

Resolving molecular gas at \sim 500 pc in a star forming disk galaxy at $z \sim 2$

Presenter: Drew Brisbin¹

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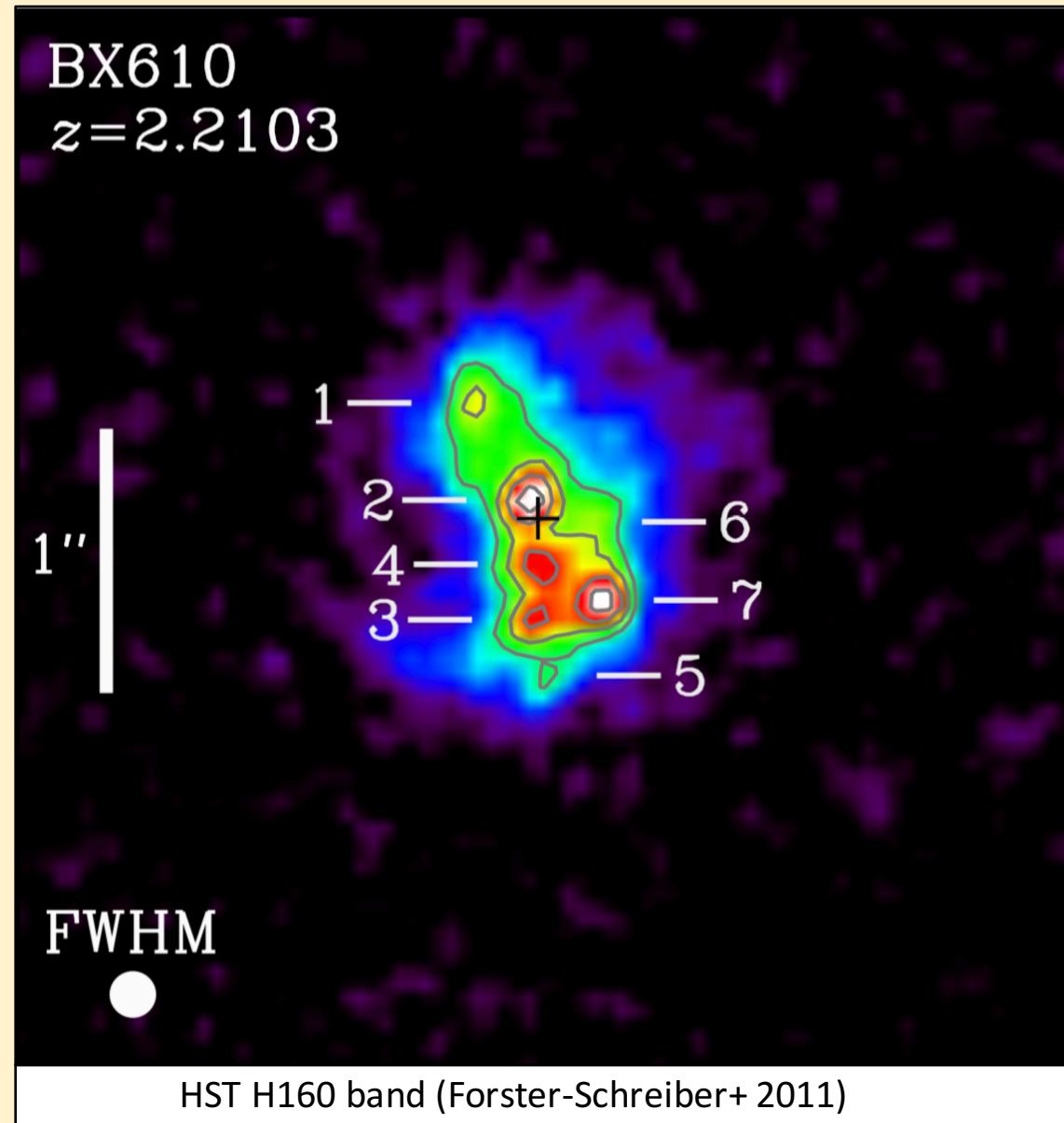
Linking Galaxies From the Epoch of Initial Star Formation to Today
Sydney Australia

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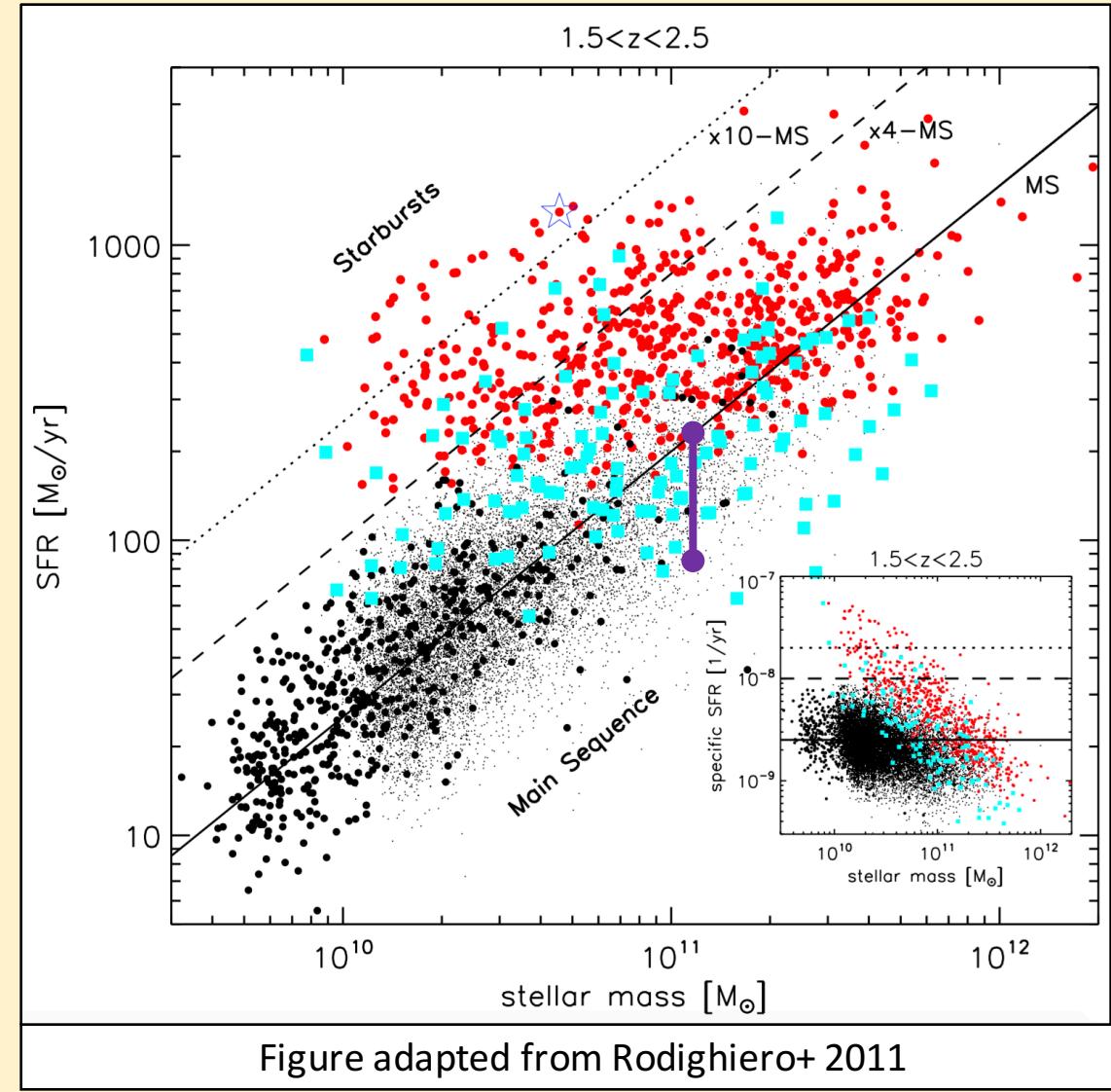
BX610

