Getting Along with Relational Databases

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<u>Outline</u>

Background on relational databases and XML

The DVPP project

Why we ended up with a relational database

Implications, problems and solutions

Slides: <u>http://bit.ly/relationaldbs</u>

Relational databases

How do I hate thee? Let me count the ways.

Mysterious and unmemorable keywords (left joins, right joins, inner joins, outer joins, full joins, self joins...)

Lousy string-handling library.

Monolithic single-point-of-failure server host.

No built-in version control.

Ugly structures for one-to-many or many-to-many relationships...

<u>RDBs are fine for simple tabular data</u>

But most Humanities data is not simple and tabular. It's

- deeply nested
- loosely connected
- ambiguous and suggestive
- multivalent

...the <date notBefore-custom="1213-05-23" notAfter-custom="1214-05-07" datingMethod="mol:julianSic" calendar="mol:regnal">fifteenth<lb/> yeare of <name ref="mol:JOHN1">King <hi style="font-style: italic;">Iohn</hi></name></date>...

But the history is revealing

IBM's 1960s DBMS *IMS* represented data as hierarchical trees.

It even handled overlapping hierarchies, allowing "a secondary data structure" which is "still a hierarchy, but a hierarchy in which participant segments have been rearranged, possibly drastically" (C.J.Date, *An Introduction to Database Systems*).

But like so many good ideas from the 1960s...

...it turned into something cruder and less imaginative in the 1970s, with the rise of SQL.

But now we have XML, and life is good, right?

Are you sure you need a database? Is your data really straightforward? Wouldn't you be better off with XML? I'm doing some research and I need a database.

It's really simple. I just have a single spreadsheet.

Some weeks later...

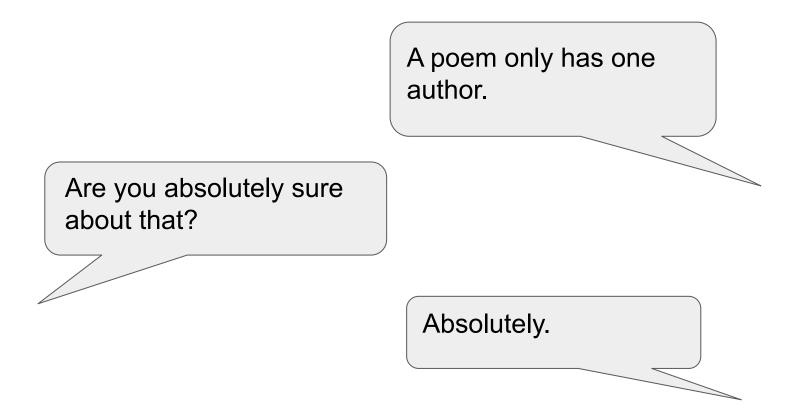
My spreadsheet has 2,517 columns...

Eventually reality bites

What seems like simple data turns out to be hugely complicated (it's Humanities, doh).

What appear to be simple relationships turn out to be multifarious and nuanced.

What started out as a clean, simple db turns into a monstrous concoction.



Some days later...

This poem has three authors. One of them is mythical. Another may be any of three people. The third is fictional. What do I enter in the author field?

The Digital Victorian Periodical Poetry Project



"much to do with victorian poetry"



Welcome!

Digital Victorian Periodical Poetry explores the poetry most read in the long Victorian period: poems published in periodicals, magazines, and newspapers.

This site is in the early stages of development.

The Digital Victorian Periodical Poetry Project

Mines a broad range of 19th-century periodicals for the poetry they published.

Started as a metadata-only project, with poem files linked to page-images.

Data stored in <u>MySQL DB</u>.

Initially simple, but grew in complexity over the years.

Find, enter and edit data

id 1	Search	+		?	Show				
Records t	Search	Spreadshe	eet is to show: 8 ¥	Pages:	1 (10001-100	01) Y Total	found: 1	_	
	id	Title	First line		Translators	Date	Organ	Series	Actions *
	10001	The Master	The herd of Scribes by what they tell us	Schiller, Johann Christoph Friedrich von	Bulwer- Lytton, Edward George	1843-03	Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine		V 🗞 X
	10001								
Title									
	The herd of Scribes by what they tell us Schiller, Johann Christoph Friedrich von								
	Bulwer-Lytton, Edward George 1843-03								
Organ		d's Edinburgh I	Magazine						
Series									
Vol.	53								
Num.	329								
Pages	310								
oted in article									
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Allonym									
Unsigned?									
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Then we got funding

Thank you SSHRC!



