

New insights into decadal North Atlantic SST and OHC variability from a high resolution coupled

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New insights into decadal North Atlantic SST and OHC variability from a high resolution coupled

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Relationship between AMOC -> OHC -> SST
Decadal time scales
Subpolar North Atlantic

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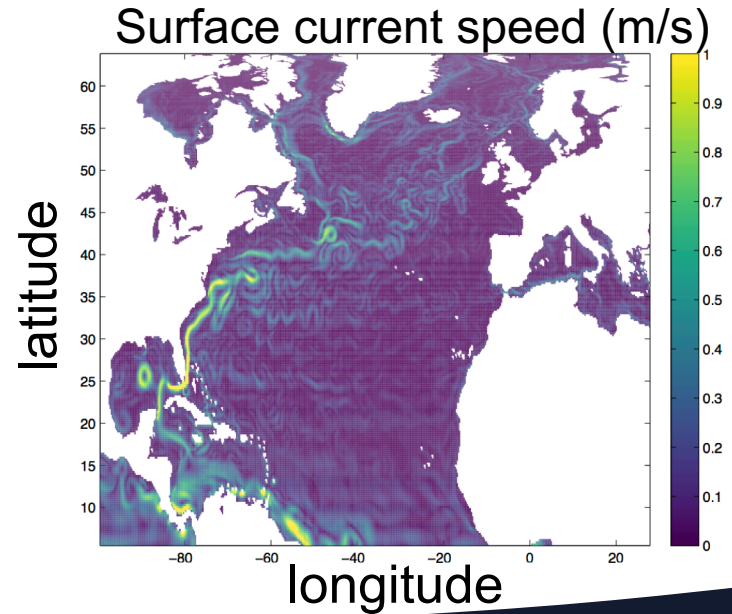


HADGEM3-GC2 CONTROL

Williams et al., (2015)

- NEMO ocean circulation/sea ice model (CICE)
- 1/4 degree NEMO GO5 ocean with 75 levels in the vertical.
- Atmosphere GA6: N216 (65km)
85 levels in the vertical
- Eddy permitting ocean
- Run for 300 years
- Pre-Industrial forcing

Run by the Met Office, UK.



HADGEM3-GC2 Model Evaluation

AMV period

Model: ~50 years

Obs: (30-70 years)

AMOC period 26N:

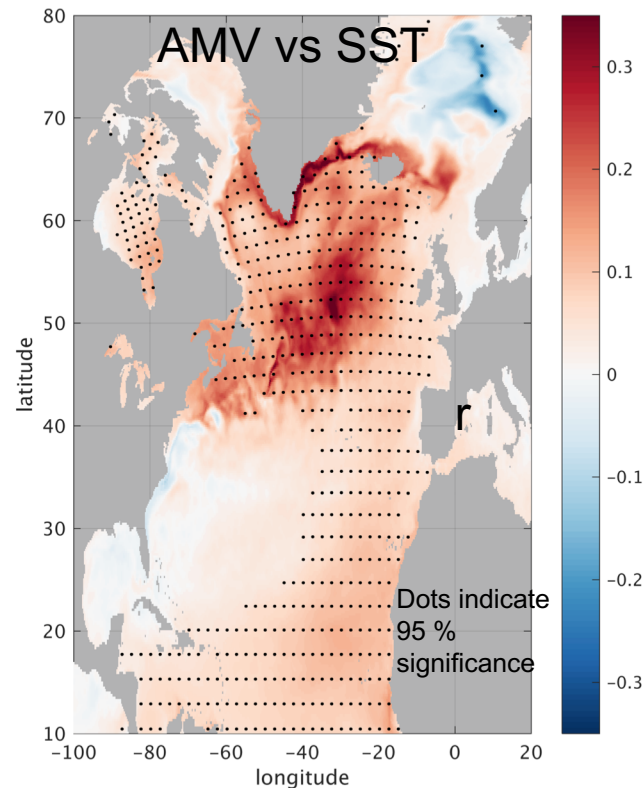
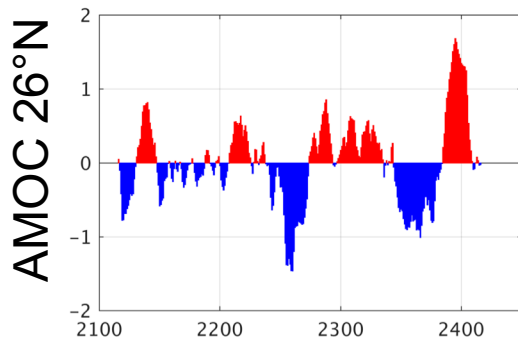
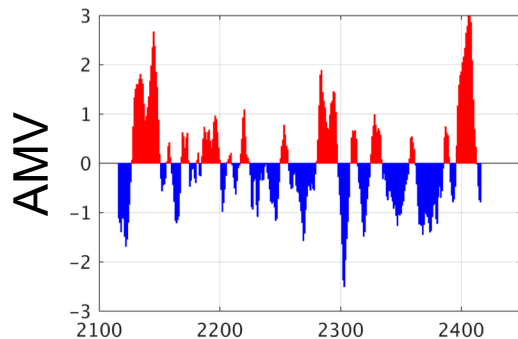
~60 Years

model 26N AMOC:

