

IEEE Vehicle Power and Propulsion Conference (VPPC'2019) IEEE TS C October 14<sup>th</sup> – 17<sup>th</sup>, 2019 – Hanoi, Vietnam

Electrochemical Low-Frequency Impedance Spectroscopy for Diagnostics of Fuel Cells

<u>Federico Zenith<sup>1</sup></u>, Ivar J. Halvorsen<sup>1</sup>, Ivan Pivac<sup>2</sup>, **Dario Bezmalinović**<sup>2</sup>, Frano Barbir<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>SINTEF Mathematics & Cybernetics, Trondheim, Norway

<sup>2</sup>Faculty of Electrical Engineering, Mechanical Engineering and Naval Architecture (FESB), University of Split, Croatia

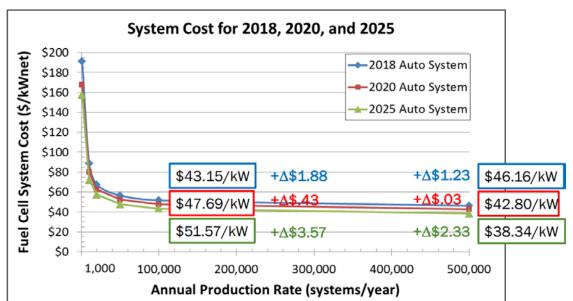




- Motivation
- Diagnostics of fuel cells by EIS
- Relay feedback applied to EIS: ELFIS
- Simulation results
- Practical implementation
- Testing on full-size stack

## Fuel cell research focus

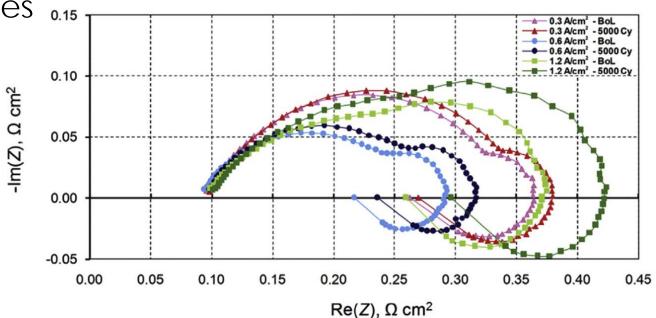
- Fuel cells still over 1000 €/kW
- Breakthrough needs < 300 €/kW
- Mass production would help
- Recent focus on:
  - Lower costs
  - Longer lifetimes
- Total Cost of Ownership
  - OPEX, CAPEX, lifetime
- Lifetime is the most uncertain!



\*Cost results shown for both 100,000 & 500,000 systems/year

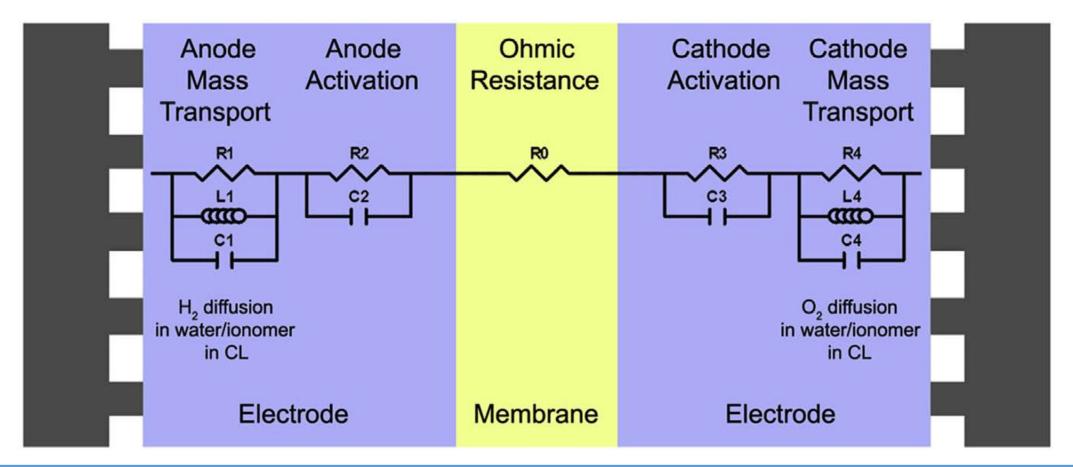
## Electrochemical Impedance Spectroscopy

- Measure impedance of fuel cells
  - 1. Set a given voltage (or current)
  - 2. Induce small oscillations in voltage (or current)
  - 3. Read oscillations in other variable
  - 4. Calculate magnitude & phase
  - 5. Repeat for many frequencies 0.15
- Difficult to have on-board
  - Requires large equipment
  - Produces much information
- Slower sampling at low f
  - "Tail" appears





- Equivalent circuit with RLC elements to model "tail"
- Prognostic variable R<sub>4</sub>: tracks degradation state

