Open Science and reproducibility

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SKA data challenges workshop, Bologna 2 October 2019







Knowledge is open if anyone is free to access, use, modify, and share it



A WORLD WHERE KNOWLEDGE CREATES POWER FOR THE MANY, NOT THE FEW. THIS IS THE WORLD WE CHOOSE.



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POWER FOR THE MANY, NOT THE FEW.

THIS IS THE WORLD WE CHOOSE.

Open Science represents an approach to research that is collaborative, transparent and accessible

THE NORMATIVE SYSTEM OF SCIENCE

Norm

Counternorm

Communality

Open Sharing

Universalism

Evaluate research on own merit

Disinterestedness

Motivated by knowledge & discovery

Organized skepticism

Consider all new evidence, even

against one's prior work

Secrecy

Closed

Particularism

Evaluate research on reputation

Self-interestedness

Treat science as a competition

Organized dogmatism

Invest career promoting one's

own theories, findings

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QUALITY

Collaborate

QUANTITY

Compete

credit: @pcmasuzzo

HuMetricsHSS is an initiative for **rethinking humane indicators of excellence** in academia, focused particularly on the humanities and social sciences (HSS).

- COLLEGIALITY: professional practices of kindness, generosity, and empathy toward other scholars and oneself;
- QUALITY: a value that demonstrates one's originality, willingness to push boundaries, methodological soundness, and the advancement of knowledge both within one's own discipline and among other disciplines and with the general public;
- EQUITY: willingness to undertake study with social justice, equitable access to research, and the public good in mind;
- OPENNESS, which includes a researcher's transparency, candor, and accountability, in addition to the practice of making one's research OPEN ACCESS at all stages; and
- COMMUNITY: the value of being engaged in one's community of practice and with the public at large and also in practicing principled leadership.

"If our values don't drive our metrics, our metrics will distort our values"

Christopher P. Long, MSU



ETHICS

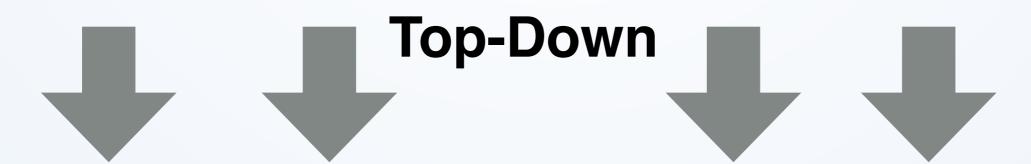
WHY WE NEED TO REIMAGINE HOW WE DO RESEARCH

The emphasis on excellence in the research system is stifling diverse thinking and positive behaviours. As a community we can rethink our approach to research culture to achieve excellence in all we do.



Evaluation of Research Careers fully acknowledging Open Science Practices

Rewards, incentives and/or recognition for researchers practicing Open Science



Research output

- Research activity
- Publications
- Datasets and research results
- Open source
- Funding

Research process

- Stakeholder engagement /citizen science
- Collaboration and interdisciplinarity
- Research integrity
- Risk management

Service & leadership

- Leadership
- Academic standing
- Peer review
- Networking

Research impact

- Communication and dissemination
- IP (patents, licenses)
- Societal impact
- Knowledge exchange

Teaching and supervision

- Teaching
- Mentoring
- Supervision

Professional experience

- Continuing professional development
- Project management
- Personal qualities

Open Science Career Assessment Matrix



Onen Science Career Assessment Matrix (OS CAM)		
Open Science Career Assessment Matrix (OS-CAM) Open Science activities Possible evaluation criteria		
Open Science activities Possible evaluation criteria RESEARCH OUTPUT		
Research activity	Pushing forward the boundaries of open science as a research topic	
Publications	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Publications	Publishing in open access journals	
Datasets and research	Self-archiving in open access repositories Using the FAIR data principles	
results	Adopting quality standards in open data management and open datasets	
resurts	Making use of open data from other researchers	
Open source	Using open source software and other open tools	
Open source	Developing new software and tools that are open to other users	
	Developing new software and tools that are open to other users	
Funding	Securing funding for open science activities	
RESEARCH PROCESS		
Stakeholder engagement	Actively engaging society and research users in the research process	
/ citizen science	Sharing provisional research results with stakeholders through open	
	platforms (e.g. Arxiv, Figshare)	
	Involving stakeholders in peer review processes	
Collaboration and	Widening participation in research through open collaborative projects	
Interdisciplinarity	Engaging in team science through diverse cross-disciplinary teams	
Research integrity	Being aware of the ethical and legal issues relating to data sharing,	
	confidentiality, attribution and environmental impact of open science	
	activities	
	Fully recognizing the contribution of others in research projects,	
	including collaborators, co-authors, citizens, open data providers	
Risk management	Taking account of the risks involved in open science	
SERVICE AND LEADERSHIP		
Leadership	Developing a vision and strategy on how to integrate OS practices in the	
	normal practice of doing research	
	Driving policy and practice in open science	

March 2017



Next-generation metrics:

Responsible metrics and evaluation for open science

Report of the European Commission Expert Group on Altmetrics

Not just citation of articles, various forms of social media shares, webdownloads, any other measure of the Q and impact of research outcomes

Community driven

- DORA declaration
- Metric Tide
- Leiden Manifesto
- etc

RESEARCH ASSESSMENT



April 2018

Mutual Learning Exercise

Open Science: Altmetrics and Rewards

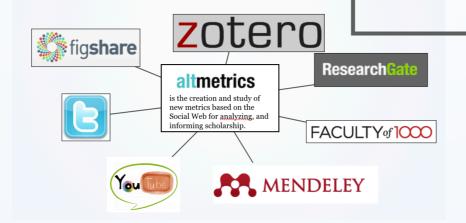
Horizon 2020 Policy Support Facility

Thematic Reports:

Types

Use in the context of Open Science Incentives and Rewards

Strategies, Experiences and Models Final Report



Are Alternative Metrics Still Alternative?



by Mike Buschman and Andrea Michalek

Indicators for funding bodies of recent research (a large number of downloads, views, plays...):

how open and accessible scientists are making their research

Bulletin of the American Society for Information Science and Technology 39, 4 (2013)

The Power of Altmetrics on a CV

by Heather Piwowar and Jason Priem

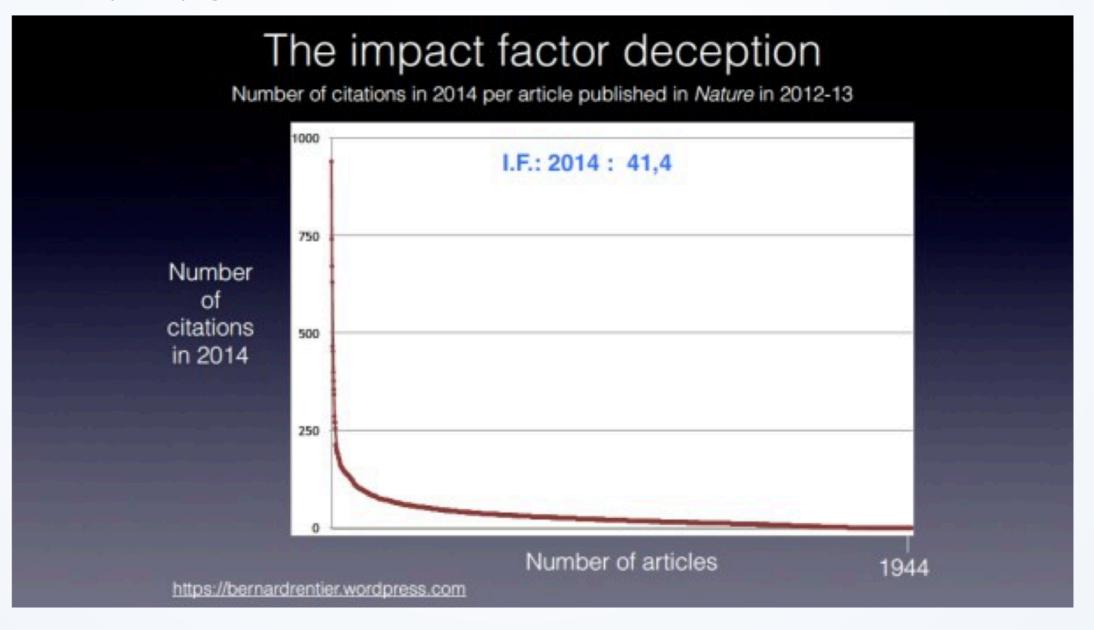
Strongly recommend altmetrics be considered not as a replacement but as a supplement for careful expert evaluation:

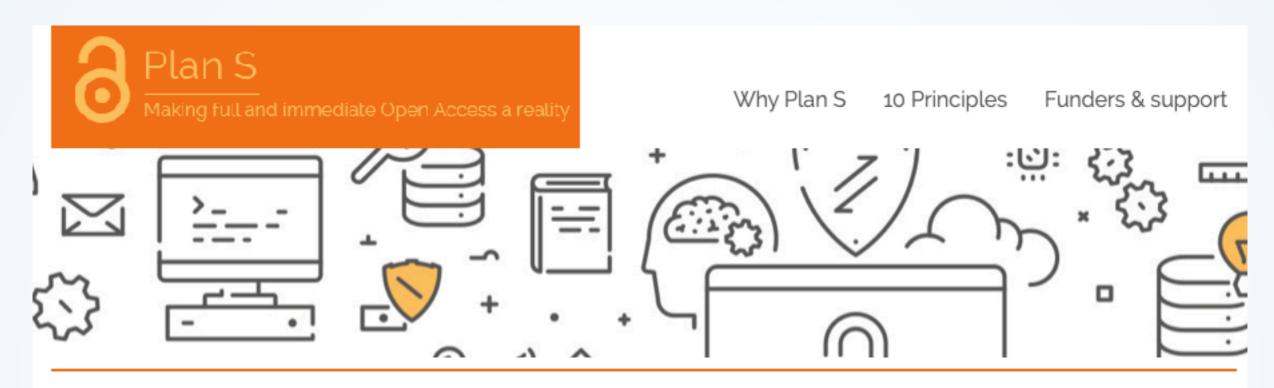
to highlight research products that might otherwise go unnoticed

Alternative metrics are thought to free researchers from conventional measures of prestige



- A study was carried out on all 1,944 articles published in Nature in 2012 and 2013.
- Cites in 2014.
 - 280 (14.4%) do account for half of the total citations
 - 214 (11%) get 0 or 1 citation





What is cOALition S?