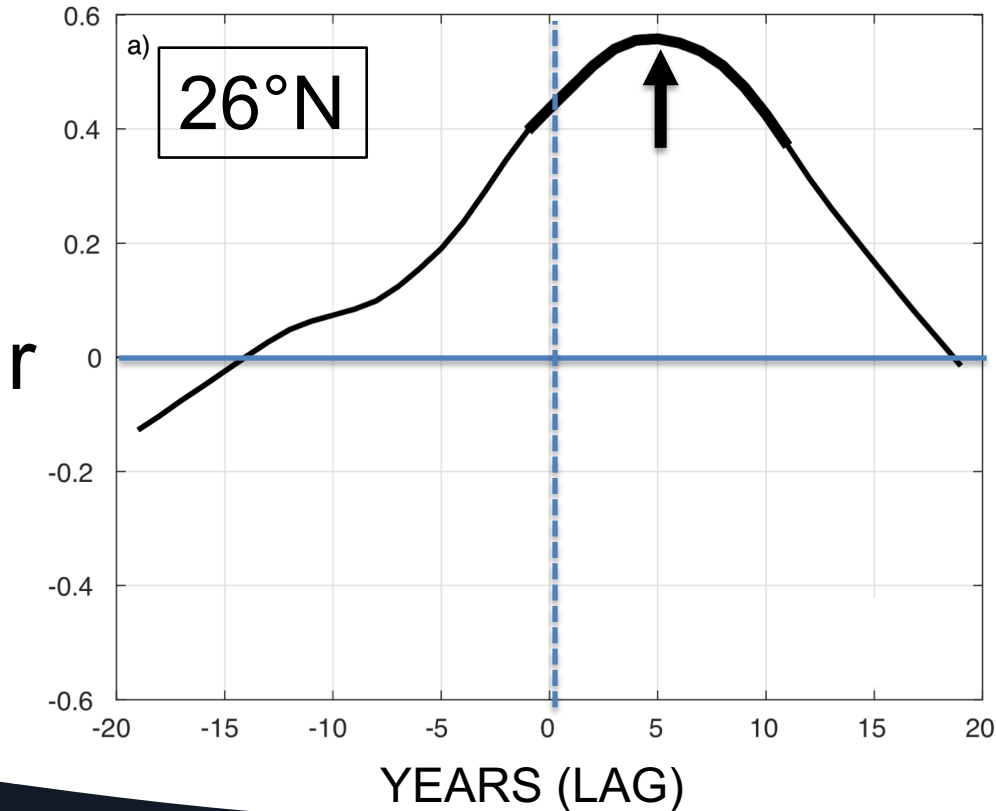
14.7 Sv, range 6.1 Sv

Observation:

17.1 Sv, range 7.6 Sv



Relationship between AMOC26N and AMV



AMOC leads the AMV
by 5 years 26N.

**What are the
processes?**
AMOC -> OHC -> SST

Thick lines indicate 95% significance

Mixed layer equation for SST

$$h \frac{\partial T_a}{\partial t} + h v_a \cdot \nabla T_a + \nabla \cdot \left(\int_{-h}^0 \hat{v} \hat{t} dz \right) + (T_a - T_{-h}) \left(\frac{\partial h}{\partial t} + v_{-h} \cdot \nabla h + w_{-h} \right) = \left(\frac{Q_{NET} - Q_{-h}}{\rho_o c_p} \right)$$

**Horizontal
advection**

Entrainment

**Heat flux between
the surface and base
Of the mixed layer**

**Mixed layer
temperature
tendency**

**Vertical
shear**

Stevenson and Niiller, (1983)

Reformulated mixed layer equation for SST

$$\frac{\partial SST}{\partial t} = \frac{(1 - \lambda)Q_{NET}^*}{\rho C_p \bar{h}} + \frac{R_{ML}^*}{\rho C_p \bar{h}}$$

Adjusted advection-entrainment term for SST

SST tendency
Diagnosed from model temperature

Adjusted surface fluxes term for SST

$$\lambda = 0.99$$

$$Q_{-h}^* = \lambda Q_{NET}^*$$

$$h = \bar{h} + h^*$$

$$Q_{NET} = \overline{Q_{NET}} + Q_{NET}^*$$

etc etc ..

\bar{h} - mixed layer depth

ρ - density

C_p - specific heat capacity

Equations for SST and OHC

$$\frac{\partial SST}{\partial t} = \frac{(1 - \lambda)Q_{NET}^*}{\rho C_p \bar{h}} + \frac{R_{ML}^*}{\rho C_p \bar{h}}$$

Mixed layer model for SST

$$\frac{\partial OHC}{\partial t} = Q_{NET}^* + R_{FD}^*$$

Full depth Ocean heat content


Advection

\bar{h} - mixed layer depth
 ρ - density
 C_p - specific heat capacity

Equations for SST and OHC

$$\frac{\partial SST}{\partial t} = \frac{(1 - \lambda)Q_{NET}^*}{\rho C_p \bar{h}} + \frac{R_{ML}^*}{\rho C_p \bar{h}}$$

