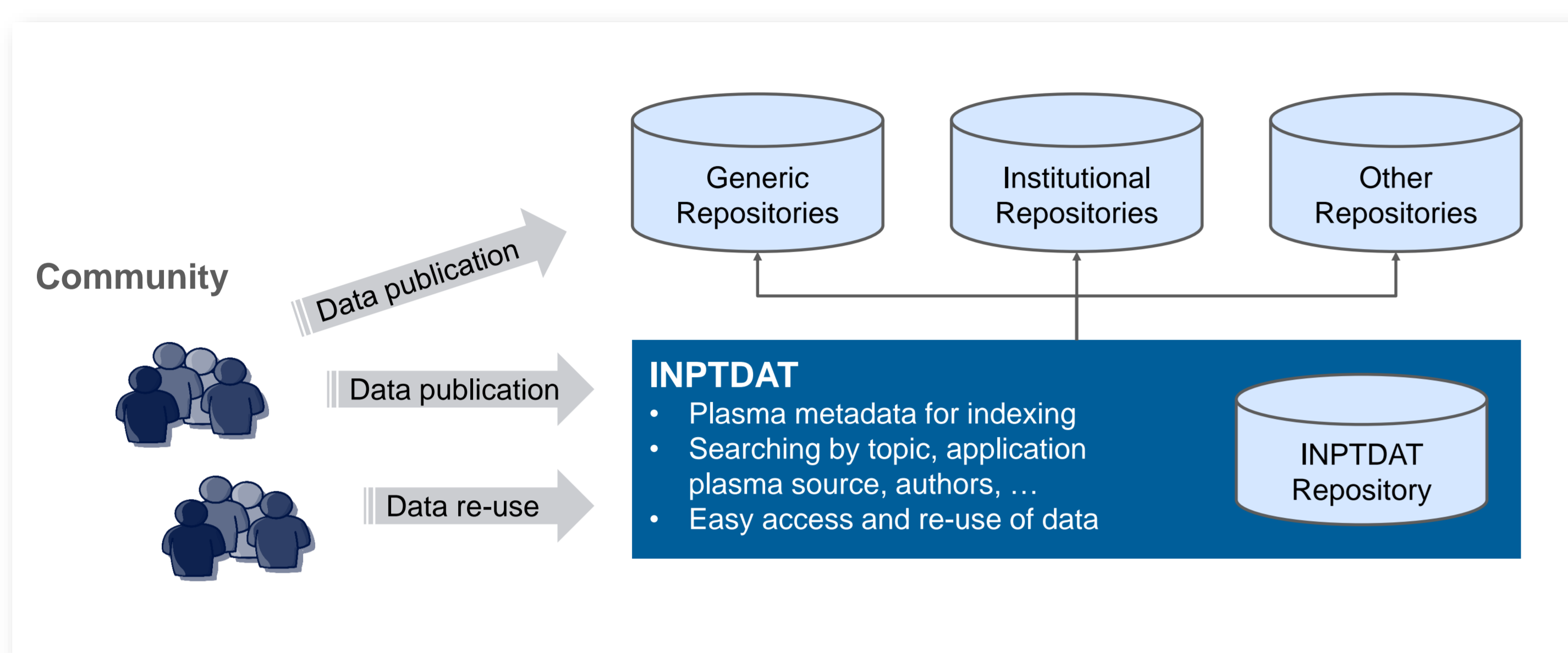




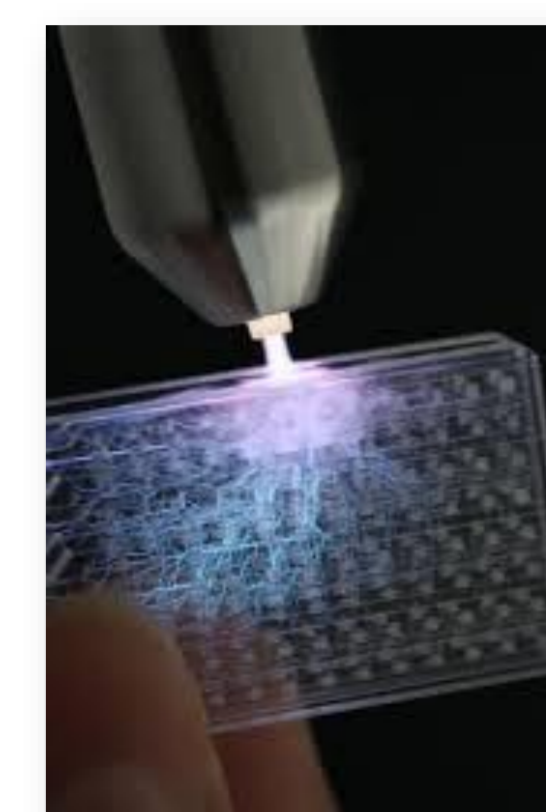
## INTRODUCTION

- In recent years, the need for public storage of digital research data has steadily increased (policies of funders, publishers, and institutions, transparency of research).
- Besides institutional or public repositories, like figshare and zenodo, more and more publishers provide the possibility to store digital data along with journal articles.
- The findability of data in generic repositories is rather limited and the benefit of publishing digital research data is often not obvious to researchers.
- The new interdisciplinary data platform for plasma technology—INPTDAT aims at supporting data driven plasma science and the publication of digital research data in accordance with the FAIR data principles [1,2].



## METADATA SCHEMA PLASMA-MDS

- Subject-specific metadata schema for annotation of research data in low-temperature plasma physics and plasma medicine [3]
- Extension to basic schemas (e.g. Dublin Core, DataCite)
- Metadata fields for description of
  - plasma source
  - plasma medium
  - plasma target
  - diagnostics / modelling / simulations
  - resources (data)
- To be reviewed after initial phase of growing usage
- Community standard as a long-term perspective