On 4 September 2018, a group of national research funding organisations, with the support of the European Commission and the European Research Council (ERC), announced the launch of coAlition S, an initiative to make full and immediate Open Access to research publications a reality. It is built around Plan S, which consists of one target and 10 principles.

cOAlition S signals the commitment to implement, by 1 January 2020, the necessary measures to fulfil its main principle:

"By 2020 scientific publications that result from research funded by public grants provided by participating national and European research councils and funding bodies, must be published in compliant Open Access Journals or on compliant Open Access Platforms."

COALITION S

Plan S: Built on strong principles

- No publication should be locked behind a paywall
- OA must be immediate, i.e. no embargo periods
- No copyright transfer; publication under a CC BY license by default
- Transparency about pricing and contracts
- Funders commit to support publication fees at a reasonable level
- Multiple routes to OA compliance
- Commitment to assess research outputs based on their **intrinsic merit** and NOT venue of publication





Priority actions for cOAlition S - from June 2019

We acknowledge that there is a wide range of work to be done to implement Plan S, some of which is noted at various points in the revised implementation guidance. We have identified the following priorities for the next few months:

- **Q1** Appoint an Open Access Champion who will promote Plan S to research funders and other stakeholders.
- **Q2** Establish the cOAlition S Secretariat and develop a budget to take work forward.
- O3 Convene meetings of the existing members of cOAlition S, to share insights and address challenges in implementing Plan S.
- **Q4** Work together to articulate a vision for the long term future of Open Access.
- **05** Set up a task force to develop a framework to monitor the effects of Plan S on the research and scholarly communication ecosystems.

- O6 Set up a task force to identify where it is difficult to comply with Plan S, consider how to address these issues, and provide reliable information to researchers on how they can align with Plan S.
- **Q** Work with publishers, societies, consortia, and others to develop clearer approaches to transformative arrangements towards full and immediate Open Access.
- **08** Work with publisher representatives and other stakeholders to define the various services (e.g., triaging, peer review, editorial work, copy editing) publishers will be asked to price.
- **09** Begin discussions to explore the best ways to implement rights retention for authors and institutions, recognising national, disciplinary, and other differences.

https://www.coalition-s.org/workplan/

Things for 2020

Monographs

"cOAlition S will, by the end of 2021, issue a statement on Plan S principles as they apply to monographs and book chapters, together with related implementation guidance."

O DORA

"cOAlition S supports the principles of the San Francisco Declaration on Research Assessment (DORA) that research needs to be assessed on its own merits rather than on the basis of the venue in which the research is published. cOAlition S members will implement such principles in their policies by January 2021."

Infrastructure, tools and platforms

"cOAlition S members will collectively establish incentives for establishing Open Access journals/platforms or flipping existing journals to Open Access, in particular where there are gaps and needs."

Rights retention

"Where possible, cOAlition S members will ensure by way of funding contracts or agreements that the authors or their institutions retain copyright as well as the rights that are necessary to make a version (either the VoR, the AAM, or both) immediately available under an open license (as defined below). To this end, cOAlition S will develop or adopt a model 'License to Publish' for their grantees."

