

# The influence of wind farm control on optimal wind farm layout

M. M. Pedersen, G.C. Larsen



# Outline

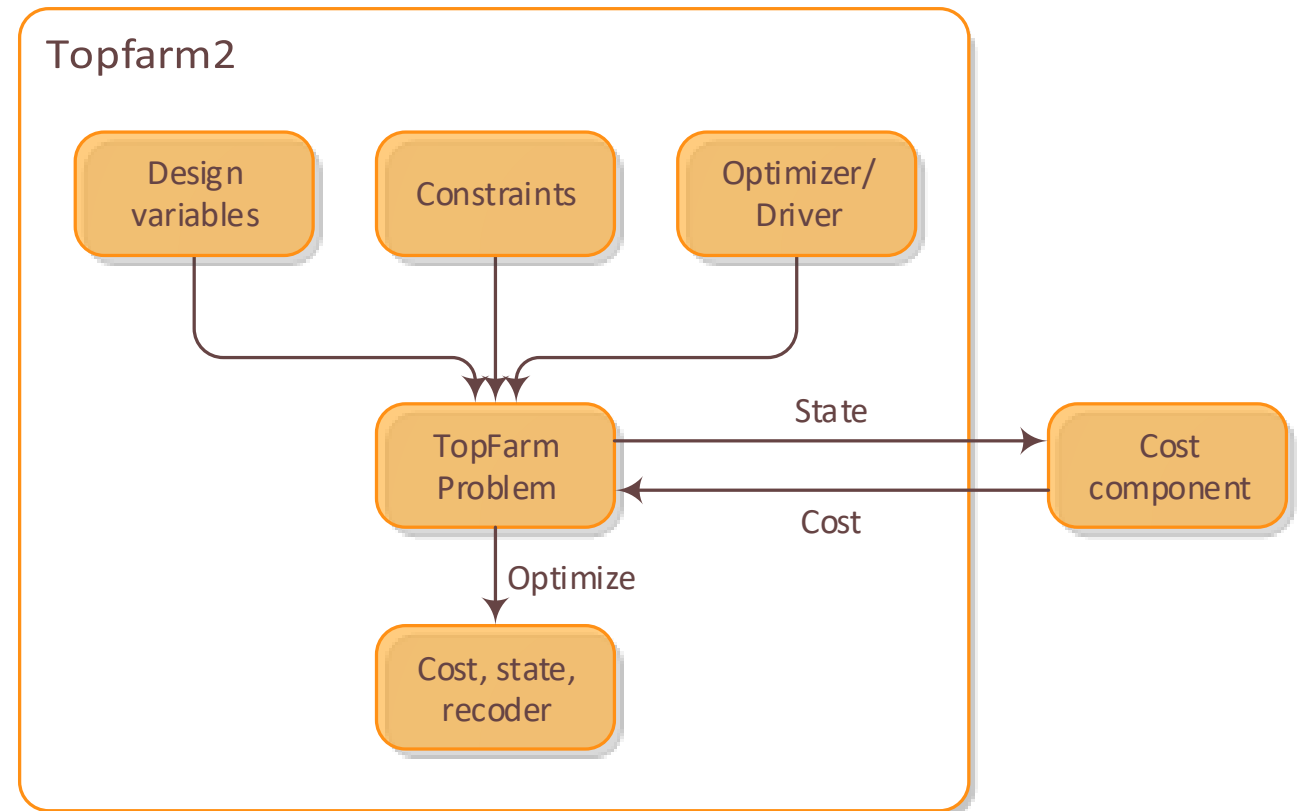
- Introduction
- Tools and wake control procedure
- Three wind turbine row
- The Lillgrund wind farm
- Conclusions

# Introduction

- Wind farm optimization
    - Increase the overall farm production
    - Lower costs
  - Previous work:
    - Turbine layout optimization
    - Wake steering via wind farm yaw control
    - Combined layout and wake steering (Fleming et al 2016, Gebraad et al 2017)
    - Wake control via derating
    - Past work has had limited focus on other objectives like load reduction and grid services
  - Research objective: Investigate effect of combined layout / derating optimization wrt. power production and load reductions
-

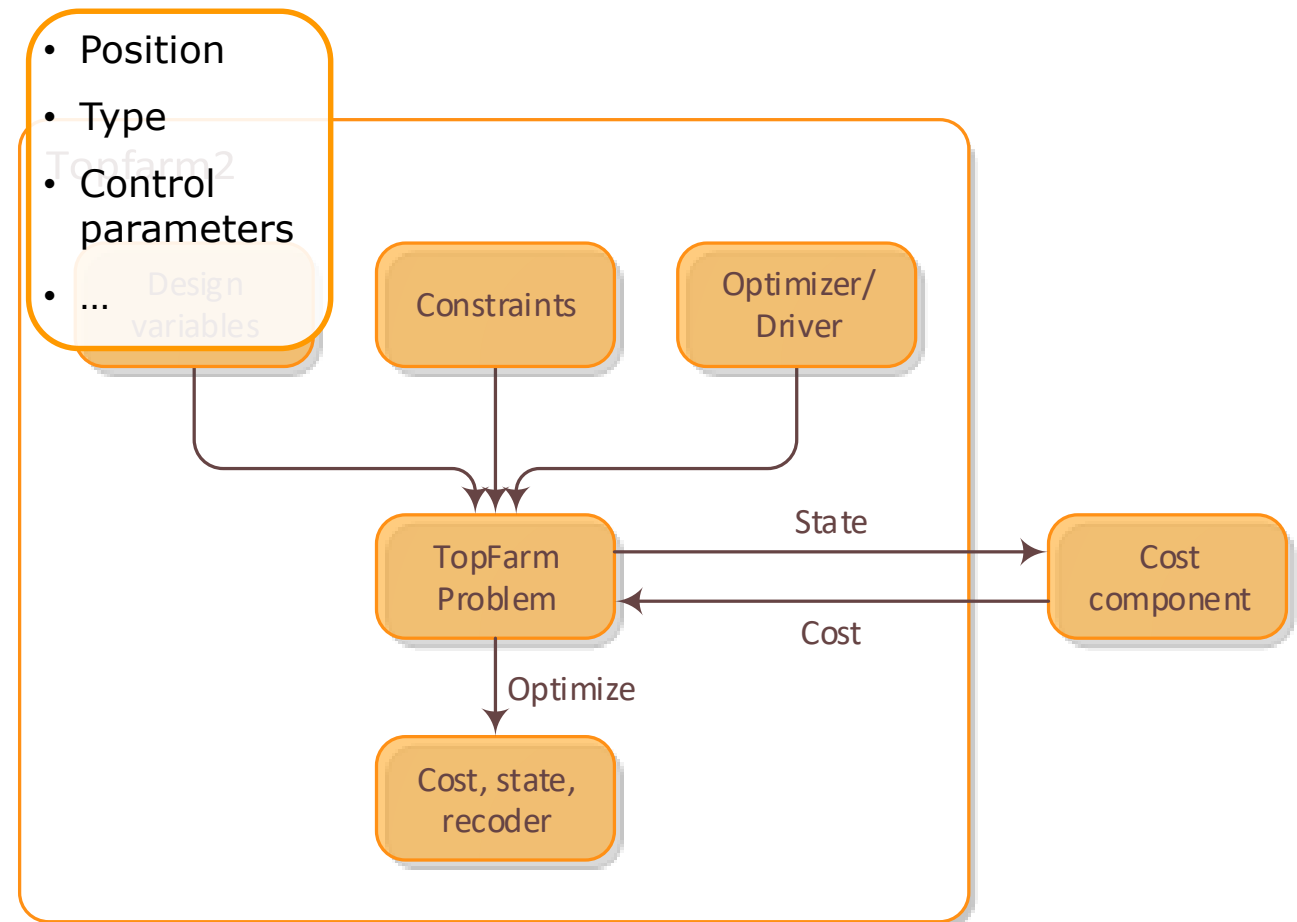
# Topfarm - DTU Wind Energy's wind-farm optimizer

- Open source python package developed by DTU Wind Energy ([gitlab.windenergy.dtu.dk/TOPFARM/TopFarm2](https://gitlab.windenergy.dtu.dk/TOPFARM/TopFarm2))
- Intended to make windfarm optimization easier
- Based on the **openMDAO** framework ([openmdao.org](https://openmdao.org))



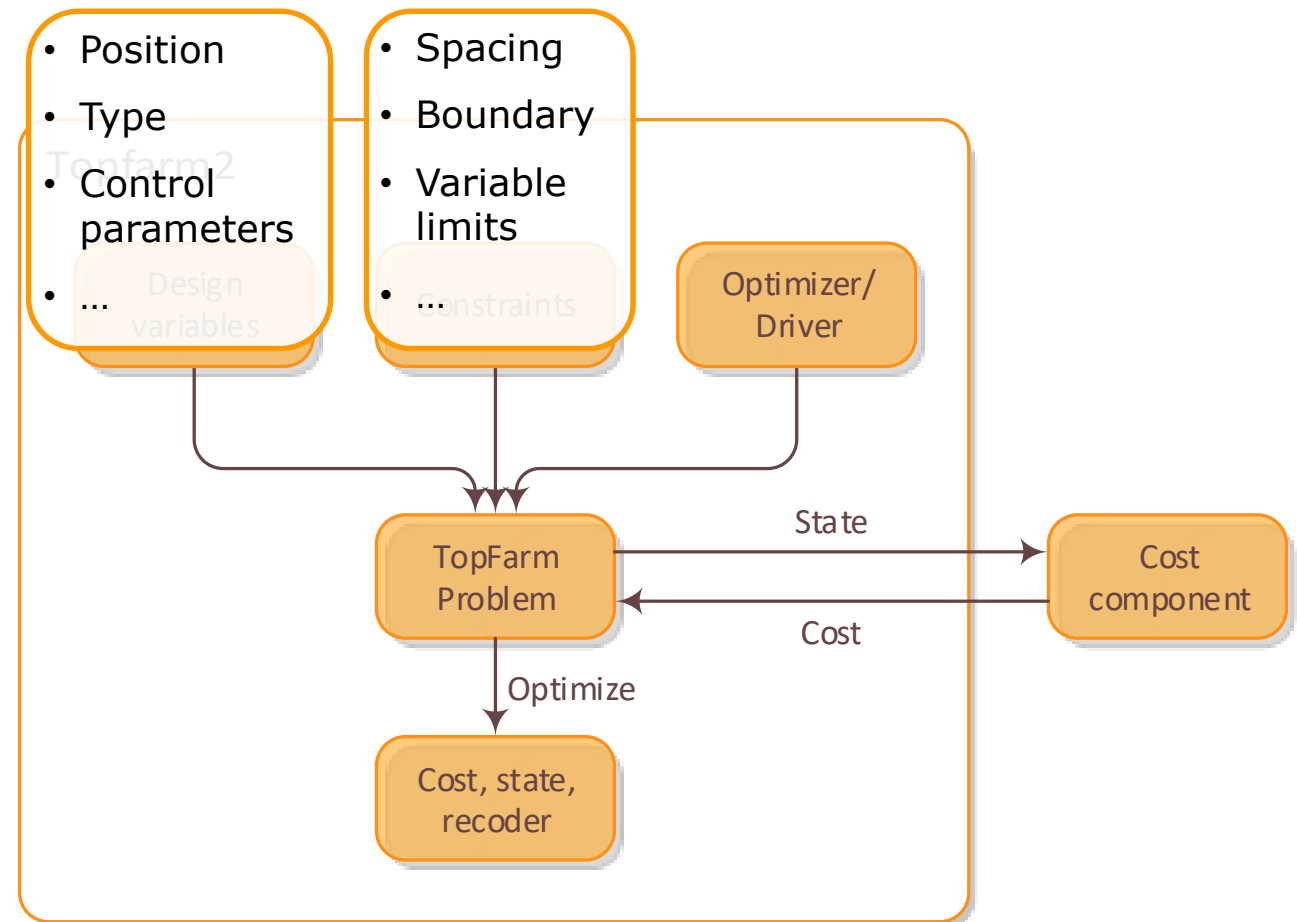
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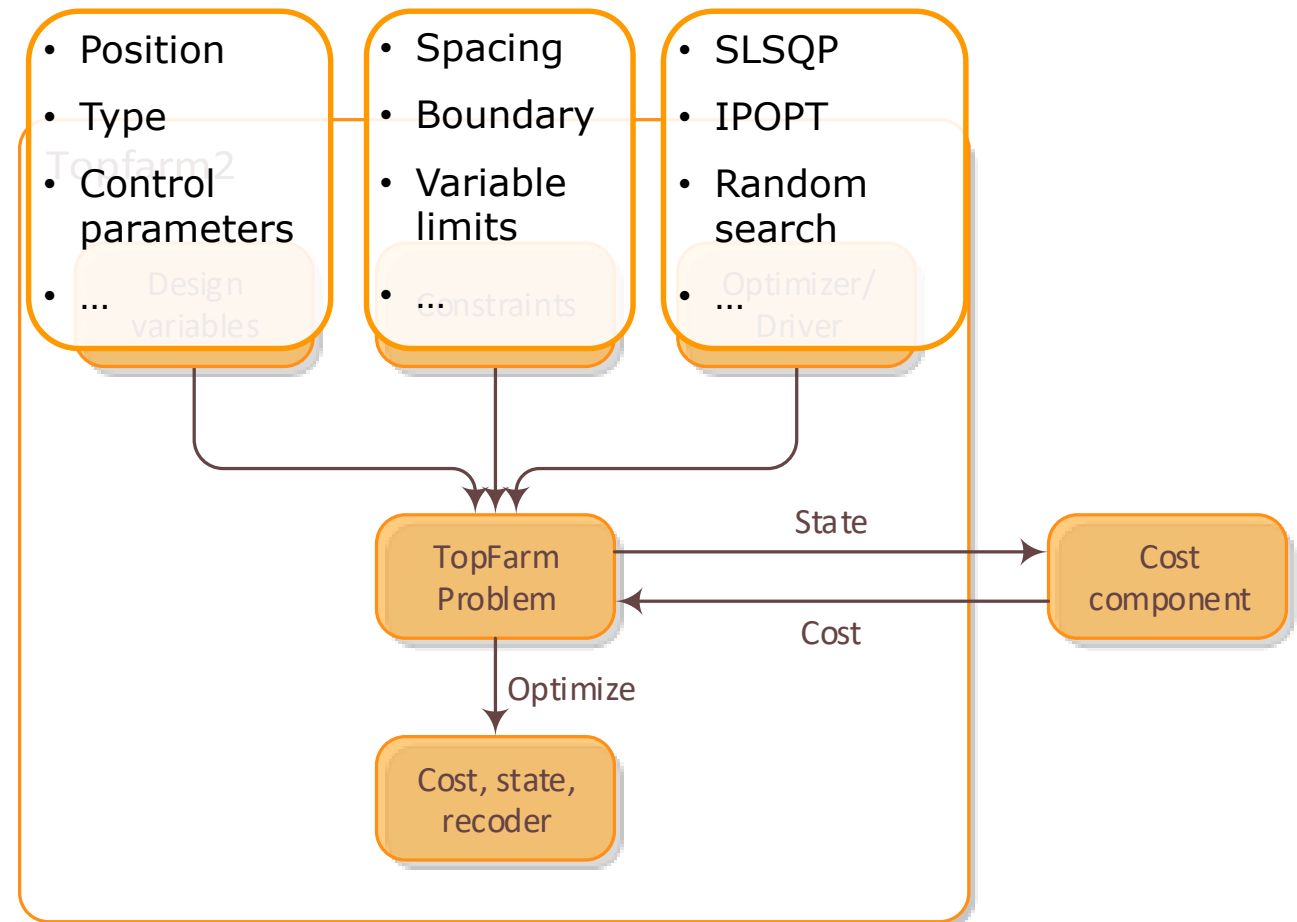
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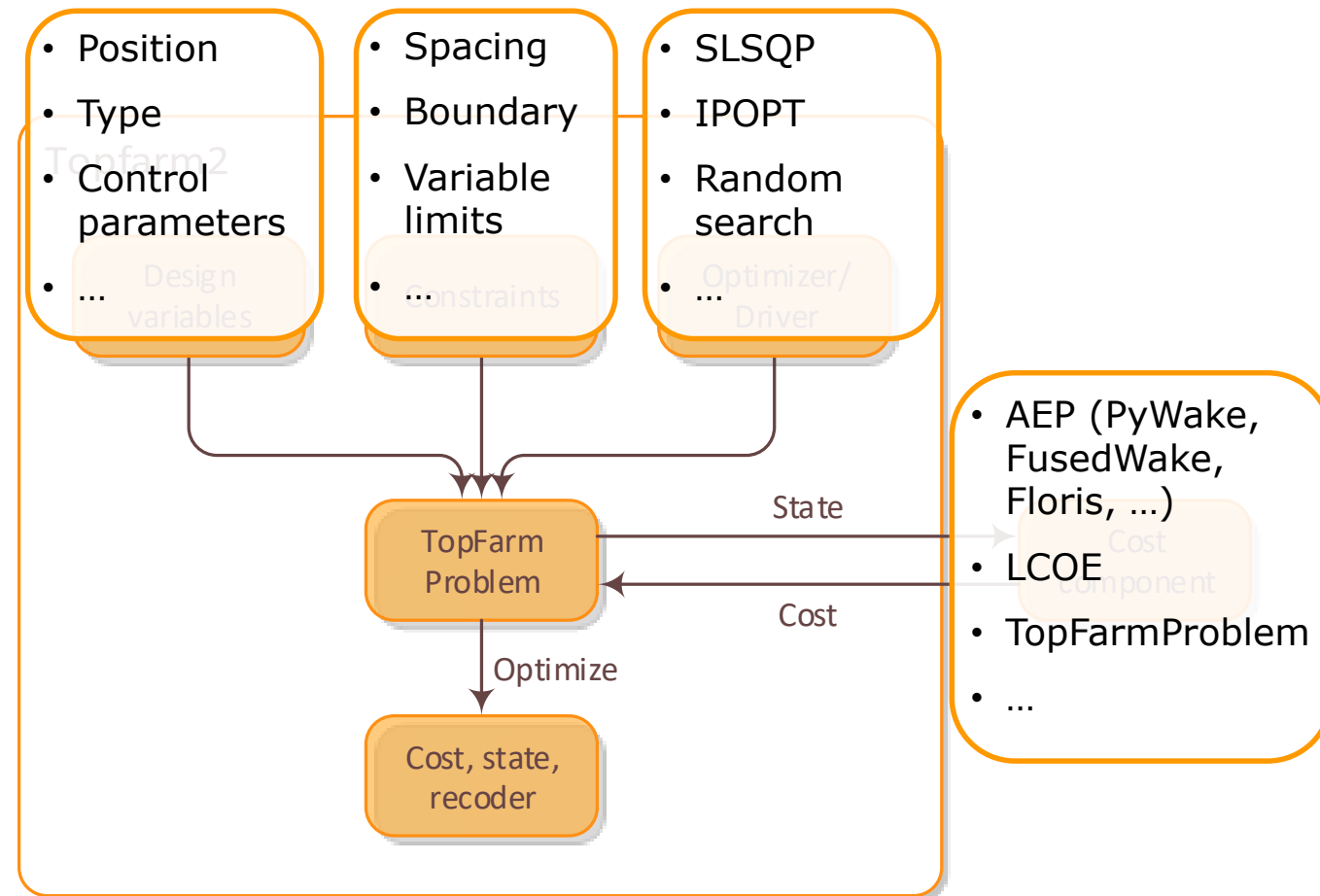
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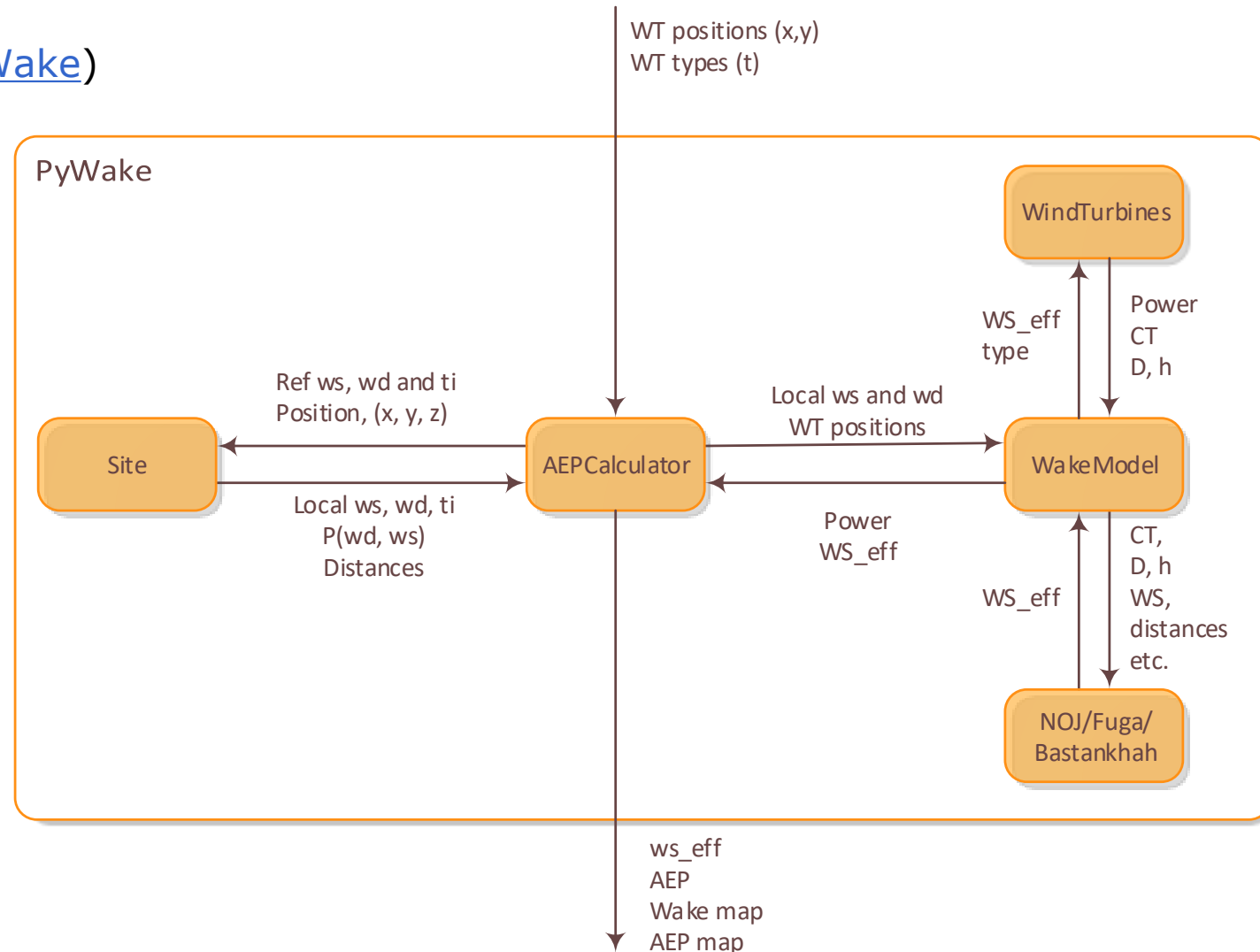
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- Intended to make windfarm optimization easier
- Based on the **openMDAO** framework (openmdao.org)