- Massive star forming disk galaxy
 - Early universe: $z=2.2103$
 - previously detected by HST
 - SINFONI H α
 - SFR $\sim 60\text{-}200 \text{ M}_\odot \text{ yr}^{-1}$
- (Forster Schreiber+ 2014, 2018; Tacconi+ 2013)



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 - $SFR \sim 60-200 M_{\odot} \text{ yr}^{-1}$
- (Forster Schreiber+ 2014, 2018; Tacconi+ 2013)
- ‘normal’ star forming galaxy?
 - How does it compare to a compact star forming galaxy (cSFG)?
 - **Crucial stepping stone to understand more typical galaxies in early universe**

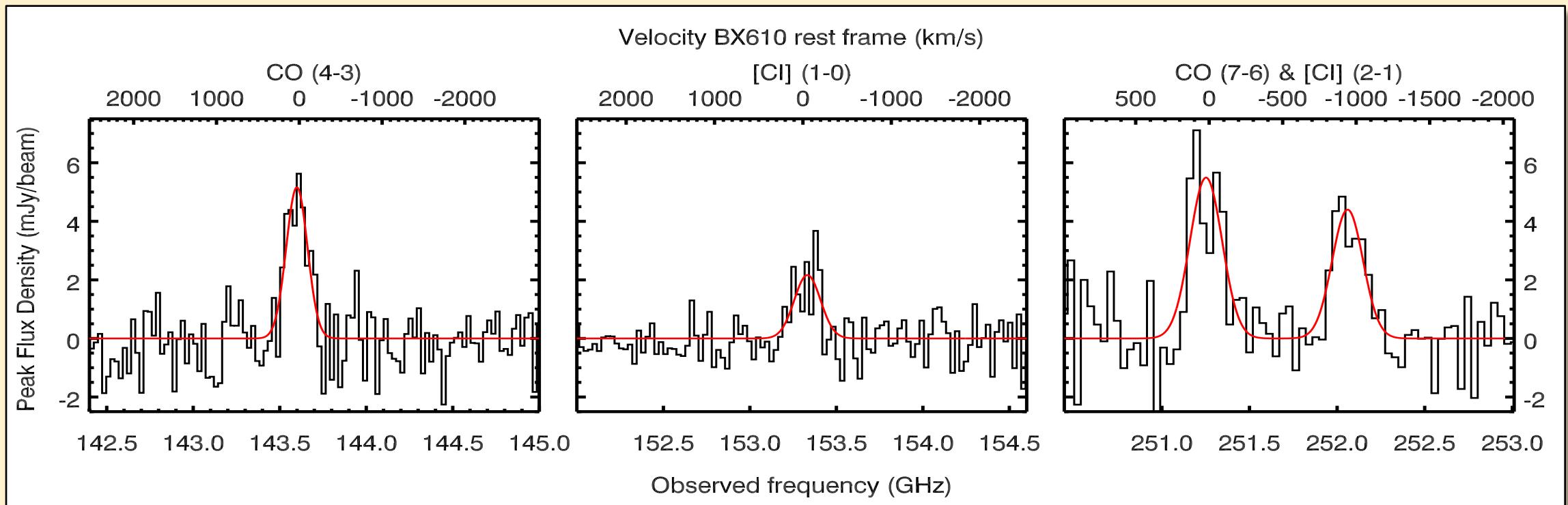


Campaign: investigate molecular + atomic gas

- Full campaign: PdBI ($\sim 2'' = 17$ kpc), ALMA compact ($\sim 0.3'' = 2.5$ kpc), ALMA extended ($\sim 0.055'' = 0.5$ kpc)
- Probe [CI] x2
 - (${}^3P_1 - {}^3P_0$) $n_{rest} = 492.2$ GHz
 - (${}^3P_2 - {}^3P_1$) $n_{rest} = 809.3$ GHz
- Probe CO (7-6) & (4-3) ($\nu_{rest} = 461.0$ & 806.7 GHz)
- Previous integrated galaxy observations of CO (1-0) and CO (3-2) (Bolatto+ 2015)

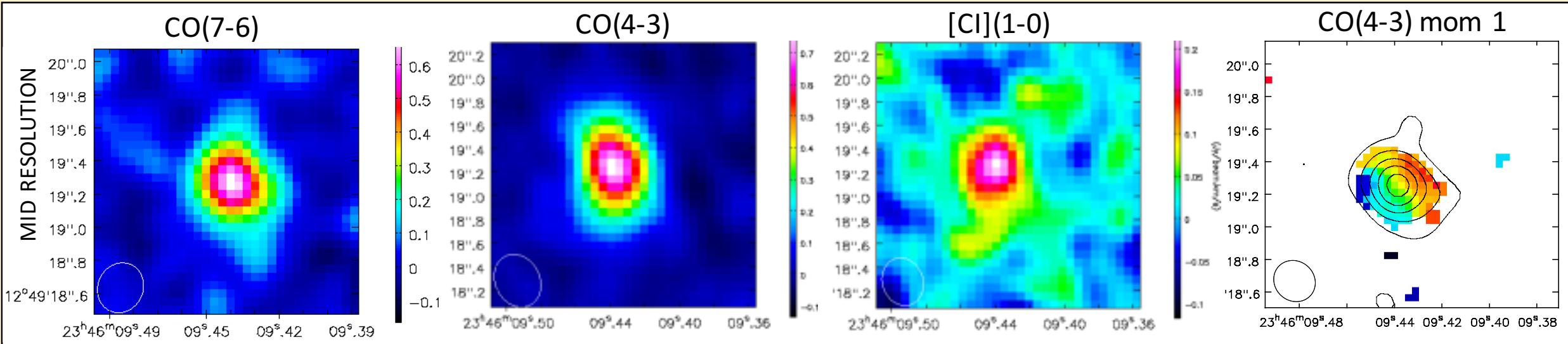
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- Lines detected strongly



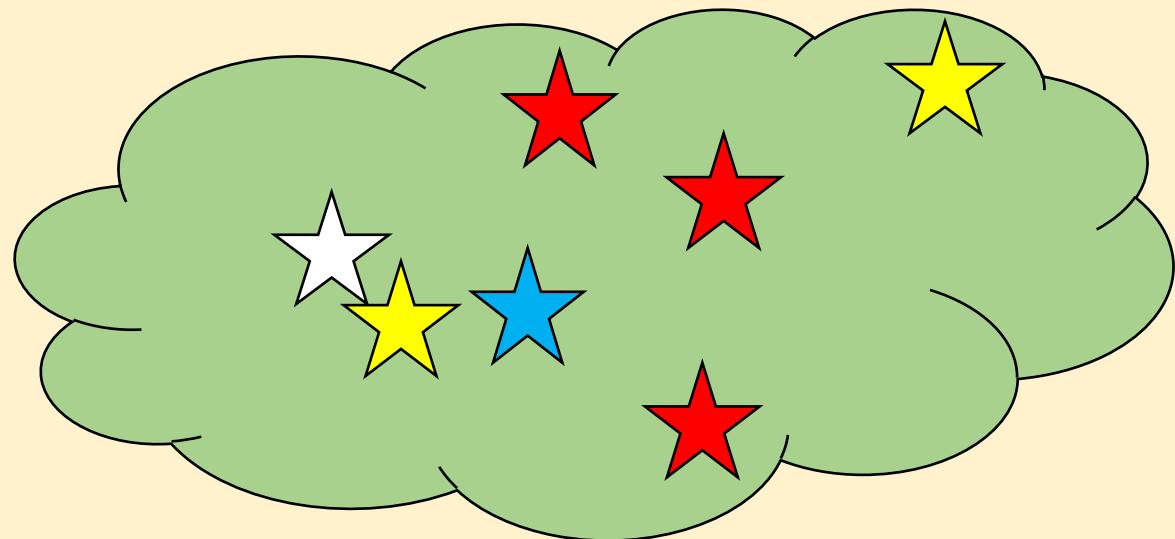
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- Lines detected strongly
- Marginally resolved, ~ 3 kpc
- Smooth rotation