COALITION S

Alignment of Open Access policies

National funders













Luxembourg National Research Fund





















Charitable and international funders









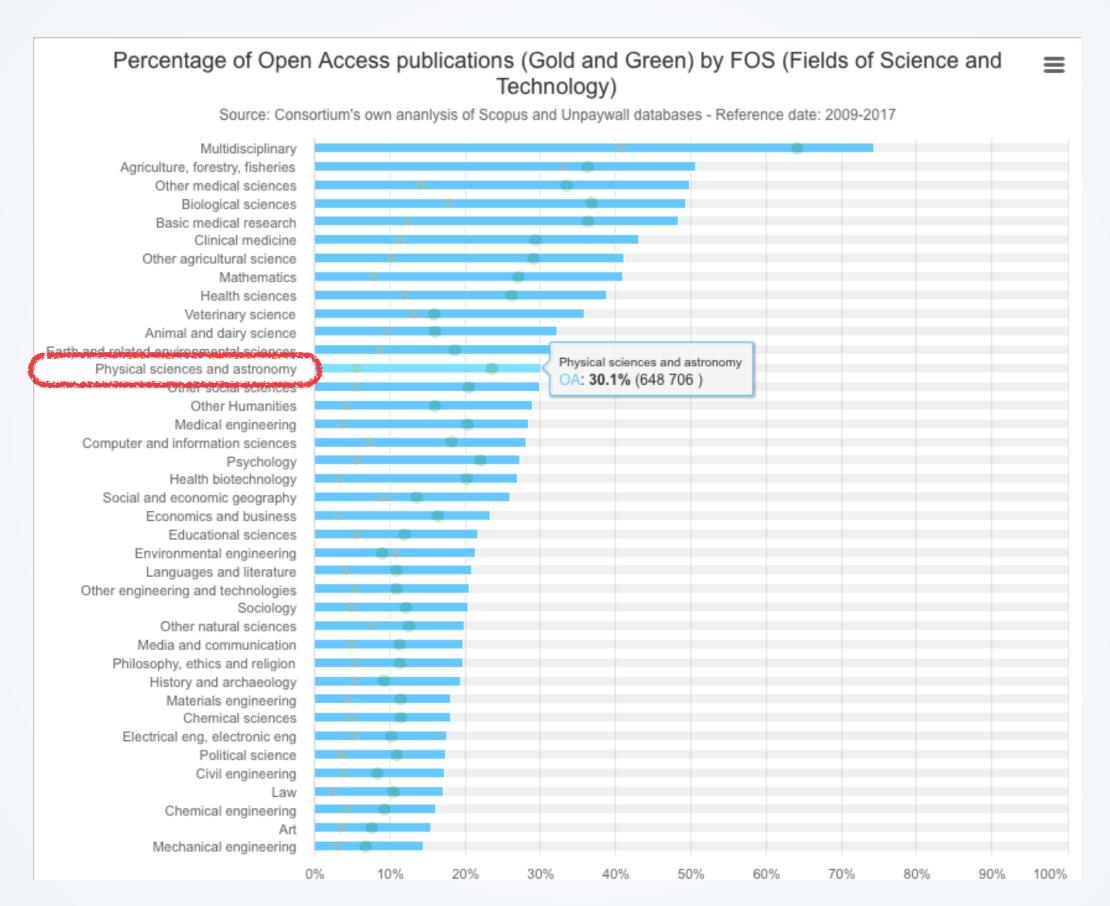


European funders



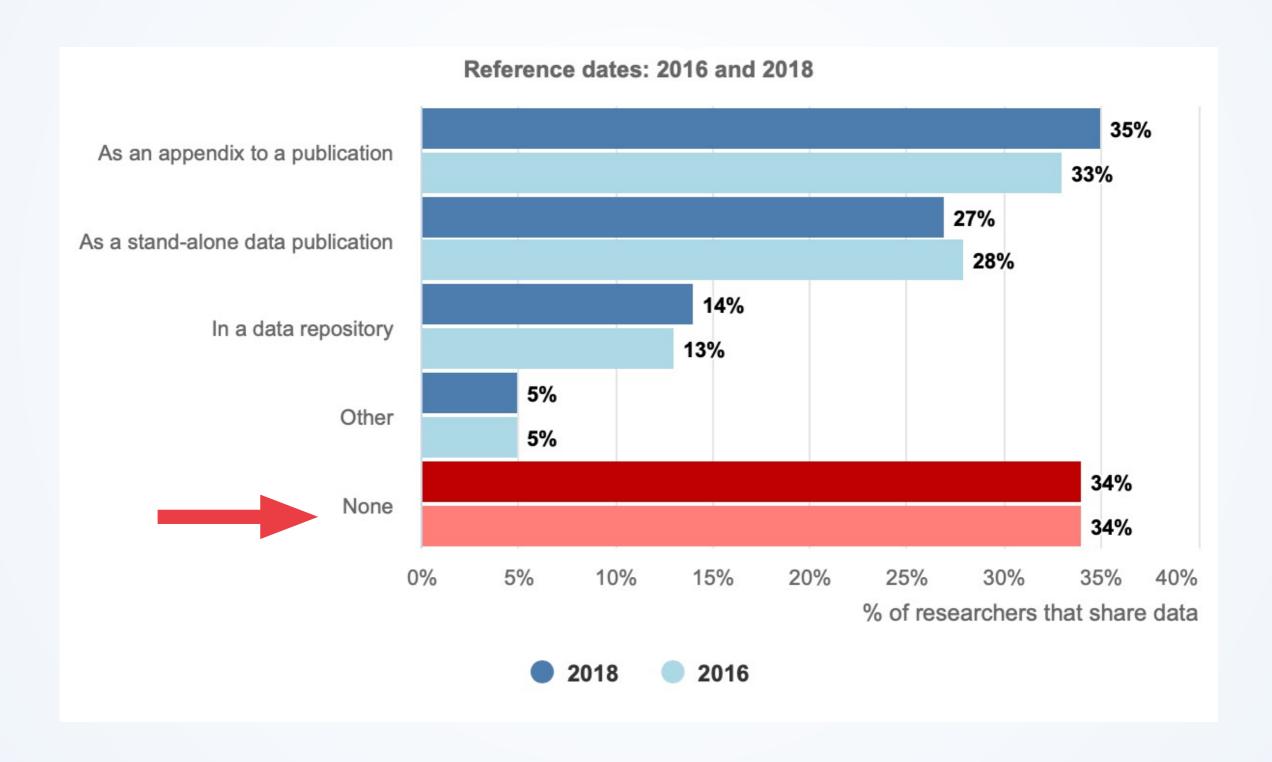


OPEN ACCESS PUBLICATIONS

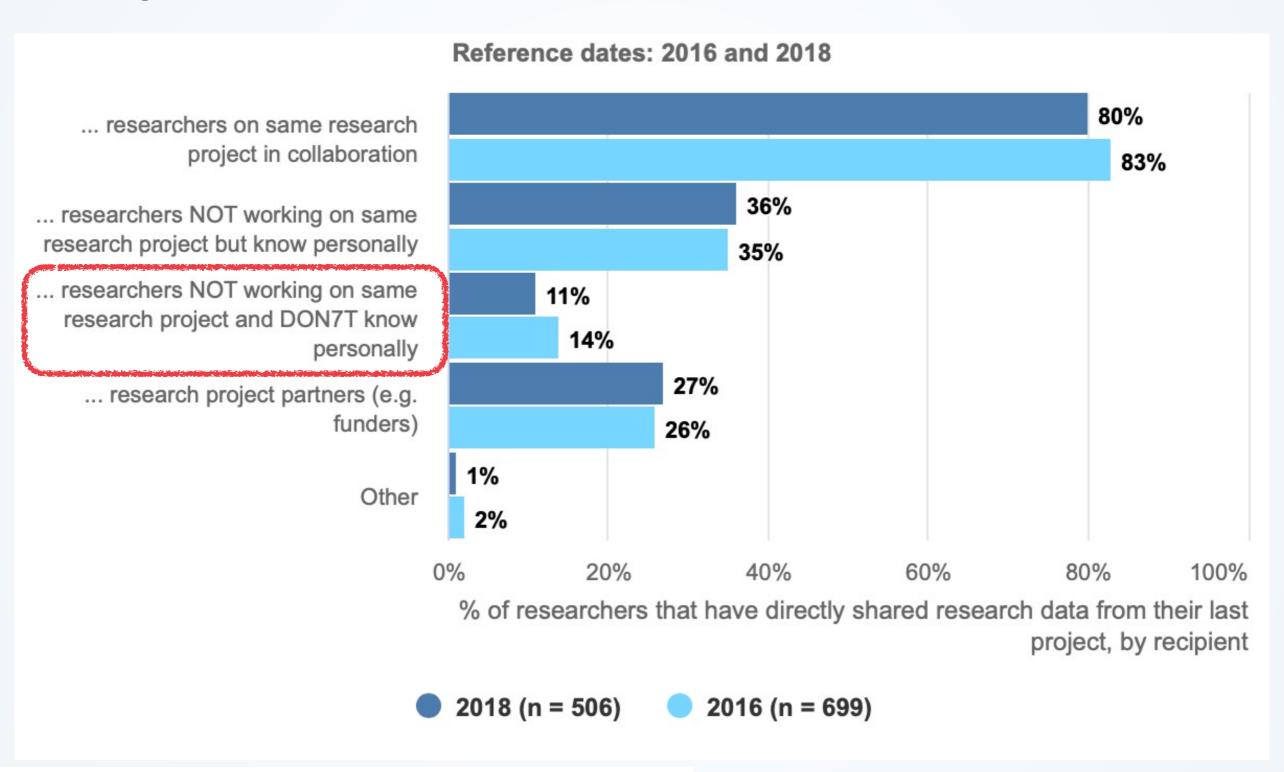




% of researchers that share data



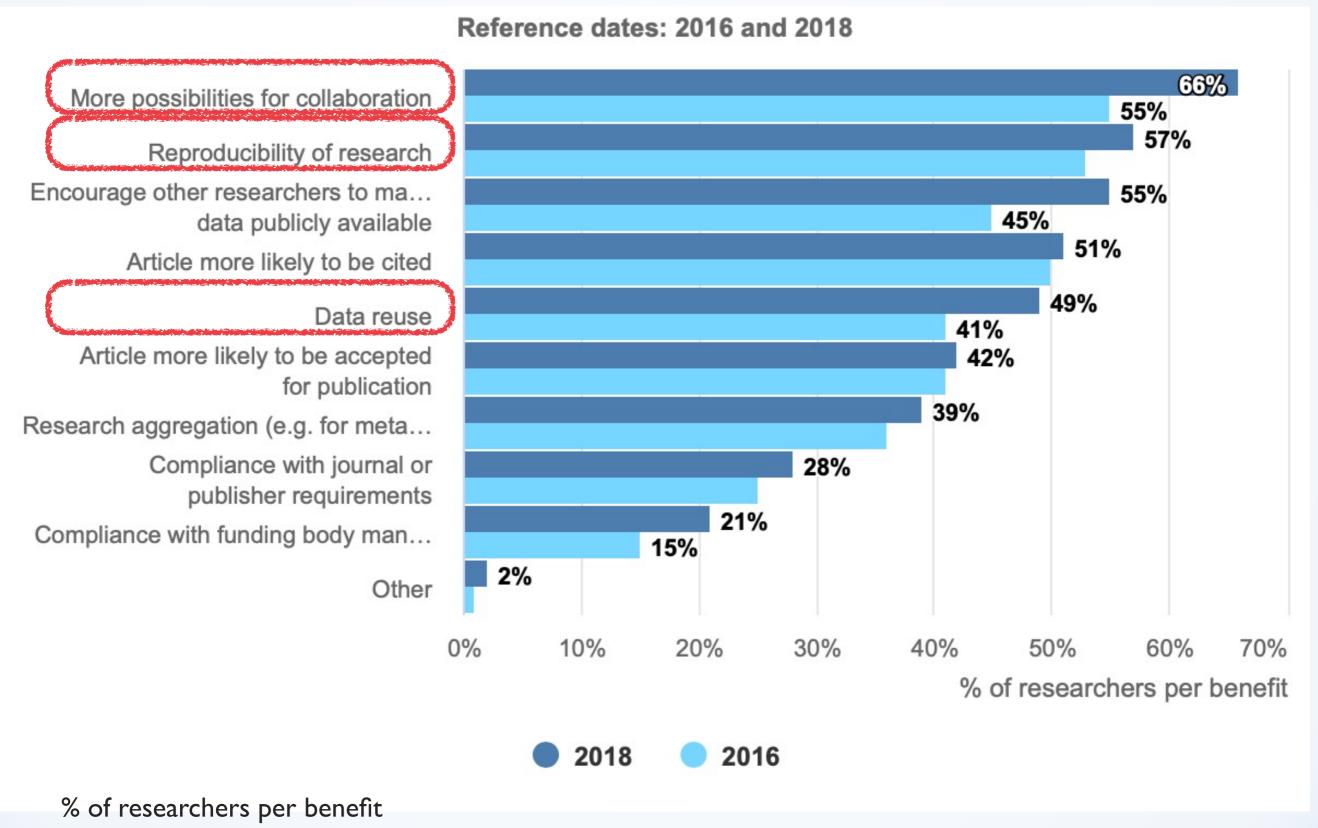
Sharing with ...?

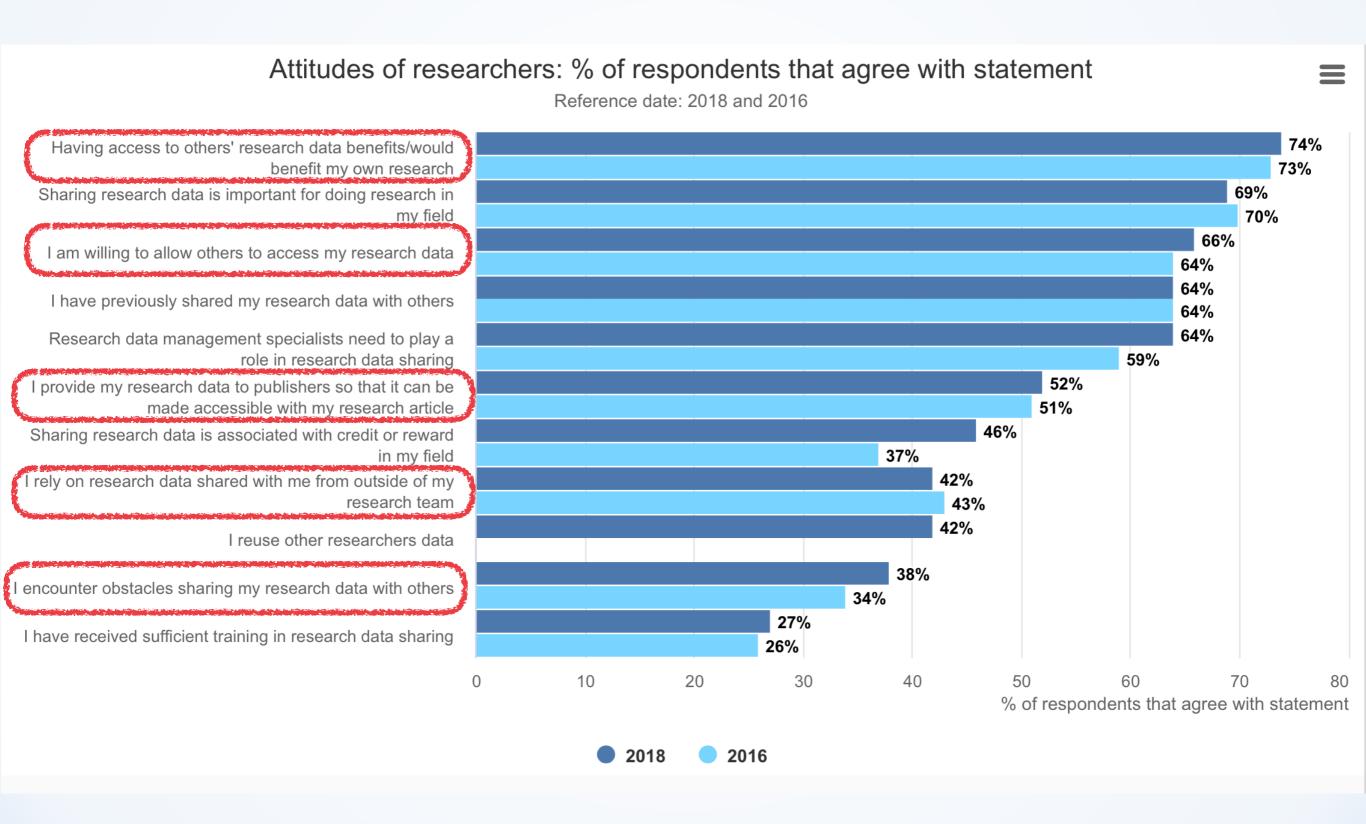


Sharing of research data: % of researchers that have directly shared research data from their last project, by recipient