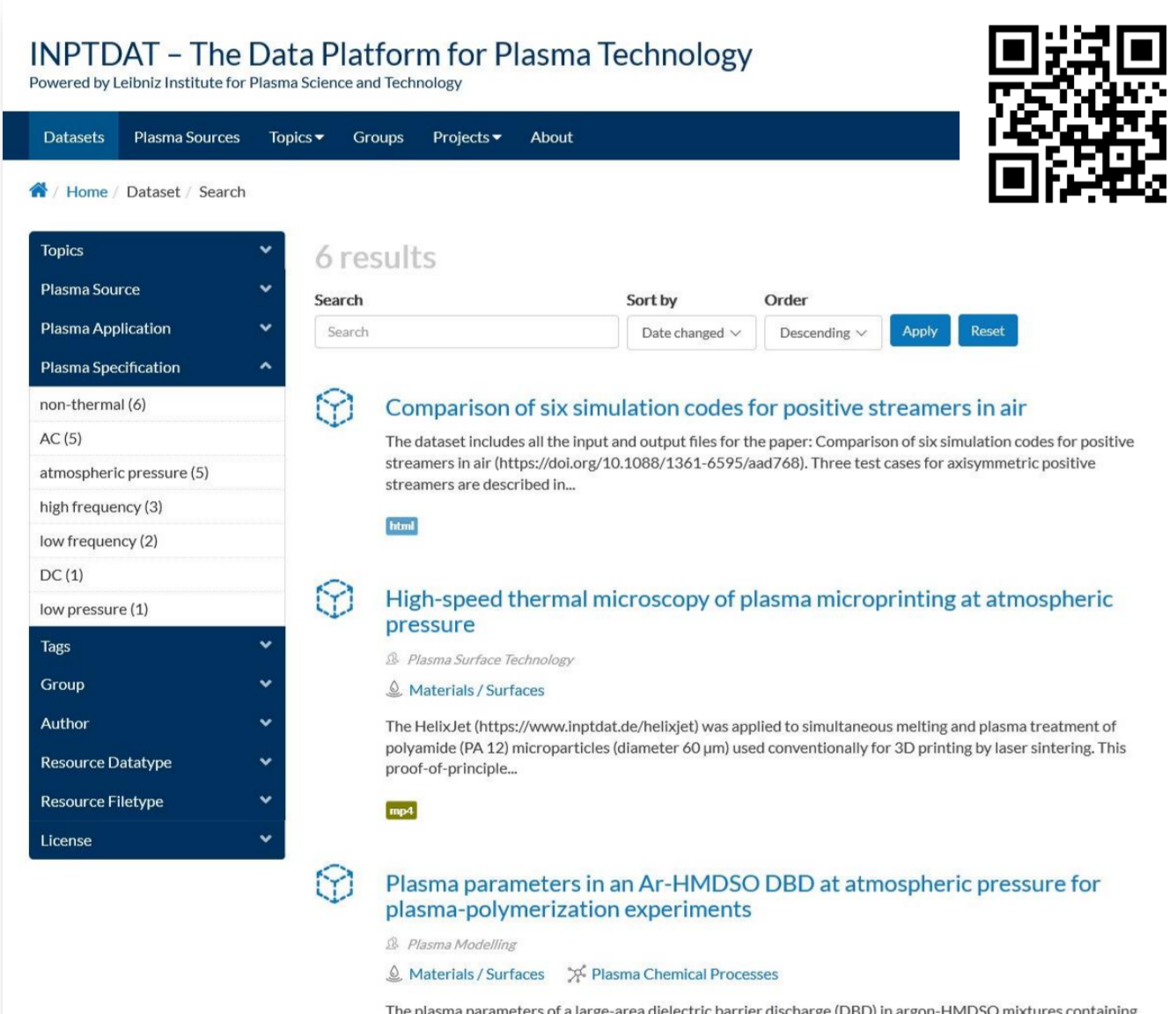


plasma.source		plasma.medium		plasma.target	
1.1	name	1.1	name	3.1	name
1.2	application	2.2	properties	3.2	properties
1.3	specification	2.3	procedure	3.3	procedure
1.4	properties				
1.5	procedure				

plasma.diagnostics		plasma.resource	
4.1	name	5.1	filetype
4.2	properties	5.2	datatype
		5.3	range
		5.4	quality

## FEATURES OF INPTDAT DATA PLATFORM



- INPTDAT is a Drupal (dkan) based data platform for plasma technology and plasma medicine featuring
  - data publications with DOI
  - plasma source catalog
  - faceted search
  - online visualization
  - API based access to (meta)data
- Prototype for community platform
- Further development in frame of QPTDat
  - <https://www.inptdat.de/project-qptdat>

**INPTDAT** (<https://www.inptdat.de>)  
Sharing and re-use of research data in the field of plasma technology | Domain specific metadata | DataCite compatibility | DOI integration

**dkan** (<https://getdkan.org>)  
Open Data Platform | Datastore API | Harvesting | Open Data Schema Mapper | Visualizations | Workflows

**Drupal** (<https://www.drupal.org>)  
Content management | General framework | Interface | Roles and permissions | Static content | User management

## EXAMPLE OF LOCAL RESOURCE

- Metadata and data published with INPTDAT

### Benchmark data for fluid modelling of low-pressure CCRF discharge plasmas

The dataset contains data from comparative studies of capacitively coupled radio-frequency (CCRF) discharges in helium and argon at pressures between 10 and 80 Pa applying two different fluid modelling approaches as well as two independently developed particle-in-cell Monte Carlo collision (PIC-MCC) codes. The dataset provides a test bed for future studies of simple ccrf discharge configurations in helium and argon at pressures ranging from 10 to 80 Pa.

Field	Value