Social Sciences and Humanities Research Council of Canada Conseil de recherches en sciences humaines du Canada



We're transcribing/encoding all the poems from the decade-years (1920, 1930, 1940...).

This will be around 2,000 poems.

We're encoding in TEI (of course).

We're using a version-control system (of course).

So now we have a problem.



Metadata db:

Canonical source for most metadata

Continuously changed and updated



TEI files:

Canonical source for transcription and some metadata

Continuously changed and updated

Added complication

We have a personography for which some fields of some records are maintained in the db, and some fields and some records are maintained in the TEI.

Luckily this is all temporary

Eventually everything will be maintained in TEI.

We will bury the database.

We will stamp on its grave and rejoice.

But for now, we have to live with it.

<u>The task</u>

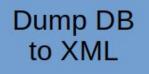
Merge the metadata from the db into the TEI file collection.

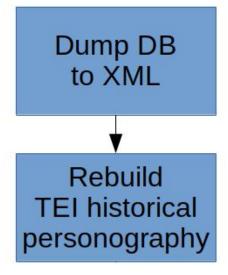
Without data loss.

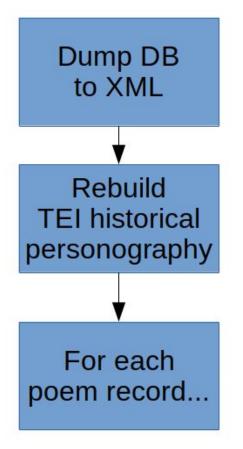
Repeatedly.

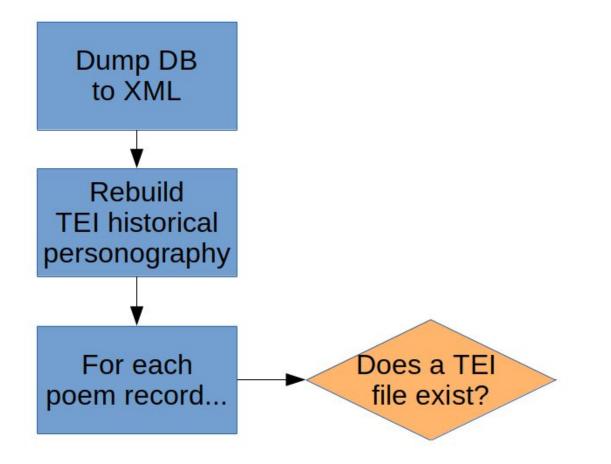
The only good best thing about SQL Dbs is...

... you can dump them to XML!