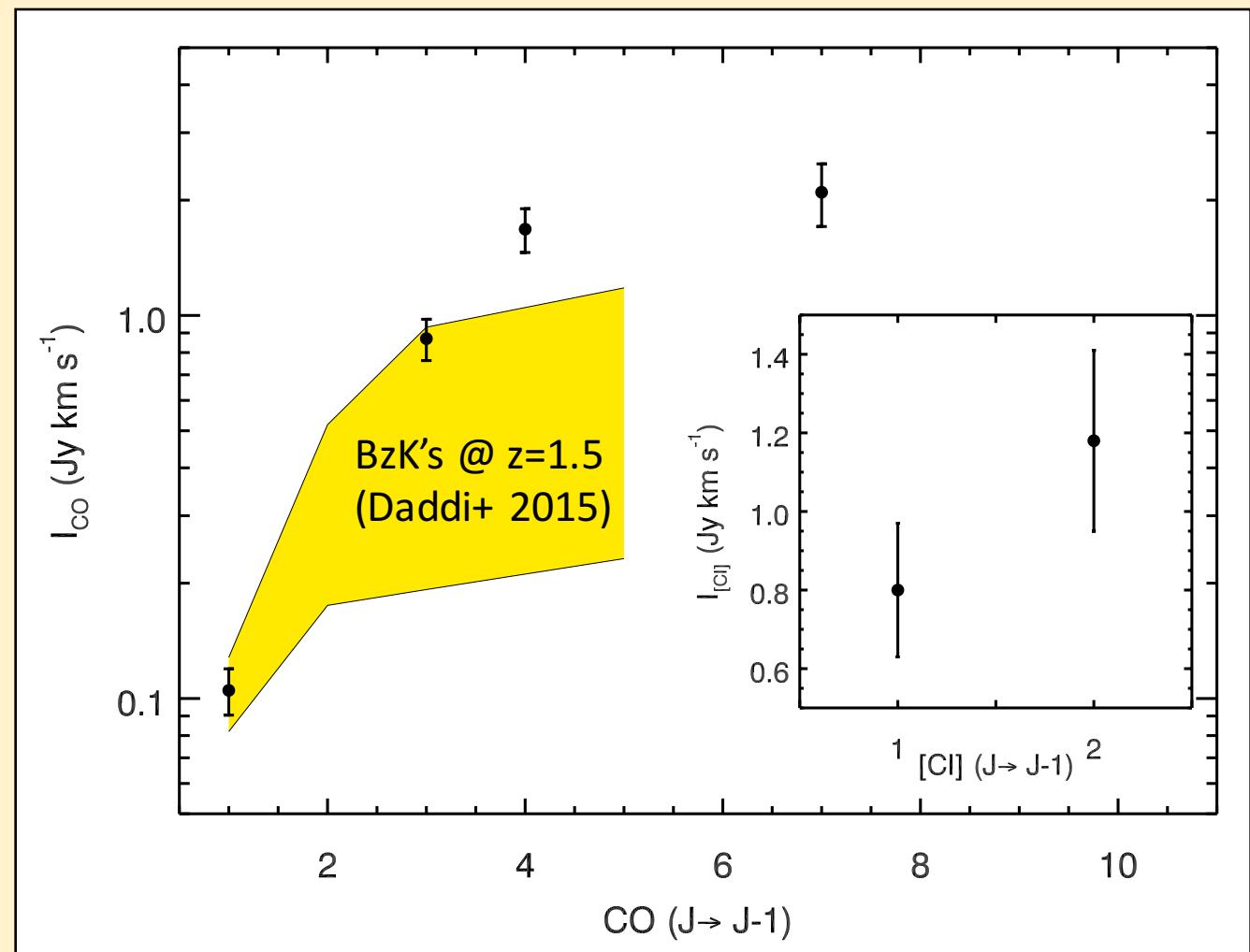
How much cold gas?

- $M_{\text{gas}} (\text{H}_2 + \text{He})$
 - CO: $1.1 \cdot 10^{11} M_{\odot}$
 - $\alpha_{\text{CO}} = 4.36 (\text{K km/s pc}^2)^{-1}$
 - [CI]: $1.4 \cdot 10^{11} M_{\odot}$
 - Dust: $1.3 \cdot 10^{11} M_{\odot}$
- $\tau_{\text{dep}} = 0.6 - 2.2 \text{ Gyr}$