Mixed layer model for SST

$$\frac{\partial OHC}{\partial t} = Q_{NET}^* + R_{FD}^*$$

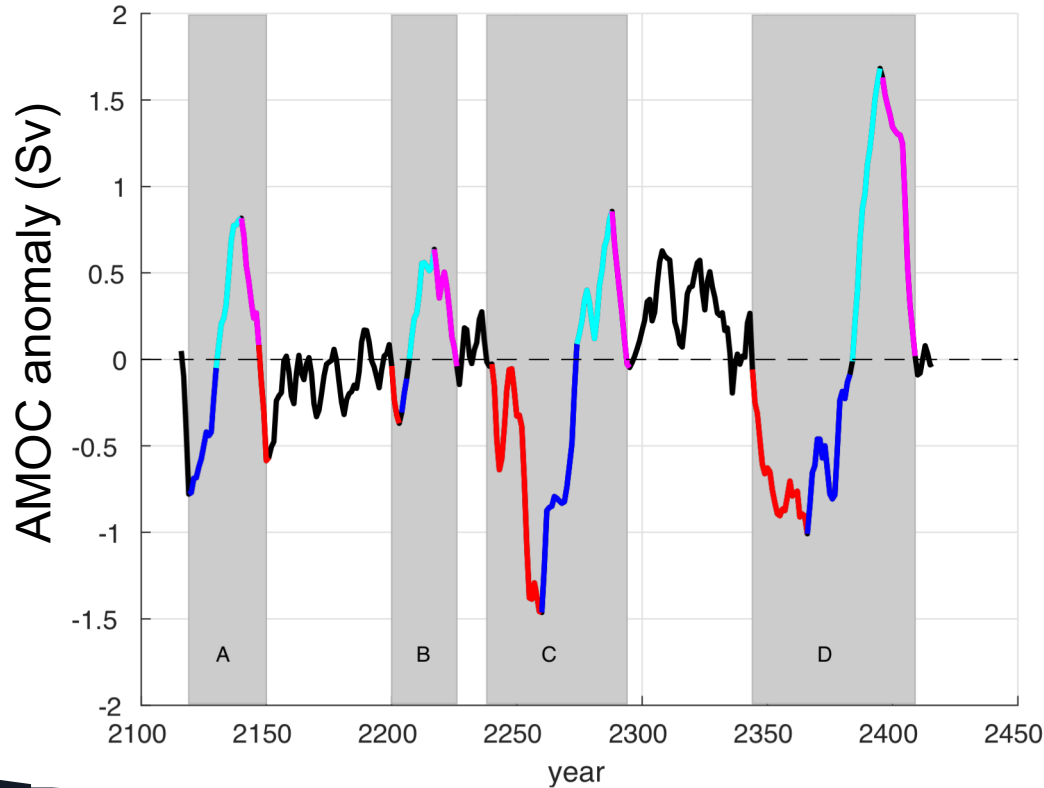
Full depth Ocean heat content

\bar{h} - mixed layer depth

ρ - density

C_p - specific heat capacity

Composite AMOC 26° N



Analyze the cycles of the AMOC in terms of:

$$\frac{\partial SST^*}{\partial t}$$

And

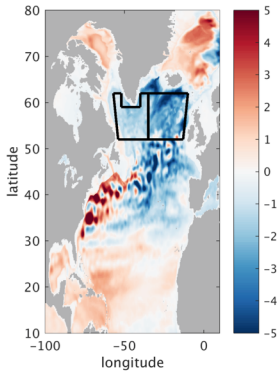
$$\frac{\partial OHC^*}{\partial t}$$

25 to 65 year cycle

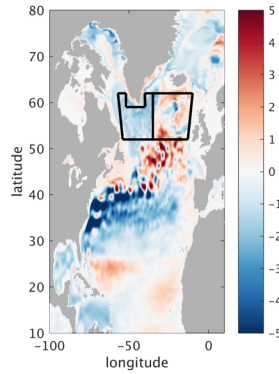
Mean OHC and SST tendency (26N)

OHC
tendency
(W m⁻²)

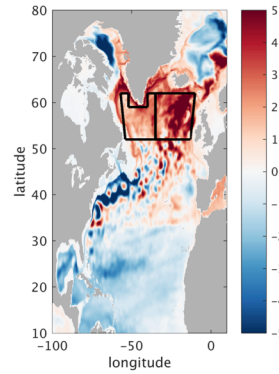
$$\frac{\partial OHC}{\partial t} *$$



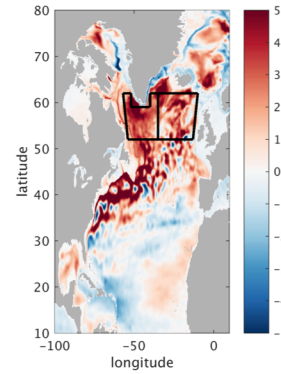
phase1



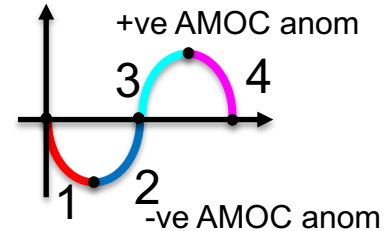
phase2



phase3



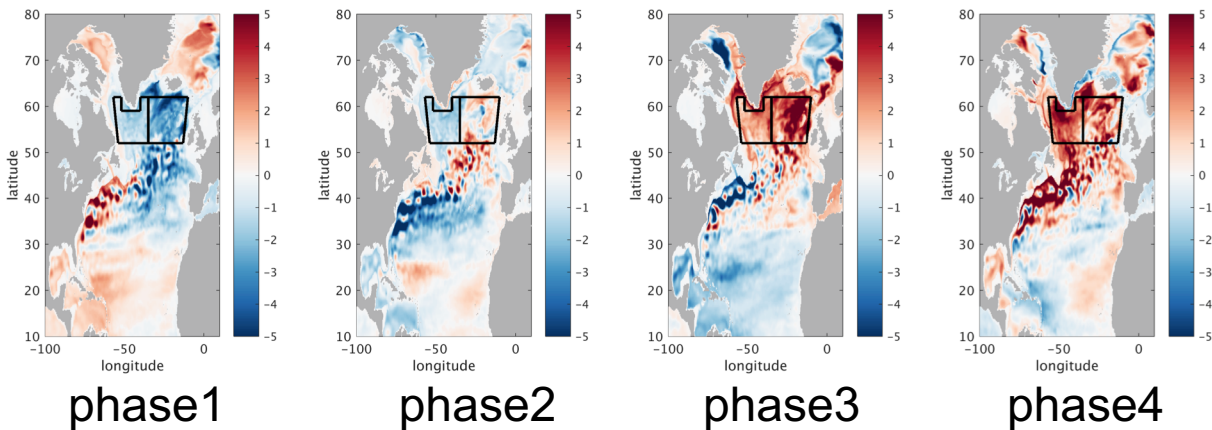
phase4



Mean OHC and SST tendency (26N)