Group	Plasma Modelling
Authors	Becker, Markus M., Kihlert, Hanno, Sun, Anbang, Loffhagen, Detlef
Release Date	2019-06-14
Resources	Benchmark data for CCRF discharge plasmas - time averaged ion density (argon, 20 Pa) Benchmark data for CCRF discharge plasmas - time averaged ion density (argon, 40 Pa) Benchmark data for CCRF discharge plasmas - time averaged ion density (argon, 80 Pa) Benchmark data for CCRF discharge plasmas - time averaged ion density (helium, 10 Pa) Benchmark data for CCRF discharge plasmas - time averaged ion density (helium, 20 Pa)
Identifier	60dbcd84-8be4-4f41-896c-e725bd3762
Permanent Identifier (DOI)	doi:10.34711/inptdat.72
Permanent Identifier (URL)	<a href="https://www.inptdat.de/node/72">https://www.inptdat.de/node/72</a>
Is supplementing	M. M. Becker et al., Plasma Sources Sci. Technol. 26 (2017) 044001
Plasma Source Name	CCP
Plasma Source Specification	AC, low frequency, atmospheric pressure, non-thermal
Plasma Source Properties	Low-pressure RF plasma between plane electrodes separated by the distance d, driven by a sinusoidal voltage with amplitude V <sub>0</sub> and frequency f; d = 2.5 cm (argon) resp. 6.7 cm (helium); V <sub>0</sub> = 50-250 V; f = 33.56 MHz; Current density: 10 A/m <sup>2</sup>
Plasma Medium Name	He, Ar
Plasma Medium Properties	Gas temperature: 300 K; Pressure: 10-80 Pa
Plasma Diagnostics Name	fluid-Poisson model, pic-mcc-simulation
Plasma Diagnostics Properties	The fluid description of the electron component is performed by means of two different drift-diffusion approaches: the novel drift-diffusion model DDAn introduced in Becker and Loffhagen 2013 ( <a href="https://doi.org/10.1063/1.4775771">https://doi.org/10.1063/1.4775771</a> ) and the commonly used classical drift-diffusion model DDAS3 using simplified electron energy transport coefficients. Details of both fluid modelling