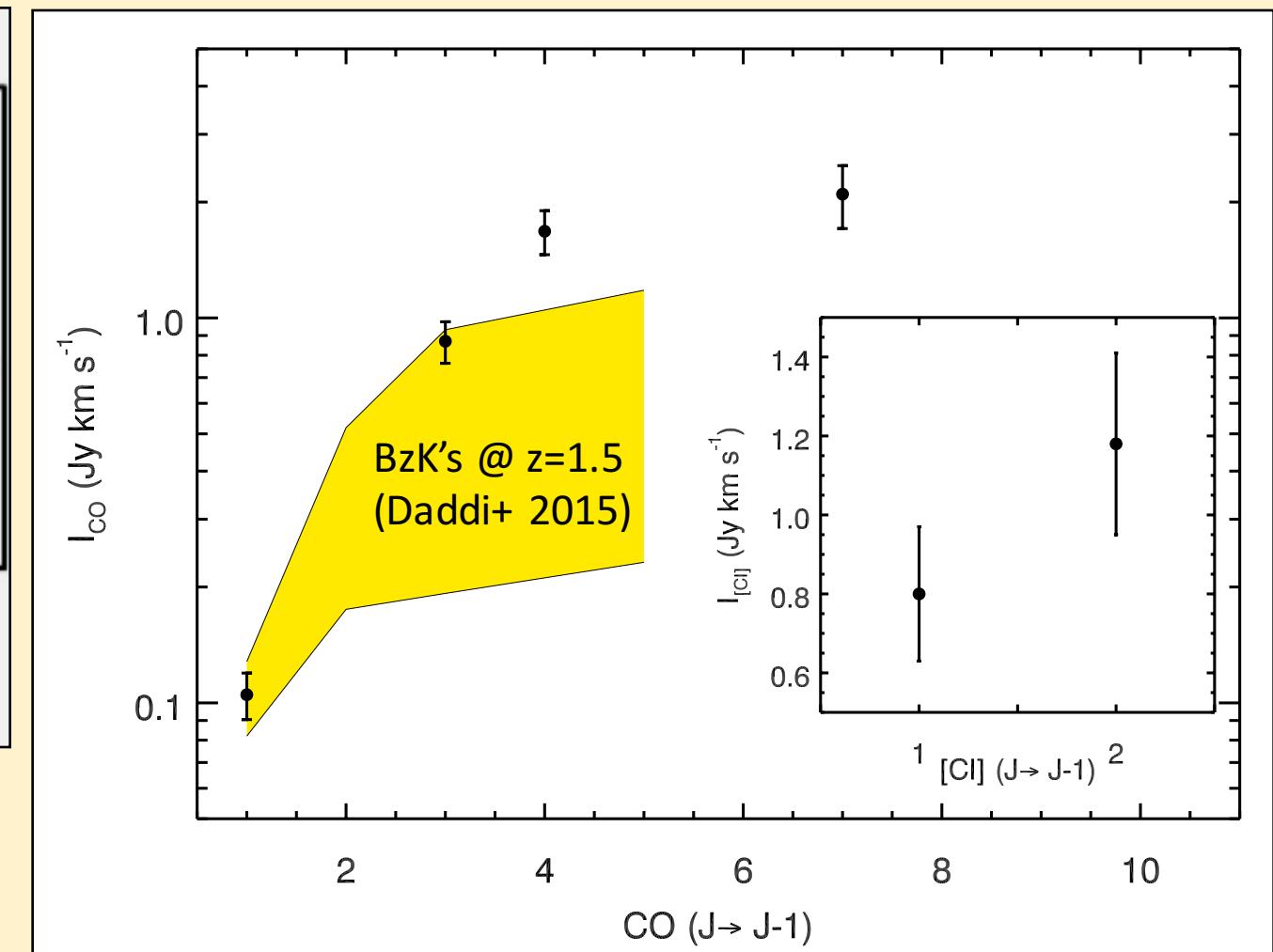
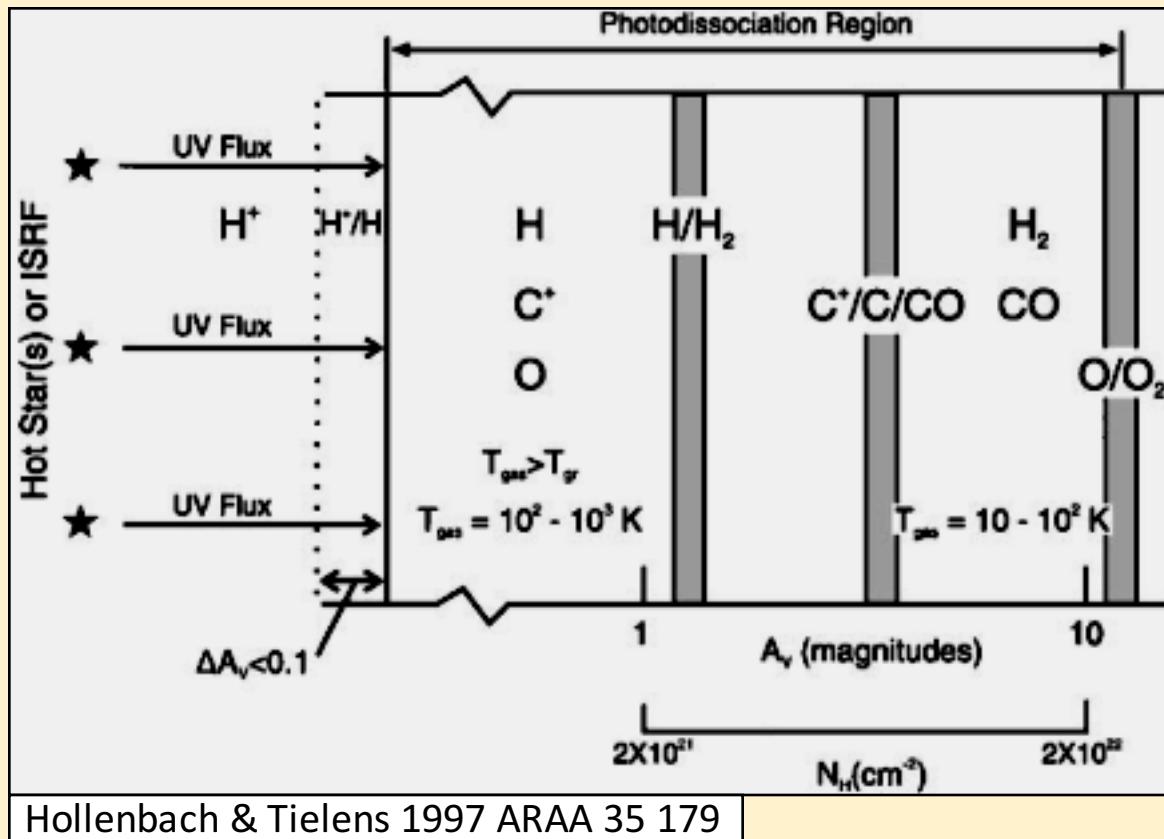


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- $\tau_{\text{dep}} = 0.6 - 2.2 \text{ Gyr}$
- High J CO emission
→ Presence of excited gas