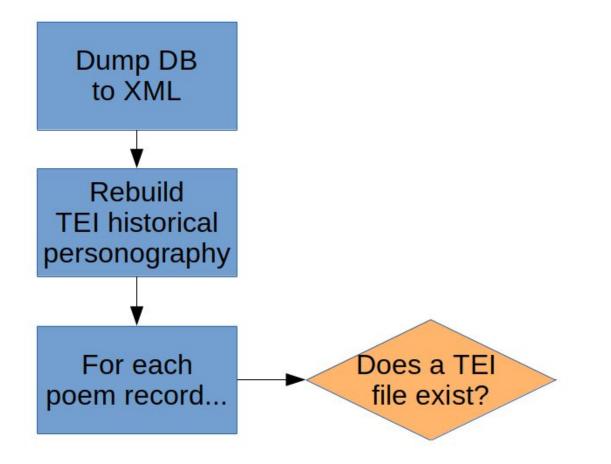


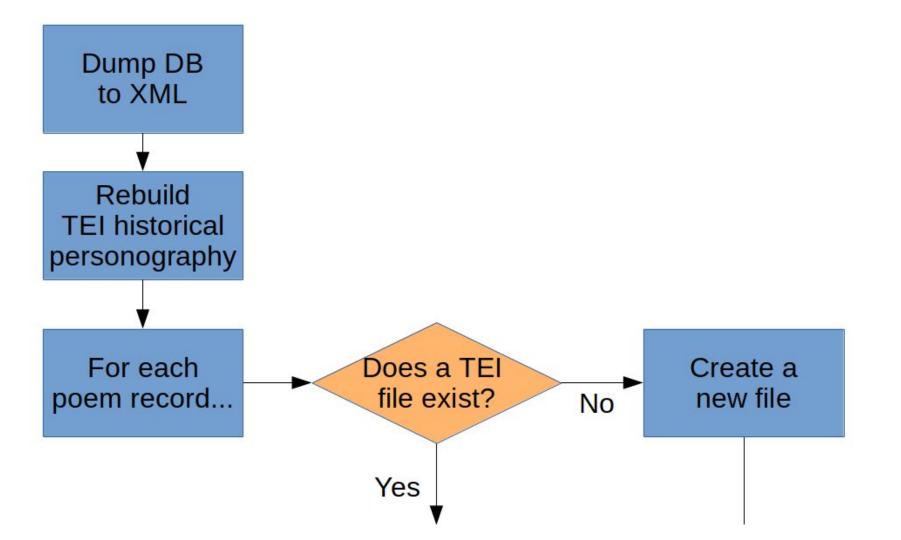
TEI Poem ids/filenames

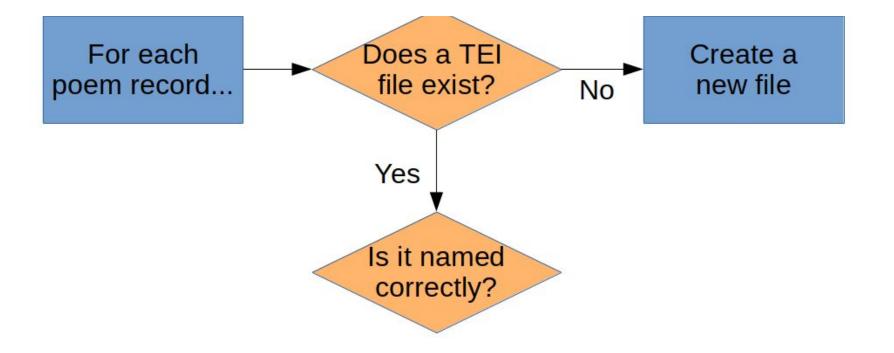
Derived from db record id and poem title:

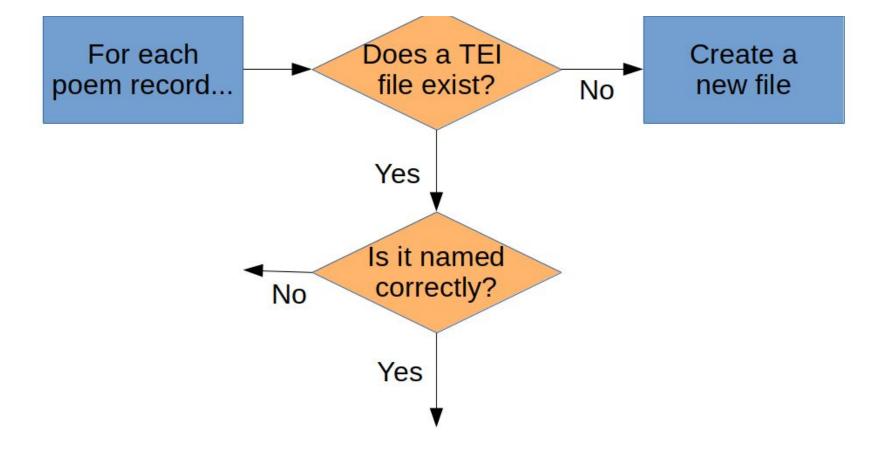
pom_7824_reflections_on_a_brumel_scene

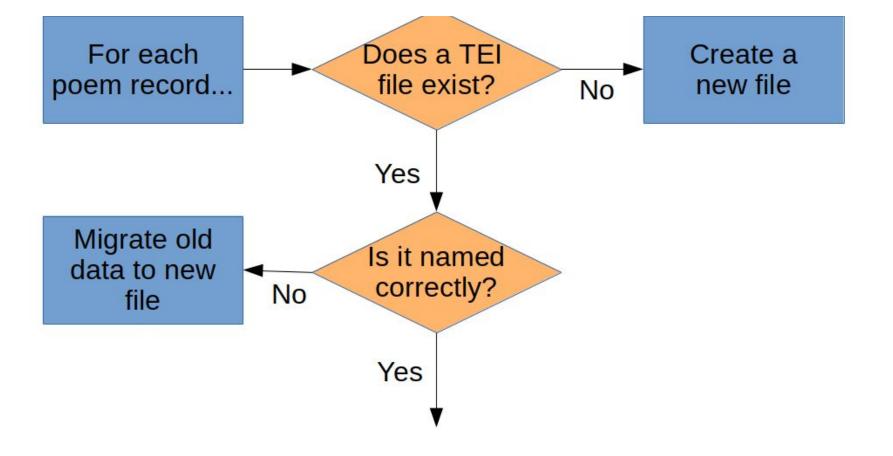
Filenames always match root ids + .xml.