OHC
tendency
(W m⁻²)

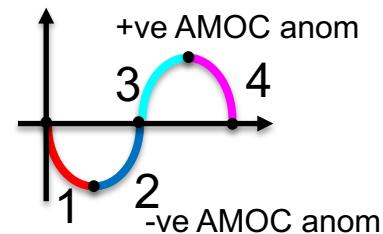
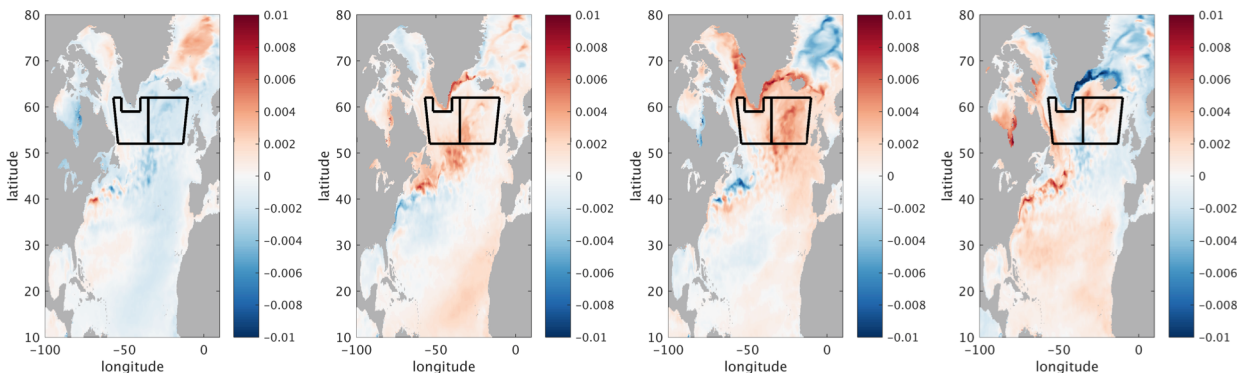
$$\frac{\partial OHC}{\partial t}$$



SPNA SST
and OHC different
in the SPNA

SST
tendency
(K month⁻¹)

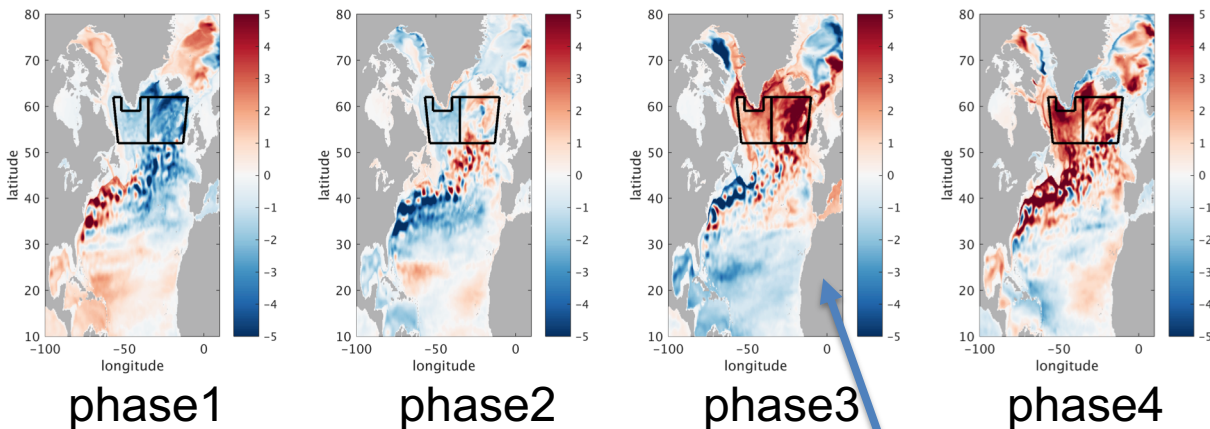
$$\frac{\partial SST}{\partial t}$$



Mean OHC and SST tendency (26N)

OHC
tendency
(W m^{-2})