# PyWake

- Open source python package developed by DTU Wind Energy ([gitlab.windenergy.dtu.dk/TOPFARM/PyWake](https://gitlab.windenergy.dtu.dk/TOPFARM/PyWake))
- AEP calculator for wind farms
- Included wake models
  - NOJ
  - Bastankhah
  - Fuga (Commercial software required to generate input data)
- Flexible and customizable



# PyWake - Fuga

Simple engineering approach

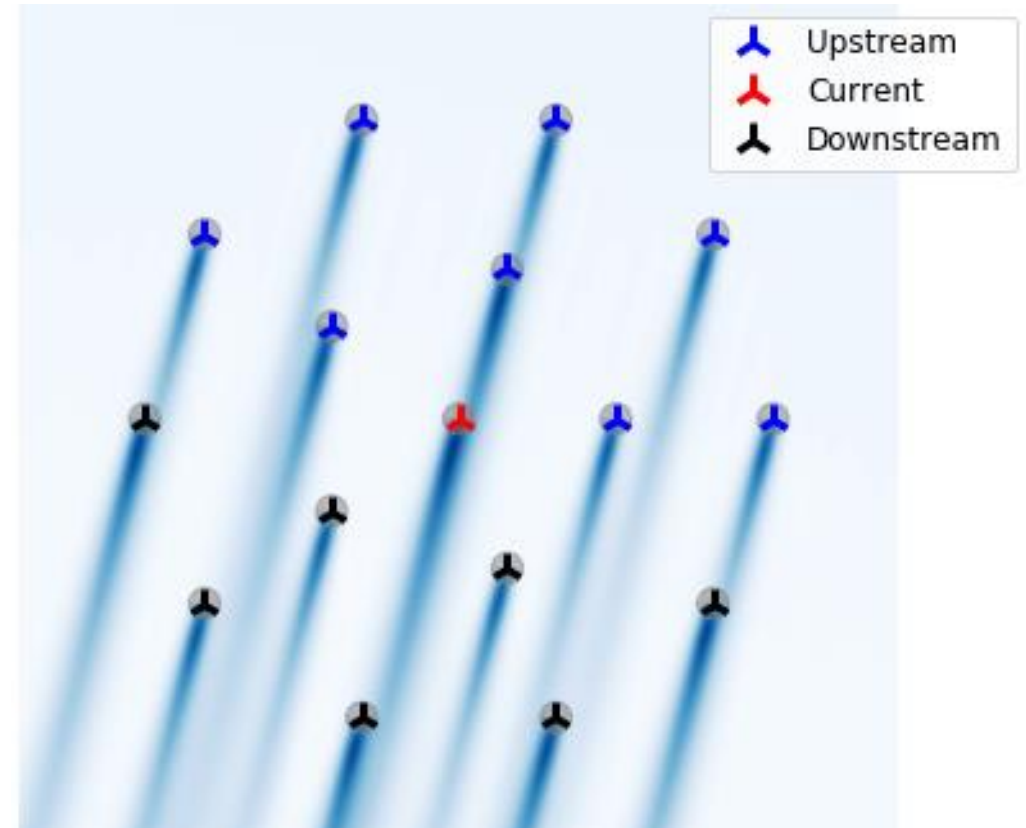
For each wind direction

For each wind speed

For each turbine (down wind order)

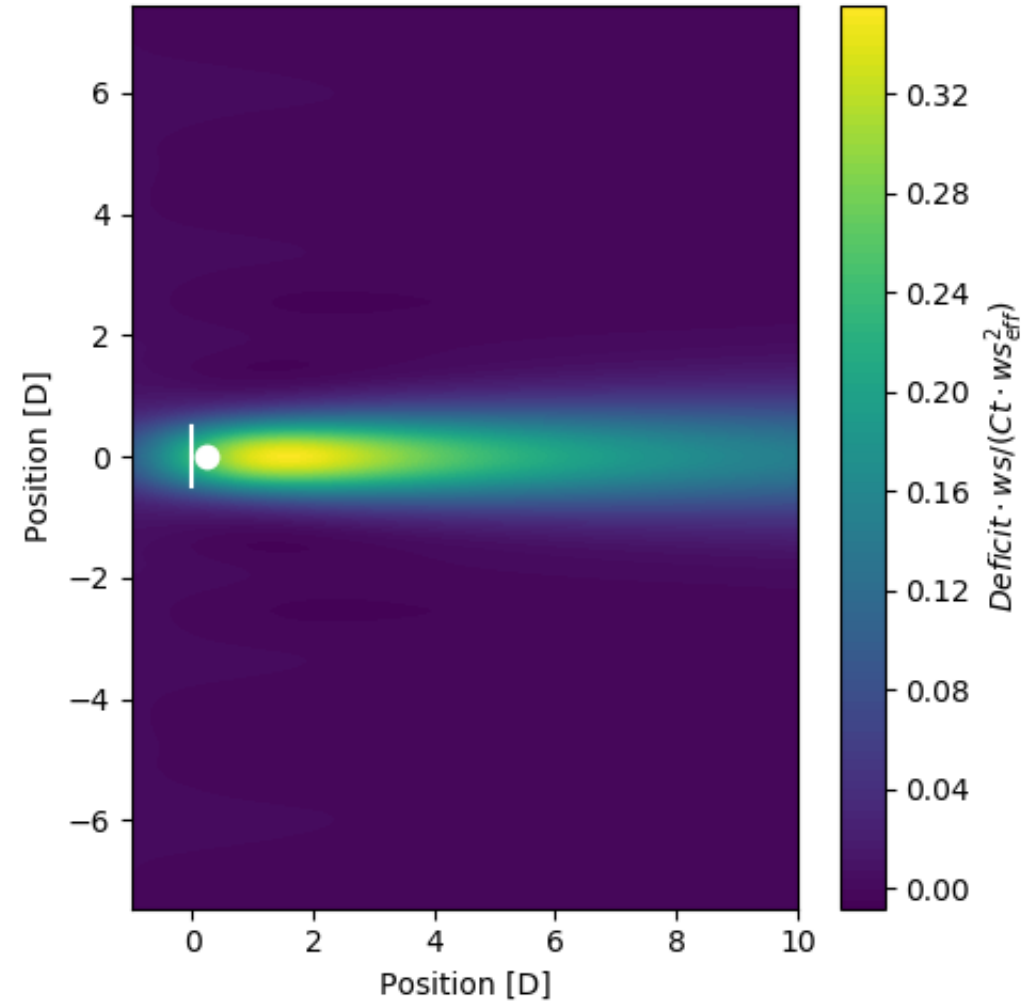
$ws_{eff} = free\_ws - sum(deficits)$

$deficits = f(ws_{eff}, Ct, dw\_dist, cw\_dist)$



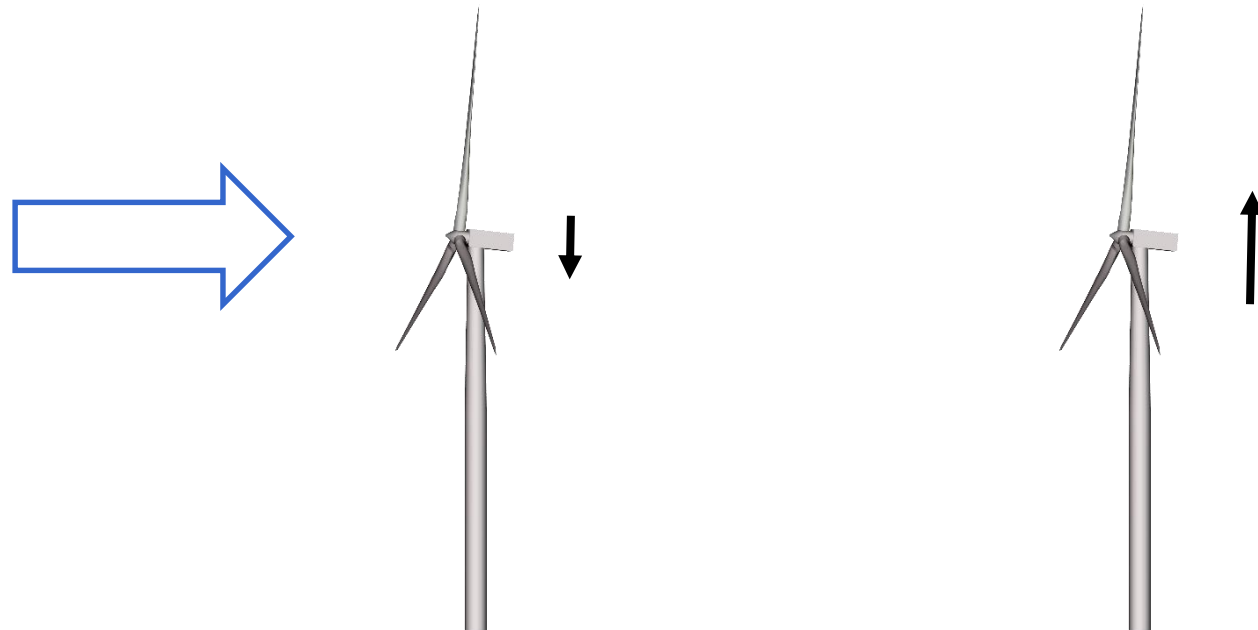
# Fuga

- Commercial flow solver developed by DTU Wind Energy ([wasp.dk/fuga](http://wasp.dk/fuga))
- Linearized CFD RANS solver
- Mixed spectral domain and look-up tables
- Very fast compared to traditional RANS solvers (PyWake 48 wt, 360 wd, 23 ws: <0.5s)



# Active wake control - derating

- Derating
  - Derate upstream turbines
    - Pitch angle:  $f(wt, wd, ws)$
    - Rotor speed:  $g(wt, wd, ws)$
  - Increase total wind farm power

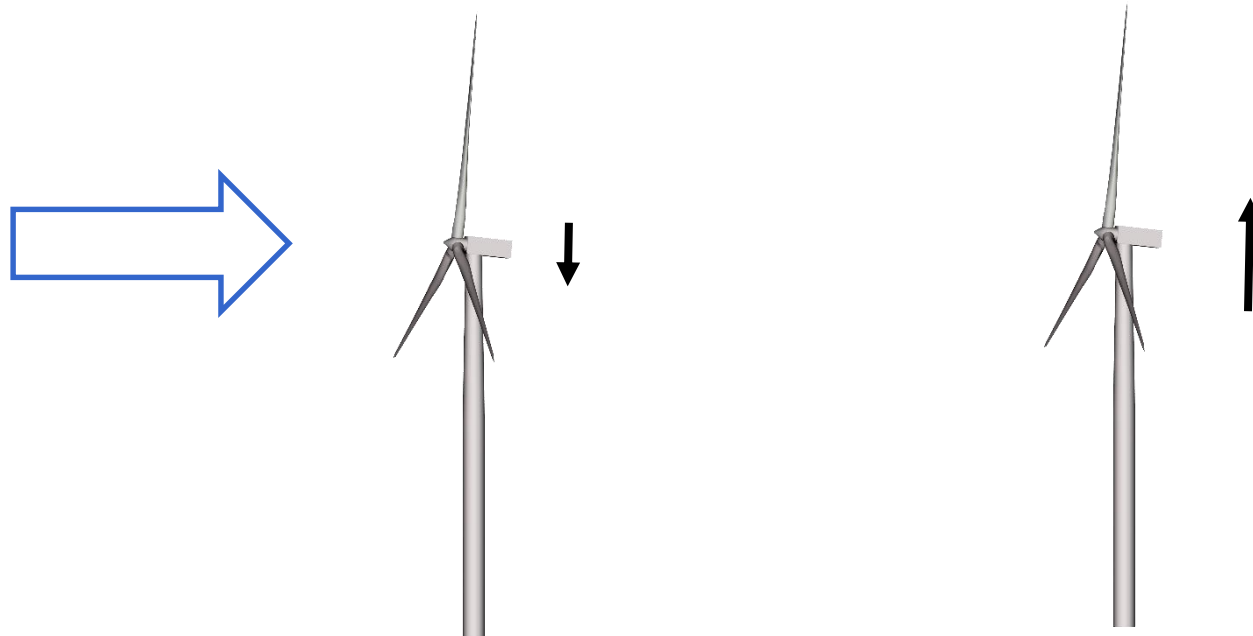


# Active wake control - derating

- Derating
  - Derate upstream turbines
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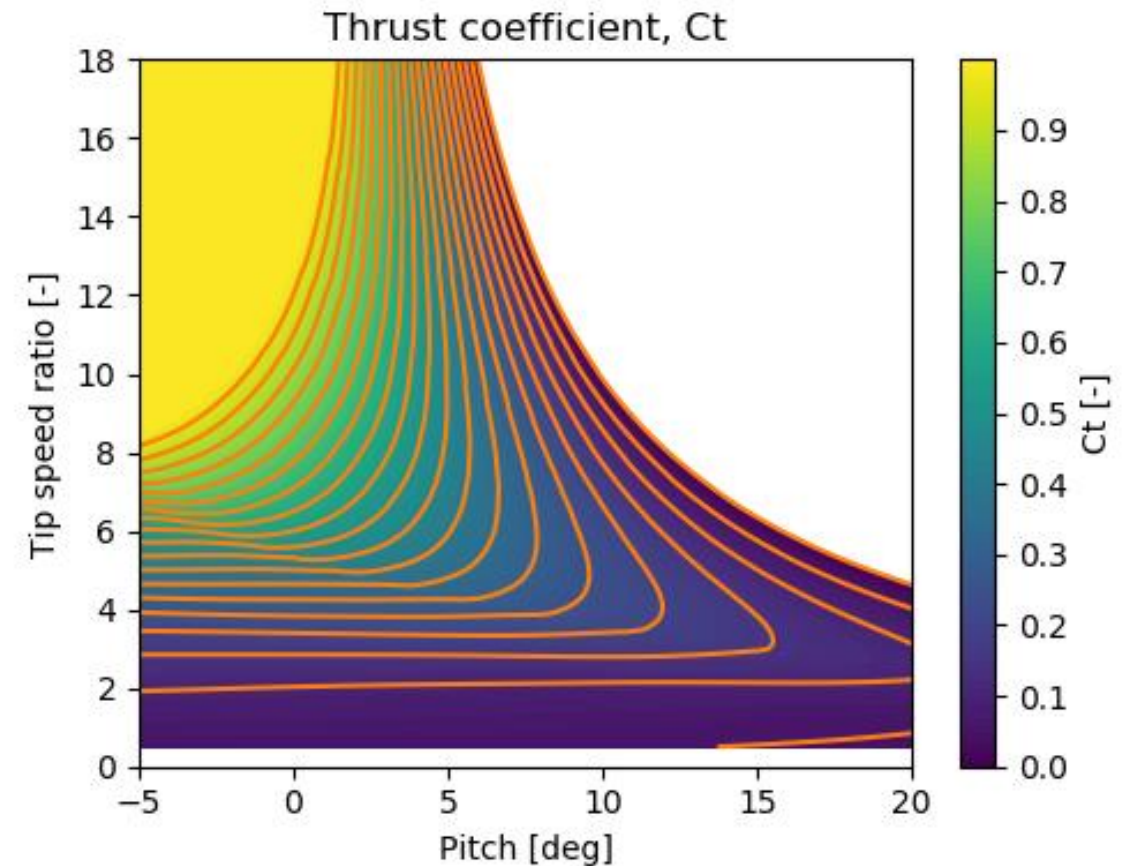
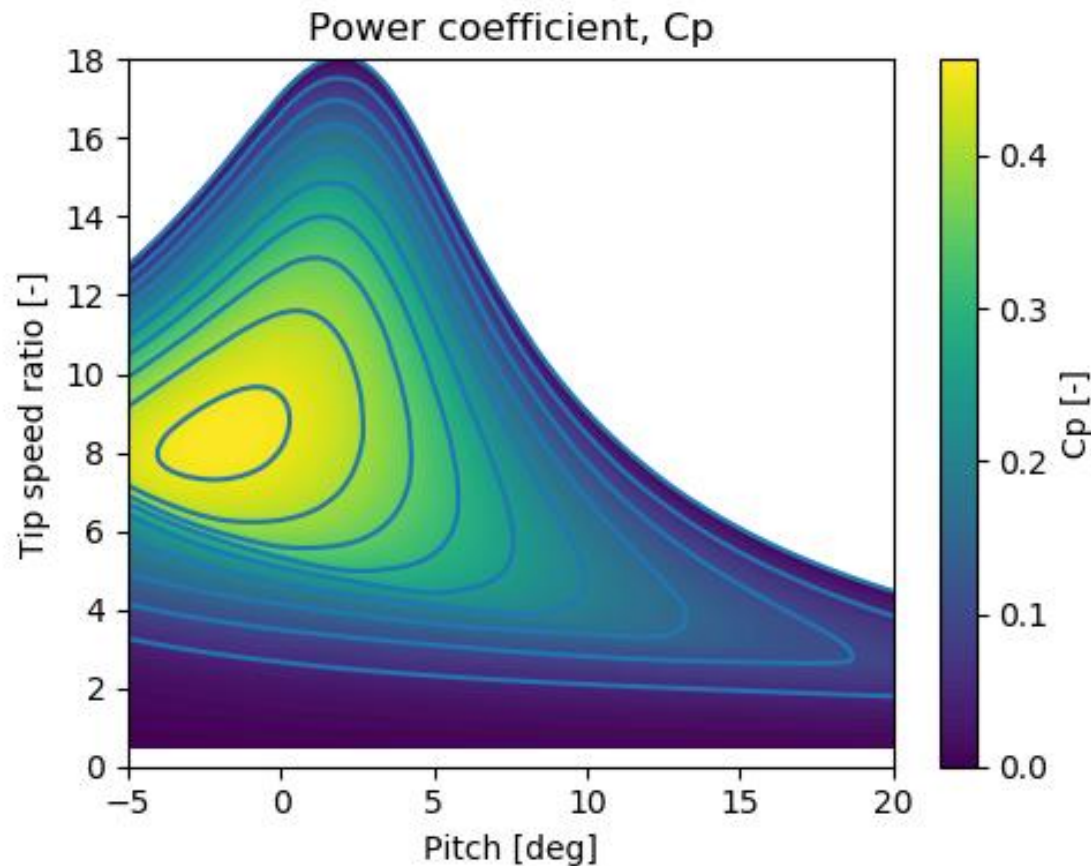
Assumption:

Wind direction and ambient wind speed known and constant over the wind farm area



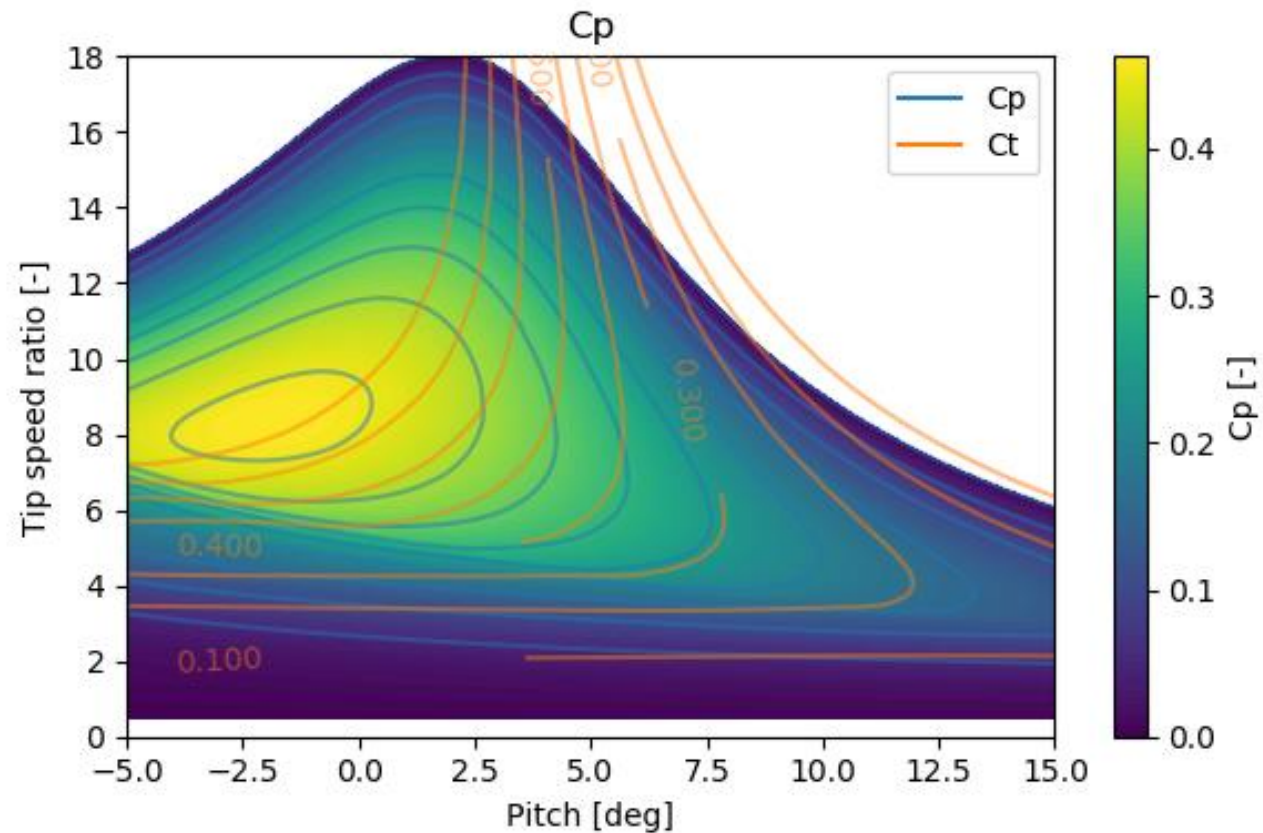
# Active wake control - derating

- Power and thrust coefficients for range of rotor speeds and pitch angles
- Calculated using HAWCSTAB2 (steady-state aeroelastic code <http://www.hawcstab2.vindenergi.dtu.dk/>)



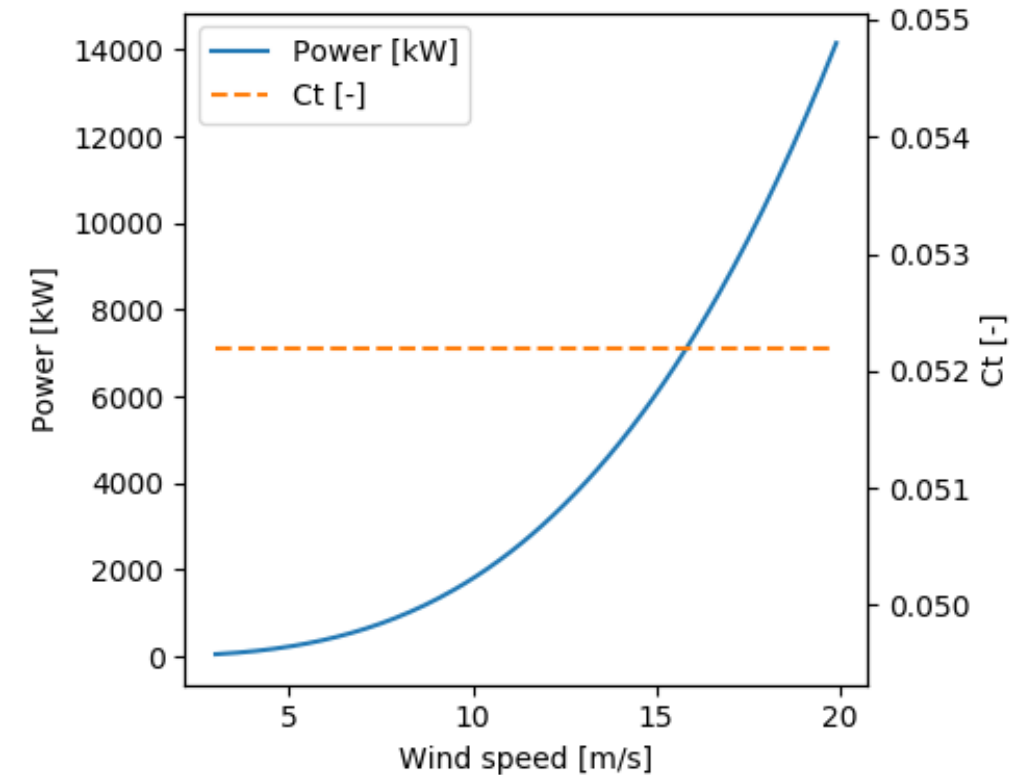
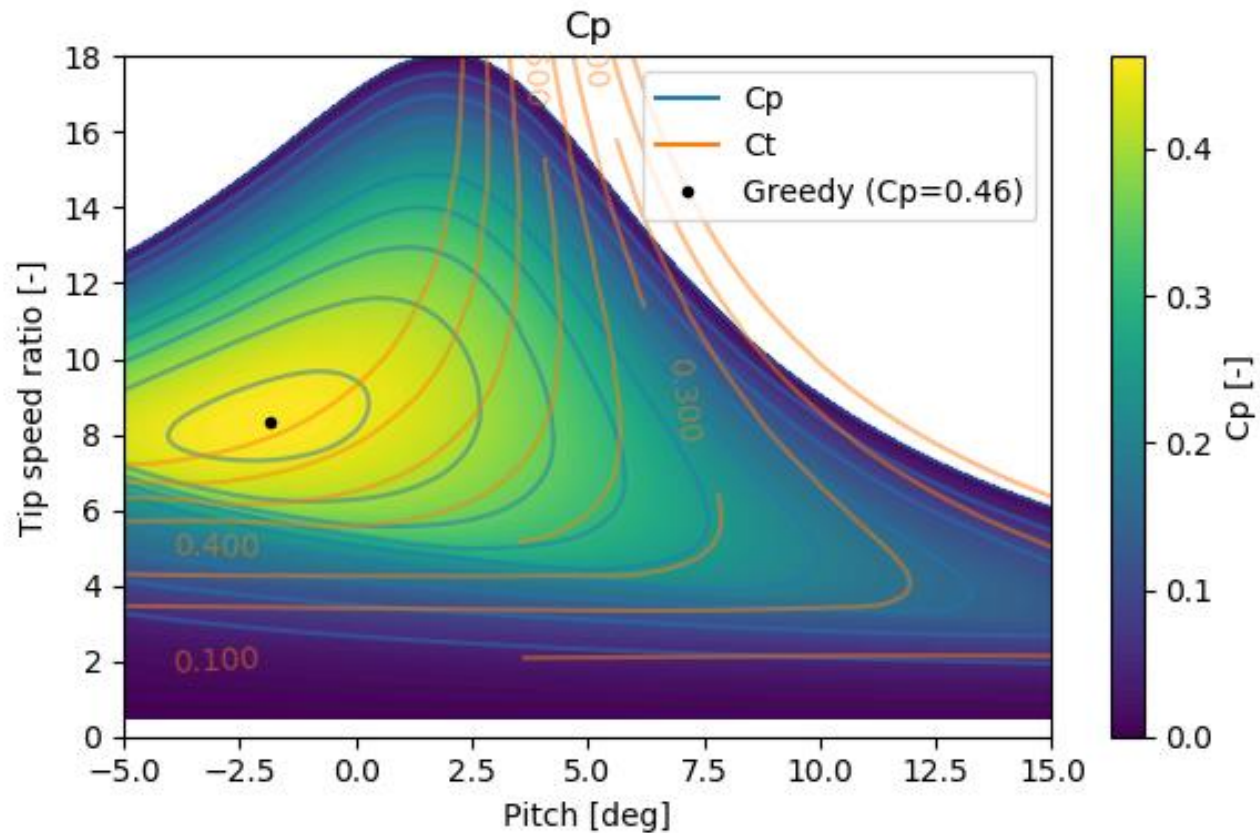
# Active wake control - derating

- Power and thrust coefficients for range of rotor speeds and pitch angles
- Calculated using linear steady-state aeroelastic code (HAWCSTAB2)



# Active wake control - derating

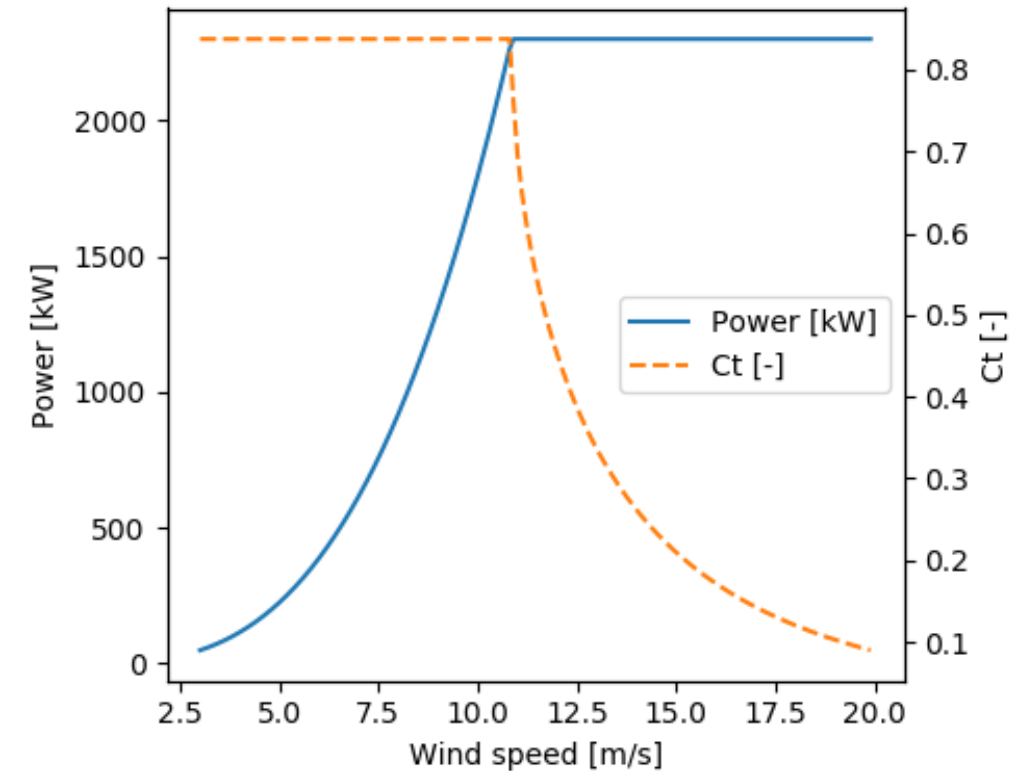
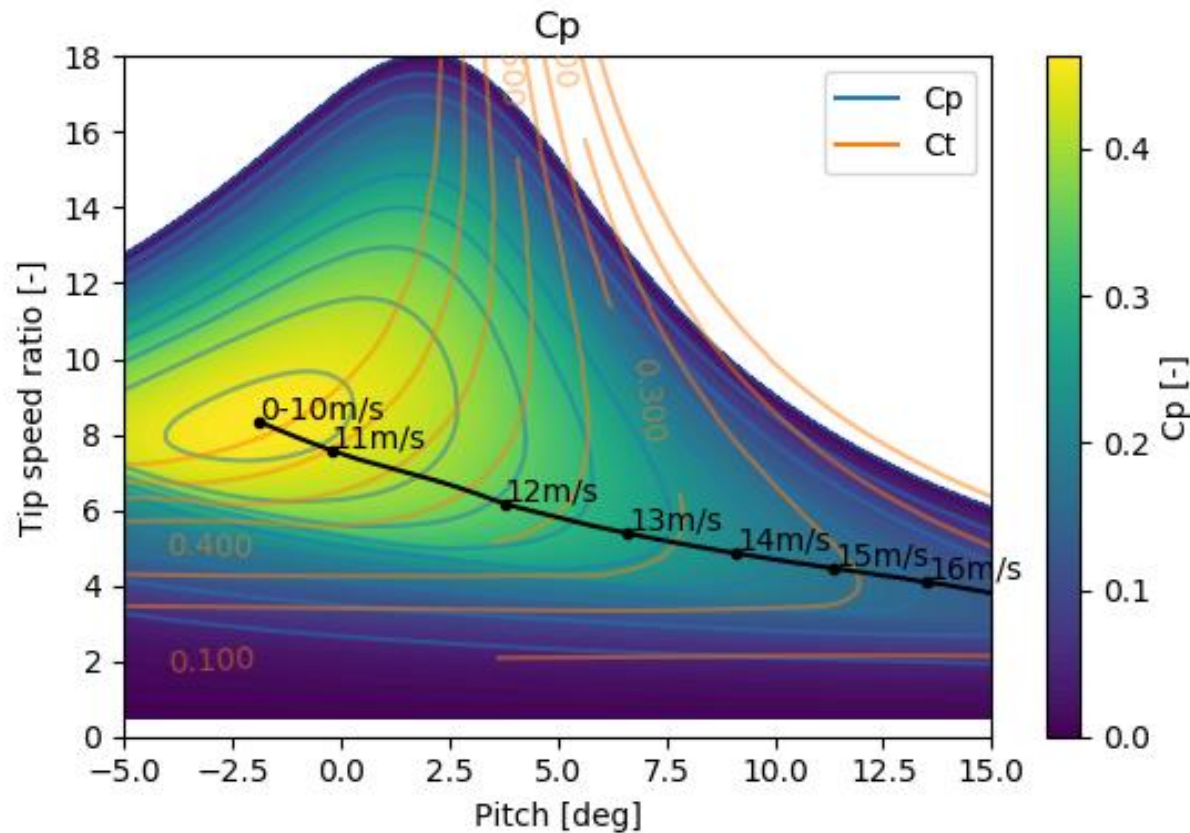
- Greedy operation
- Max Cp
- Constant Ct





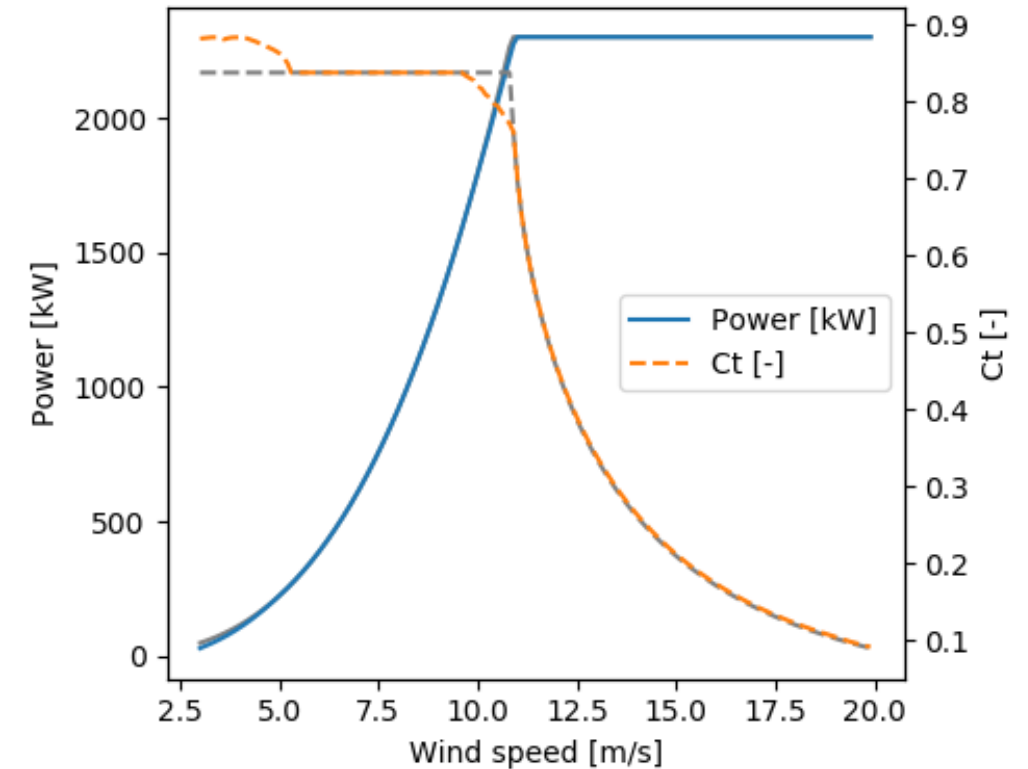
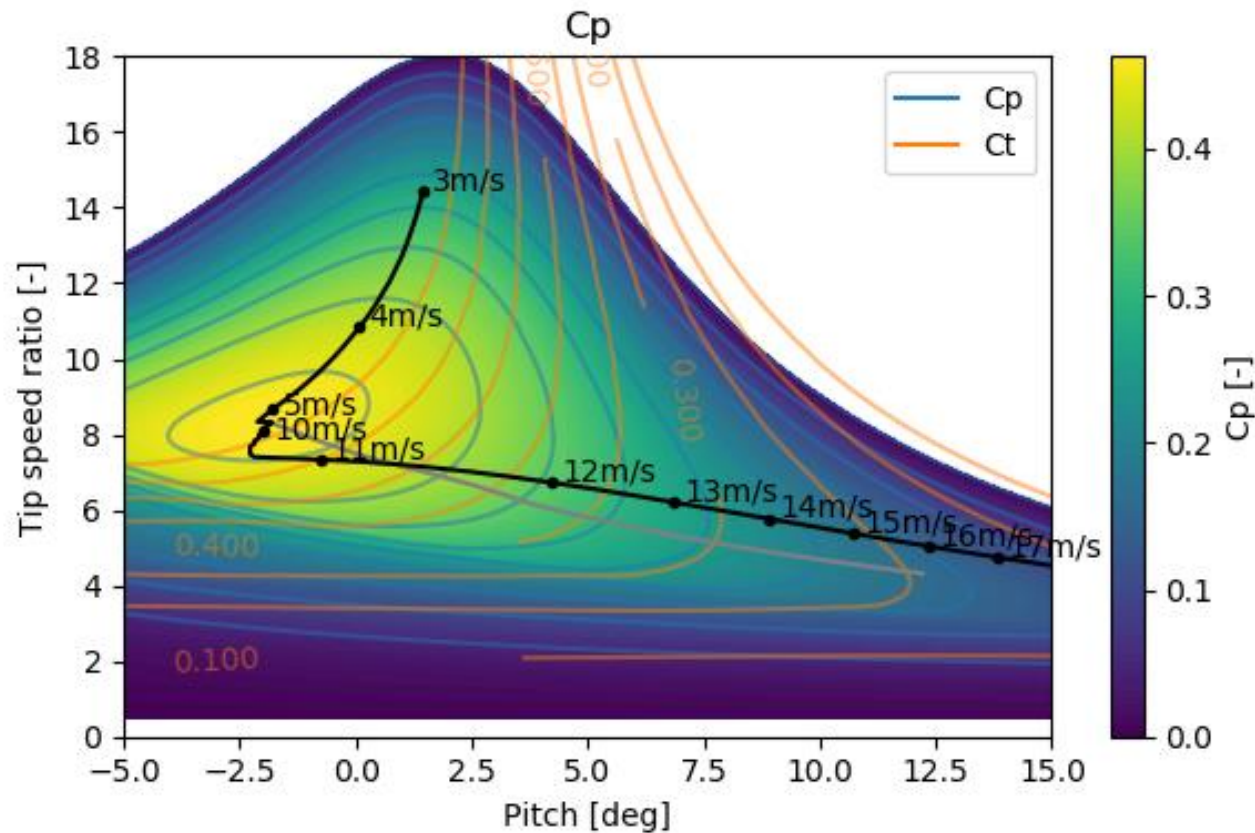
# Active wake control - derating