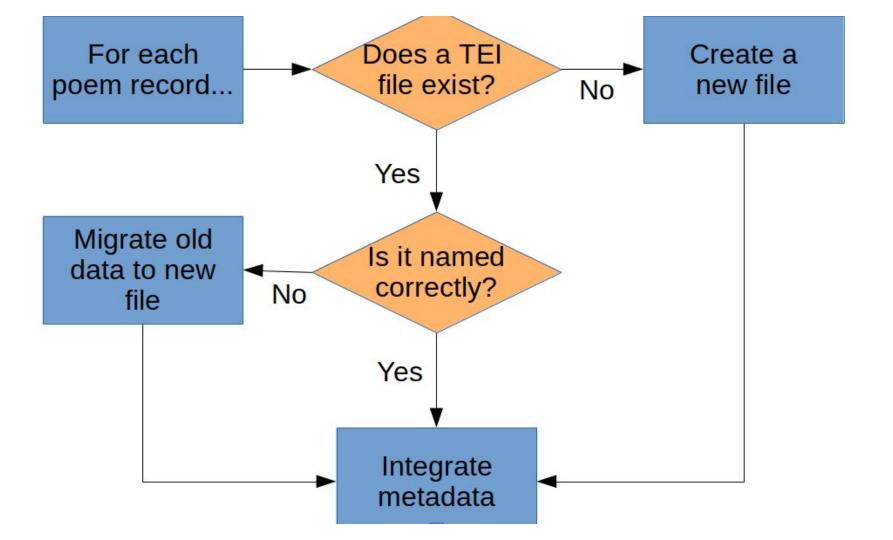


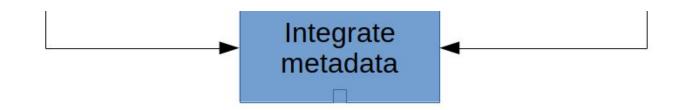


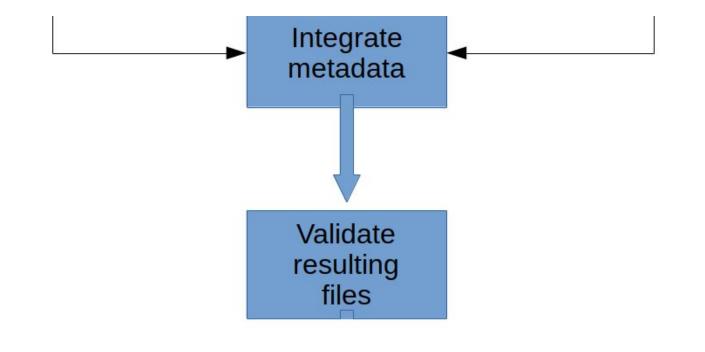


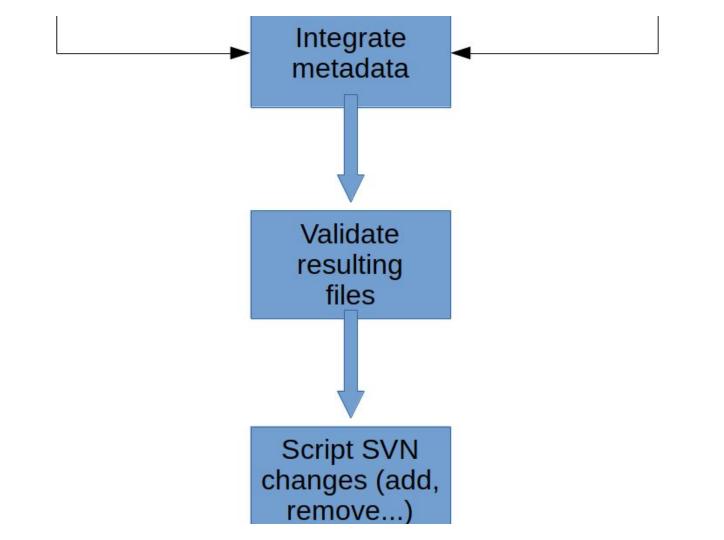












SVN Changes

- If a file is **new** and **not tracked by svn**, it must be **added**.
- If a file has not changed during this operation, then it is obsolete and must be removed from svn.
- If a file has **changed** during this operation, it can simply be **committed**.

<u>Result</u>

The two teams (poem harvesters and TEI encoders) can work in parallel.

Periodic application of the integration process keeps the two datasets in sync.

TEI encoding is not in danger of being overwritten.

A few more scenarios where TEI wins

Two pseudonyms may or may not represent the same author.

Some poems claim to be translations but are probably not; their "translators" are most likely their authors.

Some pseudonyms represent changing teams of anonymous authors, only some of whom we can identify.

Interim strategy: hashtags in the db

Without complexifying its structure, the db can't handle weird cases like this. But we can flag them for later.

For this, we use *hashtags* in Notes fields.

Sea	arch	Spreadsheet			
ls to s	show	v: 20 Y Columns to	o show: 4 ~ Pag	es: 1 Y Total found: 14	
	id	Hashtag	Gloss	Description	Actions *
	14	#abbrevNLS	fix NLS entry for abbreviated note	shortcut for NLS notes, which need amending for previous entries in DB poem note field, such as an address mentioned	X
	1	#badCitation	Bad citation	One or more citations needs to be checked and corrected.	V S X
	13	#fauxTranslation	Faux Translation	A poem that falsely claims to be a translation.	▼ ⊗ ×
	2	#fixDates	Fix dates	One or more dates in the record needs to be checked and corrected; or the dates are BCE or approximate	
	3	#illustratorIllegible	Illustrator illegible	The identity of the illustrator is not clear because of illegible text.	▼ ∞ ×
	4	#makeRelatedPoems	Make related poems	This poem is related to other poems in the index, and the relation fields have not yet been created and/or the relation needs to	▼ @ X
	5	#missingCitation	Missing citation	One or more citations that should appear in the record are missing.	V 🗞 X
Illus	trati	ons			
	Li	nks			
	No	(742-6) (KF). Tr and Sons, 1881,	anslator attributio pp. 125-43. These	the general title "From the Sicilian of Vicor on: James Logie Robertson, *Orellana, and (translations are in fact original poems by F odern Scottish Poets*, third series, D. H. Ed	other Poems*, William Bl Robertson; see David Her

Use of hashtags cannot be constrained in the db.

However, we can validate it during the build process by creating and applying <u>diagnostic</u> rules based on the Hashtags table.

We can also generate a hashtag taxonomy in the TEI and convert usages into <catRef> elements.

Links

The (nascent) project website: <u>https://dvpp.uvic.ca</u>.

The XSLT for merging metadata into poems: <u>https://hcmc.uvic.ca/svn/dvpp/xsl/sql_to_tei_master.xsl</u>

The Ant task that runs the process: https://hcmc.uvic.ca/svn/dvpp/buildTEI.xml

The project documentation on this process: https://dvpp.uvic.ca/dvpp.html#refreshDatabases