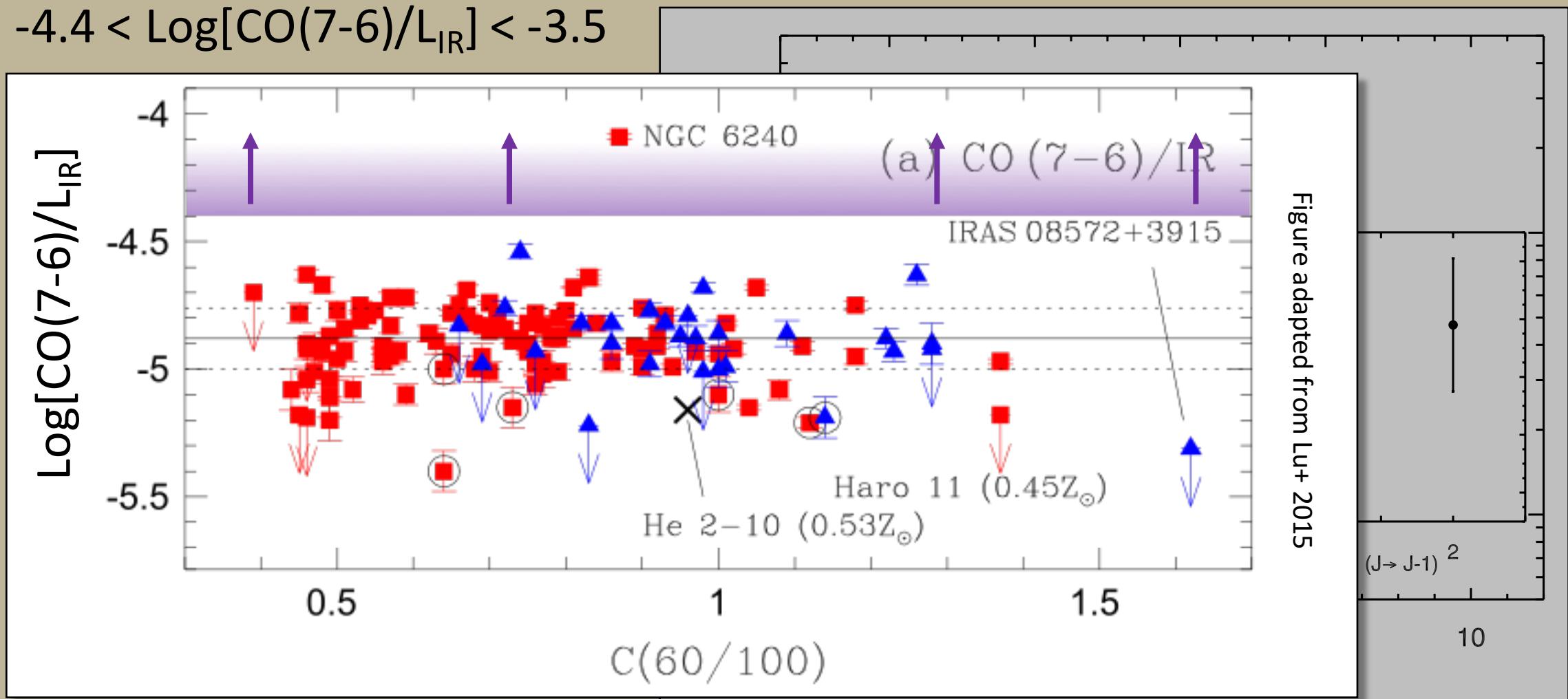


Gas modeling: Photon Dominated Regions

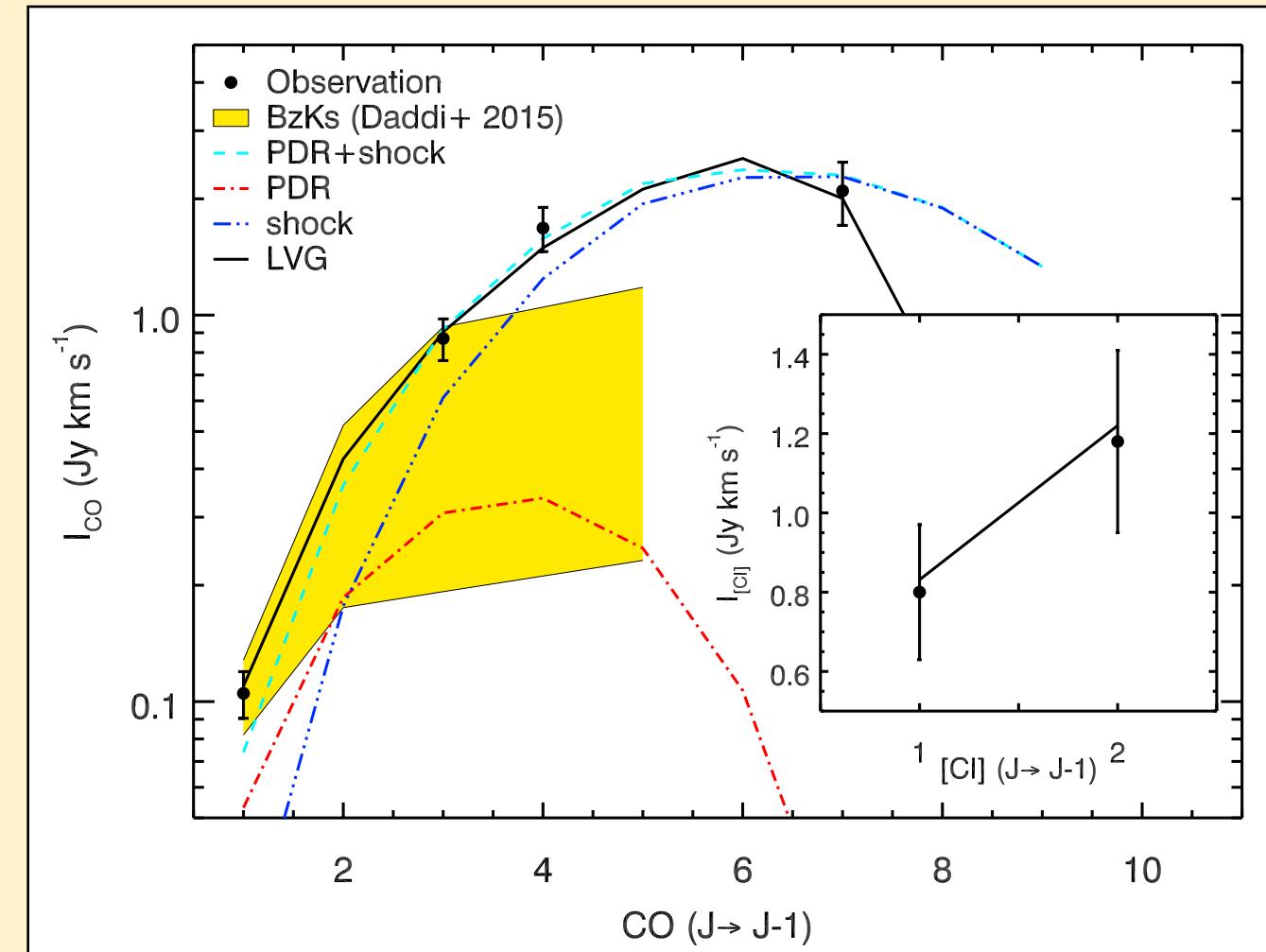
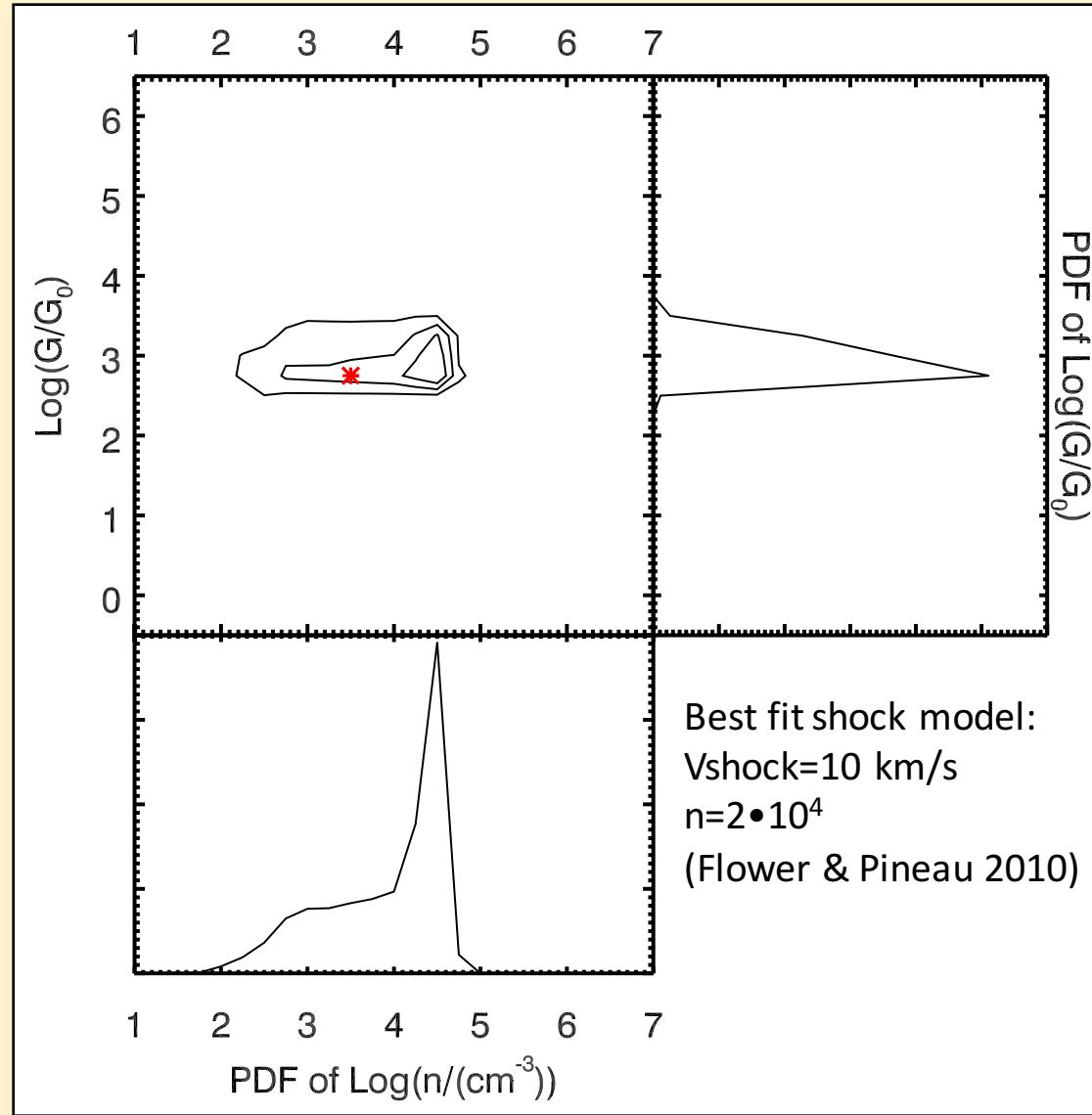