- Power limit
- Decrease  $C_p$
- Minimize  $C_t$



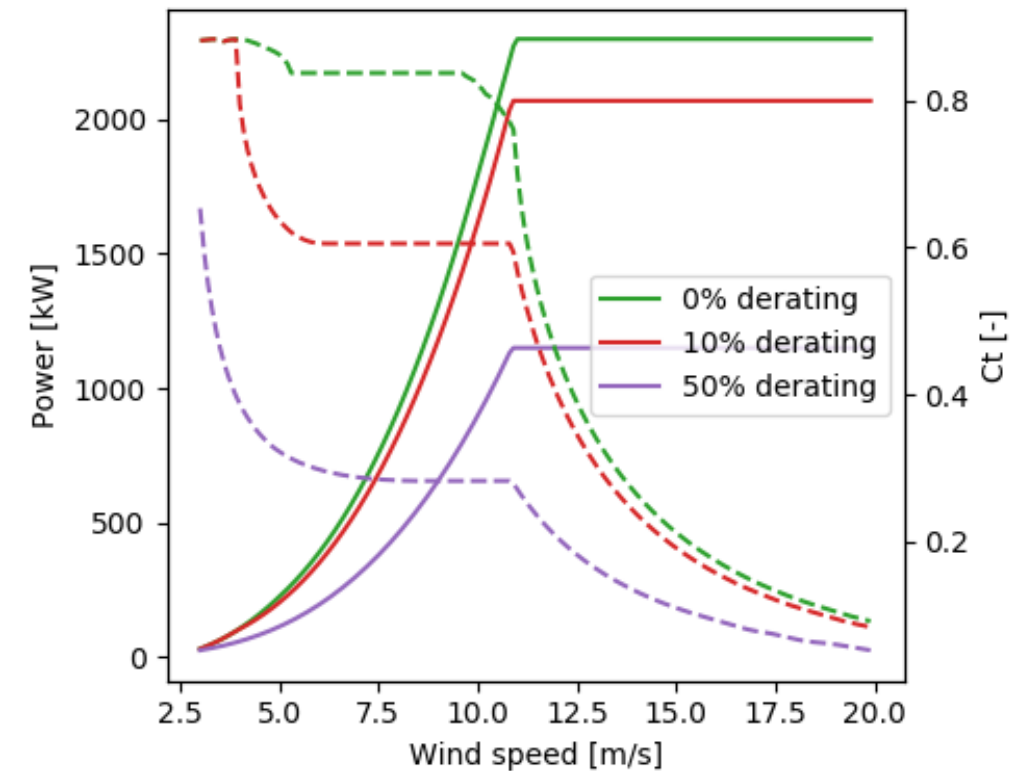
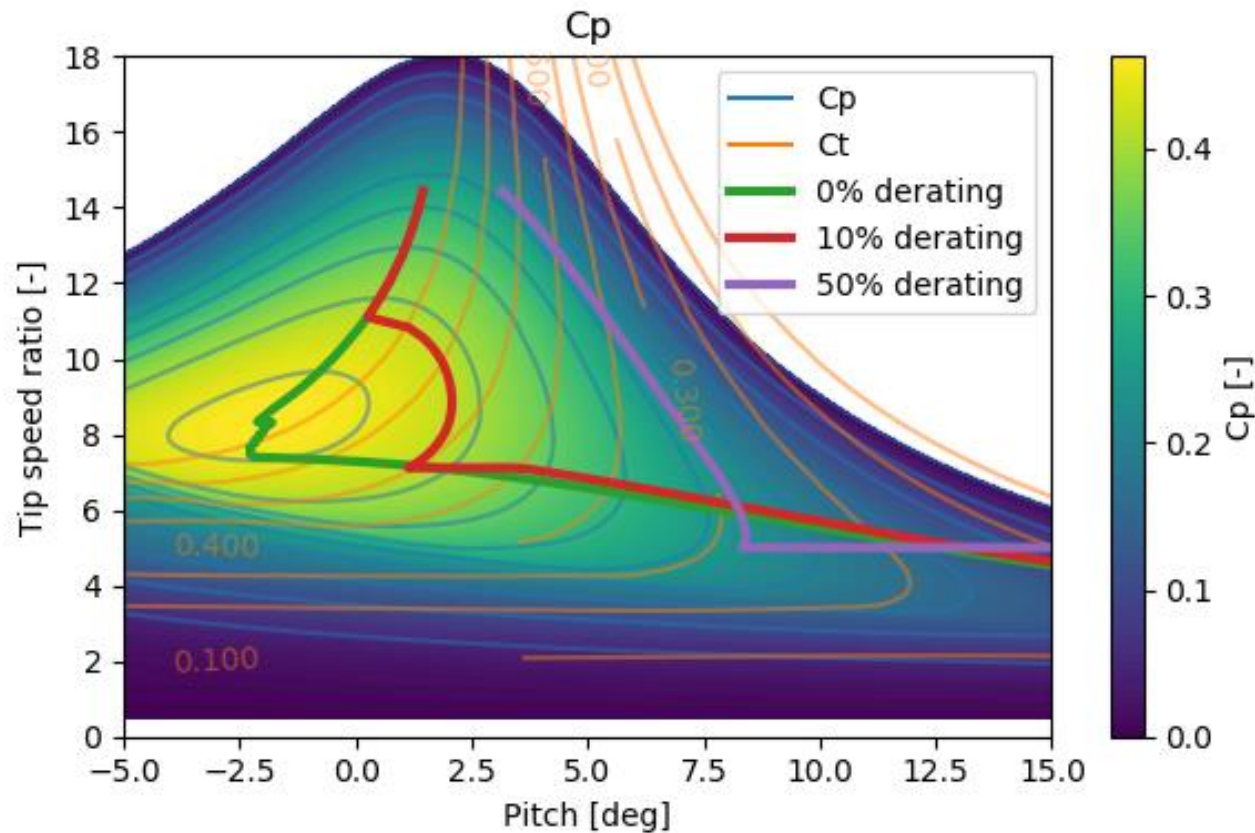
# Active wake control - derating

- Power and Rotor speed limits
- Decrease  $C_p$
- Minimize  $C_t$

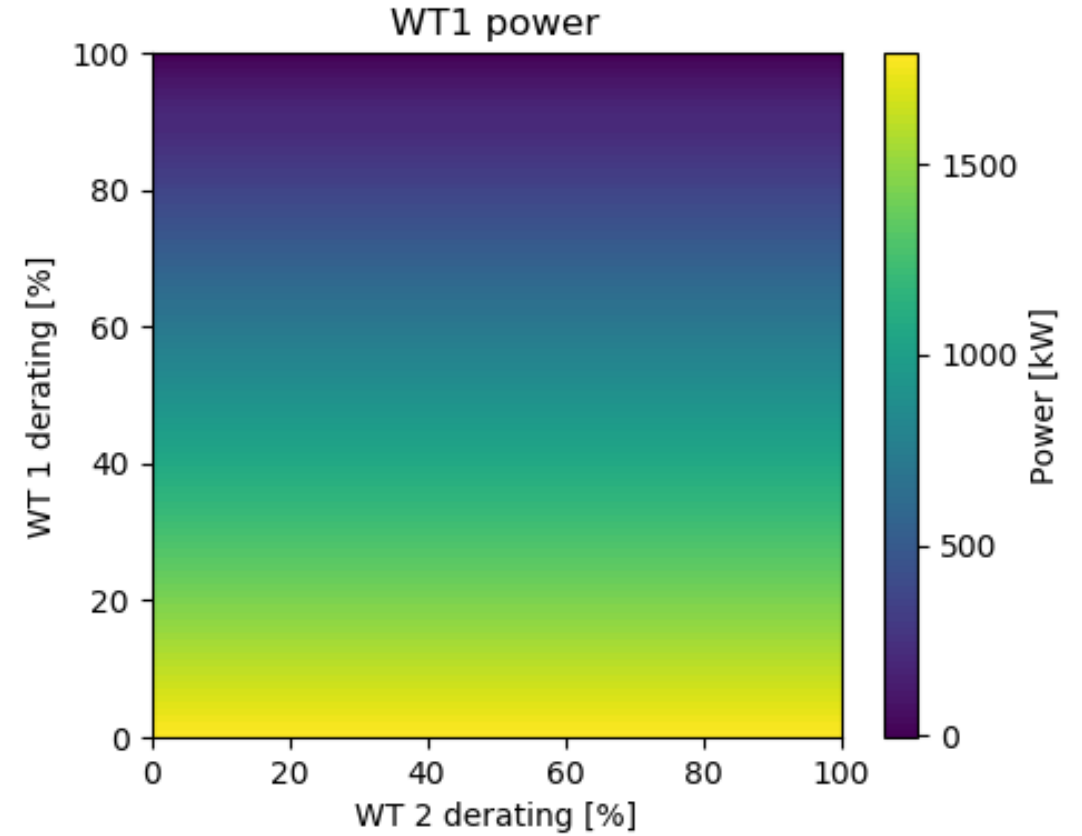
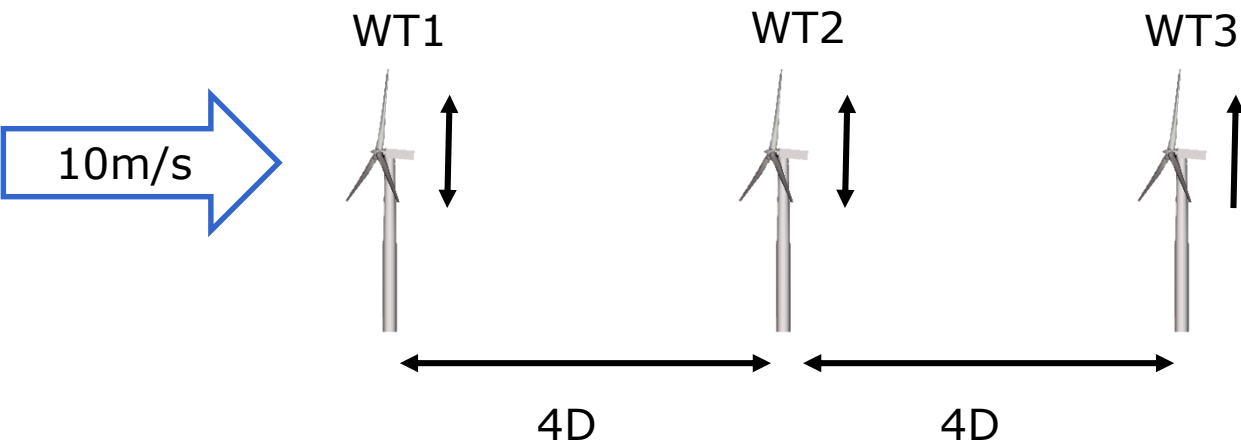


# Active wake control - derating

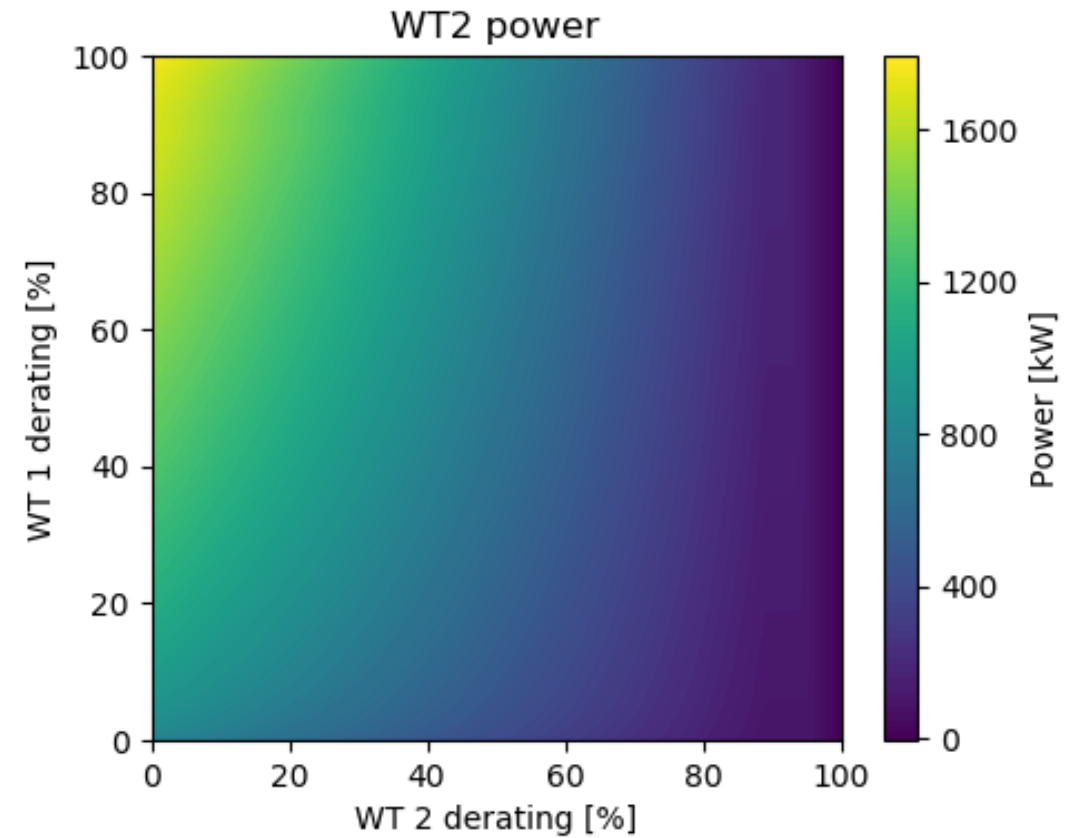
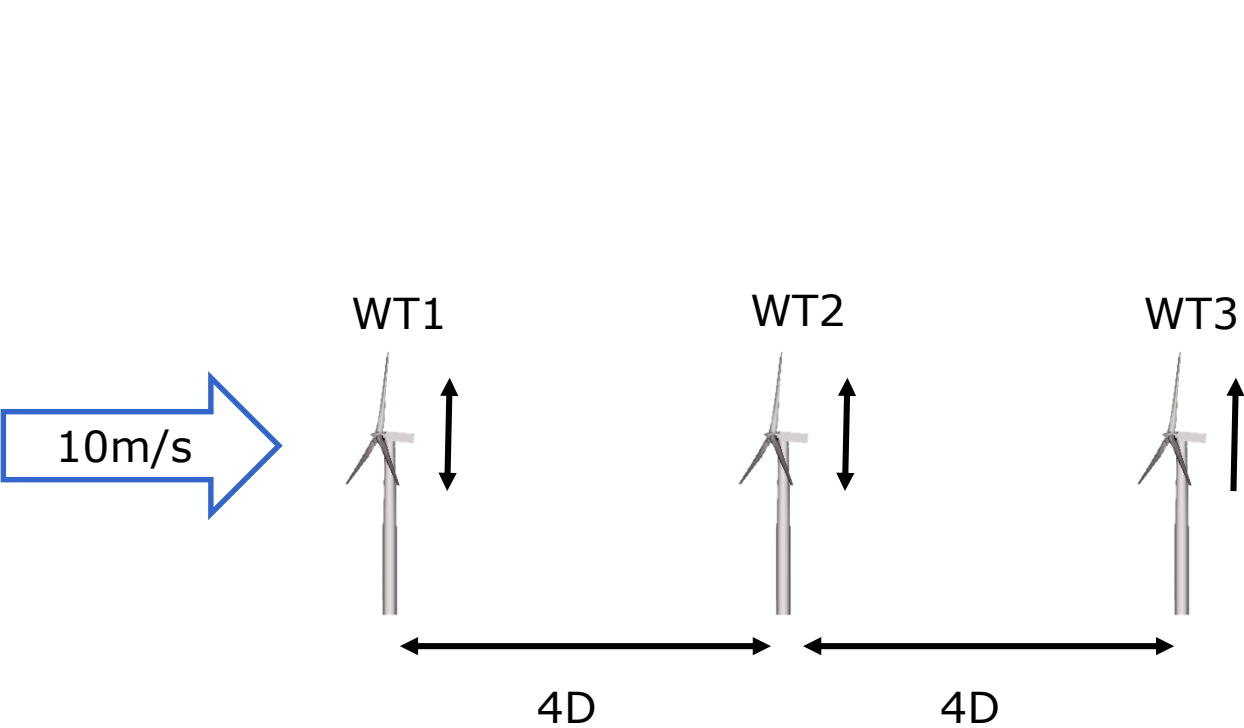
- Power and Rotor speed limits
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- Minimize  $C_t$



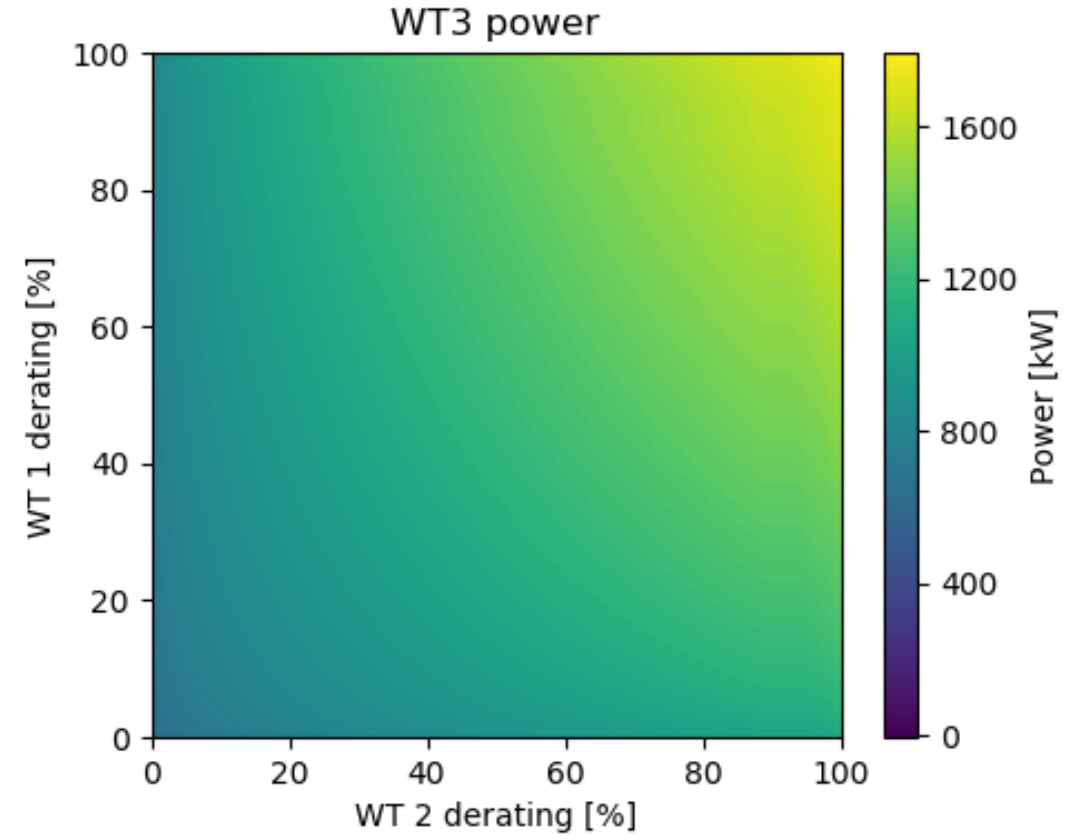
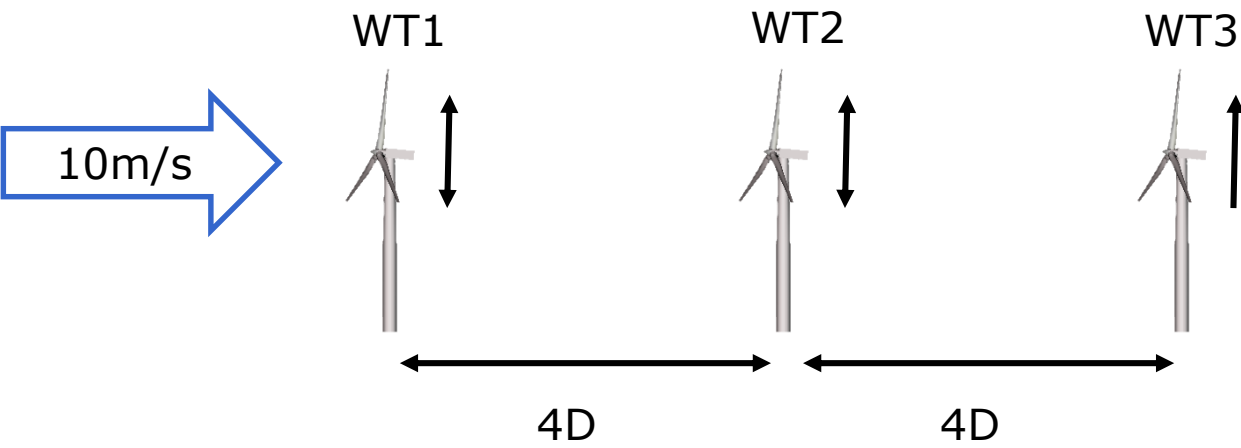
# Single row, 3 wind turbines