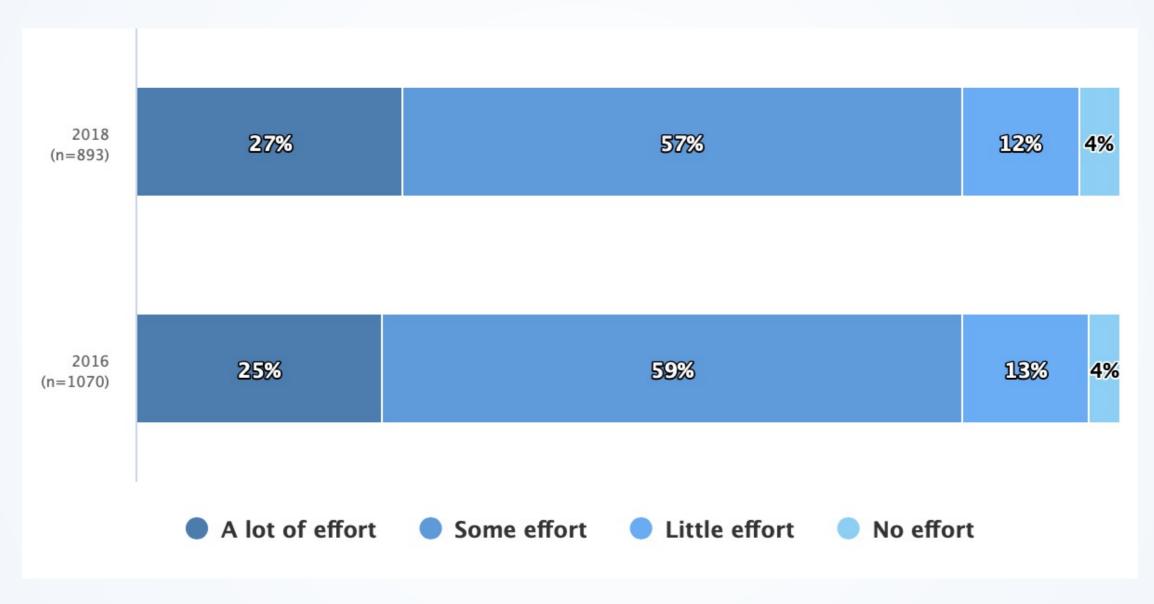
Reference dates: 2016 and 2018

Benefits of sharing research data



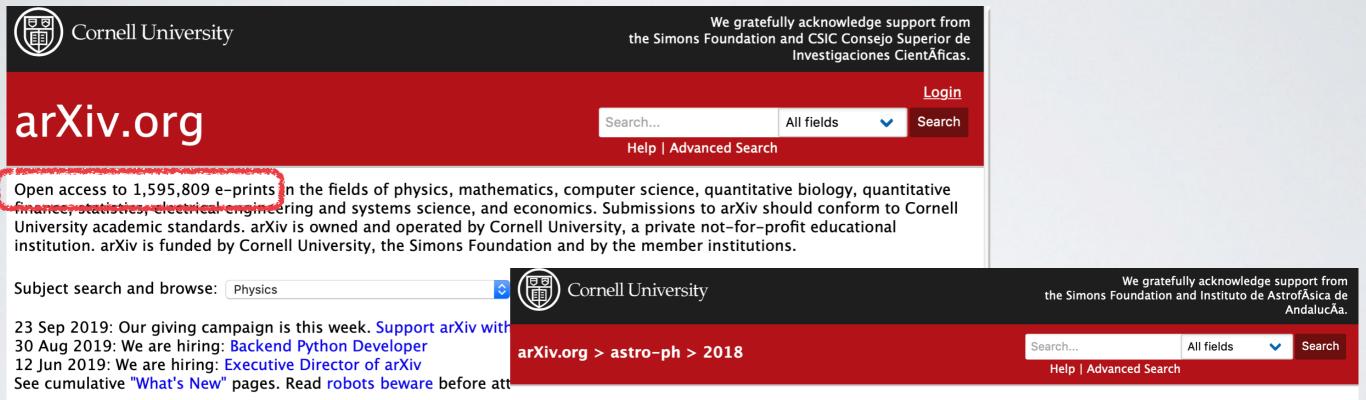


Effort required to make research data available and re-usable by others



% of researchers per about of effort

OPEN ACCESS (PRE-PRINTS)



Physics

- Astrophysics (astro-ph new, recent, search)
 includes: Astrophysics of Galaxies; Cosmology and Nongalac
 Energy Astrophysical Phenomena: Instrumentation and Methodology
- Condensed Matter (cond-mat new, recent, search)
 includes: Disordered Systems and Neural Networks; Material:
 Condensed Matter; Quantum Gases; Soft Condensed Matter;
 Superconductivity
- General Relativity and Quantum Cosmology (gr-qc new, rece
- High Energy Physics Experiment (hep-ex new, recent, sear
- High Energy Physics Lattice (hep-lat new, recent, search)
- High Energy Physics Phenomenology (hep-ph new, recent,
- High Energy Physics Theory (hep-th new, recent, search)
- Mathematical Physics (math-ph new, recent, search)
- Nonlinear Sciences (nlin new, recent, search)
 includes: Adaptation and Self-Organizing Systems; Cellular
 Solvable and Integrable Systems; Pattern Formation and Soli
- Nuclear Experiment (nucl-ex new, recent, search)
- Nuclear Theory (nucl-th new, recent, search)
- Physics (physics new, recent, search)
 includes: Accelerator Physics; Applied Physics; Atmospheric a

Astrophysics

Article statistics for 2018

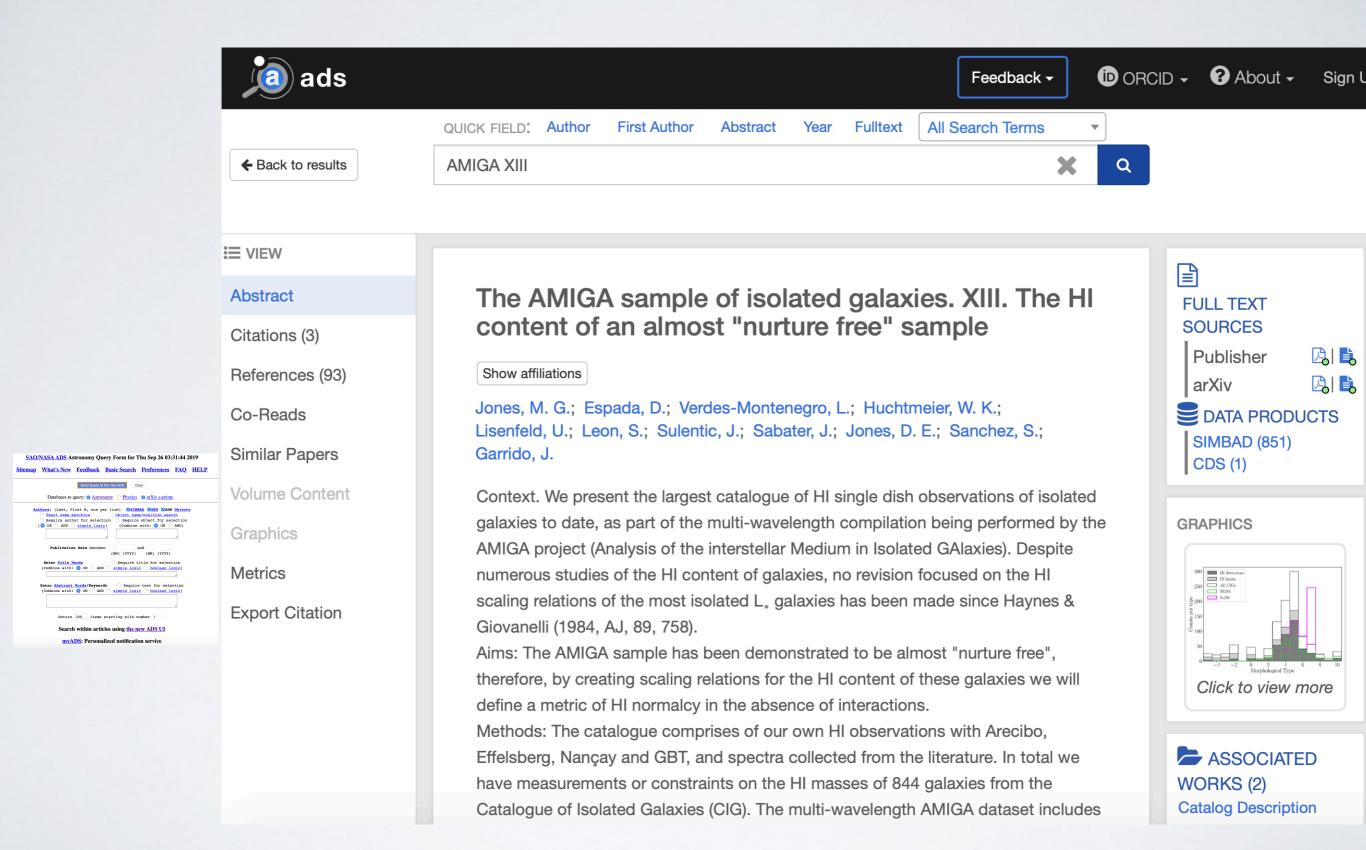
Energy Astrophysical Phenomena; Instrumentation and Meth Available montly lists with counts of astro-ph articles + cross-listings to astro-ph in 2018 (each '|' represents 20 articles):

- 1801 |||||||| 1244 + 140 (Jan 2018)

2018 totals: **14081 articles** + *1877 cross-lists*

Other years: 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006 2005 2004 2003 2002 2001 2000 1999 1998 1997 1996 1995 1994 1993 1992

Link back to: arXiv, form interface, contact.



Publication types

- Subscription-based journals: institutions pay to give access to articles
- Hybrid journals: subscription-based, with option for golden OA per article
- Golden OA: journals provide OA to their articles, either by charging the author-institution for refereeing/publishing outgoing articles, or by making their online edition free for all
- Green OA: self-archiving, authors provide OA to their own published articles, by depositing them into an OA repository.

Looking for a OA Journal?

- Analyse policies, versions and embargoes, processing charges.
- https://doaj.org





Check if your publisher allows self archiving

• Check the journal policy on the publisher's website

RoMEO Colour	Archiving policy
Green	Can archive pre-print and post-print or publisher's version/PDF
Blue	Can archive post-print (ie final draft post-refereeing) or publisher's version/PDF
Yellow	Can archive pre-print (ie pre-refereeing)
White	Archiving not formally supported



Updated: 03-Oct-2018 - Suggest an update for this record

Link to this page: http://sherpa.ac.uk/romeo/issn/0004-6361/

Journal:	Astronomy and Astrophysics (ISSN: 0004-6361, ESSN: 1432-0746)	
RoMEO:	This is a RoMEO green journal	
Paid OA:	A paid open access option is available for this journal.	
Author's Pre-print:	✓ author can archive pre-print (ie pre-refereeing)	
	✓ author can archive post-print (ie final draft post-refereeing)	
Publisher's Version/PDF:	✓ author can archive publisher's version/PDF	
General Conditions:	 On author's personal website or institutional website or OAI compliant website Some journals require an embargo for deposit in funder's designated repositories (see journal) Publisher's version/PDF may be used (see journal) Must link to publisher version Publisher copyright and source must be acknowledged Non-commercial 	
Mandated OA:	Compliance data is available for <u>4 funders</u>	
Paid Open Access:	Charges and discounts for hybrid Open Ac	
Copyright:	Example Policy - Preprint servers / ArXiv - Example Copyright Policy	

Based on: Correia & Principe, 2019

Welcome to Dissemin

Dissemin detects papers behind pay-walls and invites their authors to upload them in one click to an open repository.