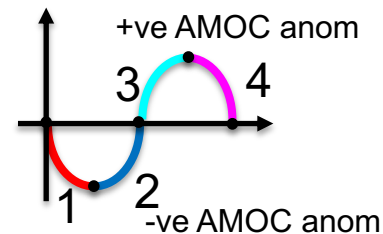
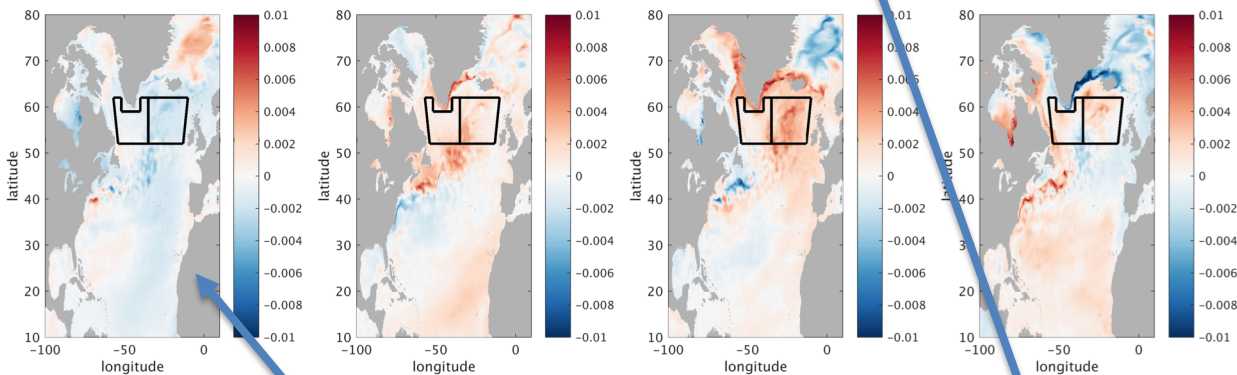
$$\frac{\partial \text{OHC}}{\partial t}$$



SPNA SST
and OHC different
in the SPNA

SST
tendency
(K month^{-1})

$$\frac{\partial \text{SST}}{\partial t}$$



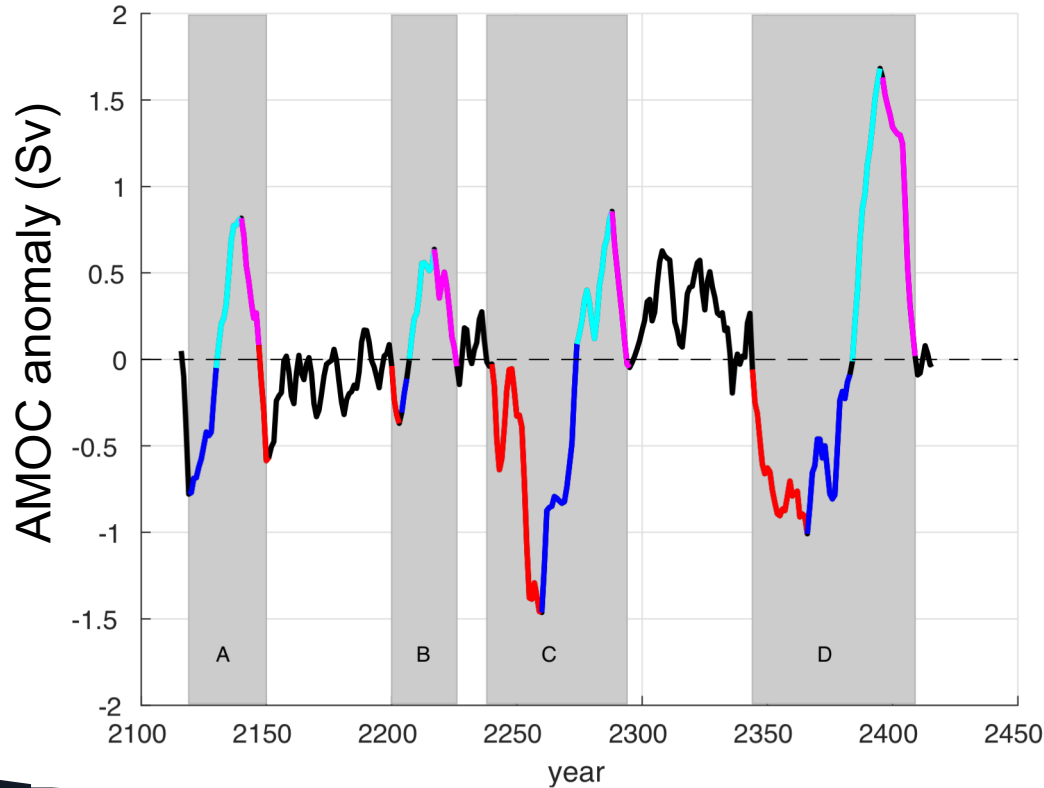
Agrees with: Smeed et al. (2018)

and

Zhang et al. (2008)

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Composite AMOC 26° N



Analyze the cycles of the AMOC in terms of:

$$\frac{\partial SST^*}{\partial t}$$

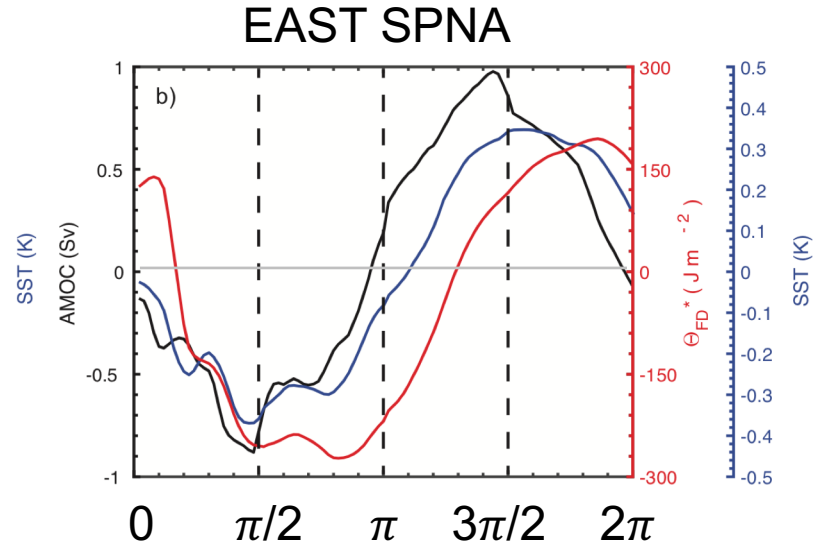
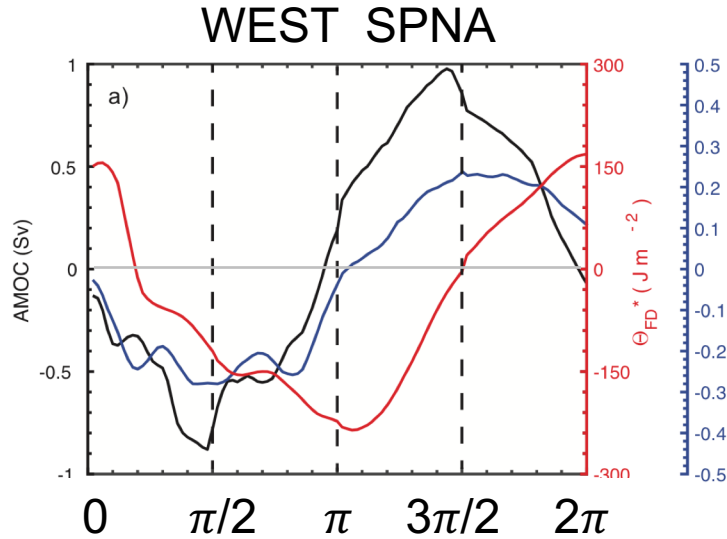
And

$$\frac{\partial OHC^*}{\partial t}$$

25 to 65 year cycle

SPNA composite

AMOC
OHC
SST



AMOC leads the SST and OHC

AMOC leads the SST and OHC
EAST OHC peaks before the west

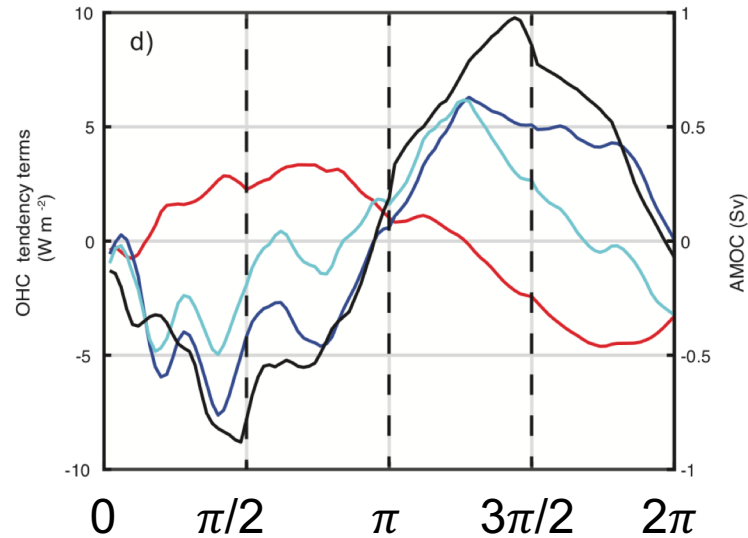
OHC and SST do not respond simultaneously

OHC tendency terms

WEST SPNA

EAST SPNA

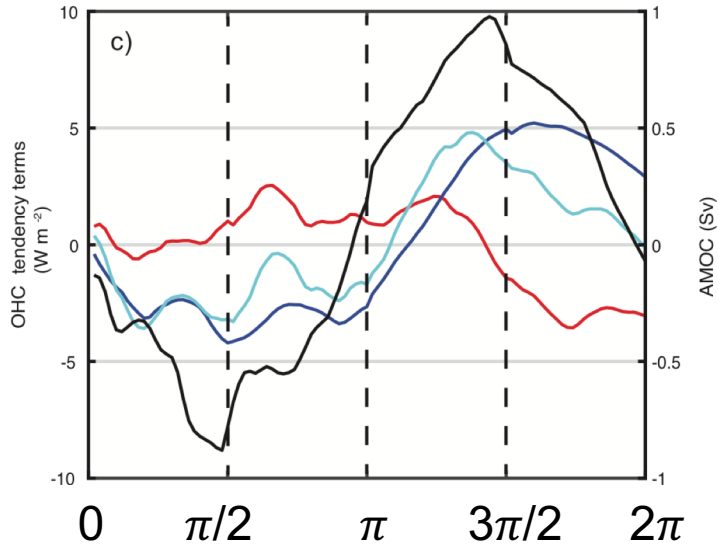
$$\frac{\partial OHC^*}{\partial t} = Q_{NET}^* + R_{FD}^*$$



R_{FD}^* clearly related to the AMOC
 R_{FD}^* explains most of the tendency
 Q_{NET}^* opposite sign and damping.