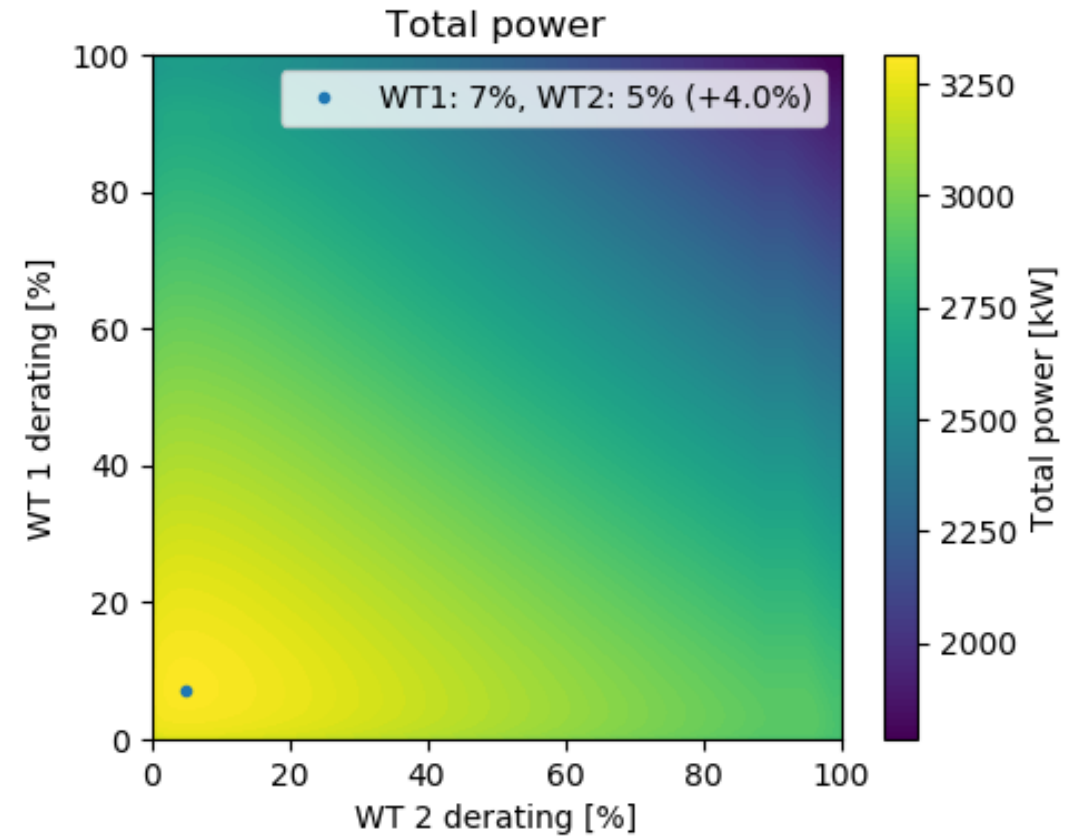
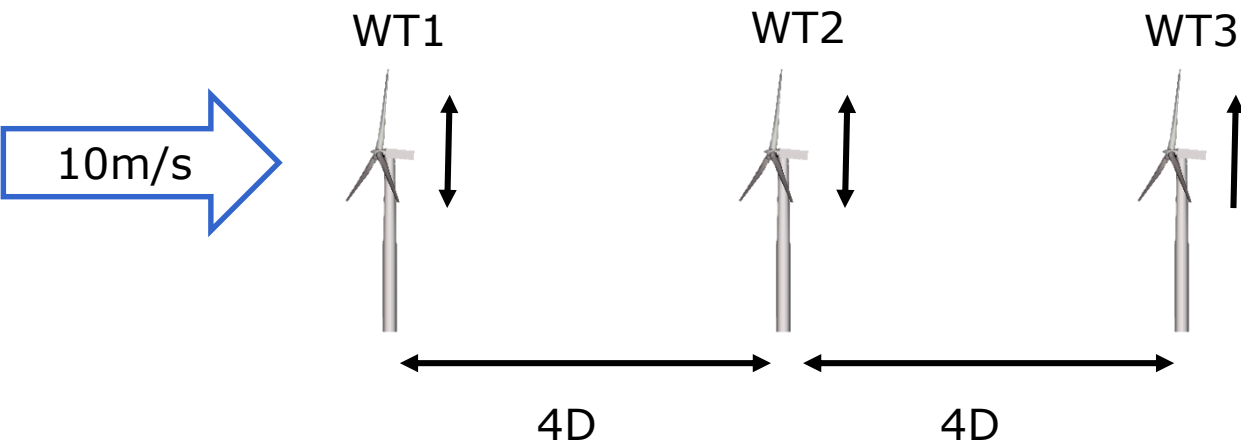
# Single row, 3 wind turbines



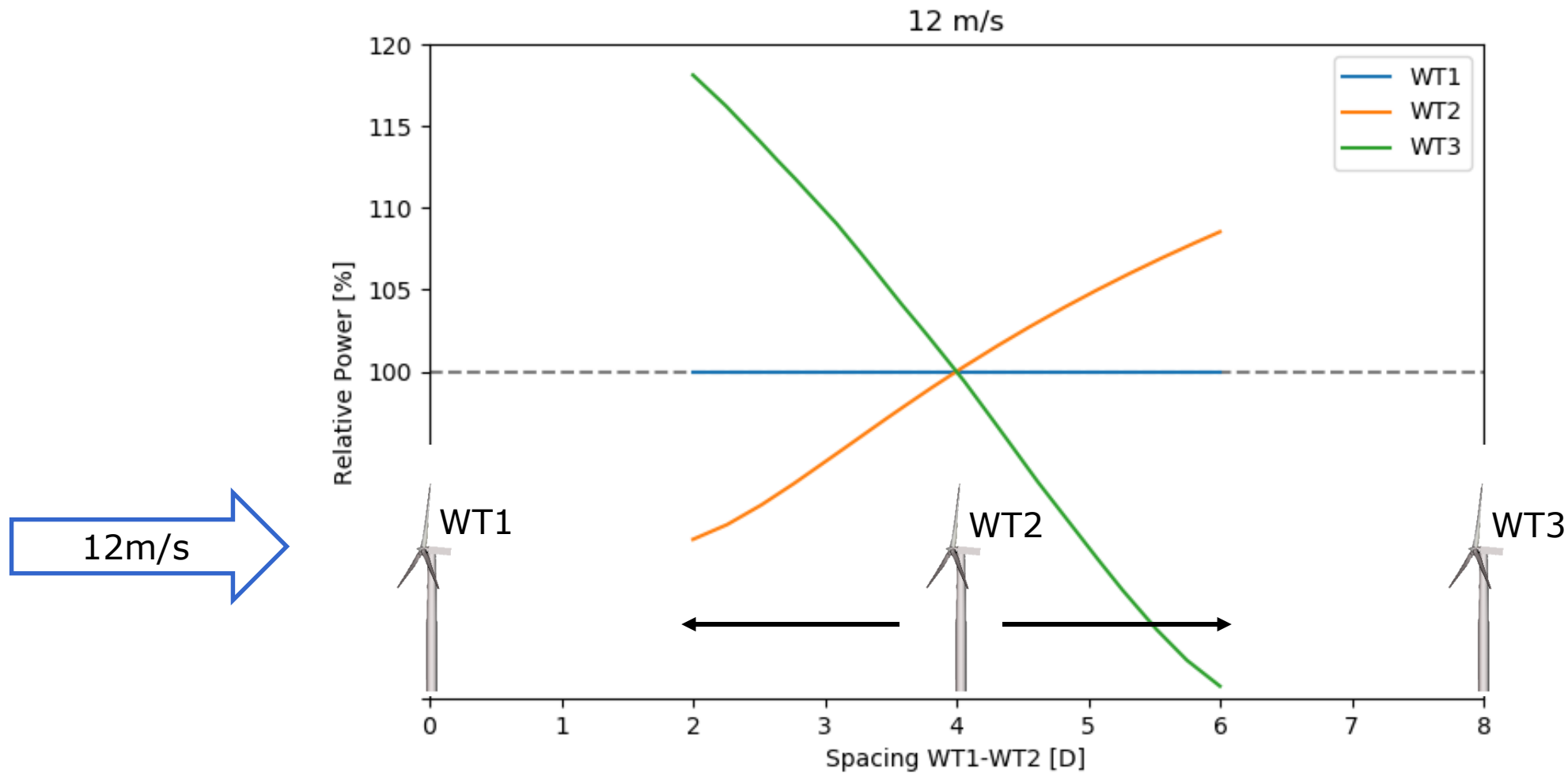
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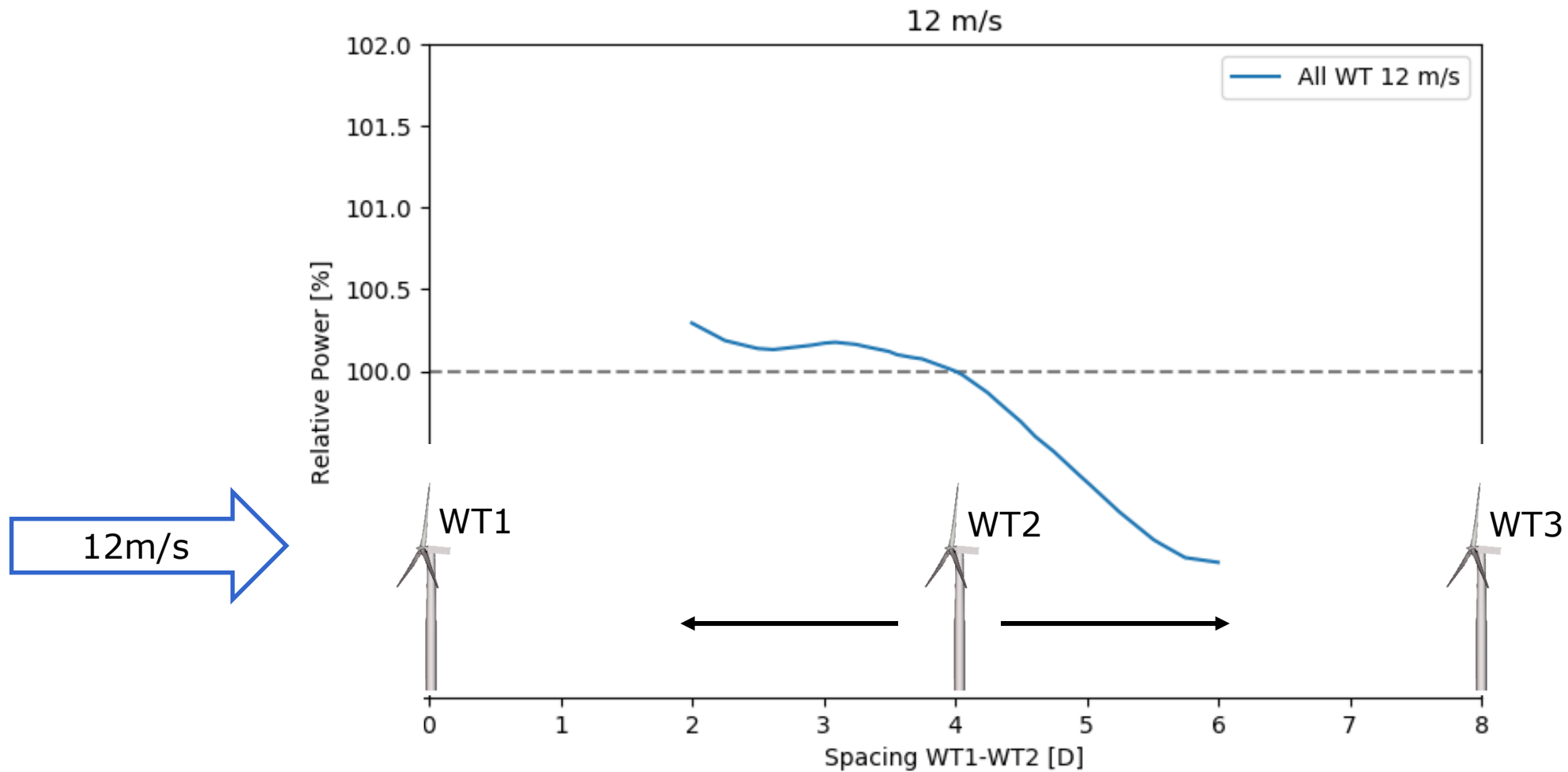


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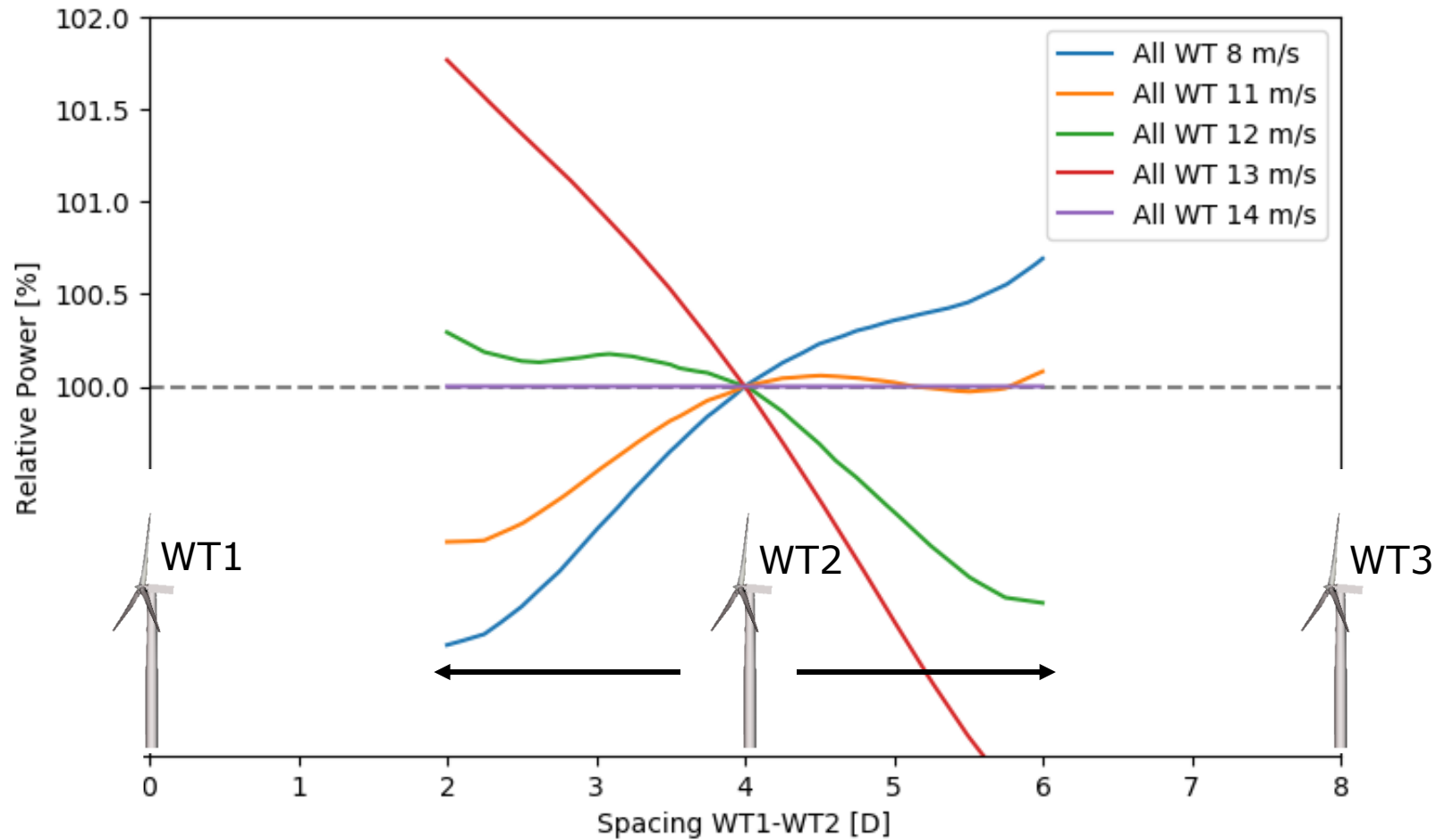