Try any author name

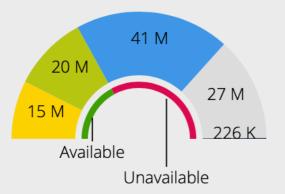
Q

Advanced search

Green open access

Many researchers do not use their right to make their papers freely available online, in addition to the paywalled version offered by traditional publishers.

This forces libraries to buy overpriced electronic subscriptions to journals, when they can afford them at all.



- Available from the publisher 15,369,718
- Available from the author 19,877,776
- Could be shared by the authors 40,713,451
 - Unknown/unclear sharing policy 27,413,492
- Publisher forbids sharing 226,134

Open repositories

Uploading your papers on your own webpage is not enough. Such copies are less stable and harder to find than documents uploaded to well-indexed repositories.

Dissemin searches for copies of your papers in a large collection of open repositories and tells you which ones cannot be accessed.

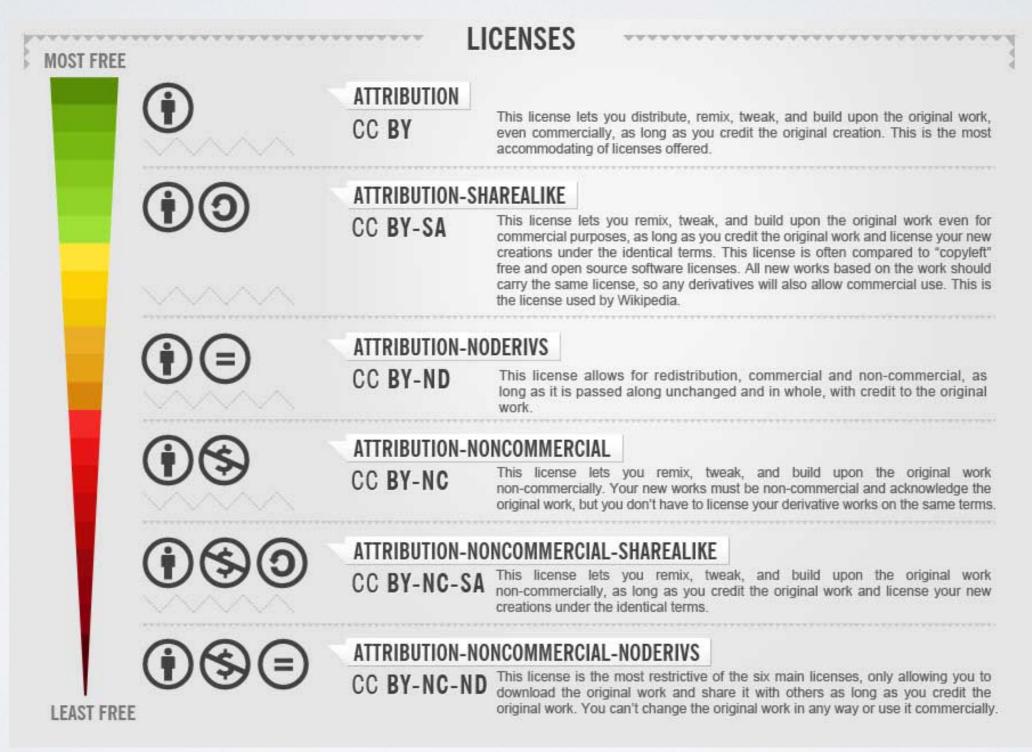
Welcome to Dissemin Dissemin detects papers behind pay-walls and invites their authors to upload them in one click to an open Papers Q Advanced search Towards summarizing knowledge: Brief ontologies Julián Garrido, Ignacio Requen Semantic model for flood Journal article published in 2012 by Julian Garrido, Ignacio Requena **★ Download** jh.iwaponline.com Full text: Unavailable Publisher: Elsevier Jesús C. Echeverría, Pablo de V A fiber-optic sensor to de Preprint: archiving allowed. **1** Upload porous silica xerogel film **★ Download** www.researchgate Postprint: archiving allowed. **1** Upload Published version: archiving forbidden. 📤 Upload Julián Garrido, Ignacio Requen Towards summarizing kn Data provided by SHERPA/RoMEO Policy details (opens in a new window). **1** Upload Contact authors **M** Contact Kristina M. Hettne 🕞, Katherine Worstencroft, Knand Beinajjame, Carole A. Goble, Elen Mina, Harish Dharuri, Lourdes Verdes-Montenegro, David De Roure, Julián Garrido,

Best Practices for Workflow Design: How to Prevent Workflow Decay

Marco Roos

LICENCES

Creative Commons



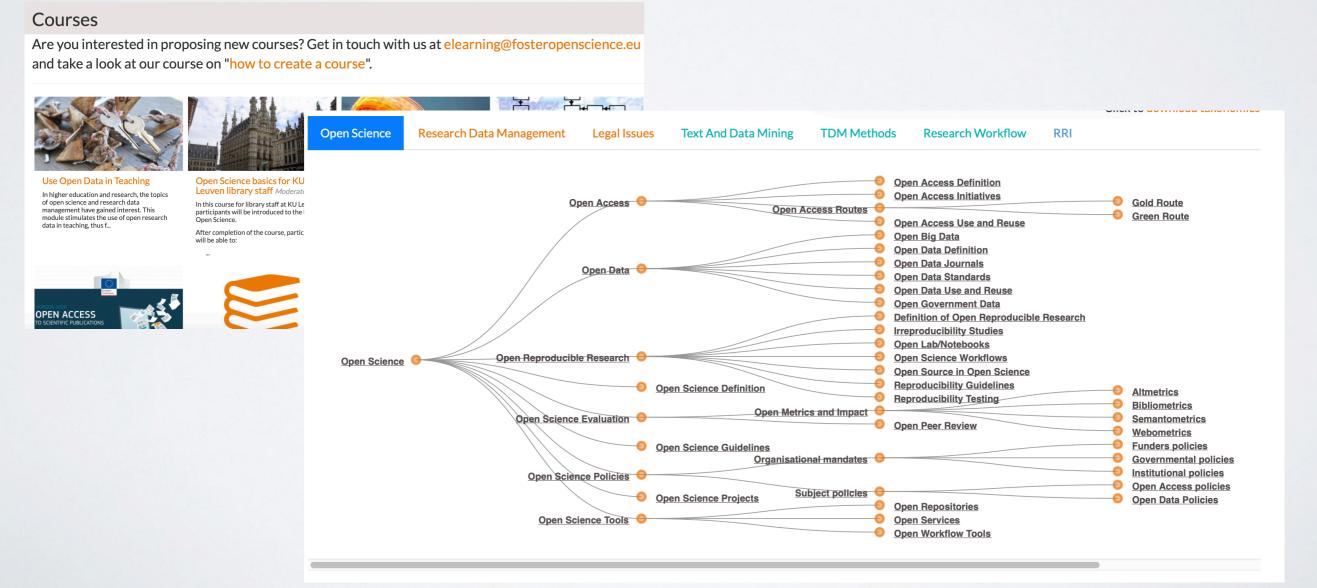
https://www.dontwasteyourtime.co.uk/elearning/creative-commons-infographic-licenses-explained/

OPEN SCIENCE - TRAINING

Fostering Improved Training Tools For Responsible Research & Innovation



• FIT4RRI maintains a collection of RRI and Open Science training materials on the FOSTER portal.



OPEN SCIENCE - TRAINING

Massive Open Online Course (and Community!)
https://opensciencemooc.eu/

Education, training, support.

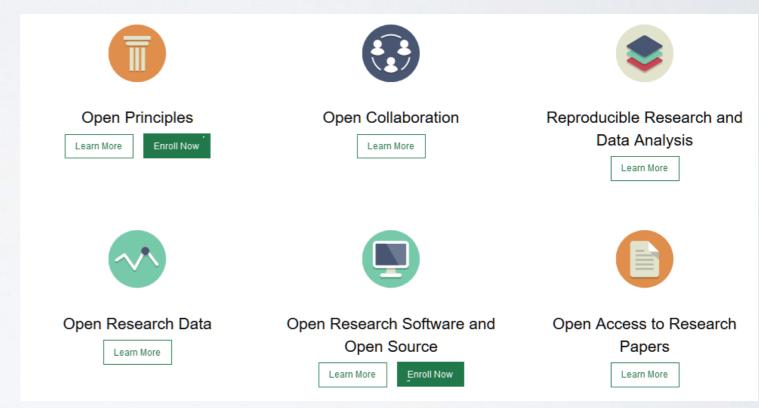
Empowerment and leadership.

Shifting power dynamics.

Building a global community.

Massive-scale engagement.

We want to help make **open** the default setting for all global research.





@OpenScienceMOOC



info@opensciencemooc.eu



https://github.com/OpenScienceMOOC



credit: @pcmasuzzo

OPEN SCIENCE - TRAINING

The Turing Way:

A handbook for reproducible data science



github.com/alan-turing-institute/the-turing-way



The Turing Way is a handbook to support students, their supervisors, funders and journal editors in ensuring that:

- Reproducible data science is too easy not to do!
- Stakeholders know which parts of the "responsibility of reproducibility" they can affect.
- Scientific work can be trusted.

Credit: Dr. Rachael Ainsworth

The Open Science Training Handbook

- Open knowledge and educational resource oriented to practical teaching
- instruct and inspire trainers how to create high quality and engaging trainings.

https://book.fosteropenscience.eu/en/

OPEN SCIENCE, ALWAYS?

Ethics and limitations

- As Open as possible and as close as necessary
 - Protect results for commercial and industrial exploitation

•

GDPR and Anonymized Data

- Data describing personal information is the basis for scientific research in various fields.
- Collecting and processing personal data has been recently regulated by the General Data Protection Regulation for all EU citizens.
- The data management community has proposed data anonymization techniques to allow Open Science.