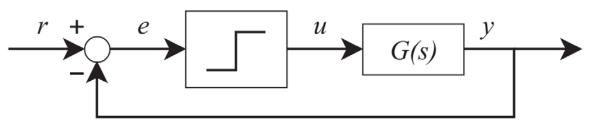


Ħ

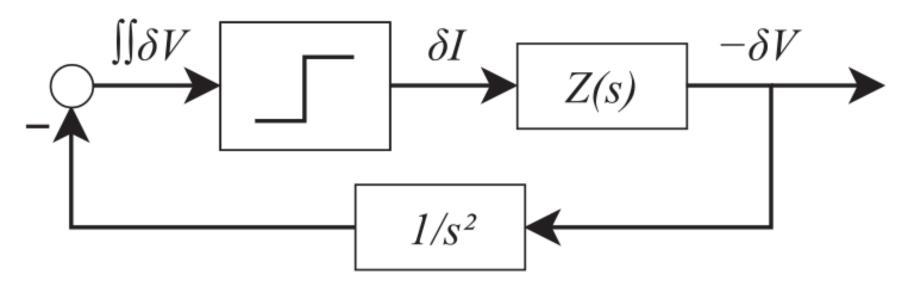
5



- Classical
  - Find properties of G(s)
  - Converges to  $\angle G=180^{\circ}$

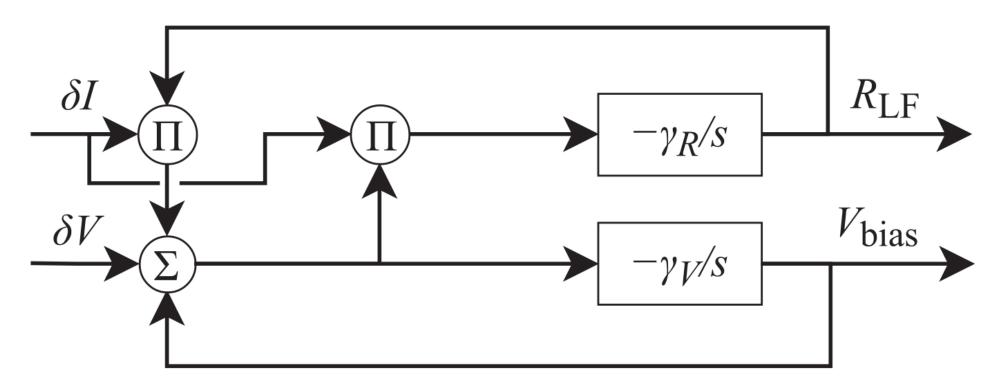


- Magnitude, frequency are inputs to PID tuning
- Low-Frequency Resistance (LFR) tracking in fuel cells:
  - We look for 0°: shift phase by 180° including 2 integrators (1/s)





- Voltage can drift from steady state over time
- Find an estimator by gradient method
- Free  $R_{LF}$  estimate, but nonlinear estimator



