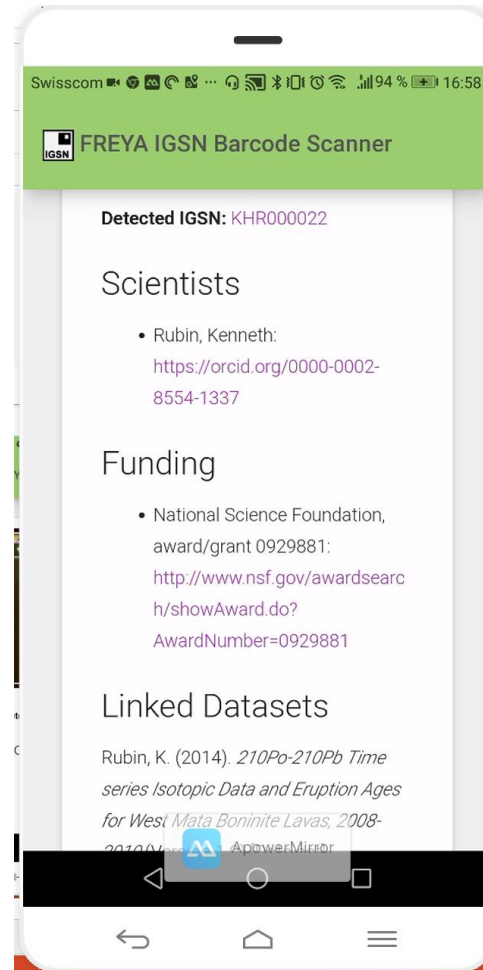
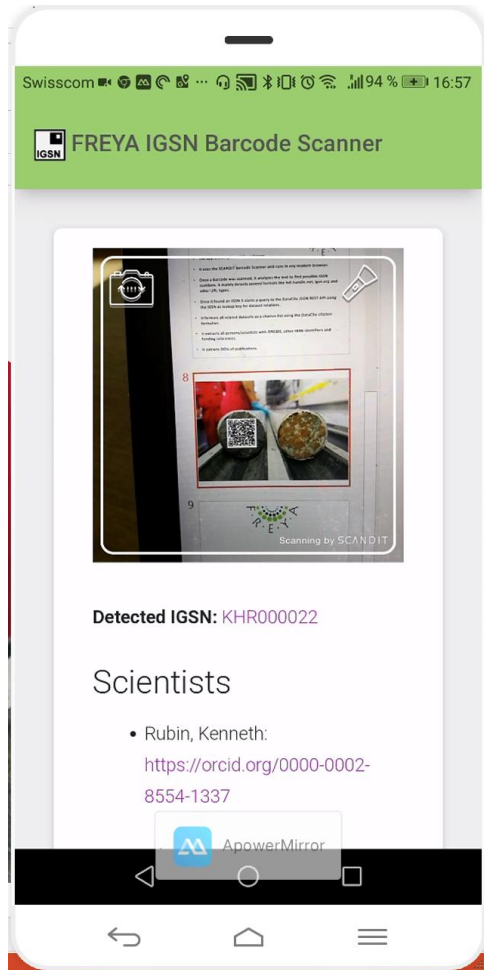
# Thank you

[www.project-freya.eu](http://www.project-freya.eu) | [twitter: @freya\\_eu](https://twitter.com/freya_eu)