Language: English  
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Public Access Level: Public  
Contact Name: Becker, Markus M.  
Contact Email: markus.becker@inp-greifswald.de

**Data and Resources**

Benchmark data for CCRF discharge plasmas - time averaged ion density (argon, 20 Pa)  
This data table includes the time-averaged ion density profiles between the...

Benchmark data for CCRF discharge plasmas - time averaged ion density (argon, 40 Pa)  
This data table includes the time-averaged ion density profiles between the...

Benchmark data for CCRF discharge plasmas - time averaged ion density (argon, 80 Pa)  
This data table includes the time-averaged ion density profiles between the electrodes as obtained from the two different PIC-MCC simulation codes (PIC-ITAP and PIC-INP), and the two different fluid models (DDAn and DDAS3) in argon at a gas pressure of 20 Pa.

**Resources**

Benchmark data for CCRF discharge plasmas - time averaged ion density (argon, 20 Pa)  
Benchmark data for CCRF discharge plasmas - time averaged ion density (argon, 40 Pa)  
Benchmark data for CCRF discharge plasmas - time averaged ion density (argon, 80 Pa)  
Benchmark data for CCRF discharge plasmas - time averaged ion density (helium, 10 Pa)  
Benchmark data for CCRF discharge plasmas - time averaged ion density (helium, 20 Pa)  
Benchmark data for CCRF discharge plasmas - time averaged ion density (helium, 40 Pa)

**Additional Information**

Field	Value
mintype	tbl_xlsx
filesize	7.07 KB
resource type	file upload
timestamp	Jun 28, 2019
Resource filetype	csv
Resource datatype	data table
Resource range	Gas: argon at 20 Pa
Resource quality	verified

## EXAMPLE OF EXTERNAL RESOURCE

- Metadata published with INPTDAT, link to external data resources

### Non-thermal plasma in contact with water: The origin of species

The dataset is the raw data (presented in numerical format) from the EPR, 1H NMR and HR-MS experiments. The respective Excel files describe the experiments to which the dataset belongs. Please refer to the original publication and ESI for more information.

Field	Value
Authors	Gorbanev, Vury, Chechik, Victor, O'Connell, Deborah
Release Date	2015-12-07
Resources	Non-thermal plasma in contact with water: The origin of species (external resource)
Identifier	aa998c4a-ccb8-4563-496c-dc3169bace53
Permanent Identifier (DOI)	doi:10.15124/15f674be-e9ca-4a00-9ba6-3c24e706aa4
Is supplementing	Y. Gorbanev et al., Chemistry: A European Journal 22 (2016) 3496-3505
Plasma Source Name	kHz plasma jet
Plasma Source Application	reactive species generation
Plasma Source Specification	AC, low frequency, atmospheric pressure, non-thermal
Plasma Source Properties	The plasma was ignited in a quartz tube (4 mm ID and 6 mm OD, 100 mm length) surrounded by copper electrodes (10 mm width) separated by 20 mm. A PVM500 Plasma Resonant and Dielectric Barrier Corona Driver power supply (Information Unlimited) was used to sustain the plasma. The distance between the electrodes was 20 mm in all experiments. Voltage and frequency were kept constant throughout all experiments at 18.3 kV (peak-to-peak) and 24.9 kHz, respectively. The reactor was flushed with the feed gas for 20 s and then exposed to plasma for 60 s.
Plasma Source Procedure	In a typical experiment, 100 µL of liquid sample was placed in a well on top of a glass stand inside the reactor. The distance from the nozzle to the sample was 10 mm unless stated otherwise. In experiments when the samples were at the 4 mm distance from the sample to the nozzle, the distance between the five electrode and the sample was maintained at 20 mm. Thus, the plasma length from the core plasma remained the same throughout all experiments, and the ratio of its quartz surroundings changed. The reactor was flushed with the feed gas for 20 s and then exposed to plasma for 60 s.
Plasma Medium Name	He
Plasma Medium Properties	The plasma was operated with a feed gas of helium with oxygen and water admixtures controlled by mass flow controllers (MFCs) (Brooks Instruments and Brooks Instruments Q254 microcomputer controller). All experiments were carried out with a total flow of feed gas of 2 L/min. Helium He (A Grade, 99.996%) and oxygen O <sub>2</sub> (Zero Grade, 99.9%) were supplied by BOC UK. All chemicals were used as received.