Gas modeling

A clue: $-4.4 < \text{Log}[\text{CO}(7-6)/L_{\text{IR}}] < -3.5$



Gas modeling: PDR+shocks



What is BX610?

Compact star forming galaxy

BX610

Line widths: ~600 km/s

~300 km/s

Spatial extent: ~2 kpc (M_* dependent)

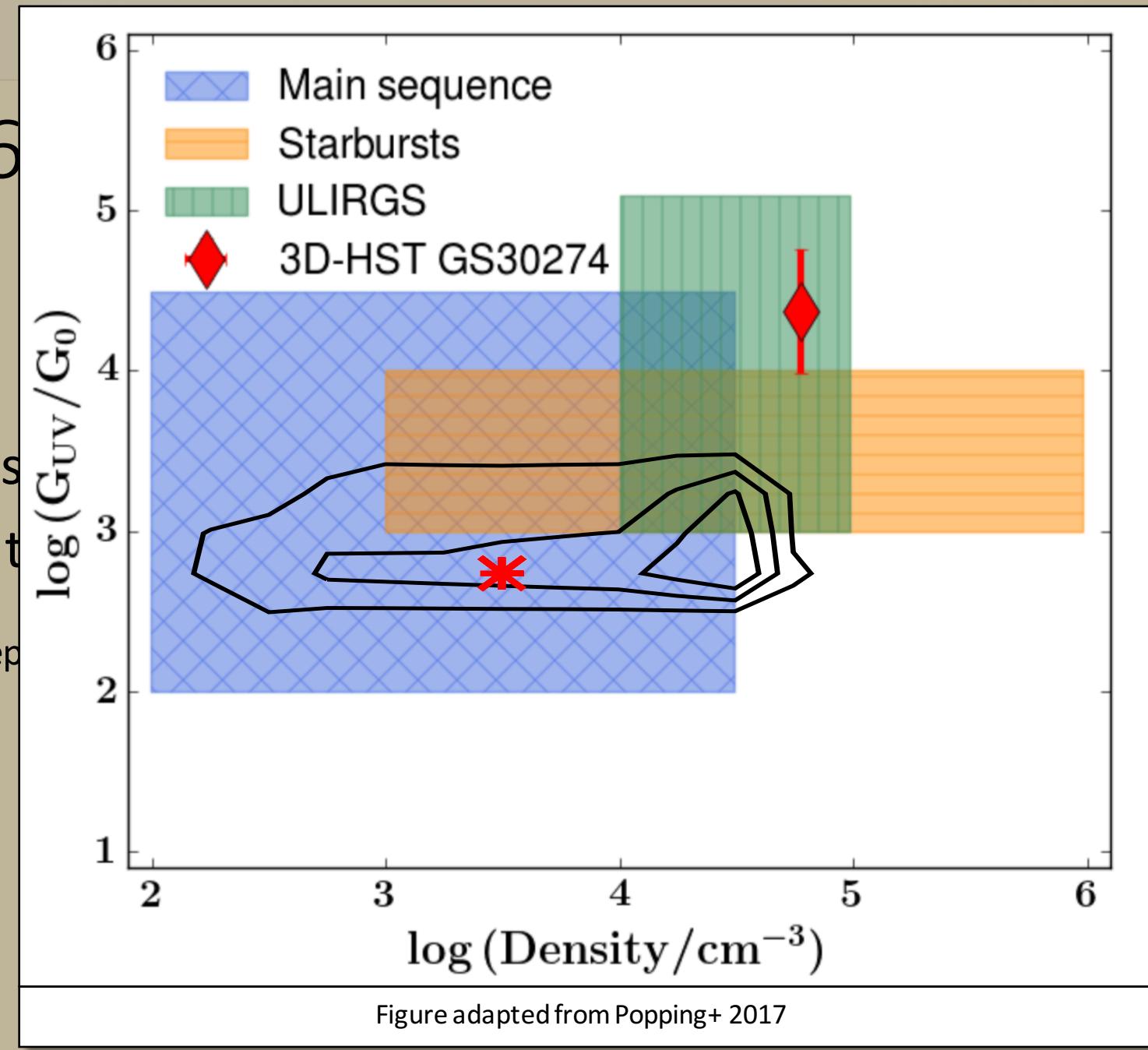
3-5 kpc

τ_{dep} : ~100 Myr

600-2200 Myr

What is BX6?

Line widths
Spatial extent
 τ_{dep}



What is BX610?

Compact star forming galaxy

BX610

Line widths:	~600 km/s	~300 km/s
Spatial extent:	~2 kpc (M_* dependent)	3-5 kpc
τ_{dep} :	~100 Myr	600-2200 Myr
UV field:	High ($G/G_0 \sim 10^5$)	Med (10^3)
Density:	High ($n \sim 10^4$)	Med ($10^{3.5}$)

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ALMA extended ($\sim 0.055'' = 0.5$ kpc)
-  High res (VERY PRELIMINARY!)
 - ~ 500 pc
 - Only CO (4-3) and [CI] (${}^3P_1 - {}^3P_0$)

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 - ~ 500 pc
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Campaign:

- Full campaign: R
- ALMA extended
-  High res (VLA)
 - ~500 pc
 - Only CO (4-3) a