OHC tendency terms

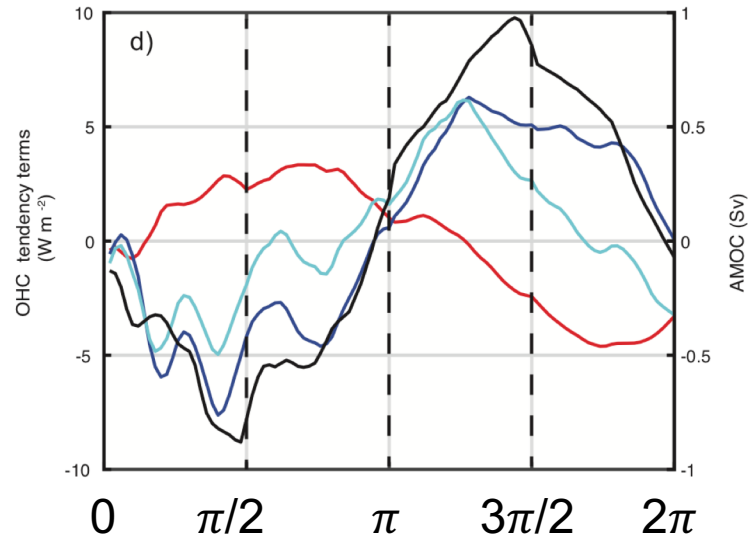
WEST SPNA



R_{FD}^* clearly related to the AMOC
 R_{FD}^* explain most of the tendency
 What's happened to Q_{NET}^* ?

EAST SPNA

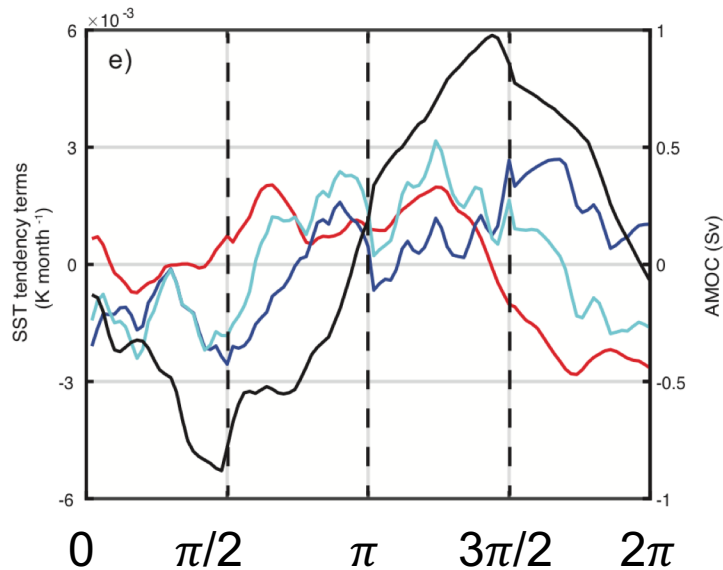
$$\frac{\partial OHC^*}{\partial t} = Q_{NET}^* + R_{FD}^*$$



R_{FD}^* clearly related to the AMOC
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 Q_{NET}^* opposite sign and damping.

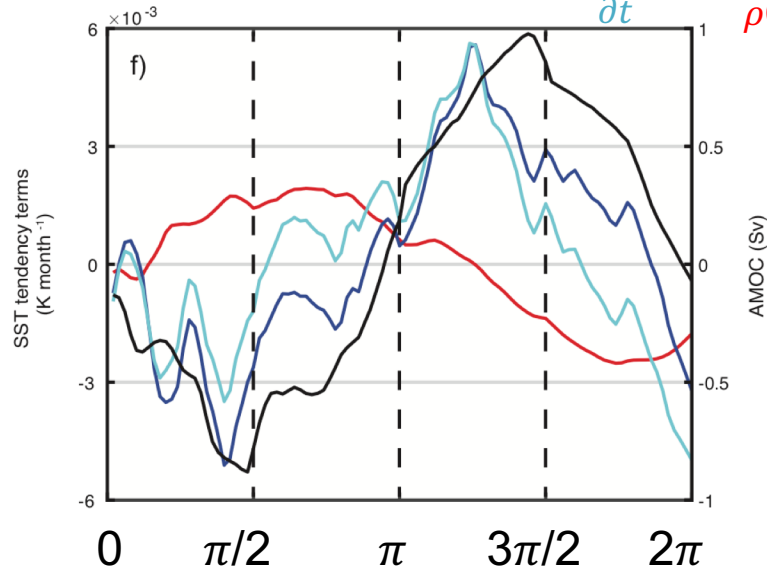
SST tendency terms

WEST SPNA



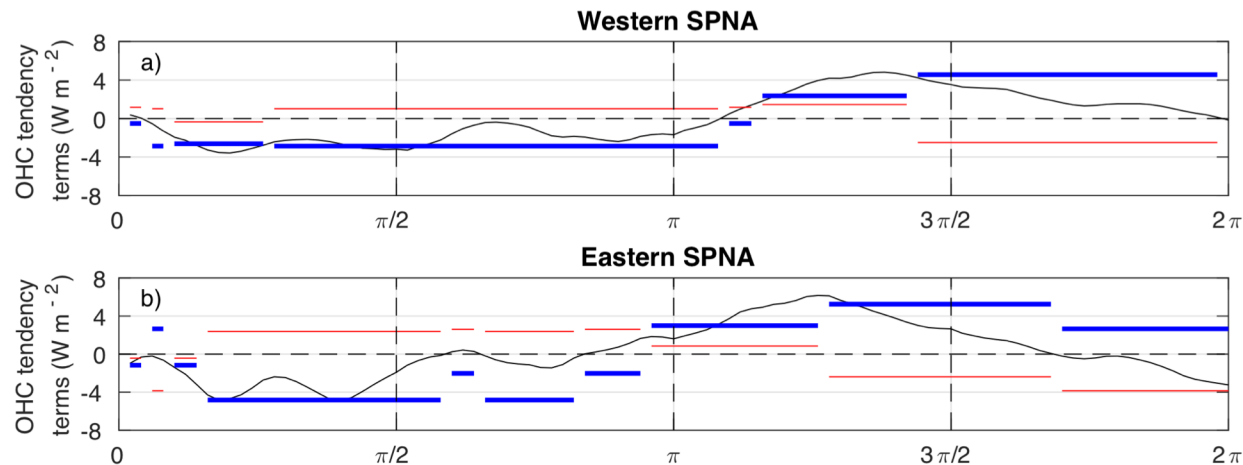
SST tendency proceeds AMOC
 Q_{NET} changing SST.