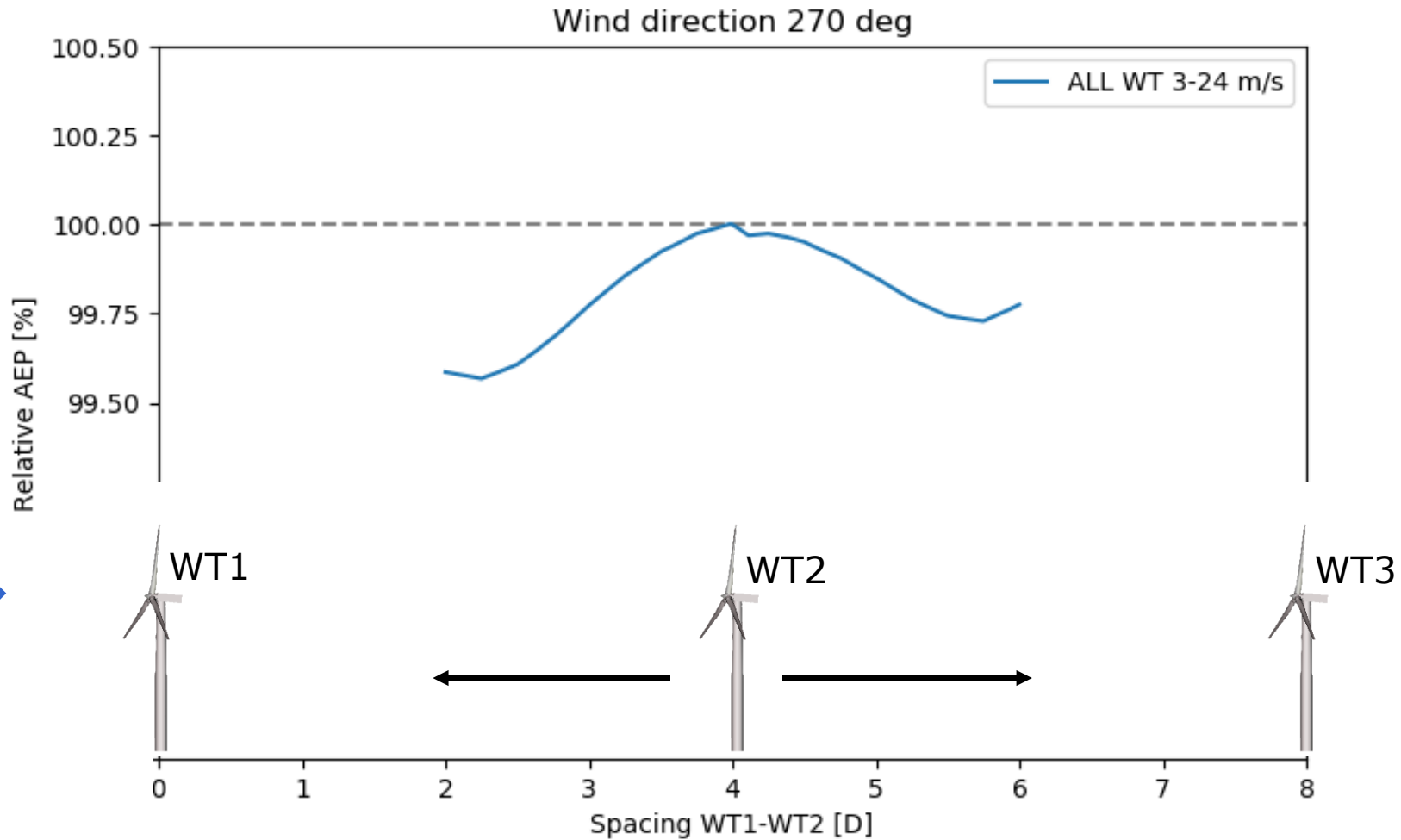
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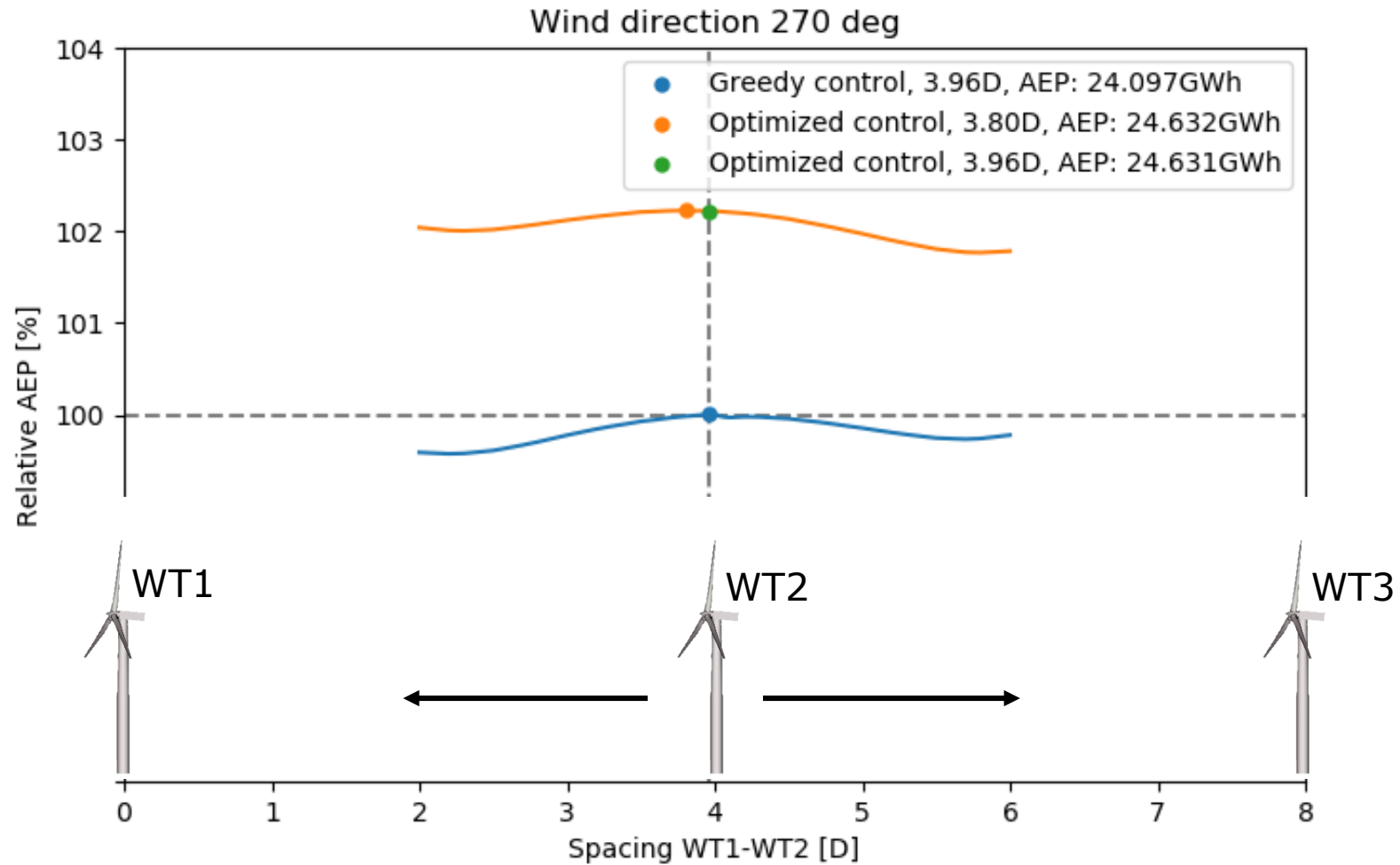
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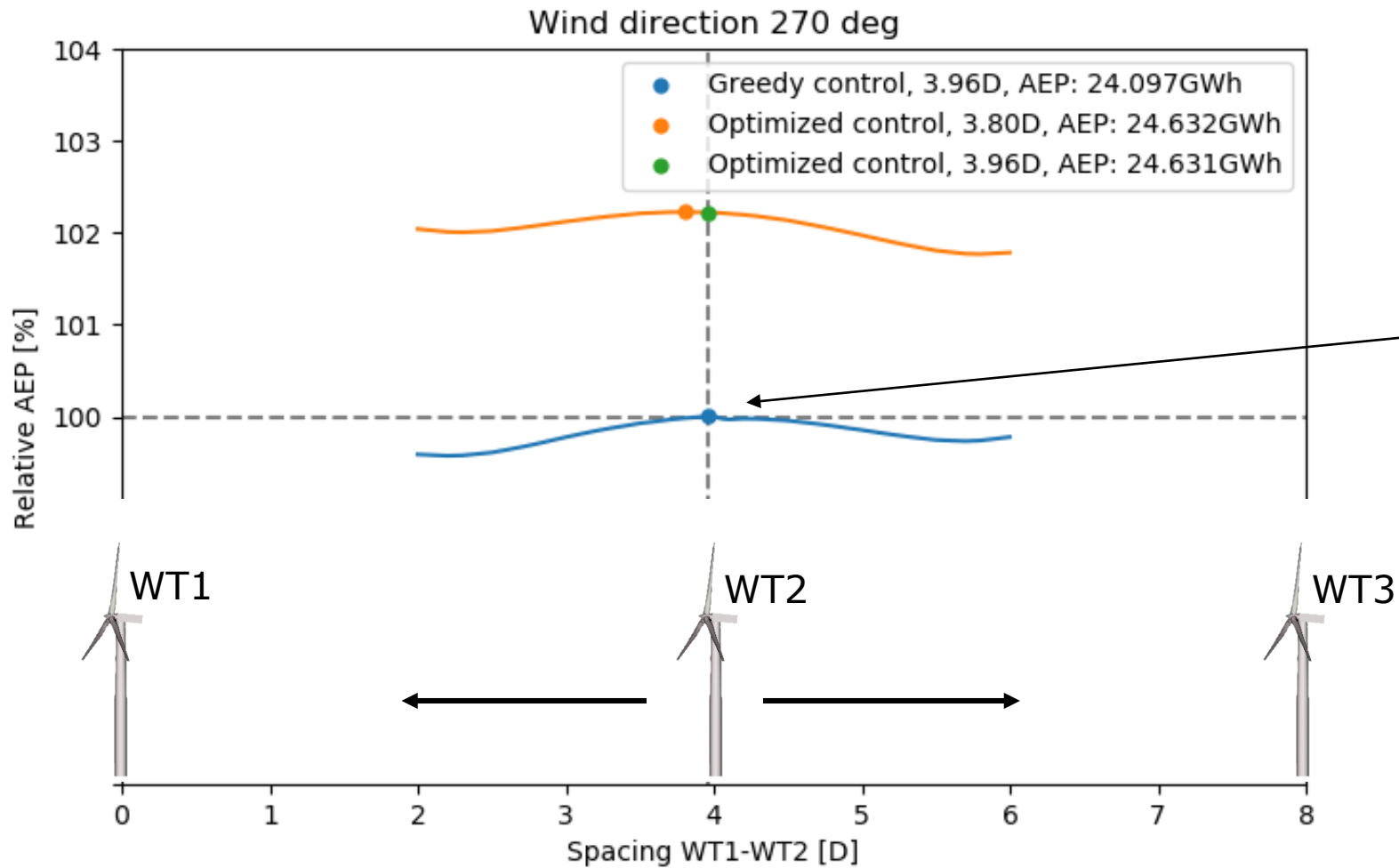
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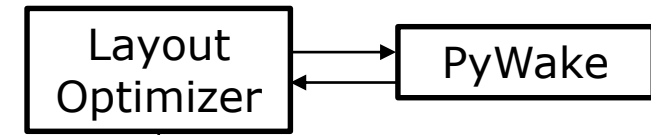
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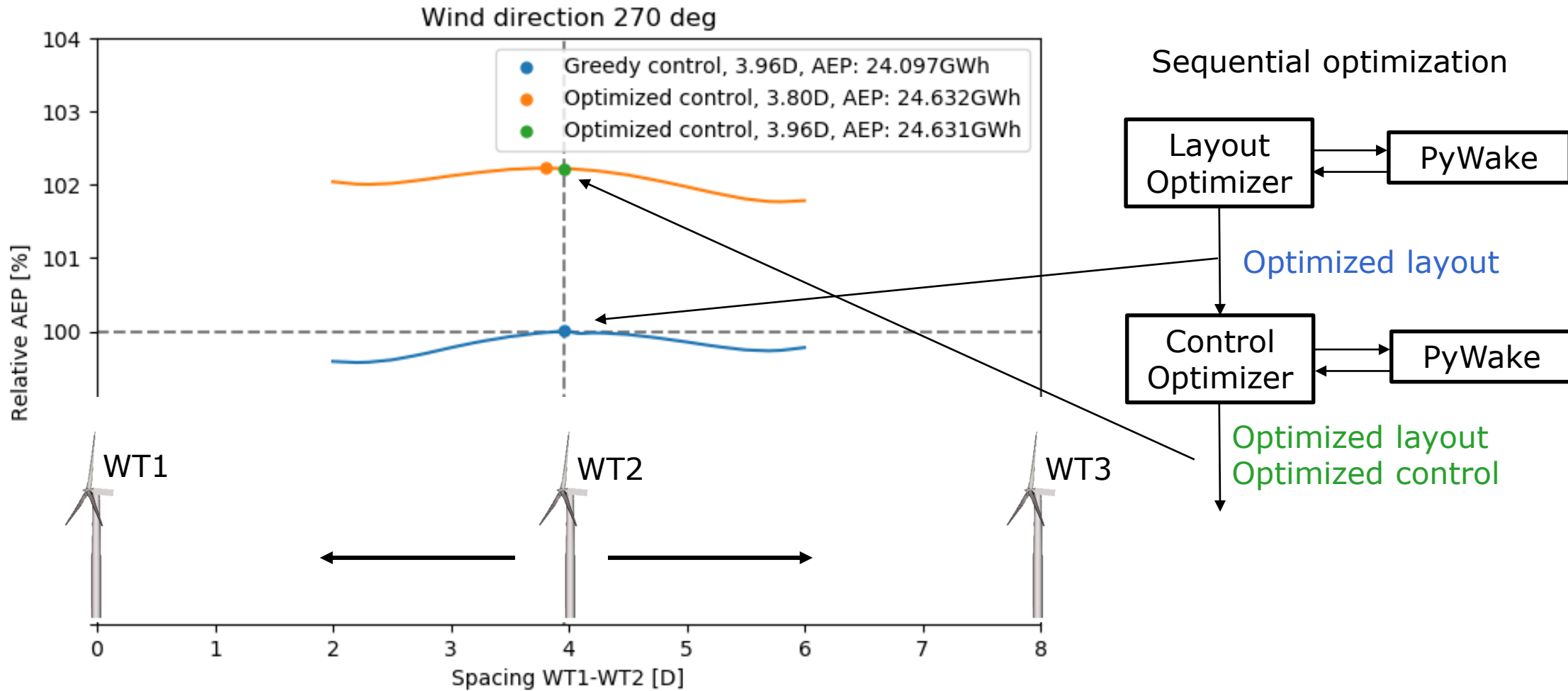


Sequential optimization

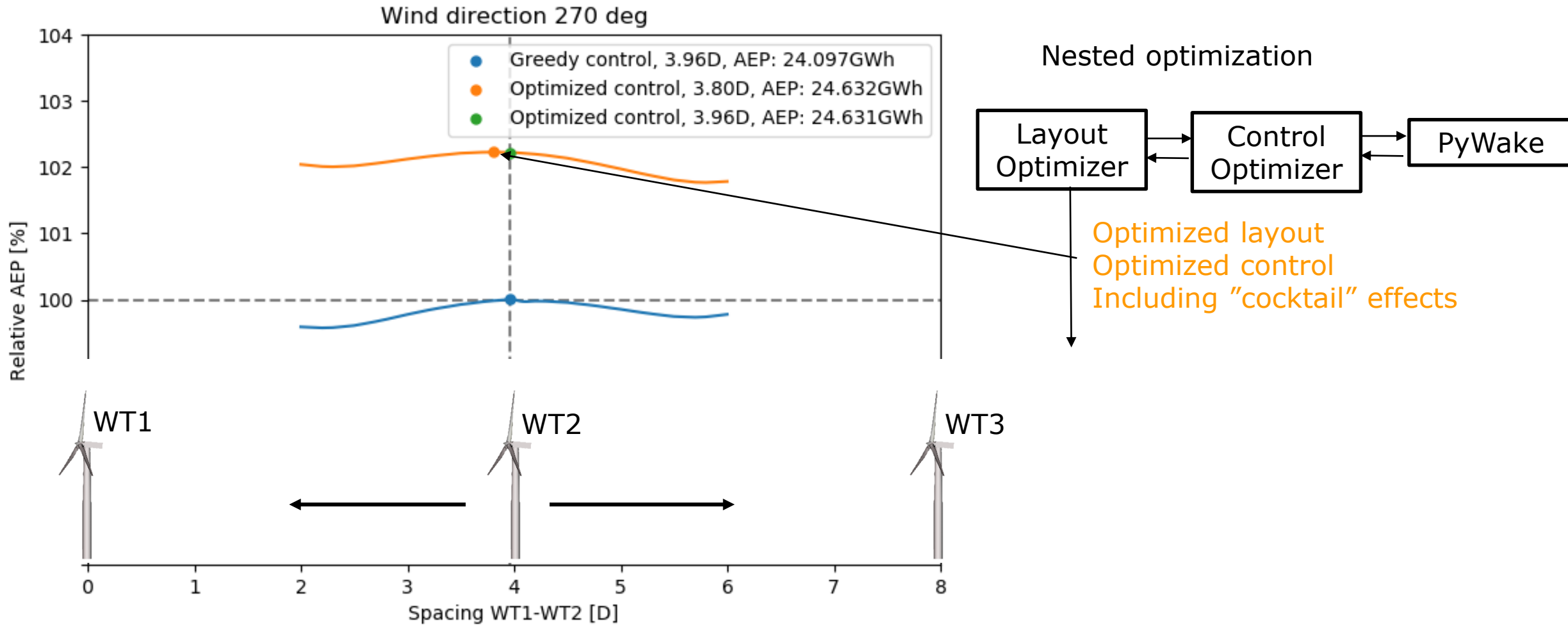


Optimized layout

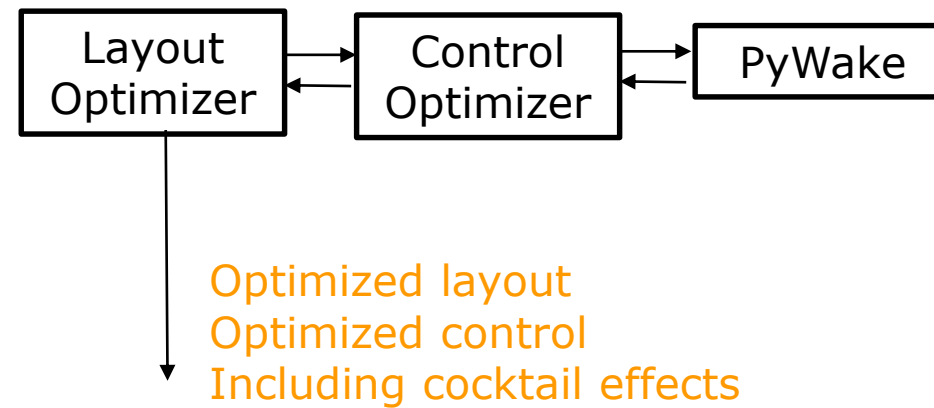
# Single row, 3 wind turbines



# Single row, 3 wind turbines



# Nested optimization

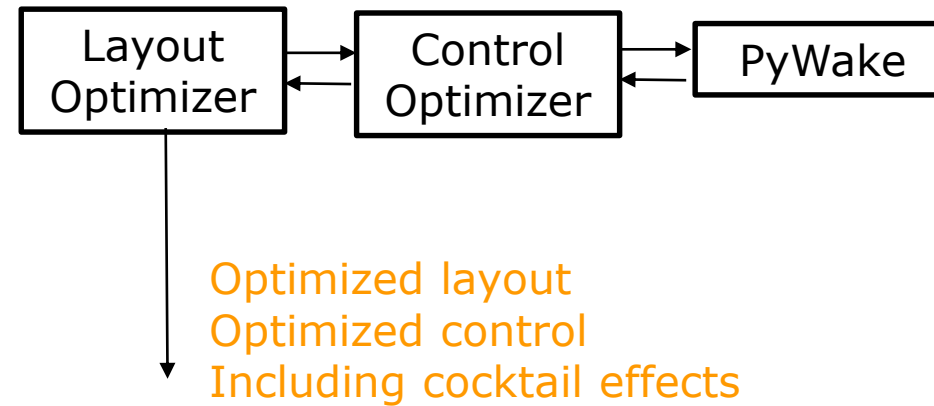




# Nested optimization

Layout optimizer:

- Random search
- Gradient based (finite difference)



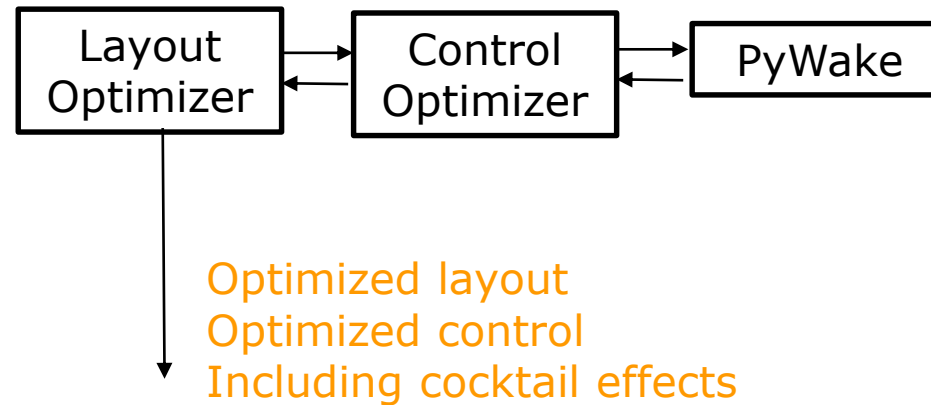
# Nested optimization

Layout optimizer:

- Random search
- Gradient based (finite difference)

Control optimizer:

- Gradient based (finite difference)



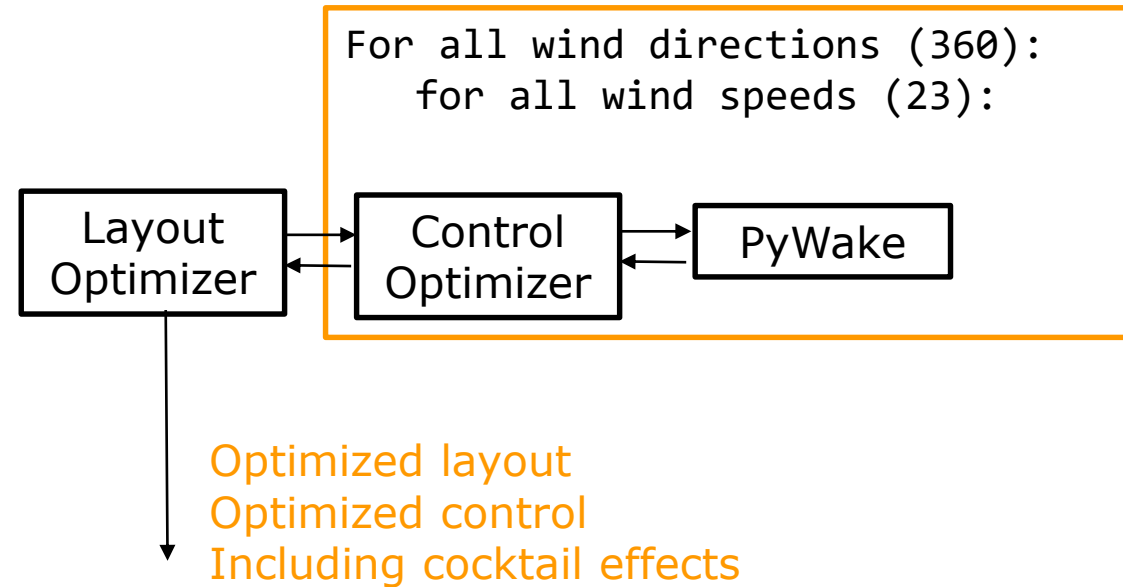
# Nested optimization

Layout optimizer:

- Random search
- Gradient based (finite difference)

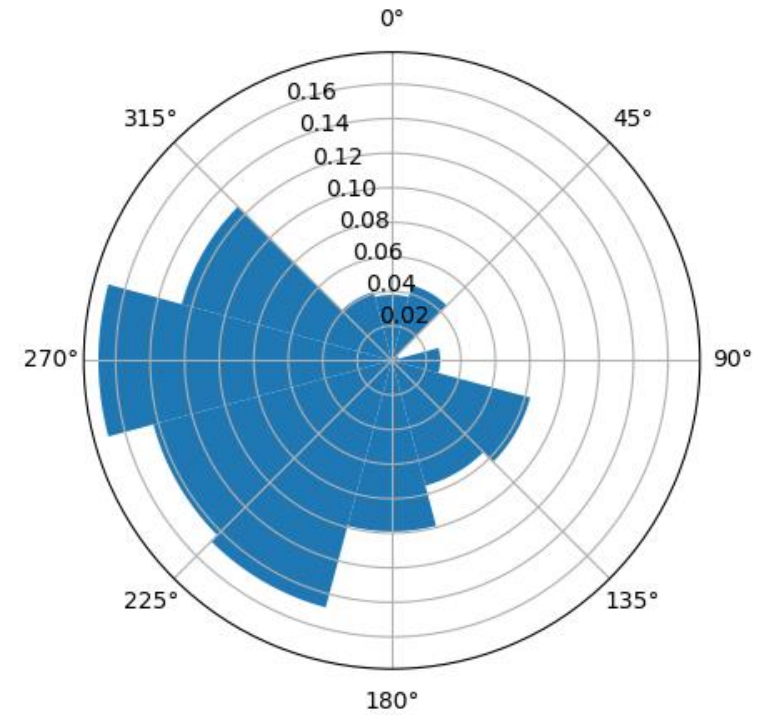
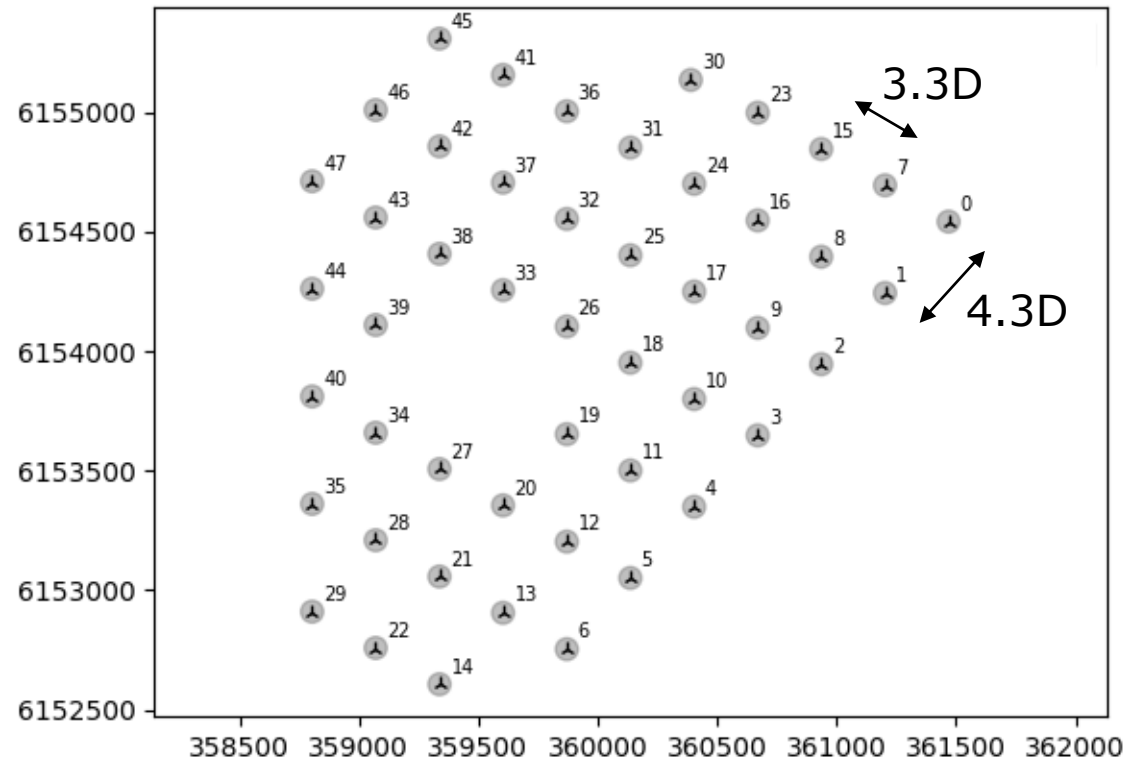
Control optimizer:

- Gradient based (finite difference)



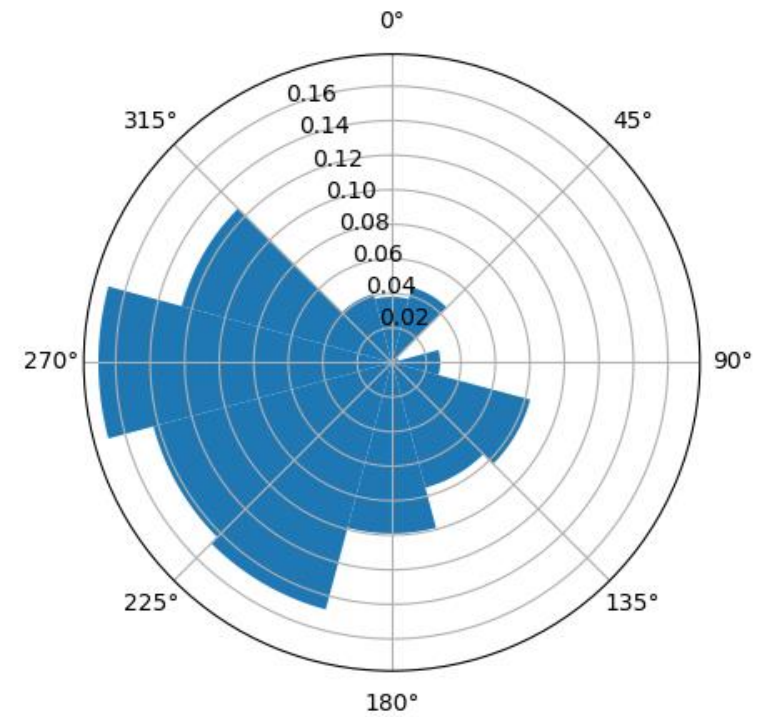
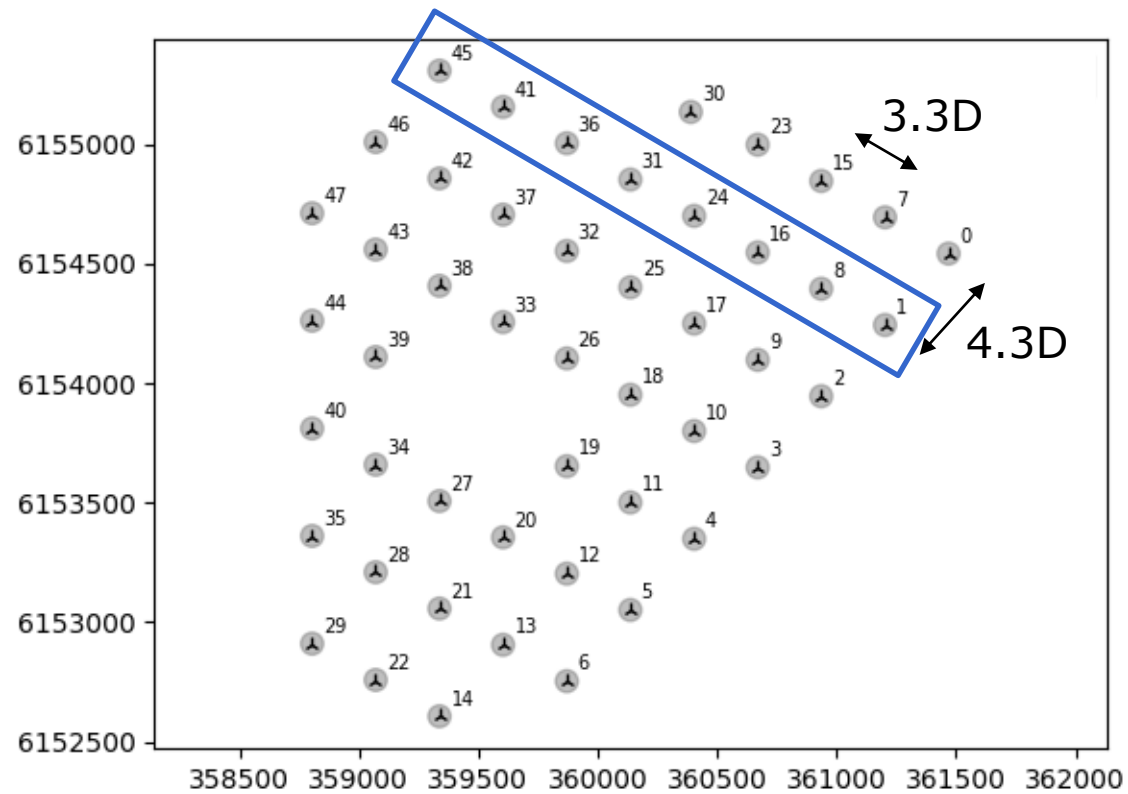
# LillGrund

- 48 Siemens wind turbines
- 2.3MW
- 93m rotor



# LillGrund

- 8 wind turbines
- 3.3D spacing

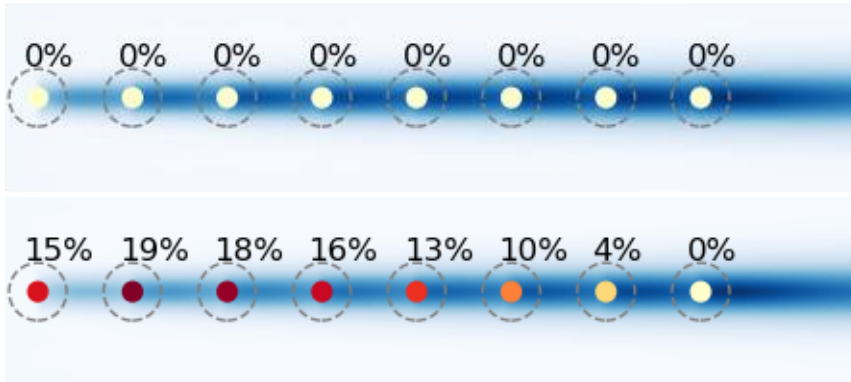


# LillGrund row



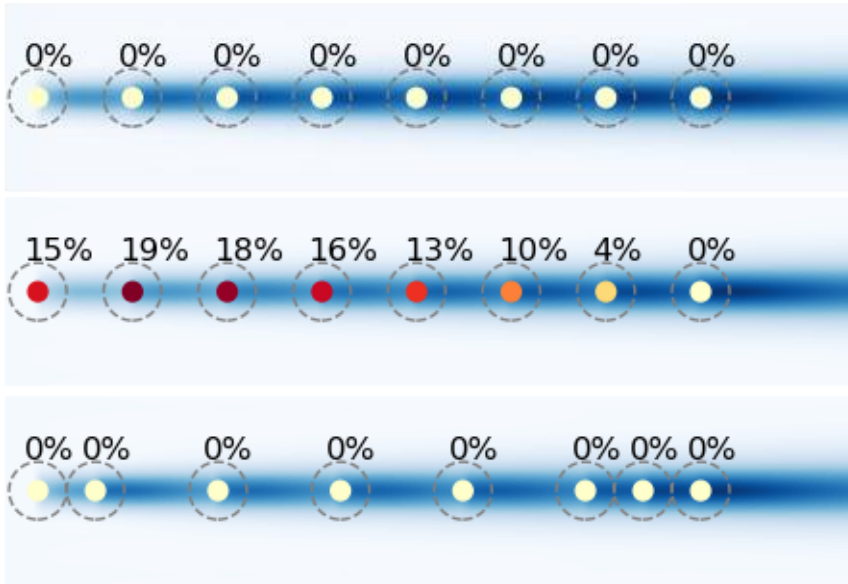
	AEP [Gwh]
Initial layout, greedy control	40.85

# LillGrund row



	AEP [Gwh]
Initial layout, greedy control	40.85
Initial layout, optimized control	44.10 (+8.0%)

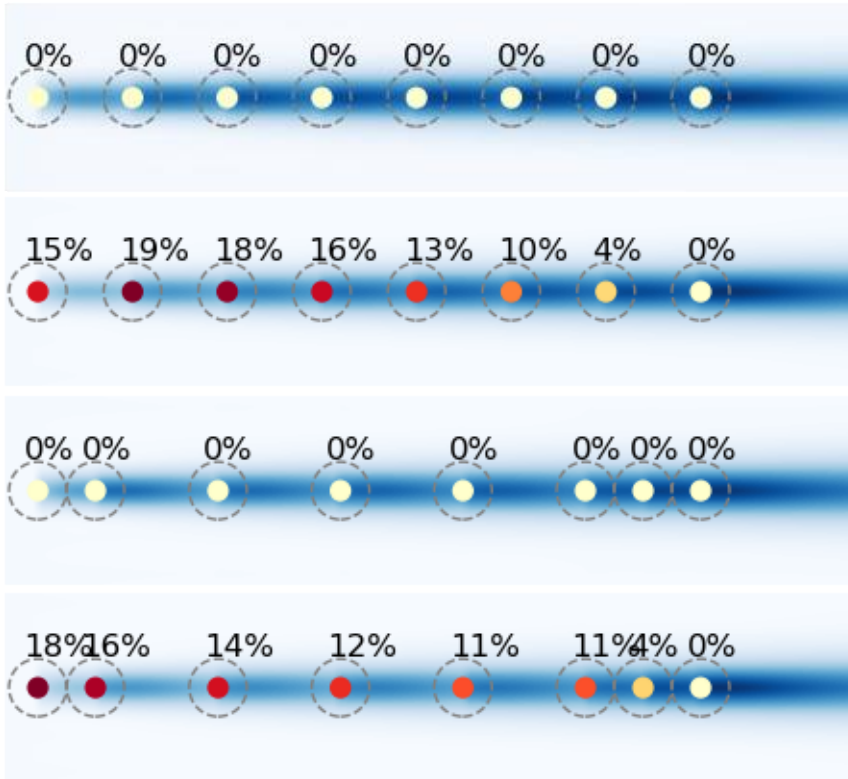
# LillGrund row



	AEP [Gwh]
Initial layout, greedy control	40.85
Initial layout, optimized control	44.10 (+8.0%)
Optimized layout, greedy control	41.44 (+1.4%)

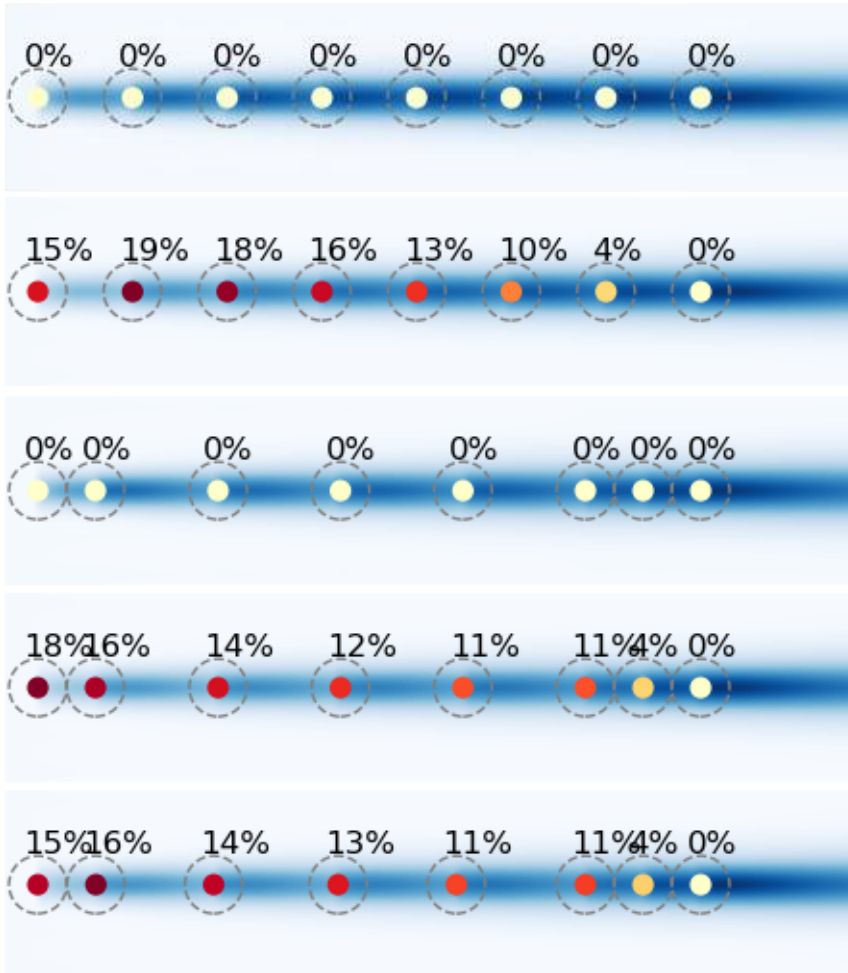


# LillGrund row



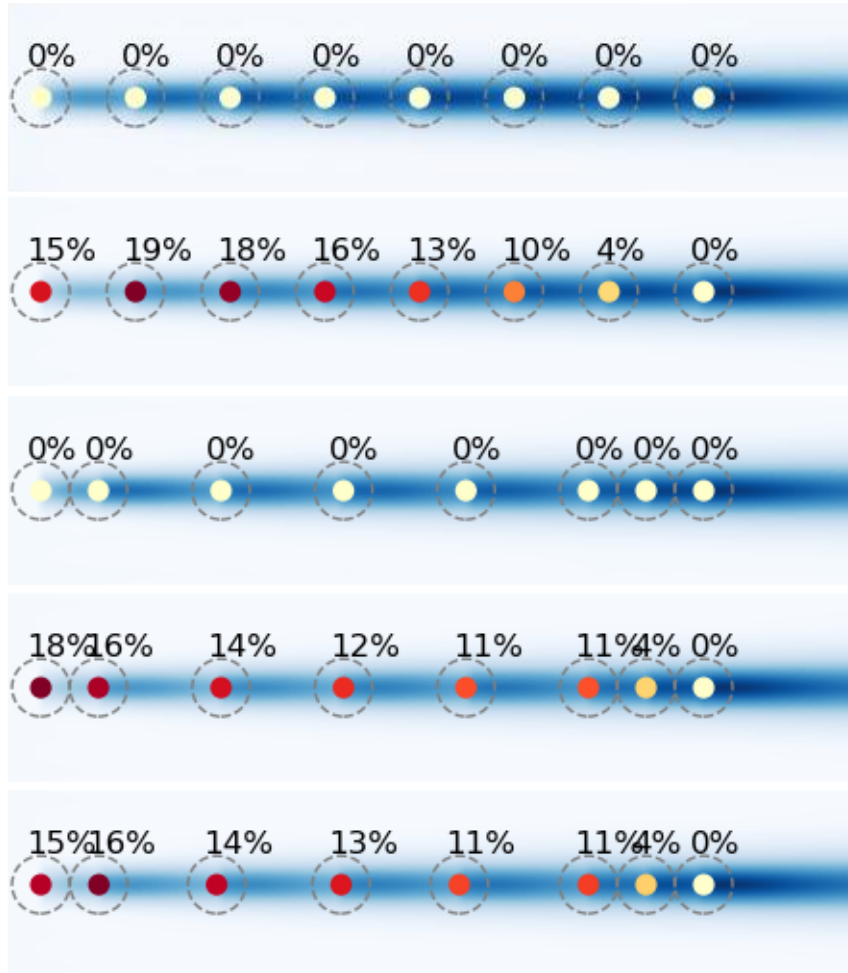
	AEP [Gwh]
Initial layout, greedy control	40.85
Initial layout, optimized control	44.10 (+8.0%)
Optimized layout, greedy control	41.44 (+1.4%)
Optimized layout, optimized control (sequential)	44.558 (+9.1%)

# LillGrund row



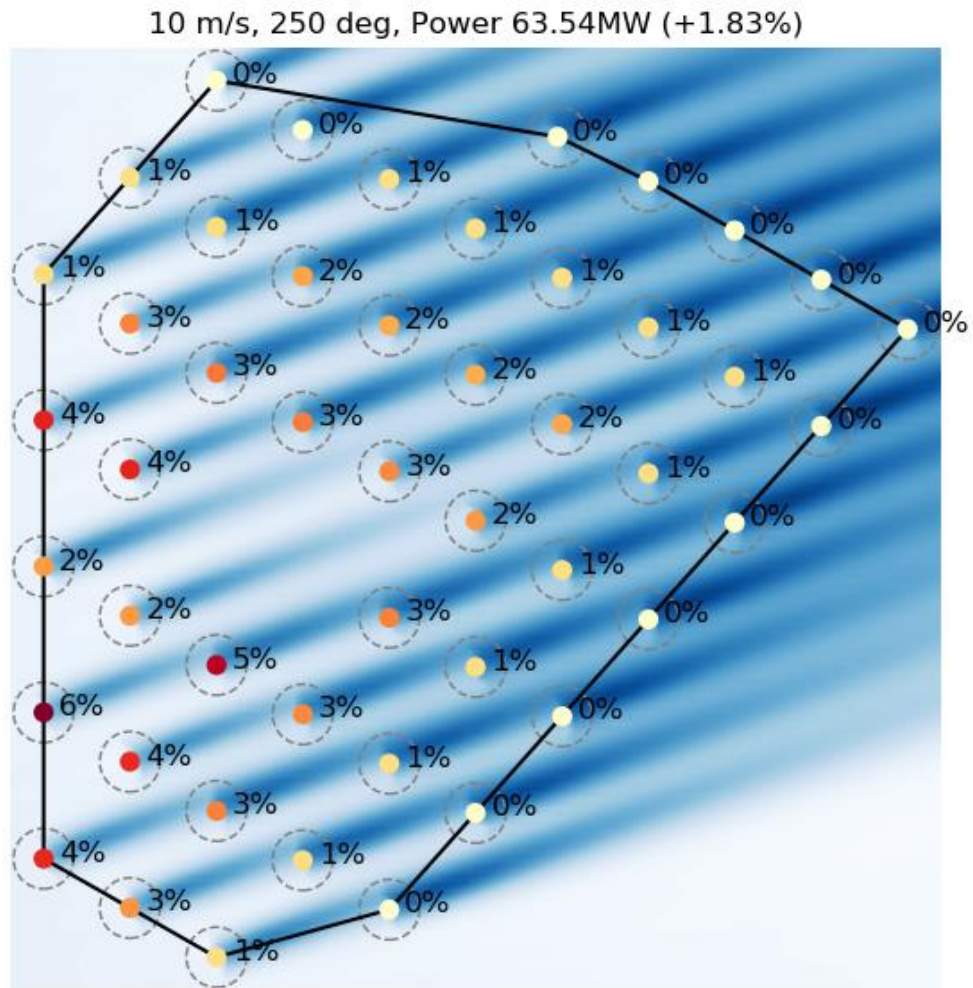
	AEP [Gwh]
Initial layout, greedy control	40.85
Initial layout, optimized control	44.10 (+8.0%)
Optimized layout, greedy control	41.44 (+1.4%)
Optimized layout, optimized control (sequential)	44.558 (+9.1%)
Optimized layout and control (nested)	44.560 (+9.1%)