SKA Regional Centres

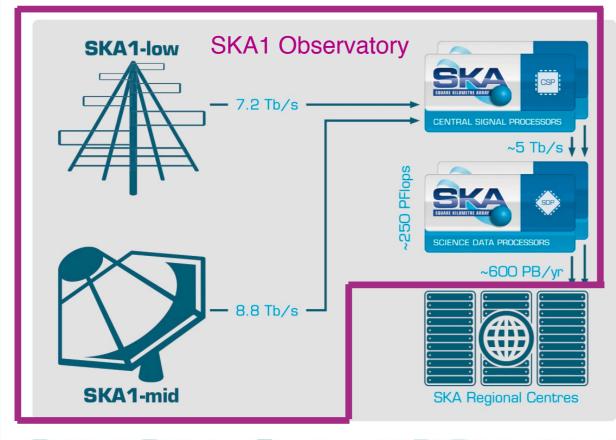


SKA Organization





SRCs at the end of the SKA data journey







SKAI observatory will deliver:

A set of standard data products,
 appropriate for the range of anticipated science investigations

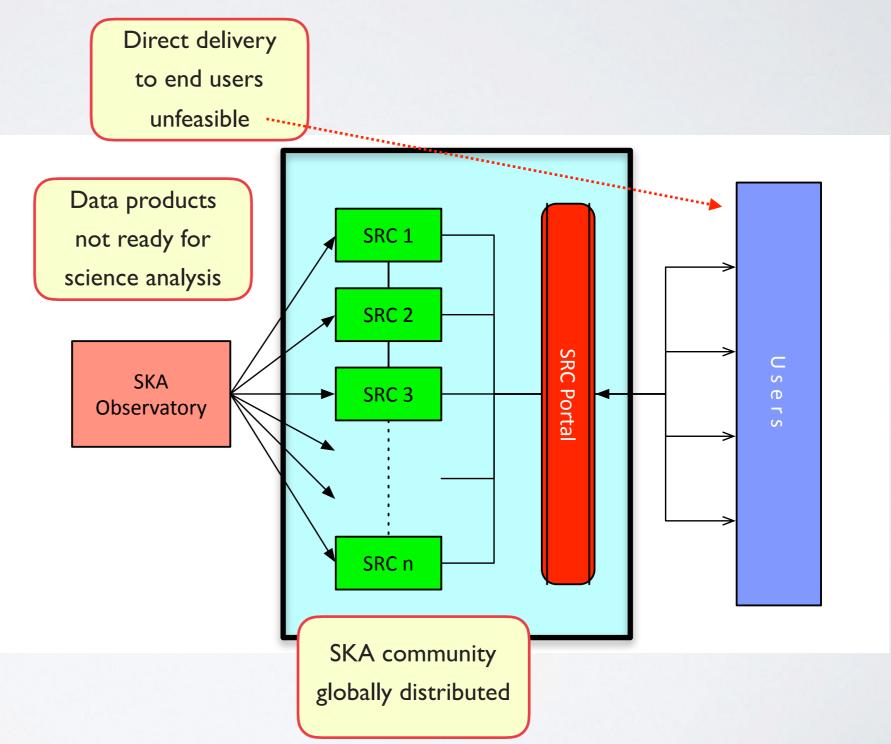
The Science Data Processor architecture includes:

- The pipelines that generate these products (Observatory Data Products, ODPs)
- A Long-Term Preservation (LTP) component to store these products (not a science archive!)
- A Delivery component for making ODPs available to the outside world.

THE SKA REGIONAL CENTRE NETWORK

Access to data products, tools and processing power to generate and analyse Advanced Data Products (ADPs)

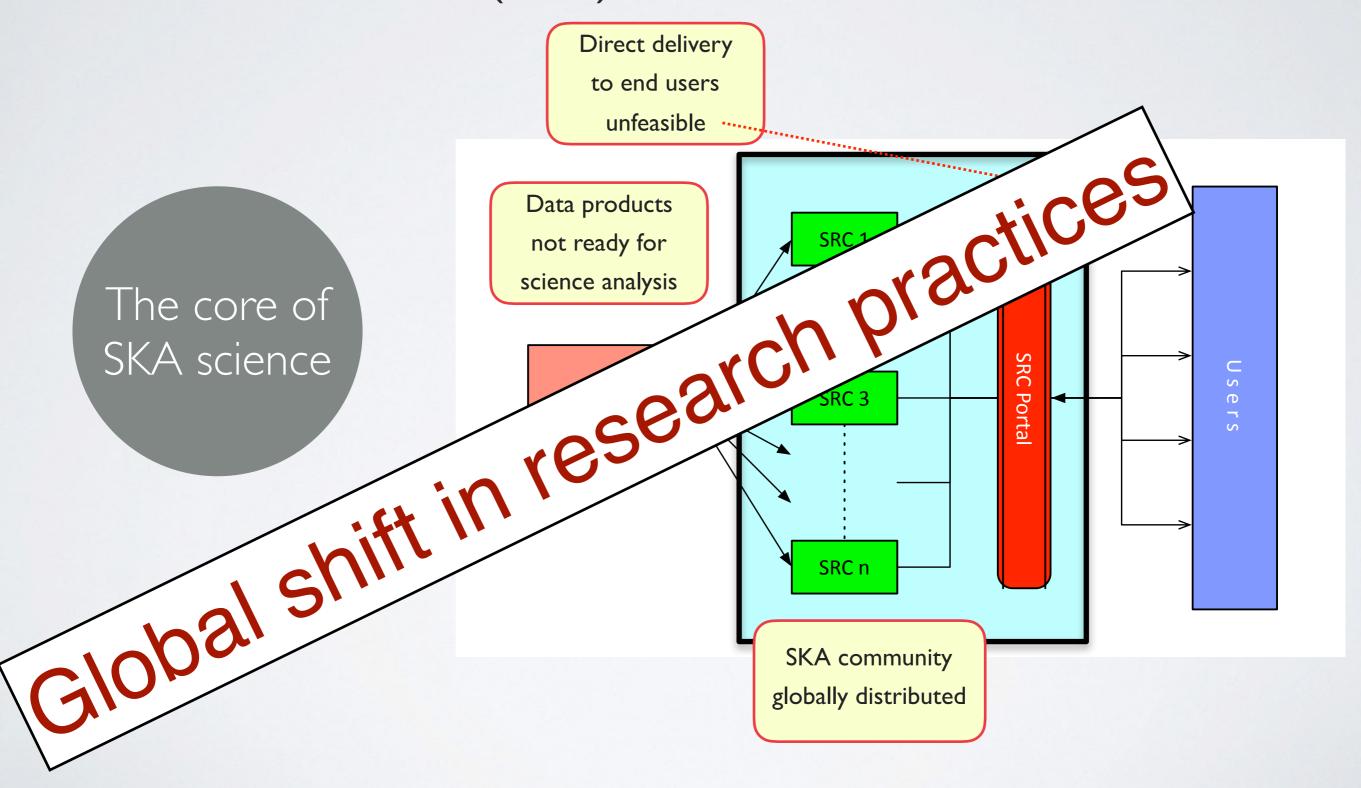






THE SKA REGIONAL CENTRE NETWORK

Access to data products, tools and processing power to generate and analyse Advanced Data Products (ADPs)



THE SRCs AS OPEN SCIENCE HUBS

Open Science** implementation will facilitate sharing data, resources and tools across the SKA community through the SRCs. The methods can be verified, reused, repurposed, so accelerating discovery and transfer of knowledge



Users = scientists = we want to follow the Scientific method

^{**} Open Science is transparent and accessible knowledge that is shared and developed through collaborative networks. Its implementation at the SRCs will facilitate sharing data, methods, resources and tools across the community, enabling verification, reusability and repurpose.



SKA-Link: combining knowledge to pioneer Big-Data solutions for SKA Regional Centres

http://amiga.iaa.es/p/330-SKA-Link.html

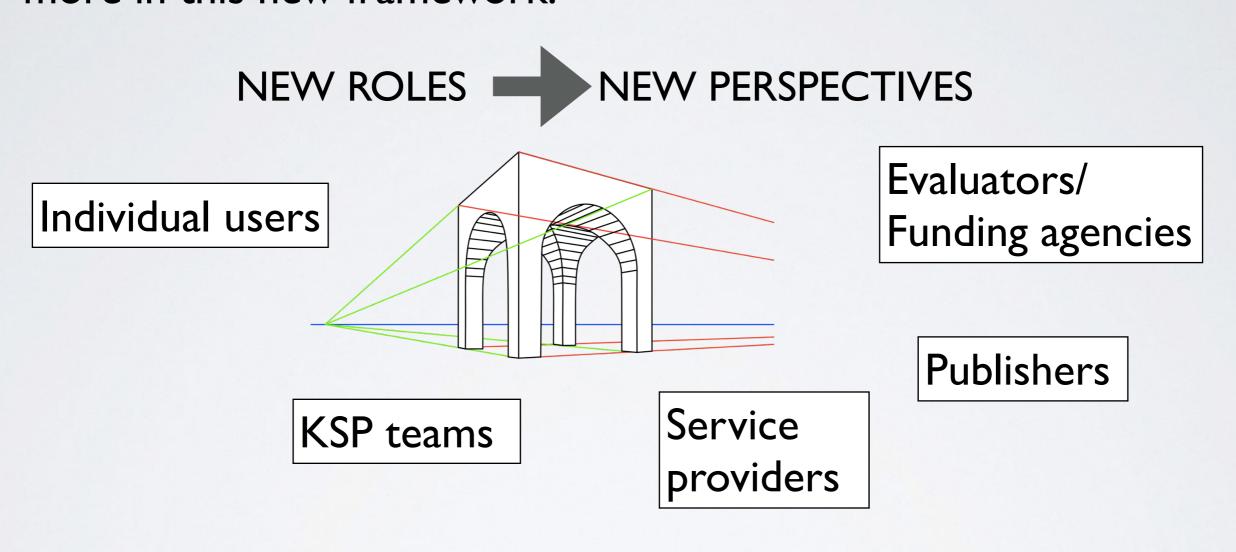
- 2-year project funded by CSIC i-Link program
- PI: L. Verdes-Montenegro (IAA-CSIC)
- Overall aim:

Set of **best practices** that assist the SKA community to successfully exploit SKA data in a FAIR way, with an emphasis on the use of technologies that facilitate the reproducibility

- Barriers and ways to overcome them
- Inventory of technologies/technical strategies
- Incentives/Metrics

PERSPECTIVES

Implementation of Open, reproducible science is challenging, even more in this new framework:



MY PERSPECTIVE

Implementation of Open, reproducible science is challenging, even more in this new framework:



Individual users

Evaluators/
Funding agencies

KSP teams

SKA SWG

Service providers

Publishers







A proto-SRC at IAA



SKA Organization









SRC PROTOTYPE AT IAA-CSIC

Centre of Excellence "Severo Ochoa" (S.O.) accreditation from the Spanish Ministry of Science that acknowledges the Spanish centres that carry out cutting-edge research.

