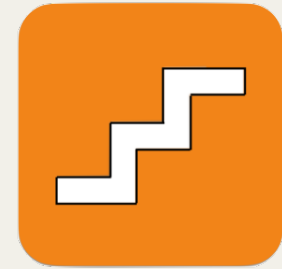




INTERVIEWS: HOW TO

Three steps



- Prepare for the interview
 - *Showing up not prepare will result in a waste of your interviewee and your time*
 - *And ...*
- Properly conduct the interview
 - *Tips for success in the following slides*
- Follow-up
 - *Reinforce what was achieved*
 - *Build on it*



PREPARE FOR THE INTERVIEW



Define the purpose

Find the answers to these questions:

- Why do I need to meet with this person?



- Which are the benefits for this person in meeting with me?



Select the right person

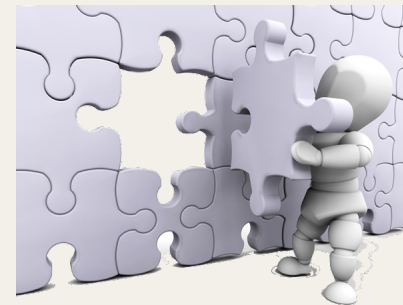


- Different stakeholders have different knowledge and perspectives
 - *A person is right for a purpose, but might not be right for another*
- If you select the wrong person finish the interview politely
 - *Do not compromise the relationship*
- Ask questions such as
 - *Who else has similar knowledge to yours?*
 - *Who else should I talk to?*

Research the interviewee



- Professional information
 - *Title*
 - *Responsibilities*
 - *Attachment to the company*
 - ...
- Relationship with the project
 - *Personal/professional opinion*
 - *Impact on them*
 - ...
- Personal information
 - *Characteristics*
 - *Family*
 - ...

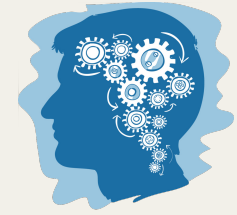


Questions



- Open or closed questions?
 - *Used for different reasons*
- Start with an open ended question

What is important to know?



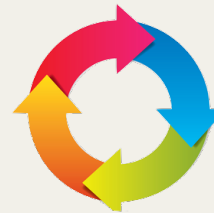
■ Domain knowledge

- *Knowledge specific to the field*
- *Knowledge of the environment*



■ Process knowledge

- *How is the current process?*



Set the logistic

- Choose the location

- *Not necessarily the most convenient for you!*



- Consider contact the interviewee

- *Introduction*
 - *Purpose*



- Add it in your schedule with a meaningful description





CONDUCT THE INTERVIEW



Build the rapport



- Building rapport can give you insights to the mindset of the interviewee
- Relationships can be created at three levels
 - *Professional rapport*
 - Show your understanding and empathy
 - *Personal rapport*
 - Share experience
 - *Rapport in terms of product*
 - Share excitement
- Spend some time focusing on the interviewee

Layout expectations



- Consider starting the interview sharing your goal and your expectation
- Ask the interviewee's concerns about your goal
 - *It helps to understand her/his attitude towards the interview*
 - *The relationship with the project*
 - ...

It can help building relationships

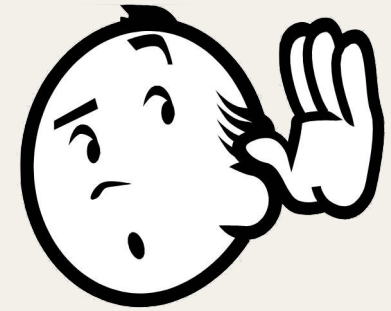
Ask meaningful questions



- Do you want to ask details/technical design?
 - *You can miss what it is needed*

- Focus on
 - *what you need to learn (when formulate the question)*
 - *listen actively and dig in and*
 - *summarize in terms of who, what, when and why*

Listen actively



- Active listening helps in restating stated requirements into actual requirements
 - *Stated requirements – what the stakeholders say they need*
 - *Actual requirements – what the stakeholders need*
- Active listening is NOT just hearing the words
- You need to listen for underlying intent, feelings, and needs of the other person
 - *Show empathy*
 - *Listen for unstated information*

Take notes



- Use the purpose as a guideline to decide how to take notes
 - *Relationship building meeting?*
 - *Meeting to understand the vision?*
 - *"Detailed-oriented" interviews?*
- Which tools to use?
 - *Notepad*
 - *Whiteboard*
 - *Virtual collaborative tool*
 - *Initial model*

Wrap up the interview



- Plan the time you have to save some for properly conclude the interview
- Summarize what was covered
 - *You can use your notes*
 - *Ask for confirmation*
- Ask what are the concerns of the interviewee
- Plan for more time if needed
- Review with the interviewee item to follow up on
- Thank him/her for his/her time



FOLLOW UP

- Thank the interviewee for his/her time
 - Check your notes before following up
- 