EAST SPNA
$$\frac{\partial SST *}{\partial t} = \frac{(Q_{NET} *)}{\rho C_p \bar{h}} + \frac{R_{ML} *}{\rho C_p \bar{h}}$$



Behaves similar manner to OHC
 in the east. SST tendency related
 to AMOC.

Drivers of OHC and SST variations



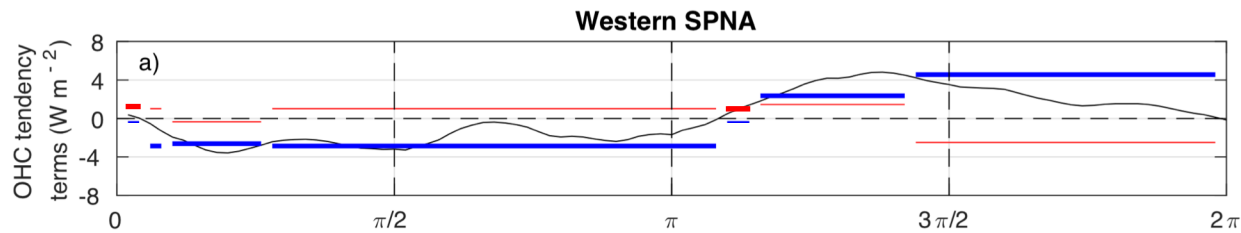
R_{FD}^* the main driver
88% of the time

Q_{NET}^*

R_{FD}^* the main driver
66% of the time

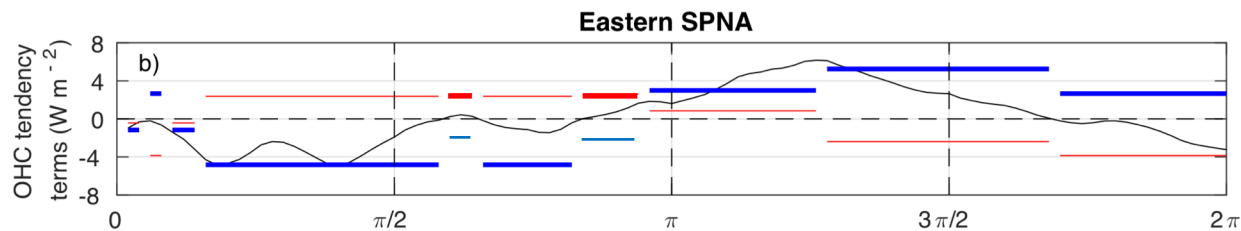
Q_{NET}^*

Drivers of OHC and SST variations



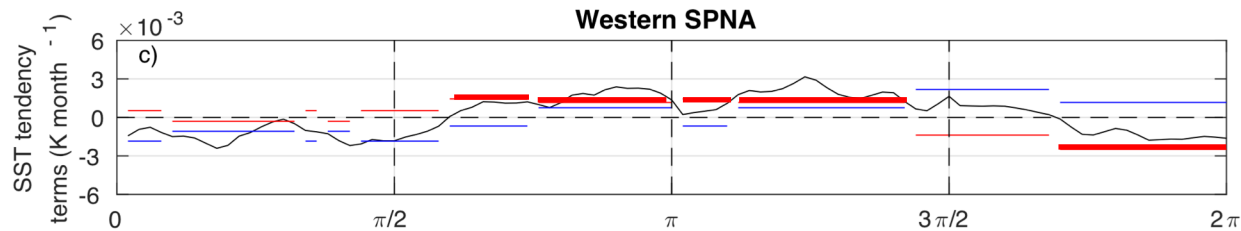
R_{FD}^* the main driver
88% of the time

Q_{NET}^*

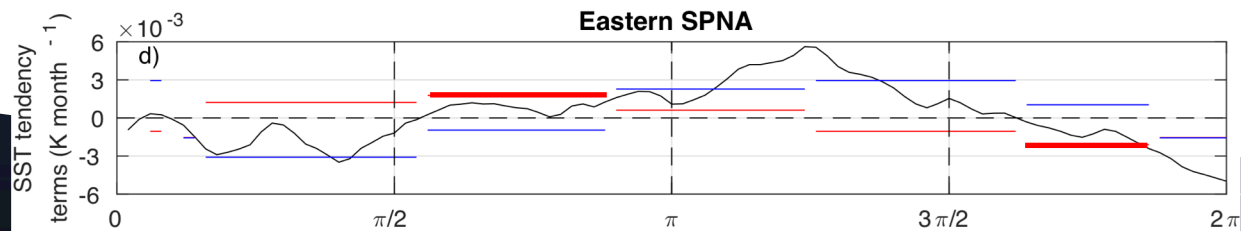


R_{FD}^* the main driver
66% of the time

Q_{NET}^*



R_{FD}^* (53% of the time)
 Q_{NET}^* largest at times



R_{FD}^* (61% of the time)
 Q_{NET}^* largest at times

Conclusions

On decadal time scales in the subpolar North Atlantic (SPNA):

- OHC anomalies propagate (anticlockwise) around the SPNA with a clear relationship to the AMOC
- SST leads the OHC anomalies in the SPNA.
- OHC variability largely dominated by advection



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