# LillGrund row



	AEP [Gwh]
Initial layout, greedy control	40.85
Initial layout, optimized control	44.10 (+8.0%)
Optimized layout, greedy control	41.44 (+1.4%)
Optimized layout, optimized control (sequential)	44.558 (+9.1%)
Infeasible for full wind farm with current setup/models	

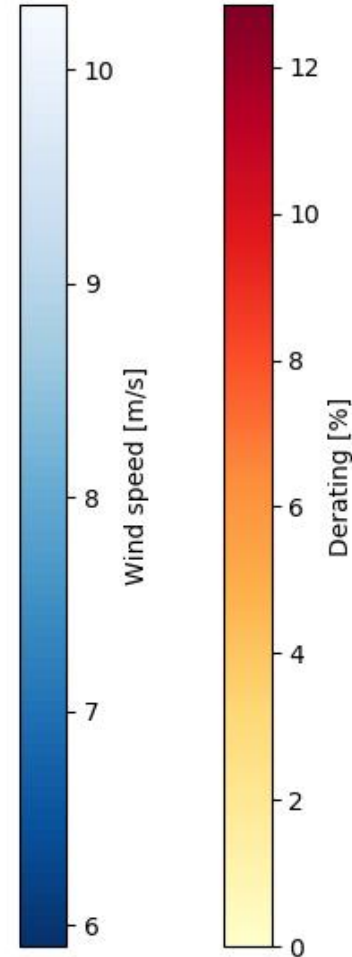
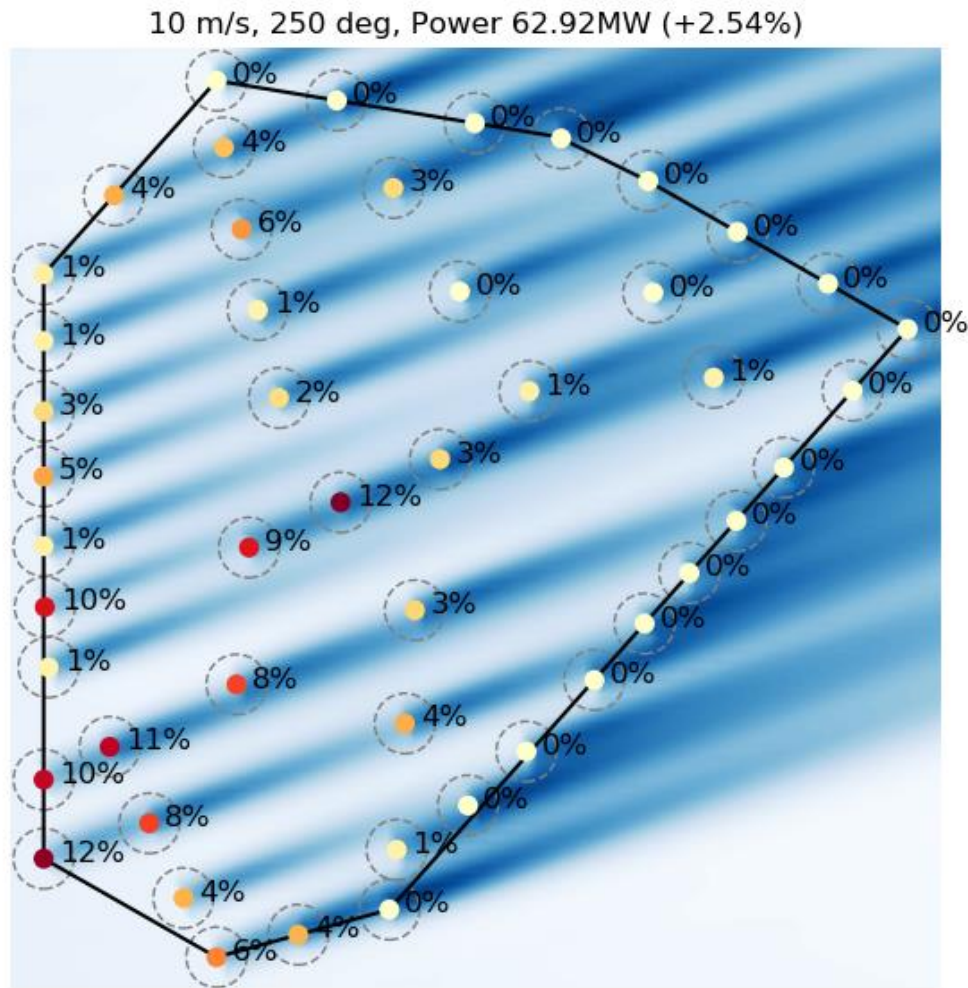
# Lillgrund, initial layout



## Initial layout

Control	AEP [GWh]
Greedy	345.2
Optimized	349.5 (+1.3%)

# Lillgrund optimized layout



## Initial layout

Control	AEP [GWh]
Greedy	345.2
Optimized	349.5 (+1.3%)

## Optimized layout (sequential)

Control	AEP [GWh]
Greedy	354.9 (+2.8%)
Optimized	358.7 (+4.0%)

# Conclusions

- Production gains found
  - Layout optimization (+2.8% for Lillgrund)
  - Control optimization (+1.3% for Lillgrund)
  - Sequential layout and control optimization (+4.0% for Lillgrund)
- Nested layout and control optimization of full wind farm infeasible with current setup/model
- Cocktail effects observed for 8-WT row, but insignificant
- Future work:
  - Include uncertainty of wind direction and wind speed
  - Include yaw control and wake steering
  - Integrate loads surrogates to address reliability and overall LCOE

# Thank you for your attention

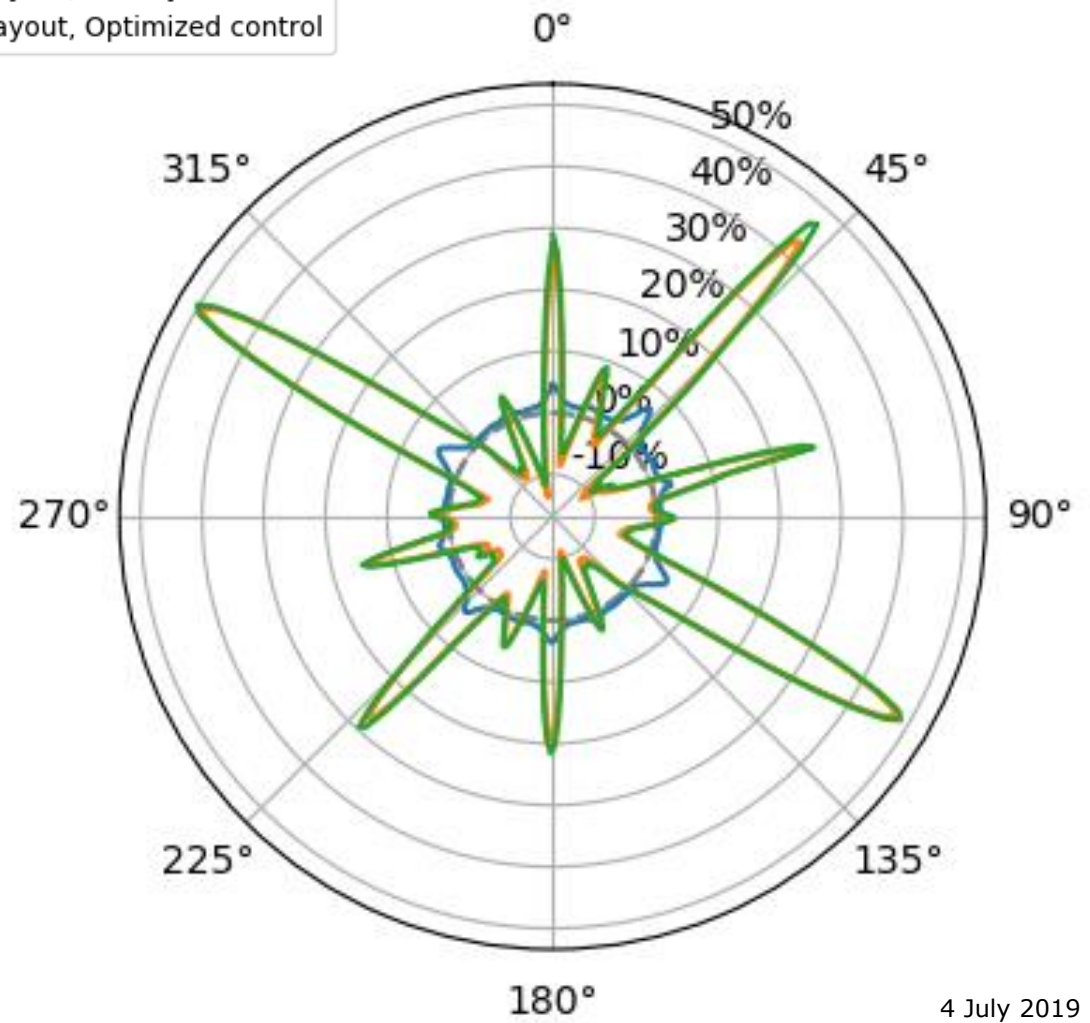
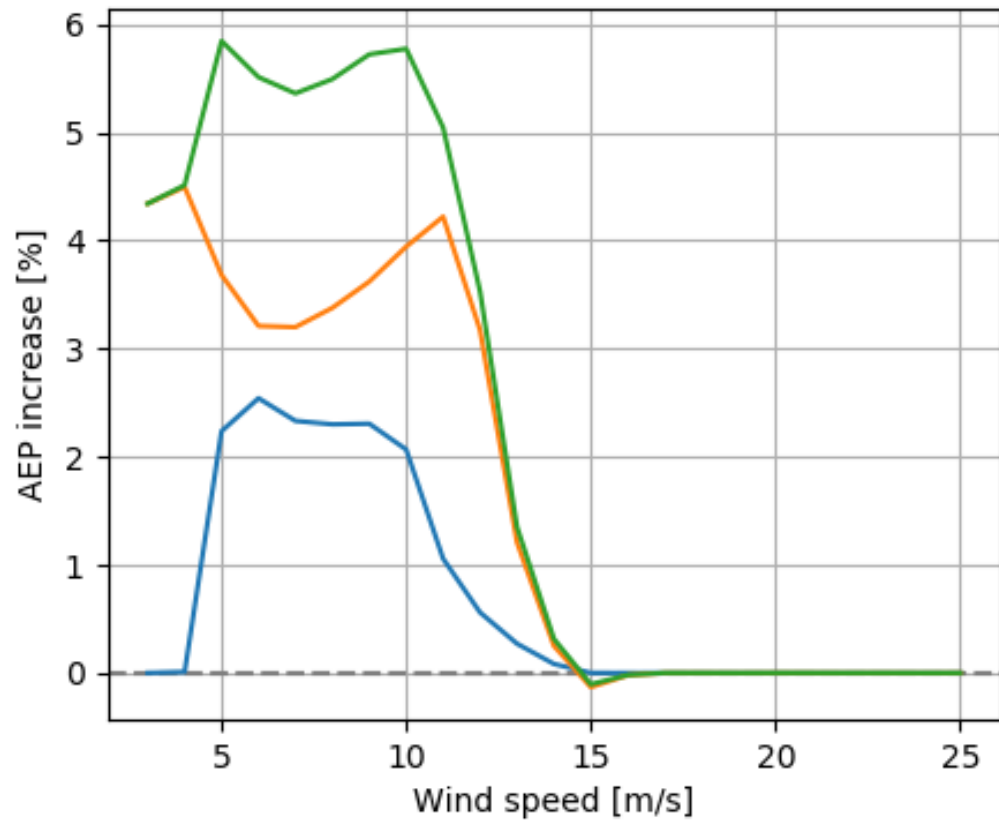


This study is funded by

TotalControl is an [EU Horizon2020 funded project](#) running from 2018-2021.

# Lillgrund – AEP increase

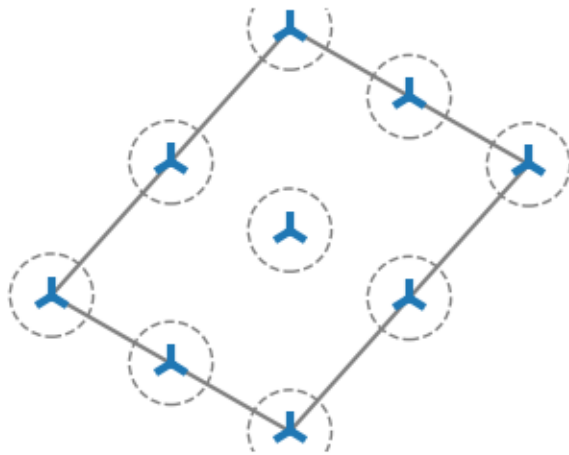
- Initial layout, Optimized control
- Optimized layout, Greedy control
- Optimized layout, Optimized control





# LillGrund 3x3

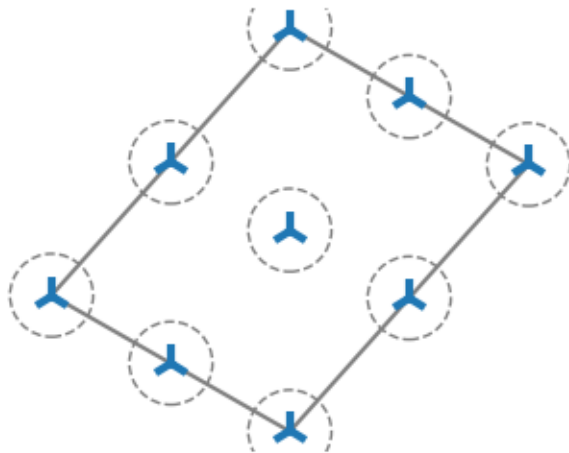
Initial layout



Control	AEP [GWh]
Greedy	73.28
Optimized	73.61 (+0.5%)

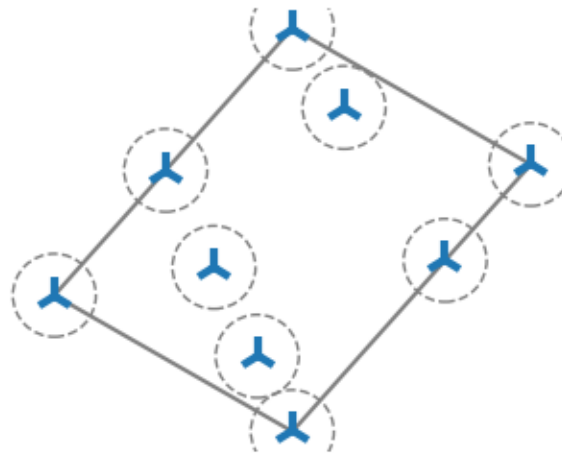
# LillGrund 3x3

Initial layout



Control	AEP [GWh]
Greedy	73.28
Optimized	73.61 (+0.5%)

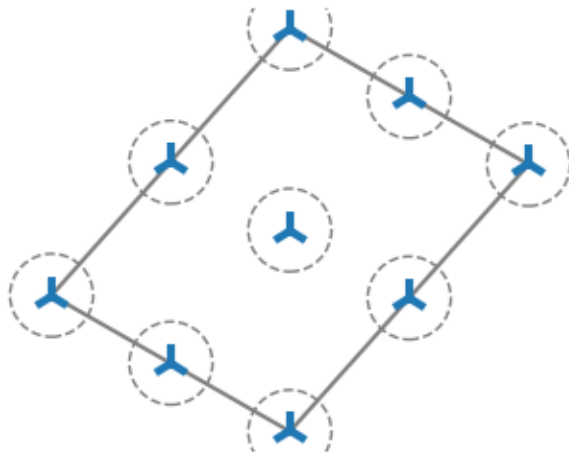
Optimized layout  
(First layout then control)



Control	AEP [GWh]
Greedy	73.86 (+0.8%)
Optimized	74.18 (+1.2%)

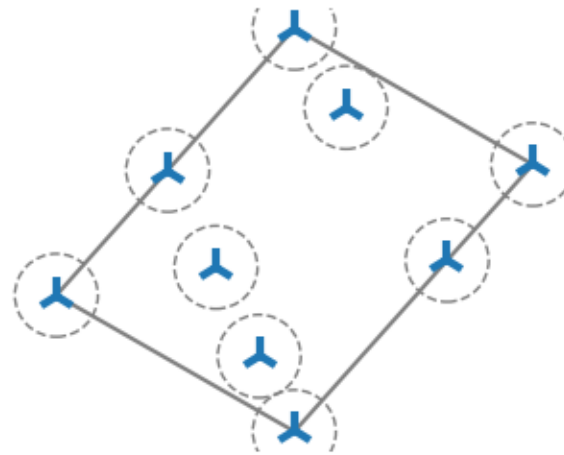
# LillGrund 3x3

Initial layout



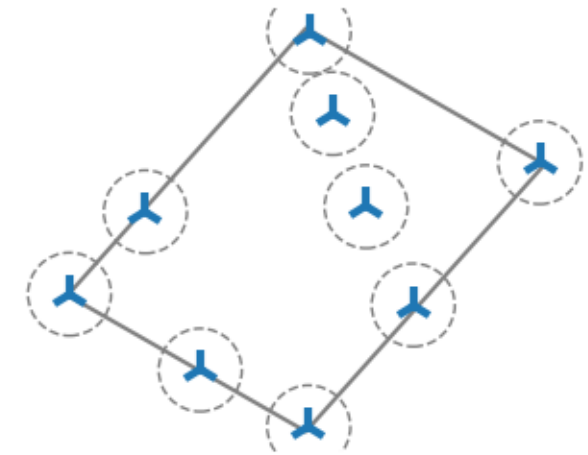
Control	AEP [GWh]
Greedy	73.28
Optimized	73.61 (+0.5%)

Optimized layout  
(Sequential)



Control	AEP [GWh]
Greedy	73.86 (+0.8%)
Optimized	74.18 (+1.23%)

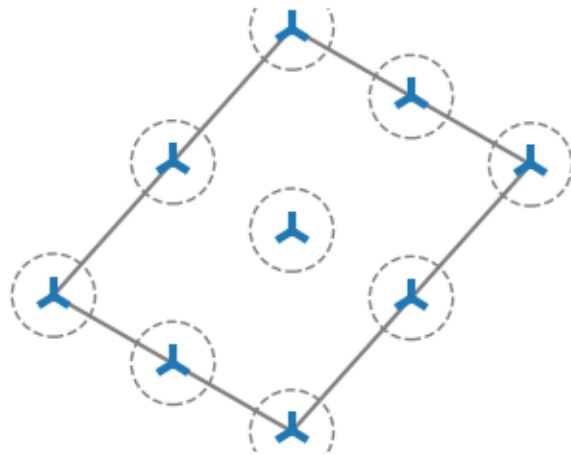
Optimized layout  
(Nested layout and control)



Control	AEP [GWh]
Optimized	74.15 (+1.18%)

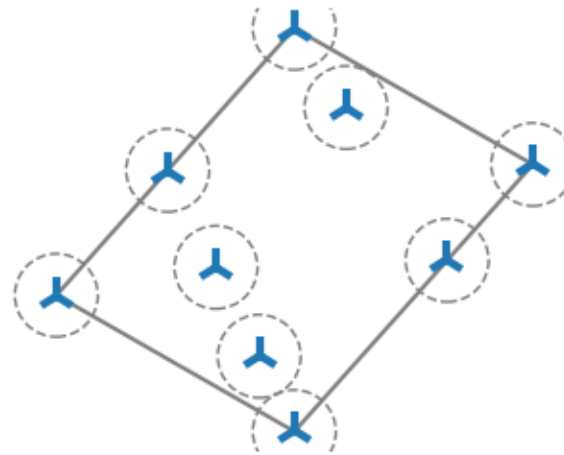
# LillGrund 3x3

Initial layout



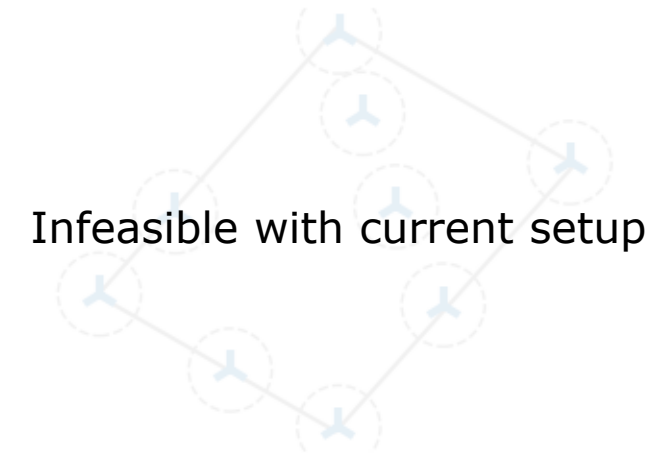
Control	AEP [GWh]
Greedy	73.28
Optimized	73.61 (+0.5%)

Optimized layout  
(First layout then control)



Control	AEP [GWh]
Greedy	73.86 (+0.8%)
Optimized	74.18 (+1.23%)

Optimized layout  
(Combined layout and control)



Control	AEP [GWh]
Optimized	74.15 (+1.18%)