Field	Value
Plasma Medium Procedure	The experiments involving different feed gas humidity were performed by using split helium flow (i.e. by mixing dry helium with water-saturated helium in desired proportions). Water-saturated helium was made by bubbling dry helium through a water-filled Drechsel flask at 20 °C. The relative humidity was determined by weighing the flask before and after the experiment and comparing the data with the available literature values.
Plasma Target Name	H <sub>2</sub> O, H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> , Na <sub>2</sub> HPO <sub>4</sub> , D <sub>2</sub> O
Plasma Target Properties	Hydrogen peroxide H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> (30%), sulphuric acid H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> (95%) and sodium azide NaN <sub>3</sub> (99.5%) were purchased from Fluka. Deuterium oxide D <sub>2</sub> O (99.9 atom% D), N-tert-butyl-N-phenyltriazole (PBN) (98%), 2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine (TEMPO) (99%), 2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine 1-oxyl (TEMPO-oxyl) (98%), 100 mM solution of a spin trap (PBN, DMPO or DEPMPO) was prepared in H <sub>2</sub> O, H <sub>2</sub> O <sup>18</sup> or D <sub>2</sub> O. Ozone was measured in 60 mM aqueous solutions of TEMPO (sodium azide was added in concentrations of 100 mM where stated). In control experiments, solutions of each spin trap were treated with the plasma for the periods of 15, 30, 45 and 60 s.
Plasma Target Procedure	In spin trapping experiments, a 100 mM solution of a spin trap (PBN, DMPO or DEPMPO) was prepared in H <sub>2</sub> O, H <sub>2</sub> O <sup>18</sup> or D <sub>2</sub> O. Ozone was measured in 60 mM aqueous solutions of TEMPO (sodium azide was added in concentrations of 100 mM where stated). In control experiments, solutions of each spin trap were treated with the plasma for the periods of 15, 30, 45 and 60 s.
Plasma Diagnostics Name	spin-trapping, isotopic labelling, EPR spectroscopy, QES
Plasma Diagnostics Properties	A high voltage probe (Tektronix P6015A) and current probe (Ion Physics Corporation CM-100-L) were used with a Tektronix LeCroy WaveJet 355A oscilloscope to measure time-resolved current and voltage. QES measurements of the plasma between the electrodes were performed with Ocean Optics HR-4000C-LIV-NIR spectrophotometer. Electron paramagnetic resonance (EPR)
Language	English
License	Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International (CC BY 4.0)
Public Access Level	Public
Contact Name	O'Connell, Deborah
Contact Email	deborah.oconnell@york.ac.uk
Data and Resources	Non-thermal plasma in contact with water: The origin of species (external resource) Public access to the data file (zip archive) is provided by the external...
Non-thermal plasma in contact with water: The origin of species (external resource)	Public access to the data file (zip archive) is provided by the external resource at <a href="https://doi.org/10.15124/15f674be-e9ca-4a00-9ba6-3c24e706aa4">https://doi.org/10.15124/15f674be-e9ca-4a00-9ba6-3c24e706aa4</a> .
Web Page	
Resources	Non-thermal plasma in contact with water: The origin of species (external resource) Resource filetype: html Resource datatype: external resource Resource range: The results of the plasma exposure of the samples (e.g., the Resource quality: published

## References:

- [1] M. D. Wilkinson et al., *Scientific Data* 3 (2016) 160018.
- [2] GO-FAIR: FAIR Principles, <https://www.go-fair.org/fair-principles>.
- [3] St. Franke et al., arXiv:1907.07744, 2019.

SPONSORED BY THE



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