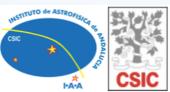
A prototype of SKA SRC included in the IAA S. O. scientific programme.

Objectives:

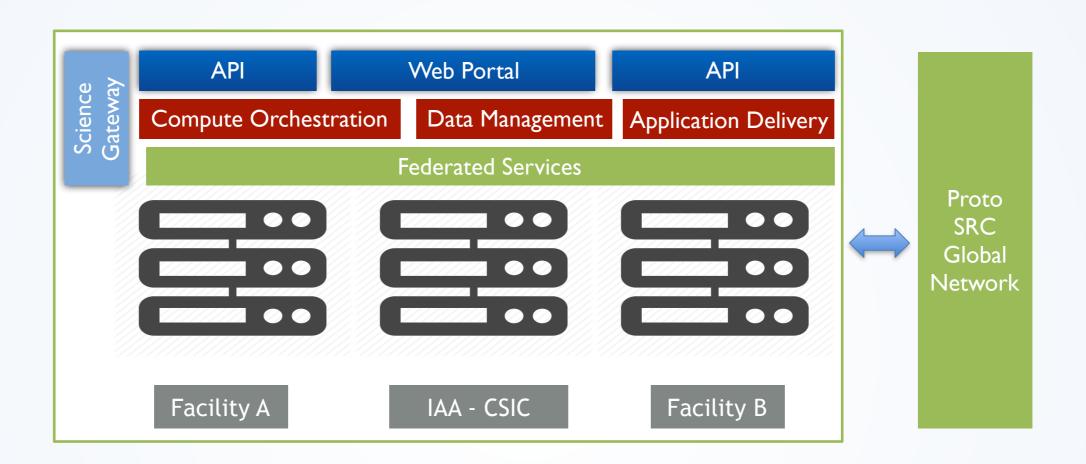
- Support IAA members participation in
 - SKA precursors /pathfinders
 - SKA Data Challenges
- Embrace Open Science Principles: Data-Intensive and Reproducible Research for the SKA Regional Centres
- Partnership with national HPC facilities / experts in computational science
- Collaborate with other SRC initiatives
- Innovation in analysis techniques, new algorithms







SRC PROTOTYPE AT IAA-CSIC



Science Analysis Platform

- Identify technical specifications from the use case requirements
- Set-up of the associated IAA computing/storage resources
- Partnership with national computing facilities
- Collaborations with e-Infrastructures and other SRCs prototype initiatives
- Provide a Science Gateway

Open Science in a real scientific experiment

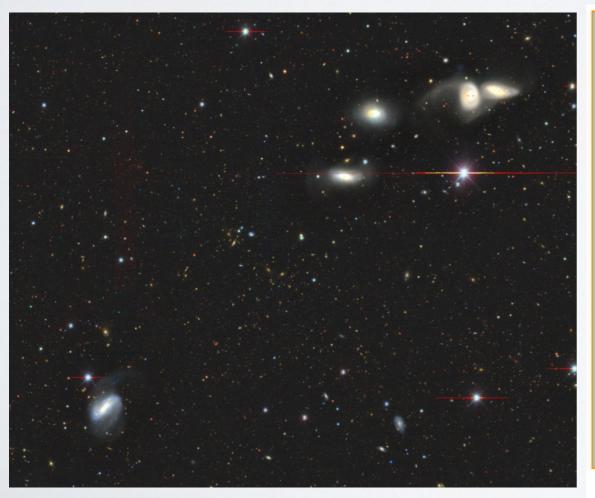


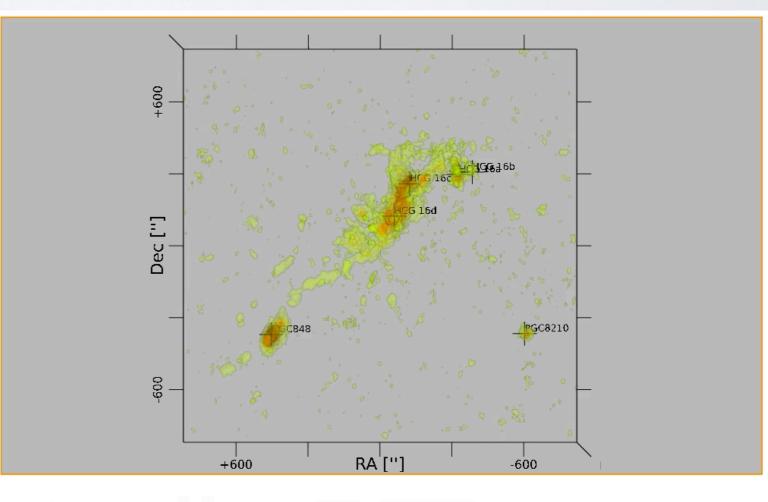
SPECIFIC EXAMPLE: HI IN HCG 16

- HCG 16 is complex compact group with starburst galaxies, AGN, tidal tails, etc. The
 main goal of this project is to is to study the HI content of the group and to
 determine which on-going processes are causing it to change.
- Collaborators: L. Verdes-Montenegro, A. Damas, S. Borthakur, M. Yun, A. del Olmo, J. Perea, B. Williams, D. Lopez Gutierrez, F. Vogt, S. Luna, J. Román, J. Garrido, S. Sanchez, J. Cannon & P. Ramírez

Viewpoints:

HI layers: 12-sigma





BEING FAIR

FAIR (www.go-fair.org) is a multi-disciplinary bottom-up initiative to make scientific data reusable. The FAIR principles state that scientific data should be:

- **Findable:** Data have sufficient metadata and unique, persistent identifiers in a searchable database.
- Accessible: Data is stored in trusted/standard repository. Metadata and data can be understood by machines/people.
- Interoperable: Metadata use a standard language, external connections to other data/resources are qualified.
- Reusable: Data have sufficient provenance information and clear licenses.



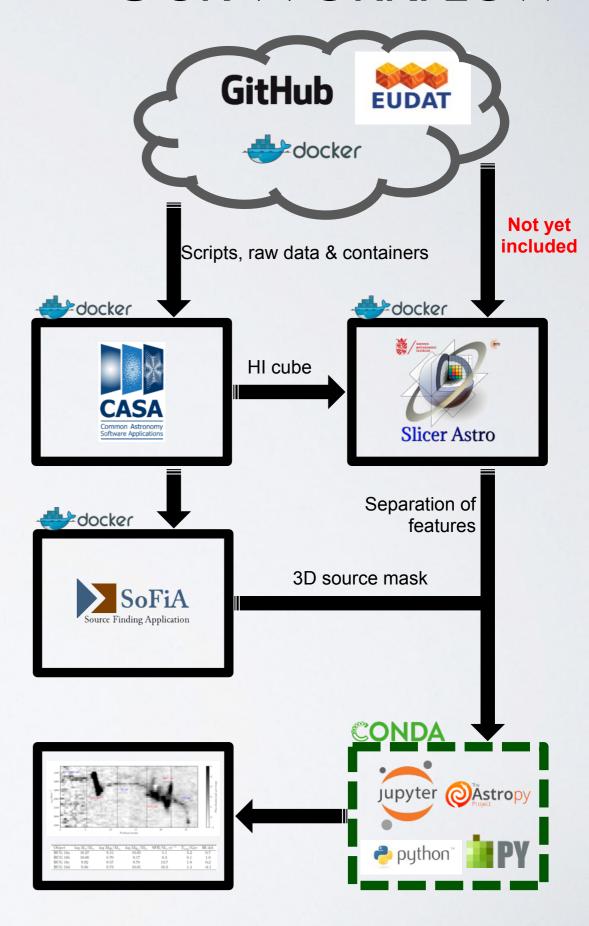
BEING UN-FAIR

Common astronomy examples of un-FAIR practices:

- The **raw** data are in an **archive** but the final, **reduced data** and images are only publicly available in the paper **PDF**.
- The final data are "available", but you need to request them by email.
- There are some **scripts** for processing the data on a server somewhere, but no one remembers how to run them.
- The code is on **github**, but good luck trying to install/execute it.

I'm not pointing fingers here, we are all guilty of these things, myself included. We need to improve as a community.

- FAIR focuses on the **data**, we want to go beyond this and include also the **methods**.
- It is executed entirely within **Docker** containers and **Conda** environments. So it can be run on any platform with Docker and Conda, using a single bash script.
- The code and data are publicly available in github and EUDAT.
- The workflow can also be executed in EOSC



The raw data are hosted on a the EUDAT service, which provides:

- Cloud storage
- Persistent identifiers (DOI)
- Access (can download with wget)
- Basic metadata and search functionality



* » RECORDS » AF679ED67B644432AE1A5F61B9654255

HCG16 L-band VLA C+D array data

by [Unknown]