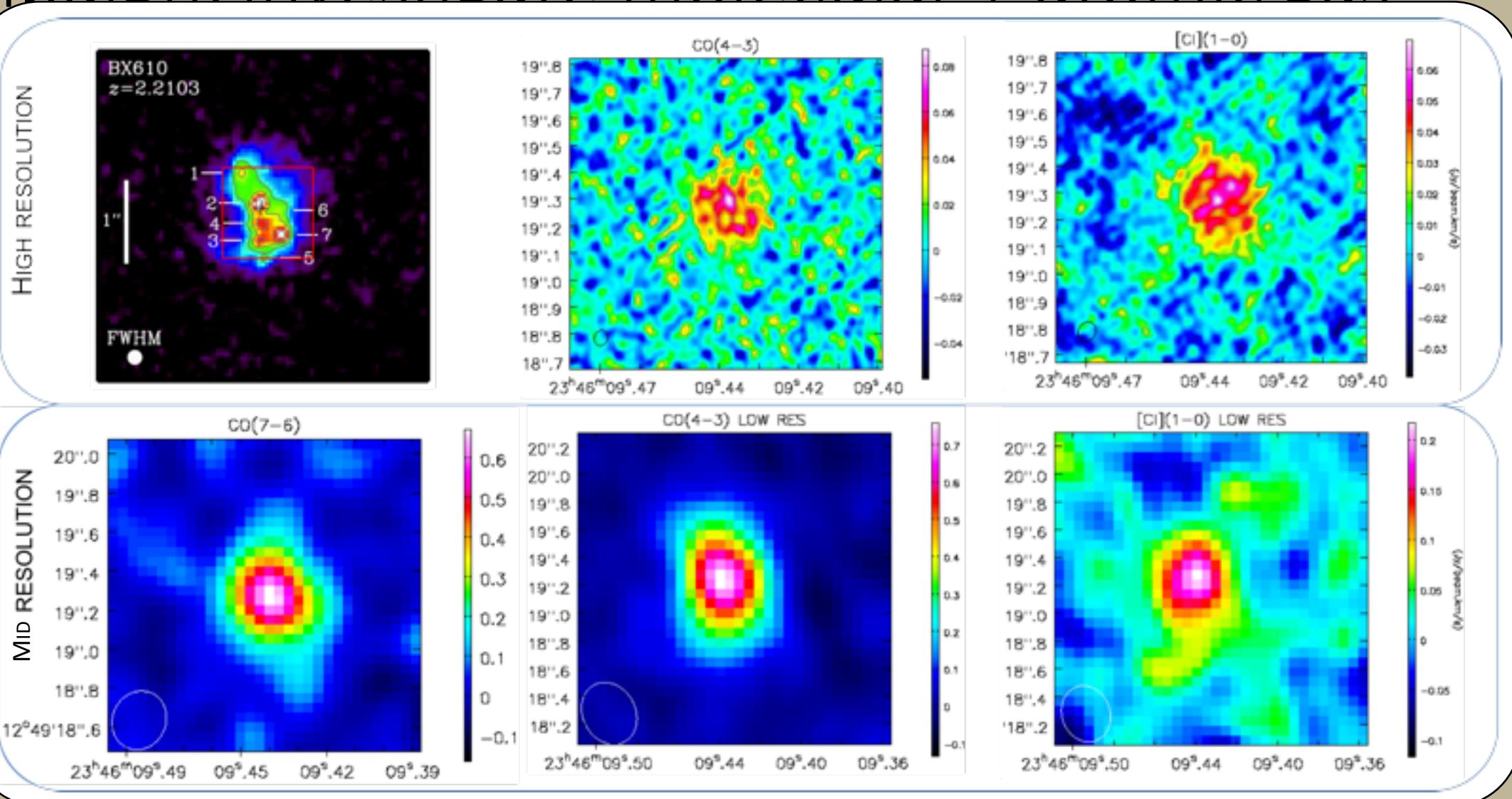
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gas