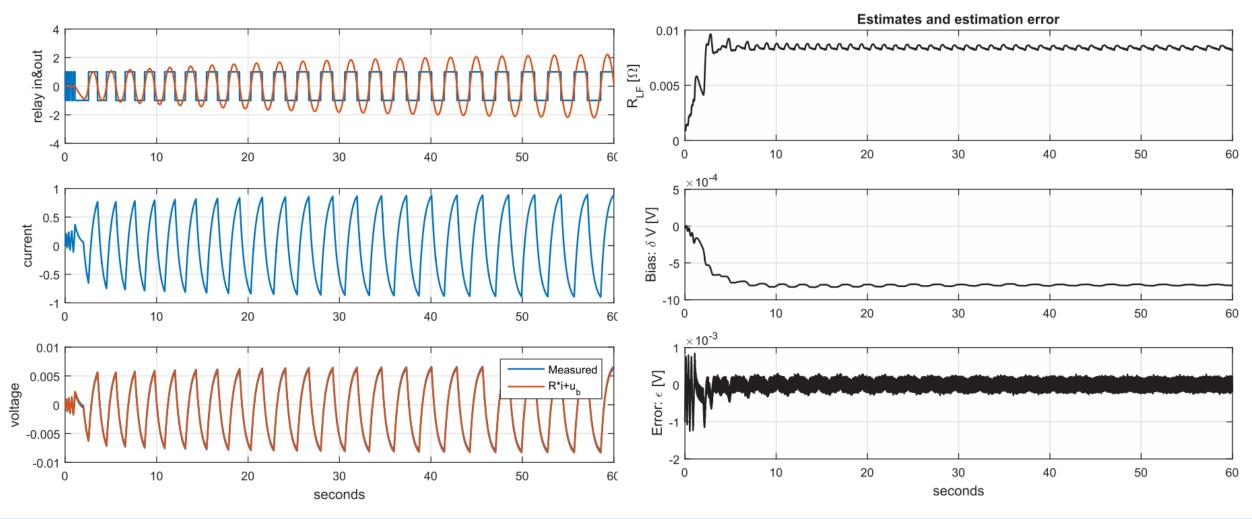
A



Ŧ

8

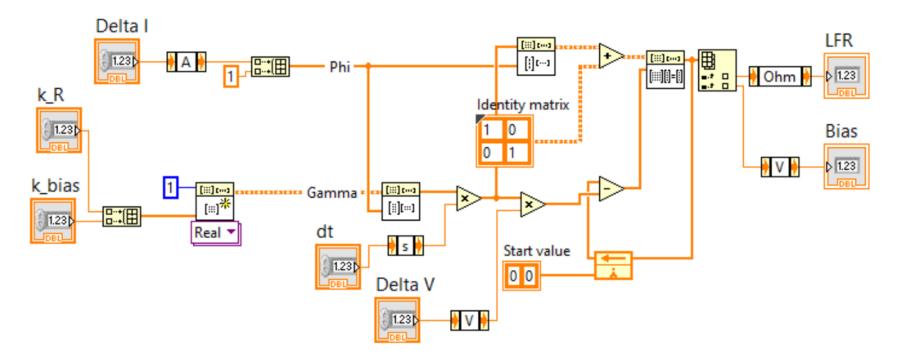
## • Convergence in 7 seconds!



IEEE Vehicle Power and Propulsion Conference (VPPC'2019)



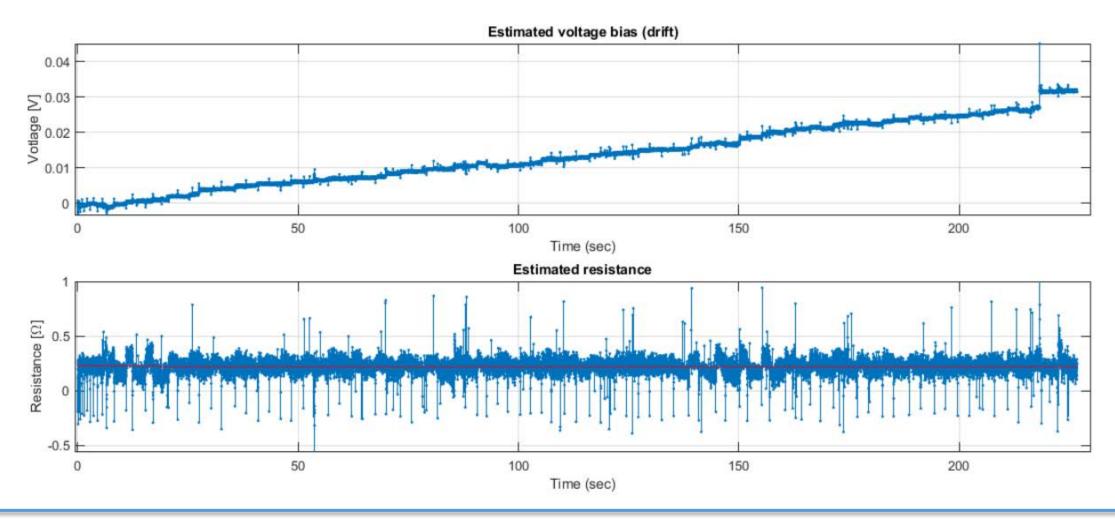
- Estimator is numerically unstable
  - Works in MatLab, crashes in LabVIEW
- Need to employ backward (implicit) Euler method
- Difficult to read, but it works!



A



• LFR measured at 230 m $\Omega$ , even as voltage kept drifting



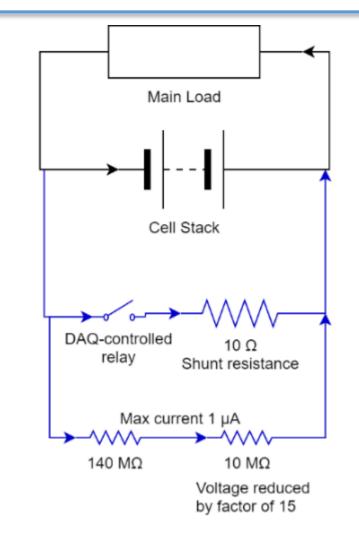
 $(\mathbf{\hat{H}})$ 

10



- Method currently under extensive cell testing at NTNU Trondheim
  - Improving current resistance-based setup to power electronics
- Giantleap bus demonstration in the Netherlands uses the method
  - Data will be released







- LFR is a good measure of cell degradation
- Full on-board EIS is problematic
- ELFIS can run with available hardware
- Numerical instability has been addressed
- ELFIS has been demonstrated on full-size stacks

## Thank you for your attention!



Giantleap Improves Automation of Non-polluting Transportation with Lifetime Extension of Automotive PEM fuel cells

This project has received funding from the Fuel Cells and Hydrogen 2 Joint Undertaking under grant agreement № 700101. This Joint Undertaking receives support from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme and Hydrogen Europe and N.ERGHY.