Mar 5, 2019

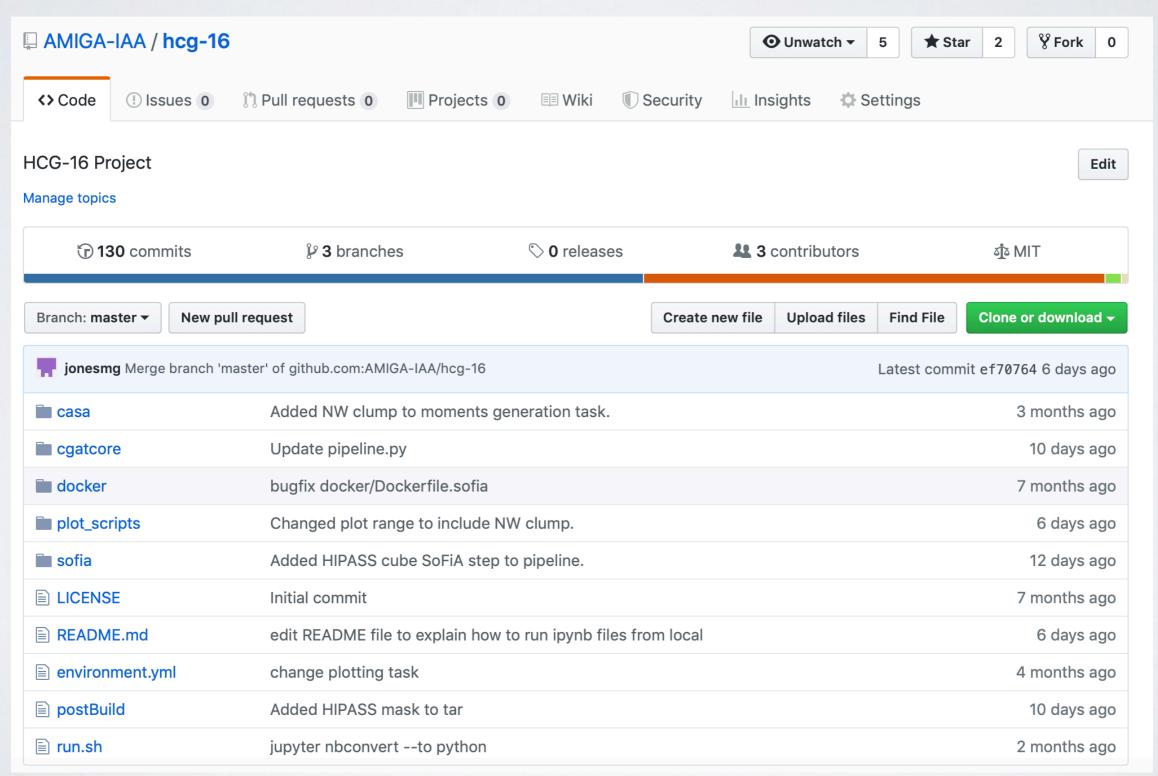
TechnicalInfo: The VLA D and C array data of HCG 16 were collected by the Very Large Array (http://www.vla.nrao.edu/) in 1989 and 1999, under PI projects of Jacqueline van Gorkom and Marcus Verheijen. The project numbers are AW234 and AW500 respectively. The full original data of these projects are hosted by the VLA Archive (https://science.nrao.edu/facilities/vla/archive/index).

Disciplines: 3.5.2.1.1 → Observational astronomy → Radio astronomy;

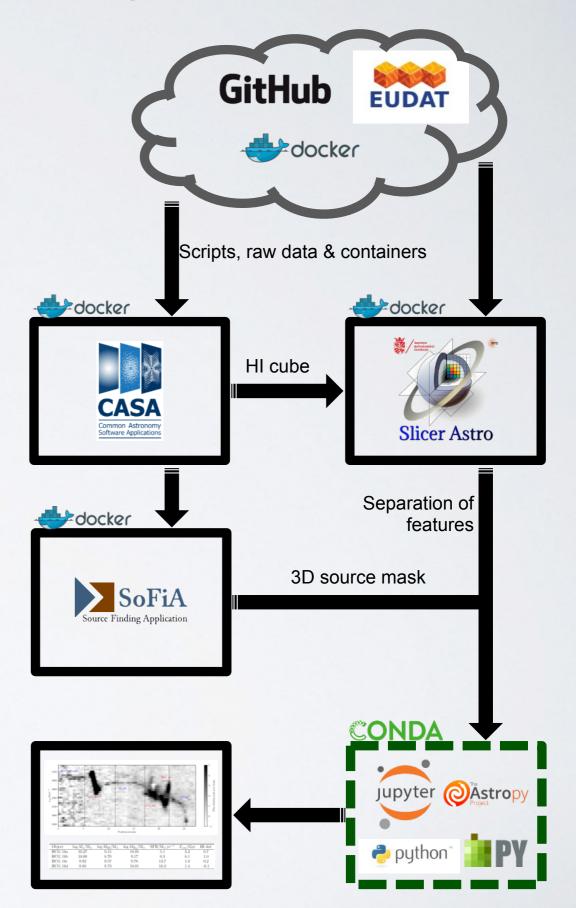
DOI: 10.23728/b2share.af679ed67b644432ae1a5f61b9654255 Copy

PID: 11304/16c0eb14-0bb0-4ec0-9ff4-11eeee0033c8 Copy

All the code for the all of the workflow from raw data to final plots is stored in github and is openly accessible.



- run.sh will do automatically the following steps:
 - download and install conda
 - download and install cgatcore, a workflow management system
 - construct a conda python environment with which to run the code
 - download the source code
 - download the input data
 - run the pipeline



REPRODUCIBLE FIGURES



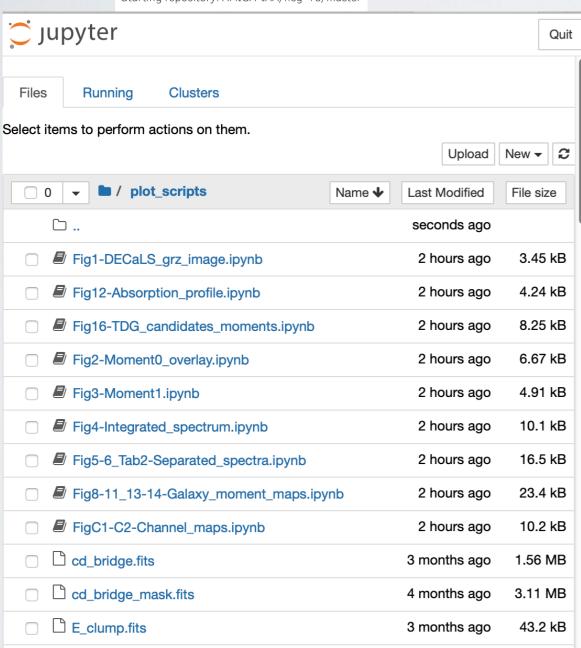


Figure 2. HCG 16 HI moment zero map and overlay

```
In []: import matplotlib,aplpy
    from astropy.wcs import WCS
        from astropy.io import fits
        from general_functions import *
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

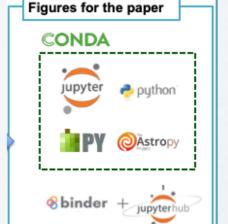
In []: font = {'size' : 14, 'family' : 'serif', 'serif' : 'cm'}
        plt.rc('font', **font)
        plt.rcParams['image.interpolation'] = 'nearest'
        plt.rcParams['lines.linewidth'] = 1
        plt.rcParams['axes.linewidth'] = 1

#Set to true to save pdf versions of figures
        save_figs = True

The files used to make the following plot are:
```

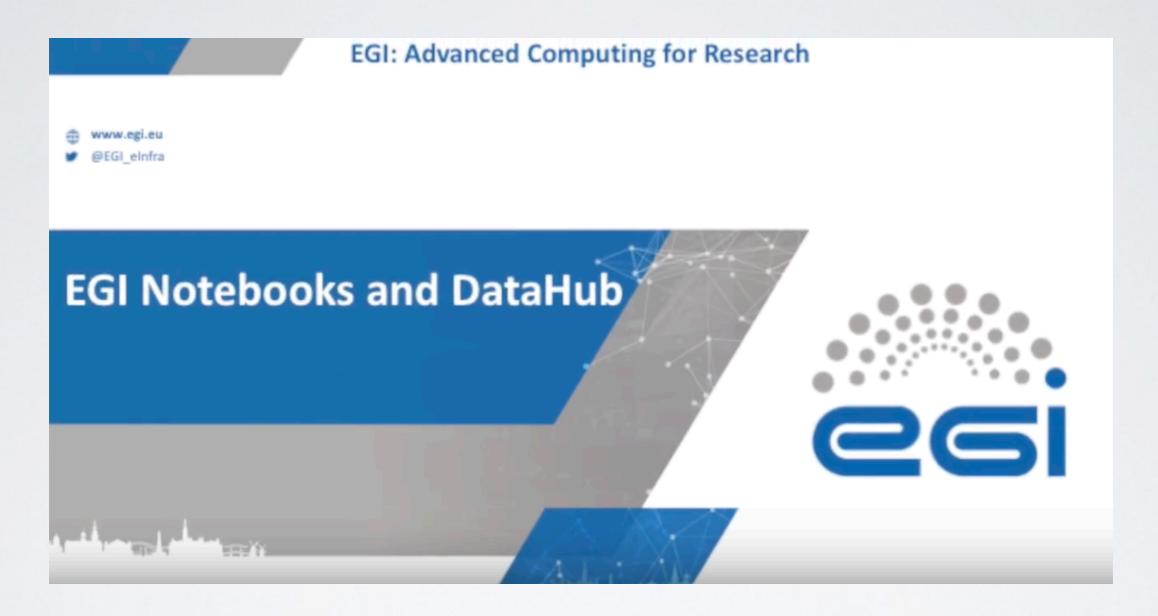
In []: moment0_casa = 'HCG16_CD_rob2_MS.mom0.pbcor.fits'
moment0_sofia = 'HCG16_CD_rob2_MS_mom0.fits'
r image decals = 'HCG16_DECaLS r cutout.fits'

- 1. A moment 0 map of HCG 16 generated using a simple 3σ threshold in each channel (made with CASA). This file was generated in the *imaging* step of the workflow, which is described in the script imaging.py.
- 2. A moment 0 map of HCG 16 generated using 3.5σ mask made with SoFiA after smoothing over various kernel sizes. This file was generated in the *masking* step of the workflow. The SoFiA parameters file which makes this file is HCG16_CD_rob2_MS.3.5s.dil.session.
- 3. An *r*-band DECaLS fits image of HCG 16. This file was downloaded directly from the <u>DECaLS public website</u>. The exact parameters defining the region and pixel size of this images is contained in the <u>pipeline.yml</u> file.



https://mybinder.org/v2/gh/AMIGA-IAA/hcg-16/master

EGI NOTEBOOKS



- A demo video showcasing how EGI Notebooks and DataHub services can intertogether to perform open data analyses that get reproduced with binder
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ODv592Uzja4



TAKE AWAY

- Define Conda environments or containers and your co-authors will be able to run your code (but not only them).
- Release vs publish:
 - Code: GitHub, bitbucket
 - Papers, Documentation, data, ...
 - Zenodo (DOIs,)
- Publish:
 - Papers: pre-prints in arxiv, open repositories and journals
 - Code: GitHub, bitbucket
 - Data: Astronomy archives (e.g. CDS) vs open Repositories
- CV and career assessment:
 - Your CV can be something more than a list of papers.
 - Altmetrics as supplement (not a replacement) to highlight research products that might otherwise go unnoticed



CONCLUSIONS

- SKA will be a game changer in the way we do science
 - Large international teams
 - Limited data movement
 - New methods to share computational resources
 - Sharing the tools (reinventing not affordable), doing reproducible science
- Reproducibility in the Big Data era: Data providers moving to service providers

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Will we forget about reproducibility since we need to "efficiently" exploit large datasets?

- You may find this talk at:
 - https://zenodo.org/record/3466662
- DOI:
 - Latest version: 10.5281/zenodo.3466661