c),

Campaign: investigate molecular + atomic gas

- Full ALMA
- ALMA
- Faint
- Low Res

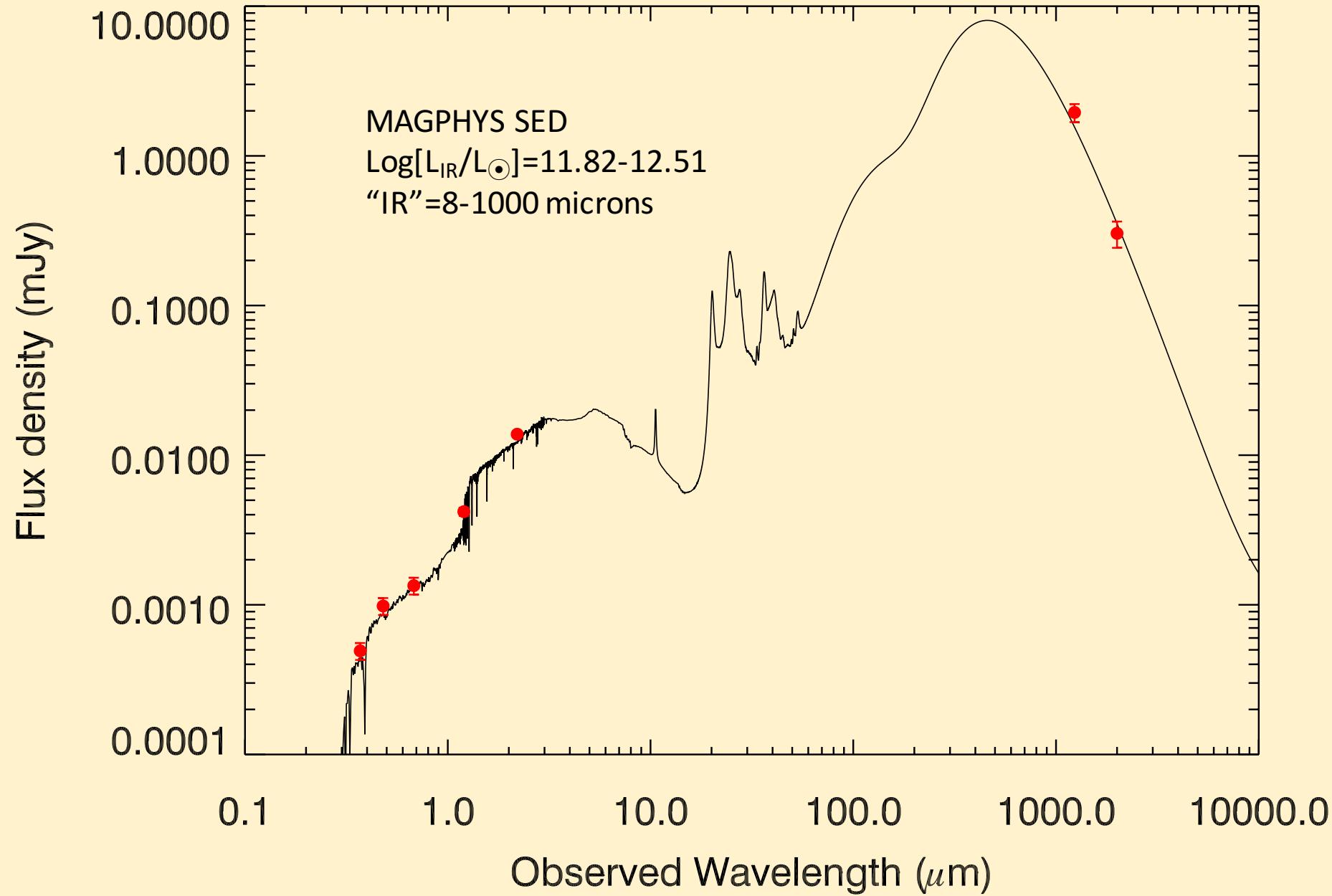


Summary

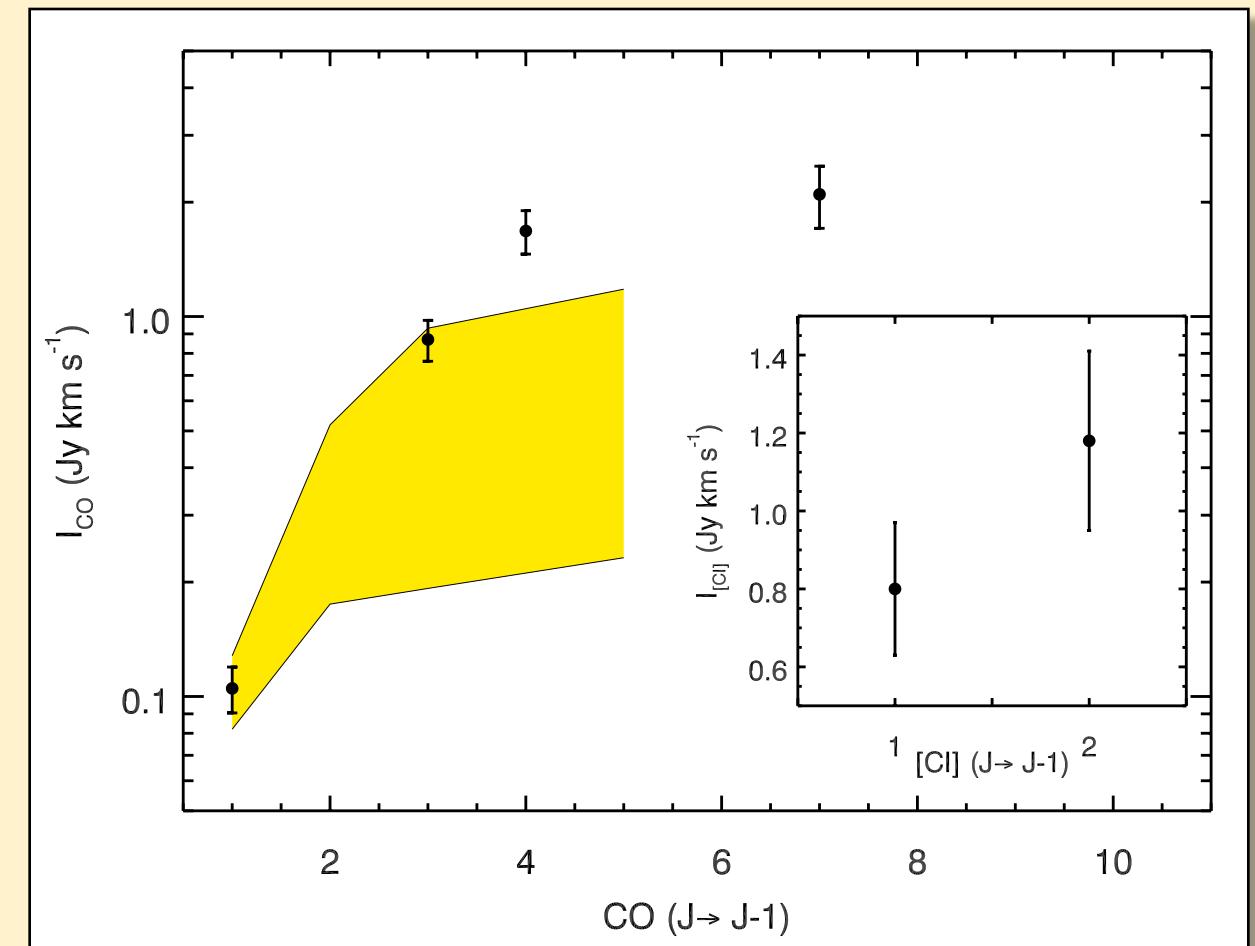
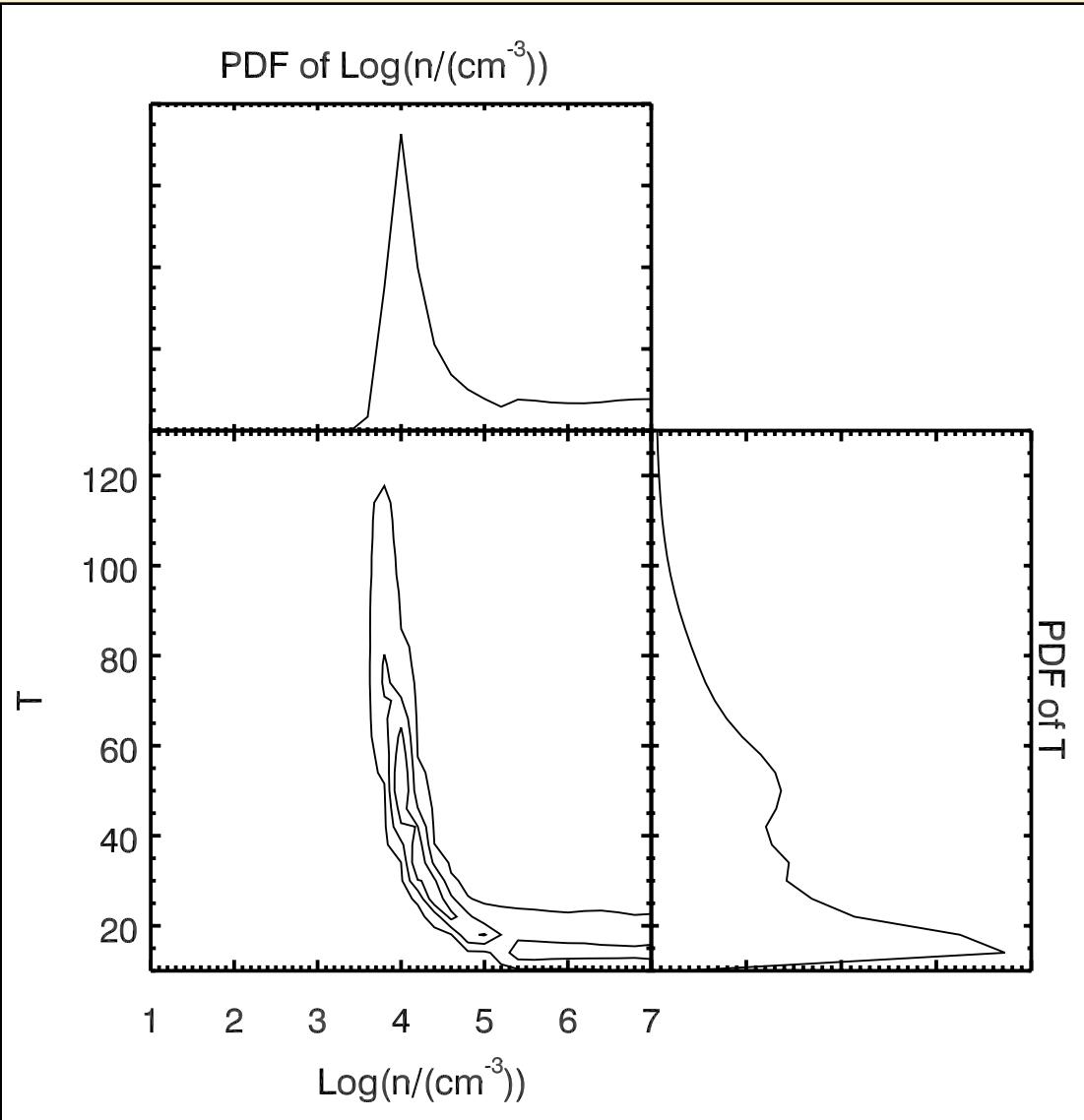
- rare example of $z \sim 2$ main sequence galaxy with multiple submm. lines
- Consistent gas estimates: $M_{\text{gas}} \sim 10^{11} M_{\odot}$
 - $\alpha_{\text{co}} \sim 4.36 \text{ (K km/s pc}^2\text{)}^{-1}$
- Large CO(7-6)/ L_{IR}
 - Shocks?
- BX610 is forming stars vigorously, less intense than cSFG
- High res analysis will investigate gas distributions, nature of shocks
- Care should be taken investigating clumps

References

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Gas modeling: Large Velocity Gradient



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