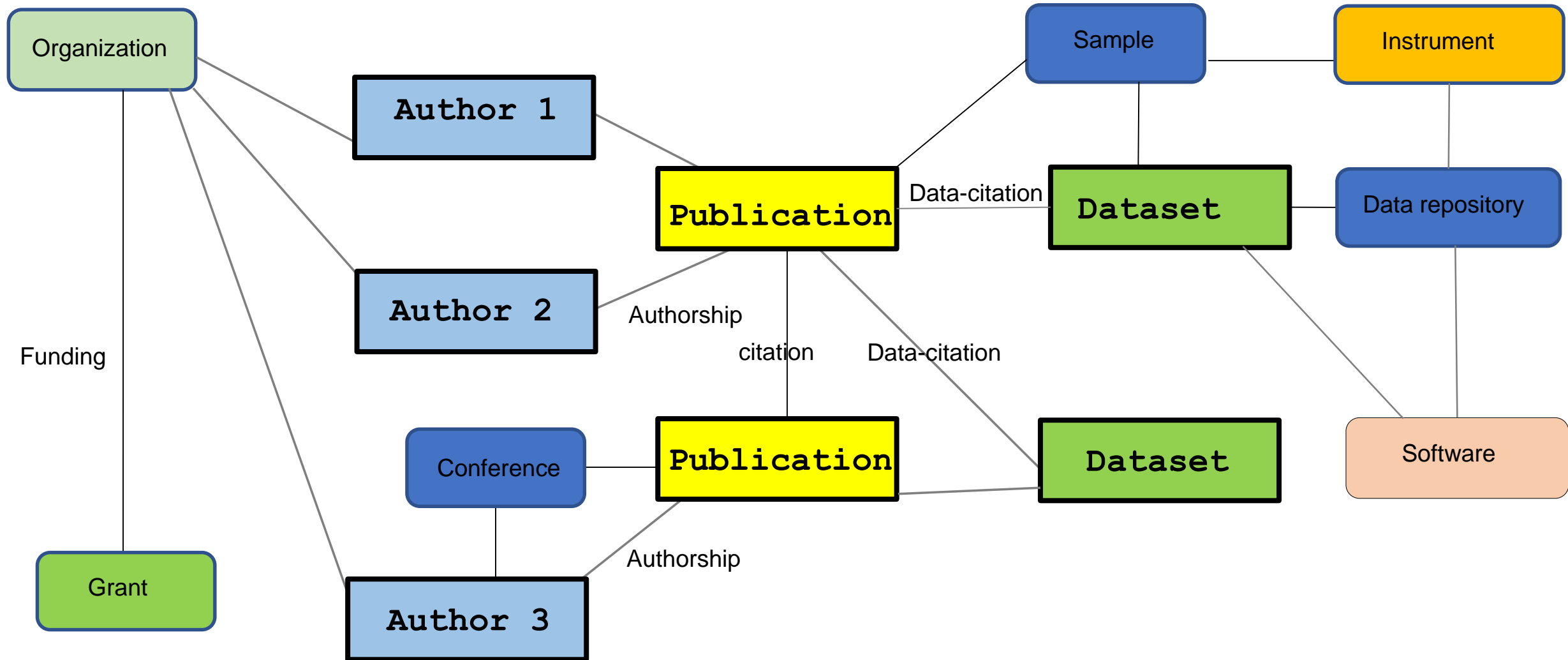
European  
Commission

Horizon 2020  
European Union funding  
for Research & Innovation



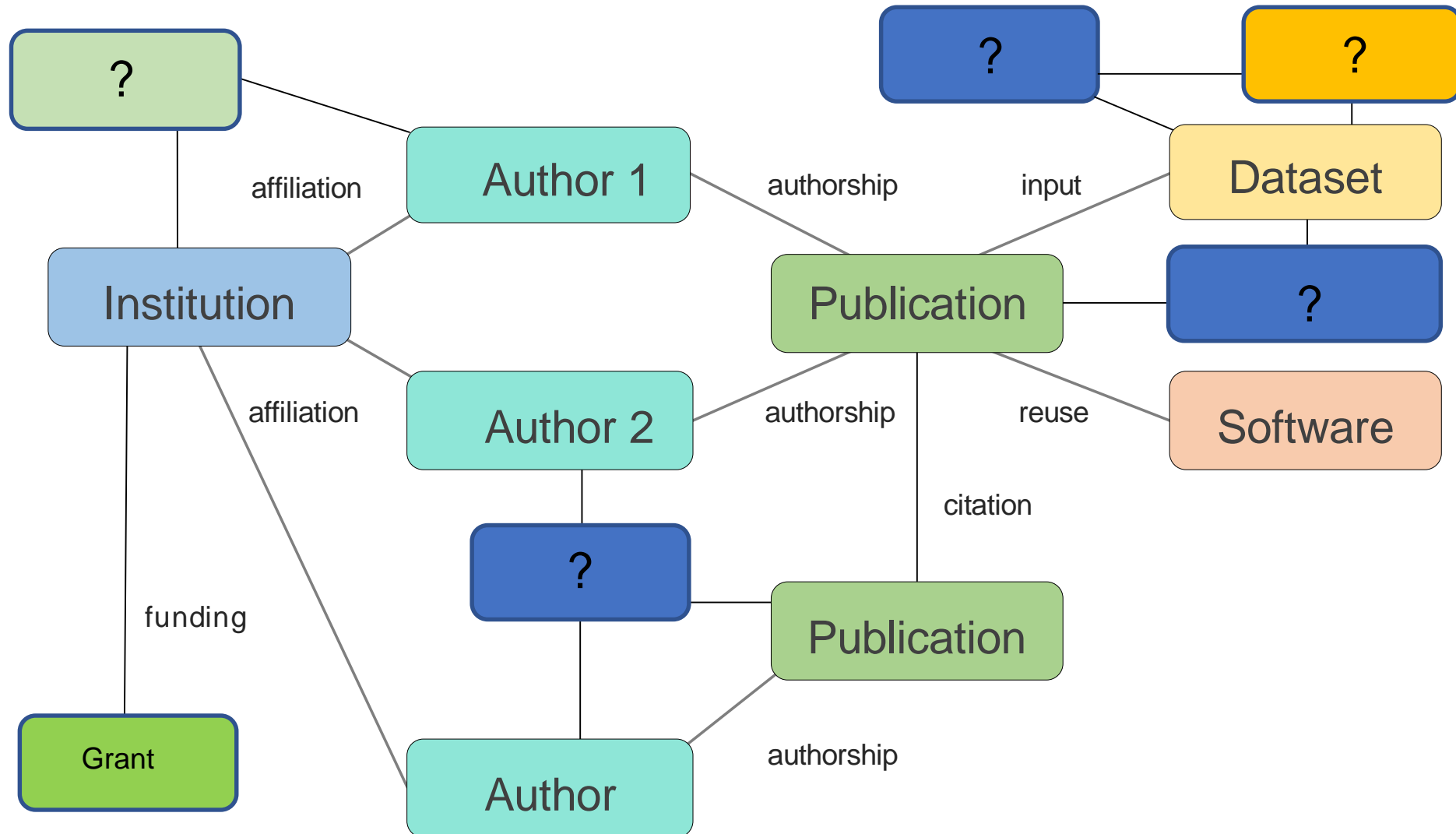
# New PID Types (WP3)

Extending the PID graph with New PIDs



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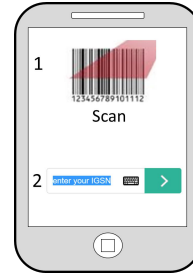
Extending the PID graph with New PIDs





# PID graph Functionality in Practice

## FREYA IGSN Barcode scanner



- The app is a simple mobile webpage
- It uses the SCANDIT barcode Scanner and runs in any modern browser
- Once a barcode was scanned, it analyzes the text to find possible IGSN numbers. It mainly detects several formats like hdl.handle.net, igsn.org and other URL types.
- Once it finds an IGSN it starts a query to the DataCite JSON REST API using the IGSN as lookup key for dataset relations
- It formats all related datasets as a citation list using the DataCite citation formatter.
- It extracts all persons/scientists with ORCIDS, other IGSN identifiers and funding references.
- It extracts DOIs of publications